Oracle® Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy Design Guide





Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy Design Guide, Release 25.1.200

G27767-01

Copyright © 2019, 2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software, software documentation, data (as defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs) and Oracle computer documentation or other Oracle data delivered to or accessed by U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software," "commercial computer software documentation," or "limited rights data" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, reproduction, duplication, release, display, disclosure, modification, preparation of derivative works, and/or adaptation of i) Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs), ii) Oracle computer documentation and/or iii) other Oracle data, is subject to the rights and limitations specified in the license contained in the applicable contract. The terms governing the U.S. Government's use of Oracle cloud services are defined by the applicable contract for such services. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle®, Java, MySQL, and NetSuite are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Inside are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Epyc, and the AMD logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

Introduction	on	
1.1 Overview	w	1
1.2 Referen	ces	1
Managing	Policy Projects	
2.1 Creating	g and Modifying Policy Projects	1
About Poli	icies	
3.1 Creating	g Policies	
3.2 Logic Ca	ategory	3
	s Category	5
3.4 List Cate		6
3.5 Public C		8
	1 Category	33
	ubscriber Notification	51
	CC/Session Rule Error Report	51
3.7 PCF UE	•	53
3.8 PCF-AM		67
3.9 PDS Ca		69
3.10 PCRF- 3.10.1 C		70
	Conditions Actions	70 76
	AF	78
3.10.3		78
3.10.3		80
	AVP Specific	83
3.10.4		83
3.10.4		84
	3.3 Use Cases	86
	Closed User Group (CSG)	87
3.10.5		87
3.10.5		89

	3.10.6 Day/Time	89
	3.10.6.1 Conditions	90
	3.10.6.2 Actions	93
	3.10.6.3 Utils	94
	3.10.7 Identities/Addresses	95
	3.10.7.1 Conditions	95
	3.10.7.2 Use Cases	96
	3.10.8 Location/Presence	96
	3.10.8.1 Conditions	96
	3.10.8.2 Actions	99
	3.10.9 Network Device Conditions	100
	3.10.9.1 Conditions	100
	3.10.10 Priority/Emergency	102
	3.10.10.1 Conditions	102
	3.10.10.2 Actions	105
	3.10.11 Roaming	106
	3.10.11.1 Conditions	106
	3.10.12 Rules/Flows	106
	3.10.12.1 Conditions	106
	3.10.12.2 Actions	108
	3.11 Context Menu Options for All Blocks	114
4	Use Cases	
	4.1 Policy Control Function Use Cases	1
	4.2 PCF UE Use Cases	16
	4.3 AM Use Cases	20
	4.4 Cloud Native Policy Charging and Rules Function Use Cases	20
	4.5 Subscriber Notification Use Cases	23
	4.6 Usage Monitoring Use Cases	26
	4.7 Match List	56
5	Deprecated and Removed Blocks	
J		
Д	Sample Policy Projects for Usage Monitoring	
* *		

Preface

- Documentation Accessibility
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Conventions

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customer access to and use of Oracle support services will be pursuant to the terms and conditions specified in their Oracle order for the applicable services.

Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

My Oracle Support

My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support can assist you with My Oracle Support registration.

Call the Customer Access Support main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown below on the Support telephone menu:

- For Technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.
- For Non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with My Oracle Support, select
- For Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support, select 3.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with My Oracle Support registration and opening a support ticket.

My Oracle Support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Acronyms

This section provides information about the acronyms used in the document.

Table Acronyms

Definition	
5G Core Network	
5G System	
5G Access Network	
5G-Equipment Identity Register	
5G Globally Unique Temporary Identifier	
5G S-Temporary Mobile Subscription Identifier	
5G QoS Identifier	
Application Function	
Access and Mobility Management Function	
Access Stratum	
Authentication Server Function	
Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Binding Support Function	
Common API Framework for 3GPP northbound APIs	
Control Plane	
Downlink	
Data Network	
DN Access Identifier	
Data Network Name	
Discontinuous Reception	
evolved Packet Data Gateway	
EPS Bearer Identity	
Forwarding Action Rule	
Fully Qualified Domain Name	
Guaranteed Flow Bit Rate	
Gateway Mobile Location Centre	
Generic Public Subscription Identifier	
Globally Unique AMF Identifier	
Home Routed (roaming)	
Local Area Data Network	
Local Break Out (roaming)	
Location Management Function	
Location Retrieval Function	
Mission-critical push-to-talk	
Mission Critical Service	
Maximum Data Burst Volume	
Maximum Flow Bit Rate	
Mobile Initiated Connection Only	



Table (Cont.) Acronyms

Acronym	Definition	
MPS	Multimedia Priority Service	
N3IWF	Non-3GPP InterWorking Function	
NAI	Network Access Identifier	
NEF	Network Exposure Function	
NF	Network Function	
NGAP	Next Generation Application Protocol	
NR	New Radio	
NRF	Network Repository Function	
NSI ID	Network Slice Instance Identifier	
NSSAI	Network Slice Selection Assistance Information	
NSSF	Network Slice Selection Function	
NSSP	Network Slice Selection Policy	
NWDAF	Network Data Analytics Function	
PCF	Policy Control Function	
PDR	Packet Detection Rule	
PEI	Permanent Equipment Identifier	
PER	Packet Error Rate	
PFD	Packet Flow Description	
PPD	Paging Policy Differentiation	
PPF	Paging Proceed Flag	
PPI	Paging Policy Indicator	
PSA	PDU Session Anchor	
QFI	QoS Flow Identifier	
QoE	Quality of Experience	
(R)AN	(Radio) Access Network	
RQA	Reflective QoS Attribute	
RQI	Reflective QoS Indication	
SA NR	Standalone New Radio	
SBA	Service Based Architecture	
SBI	Service Based Interface	
SD	Slice Differentiator	
SEAF	Security Anchor Functionality	
SEPP	Security Edge Protection Proxy	
SMF	Session Management Function	
SMSF	Short Message Service Function	
S-NSSAI	Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information	
SRA	Successful Resource Allocation	
SSC	Session and Service Continuity	
SSCMSP	Session and Service Continuity Mode Selection Policy	
SST	Slice/Service Type	
SUCI	Subscription Concealed Identifier	



Table (Cont.) Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
SUPI	Subscription Permanent Identifier
TNL	Transport Network Layer
TNLA	Transport Network Layer Association
TSP	Traffic Steering Policy
UDM	Unified Data Management
UDR	Unified Data Repository
UDSF	Unstructured Data Storage Function
UL	Uplink
UL CL	Uplink Classifier
UPF	User Plane Function
URSP	UE Route Selection Policy
VID	VLAN Identifier
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network

What's New in This Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for release 25.1.2xx.

Release 25.1.200 - G27767-01, July 2025

- Added the following blockly's to <u>PCF-SM Category</u> to support traffic detection on SMF-N7 and TDF using Sd Interface.
 - FQDN from notificationUri
 - Remove ADC Type Rules
 - Install ADC Rules
 - Remove ADC Rules
 - Establish traffic detection session with peer node name
 - Establish traffic detection session with peer node set name
 - Install ADCRules For TimePeriod
- Updated examples for Remote SSV for UE Policy and Remote SSV for SM service under State Variables in <u>Public Category</u>.

Introduction

This document provides information about designing and configuring Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core Converged Policy Projects.

1.1 Overview

Cloud Native Core Policy Design Guide provides information about how to design operator defined policies using the Cloud Native Core Policy Design studio accessible through the Oracle Communications Cloud Native Configuration Console (CNC Console). The policy design studio allows users to build powerful logic yet using intuitive and user friendly building blocks. This document describes how operators can use various building blocks to design logic used in following elements:

- conditions. Example: if statements
- actions. Example: to install a PCC Rule

In addition, the Policy design guide provides detailed information about various building blocks available to build policies specific to a domain, e.g. to handle PCRF use cases versus PCF Session Management or Access and Mobility Management Policy to name a few. Sample policies, given as examples throughout the document, enable users to handle common use cases conveniently.

For more information about the User Interface (UI) elements of Policy services, see *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User's Guide*.

1.2 References

You can refer to the following documents for information.

- Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy Installation, Upgrade and Fault Recovery Guide
- https://developers.google.com/blockly
- Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User's Guide

Managing Policy Projects

This chapter describes how to create new policy projects, edit an existing policy project, and create new policies from the blocks using the **Policy Projects** option in CNC Console. This option is available under **Policy Management** in the left navigation menu of the CNC Console.

You can use blocks to create policies for the following services:

- Session Management
- Access and Mobility Management
- UE Management
- PCRF-Core
- Policy Data Source

Cloud Native Configuration Console

This section provides an overview of the Oracle Communications Cloud Native Configuration (CNC) Console, which includes an interface to aid in creating cloud native policies.

To log in:

- Open a web browser and enter the IP address of the CNC Console system.
 The login page opens.
- 2. Enter your **Username** and **Password**, and click **Login**.

The main page opens.



You can now access policy configurations by clicking on **Policy** in the left navigation menu.

2.1 Creating and Modifying Policy Projects

To create a new policy project and modify an existing policy project:

- 1. From the navigation menu, under **Policy**, then under **Policy Management**, click **Policy Projects**. Existing policy projects appear in the **Policy Projects** area.
- To create a new policy project, click Create.





(i) Note

To create a policy project under PDS, you must add the PDS service on Policy Engine screen. For more information, see Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User's Guide.

- In the **Create Project** dialog box, provide inputs for the following fields:
 - Name: Name for the policy.
 - **Description**: A description for the policy.
- Click Save.

The newly created policy project is added to the **Policy Projects** area. The State Transition for a newly created policy project is set to Dev by default and enables policy writers to create policies by dragging blocks to the work area.

Change the state of the policy project to **Prod**, by clicking the **Prod** button, after all changes are saved and you want to evaluate the policy.



Note

When the state for a policy project is set to Prod, user cannot add blocks to the work area. To make any changes to your policy project, make sure that it is in **Dev**

- (Optional) If you want to modify an existing policy project, select the required policy project, and then click one of the following buttons:
 - **Edit**: To edit the name and description of the policy project.
 - **Delete**: To delete the policy project.
 - **Open**: To open the policy project and create a policy using blocks. For more information, see Creating Policies.
 - Clone: To create a clone of an existing policy project, use this option. Enter name and description, and click the Save button.
 - Refresh: To update the changes made to the Policy Projects area.

About Policies

You can create policies for Session Management, Access and Mobility Management, UE Management, pcrf-core and pds services. For each policy project, multiple interlocking, graphical blocks are predefined and divided into categories. You can combine these blocks in the work area to create policies.

The side menu, called the Toobox, contains blocks that are organized in categories. Policy writers can click on any of the categories in the toolbox, and select blocks to create policies. The following screen capture shows the toolbox when a user creates policy project in PCF-SM category:

Figure 3-1 Toolbox



Work area allows you to create, edit, save, and delete policies. A policy project execution starts with the main policy. If you want to add more policies to the execution thread, you have to refer to them from the main policy. After the blocks are added to the work area, you can modify them using the context menu available for each block. To view the context menu, right-click the respective block. For more information about the context menu options, see Context Menu Options for All Blocks.

3.1 Creating Policies

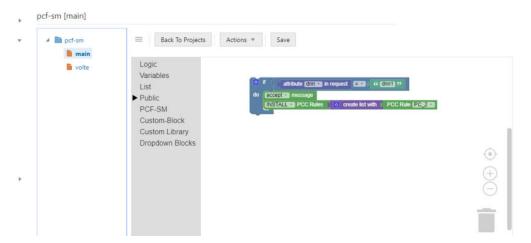
You can create new policies using the blocks available for each block category. You can drag blocks to the work area and interconnect them to create policies. These policies can be edited further in the work area.

You must have created policy projects in the Policy Projects area as described in <u>Creating and Modifying Policy Projects</u>.

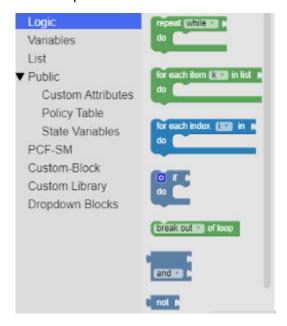
- From the left navigation menu, under Policy, then under Policy Management, click Policy Projects. Existing policy projects appears in the Policy Projects area.
- 2. In the Policy Projects area, select a policy project and click Open.



The toolbox and work area appear.



3. From the toolbox, click a category to view the blocks in an adjacent pane. The following screen capture shows the blocks available for Logic category:



- 4. To create a policy, do the following:
 - a. From the adjacent pane of the toolbox, click the required block to add into the work area. You can also add the blocks using drag-drop functionality.
 - **b.** After adding the required blocks in the work area, interconnect these blocks in a logical manner to create a policy.
- Click Save.

A new policy is created.



The following image shows an example of a policy for the Session Management policy service:

```
Operator type CREATE
                attribute operationType v in request
    and 🕶
                attribute ratType v in request = v
                                                   RatType NR *
accept message
INSTALL PCC Rules
                                           PCC Rule ID PCC_RULE_A *
                        create list with
INSTALL Session Rules
                              create list with
                                              Session Rule ID SESSION_RULE_A *
                           INSTALL policy triggers
                           create list with
                                              Policy Trigger (PLMN_CH >
                                              Policy Trigger (UE_IP_CH >
                                              Policy Trigger AC_TY_CH -
```

3.2 Logic Category

Using blocks under this category, user can create and terminate loops, compare value of variables, and apply conditionals while writing policies.

Table 3-1 Logic Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
repeat While	repeat	Runs a code in the block body for the specified number of times.
do		This block provides loop options. You can alter between the following options by clicking the existing option:
		while: Repeats a code in the block body while some conditions are achieved.
		until: Repeats a code in the block body until some conditions are achieved.
for each item (in list)	for each item	Renders loop variable values from a list, not in a numeric sequence.
		i indicates a variable that can be set for each item in the list. To change the value of i, or to rename or delete it, click i and choose an appropriate option.
for each index (in)	for each index	Loops through list provided using an index i.
do		This loop is created to loop custom attributes list using an index value.
		i indicates a variable that can be set for each index. To change the value of i, or to rename or delete it, click i and choose an appropriate option.



Table 3-1 (Cont.) Logic Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
© if do	if	Compares the values of two variables available in another block that is interconnected to it. This block provides options to add appropriate clauses to a condition. You can click the gear icon () to add following options to the if clause: else if else
break out v of loop	break out of loop	Terminates the loop from moving from one phase or iteration to another. If you want to continue the looping from next phase or iteration, then click break out and select the continue with next iteration option from the context menu. Note: This block can be used with the following blocks only: repeat block for each item block
✓ and or	and/or	Returns or produces the true value when the following options are set: • and: Both the inputs are also true. • or: Either of its inputs are true. You can alter between the aforementioned options by clicking the existing option.
not •	not	Converts the input value of its interconnected block to its opposite value. For example, if this block is interconnected to a block with the input values as true, then the output is false. If no input is provided to this block, then it accepts a true value by default and produces an output with value as false.
	inequality	Performs a non-equal comparison between two values using the available inequality options. You can select an appropriate inequality option from the context menu by clicking the existing option.



Table 3-1 (Cont.) Logic Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Matches RegExp-Matches	comparison	Performs simple wildcard matching for character * and ? when the policy writer selects Matches from the drop-down value. To perform full regular expression matching, select RegExp-Matches from the drop-down list.
Statement expression impartstators.mPolicy Oatal VandorSpecific 111000	Try-Catch	This block is used to handle potential runtime errors that may occur during the evaluation of a policy. The try-catch construct ensures that even if an error occurs, the system can handle it gracefully without breaking the entire flow.

3.3 Variables Category

Using this block category, you can assign values to variables.

Table 3-2 Variables Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
set in to	set	Assigns a value to the variable that matches the value of the input. Also, creates a variable if it does not exist.
		The set block assigns a value to the variable that matches the value of the input as a local variable. On the other hand the ssv block can be used to save in, load, or remove the specified state variable var and its value in the selected context. So, when we use the remove operation, var and its value gets removed from the selected context, but not from the local variable.
		i indicates a variable that can be set for this block. To rename or delete this variable, click i and choose an appropriate option from the context menu.
change (by) 1	change	Adds a number to a variable. i indicates a variable that can be set for this block. To rename or delete this variable, click i and choose an appropriate option from the context menu.



Table 3-2 (Cont.) Variables Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
	variable	Returns or produces the value of this variable.
		i indicates a variable. To rename or delete this variable, click i and choose an appropriate option from the context menu.

3.4 List Category

Using blocks under this category, you can create lists.

Table 3-3 Blocks in List Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
create empty list	create empty list	Returns or produces a list of length 0 without any data record.
Concat List 1: ► List 2: ►	Concat list	Creates lists in loop. See <u>Use</u> <u>case</u> .
create list with	create list with	Creates a list with any number of items. You can click the gear icon (to add items to the list from the context menu.



Table 3-3 (Cont.) Blocks in List Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
contains any of	contains	This block takes two lists as an input and check if the contents of the list on the right hand side are present in the list on the left hand side based on the option selected in the drop-down list.
		Return Type : returns true/false based on match of drop-down option(any,all,none)
		Drop-down list Options :
		all: returns true if all the contents of the list on the right hand side are present in the list on the left hand side.
		2. any: returns true if any one of the contents of the list on the right hand side are present in the list on the left hand side.
		3. none: returns true if none of the contents of the list on the right hand side are present in the list on the left hand side.
find one of in in	find	It has two parameters. Param1 – accepts array of items given by user. Param2 – takes the json path which has key-value pair -> fetches keys from JSON
		Return Type : array of matched items based on drop-down list (one/any)
		Drop-down list options :
		any: Returns the array of matched items.
		one: Returns the first matched item in array.
value/list matches one of value/list (valuelist	This block matches two value lists as an input and matches the contents of the list on the right hand side with the list on the left hand side based on the option selected in the drop-down list.



3.5 Public Category

Under the **Public** category, you can find the most commonly used blocks. This category further consists of the following sub-categories:

- Customer Attributes
- Policy Table
- State Variables
- Policy Counters (PCF-SM, PCF-AM, PCF-UE, PCRF)
- Operator Specific Data
- User Attributes (PCF-SM, PCF-AM, PCF-UE, PCRF)
- Subscriber Notification (PCF-SM and PCRF only)
- Analytics Data
- Usage Monitoring (PCRF only)
- Observability

Table 3-4 Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
	number	Represents a numerical value. To replace the existing value, click the value and type a new value.
6 "■"	string	Represents a series of characters and numbers. To add one or a series of
		characters, click the square symbol embedded between quotation mark and type a character for the string.
accept message	message	Accepts or rejects a message when interconnected with another block.
		You can alter between accept and reject options by clicking the existing option.
End	End	This block is actually a return statement.
End with	End with	This block is used to return with a value.
request	request	-
response	response	-



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
contains	String Operations	It has two parameters and performs (contains, append) between two strings. Both the parameters are strings. Drop-down operators: 1. contains: returns true if the param1 has substring param2. 2. appends: returns the string by appending param1 with param2.
Call function TX1 > 1	Call function	This block executes a function from the policy library with zero or more arguments. Please see the Policy Library section for help with defining functions. A function call with zero arguments can be done like this:
Call Policy Policy main	Call policy	This block is used to call a policy inside another. Click the drop-down option next to the Policy block to choose an appropriate option to set the policy.
Key: • Value: •	Key Value	This block allows policy writers to create {key:"key",value:"value"} pair. You may use this block along with map block to create a {key:value} attribute pair.
Object expression null	Object expression	This block helps the operator to write a JavaScript statement. This block can return a value or expression. For Example: request.request.appSessionContextReqData.ascReqData.med Components
Statement expression null	Statement expression	This block helps the operator to write a JavaScript statement. This block does not return anything. For Example: logger.log("ALWAYS",JSON.stringify(response))



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
	Arithmetic	Performs arithmetic operations on two variables. This block provides multiple arithmetic operations. Click the drop-down option to choose an appropriate option.
Seconds •	Date Arithmetic Helper	Performs date arithmetic operations. This block provides multiple units of time. Click the dropdown option to choose an appropriate option.
Built-in function: SystemTime() >	built-in function	Performs built-in functions and produces outputs in predefined formats. For example, a date input can produce outputs in different formats, such as hour, minute, seconds, and so on. This block provides multiple options to set a value of the function. Click the drop-down option to choose an appropriate option.
C Date CO / CC2 / WWW Trend 4 to former: COS COS COS	Date and time format	Produces a selected date in date and time formats. To set a date and time, click the required option and type a value.
true	boolean	Sets a variable value to true or false . To set this block to true or false , click the drop-down option and choose the required option.
exists •	Exist/is null check	Determines the value of the block at the placeholder. You can set this block to one of the following options: • exists: Checks whether the value of block at the placeholder is "undefined". If yes, it produces true, otherwise false. • is null: Checks whether the value of block at the placeholder is "null". If yes, it produces true, otherwise false. To set this block to exists or is null, click the drop-down option and choose the required option.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
contains in matchList any of	contains in matchlist	This block takes matchlist items in right side and any block can be attached in list in left side.
		There are three options: any - If any attribute value from left side is present in matchList - condition will return true, otherwise false. all - If all attribute values from left side are present in matchList - condition will return true, otherwise false. none - If none of the attribute value from left side is present in matchList - condition will return true, otherwise false.
list (includes variable	list includes variable	This block can be used to find whether a variable is present in the list or not.
		Left hand side contains List and right hand side is variable which is to be validated for its presence or absence. There are two options:
		includesdoesnt_include
ist item contains any substring	list items contain substring	This block can be used to find whether all, any, or no substring is present in list items.
		Left hand side contains List and right hand side is variable/list which is to be validated for its presence or absence.
		There are three options: anyall
		• none
Battelahodon (2000-000-1005-0000 Davie (2) (2) Eccol Trespond reviews (200 (200 (200 (400)))) 400)	Convert epoch time to date format	This block can be used to convert epoch time to specified date format.
User Attributes		



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
User Attribute	User Attributes	This block allows operators to access custom yaml schemas for suscribers that were imported and tagged as "user" during the import on the Yaml Schema screen on CNC Console. The drop-down values in the block are auto-populated depending on the attribute selected by the operator. The User Attributes can be used for PCF-SM, PCF-AM, PCF-UE, and PCRF Core policy projects.
Customer Attributes		
root	root	Creates attributes at the root level.
default	default	Configures the default path of a policy.
Custom attribute at location	custom attributes validation	Produces the value of a selected attribute present in the path provided by the default block.
Set contem attribute (\$100,000,000) of boston to	set custom attributes	Creates custom attributes with the "attributeName" name at the "root" location with a value provided by the Create node block.
Remove custom attribute (attributeName) from location	remove custom attributes	Removes custom attributes and the attribute name from the root location.
Create node	create node	Creates JSON objects. When an attribute is selected, all the fields of that attribute are populated. You must provide values to these attributes by clicking the drop-down options.
Map with	Create map with	Creates Map object with key value pairs when combined Key Value block.
Policy Table	•	



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Use Policy Table (Rigase Selective) having key(s)	Fetch Policy Table Row	Fetches "policy Table Row" based on the match with the key Columns values provided. This block can be used to configure Charging Servers. To configure a changing server: 1. Select ChargingServers
		from the Use Policy Table drop-down list.
		Provide value for the Charging_Server_row.
Policy Table Column [Please Select *] Ino item *]	Fetch Policy Table Column	Fetches "Policy Table Column value" based on the row selected in the "Fetch Policy Table Row" Block.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Use Policy Table matchList_sortby having key matchList_column Ignore Sort By Please Select Calor Asc.	Use policy table shaving key(s) contains any of all of	This block returns multiple matched rows. It supports sort option, and can be used with the following operators: Ignore: In the case of Ignore the key column selected is been ignored and return all the rows, under "do" should be executed. "=" (Equal): In the case of equal, the key column data should be an exact match to return the row and execute the "do". "!=" (Not Equal): In the case of not equal, the key column data should not match with the given input to return the row and execute the "do". Contains: In the case of contains, the key column should be an array, and the input must been contained in particular row (exact match only). Doesn't Contains: In the case of doesn't contains, the key column should be an array, and the input must not contained in particular row (exact match only). Matches: "Matches" means that the given value/values from the block should match with all of the value/values mentioned as string/strings. For "Matches" to be used in Policy Table the Data type have to be String. Matches all of: "Matches all of" means that the given value/values mentioned in the matchlist/matchlists. For "Matches all of" to be used in Policy Table the Data type have to be MatchLists or MatchLists (array of matchlist). Matches any of: "Matches any of matchlist).



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
		given value/values from the block should match with any of the value/values mentioned in the matchlist/matchlists. For "Matches any of" to be used in Policy Table the Data type have to be MatchList or MatchLists (array of matchlist). • Matches none of: "Matches none of" means that the given value/values from the block should not match with any of the value/values mentioned in the matchlist/matchlists. For "Matches none of" to be used in Policy Table the Data type have to be MatchList or MatchLists (array of matchlist).
break out v of loop	break out of loop	Terminates the loop from moving from one phase or iteration to another. If you want to continue the looping from next phase or iteration, then click break out and select the continue with next iteration option from the contex menu. Note: This block can only be used with the blocks listed under the Policy Table category.
State Variables		



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Example for Save State variable to Policy context block Save var in Policy context Example for Save State variable block set test variable block Save var in Policy context Example for Save State variable block Example for Save State variable for Remote SSV block Example for Remote SSV for SM service Example for Remote SSV for SM service Example for Remote SSV for UE Policy Example for Remote SSV for UE Policy	save/load/remove state variable(s)	When you use the context as Policy, Session, or Subscriber, this block can be used to save in, load, or remove from the specified state variable var and the value assigned to it inside the selected context. When you select the context as Subscriber Remote, the block is automatically populated with the following new fields: at Location: This dropdown list provides the list of root path types that are pre-configured in PDS page under Service Configurations section in CNC Console. root path: After you select the required root path type,
do in COANNECS HIGGS ENSS COANNESS IN CONTROL ANNUAL CONTROL of Location U.S. Public grants and public plants provide path and control plants and control plants and control plants are participated and control plants and control plants are participated and control plants are partic		this field shows the list of configured paths as a drop-down list. You may select any one from the list. Note: The specific path check box can be used to modify a particular attribute or variable in JSON.
		In the given example for Remote SSV for SM service, SM receives SMPolicyData and SubscriberStateVariables from PDS. Then, PRE evaluates subscriberStateVariables (5G_ALLOWED), and SM_PRE sends updated information to PDS.
		It is important to note that both PRE and SM service refers to subscribervariable.remot e.smpolicydata.dynamicat tribute and not smpolicydata.dynamicAttrib. Note:The context list includes the Remote option to create
		Subscriber Remote State Variables only for SM and UE Services. This option is not available for AM Service.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

		I
Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Remove All from Policy context Remove All from Subscriber Remote context at Location SM Policy Data root path find items specific path	remove all variables	Removes all the variables from specified context. The available options for context drop-down are: Policy Session Subscriber Subscriber Remote
Figure 3-2 Operator Specific Data Operator specific data	Operator Specific Data	Retrieves the values from the schema.yaml files uploaded on the Yaml Schema page on CNC Console for Policy. For more information on how to use Yaml Schema page, see Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User's Guide.
Policy Counters		
Policy Counter Name pc1 v	Policy Counter Name	Retrieves policy counter names, configured using Policy Data configurations (PolicyPolicy Data ConfigurationsCommonPolic y Counter Id) on the Cloud Native Configuration Console.
✓ current pending	Status of Policy Counter ID(s)	Retrieves the current or pending status of specified policy counter IDs. Operators can specify policy counter IDs by using either Policy Counter Name block or string block.
Attribute activationTime of pending policy counter Policy Counter Name pc1 with status.	Attribute of pending policy counter with status	Selects activationTime attribute of pending policy counter IDs, specified by the operator. The status here is optional. Select the check box for status , and provide its value using a string block.
Policy Counter Id(s)	Policy Counter IDs	Retrieves all the available policy counter IDs. It is available only in the Public category of PCRF Core policy projects.
Policy Counter Information exists	Policy Counter Information	Checks if Policy Counter Information exists or not. It is available only in the Public category of PCRF Core policy projects.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Fetch from CHF All Policy Counter(s)	Fetch Policy Counters	Retrieves the status of all or specific policy counters from the CHF or OCS through session management service. If you want to fetch specific policy counters from CHF or OCS, use either of the following blocks: • policy counter name block and select policy counter ID from the drop-down list. • string block with comma separated values (policy counter IDs).
		Note: To use this block, make sure that Enable Async CHF Query or Enable Async OCS Query button is enabled on service configurations page on CNC console. (Policy > Service Configurations > PCF Session Management)
		This block is available under the Public category of PCF public -> policy counters for UE/SM/AM projects.
Fetch from OCS All Policy Counter(s)	Fetch Policy Counters from OCS	Retrieves the status of all or specific policy counters from the OCS. If operators wish to fetch specific policy counters from OCS, either of the following can be used: • policy counter name block and select policy counter ID from the drop-down list • string block with comma separated values (policy counter IDs)
		Note: To use this block, make sure that Async Query switch is enabled on service configurations page on CNC console. (Policy > Service Configurations > PCRF Core > Settings) This block is available under the Public category of PCRF Core policy projects.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
End All	End All	You can exit the policy evaluation at any point in time using the End All blockly. This blockly has been added in the Public section for all the services such as PCRF CORE, SM, PDS, and so on.
		If the End All blockly is used, the policy evaluation exits from that point and whatever evaluation has been done till then returns from PRE (policy runtime). It is used in case the user wants to perform a certain set of actions and exit from there in some condition without going and evaluating an entire policy. The following log message is printed in the policy runtime indicating that policy evaluation has exited: Exit requested from Policy evaluation, hence Exiting from policy!!
Subscriber Notification		
Figure 3-3 Send HTTP Notification Send http: Method POST Notification Servers Message Body Override Attributes:	Send HTTP Notification	This block can be used to send HTTP messages to pre-defined HTTP servers with HTTP header and message body. The HTTP methods supported for sending messages are POST, PUT, GET, and PATCH.
Figure 3-4 Send SMS send SMS Destination Address Additional attributes:	Send SMS using SMPP protocol	This action is used to send short text messages as SMS using SMPP Protocol. You must include the MessageBody and the Destination address with User IDs. Note: Currently, this action is supported only for PCRF-Core call flows. For more details on Send SMS action, see Subscriber Notification Use Cases.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-5 Type of Number TON INTERNATIONAL UNKNOWN INTERNATIONAL NATIONAL NETWORK SPECIFIC SUBSCRIBER NUMBER ALPHANUMERIC ABBREVIATED	Type of Number	Type of Number can be: UNKNOWN INTERNATIONAL NATIONAL NETWORK SPECIFIC SUBSCRIBER NUMBER ALPHANUMERIC ABBREVIATED
Figure 3-6 SMS Gateway Group SMS Gateway Group gw1	SMS Gateway Group	This blockly is used to display the list of SMS Gateways configured in CNC Console.
Figure 3-7 Delivery Receipt Delivery Receipt on failure No Delivery Receipt Delivery Receipt on success and failure Joelivery Receipt on failure	Delivery Receipt	The Delivery Receipt can be: No Delivery Receipt Delivery Receipt on Success and Failure Delivery Receipt on Failure



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-8 Number Plan Indicator UNKNOWN ISDN (E163/E164) DATA (X.121) TELEX (F.69) LAND MOBILE (E.212) NATIONAL PRIVATE ERMES INTERNET (IP) WAP CLIENT ID	Number Plan Indicator	Number Plan Indicator blockly is used to select the type of plan such as: UNKNOWN ISDN (E163/E164) DATA (X, 121) TELEX LAND MOBILE NATIONAL PRIVATE ERMES INTERNET (IP) WAP CLIENT ID
Analytics Data	Analytics Data	This block can be used to
Figure 3-9 Analytics Data Analytics data SLICE_LOAD_LEVEL Analytics data	Analytics Data	select analytic data attributes related to Slice Load Level.
Figure 3-10 Reject Session with Cause	Reject Session with Cause	This block can be used to reject a session due to insufficient resources or unauthorized scenario.
Reject Session with cause INSUFFICIENT_R	SOURCES_SLICE *	1
✓ INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCE	S_SLICE	
REQUESTED_SERVICE_TE	MPORARILY_NOT_	AUTHORIZED



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Usage Monitoring		
Figure 3-11 Usage Monitoring exists Usage Monitoring Information exists	Usage Monitoring Information exists	Checks if Usage Monitoring Information exists or not.
Figure 3-12 Monitoring Key for Usage Monitoring Level Monitoring Key for Usage Monitoring Level Session Level	Monitoring Key for Usage Monitoring Level	This block can be used to retrieve monitoring key when Usage Monitoring is at session level.
Figure 3-13 Usage Threshold Status for Monitoring Key Usage Threshold Status of Monitoring Key Status Value	Usage Threshold Status for Monitoring Key	This block can be used to retrieve usage threshold status or value for the specified Monitoring Key.
Figure 3-14 Grant Status for Monitoring Key Grant Status of Monitoring Key Grant Status Reset Time	Grant Status for Monitoring Key	This block is used to retrieve the grant status or reset time for the specified Monitoring Key.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-15 Apply Grant for Monitoring Key	Apply Grant for Monitoring Key	This action block can be used to apply Grant for the specified Monitoring Key.
Apply Grant for Monitoring Key (
Figure 3-16 Disable Usage Monitoring for Monitoring Key Disable Usage Monitoring for Monitoring Key (""")	Disable Usage Monitoring for Monitoring Key	This action block can be used to disable Grant for the specified Monitoring Key.
Figure 3-17 Usage Monitoring Level Usage Monitoring Level Session Level	Usage Monitoring Level	This util can be used for specifying that the Usage Monitoring is at session level.
Figure 3-18 Grant Status Approved Grant status Approved	Grant status	This util can be used for specifying whether Grant status is approved or denied.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-19 Usage Monitoring Information Usage Monitoring Information	Usage Monitoring Information	This util can be used for retrieving Usage Monitoring Information.
Forwarded Attribute test MCC_MNC MCC_MNC	Forwarded Attribute	Used to access the value of an attribute forwarded by the core service to Usage Monitoring service.
Reported Usage Data Limits	Reported Usage Data Limits	Used to access the Data Limit Profile names for which usage was reported by the core (such as PGW) in the Session Update (such as CCR- UPDATE) message.
Attribute dnn in UM request	Attribute in UM Request	Provides the following options:



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Data Limit Profile Attribute Profile Type Tor Data Limit Name	Data Limit Profile Attribute	Used to access the properties of a Usage Monitoring Data Limit Profile configured on the Policy.
		The Data Limit Profile Attribute provides the following options:
		Profile Type
		Plan Type
		Priority
		UM Level
		Usage Limit / Duration
		Usage Limit / Volume Total
		Usage Limit / Volume Uplink
		Usage Limit / Volume Downlink
		Reset Period / Periodicity
		Reset Period / Max No. of Periods
		Billing Day / Type
		Billing Day / Day
		Billing Day / Time
		Data Rollover Profile
		 Inactivity Time
		 Allow Excess Usage
		Excess Usage Limit / Percentage
		Excess Usage Limit / Duration
		Excess Usage Limit / Volume Total
		Excess Usage Limit / Volume Uplink
		Excess Usage Limit / Volume Downlink



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
UDR Data Limit Attribute UM Level for Data Limit Name	UDR Data Limit Attribute	Used to access the properties of a Usage Monitoring Data Limit provided by UDR.
		The UDR Data Limit Attribute provides the following options:
		UM Level
		Start Date
		End Date
		Usage Limit / Duration
		Usage Limit / Volume Total
		Usage Limit / Volume Uplink
		Usage Limit / Volume Downlink
		Reset Period / Periodicity
		Reset Period / Max No. of Periods
		 Custom Attribute / <name></name>



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Usage Data Attribute UM Level of for Data Limit Name	Usage Data Attribute	Description Used to access the properties of a Usage Monitoring Data object. The Usage Data Attribute block provides the following options: • UM Level • Allowed Usage / Duration • Allowed Usage / Volume Total • Allowed Usage / Volume Uplink • Allowed Usage / Volume Downlink • Consumed Usage / Volume Downlink • Consumed Usage / Volume Uplink • Consumed Usage / Volume Uplink • Consumed Usage / Volume Uplink • Consumed Usage / Volume Total • Consumed Usage / Volume Downlink • Consumed Usage / Volume Total • Consumed Usage Percentage / Volume Total • Consumed Usage Percentage / Volume Uplink • Consumed Usage Percentage / Volume Downlink • Reset Time • Activation Time • Last Reset Time • Reset Count
Policy Tag in Usage Monitoring Information	Policy Tag	Used to access the Policy Decision Tags provided by Usage Monitoring service to Core Service.
Set grant volume 1 Percent of Initial	Set Grant Volume	Used to indicate a volume grant value. Units has the following options: Percent Bytes Source options: Initial Used Remaining



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Set grant time Percent of Initial	Set Grant Time	Used to indicate a time grant value. Units has the following options: Percent Seconds Source options: Initial Used Remaining
Apply Data Limit Profile Data Limit Profile no Override Attributes	Apply Data Limit Profile item •	Selects a Data Limit Profile from the configured Data Limit Profiles. This blockly also presents the option to use any Data Limits provisioned on the UDR for the subscriber. The provisioned Data Limits can be any top-ups and/or passes. Those data limits can have an option to preempt the currently running data limit.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Override Attribute Usage Limit Duration In Data Limit	Override Attribute	The Data Limit block represents the attributes inside the UM Data Limit. This block can be used along with Action blocks like "Override Attributes" to indicate which attributes to override.
		The value selected for this blockly is sent in the PRE response:
		 Usage Limit / Duration Usage Limit / Total Volume Usage Limit / Downlink Volume
		Usage Limit / Uplink Volume Priority
		Start Date
		End Date Denot Pariod / Pariodicity
		 Reset Period / Periodicity Reset Period / Max No. of Periods
		Billing Day / Type
		Billing Day / Day
		Billing Day / Time
		Custom Attribute / <var></var>Data Rollover Profile
		Excess Usage Limit / Percentage
		Excess Usage Limit / Duration
		Excess Usage Limit / Total Volume
		Excess Usage Limit / Downlink Volume
		Excess Usage Limit / Uplink Volume



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-20 PCC Rule Hint Apply Data Limit Profile Override Attributes Enable PCC Rule Hint Enable Set Volume Grant Attributes: PCC Rule Hint: Volume Grant Params: Time Grant Params:	PCC Rule Hint	This attribute is used with the Data Limit Profile block. It allows to access the value of PCCRuleHint from Data limit profile and apply the same in UMPolicyDecision in monitoring key.
Figure 3-21 Volume Grant Params Apply Data Limit Profile Override Attributes Enable PCC Rule Hint Enable Set Volume Grant Attributes: PCC Rule Hint: Volume Grant Params: Time Grant Params:	Volume Grant Parameters	Used to configure volume grants at PCC rule level.
Figure 3-22 Time Grant Params Apply Data Limit Profile Override Attributes Enable PCC Rule Hint Enable Set Volume Grant Attributes: PCC Rule Hint: Volume Grant Params: Time Grant Params:	Time Grant Parameters	Used to configure time grants at PCC rule level.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

		1
Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-23 Active Monitoring Key with PCC Rule ID PCC_WHATSAPP PCC rule(s) for scope Session Active Between: PCC rule(s) For Scope Session Active Between: Active Monitoring Key Monitoring Key Active Monitoring Key Active Monitoring Key with PCC Rule Tag 44 Whatsapp 37	Active Monitoring Key with PCCRuleHint	Selects a Monitoring key for the configured PCCRule from usage monitoring policy decision which fulfills the value from active monitoring with PccRuleHint attribute.
Select Data Limit using Override Attributes Data Limit Selection Profile Default	Select Data Limit - Using Data Limit Selection Profile	Selects a Data Limit from the List of Data Limits provided by the UDR using a Selection Profile. The Override Attributes option allows to override: Start Date End Date Usage Limit / Duration Usage Limit / Total Volume Usage Limit / Downlink Volume Usage Limit / Uplink Volume Excess Usage Limit / Percentage Excess Usage Limit / Duration Excess Usage Limit / Downlink Volume Excess Usage Limit / Downlink Volume Excess Usage Limit / Downlink Volume
Sort Data Limits using Data Limit Sorting Profile Default	Sort Data Limits using Data Limit Sorting Profile	Sorts the selected Data Limits using the given sorting profile
Apply UDR Data Limit having Limit Identifier Override Attributes	Apply UDR Data Limit having	Selects a Data Limit from the List of Data Limits provided by the UDR using either a plan name. This blockly provides the following options: Limit Identifier Name Custom Attribute



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Apply Tag with name and value	Apply Tag with name and value	Used to indicate to the core service one or more identifiers (key value pair(s)) to take further actions such as QoS or Charging related decisions.
Reset Usage Data for Data Limit	Reset Usage Data	Instructs the Usage Monitoring service to reset the Usage Data for the Profile / Data Limit name mentioned.
Disable Usage Monitoring for All Data Limit(Disable Usage Monitoring s)	Disable usage monitoring for all or a specific data limit.
Observability	•	
Log: level ALWAYS V	Log level	This block can be used to set the log level for Policy services. Users can select any of the following valid values using the drop-down menu: ALWAYS ERROR WARN INFO DEBUG TRACE The Log level condition block can be used to design policies for PCF-SM, UE, AM, PDS, and PCRF-Core policy projects. Note: For this block, the 'occnp_policy_processing_laten cy_ms' metric is pegged. For more information see "PRE Metrics" in Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User Guide. Note: The ALWAYS log level is more of a user reference, and the actual logs will come with a
		ERROR log level. As the ALWAYS log level has the higher priority to show the log, it does not mean there is an error if the blockly is showing the corresponding value.



Table 3-4 (Cont.) Blocks in Public Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Log: level ALWAYS content content ALWAYS ERROR WARN INFO DEBUG TRACE	Log Level for content	This block can be used to set the log level for Policy services and write any string in the Content. In the policy flow, the specified content will be included in the logs of PRE.
Increment Counter Label CounterLabel Add Sub-Label Sub-Label:	Increment Counter Label	Tracks total number of given custom block is invoked for corresponding label. Note: For this block, the 'occnp_block_counter_label' metric is pegged. For more information see "PRE Metrics" in Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User Guide.
Time Label HistogramLabel Add Sub-Label Sub-Label:	Time	Tracks overall time taken by all the blocks captured as part of this block. Note: For this block, the 'occnp_block_exec_time_ns' metric is pegged. For more information see "PRE Metrics" in Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Converged Policy User Guide.

3.6 PCF-SM Category

The blocks for this category is available only when you select SM service while configuring the policy project.

Table 3-5 Construct Block in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
for each flow in AF Request	For Each AF Flow Request	It loops through the Media Component and SubComponent Blocks comparing with Media Type Block.



Table 3-6 Conditions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block loon	Die ek Neme	Description
Block Icon	Block Name	Description
attribute requesterNFType in request requesterNFType operationType	Request attributes	Sets the value to one of the JSON paths of drop-down list options. Drop-down list options: requesterNFType operationType
attribute (gpsi 💌 in SMF request	Request Attributes in SMF	Sets the value to one of the JSON paths of drop-down list options.
		Drop-down list options: requesterNFType, operationType, gpsi, supi, accessType, ratType, pei, subsDefQos.5qi, subsDefQos.arp.priorityLevel, subsDefQos.arp.preemptCap, subsDefQos.arp.preemptVuln , subsDefQos.priorityLevel, dnn.
		Note: It is recommended to use Request attributes block, described in the next row, if you are selecting requesterNFType or operationType from the drop-down list.
RatType NR •	Rat Type	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of Rat Type.
		Drop-down list options : NR, NR_REDCAP, EUTRA, WLAN, VIRTUAL.
appID	app ID	Sets the application ID.
Operation type CREATE	Operation Type	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of Operation Type.
		Drop-down list options : CREATE, MODIFY, TERMINATE, REAUTH.
mcc of plmnld in nrLocation.tai	PLMN Id	Compares the plmnld in the User Location Info received in SM Policy Create or Update request.
	1	



Table 3-6 (Cont.) Conditions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Block Icoli	Specific action(s)	Description
Specific action(s)	opcomo dononi(e)	
Specification SERVICE_INFORMATION_REQUEST SERVICE_INFORMATION_REQUEST CHARGING_CORRELATION_EXCHANGE INDICATION_OF_LOSS_OF_BEARER INDICATION_OF_RECOVERY_OF_BEARER INDICATION_OF_RELEASE_OF_BEARER INDICATION_OF_ESTABLISHMENT_OF_BEARER INDICATION_OF_IP_CAN_CHANGE INDICATION_OF_DUT_OF_CREDIT INDICATION_OF_SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCES_ALLOCATION INDICATION_OF_FAILED_RESOURCES_ALLOCATION INDICATION_OF_FAILED_RESOURCES_ALLOCATION INDICATION_OF_LIMITED_PCC_DEPLOYMENT	Specific action	
contains all of session rules ►	Contains session rules	Compares the given list with the list of session rules previously delivered to the SMF and stored in the SM Policy Association.
request contains all policy triggers all any none	Contains policy triggers	Compares the policy triggers received in the SM Policy Update request with the given list of triggers.
ambr's uplink == 0 bps	AMBR	Compares the AMBR received in the "subsSessAmbr" attribute in SM Policy request from SMF.
User categories containall user categories all any none	Contain user categories	Compares User Categories attribute fetched from UDR with a list of provided User Categories.
sliceInfo is : ss(0) sd	sliceInfo	Compares the Slice Information received in SM Policy request.



Table 3-6 (Cont.) Conditions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
PccRuleId ▼ of Installed SM Policies ✓ PccRuleId SessionRuleId	Installed SM Policies	Retrieves the list of PCC Rules previously delivered to the SMF and stored in the SM Policy Association.
attribute Allowed Services 2 in SM Policy Data where Slico Info is: ssi 0 sd 2 and DNN is	Attribute in SM Policy Data	Retrieves data from the SM Policy Data (Subscriber Profile) fetched from UDR for a given S-NSSAI and DNN.
attribute (AF Application Id) in Media Component	Media Componet	Sets the value to one of the JSON path of drop-down list options.
		Drop-down list options: AF Application Id, Media Type, Media Component Number, Flow Status.
attribute (Flow Usage :) in Media Sub Component	Media Sub-Component	Sets the value to one of the JSON path of drop-down list options.
		Drop-down list options: Flow Usage, Flow Number, Flow Description, Flow Status, ToS Traffic Class.
Media Type (AUDIO)	Media Type	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of Media Type.
		Drop-down list options: AUDIO, DATA, VIDEO, TEXT,CONTROL, APPLICATION, MESSAGE,OTHERS.
Flow Usage NO_INFO T	Flow Usage	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of Flow Usage.
		Drop-down list options: RTCP, NO_INFO.
Flow Status (ENABLED-UPLINK •	Flow Status	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of Flow Status.
		Drop-down list options: ENABLED-UPLINK, ENABLED, ENABLED- DOWNLINK, DISABLED, REMOVED.



Table 3-6 (Cont.) Conditions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block loop	Dio ak Nama	Description
Block Icon	Block Name	Description
attribute presenceState In Reported PRA Information for PRA pra I	Attribute in Reported PRA Information	Retrieves the value of presenceState attribute in Reported PRA information for specified PRAs. Note: Before accessing the presenceState attribute, it verifies the availability of the specified PRA and its Reported PRA information. If either of the two is missing, this block returns null value.
NF Type SMF V	NF Type	Allows operators to specify the type of network function. The following are the available drop-down list values: SMF AMF BSF NEF UDR CHF
Communication Mode SYNCHRONOUS	Communication Mode	Allows operators to specify mode of communication. The available drop-down values are: Synchronous Asynchronous
Presence State IN_AREA	Presence State	Allows operators to specify the value for presence state. The supported values are: IN_AREA OUT_OF_AREA UNKNOWN INACTIVE
Reauth Cause: USER_DATA_CHANGE_NOTIFICATION	Reauthorization Cause	Checks the value of the attribute - reauthCause of the policy request. The supported value is "USER_DATA_CHANGE_NO TIFICATION".
UDR delResources contains all • O create list with sm-data • sm-data • operator-specific-data	UDR delete Resources	Checks the value of the attribute - policyDataChangeNotific ation.delResources of the policy request. The supported values are "sm-data" and "operator-specific-data".



Table 3-6 (Cont.) Conditions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
FQDN from notificationUri	FQDN from notificationUri	FQDN from notificationUri block fetches notificationUri from request and extracts only FQDN from it and provide it.

Table 3-7 Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Apply PCC Rule Profile to flow PCC Rule Profile no item Override Attributes : Attributes :	Apply PCC Rule Profile to flow with Override Attributes	It applies PCC rule with specified PCC Rule Profile. To update or override attributes dynamically, you can drag and add create list with block to create pairs of key:value attributes using the Key block.
Apply Second Hale Profes Control Ed Hall Overeide Second Rule Second Rule (INCLES) with Second	Apply Session Rule	It modifies the session Rule that is attached after the "Create list with" Block.
ESTATES policy teggers O create led with Policy Trigger ELLING.	Install/Remove Policy Trigger	This block performs Install / Remove of the Policy Trigger.
		The Policy Trigger item to install/ remove is picked from the set of hardcoded drop-down list values of Policy Trigger Block.



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Control Antibutes: Control Section Control S	Install/Update/Remove PCC Rules with Override Attributes	This block can be used to create, modify, or remove specific PCC Rules. To update or override PCC rule attributes dynamically, you can drag and add create list with block to create pairs of {key:value} attributes using the Key Value block.
Example: Remove PCC Rules Condition		The PCC rule attributes that you can update dynamically can be selected from the drop-down.
Example: Install PCC Rules in a sample policy		You can select SUCC_RES_ALLO for Request Data to install PCC rules with Successful Resource Allocation (SRA) attribute.
West of CLUB Country Country Country Club Club Club West One CLUB CLUB Threat three CLUB CLUB CLUB West One CLUB CLUB Threat three CLUB CLUB CLUB West One CLUB CLUB Threat three CLUB CLUB CLUB CLUB CLUB CLUB CLUB CLUB		Note : Override Attributes checkbox is disabled if you select the Remove option from the drop-down.
		Important: When the PCC rule is initially provisioned, PCF must supply flowInfos or appld attribute.
		If it supplies appld, then PCF does not update appld attribute later provided by the user.
Set Binding Registration to true	Set Binding Registration	Specifies whether to enable or disable the binding operation. The supported values are True and False . Note : This policy action can read values from a policy table.
		Note: If Binding Operation flag is disabled on the service configurations page on CNC Console (Policy > Service Configurations > PCF Session Management), no binding operation is performed, irrespective of the value of policy decision.
Set Binding Registration Mode to Communication Mode SYNCHRONOUS	Set Binding Registration Mode	Specifies whether to set binding registration mode as synchronous or asynchronous. Note: This policy action can read values from a policy table.



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
PCC Rule Dynamic Override App Id PCC Rule Dynamic Override QoS Data	PCC Rule Dyanamic Override	This block is used as a key to create a pair of {attribute: value}to override PCC rule attributes in real-time. This block is used with the Key Value block. The drop-down list values, autopopulated in the block, are taken from the PCC Rule configuration Page.PolicyPolicy Data ConfigurationsPCF Session ManagementPCC Rule
		Currently, operators can use this block to override the values for the following parameters: App Id Content Version Precedence Note: This attribute specifies the precedence of the PCC rules associated with the PDU session. AF Signaling Protocol Application Relocation QoS Data Traffic Control Data Charging Data Condition Data Important: If SM service does not override attributes provided in the policy: Verify if the response from PRE contains all parameters specified in the policy.
		 Verify if SM service logs contain the following: Invalid format of OverriddenAttr received from PRE. It indicates a problem parsing PRE response for overridden attributes.



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Session Rule Dynamic Override Authorized Session AMSR 38 Uplinic 3 Bandwidth	Session Rule Dynamic Override	This block is used as a key to create a pair of {attribute: value}to override session rule attributes in real-time. This block is used with Key Value block. The drop-down list values, autopopulated in the block, are taken from the Session Rule configuration Page.PolicyPolicy Data ConfigurationsPCF Session ManagementSession Rule
		Currently, operators can use this block to override the values for the following parameters: Authorized Session AMBR Condition Data Authorize Default QoS
Override Attributes : (f) Attributes : (Install/Update/Remove Session Rules with Override Attributes	This block can be used to create, update, and remove specific session rules. To update or override session rule attributes dynamically, you can drag and add create list with block to create pairs of {key:value} attributes using the Key Value block.
		Note: Override Attributes checkbox is disabled if you select Remove option from the dropdown. The Session rule attributes that you can update dynamically can
INSTALL PRA 0 create list with PRA pro_data_2	Install/Remove PRA	be selected from the drop-down. This block performs Install /
		Remove of the PRA. The PRA item to install/remove is picked from the configuration Page.(PCF→ Policy Configurations → Common → Presence Reporting Area)



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Remove ALL PCC Rules	Remove PCC Rules	This block removes PCC Rules as per the option selected in drop-down list by the user.
		Drop-down list options:
		ALL
		DYNAMIC
		PRE_DEFINED
		NON CONDITIONED
		CONDITIONED
		If you select DYNAMIC from the drop-down value, SM service removes the following Dynamic PCC rules: • Defined on CM for SM policy data and installed by previous policy decisions for the specified SM Policy association • Derived and installed for AF flow
		If you select PRE_DEFINED from the drop-down value, SM service removes the pre-defined PCC rules defined on CM for SM policy data, and installed by previous policy decisions for the specified SM policy association.
		When removing PCC Rules in bulk, the policy also removes reference data only if the data is not referred by any PCC rule except the ones being deleted.
		To view all the PCC rules removed as part of a policy action, you can refer to the Info level policy logs.
		Important: If you are importing policies from older versions (previous to 1.8.0), delete the existing Remove PCC Rules blocks, and drag it from blockly library again after upgrade.
Remove ALL Session Rule(s)	Remove Session Rules	This block performs Remove of Session Rules as per condition in drop-down list.
		Drop-down list options: REMOVE_ALL, REMOVE_NON_CONDITIONED, REMOVE_ALL_CONDITIONED.



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Policy Trigger (PLMN_CH >	Policy Trigger	Sets the value to one of the drop- down list options of Policy Trigger.
		Drop-down list options: PLMN_CH, RES_MO_RE, AC_TY_CH, UE_IP_CH, UE_MAC_CH, AN_CH_COR, US_RE, APP_STA, APP_STO, AN_INFO, CM_SES_FAIL, PS_DA_OFF, DEF_QOS_CH, SE_AMBR_CH, QOS_NOTIF, NO_CREDIT, PRA_CH, SAREA_CH, SCNN_CH, RE_TIMEOUT, RES_RELEASE, SUCC_RES_ALLO, RAT_TY_CH, REF_QOS_IND_CH, NUM_OF_PACKET_FILTER, UE_STATUS_RESUME, UE_TZ_CH, SCELL_CH.
PCC Rule (geyes-max *	PCC Rule	sets the value to one of the drop- down list options of PCC Rule.
		The drop-down list values are picked from configuration Page. (PCF→ Policy Configurations → SM Policy → PCC Rule)
PCC Rule Profile PC_1	PCC Rule Profile	sets the value to one of the drop- down list options of PCC Rule Profile.
		The drop-down list values are picked from configuration Page. (PCF→ Policy Configurations → SM Policy → PCC Rule Profile)
Overdo PCC Rule PCC Rule FCTCETTUSE with PCC Rule Pedite 企画面	Override PCC Rule	It appends the "PCC Rule" and "PCC Rule Profile" Block and creates an Object {"pccRuleId": ('geyes-max'), "id":('pc_1')} and returns it.
Session Rule sm_data •	Session Rule	sets the value to one of the drop- down list options of Session Rule.
		The drop-down list values are picked from configuration Page. (PCF→ Policy Configurations → SM Policy → Session Rule)
Session Rule Profile Session_rule_profile_2 *	Session Rule Profile	Sets the value to one of the drop- down list options of Session Rule profile.
		The drop-down list values are picked from configuration Page. (PCF→ Policy Configurations → SM Policy → Session Rule Profile)



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Override Section Rule Section Rule (Section Rule) Section Rule Profes (Section Rule Profes)	Ovverride Session Rule	It appends the "Session Rule" and "Session Rule Profile" Block and creates an Object {"sessRuleId": 'sm-data', "sessRuleProfileId": ('session_rule_profile_2')} and returns it.
PRA pra_data_2 v	Presence Reporting Area	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of PRA.
		The drop-down list values are picked from configuration Page. (PCF→ Policy Configurations → Common → Presence Reporting Area)



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Name Block Icon Description Set Revalidation Time Revalidation time defines the period within which the Session Management Function (SMF) triggers the PCC rule request towards PCF for an established PDU Session. You can use this action block to set the session revalidation time to a specific year, month, day, or time. In addition, you can check the Randomize checkbox to select a random revalidation time from the defined range. When you select the Randomize checkbox, you need to define the range for revalidation time. You can define the range by using the number block (under Public category) for specifying the seconds and selecting any of the following values from the dropdown list: "+": It adds the specified seconds to the time entered. "-": It subtracts the specified seconds from the time entered. "+/-": The range is defined by [Time entered - specified seconds] to [Time entered + specified seconds]. If you select the Randomize option, the following message is printed in the Policy runtime logs: {"messageTimestamp":"2022-01-28T10:56:33.148Z","logLe vel":"WARN","pid":9700,"work erld":1,"fileName":"..\\..\ \engine\\policies\\pcf-sm\ \test1\ \main.js","lineNo":"46","messa ge":"Randomization of revalidation time choose by seconds"} If you input anything other than a number for randomization, the following error is printed in the logs: "message":"Error!! Entered seconds is not a number for randomization !!Please enter number in seconds field."



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
		Note: On upgrading to Policy 22.1.0 or higher, the Set revalidation time block is upgraded automatically in the existing policies.



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
		following error is printed in the logs:
		"message":"Error!! Entered seconds is not a number for randomization !!Please enter number in seconds field."
Release Session	Release Session	Directs the SM service to trigger session termination notification and thus releasing a policy association. When SM service receives this action, it ignores all other actions. Note: SM Service only releases a policy association triggered by UserDataChangeNotification. That is, session terminate
		notification is triggered based on: change notification on CHF counters.
		 policies in PCF in response to an UPDATE from SMF.
		 any upate notification from UDR.



Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

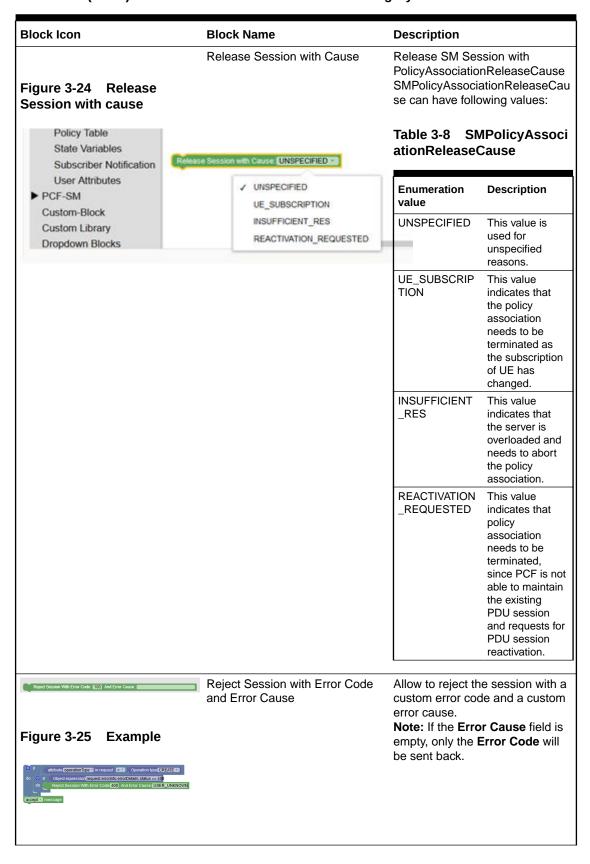




Table 3-7 (Cont.) Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-26 Remove ADC Type Rules	Remove ADC Type Rules	SM service remove the ADC types such as ALL, DYNAMIC, PRE_DEFINED, and PRE_DEFINED_BASE.
Remove ALL ADC Rule ✓ ALL		
DYNAMIC PRE_DEFINED PRE_DEFINED_BASE		
Figure 3-27 Install ADC Rules (NOTALL'S ADC Rules 3 Ones tel with ADC Rules 10 Each Section of Proceedings of Proceedings of Procedures (Rule) 1	Install ADC Rules	SM service installs the adc1, adc2predefined and preDefinedADCRuleBase1
Figure 3-28 Remove ADC Rules	Remove ADC Rules	SM service removes the adc1, adc2predefined and preDefinedADCRuleBase1.
REMOVES ADD Rules O overlate with ADD Rules O (Section Reported Rules) ADD Rules O (Section ADD Rules Section Rules) ADD Rules O (Section ADD Rules Section Rules)	Establish traffic detection session with peer node name	SM service establish TDFSession with peer node.
Figure 3-29 Establish traffic detection session with peer node name		Note: Only used in SM-Create Request
		==



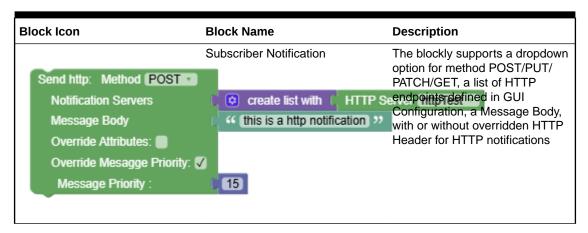
Table 3-7 Actions Blocks in PCF-SM Service Category

Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Figure 3-30 Establish traffic detection session with peer node set name	Establish traffic detection session with peer node set name	SM service establish TDFSession with peer nodeSet. Note : Only used in SM-Create Request
Establish traffic detection session wi	th peer no Peer Node Set no item	
Figure 3-31 Install ADCRules For TimePeriod **STALLACRAM** Or Read By Control	Install ADCRules For TimePeriod	SM service installs ADC rules for a specific time period.

3.6.1 Subscriber Notification

This section provides the block realated to subscriber notification.

Table 3-9 Blocks in Subscriber Notification



3.6.2 PCC/Session Rule Error Report

The blocks for this category is available only when you select PCC/Session Rule Error Report under PCF-SM service while configuring the policy project.



Table 3-10 Blocks in PCC/Session Rule Error Report

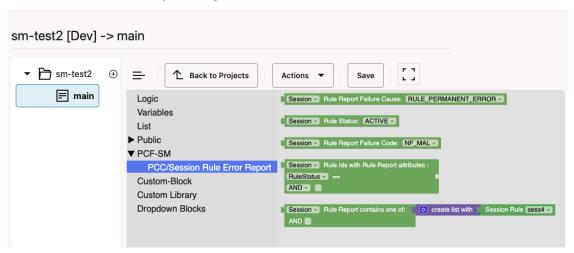
Block to a	DI LI CI	5
Block Icon	Block Name	Description
Constructs Session ▼ Rule Status: ACTIVE ▼	PCC/Session Rule Status	The rule status can be combined with policy conditions "RuleIds" and "Rulereports" to specify rule status "Active" or "Inactive"
Session → Rule Report Failure Code: NF_MAL →	PCC/Session Rule Failure Code	sessRuleFailureCode can be combined with policy conditions "RuleIds" and "Rulereports" to check the failure code values
Session ▼ Rule Report Failure Cause: RULE PERMAN	PCC/Session Failure Cause ENT_ERROR	Returns Failure Cause values ["RULE_PERMANENT_ERROR", "RULE_TEMPORARY_ERROR"] used along with two condition blocks "PCC/Session Rule Ids" and PCC/Session Rule report". Checks the cause/failureCause attribute received in errorReport or partialSuccessReport. Checks the sessRuleFailureCode attribute received in sessRuleReports.
Session Rule Ids with Rule Report attributes : RuleStatus == AND	PCC/Session RuleIds from rulereport	Used to get the ruleIds received in ruleReports or sessRuleReports with condition matching for ruleStatus, ruleFailureCode or sessRuleFailureCode and failureCause.
Session Rule Rule report contains one of: AND FailureCause == AND FailureCode == OR RuleStatus ==	PCC/Session Rule Report	This condition blockly matches with configured rulelds, ruleStatus, sessRuleFailureCode and failureCause and returns true or false.



Sample block for PCC/Session Rule Error Report:

Figure 3-32 Sample block for PCC/Session Rule Error Report

■ ORACL€ CNC Policy 22.3.0-ocngf-30382



3.7 PCF UE Policy

This section describes the blocks that operators can access while configuring PCF UE Policy projects.

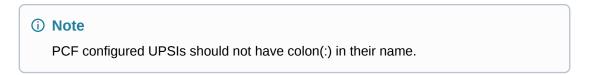


Table 3-11 UE Policy Blocks

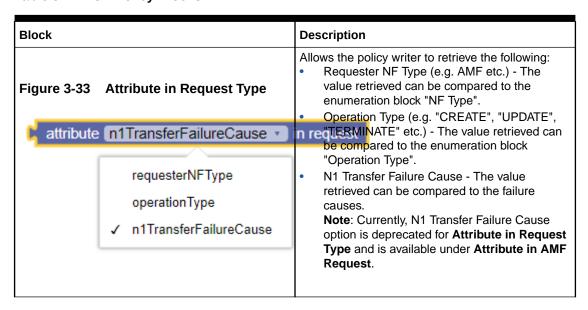




Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-34 N1 Transfer Failure Cause	This blockly allows the policy writer to identify the N1 transfer failure causes such as UE_NOT_RESPONDING in the messages.
N1 Transfer Failure Cause UE_NOT	RESPONDING *
Figure 3-35 Attribute in AMF Request	Retrieves the specified attribute value from the incoming request message.
attribute gpsi ▼ in AMF Request ✓ gpsi supi accessType ratType pei dnn timezone UE Indicated UPSIs UE Indicated OS Ids n1TransferFailureCause	The available options are: gpsi supi accessType ratType pei dnn timezone UE Indicated UPSIs UE Indicated OS Ids n1TransferFailureCause
Figure 3-36 Attributes in UE Policy Set attribute subscCats in UE Policy Set subscCats upsis pei oslds	Retrieves the specified attribute value from the UE Policy Set (as obtained from UDR). The available options are: • subsCats • upsis • pei • oslds



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-37 Operation Type Operation type CREATE	Allows operators to specify the Operation Type. The supported values are CREATE, UPDATE, TERMINATE, NOTIFICATION, UE_NOTIFICATION, and T3501 Expiry.
Figure 3-38 RatType RatType NR	Allows operators to specify the value of RAT Type. The supported values are: NR WLAN EUTRA VIRTUAL NR_REDCAP
Figure 3-39 AccessType AccessType 3GPP Access	Allows operators to specify the Access Type. The supported values are 3GPP Access and Non 3GPP Access.
Figure 3-40 PLMN ID mcc of plmnld in Serving PLMN Id	Allows operators to specify MCC or MNC of plmnid in the following supported values: Serving PLMN Id, EUTRACelld, EUTRA tracking Area Code, NR Celld, NR tracking Area Code, eutraLocation.tai, ecgi, globalNgenbld, nrLocation.tai, ncgi, and globalGnbld.
Figure 3-41 UPSI Values UPSI : mcc null mnc null upsc null	Allows the operators to specify the value of the UPSI.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-42 UPSI UPSI upsi	This block allows the policy writer to select a UPSI configured using the Policy > Policy Data Configurations > PCF UE Policy > UPSI screen.
Figure 3-43 URSP URSP no item	This block allows the policy writer to select a URSP configured using the Policy > Policy Data Configurations > PCF UE Policy > URSP Rule screen.
Actions	Allows the policy writer to install or remove UPSIs that are already configured in GUI on the UPSI screen (Policy > Policy Data Configurations >
Figure 3-44 Install/Remove UPSI INSTALL UPSIs Coreate list with CUF	PCF UE Policy > UPSI). Click the drop-down menu of UPSI block to select desired UPSI lds.
Figure 3-45 Install/Remove UPSIs from UE Policy Set INSTALL UPSIs from UE Policy Set INSTALL REMOVE	Allows the policy writer to install or remove UPSIs retrieved from the UDR in the UE Policy Set (upsis attribute). Notes: The UPSIs in the UePolicySet.upsis attribute MUST be represented in string format " <mcc>-<mc>-<upsc>" where mcc is an integer containing the Mobile Country Code, mnc is an integer containing the Mobile Network Code and upsc is an integer containing the Ue Policy Section Code. E.g. "401-301-1234" A corresponding UPSI must be configured using the Policy > Policy Data Configurations > PCF UE Policy > UPSI screen having the same MCC, MNC and UPSC as that received from UDR. The name of the UPSI in the PCF configuration can be anything convenient. PCF shall use the upsis received from UDR to pick the URSP rules from the PCF configuration and deliver the same to the UE.</upsc></mc></mcc>



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-46 Install Policy Trigger (NSTALL * policy triggers	This action block allows the policy writer to install or remove policy triggers. The Policy Trigger value to install/remove is automatically populated in the form of drop-down with the Policy Trigger block. Note : Currently, the only supported policy trigger value is LOC_CH (change in location).
Figure 3-47 Install/Remove URSPs	Allows the policy writer to install or delete URSP rules for delivery using the fragmentation feature.
Override Attributes : mcc : mnc : "" 1 "" "" 2 ""	URSP Ursp2 URSP ursp3 Ursp3 URSP Ursp3 Ursp3 URSP Ursp3 Ursp
Figure 3-48 Remove UPSIs Remove ALL UPSIs	Allows the policy writer to remove UPSI from the UDR in the UE Policy Set.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

	<u> </u>
Block	Description
Single URSP	This block allows the policy writer to create a Policy URSP data type column, while configuring the policy project using the policy table.
Figure 3-49 Policy Table Column Blockly	For example: Use Policy Table UE-PT1 whose access type is Non-3GPP Access and Install
Policy Table Column Please Select no item	URSPs with Policy Table UE-PT1 with column c3_URSP (single URSP).
Figure 3-50 Example: Policy Table	
Column, an URSP	
Use Policy Table UE-PTG having key(s) C1_Access_Type AccessType Non-SGPP Access Sort By C1_Access_Type Order ASC do INSTALL URSP's O create list with Policy Table Column UE-PTc1 C3_URSP CCCept message	
URSP List	This block allows the policy writer to create a Policy URSP List data type column, while configuring the policy project using the policy table.
Figure 3-51 Example: Policy Table Column, URSP List	For example: Use Policy Table UE-PT1 whose access type is Non-3GPP Access and Install URSPs with Policy Table UE-PT1 with column c3_URSP_List (an URSP List).
Description Logic Variables List Public Outcoming and Accounting Management Accounts Outcoming and Accounting Management Accounts Outcoming and Accounting Management Accounts Accounting Control Cont	CO_UNOF_LIST (all UNOF LIST).
Custom-Block Custom Library Dropdown Blocks Cosea past with (* Poly) bear Column (USPRIST C. USBPL) Custom Library Dropdown Blocks	
	This blockly allows the policy writer to either retransmit some of the rejected UPSI or to abort the
Figure 3-52 Retransmit UPSI	transmission entirely. While using this blockly action, retransmission count check must be taken into consideration by the user to avoid infinite retransmission.
Retransmit UPSI Create list with UPS	I (no item 🔻



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-53 Skip current fragment	This blockly allows the policy writer to skip the current fragment transmission, immediately starting the next fragment transmission or ending the
Skip current nagment	transaction in case there is no next fragment.
Skip current fragment	
Figure 3-54 Abort N1 Notify Transmission	This blockly immediately ends the transaction and won't continue the N1 transmission.
Abort N1 Notify Transmission	
Figure 2 FF LIDCLI int	① Note
Figure 3-55 UPSI List Union Intersection Difference	The List blockly is used for setting operation on two lists. It can be used for general cases in addition to the operation on UPSI lists.
	The List operation is used while finding the delta between the UPSI's ID list that is currently configured in PCF, the UPSI's that are sent on UE Policy Registration and the UPSIs that are on UDR. Allowed values: Union: Displays the list of all the UPSI IDs that are present in two separate lists. Intersection: Displays the list of UPSI IDs that
	 are common (intersection) in two separate lists. Difference: Displays the list of UPSI IDs that contain the difference of the two separate lists.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Description This blockly allows the policy writer to retransmit
This blockly allows the policy writer to retransmit
the whole n1 fragment. While using the RETRANSMIT_FRAGMENT blockly action, retransmission count check must be taken into consideration by the user to avoid infinite retransmission.
This block is used to discard selected or discard all UPSIs/URSPs in Pending UE Policy. Note: DISCARD and DISCARD_ALL blocks are applicable only when consolidation is enabled.
eate list with UPSI upsc1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Allows to reject the session with a custom error code and a custom error cause. Note: If the Error Cause field isempty, only the Error Code will be sent back. Header Blockly: This blockly allows to define the headers that are being sent towards SMF or AMF, allowing the user to introduce any header name (only strings) and a header value (strings and numbers). Note: This blockly can be used inside a "create list with" blockly in order to add more than one header to the response.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-59 N1 Notify Message Received N1 Notify Message Received: MANAGE UE POLICY COMPLETE MANAGE UE POLICY COMPLETE MANAGE UE POLICY COMPLETE MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT MESSAGE TRANSFER FAILURE	This blockly allows the policy writer to identify the following N1Notify messages: • MANAGE UE POLICY COMPLETE • MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT • MESSAGE TRANSFER FAILURE
Figure 3-60 UPSIs attribute path	UPSI's in VSA: Specify upsi PATH condition returns the UPSIs attribute path in the request.
UPSIs In VSA: Specify upsis PATH [null]	Figure 3-61 UPSI's attribute path in VSA - Example
	UPSIs In VSA: Specify upsis PATH (request variables subscriber remote ven dor Sp
	The above example returns the UPSIs attribute path in VSA as: request['variables'] ['subscriber']['remote'] ['vendorSpecific-012591'] ['consumerAttrs']['blobValue']['upsis'] Note: The PATH text must be either the dotted notation or the array notation and must not mix these two together.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

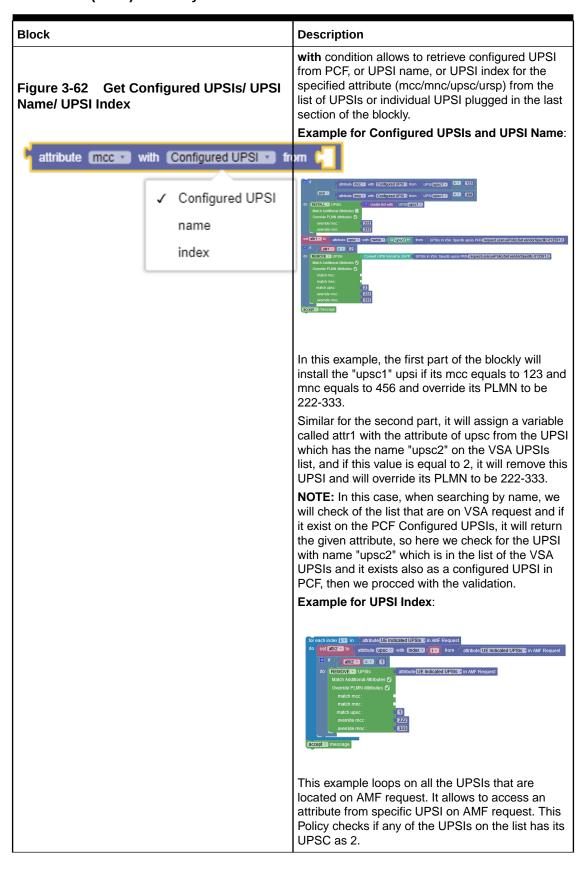




Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
	If found, it removes the corresponding UPSI and overrides its PLMN to be 222-333.
Util Blocks	
Figure 3-63 Successfully Installed UPSI in N1 Notify Message do [INSTALL 3 UPSI's O create list with UPSI upsc4 0 0 if Successfully Installed UPSI in N1 Notify Message	This blockly allows to notify the successfully installed UPSI received in N1N2 notification. The successfully installed UPSI will only be available in the blockly when they are installed using the install UPSIs blockly.
Figure 3-64 Rejected UPSI in N1 Notify Message Rejected UPSI in N1 Notify Message	This blockly allows the policy writer to iterate over the rejected UPSI when the N1 Notify message comes as MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT.
Figure 3-65 Retransmit count for UPSI	This blockly allows the policy writer to get the current retransmission count for a specific UPSI, allowing the policy writer to control how many times the retransmission has happened.
Retransmit count for U	PSI (
INSTALL PRA Cocreate list with VINSTALL REMOVE INSTALL PRA Cocreate list with PRA PRA Stadium VI	Installs or removes elements such as PRAs or UPSIs as specified by the operator. PRINSTALLE PRA: Installs the specified PRA on CREATE or UPDATE request. REMOVE PRA: Removes previously installed PRA and installs different PRA on UPDATE Request. The drop-down values, auto-populated in the block, are taken as per the configuration on PCF Presence Reporting Area page under Common Policy Data Configurations. Note: Currently, Remove all request triggers functionality is not yet supported.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-66 Install UPSIs	Install/Remove UPSIs with/without matching specific attribute of mcc, mnc and upsc. It also supports the checkbox to override PLMN for INSTALL/REMOVE.
INSTALL • UPSI's Create list w	ith C UPSI upsi v
Figure 3-67 Remove UPSIs REMOVE UPSIS Match Additional Attributes: Override PLMN Attributes: match mcc: match mpsc:	³ SIS
Figure 3-68 Retransmit count for URSP	This blockly allows the policy writer to get the current re-transmission count for a specific URSP, allowing the policy writer to control how many times the re-transmission has happened.
Retransmit count for URSP	
Figure 3-69 Rejected URSP in N1 Notify Message Rejected URSP in N1 Notify Message	This blockly allows the policy writer to iterate over the rejected URSP when the N1 Notify message comes as MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT.
Figure 3-70 N1 fragement retransmit count	This blockly allows the policy writer to get the current re-transmission count of the whole N1 fragment. Using this the policy writer supervises number of retransmission occurrences.
N1 fragment retransmit count	



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
INSTALL policy triggers create list with	Specifies if it is the PRA Change (PRA_CH) or the Location Change (LOC_CH) action to be mentioned in the PRA report sent by UE Policy Service to AMF upon success Creation or update of the UE Policy Association. PRA_CH
Presence State IN_AREA IN_AREA OUT_OF_AREA UNKNOWN INACTIVE	 Indicates the presence state of the UE: IN_AREA: UE is present in the specified Presence Reporting Area. OUT_OF_AREA: UE is not present in the specified Presence Reporting Area. UNKNOWN: The presence status of the UE in the specified Presence Reporting Area is unknown or not available. INACTIVE: The Presence Reporting Area is unavailable or not supported.
PRA no item	Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of PRA. The drop-down list Values is picked from configuration Page. (PCF→ Policy Configurations → Common → Presence Reporting Area) Indicates current presence status of the UE in a Presence Reporting Area, and notifies that the UE
attribute presenceState in Reported PRA Info	enters/leaves the Presence Reporting Area.
Figure 3-71 PCF Configured UPSIs PCF Configured UPSIs	PCF Configured UPSIs utility used with create list with block to generate a list of all configured UPSIs in PCF.
Figure 3-72 Convert UPSI Format to 3GPP Convert UPSI format to 3GPP	Converts UPSI in format "mcc-mnc-upsc" or UPSI configuration name in PCF such as "upsi01" to 3GPP format. This utility is used with UPSIs in VSA block. For example: Convert UPSI termal to 3GPP UPSIs in VSA Specify upsis PATH Coquest variables subscriber remote vendorSpecif.



Table 3-11 (Cont.) UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description	
Figure 3-73 UDR delResources contains UDR delResources contains	Checks the value of the attribute - policyDataChangeNotification.delResourc es of the policy request. The supported values are: am-data sm-data ue-policy-set operator-specific-data For example:	
	Figure 3-74 Example usage of UDR delResources contains UDR delResources contains all create list with am-data	
Figure 3-75 Release Session with cause	PolicyAssociationReleaseCause can have:	
rigure 3-73 Release Session with cause	Table 3-12 PolicyAssociationReleaseCau se	
Release Session with cause UNSPECIFIED	Enumeration value Description	
✓ UNSPECIFIED UE_SUBSCRIPTION	UNSPECIFIED This value is used for unspecified reasons.	
INSUFFICIENT_RES	UE_SUBSCRIPTION This value indicates that the policy association needs to be terminated as the subscription of UE has changed.	
	INSUFFICIENT_RES This value indicates that the server is overloaded and needs to abort the policy association.	
Figure 3-76 Release Session without cause	Directs the AM/UE service to trigger session termination notification and thus releasing a policy association. When AM/UE service receives this action, it ignores all other actions.	
Release Session		



Table 3-11 UE Policy Blocks

Block	Description
Figure 3-77 Pending/In Transfer	Allows the operators to specify the Pending/In Transfer policy decisions due to the sequencing of UE. Pending Policy Decision - Policy decisions which are yet to be sent to UE as they were sequenced
UPSIs in Pending UE Policy to be Installed	due to in-progress N1N2 transfer. Fragmented Policy Decisions which are in the process of being
✓ Pending	transferred are not considered as pending policy decision.
In Transfer	In Transfer Policy Decision - Policy decisions which are sent (or in the process of being sent) to UE. This includes policy decisions which are sent using Namf_Communication API, but UE has not notified about their status to PCF. This also includes fragmented Policy Decisions.
URSPs in Pending UE Policy to be Installed	
Filter DI MN -	
✓ Pending	
In Transfer	

3.8 PCF-AM Blocks

This section describes the blocks that operators can access while configuring PCF AM Policy projects.

Table 3-13 AM Policy Blocks

Block	Description
attribute requesterNFType in request	Retrieves the value of requester NFType attribute in request.
attribute supi in AMF request	Retrieves the value of SUPI attribute in AMF request.
RAT Type NR	Allows operators to specify the value of RAT Type. The supported values are NR, NR_REDCAP, WLAN, EUTRA, and VIRTUAL.
NF Type AMF	Allows operators to specify the NF Type. The supported values are AMF, SMF, BSF, NEF, AF, UDR, and CHF.
Operation Type CREATE	Allows operators to specify the Operation Type. The supported values are CREATE, UPDATE, DELETE, NOTIFICATION, UPDATE_NOTIFY, and TERMINATE_NOTIFY.



Table 3-13 (Cont.) AM Policy Blocks

Block	Description
mcc of plmnld in eutraLocation.tai	Allows operators to specify MCC or MNC of plmnid in the following supported values: eutraLocation.tai, ecgi, globalNgenbld, nrLocation.tai, ncgi, globalGnbld, and negaLocation.n3gppTai.
Restriction Type ALLOWED_AREAS	Allows operators to specify Restriction Type as ALLOWED_AREAS or NOT_ALLOWED_AREAS.
SAR sarGold	Retrieves the service area restriction values, created through Service Area Restriction screen on CNC Console.
attribute presenceState in Reported PRA Information for PRA pra	Retrieves the value of presenceState attribute in Reported PRA information for specified PRAs. Note: Before accessing presenceState attribute, it verifies the availability of the specified PRA and its Reported PRA information. If either of the two is missing, this block returns null value.
PRA PRA2	Retrieves the PRA values. The supported values are PRA1 and PRA2.
Request Trigger LOC_CH •	Retrieves the Request Trigger values. The supported values are LOC_CH, PRA_CH, SERV_AREA_CH, and RFSP_CH.
Actions	
Set Service Area Restriction SAR test	Installs Service Area Restriction, specified by the operator.
Set RFSP Index (0	Sets a value for RFSP Index.
INSTALL PRA (© create list with PRA pra v	Installs or removes list of PRAs, specified by the operator. The drop-down values, auto-populated in the block, are taken from the PCF Presence Reporting Area configuration Page (Policy > Policy Data Configurations > Common > PCF Presence Reporting Area).
INSTALL Request Trigger Actions Coreate list with Request Trigger LOC_CHES	Installs or removes list Request Trigger Actions, specified by the operator.
Remove all request triggers	Removes all request triggers.



Table 3-13 (Cont.) AM Policy Blocks

Block		Description	
		PolicyAssociationRelea	seCause can have:
Figure 3-78	Release Session with cause	Table 3-14 Policy se	AssociationReleaseCau
Release Session wi	ith cause UNSPECIFIED •	Enumeration value	Description
	✓ UNSPECIFIED UE_SUBSCRIPTION	UNSPECIFIED	This value is used for unspecified reasons.
	INSUFFICIENT_RES	UE_SUBSCRIPTION	This value indicates that the policy association needs to be terminated as the subscription of UE has changed.
		INSUFFICIENT_RES	This value indicates that the server is overloaded and needs to abort the policy association.
Figure 3-79 cause	Release Session without		and thus releasing a policy UE service receives this
Release Session			

3.9 PDS Category

This section provides information about blocks that can be used to write policies for Policy Data Source service.

Table 3-15 PDS Blocks

Block Image	Description	
Conditions		
SUPI between x and y	Specifies the first value and the last value of a SUPI range.	
GPSI between X and Y	Specifies the first value and the last value of a GPSI range.	
SUPI starts with X	Specifies the pattern representing the set of SUPI's belonging to this range.	
GPSI starts with X	Specifies the pattern representing the set of GPSI's belonging to this range.	



Table 3-15 (Cont.) PDS Blocks

Block Image	Description
Request type soap connector initiated ✓ soap connector initiated pcrf-core initiated	Specifies whether the incoming request message is coming from soap connector or PCRF core.
Actions	
Fetch LDAP Idap1 with params : SUPI GPSI Format : 4G	This blockly action allows policy writers to retrieve resourceTypes from specified datasource. When the user selects LDAP from the drop-down menu, retrieval takes place through LDAP datasource. Use the drop-down menu to select LDAP ID configured on PDS Settings page under Service Configurations in CNC Console. In addition, user can select parameters - SUPI or GPSI to perform the lookup. When the 4G checkbox is selected, the lookup is done using IMSI or MSISDN. When UDR is selected from the drop-down menu, the policy retrieves UDR datasource and the default configurations, configured on PCF User Connector under Service Configurations in CNC Console. In addition, user can use the checkboxes to retrieve multiple resourceTypes at once.
	When CHF is selected from the drop-down menu, the policy retrieves CHF datasource and the default configurations, configured on PCF User Connector page under Service Configurations in CNC Console.
	When OCS is selected from the drop-down menu, the policy retrieves OCS datasource and the default configurations, configured using Policy > Diameter Configurations > Peer Nodes page. By default, OCS supports 4G format.

3.10 PCRF-Core

The policy wizard supports a large number of conditions that can be used for constructing policy rules. To help you find the conditions you want, the conditions are organized into different categories.

The conditions that are included within each of these categories are described in the sections that follow. Within each category, conditions are listed in alphabetical order. The parameters that can be modified within each condition are also detailed.

3.10.1 Conditions

This section provides information on policy conditions available for PCRF Core service.



The enforcement session is one of an IP-CAN session

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that evaluates the type of the enforcement session.



The following are the valid values that can be selected from the drop-down field:

- an IP-CAN session (default)
- a gateway control session
- a DPI enforcement session
- an S9 sub-session
- an S9 session

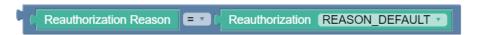
Mobile session includes Sponsored Connectivity

The Mobile session *includes* or *does not include* Sponsored Connectivity policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that evaluates whether or not the mobile session supports sponsored data connectivity. This condition supports sponsored data connectivity for both Gx and Rx requests.



Reauthorization Reason

The **Reauthorization Reason** policy condition, as shown in the following image, compares reauthorization reason in request received by PRE with the value specified in the policy condition.



User can select any of the following valid values from the Reauthorization drop-down field:

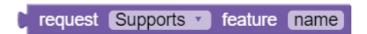
- REASON DEFAULT
- REASON_AUDIT
- REASON TOD
- REASON LI
- REASON RELEASE SESSION
- REASON_POLICY
- REASON NOTIFICATION
- REASON_RETRY
- REASON AF
- REASON_OCS_NOTIFICATION
- REASON RECONCILE



- REASON USER SCHEDULED TASK
- REASON REVALIDATION TIMEOUT
- REASON_SY_SESSION_TERMINATION_BY_OCS

request supports feature name

The **request** *supports or does not support* **feature** *name* policy condition, as shown in the following image, determines whether the request supports or does not support a specified feature respectively.



For the name of the feature, this policy condition supports a comma-delimited list of values.

where the event trigger is one of

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for a specific event trigger type.



User can select any one of the following valid values from event trigger drop-down field:

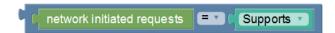
- SGSN CHANGE
- QOS_CHANGE
- RAT CHANGE
- TFT_CHANGE
- PLMN CHANGE
- LOSS_OF_BEARER
- RECOVERY_OF_BEARER
- IP_CAN_CHANGE
- GW PCEF MALFUNCTION
- RESOURCES LIMITATION
- MAX_NR_BEARERS_REACHED
- QOS CHANGE EXCEEDING AUTHORIZATION
- RAI_CHANGE
- USER LOCATION CHANGE
- NO_EVENT_TRIGGERS
- OUT OF CREDIT
- REALLOCATION_OF_CREDIT
- REVALIDATION_TIMEOUT
- UE_IP_ADDRESS_ALLOCATE
- UE IP ADDRESS RELEASE



- DEFAULT EPS BEARER QOS CHANGE
- AN GW CHANGE
- SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION
- RESOURCE MODIFICATION REQUEST
- UE TIME ZONE CHANGE
- TAI CHANGE
- ECGI_CHANGE
- CHARGING CORRELATION EXCHANGE
- APN AMBR MODIFICATION FAILURE
- USER_CSG_INFORMATION_CHANGE
- USAGE REPORT
- DEFAULT EPS BEARER QOS MODIFICATION FAILURE
- USER_CSG_HYBRID_SUBSCRIBED_INFORMATION_CHANGE
- USER_CSG_HYBRID_UNSUBSCRIBED_INFORMATION_CHANGE
- APPLICATION START
- APPLICATION STOP
- ADC REVALIDATION TIMEOUT
- ACCESS_NETWORK_INFO_REPORT
- CHANGE_OF_UE_PRESENCE_IN_PRESENCE_REPORTING_AREA_REPORT
- HOTSPOT_SHARE_START
- USAGE THRESHOLD REACHED
- SERVICE FLOW DETECTION
- CELL CONGESTED
- CELL CLEAR
- RAN_NAS_Cause
- SESSION RECOVERY VZW
- SESSION SYNC VZW
- CREDIT MANAGEMENT SESSION FAILURE

network initiated requests are supported

The network initiated requests policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated when network initiated requests are supported. On selecting **does not Support** from the drop-down field, this condition block triggers a policy that is only evaluated when network initiated requests are not supported.





APN aggregate maximum bitrate

The APN aggregate maximum bitrate condition block, as shown in the following image, selects protocol messages based on the maximum bitrate being requested for an access point name (APN) in a specific direction relative to a numeric value - specified in the **string** block. The unit of bandwidth is compatible with the Credit Control Request (CCR) message. The APN aggregate maximum bitrate condition block is Policy Table compliant.



From the drop-down field, user can choose the *flow direction* as **Upstream** or **Downstream**. The default operator for this condition is =. Select any one of the following operators from the drop-down field:

- =
- !=
- <
- <=
- >
- >=
- Matches
- RegExp-Matches

IP-CAN type

The **IP-CAN type** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for a protocol message with a specific IP-CAN type.



The user can select any one of the following supported values using the **IP-CAN Type** drop-down field:

- 3GPP GPRS
- 3GPP_EPS
- NON_3GPP EPS
- 3GPP2
- WiMAX
- DOCSIS
- xDSL



The request is

The **request is** policy condition, as shown in the following image, evaluates whether the request type matches with the specified request.



The user can select any one of the following supported values using the drop-down field:

- creating a new session (default)
- modifying an existing session
- re-authorizing an existing session
- terminating an existing session

The RAT type is

The **The RAT type is** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for a protocol message with a specific Radio Access Technology (RAT) type.



The user can select any one of the following valid values from **RATType** drop-down field:

- GERAN
- UTRAN
- HSPA Evolution
- UMA/GAN
- EUTRAN
- EUTRAN NB IoT
- WLAN
- CDMA2000 1x
- HRPD
- UMB
- eHRPD
- NR_REDCAP

QoS Upgrade

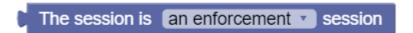
The **QoS Upgrade** policy condition, as shown in the following image, evaluates if QoS upgrade is supported (supports) or not (does not support).





The session is an enforcement session

The **The session** is *an enforcement* session condition block, as shown in the following image, distinguishes between protocol messages that are operating on different sessions.



The user can select any one of the values for the session type using the drop-down field:

- an enforcement session (default)
- an application session
- a credit control session
- a radius authorization session

tier

The **tier** condition block, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is evaluated for one or more specific tiers.



cell state is congested

The **cell state** is **congested** policy condition block, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is evaluated based on the level of congestion in the cell. The supported values are **congested** and **not congested**.



3.10.2 Actions

This section describes the policy actions that can be used to construct policy rules for PCRF Core service.

set Alert with severity level, ID and message

This policy action, as shown in the following image, sends an alert to the system containing the specified severity level and message text. This alert appears in the Active Alerts display for one hour, until cleared, or unless the server fails over, whichever comes first. Alerts generated by policy actions do not affect the HA score of a server, and will not cause a failover. On choosing clear from the drop-down field, the alert containing the specified severity level and message text is cleared from the system.





The following are the valid values that can be selected from the severity drop-down field:

- Critical (default)
- Major
- Minor

The **ID** field specifies the alert ID. On selecting Evaluate as expression, the text in the field is evaluated as an arithmetic expression, and the result is used.

The **message** accepts string value. This text may contain policy parameters to perform parameter substitution within the message text. If you select Evaluate as expression, the text in the field is evaluated as an arithmetic expression, and the result is used.



The "set Alert with severity level, ID and message" has been deprecated in 23.4.0. It should not be used.

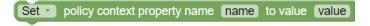
reset all subscriber data

The **reset all subscriber data** policy action, as shown in the following image, resets all data for the subscriber.

reset all subscriber data

set policy context property name to value

This policy action block, as shown in the following image, sets a subscriber property. The property-name and value accept strings as value.



remove all policy context properties

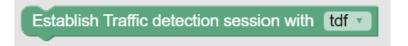
The **remove all policy context properties** policy action, as shown in the following image, removes all policy context properties.

remove all policy context properties

Establish Traffic Detection Session for a Peer Node

The **Establish Traffic detection session with** policy action, as shown in the following image, establishes a traffic detection session with the selected network element identity.





Establish Traffic Detection Session for Peer Node Set

The **Establish Traffic detection session with** policy action, as shown in the following image, establishes a traffic detection session with the selected network element identity.

Establish Traffic detection sessionwith Peer Node Set PeerNodeSet

Enable Logging with log levels

The public **Log: Level** block is enabled **ALWAYS** in the event of various actions, as shown in the following image.

Figure 3-80 Log: level



3.10.3 AF

This section describes the blocks and conditions specific to flows.

3.10.3.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions specific to flows.

Required-Access-Info

The **Required-Access-Info** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when the returned access network information, populated in Rx call flow, for that AF session matches the specified value.

Figure 3-81 Policy Condition for Required-Access-Info



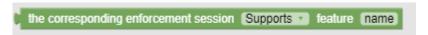


The user can select any one of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- USER_LOCATION (default)
- MS_TIME_ZONE
- USER_LOCATION_AND_MS_TIME_ZONE

the corresponding enforcement session supports feature

The **the corresponding enforcement session** *supports* **feature** *name* policy condition, as shown in the following image, evaluates the feature name in the enforcement session that correlates to the corresponding application (Rx) request.



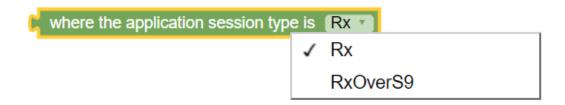
To specify the name of the features, a comma-delimited list of values can be used. This list can contain one or more supported feature. To use a wildcard match pattern, select **RegExp-Matches**. Wildcard match patterns use the following characters:

- * (asterisk) character to match zero or more characters
- ? (question mark) character to match exactly one character

where the application session type is Rx

The **where the application session type is** *Rx* policy condition, as shown in the following image, validates whether the application-session is Rx or RxOverS9.

Figure 3-82 Application Session Type Block



Note

If the application session is not Rx, the policy condition returns unknown.

Apply Traffic Profile to Flow(s) whose media type matches one of specified values

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, applies one or more traffic profiles to one or more flows of the specified type media type. It overwrites the corresponding settings in the protocol messages of the specified flows. If multiple traffic profiles are selected, they are applied in the order in which they are specified. If a traffic profile contains settings that are not relevant in the current protocol message, they are ignored. This policy condition is Policy Table compliant.



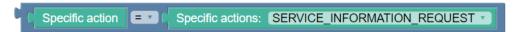


To specify the flow media type, user can select any of the following valid values from the **Type** drop-down field:

- Audio
- Video
- Data
- Application
- Control
- Text
- Message
- Other

Specific action

The **Specific action** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when the value of the Specific-Action AVP field within an Rx RAA message matches the specified value.



The user can select any of the following valid values from the **Specific actions** drop-down field:

- SERVICE_INFORMATION_REQUEST (default)
- CHARGING_CORRELATION_EXCHANGE
- INDICATION_OF_LOSS_OF_BEARER
- INDICATION OF RECOVERY OF BEARER
- INDICATION_OF_RELEASE_OF_BEARER
- INDICATION_OF_ESTABLISHMENT_OF_BEARER
- INDICATION_OF_IP_CAN_CHANGE
- INDICATION OF OUT OF CREDIT
- INDICATION OF SUCCESSFUL RESOURCES ALLOCATION
- INDICATION_OF_FAILED_RESOURCES_ALLOCATION
- INDICATION_OF_LIMITED_PCC_DEPLOYMENT
- USAGE REPORT
- ACCESS_NETWORK_INFO_REPORT
- INDICATION_OF_RECOVERY_FROM_LIMITED_PCC_DEPLOYMENT
- INDICATION OF ACCESS NETWORK INFO REPORTING FAILURE
- PLMN_CHANGE

3.10.3.2 CODEC Conditions

Session Description Protocol (SDP) properties conditions identify any specific SDP attributes and evaluate their value. This includes setting proper bandwidth values on related PCC rules. The following conditions are available.



the local specified SDP property matches one of value(s)

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks the Codec type (offer or answer) for a subscriber's device (**local**, **remote** or **common**) for specific values (a comma-delimited list).

```
the local specified SDP property sdpProperty matches one of values(s)
```

Users can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field that specifies where to search for the SDP Property:

- Local—The capabilities of the device for the subscriber.
- Remote—The capabilities of the device for the remote party.
- Common—The capabilities that the local and remote devices have in common.

Specifying SDP Property

A comma-delimited list of SDP properties. Specify the SDP properties using one of the following methods:

Generic descriptor

Syntax: sdp.[option]

where option is any name (for example, i) or any keyword (for example, a=ptime)

Examples using an SDP generic descriptor:

- where the local sdp.[i] matches one of *recvonly*
- where the common sdp.[a=ptime] matches one of 20
- where the common sdp.[a] matches one of ptime: 20
- where the common sdp.[u] matches one of http://www.oracle.com:8080/hr/ one.htm
- where the common sdp.[u=http://www.oracle.com] matches one of 8080/hr/ one.htm
- where the common sdp.[u=http] matches one of //www.oracle.com:8080/hr/ one.htm
- where the remote sdp.[xy] matches one of z
- where the remote sdp.[xy=z] matches one of 80

Media descriptor

Syntax: sdp.[m.option]

where option can be any of the given values - fmt, port, number of ports, media, and proto.

Examples using an SDP media descriptor:

- where the common sdp.[m.fmt] matches one of 102
- where the common sdp.[m.port] does not match any of 41000,41002
- where the remote sdp.[m.media] matches one of audio, video
- where the local sdp.[m.proto] matches one of RTP/AVP

rtpmap

Syntax: sdp.[codec-name(codec-name).rtpmap.OPTION]



where *codec-name* specifies a codec name.

where *option* can be any of the given values - payloadtype, clockrate, and encodingparameters.

Examples using rtpmap:

- where the common sdp.[codec-name(AMR-WB).rtpmap] matches one of 104 AMR-WB/160000
- where the common sdp.[codec-name(AMR-WB).rtpmap.encodingparameters] matches one of 2
- where the common sdp.[codec-name(AMR-WB).rtpmap.payloadtype] matches one of 104,102

fmtp

Syntax: sdp.[codec-name(codec-name).fmtp.OPTIONS]

where *codec-name* specifies a codec name.

where *option* can be any of the given values - fmt, profile-level-id, mode-set, packetization-mode, or any other parameter to be conveyed.

Examples using fmtp:

- where the common sdp.[codec-name(AMR-WB).fmtp.fmt] matches one of 104,102
- where the common sdp.[codec-name(AMR-WB).fmtp.mode-set] matches one of 2,4
- where the commonsdp.[codec-name(H264).fmtp.profile-level-id] matches one of 42e00c

the local specified SDP property exists

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks for the existence or non-existence of any SDP property for a subscriber's device (**local**, **remote** or **common**).

```
the local specified sdp property sdpProperty exists
```

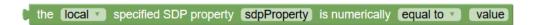
Users can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field that specifies where to search for the SDP Property:

- Local—The capabilities of the device for the subscriber.
- Remote—The capabilities of the device for the remote party.
- Common—The capabilities that the local and remote devices have in common.

For information on how to specify the name of SDP property, see Specifying SDP Property.

the *local* specified SDP property is numerically equal to specified value

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, compares a numerical SDP property for a subscriber's device (**local**, **remote** or **common**) against a specified number (string).



Users can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field that specifies where to search for the SDP Property:

Local—The capabilities of the device for the subscriber.



- Remote—The capabilities of the device for the remote party.
- Common—The capabilities that the local and remote devices have in common.

Users can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field for the comparison:

- equal to
- not equal to
- less than
- greater than
- less than or equal to
- · greater than or equal to

where the local codec data is an offer

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks the Codec type (**offer** or **answer**) for a subscriber's device (**local**, **remote**, or **common**).

```
the local v codec data is an offer v
```

Users can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field that specifies where to search for the SDP Property:

- Local—The capabilities of the device for the subscriber.
- Remote—The capabilities of the device for the remote party.
- Common—The capabilities that the local and remote devices have in common.

3.10.4 AVP Specific

This section describes conditions and actions specific to Attribute Value Pair (AVP).

3.10.4.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions specific to AVP. The AVP conditions are Policy Table compliant.

AVP Name exists

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks whether the specified third-party AVP exists or does not exist in an incoming Diameter message. This policy condition supports both loaded base Diameter AVPs and third-party AVPs.



To specify AVP name, select any one of the following formats:

- name:vendorID
- a full path

[avp name1]:vendorID.[avp name2]:vendorID...



for the members of the grouped AVPs

value of AVP with name contains one or more of specified values

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, compares the specified value of AVP with name with the values or variables from the specified list. The condition is where the request AVP name value matches one of the values. The values can be evaluated for equality as well as inequality. To evaluate an AVP value for inequality, the block **contains of** must have the value **none**. This policy condition supports both loaded base Diameter AVPs and third-party AVPs.



To specify AVP name, select any one of the following formats:

- name:vendorID
- a full path

```
[avp name1]:vendorID.[avp name2]:vendorID...
```

for the members of the grouped AVPs.

3.10.4.2 Actions

This section describes the policy actions specific to AVP. The AVP actions are Policy Table compliant.

set custom AVP value to the specified property name

This policy action, as shown in the following image, makes the AVP value accessible throughout the policy context so other policies can access this AVP value as a context property. The context property variable will be set only if this AVP exists in the request and its value is not null.



The property name is a string that represents the policy context property. The Custom AVP name must be an existing AVP name and Vendor ID.

set value to existing or new custom AVP

This policy action, as shown in the following image, adds the third-party non-grouped AVP to the current Diameter session with the specified value. If a third-party AVP value is set in the current Diameter session, it will be sent with the corresponding outgoing message. The value parameter must correspond to the AVP data type; otherwise, the AVP shall not be set. If New is selected as the value for **custom AVP**, a new AVP is added to the message on every execution of this policy action, without considering that the same AVP name is present in the message.





The value string represents a third-party non-grouped AVP.

The custom AVP name must be an existing AVP name and Vendor ID. For the send mode, select any one of the following values from the drop-down field:

- Always
- Unless rejected
- If rejected

Add custom grouped AVP and send Always

This policy action, as shown in the following image, adds or sends new custom grouped AVP to the current reply. A condition can be set specifying that the AVP is always set to send mode. If you are defining a new grouped third-party AVP with members, the grouped AVP has to appear first in the policy. If you are adding a new member AVP that does not have its parent AVP added yet, the policy attempts to locate this grouped AVP in the rest of the policy. To include a grouped AVP multiple times in the same message, users must follow the order in which it appears in the message.

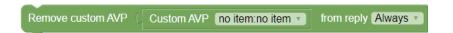


The Custom AVP name must be an existing AVP name and Vendor ID. For the send mode, select any one of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- Always
- Unless rejected
- If rejected

Remove custom AVP from reply Always

This policy action, as shown in the following image, removes the custom AVP name set previously from the reply message.



The Custom AVP name, selected from the drop-down menu, must be an existing AVP name and Vendor ID. For the send mode, select any one of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- Always
- Unless rejected
- If rejected

Mark request AVP as failed if exists and send Always

This policy action, as shown in the following image, marks request AVP as failed if it exists.



For the send mode, select any one of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- Always
- Unless rejected



If rejected

3.10.4.3 Use Cases

This section describes use cases for policy conditions specific to AVP.

Use Case - AVP Name exists

The following screen capture shows a sample policy condition that determines whether the AVP Media-Component-Description is accessible.



Use Case - Add custom grouped AVP and send Always

In the following sample policy, a third party grouped AVP <code>Custom-Group-AVP:1300</code> is added to the current Diameter session. It adds the third party non-grouped <code>AVP Custom-Member-AVP2:1300</code> as a new AVP to the current Diameter session with the specified value 9876 and this AVP can only be send if the policy is not rejected. It adds the third party non-grouped <code>AVP Custom-Member-AVP1:1300</code> to the current Diameter session with the specified value 4566 and if there are multiple instances of this existing AVP the new value will be set to all of them and this AVP can be sent always regardless of the policy execution outcome.

In CCA, the following AVP will be installed at the end:

```
Custom-Group-AVP (43,VM,v=1300,l=44) =
   Custom-Member-AVP2 (1322, V, V=1300, l=16) = 9876
   Custom-Member-AVP1 (1311, VM, v=1300, l=15) = 456
        The request is Coreate list with Creating a new session
    Add custom grouped AVP
                           Custom AVP Custom-Group-AVP:1300 and send Always
                     9876 to New - custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-Member-AVP2:1300 - and send Unless rejected -
     Assign Value •
                     456 to Existing or New • custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-Member-AVP1:1300 •
        gn Value -
accept - message
Use Policy Table avpPolicyTable having key(s)
                             rowKey = v
                                         RatType UTRAN ▼
       The request is create list with creating a new session
                          Policy Table Column (avpPolicyTable v avpName v and send Always v
    Assign Value •
                     9876 to New v custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-Member-AVP2:1300 v and send Unless rejected v
                     456 to Existing or New custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-Member-AVP1:1300
      sign Value •
accept message
```

Use Case - Assign value to custom AVP and send response

The following screenshot shows a sample policy for Assign value to custom AVP and send response policy action:



```
Use Policy Table avpPolicyTable having key(s)
rowKey RatType GERAN

if The request is create list with creating a new session

do Assign Value Policy Table Column avpPolicyTable value to New custom AVP Policy Table Column avpPolicyTable avpName and send Unless rejected Assign Value 22099 to New custom AVP Custom AVP Custom AVP Custom AVP and send (Always and se
```

Use Case - Assign custom AVP value to the property

The following screenshot shows a sample policy for Assign custom AVP value to the propert name pname2:

```
if The request is ( create list with creating a new session
                       [88] to Existing or New v custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP2:1400 v
     Assign Value •
                        Custom AVP Custom-AVP1:1300 value to the policy context v property
                                                                                            Property Name [pname2]
     Assign Value •
                       aString to Existing or New v custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP4:1400 v
    Call Policy | Policy | setCtxValueToAvp | v
accept • message
                     create list with creating a new session
    Assign Value •
                      876 to New v custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP3:1300 v and send Always v
                     {Policy.Variable.pname2} to New v custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP4:1400 v
    Assign Value •
                     {Policy.Variable.pname2} to New v custom AVP ( Custom AVP Custom-AVP3:1300 v and send Always v
    Assign Value •
```

Use Case - Remove custom AVP from reply

The following screenshot shows a sample policy for Remove custom AVP policy action:

```
The request is create list with creating a new session

do Assign Value 200 to Existing or New custom AVP Custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP2:1400 and send Always Assign Value 400 to Existing or New custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP4:1400 and send Always Remove custom AVP Custom AVP Custom-AVP2:1400 from reply If rejected rejected reject message
```

3.10.5 Closed User Group (CSG)

This section describes the Closed User Group (CSG) conditions and use cases for PCRF Core service.

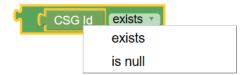
3.10.5.1 Conditions

This section describes the policy conditions that can be used to configure AVP for PCRF Core service.



CSG Id exists

The CSG Id exists policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks if user CSG id is



present or is null in request.

CSG Id value matches one of specified values

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, evaluates if the CSG Id value in the request matches or does not match with the one or more specified values in the **string** block.



CSG Access Mode is closed

The CSG Access Mode policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks if user CSG Access Mode is equal to the specified value.



User can select any one of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- Closed
- Hybrid

IP-CAN type

The **IP-CAN type** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for a protocol message with a specific IP-CAN type.



The user can select any one of the following supported values using the **IP-CAN Type** drop-down field:

- 3GPP_GPRS
- 3GPP_EPS
- NON_3GPP EPS
- 3GPP2
- WiMAX
- DOCSIS
- xDSL



Request Attribute present in specified match-list

```
contains in matchList any of the create list with Request Attribute Serving Gateway Address contains in matchList any of the create list with Match List ml1
```

UE is member of CSG

The **UE** is member of **CSG** policy condition, as shown in the following image, checks if **UE** is a member of **CSG** and returns a boolean value.

```
UE is member of CSG
```

3.10.5.2 Use Cases

This section describes the use cases specific to CSG that can be used to configure AVP for PCRF Core service.

Use Case - CSG Access Mode

In the following sample policy, pccRule is installed if CSG Access Mode returns the hybrid_mode string value from request.

```
do INSTALL Create list with PCC Rule ID rule_1 PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL P
```

Use Case - CSG Id value matches one or more of specified values

In the following sample policy, pccRule is installed if CSG Id does not match with the list with values ["123", "12"].

```
do INSTALL Cocreate list with PCC Rule ID rule_1 PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL
```

Use Case - UE is member of CSG

In the following sample policy, pccRule is installed if UE is not a member of CSG.

```
do INSTALL Create list with PCC Rule ID rule_1 PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL CONTROL OF SCOPE SCOPE_ALL CONTROL OF SCOPE SCOPE_ALL CONTROL OF SCOPE SCOPE SCOPE SCOPE.
```

3.10.6 Day/Time

Day and Time conditions, actions, and utils are related to the time at which the policy rules are being executed.



Configuring Local Time

To configure the local time, perform the following steps:

- 1. From the navigation menu, under **PCRF**, then under **Services**, click **Core Service**. The Core Service screen appears.
- Click Edit to edit the core service configurations.
- 3. In Advance Settings, click Create. The Create page appears.
- Enter DB.User.DefaultLocalTimeMode in the Key field.
- Enter True in the Value field.
- 6. Click Save.

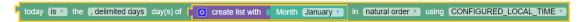
If no configuration is provided, the SYSTEM_LOCAL_TIME is considered as default local time.

3.10.6.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions that can be used to configure day and time for PCRF Core service.

today is the specified day(s) of month in natural order using Configured Local Time

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy based on a day in a month. If current date matches specified number th day (a comma-delimited list of values) of specified months in *natural order* or *reverse order* as per the configured time then the condition returns true, otherwise false.



User can select any of the following valid values from the Month drop-down field:

- January (default)
- February
- March
- April
- May
- June
- July
- August
- September
- October
- November
- December

User can select any of the following valid values from the time-zone drop-down field:

- CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME (default)—Calculate the time from the location configured for this MPE device
- SYSTEM LOCAL TIME—Calculate the time from the location of this MPE device



 USER_LOCAL_TIME—Calculate the time from the location configured for the user equipment's location

the current time is within the Time Period

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy based on the time period. This condition gets time slots of all the time periods, and compares current time with these time slots. If the current time falls within the range of time slots configured in these time periods then the condition returns true, otherwise false.



The **Time Period** drop-down field lists the time periods, configured using the Time Periods page on CNC Console. To navigate to the Time Periods page, click **Policy**, and then **Policy Data Configurations**. Select **PCRF Core**, and then click **Time Periods**.

the current time is between start time and end time using Configured Local Time

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy based on time. If the present time is between start time and end time then the condition returns true, otherwise false. If start time is greater than end time then the condition is evaluated, where the end time is considered as the next day.



Enter the start time and end time in the format of *hh:mm*, where *hh* is a number in the range from 0 to 23.

User can select any of the following valid values from the time-zone drop-down field:

- CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME (default)—Calculate the time from the location configured for this MPE device
- SYSTEM_LOCAL_TIME—Calculate the time from the location of this MPE device
- USER_LOCAL_TIME—Calculate the time from the location configured for the user equipment's location

today is a week day using Configured Local Time

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy based on whether it is a *week day* or the *weekend*. If today *is week day* using the system time (**CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME**) then the condition returns true. If today *is not week day* using the system time, this policy condition returns false.

```
today is a week day using CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME
```

User can select any of the following valid values from the time-zone drop-down field:

- CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME (default)—Calculate the time from the location configured for this MPE device
- SYSTEM LOCAL TIME—Calculate the time from the location of this MPE device



 USER_LOCAL_TIME—Calculate the time from the location configured for the user equipment's location

today is Day Sunday using Configured Local Time

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy based on the day of the week. If today *is Sunday* using the system time (**CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME**) then the condition returns true. If today *is not Sunday* using the system time, this policy condition returns false.



User can select any of the following valid values from the **Day** drop-down field:

- Sunday (default)
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday
- Thursday
- Friday
- Saturday

User can select any of the following valid values from the *time-zone* drop-down field:

- CONFIGURED_LOCAL_TIME (default)—Calculate the time from the location configured for this MPE device
- SYSTEM LOCAL TIME—Calculate the time from the location of this MPE device
- USER_LOCAL_TIME—Calculate the time from the location configured for the user equipment's location

the MSTimezone DST

The **the MSTimezone DST** policy condition triggers a policy that is only evaluated if the applied Daylight Saving Time offset for the location of a mobile subscriber or mobile station (MS) matches the parameter.



User can select any one of the following operators from the drop-down field:

- = (default)
- !=
- <
- <=
- >



- >=
- Matches
- RegExp-Matches

the MSTimezone offset

The **the MSTimezone offset** policy condition triggers a policy that is only evaluated if the applied time zone for a mobile subscriber or mobile station (MS) matches the parameter.

```
the MSTimezone offset Offset: GMT-12.00
```

User can select any one of the following operators from the drop-down field:

- = (default)
- !=
- <
- <=
- >
- >=
- Matches
- RegExp-Matches

3.10.6.2 Actions

This section describes the actions that can be used to configure day and time for PCRF Core service.

Set session revalidation time to earliest of specified time

The **Set session revalidation time to the earliest of** action block returns the earliest time from the following list:

- Time in the specified policy counter ID or IDs
- Time defined in the Seconds/Minutes/Hours/Days format from the time when a policy is executed
- Specific time in hh: mm format (limited to 15-minute intervals) on a specific day of the week using either SYSTEM TIME or UTC TIME time-zone.
- Random time between a time range

Figure 3-83 Set session revalidation time to earliest of



This action block is Policy table compliant.

In addition, you can check the Randomize checkbox to select a random revalidation time from the time range.

You can define the range by using the number block (under Public category) for specifying the seconds and selecting any of the following values from the dropdown list:

- "+": It adds the specified seconds to the time entered.
- "-": It subtracts the specified seconds from the time entered.
- "+/-": The range is defined by [Time entered specified seconds] to [Time entered + specified seconds].

If you select the Randomize option, the following message is printed in the Policy runtime logs:

{"messageTimestamp":"2022-01-25T08:10:41.698Z","logLevel":"WARN","pid":14692,"workerld ":2,"fileName":"lib\\services\\sm_core-service.js","lineNo":"25","message":"**Applying randomization on earliest time**}

If you input anything other than a number for randomization, the following error is printed in the logs:

"message":"Error!! Entered seconds is not a number for randomization !!Please enter number in seconds field."

Note: On upgrading to Policy 22.1.0 or later versions, the **Set revalidation time to earliest of** block is upgraded automatically in the existing policies.

3.10.6.3 Utils

This section describes the utils that can be used to configure day and time for PCRF Core service.

Offset

The Offset util can be combined with policy conditions and actions to specify a time zone.



Time Period

The Time Period util can be combined with policy conditions and actions to specify a time period.

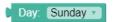


The **Time Period** drop-down field lists the time periods, configured using the Time Periods page on CNC Console. To navigate to the Time Periods page, click **Policy**, and then **Policy Data Configurations**. Select **PCRF Core**, and then click **Time Periods**.

Day

The Day util can be combined with policy conditions and actions to specify the day.





The available drop-down values are as follow:

- Sunday (default)
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday
- Thursday
- Friday
- Saturday

3.10.7 Identities/Addresses

The conditions categorized under Identities and Addresses are Policy Table compliant. The conditions can be used to manage policies for PCRF Core service.

3.10.7.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions specific to user identities and addresses.

where the User IMSI

The **where the User IMSI** condition block, as shown in the following image, allows operators to identify users based on **IMSI**, **E.164**, **NAI** or **SIP URI** from the request received by the Policy Rule Engine.



User Equipment

The **User Equipment** condition block, as shown in the following image, allows operators to evaluate one or more IMEISV or MAC values. The evaluation is based on matching wildcard patterns. On selecting **matches one of** from the drop-down menu, if the IMEISV/MAC value matches with the address present in the JSON request, then the condition returns true, otherwise false.





A wildcard match pattern uses the * (asterisk) character to match zero or more characters and the ? (question mark) character to match exactly one character. It can be of form "*-*-56-*-*-D?" or "*:*:56:*:*:D?" and not like "00-*" etc.



The Endpoint IP address

In the **The Endpoint IP address** condition block, as shown in the following image, the **The Endpoint IP address** child block fetches endpoints IP address from the JSON path, and then compares the retrieved value with the value provided in the **string** block. It supports both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.

```
IP: The Endpoint IP address matches_to variable (" ")
```

The Endpoint IP Address condition block supports the following two comparison methods:

- matches_to On selecting this value, the block performs a string comparison, and matches the retrieved value with the value provided in the string block.
- is_in_subnet On selecting this value, the block performs a comparison based on node IP library, and verifies if the retrieved value is in subnet provided in the string block.

3.10.7.2 Use Cases

This section provides information about the use cases related to Identities/Addresses condition blocks.

Use Case - User Equipment

The following policy example shows a create request for a PCC rule when MAC address matches the specified value, that is, "*:*:56:F2:*:*".

```
Request type Create value/list matche one of value/list create list with User Equipment MAC value/list matche one of value/list create list with Company create list with C
```

Use Case - The Endpoint IP Address

The following policy example triggers a policy when the endpoint IP address matches 10.0.3.102:

```
do INSTALL * Concrete list with PCC Rule ID pcc1 * PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL *
```

3.10.8 Location/Presence

This section describes the conditions, actions, and utils specific to user location and presence reporting area.

3.10.8.1 Conditions

This section provides information on Location/Presence conditions available under PCRF Core Service.



The UE is inside/outside/inactive for PRA Area

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated when the user equipment is or is not inside the subscribed PRA area.

```
The UE is (inside ) O create list with PRA Area: no item
```

Operators may select the location of the UE as inside, outside or inactive from the drop-down field.

The subscribed PRA area matches/does not match one or more PRA areas

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specific PRA values. If **default area** is selected as the definition for the parameter *pra-areas*, the policy is only evaluated if the user equipment is already subscribed to a PRA.

```
The subscribed PRA area (matches one ) of ( create list with PRA Area: no item )
```

A single area or multiple specific PRA areas selected from the defined PRA areas, manually input, or Default.

CMP defined PRA lists

Select one or more defined PRA lists

Manual Input

Enter the identifier for the PRA in hexadecimal format or a custom PRA from a subscriber profile in the format {User.CustomField}.

The manual input format for multiple PRAs is:

```
PRA identifier1 [;PRA element list1],PRA identifier2 [; PRA element list2],...
```

The format of PRA identifier and PRA Element List is according to section 8.108 of TS 29.274[9]. It is specified in Hexadecimal format. If only has a PRA identifier then the PRA area is a predefined PRA area. If both PRA identifier and PRA Element List exists, then it is a UE-dedicated PRA Area. The manual input is typically used to input a temporally PRA area. The manual input can also be used to get a PRA area from Custom field of subscriber. For example, {User.Custom4}. If the operator wants to manually input a PRA area they need to get the Hexadecimal value for each. Different vendors/operators should interact or exchange PRA info using the Hexadecimal representation as defined in section 8.108 of TS 29.274[9].

The manual input format for a single PRA is:

```
PRA identifier [, PRA element list]
```

Default

The PRA to which the user equipment is already subscribed, if any.

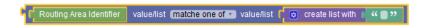
The Default option specifies using the default PRA area. The default PRA is the PRA area subscribed or provisioned by the PCRF for the UE during IP-CAN session life cycle. It is either a UE- dedicated or predefined PRA area. It can be a PRA area that is retrieved from the subscriber profile (normally UE-dedicated) or a PRA area defined in the CMP (normally



predefined). When used , this Default option means to check whether the UE has subscribed to a PRA area but does not care what the PRA area is.

Routing Area Identifier

The **Routing Area Identifier** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specified Routing area identifier values (based on matching wildcard patterns).





To know more about the format of routing area identifier, see the 3GPP TS 23.003 standard.

Serving MCC-MNC

The **Serving MCC-MNC** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specific mobile country code (MCC)-mobile network code (MNC) values. A valid value consists of a 3-digit mobile country code and a 2- or 3-digit mobile network code, such as *123045*.



Location Area Code

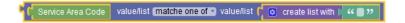
The **Location Area Code** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specified Location area code values (based on matching wildcard patterns).



A valid location area code is an integer between 0 and 65535.

Service Area Code

The **Service Area Code** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specified Service area code values (based on matching wildcard patterns).



A valid service area code is an integer between 0 and 65535.



Routing Area Code

The **Routing Area Code** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specified Routing area code values (based on matching wildcard patterns).

```
Routing Area Code value/list matche one of value/list 🖰 🙃 create list with 🕻 " 🛽 "
```

Tracking Area Code

The **Tracking Area Code** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specified Tracking area code values (based on matching wildcard patterns).

```
Tracking Area Code value/list matche one of value/list ( create list with ( " )
```

E-UTRAN Cell Identifier

The **E-UTRAN Cell Identifier** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specific E-UTRAN Cell Identifier values (based on matching wildcard patterns).

```
E-UTRAN Cell Identifier value/list matche one of value/list occate list with
```

The values specified in the string block can be a comma-separated list of values, where each value is a wildcard match pattern that uses the * (asterisk) character to match zero or more characters and the ? (question mark) character to match exactly one character.

Cell Identifier

The **Cell Identifier** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specific Cell Identifier values (based on matching wildcard patterns). A valid Cell Identifier is an integer between 0 and 65535.

```
Cell Identifier value/list matche one of value/list oceate list with (""")
```

The values specified in the string block can be a comma-separated list of values, where each value is a wildcard match pattern that uses the * (asterisk) character to match zero or more characters and the ? (question mark) character to match exactly one character.

3.10.8.2 Actions

This section describes the actions specific to Presence Reporting Area, which can be used to create and manage policies for PCRF Core service.

Remove/Install/Subscribe PRA change for PRA Area(s)

This policy action, as shown in the following image, subscribes the user equipment to PRA changes in the specified PRA. If default area is selected as the definition for the parameter pra, subscribes the user equipment to PRA changes in the last subscribedPRA.





For PRA area, any of the following options can be selected:

- predefined PRA list select a defined PRA list
- manual input enter the identifier for the PRA in hexadecimal format or a custom PRA from a subscriber profile in the format {User.CustomField}.
- **default area** the last PRA to which the user equipment was subscribed

PRA Subscription

This policy action, as shown in the following image, enable or disable PRA subscriptions.



3.10.9 Network Device Conditions

Network Device conditions are related to the specific network device for which the policy rule is being evaluated. This includes conditions based on the network device type, as well as those that refer to specific unique identifiers for network devices.

3.10.9.1 Conditions

This section provides information on conditions for Network Devices, available under PCRF Core service.

Enforcement network element type

The **enforcement network element type** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when enforcement network element type contains any, none or all the specified value of Device type.



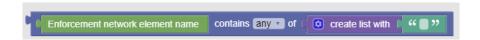
The user can select any one of the following valid values from the **Device type** drop-down field:

- PGW
- GGSN

Enforcement network element name

The **Enforcement network element name** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when enforcement network element name block contains any, all or none of the specified one or more values in the **string** block.

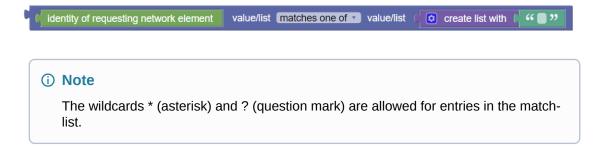
Figure 3-84 Policy condition for enforcement network element name





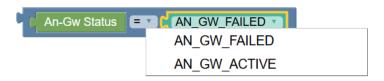
identity of requesting network element

The **identity of requesting network element** block condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when the identity of networking element, that is, ORIGIN_HOST AVP *matches one of or does not match* specified values or lists.



An-Gw Status

The **An-Gw Status** policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy based on whether the An-Gw status is active or inactive. It compares the An-Gw status selected from the drop-down field with An-Gw status read from JSON (which is sent from PCRF-Core to PRE).



The user can select any one of the following valid values from the An-Gw Status drop-down field:

- AN_GW_FAILED
- AN_GW_ACTIVE

(i) Note

The AN_GW_FAILED value indicates that the AN-Gateway has failed and that the PCRF should refrain from sending policy decisions to the PCEF until it is informed that the AN-Gateway has been recovered. This value shall not be used if the IP-CAN Session Modification procedure is initiated for PCC rule removal only.

In place of the dropdown, a string block can also be used, as shown in the following image:



IP Address of the Serving Gateway

The IP address of the Serving Gateway policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for one or more specific Serving Gateway addresses (based on matching wildcard patterns).





The Serving Gateway addresses in the string block can be a comma-separated list of values, where each value is a wildcard match pattern that uses the * (asterisk) character to match zero or more characters and ? (question mark) character to match exactly one character.

3.10.10 Priority/Emergency

This section describes the policy conditions and actions for multimedia priority support and emergency sessions.

3.10.10.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions specific to multimedia priority support and emergency sessions.

Media component description reservation priority

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, selects Rx protocol messages based on the requested media component description reservation priority.



User can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- DEFAULT
- PRIORITY_ONE
- PRIORITY_TWO
- PRIORITY_THREE
- PRIORITY_FOUR
- PRIORITY_FIVE
- PRIORITY_SIX
- PRIORITY_SEVEN
- PRIORITY_EIGHT
- PRIORITY_NINE
- PRIORITY_TEN
- PRIORITY_ELEVEN
- PRIORITY_TWELVE
- PRIORITY_THIRTEEN
- PRIORITY_FOURTEEN
- PRIORITY_FIFTEEN

Media Type

Sets the value to one of the drop-down list options of Media Type:



- AUDIO
- DATA
- VIDEO
- TEXT
- CONTROL
- APPLICATION
- MESSAGE
- OTHERS

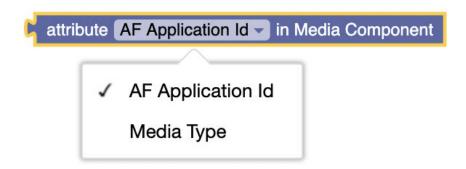
Figure 3-85 Media Type



AF Application Identifier

This policy condition indicates the particular service that the AF session belongs to. This AVP can be provided at both AF session level, and Media-Component-Descriptionlevel. When provided at both levels, the AF-Application Identifier provided within the Media-Component-Description AVP will have precedence.

Figure 3-86 AF Application Identifier



MCPTT Identifier

This policy condition indicates that the new AF session relates to an MCPTT session with priority call. If PCRF receives the MCPTT-Identifier AVP related to that MCPTT session, PCRF can take specific actions on the corresponding IP-CAN to ensure that the MCPTT session is prioritized.



Figure 3-87 MCPTT Identifier



MCVideo-Identifier

This policy condition indicates that the new AF session relates to an MCVideo session with priority call. If PCRF receives the MCVideo-Identifier AVP related to that MCVideosession, PCRF can take specific actions on the corresponding IP-CAN to ensure that the MCVideo session is prioritized.

Figure 3-88 MCVideo Identifier



Session reservation priority is

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, selects Rx protocol messages based on the requested session reservation priority.

```
Session reservation priority is DEFAULT
```

User can select any of the following valid values from the drop-down field:

- DEFAULT
- PRIORITY_ONE
- PRIORITY TWO
- PRIORITY THREE
- PRIORITY_FOUR
- PRIORITY_FIVE
- PRIORITY_SIX
- PRIORITY_SEVEN
- PRIORITY_EIGHT
- PRIORITY NINE
- PRIORITY_TEN
- PRIORITY_ELEVEN



- PRIORITY_TWELVE
- PRIORITY_THIRTEEN
- PRIORITY_FOURTEEN
- PRIORITY_FIFTEEN

MPS identifier

The MPS identifier policy condition, as shown in the following image, determines the value of the MPS identifier.



the Service-URN is one of specified value(s)

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, selects Rx protocol messages based on the value of the Service-URN field.

the Service-URN is one of specified value(s)

3.10.10.2 Actions

This section describes the actions that can be performed to configure multimedia priority support and emergency sessions.

set GCS ARP to specified Priority Value with Preemption Capability and Preemption Vulnerability enabled

This policy action overrides the default ARP settings for *eMPS* or *GCS* ARP. The priority level defines the relative importance of a resource request. Enter a value from 1 to 15. The default is 1.



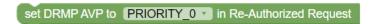
The **Preemption Capability** defines whether a service data flow can get resources that were assigned to another service data flow with a lower priority level. Select **Enable** (default) or **Disable** from the drop-down field.

The **Preemption Vulnerability** defines whether a service data flow can release the assigned resources so that a service data flow with a higher priority level can be admitted. Select **Enable** (default) or **Disable** from the drop-down field.

set DRMP AVP to specified priority in Re-Authorized Request

This policy action sets the priority level of the Diameter routing message priority (DRMP) AVP for Gx: RAR messages. Select one of the *drmp-level* values from the drop-down field, where PRIORITY_0 is the highest priority and PRIORITY_15 is the lowest priority.





3.10.11 Roaming

This section describes the policy conditions that can be used to configure policies for roaming scenarios under PCRF Core service.

3.10.11.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions categorized under Roaming for PCRF Core service.

User is Home

The **User is** *Home* policy condition, as shown in the following image, evaluates whether the user is a home user or a visitor.



Current mobile country code

The Current mobile country code policy condition, as shown in the following image, retrieves the current mobile country code of the user from the request received by PRE.

Current mobile country code

3.10.12 Rules/Flows

This section describes the conditions and actions that can be used to configure rules and flows to manage policies for PCRF Core service.

3.10.12.1 Conditions

This section describes the conditions that can be used to configure rules and flows to manage policies for PCRF Core service.

Rule report contains one of rule name(s) and the rule status is Active

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when the rule report contains one of the specified rule name(s) and the rule status for the specified rule name is active. This policy condition is policy table compliant.



User can select any of the following valid rule status values from the drop-down field:



- ACTIVE
- INACTIVE
- TEMPORARILY_INACTIVE

Rule report contains one of rule name(s) and the rule status is *Active* and the *Final Unit Action* is one of specified failure code(s)

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when the rule report contains one of the specified rule name(s) that is **active**, and has **final unit action** as one of the specified values. In place of active rule names, the policy condition can evaluate policy for **inactive** or **temporarily inactive** rule names as well.

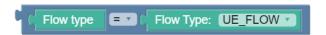


Instead of Final Unit Action, user can select **Rule Failure Code** and specify values for policy evaluation.

This policy condition is policy table compliant.

Flow type

The flow type policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for a specific flow type.



Select any of the following valid values using the **Flow type** drop-down field:

- UE_FLOW (default)
- AF_FLOW
- PCC_RULE_FLOW
- ENF APP FLOW

Flow request type

The flow request type policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy that is only evaluated for a specific flow request type.



Select any of the following valid values using the Flow request type drop-down field:

- TYPE_NOCHANGE (default)
- TYPE_CREATE
- TYPE_MODIFY
- TYPE_DELETE
- TYPE PROVISION



the name(s) of the installed PCC/ADC rules contains one of specified PCC/ADC rules

This policy condition, as shown in the following image, triggers a policy when the installed PCC or ADC rules *contains one* of the specified PCC or ADC rules.

```
the name(s) of the installed PCC/ADC rules contains one v of specified PCC/ADC rule name(s)
```

3.10.12.2 Actions

This section describes the policy actions that can be applied to configure rules and flows for PCRF Core service.

Apply QoS and Charging Parameter Values

The following policy action can be used to apply the QoS and charging parameter values for a particular session flow:

```
For Session set attributes create list with Qos and Charging params to Diameter Flow-Status Value N/A
```

Use Case

The following is a sample policy rule to apply QoS and charging parameters to all the session flows:

```
for each flow in FlowsInfo

do For Session II set attributes O create list with Oos and Charging params to Diameter IP-CAN-Session Frimary OCS III Value Value
```

The following is a sample policy rule to apply QoS and charging parameters on a particular session flow:

```
do For UE_FLOW set attributes © create list with ( Qos and Charging params to Diameter Searer Guaranteed-Bitrate-DL Value 98000)
```

Apply Traffic Profile to All flows in the request with FlowInfo

This policy action, as shown in the following image, applies one or more traffic profiles to all flows or a specific flow with FlowInfo. It overwrites the corresponding settings in the protocol messages of the specified flows. If multiple traffic profiles are selected, they are applied in the order in which they are specified. If a traffic profile contains settings that are not relevant in the current protocol message, they are ignored. This policy condition is Policy Table compliant.



remove PCC rule for the specified flow

This policy action, as shown in the following image, removes the policy and charging control role from the current flow. Users can select either **ENF_APP_FLOW** or **UE_FLOW** from the drop-down list.



```
remove PCC rule for the flow : ENF_APP_FLOW •
```

Install PCC Rules for specified scope

This policy action, as shown in the following image, installs or removes specified list of PCC Rules for a defined scope.

```
INSTALL TO Create list with TO PCC Rule ID (pccRule1 TO PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_SESSION TO
```

Users can select any one of the following valid drop-down values from the scope field:

- SCOPE SESSION
- SCOPE_FLOW
- SCOPE_ALL

Install PCC Rule with specified Active and Inactive time

The following policy action allows users to install PCC Rules for a specified time duration.

This policy action is Policy Table compliant and can be combined with the **Use Policy Table** condition block, as shown in the following image:

```
Use Policy Table pccRuleWithTimePolicyTbl having key(s)

ID = RatType UTRAN |

INSTALL PCC Rules | Policy Table Column pccRuleWithTimePolicyTbl pccRule |

PCC rule(s) for scope Flow |

Active Between : | Policy Table Column pccRuleWithTimePolicyTbl | startTime |

End Time : Policy Table Column pccRuleWithTimePolicyTbl | endTime |
```

When the user selects the Active Between check box, the following scenarios are possible:

 Start time only - PCC rule becomes active at the specified time with a null value for the end time.

(i) Note

To install a rule at the current system time, users are recommended to not use any block to specify the Start Time. Instead, leave the Start Time empty and the Rule-Activation-Time gets installed at the current system time in CCA.

 End time only - PCC rule takes current time as start time and gets inactive at the specified time.



Both Start time and End time - PCC rule remains active between the specified duration.

The following time formats can be used to specify a time frame:

- Date and time block
- Relative Time
- now
- YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss+UTCoffset

When the **Active Between** check box is deselected, the PCC rule is installed and becomes active (taking current time as default) with no end time.

```
INSTALL PCC Rules Create list with PCC Rule ID poorule01 PCC rule(s) for scope Flow Active Between:
```

Use Case

The following screenshot shows a sample policy that installs pccRule2 and sets values for Rule-Activation-Time and Rule-Deactivation-Time as Sat Jun 19 16:03:07 UTC 2021 and Fri Aug 20 02:04:54 UTC 2021 respectively.

The installed pccRule2 remains active from specified start time to end time. It also sets the Revalidation-Time, which is same as the Rule-Deactivation-Time.

Remove all ADC rules

This policy action, as shown in the following image, removes all the ADC rules from the current flow. Users can select the session scope using the dropdown.

```
Remove ADC Rule Type ALL Tor SCOPE_SESSION TO
```

Remove ADC rule for the specified flow

This policy action, as shown in the following image, removes the specified ADC rule from the current flow. Users can select the ADC Rule ID using the dropdown.



Install ADC Rule with specified Active and Inactive time

The following policy action allows users to install ADC Rules for a specified time duration.



```
INSTALL ADC Rules

ADC rule(s) for scope Session 

Active Between: 

Start Time:

End Time:

Date: 01 / 12 / 2022 Time(24 hr format): 00 * : 00 * : 59 * : 59 * :
```

When the user selects the **Active Between** check box, the following scenarios are possible:

- Start time only ADC rule becomes active at the specified time with a null value for the end time.
- End time only ADC rule takes current time as start time and gets inactive at the specified time.
- Both Start time and End time ADC rule remains active between the specified duration.

When the **Active Between** check box is deselected, the ADC rule is installed and becomes active (taking current time as default) with no end time.

```
INSTALL ADC Rules

ADC rule(s) for scope Session 

Active Between:
```

Set values for Charging Server parameters

The following policy action can be used to set values for online or offline charging servers:

```
set Primary Online Charging Server Name N/A 
Secondary Online Charging Server Name N/A 
Primary Offline Charging Server Name N/A 
Secondary Offline Charging Server Name N/A 
Charging Server Name N/A 
Charging Server Name N/A
```

The block allows you to select the following Charging Servers:

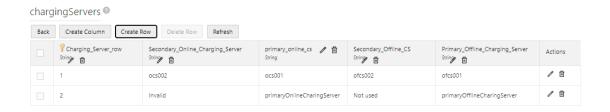
- Primary Online
- Secondary Online
- Primary Offline
- Secondary Offline

The Charging Server blocks are Policy Table compliant.

The following is a use case to configure Charging Server using the Policy Table block:

The following screen capture illustrates a charging server Policy Table configured on Policy GUI:





The Policy Table can be used in the Charging Server block as follows:

In the above example, the charging server Policy Table is already configured. You can select the particular row from the Policy Table. For more information, see <u>Policy Table</u>.

Add or override Conditional Policy Information with Execution-Time and specified parameters

The following policy action allows users to add a new Conditional-Policy-Information AVP with specified parameter values to the existing list of Conditional-Policy-Information AVPs. By selecting override value, user can replace an existing list of Conditional-Policy-Information AVPs.



Any of the following time formats can be used to specify time of execution:

- Date and time block
- Relative Time
- now (the local date and time)
- Date and time in the format: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss+UTCoffset

For parameters, select any of the following from the drop-down menu and provide appropriate values:

- Diameter APN-Aggregate-Max-Bitrate-UL
- Diameter APN-Aggregate-Max-Bitrate-DL
- Diameter Default EPS Bearer QCI
- Diameter Default EPS Bearer ARP Priority Level
- Diameter Default EPS Bearer ARP Preemption Capability
- Diameter Default EPS Bearer ARP Preemption Vulnerability



Remove PCC Rules for a Defined Scope

This policy action removes the specified PCC rule for a defined scope as shown in the following image:

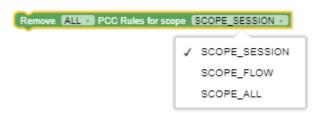


The user can select one of the following items from the *Remove* drop-down list:

- ALL
- DYNAMIC
- PRE DEFINED
- PRE DEFINED BASE

Moreover, the user can select one of the following values from the *PCC Rules for scope* drop-down list to remove the PCC rule:

- SCOPE_SESSION
- SCOPE_FLOW
- SCOPE_ALL



Use case: The following image shows a sample policy when Dynamic is set for *Remove* field and SCOPE_ALL is set for *PCC Rules for scope* field:

```
The request is create list with | Creating a new session |

do | INSTALL | O create list with | PCC Rule ID pccRule1 | PCC Rule ID predPccRule1 |

PCC Rule ID predPccRuleBase1 |

else if The request is create list with | modifying an existing session |

do Remove DYNAMIC | PCC Rules for scope | SCOPE_ALL |

accept | message
```

The return-CCA must include:

Charging-Rule-Remove (1002, VM, v=10415, l=32) = Charging-Rule-Name (1005, VM, v=10415, l=20) = pccRule1



Use case: The following image shows a sample policy when ALL is selected for the *Remove* field and *PCC Rules for scope* is set to SCOPE ALL:

The return-CCA must include:

Charging-Rule-Remove (1002,VM,v=10415,l=84) = Charging-Rule-Name (1005,VM,v=10415,l=20) = pccRule1 Charging-Rule-Name (1005,VM,v=10415,l=24) = predPccRule1 Charging-Rule-Base-Name (1004,VM,v=10415,l=28) = predPccRuleBase1

3.11 Context Menu Options for All Blocks

The following table provides details about the context menu options for all the blocks:

Table 3-16 Context Menu Options

Menu Options	Description
Duplicate	Creates a copy of this block.
Add Comment	Insert comments into the block.
Collapse Block	Compresses the elements within the block.
Disable Block	Deactivates or disables the block.
Delete Block	Removes the block.
Help	Opens Google Blockly webpage.

Use Cases

The following use cases describe different scenarios through which policies are getting installed with different set of conditions.



(i) Note

The performance and capacity of the Policy system may vary based on the Call model, Feature/Interface configuration, underlying CNE and hardware environment, including but not limited to the complexity of deployed policies, policy table size, object expression and custom json usage in policy design.

4.1 Policy Control Function Use Cases

This section describes Policy Control Function use cases.

Use Case 1

When PCF receives a create association message, install the following:

- a Session Rule and a PCC Rule for DNN "internet"
- a PRA Rule and a list of Triggers
- additional PCC Rules based on the initial status of Policy Counters received from CHF



The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
🔯 if
                   attribute requesterNFType in request = v
                                                               66 [SMF] 33
       and 🕶
                   attribute operationType in request = *
                                                            Operation type CREATE
do
    🔯 if
               attribute dnn in request " (internet )"
        INSTALL Session Rules
                                    create list with
                                                      Session Rule session_internet *
        INSTALL PCC Rules
                                create list with
                                                    PCC Rule pcc_internet *
    INSTALL PRA
                     create list with
                                         PRA pra_east_zone *
    INSTALL policy triggers
                              create list with
                                                 Policy Trigger AC_TY_CH •
                                                 Policy Trigger PLMN_CH •
                                                 Policy Trigger PRA_CH *
    current status of Policy Counter Id (D5G) = v
                                                            66 [500Mbps] 32
    do
        INSTALL PCC Rules
                                create list with
                                                    PCC Rule [D5G-Granted-500Mbps ]
              current status of Policy Counter Id (D5G) = 1
                                                            66 [100Mbps] >>
        INSTALL PCC Rules
                                create list with
                                                    PCC Rule D5G-Granted-100Mbps v
    accept message
```

Use Case 2

When PCF receives an npcf-smpolicycontrol update association message due to PLMN_CHANGE, update a Session Rule and PCC Rule based on the MCC-MNC received. The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

Use Case 3

When PCF receives Policy Counter Status from the Nchf interface, remove the previous rule and install a new PCC rule based on the current status of the Policy Counter.



The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
attribute requesterNFType v in request = v / " SMF"
             attribute operationType v in request Operation type REAUTH v
if | current v status of Policy Counter Id D5G = v ( OMbps )
do REMOVE_SPECIFIC PCC Rules I find any of
                                                                      PCC Rule D5G-Granted-500Mbps in PccRuleId of Installed SM Policies
                                                       create list with
                                                                       PCC Rule D5G-Granted-100Mbps *
    [NSTALL ▼ PCC Rules ( o create list with | PCC Rule D5G-Exhausted ▼
        current status of Policy Counter Id (D5G) = 1 ( 500Mbps )
do REMOVE_SPECIFIC PCC Rules i find any of
                                                                      PCC Rule (D5G-Exhausted •
                                                                                                      in PccRuleId of Installed SM Policies
                                                                      PCC Rule D5G-Granted-100Mbps
    INSTALL v PCC Rules ( o create list with ( PCC Rule D5G-Granted-500Mbps v
       current v status of Policy Counter Id (D5G) = v ( "100Mbps "
   REMOVE_SPECIFIC T PCC Rules ( find any T of
                                                                      PCC Rule [D5G-Exhausted v
                                                                                                      in PccRuleId of Installed SM Policies
                                                                      PCC Rule D5G-Granted-500Mbps
    INSTALL • PCC Rules ( o create list with ( PCC Rule (D5G-Granted-100Mbps •
```

Use Case 4

When PCF receives a npcf-policyauthorization create association request, which might be a translated Rx AAR request, then override PCC rules for the received flows based on the media type. If there are no policies, PCF generates a default flow and sends it to smf. To change this default flow, a policy is required.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
🔯 if
                                                                " AF "
                    attribute requesterNFType v in request = v
        and •
                                                             Operation type CREATE
                    attribute operationType in request = 1
do
    for each flow in AF Request
         attribute Media Type v in Media Component
                                                                     Media Type AUDIO
         do
              Apply PCC Rule Profile
                                                                        to flow
                                     PCC Rule Profile pcc_volte_audio *
                    attribute (Media Type ) in Media Component
                                                                     Media Type VIDEO •
                                     PCC Rule Profile pcc_volte_video •
              Apply PCC Rule Profile
                                                                        to flow
    accept message
```

Use Case 5

Check the DNN and RAT type in the smf create message, and then install a corresponding PCC Rule. The data is received from the Policy Table.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:



```
🔯 if
                    attribute requesterNFType in request
                                                                  66 (SMF) 33
        and •
                    attribute operationType v in request
                                                               Operation type CREATE *
do
    Use Policy Table dnn_rules v having key(s)
                                                 attribute dnn v in request
                                 rat type
                                                 attribute ratType v in request
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                             create list with
                                                  Policy Table Column dnn rules *
                                                                                  pcc rule 1
    accept message
```

Use Case: Fetch Policy Counters from CHF

The following screen capture shows a sample policy condition to check if **spendingLimitStatus** is present or not in PRE request. If it is not present then it gives action to **fetchFromCHF** to SM service. Currently, PDS uses workflow for processing.

```
*
        not
               custom attribute request.user.spendingLimitStatus
do
                                 Policy Counter(s)
     Fetch from
                           All ▼
                 CHF ▼
else if
                                                          " active "
          current status of Policy Counter Id pc1
do
    INSTALL PCC Rules ( create list with
                                                  PCC Rule pcc2
     Override Attributes:
attribute operationType ▼ in request
                                                      Operation type CREATE >
do
    INSTALL ▼ PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                                  PCC Rule pcc1
     Override Attributes:
accept message
```

Use Case: Remove PCC Rules in Bulk

The following policy example shows how you can use **Remove PCC Rules** block to remove pre-defined and dynamic PCC rules in bulk.



```
attribute requesterNFType v in SMF request = v
                                                             " (SMF) >>
do
    ♠ attribute operationType v in SMF request = v
                                                              Operation type CREATE V
        INSTALL PCC Rules
                                                   PCC Rule PRE DEFINED PCC RULE 1
                                create list with
                                                   PCC Rule PRE DEFINED PCC RULE 2 v
         Override Attributes:
        INSTALL PCC Rules
                                                   PCC Rule DYNAMIC PCC RULE 1 V
                                create list with
                                                   PCC Rule DYNAMIC PCC RULE 2 V
         Override Attributes :
    else if
                  attribute operationType v in SMF request
                                                               Operation type MODIFY •
    do
         attribute ratType v in SMF request
                                                              RatType EUTRA •
             Remove PRE DEFINED PCC Rules
         do
                      attribute ratType v in SMF request
                                                              RatType WLAN
             Remove DYNAMIC PCC Rules
    accept v message
```

In the above example, the policy removes pre-defined PCC rules when SM policy association update request changes *ratType* to EUTRA. Similarly, when SM policy association update request changes *ratType* to WLAN, policy removes dynamic PCC rules.

When PCF triggers INSTALL and REMOVE actions on the same PCC/Session Rules when the remove action is **Remove ALL** (ALL, Predefined, Dynamic, Conditioned, non-conditioned), the conflict is resolved based on the value of **Install/Remove Rule Conflicts Strategy** parameter under the **Rule** group on the **PCF Session Management** page in CNC Console.

The Install/Remove Rule Conflicts Strategy parameter can take the following values:

- INSTALL/MODIFY: Indicates to Remove all Session/PCC Rules previously installed and ignore all the remove actions for rules in conflict.
- REMOVE: Indicates to Remove all Session/PCC Rules previously installed and ignore all the install actions for rules in conflict.
- IGNORE: Indicates to Remove all Session/Pcc Rules previously installed and ignore all actions for rules in conflict, and does not run anything(install/remove).
- Default: Process the remove actions and then the INSTALL or MODIFY actions.

If Install/Remove Rule Conflicts Strategy parameter is not configured, the project first runs the INSTALL and MODIFY actions and then runs REMOVE action for the PCC rule/ Session.

Following are some of the examples of conflict resolution:



Figure 4-1 Example 1

```
attribute operationType in request
                                                   Operation type CREATE ...
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_1 *
                                               PCC Rule pcc_2 *
     Override Attributes : I
else if
          attribute operationType in request
                                                   Operation type MODIFY
    Remove ALLEST PCC Rules
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_3d
                                               PCC Rule pcc_4d
    Override Attributes :
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                             create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_3d
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_1 x
     Override Attributes:
accept message
```

- Removes the previously installed pcc 1 and pcc 2.
- Installs pcc_3d and pcc_4d.

Figure 4-2 Example 2

```
Operation type CREATE
          attribute operationType in request
   INSTALL - PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_1 v
                                               PCC Rule pcc_2 *
     Override Attributes : |
          attribute operationType in request
                                                   Operation type MODIFY
    Remove ALLES PCC Rules
do
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_3d -
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                                               PCC Rule pcc_4d
    Override Attributes :
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                             create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_3d
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_1
     Override Attributes
accept message
```

- Removes the previously installed pcc_1 and pcc_2.
- Installs pcc 4d.
- Ignores installation of pcc_1 and pcc_3d which are in conflict.



Figure 4-3 Example 3

```
attribute operationType in request
                                                Operation type CREATE
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc 1 -
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3
    Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request
                                                 Operation type MODIFY
   Remove ALL PCC Rules
   REMOVE PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_4 *
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 -
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_4 *
                                             PCC Rule pcc_5 v
    Override Attributes :
   REMOVE PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 v
                                            PCC Rule pcc_1
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                          create list with
    Override Attributes :
accept message
```

- Removes the previously installed pcc_1 and pcc_3.
- Installs pcc 4.
- Ignores install or remove actions on pcc 1 and pcc 3 which are in conflict.

Figure 4-4 Example 4

```
attribute operationType in request = 1
                                                  Operation type CREATE
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_1 v
                                              PCC Rule pcc 2
    Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request
                                                  Operation type MODIFY
    Remove ALL PCC Rules
do
                                               PCC Rule pcc_3d
   REMOVE PCC Rules
                            create list with
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc 3d v
                                              PCC Rule pcc_4d *
    Override Attributes:
                                              PCC Rule pcc_1 *
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
    Override Attributes:
accept message
```



- Removes the previously installed pcc 1 and pcc 2.
- Installs pcc_3d, pcc_4d_ and pcc_1

Figure 4-5 Example 5

```
attribute operationType • in request = •
                                                  Operation type CREATE >
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                                              PCC Rule pcc_1 -
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_3 -
    Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request = **
                                                  Operation type MODIFY
    Remove ALL PCC Rules
                            create list with
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                                              PCC Rule pcc_4 *
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_3 *
                                              PCC Rule pcc_4 *
                                              PCC Rule pcc_5 v
    Override Attributes :
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_3 v
                                              PCC Rule pcc_1 -
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
    Override Attributes :
accept * message
```

- Removes the previously installed pcc_1 and pcc_3.
- Installs PCC Rules pcc_4 and pcc_5.
- Ignores installation of pcc_1 and pcc_3 which are in conflict.



Figure 4-6 Example 6

```
attribute operationType in request
                                                Operation type CREATE T
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_1 -
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3
    Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request
                                                Operation type MODIFY
    Remove ALL PCC Rules
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_4 *
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 •
                                             PCC Rule [pcc_4 *
                                             PCC Rule pcc_5 v
    Override Attributes :
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 *
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                          create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_1
    Override Attributes :
accept message
```

- Removes previously installed pcc_1 and pcc_3.
- Installs PCC Rule pcc_5.
- Ignores installation of pcc_3 and pcc_4.



Figure 4-7 Example 7

```
attribute operationType in request
                                                 Operation type CREATE T
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_1 -
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3
    Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request
                                                 Operation type MODIFY ...
    Remove ALL PCC Rules
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_4 *
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 •
                                             PCC Rule [pcc_4 *
                                             PCC Rule pcc_5 v
    Override Attributes :
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 *
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_1
    Override Attributes :
accept · message
```

- Removes previously installed pcc_1 and pcc_3.
- Installs pcc_5.
- Ignores INSTALL/ REMOVE actions on pcc_1 and pcc_3.



Figure 4-8 Example 8

```
attribute operationType in request
                                                Operation type CREATE
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc 1 -
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3
    Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request
                                                 Operation type MODIFY
   Remove ALL PCC Rules
   REMOVE PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_4 *
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 *
                                             PCC Rule pcc_4 *
                                             PCC Rule pcc_5 v
    Override Attributes :
   REMOVE PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                             PCC Rule pcc_3 v
                                            PCC Rule pcc_1
   INSTALL PCC Rules
                          create list with
    Override Attributes :
accept message
```

- Removes previously installed pcc_1 and pcc_3.
- Installs pcc_4 and pcc_5.

Figure 4-9 Example 9

```
٥
                                                  Operation type CREATE
          attribute operationType in request = ...
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc 1 v
                                              PCC Rule pcc_3 *
     Override Attributes :
          attribute operationType in request
                                                  Operation type MODIFY
   REMOVE PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_4 *
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_3 v
                                              PCC Rule pcc_4 *
                                              PCC Rule pcc_5 *
     Override Attributes :
    Remove ALL PCC Rules
    REMOVE PCC Rules
                            create list with
                                               PCC Rule pcc_3
    INSTALL PCC Rules
                           create list with
                                              PCC Rule pcc_1
     Override Attributes
accept message
```



- Removes previously installed pcc 1 and pcc 3.
- Installs pcc_4 and pcc_5

Use Case: Dyamic Update/Override of PCC Rule Attributes

The following policy example shows how you can override PCC rule attributes in real-time. It shows a create request to install PCC rule dynamically overriding Charging Data attributes.

Use Case: Dynamic Override of PCC Rule Attributes with Policy Tables

The following policy example shows how you can use nested policy tables to override PCC rule attributes in real-time.

```
Use Policy Table requests * having key(s)
rattype * in SMF request

Sort By Please Select * Order ASC *

do set list * to create empty list

Use Policy Table PCCOverrideAttributes * having key(s)
dummy Ignore * pccRule * * Policy Table Column requests * pccRule * Policy Table Column PCCOverrideAttributes * attributeName * Value : Policy Table Column PCCOverrideAttributes * attributeValue * INSTALL * PCC Rules * create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes : * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes * Itst*

INSTALL * PCC Rules * Create list with PCC Rule pcc_rule_1 * Override Attributes * Itst*

INS
```

In the above policy:

- Outer Use Policy Table block filters table data by rattype that is received in request.
- Inner **Use Policy Table** block loops through override attributes and their values for particular PCC Rule. After this step, list of override attributes becomes available.



The list, received in the previous step, is directly added to override attributes in **Install PCC Rule** block.



Use Case: Override sdfHandl attribute

The following sample policy shows how operators can use **PCC Rule Dynamic Override** block to override the value of sdfHandl attribute of Charging data. This attribute indicates whether the service data flow is allowed to start while the SMF is waiting for a response to the credit request from CHF.

```
INSTALL ▼ PCC Rules Create list with FCC Rule pccRule1 ▼
Override Attributes: ✓
Attributes: FCC Rule pccRule1 ▼

Override Attributes: FCC Rule pccRule1 ▼

Attributes: FCC Rule pccRule1 ▼

Value: FCC Rule1 PccRule1 ▼
```

Use Case: Using Custom Attributes block for OperatorSpecificData

The following policy example shows how you can use Custom Attributes block to get value from **OperatorSpecificData** object.

```
Custom attribute consumerAttrs value 4GPFO Located At: "user.operatorSpecificData.consumerAttrs"

and Operation type CREATE I attribute toperationType in request

Override Attributes:

accept message

else

Operation type REAUTH I attribute operationType in request

of the first operation type REAUTH I attribute operationType in request

of the first operation type REAUTH I attribute operationType in request

of the first operation type REAUTH I attribute operationType in request

of the first operation type REAUTH I attribute operationType in request

override Attributes:

accept message
```

(i) Note

When you select one attribute, the child attributes automatically appear in block. The attribute list is imported from the custom JSON schema.

Use Case: WaitForChf VendorSpecific attribute provisioning over N7

Using the **Set custom attribute** block, operators may configure and send VendorSpecific **waitForChf** attribute to SMF in SMPolicyDecision via policy. Depending on the **waitForChf** attribute value, it is decided whether the SMF waits for the CHF session establishment response before installing rules in the UPF or sending the response towards the RAN.

If this attribute is included and set to true (default), SMF waits before proceeding with the UPF and RAN signaling.



The **waitForChf** attribute is not present when the online charging method is not applicable to the PDU session or to any of the PCC rules.



The following sample policy shows how operators can use **Set custom attribute** block to send VendorSpecific **waitForChf** attribute to SMF in SMPolicyDecision:

Use Case: Using User Attributes block for SmPolicyData

The following screen capture shows a sample policy where User Attributes block is used to access <code>vendorSpecific-123456</code> attribute and trigger a policy:

```
User Attribute SmPolicyData vendorSpecific-123456[] v subscriber vbaseProfileRef v for profile-data vendorSpecific-123456[] v subscriber vbaseProfileRef vendorSpecific-123456[] v subscriber vbaseProfileRef vendorSpecific-123456[] v baseProfileRef vendorSpecific-123456[] v baseProfil
```

Use Case: Wildcard character matching

The following policy example shows how operators can use comparison block for wildcard pattern matching:

```
do Log: level ALWAYS (Good Supi )

else Log: level ALWAYS (Good Supi )

else Log: level ALWAYS (Good Supi )

if A attribute dnn in SMF request Matches (WZW)

do accept message

else reject message
```

Use Case: UDR Subscriber Delete Resources

The following screen capture shows a sample policy to release a policy association and terminate active subscriber session by SM service when the subscriber resources are deleted on the UDR.

```
The property of the property o
```



Use Case: PRE capturing log information using Log Blocks

PRE service records log information when an event occurs using blockly. In blockly, any condition blocks such as the accessor blocks are used along with log blocks to log application information. It logs subscriber identifier values of SUPI, GPSI, DNN, MCC-MNC. The Policy tables data are also logged.

The following screen capture shows a sample of enabling logging in PCF-SM.

Figure 4-10 Example 1: Blockly logging supi, gpsi, dnn and ratType values

```
Log: level ALWAYS | attribute supl | in SMF request attribute gpsi | in SMF request attribute dnn | in SMF request attribute dnn | in SMF request attribute ratType | in SMF request |
```

Figure 4-11 Example 2: Blockly logging the SM Policy data from the Policy table

```
set snssai to attribute sliceInfo.sst in SMF request append ("") append attribute sliceInfo.sd in SMF request set dnn to attribute dnn in SMF request Log: level ALWAYS User Attribute smPolicyData smPolicySnssaiData[ snssai smPolicyDnnData[ snssai snssai smPolicyDnnData[ snssai smPolicyDnnData[ snssai snssai smPolicyDnnData[ snssai s
```

Figure 4-12 Example 3: Blockly logging the Subscriber billing details

```
Load BillingDay from Subscriber context

Log: level ALWAYS BillingDay
```



4.2 PCF UE Use Cases

This section describes use cases where PCF UE blocks are used to evaluate policies.

Support for policy Evaluation after N1Message Notify

Table 4-1 Sample Policies Project

Policy	Description
Figure 4-13 Use case scenario 1: Of attribute operation type in request in project of the proje	This policy will retransmit UPSI1 until the retransmit action has happened 10 times. Note: The get retransmit count for UPSI statement is important since it will allow the policy to retransmit in a finite amount of times, otherwise it can go in an infinite loop.
Figure 4-14 Use case scenario 2:	This policy skips the current transmit after encountering a Command Reject message from the AMF.

attribute operationType in request Operation type (UE_NOTIFICATION •

```
athitude operationType of in request of poperation type UE_NOTIFICATION of the Notify Message Received. MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT of the Notific Message Received. MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT of the Notific Message.
```

This policy aborts the current transmit after encountering a Command Reject message from the AMF.

Figure 4-15 Use case scenario 3:

to it altribute operationType in request Operation by the UE_NOTIFICATION of it is not notify the sage Received. MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT of Abort N1 Notify Transmission



Table 4-1 (Cont.) Sample Policies Project

Policy Description

This policy retransmits every rejected UPSI up to a maximum of 10 times.

Figure 4-16 Use case scenario 4:

```
of attribute operationType in request Operation type UE_NOTIFICATION

of INT Notify Message Received: MANAGE UE POLICY COMMAND REJECT

of or each item (in itst. Rejected UPSI in N1 Notify Message)

of of IRetransmit count for UPSI (in itst. In itst. Rejected UPSI in N1 Notify Message)

of of Retransmit UPSI (in create list with Itst. Itst.
```

Use Case 1

The given screen capture shows a sample UE policy that evaluates if the subscriber profile for UE Policy in the UDR (UEPolicySet) has UPSIs provisioned, and then sends the same to UE in the N1 message transfer command. If not, it sends a configured UPSI. In addition, it arrms the location change trigger on the AMF.

Figure 4-17 PCF UE use case

```
attribute operationType in request
                                                   Operation type CREATE >
do
    attribute upsis in UE Policy Set
                                                 exists
         INSTALL UPSIs from UE Policy Set
    do
                                                 UPSI UPSI1 *
         INSTALL UPSI's
                              create list with
    else
    INSTALL policy triggers
                              create list with
                                                 Policy Trigger LOC_CH >
    accept * message
```

Sample projects to list and compare UPSIs received from UDR

To get the delta of UPSIs between the PCF configured UPSIs and the ones on AMF

```
do INSTALL UPSIs In request Convert UPSI format to 3GPP attribute UE Indicated UPSIs In AMF Request

Match Additional Attributes:

Override PLMN Attributes:

Caccept message
```

Example:



PCF Configured UPSIs has UPSIs ids 1,2,3,4.

UE Indicated UPSIs in AMF Request has UPSIs ids 3,4,5,6.

Expected output of this project:

Install the delta of the UPSIs 1 and 2.

To get the Intersection of UPSIs between the PCF configured UPSIs and the ones from UDR

Example:

PCF Configured UPSIs has UPSIs ids 1,2,3,4,5.

UE Policy Set from UDR has UPSIS 5,6.

Expected output of this project:

Remove the common UPSI 5.

To get the delta of UPSIs between the PCF configured UPSIs and the ones on AMF and validate the matching parameters

Example:

PCF Configured UPSIs has UPSIs ids 1,2,3,4

UE Indicated UPSIs in AMF Request has UPSIs ids 3,4,5,6.

VSA UPSIs from UDR has UPSIS 5,6.

Expected output of this Policy project:

 Install the UPSIs 1 and/or 2 if, for each of these UPSIs, its corresponding upsc is equal to 345, and override its PLMN to be 222-333.



2. Remove the UPSIs 5 and/or 6 if, for each of theseUPSIs, its corresponding mcc is equal to 340 and mnc equals to 350, and override its PLMN to be 222-333.

Note: When Match Additional Attributes option is enable, it is not mandatory to fill all the attributes with a value, as shown in example.

To check for specific attributes values from the PCF Configured UPSIs and the ones that are on VSA by name

In this example, the first part of the blockly will install the "upsc1" upsi if its mcc equals to 123 and mnc equals to 456 and override its PLMN to be 222-333.

Similar for the second part, it will assign a variable called attr1 with the attribute of upsc from the UPSI which has the name "upsc2" on the VSA UPSIs list, and if this value is equal to 2, it will remove this UPSI and will override its PLMN to be 222-333.

To loop on all the UPSIs that are located on AMF Request

```
for each index in attribute UE Indicated UPSIs in AMF Request

do set attr2 to attribute upsc with index in from attribute UE Indicated UPSIs in AMF Request

do REMOVE UPSIs

Match Additional Attributes: 
Override PLMN Attributes: 
match mnc:
match upsc:
override mcc:
override mcc:
override mcc:
override mcc:
accept message
```

This policy will loop on all the UPSIs that are located on AMF Request.



It allows to access an attribute from specific UPSI on AMF Request. In this example, it allows to check if any of the UPSIs on the list has its upsc as 2.

If found, it removes the corresponding UPSI and overrides its PLMN to be 222-333.

4.3 AM Use Cases

This section describes use cases where PCF AM blocks that are used to evaluate policies.

Use Case 1

The given screen capture shows a sample AM policy that if the request received by AM service is create, it installs configured PRA (Presence Reporting Area), trigger, i.e., PRA_CH, SAR (Serivce Area Restriction) and RFSP Index. If the service receives Update request and request contains trigger PRA_CH and if the value in already configured PRA for that user is "IN_AREA" then the RFSP index and SAR for that user is updated.

```
of status and containing and request set operation type (SEATES)

do (SEATES) Request trigger Actions () create but the PRA post trigger SEA CHIS

Set Service Area Restriction () create but the Request trigger SEA CHIS

Set Service Area Restriction () create but the Request trigger SEA CHIS

Set Service Area Restriction () create but the Request trigger SEA CHIS

Set Service Area Restriction () create but the Request trigger SEA CHIS

do () of attribute () create SEA CHIS

of Service Area Restriction () SAR (SEZ T)
```

4.4 Cloud Native Policy Charging and Rules Function Use Cases

Following are the Cloud Native Policy Charging and Rules Function (PCRF) use cases:

Use Case 1

When Cloud Native PCRF receives CCR-Initial requests, install 10MbpsPcc Rule. When Rx flow is observed, then modify the upload limit to 20 MBPS.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
The request is O create list with Creating a new session

do

(INSTALL** O create list with PCC Rule ID 10MbpsPco** PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL**

for each flow in FlowsInfo

do

O if Flow type: AF_FLOW** set attributes O create list with Cos and Charging params to Diameter PCC Rule Maximum-Requested-Bandwidth-UL** Value 20485760
```



Use Case 2

When Cloud Native PCRF receives CCR-Initial requests, install 10MbpsPcc Rule. When Cloud Native PCRF receives CCR-Update requests, install 20MbpsPcc Rule.

After Cloud Native PCRF receives CCR-Initial requests, when Rx flow is observed and specific action is INDICATION_OF_SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCES_ALLOCATION taken, then modify the maximum upload limit to 1234 MBPS.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

Use Case 3

When Cloud Native PCRF receives CCR-Initial requests, install 10MbpsPcc Rule for the next 20 seconds. When Cloud Native PCRF receives CCR-Update requests, install 20MbpsPcc Rule.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
The request is create list with creating a new session

do Set session revalidation time to 20 seconds

INSTALL Create list with PCC Rule ID 10MbpsPcc PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL Create list with PCC Rule ID 20MbpsPcc PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL CREATE PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_ALL PCC Rules for scope SCOPE Rules Rul
```

Use Case 4

When highSpeedCounter is received with current status as true from OCS, install 20MbpsPcc Rule. When highSpeedCounter is received with current status as false from OCS, install 50MbpsPcc Rule. For rest of the scenarios, such as when highSpeedCounter is not received from OCS or does not have current status as true or false, perform the "reject message" action.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:



```
Policy counter ID Custom Current status matches one of true Counter ID highSpeedCounter of true (NSTALL Current Status matches one of true (NSTALL Current Status matches one of false (Counter ID highSpeedCounter of false (
```

Use Case 5

When Cloud Native PCRF receives requests with APN, install pcc1 Rule.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
do INSTALL © create list with PCC Rule ID pcc1 PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_SESSION Accept message
```

Use Case 6

Single PRA: Installing PRA on initial request and removing on update request.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

Multiple PRA: Installing PRA on initial request and removing on update request.

The following screen capture shows the created policy after applying the above policy rules:

```
to if The request is create list with creating a new session

do Enable PRA Subscription

Install PRA change for PRA Area(s): Predefined PRA lists Predefined: create list with PRA Area: AREA1

else if The request is create list with modifying an existing session

do if The UE is inside to create list with PRA Area: AREA1

do INSTALL Create list with PCC Rule ID pcc2 PCC Rules for scope SCOPE_SESSION
```

Use Case for Rule Report Conditions

The following screen capture shows the created policy for rule report conditions:



Figure 4-18 Use case for Rule Report Conditions

Use Case for User Specific Conditions

The following screen capture shows the created policy for user specific conditions:

Figure 4-19 Use case for User specific conditions

4.5 Subscriber Notification Use Cases

This section describes the Subscriber notification use cases.

Use Case 1

When HTTP end point is used for communication between Notification Service and the external Notification Server, to configure the URI based parameters, use the PATH key for HTTP Header blockly.

The PATH key accepts the url values from dynamic variables that are built with variables taken from object expression or other blocks.



① Note

The HTTP Header key: PATH must be in all capital letters as shown here.

The complete URI comprises the IPv4/IPv6/FQDN[:Port] (from the static configuration) followed by the value of the PATH key.

where [:Port] is optional. If port number is not specified, default port will be used.

If you are not using dynamic parameters, you can use the static UriPath from the configuration.

The value of PATH key will override the statically configured URI Path.

Figure 4-20 Configuring URI Based Parameters for Subscriber Notification

```
The enforcement session is one of create list with an IP-CAN session
                 set url to Complete to Complete the complete
                    set url2 to
                                                                                          " &IMSI= " append  Object expression request.user.userlds.IMSI
                    set url3 v to

« &IMEI= » append 

                                                                                                                                                                                                     User Equipment
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          IMEISV -
                    set url4 		 to
                                                                                        url → append → url2 →
                    set url5 to
                                                                                        url4 - append - url3 -
                     Send http: Method POST
                             Notification Servers
                                                                                                                                    create list with HTTP Server notifyLab
                                                                                                                                       " TestNotify "
                             Message Body
                             Override Attributes : 🗸
                                           HTTP Header:
                                                                                                                                                                              " (PATH) "
                                                                                                                                           Value : url5 ▼
                   Log : level ALWAYS - url5 -
accept - message
```

Use Case 2

When Notifier Service uses Short Message Service (SMS) based notification via an SMS gateway for communication between External Short Message Entities (ESME) and internal Message Centres (MC), use Send SMS action.

You can include text strings as message body and specify the Destination address with User IDs.

The list of User IDs includes:

- E164
- IMSI
- NAI
- IP
- SIP
- IMEI



IPO

The text message accepts string values and supports multiple languages.

To use Send SMS action, you must also configure additional attributes:

- Source Address
- Source Address TON
- Source Address NPI
- Destination Address TON
- Destination Address NPI
- Delivery Receipt
- SMS Gateway Group

Figure 4-21 Sample Send SMS blockly configuration

```
send SMS
                            this is smpp message 22
Destination Address
                            User Ids
                                    IMSI
Additional attributes :
Delivery Receipt -
                            Delivery Receipt
                                            Delivery Receipt on failure
AND 🗸
SMS Gateway Group -
                            SMS Gateway Group
                                                gw1
AND V
                            " 1.3.4.5 22
Source Address -
AND V
Source Address TON -
                            TON
                                 INTERNATIONAL
AND 
Source Address NPI -
                            NPI
                                  ISDN (E163/E164)
AND 
Destination Address TON -
                            TON
                                  NATIONAL
AND V
Destination Address NPI
                            NPI
                                 ISDN (E163/E164)
```

For more details on Send SMS action and the additional attributes that must be configured, see Subscriber Notification under Public Category.





As of Policy 23.2.0, this action is supported only for PCRF-Core call flows.

4.6 Usage Monitoring Use Cases

This section includes some of the Usage Monitoring and Control Use Cases.

Home Monthly Plan with Throttling

Scenario

- All data plans are configured in CNC Console.
- Subscriber has purchased a monthly plan. Name of the plan is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "homePlanName" under SmData.
- As long as subscriber is in the home region and has data left, the subscriber can use this
 plan.
- Data is denied if the subscriber is in a roaming region.
- QoS Throttling is applied when the data in the plan is exhausted.
- The Billing Day is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "billingDay" under SmData.

ConfigurationData Limit Profile

In CNC Console, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring \rightarrow Data Limit Profiles and create a Data Limit Profile.

The following fields are mandatory to be set:

- Name
- Usage Limit
- Reset Period

Attribute Forwarding Profile

In CNC Console, Navigate to Service Configurations → Common Data → Attribute Forwarding Profile and create a Attribute Forwarding Profile with the field values as displayed in the below screenshot.



Figure 4-22 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Throttling

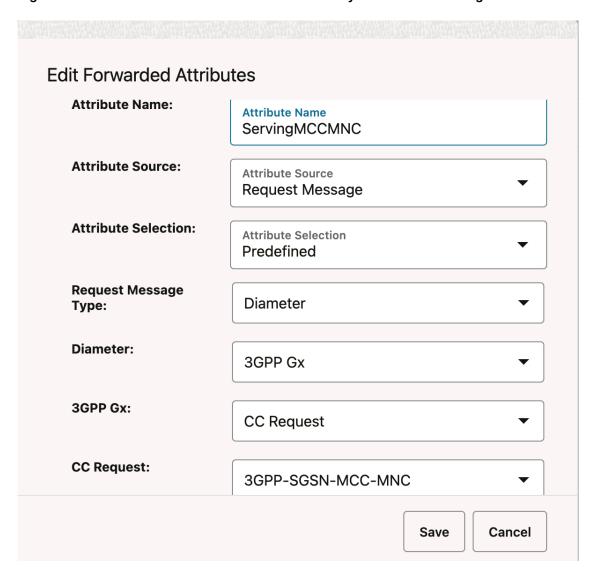




Figure 4-23 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Throttling for Billing Day as per Vendor Specific attribute in SMData

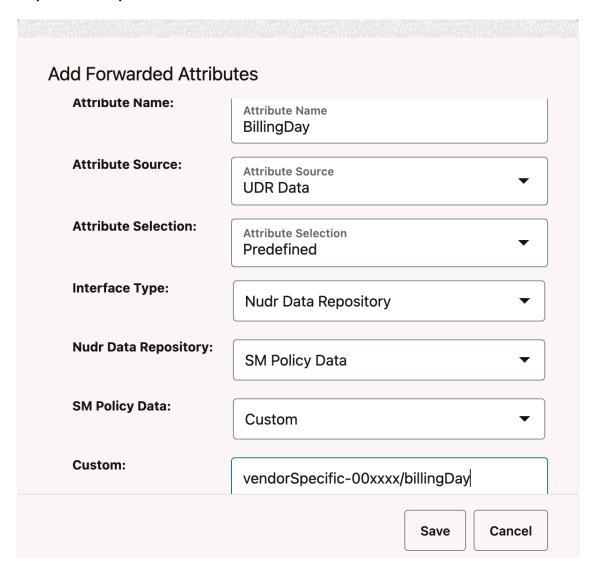
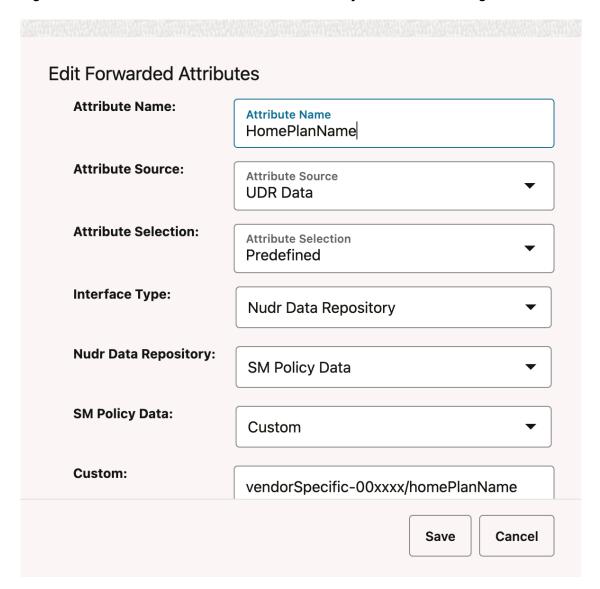




Figure 4-24 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Throttling



PCRF Core Configuration

In CNC Console, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow PCRF Core \rightarrow Settings and set the following field(s) under Usage Monitoring Group:

- Enabled: true
- APN List: the list of APNs for which Usage Monitoring is required.
- Attribute Forwarding: the forwarding profile created for each desired interface/message type.

Usage Monitoring Service Configuration

In CNC Console, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring and set the following field(s):

Enable PRE: true

Configure other fields as necessary.

Match List



In CNC Console, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Common \rightarrow Match List and create a Match List to fill in the home MCC/MNCs.

Policy Table

Not required for this scenario.

Usage Monitoring Policy

Figure 4-25 Policy Project

```
Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards ServingMCCMNC contained in matchList any of Greate list with Match List HomeZone

Apply Data Limit Profile Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards HomePlanName

Override Attributes:

Override Attribute Billing Day Day in Data Limit

Value: Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards BillingDay

Set grant volume 10 Percent of Initial

else Disable Usage Monitoring for All Data Limit(s)
```

Figure 4-26 PCRF Core Policy Project

```
Serving MCC-MNC contained in matchList any of
                                                               create list with
                                                                                   Match List HomeZone -
do
      🧔 if
                   Usage Monitoring Information exists -
           set ActiveMonKey to Active Monitoring Key for
                                                            Usage Monitoring Level Session Level
                               ActiveMonKey 

is null 

✓
                 Apply Grant for Monitoring Key
                                              ActiveMonKey -
                 INSTALL PCC Rules
                                                  create list with
                                                                     PCC Rule ID PCC-Default
                 PCC rule(s) for scope Session ▼
                  Active Between :
                 INSTALL PCC Rules
                                                  create list with
                                                                     PCC Rule ID PCC-Throttled >
                 PCC rule(s) for scope Session ▼
                 Active Between :
           for each item mk - in list
                                     Active Monitoring Key for
                                                              Usage Monitoring Level Session Level -
                if.
                                                                           Grant Status ▼ for Monitoring Key
                                                            mk 🔻
                    Disable Usage Monitoring for Monitoring Key
      INSTALL PCC Rules
                                      create list with
                                                          PCC Rule ID PCC-Denied
      PCC rule(s) for scope Session -
       Active Between :
accept ▼ message
```

Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Pass

Scenario



- All data plans are configured CNC Console.
- Subscriber has purchased a monthly plan. Name of the plan is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "homePlanName" under SmData.
- As long as subscriber is in the home region and has data left, the subscriber can use this
 plan.
- QoS Throttling is applied when the data in the home plan is exhausted.
- The Billing Day for home plan is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "billingDay" under SmData.
- Subscriber has also purchased a roaming plan (Roaming Pass). Name of the plan is
 provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "roamingPlanName" under SmData. The
 start and end dates are also provided in vendor specific custom attributes
 "roamingPlanStartDate", "roamingPlanEndDate" under SmData. This is a one-time plan
 and will expire when entirely consumed.
- As long as subscriber is in the roaming region, the plan is within its validity time and has data left, the subscriber can use this plan.
- When Roaming Quota is exhausted, the subscriber is redirected to a charging portal.
- Subscriber is entitled to different Home and Roaming QoS and Charging.

ConfigurationData Limit Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring \rightarrow Data Limit Profiles and create a Data Limit Profile for Home Plan.

The following fields are mandatory to be set:

- Name
- Usage Limit
- Reset Period

For Roaming Plan, follow the same steps, however set the following field values:

- Plan Type: Pass
- Reset Period: Empty

Attribute Forwarding Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Common Data \rightarrow Attribute Forwarding Profile and create a Attribute Forwarding Profile with the field values as displayed in the below screenshot.



Figure 4-27 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes

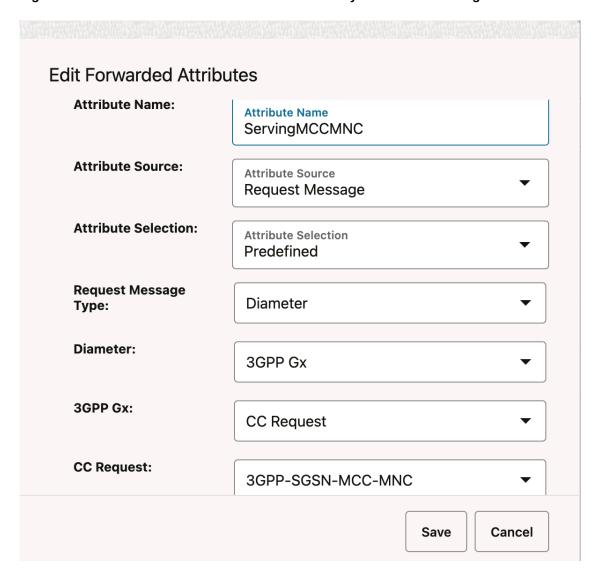




Figure 4-28 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes

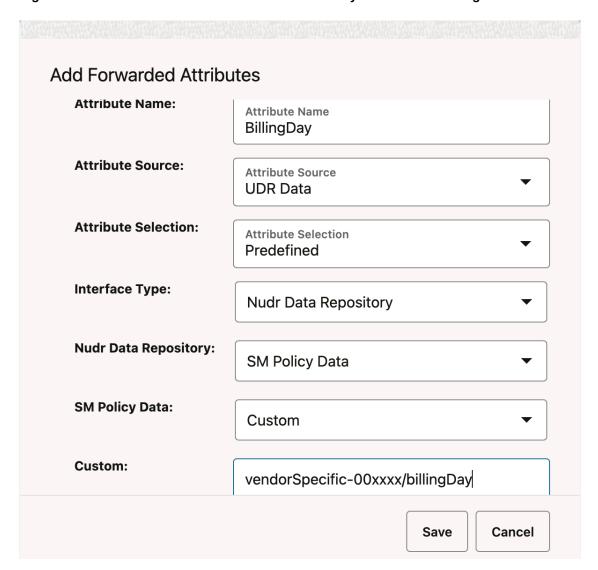




Figure 4-29 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes

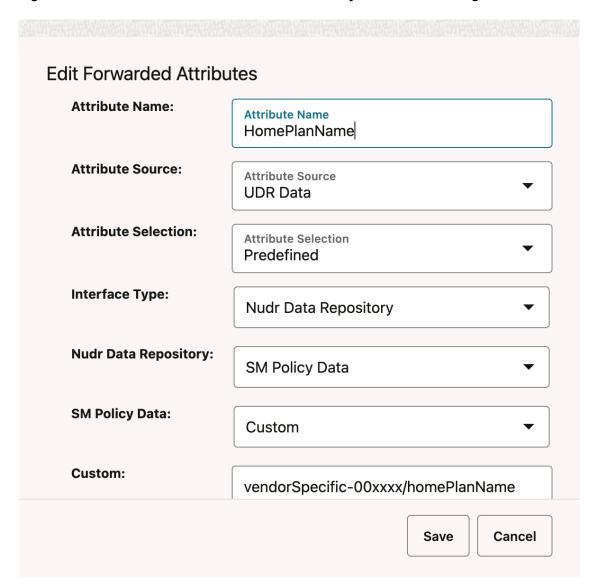




Figure 4-30 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes

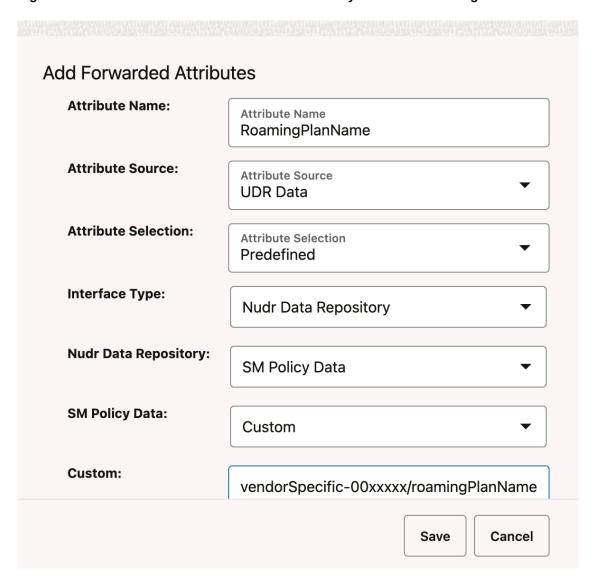




Figure 4-31 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes

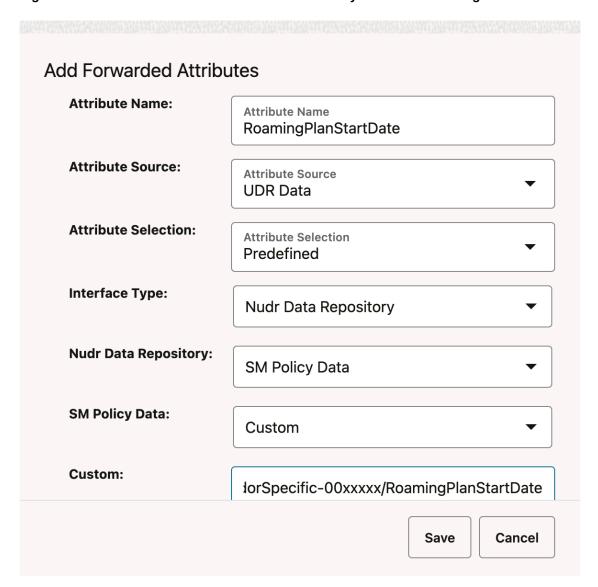
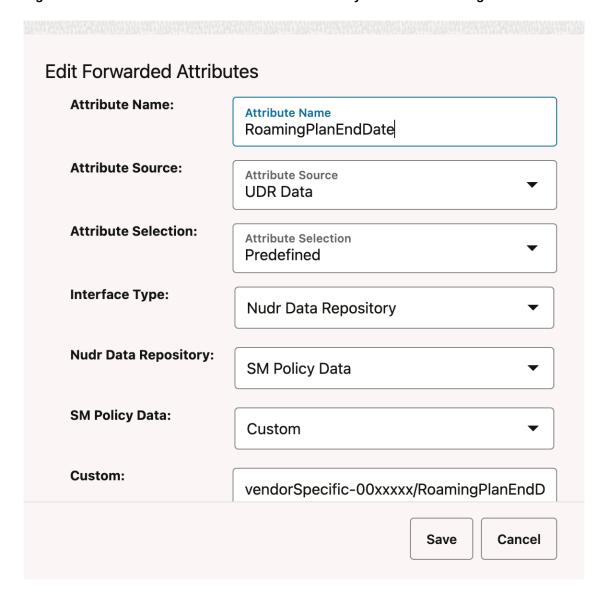




Figure 4-32 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes



PCRF Core Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow PCRF Core \rightarrow Settings and set the following field(s) under Usage Monitoring Group:

- Enabled: true
- APN List: the list of APNs for which Usage Monitoring is required.
- Attribute Forwarding: the forwarding profile created for each desired interface/message type.

Usage Monitoring Service Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring and set the following field(s):

Enable PRE: true

Configure other fields as necessary.

Match List



In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Common \rightarrow Match List and create a Match List to fill in the home MCC/MNCs.

Policy Table

Not required for this scenario

Usage Monitoring Policy

Figure 4-33 Policy Project for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes

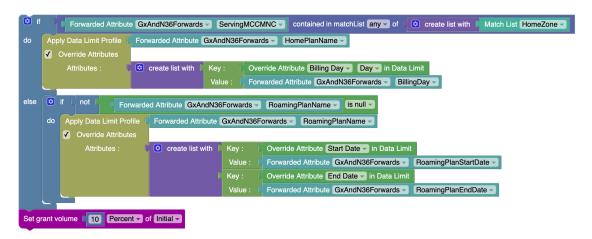
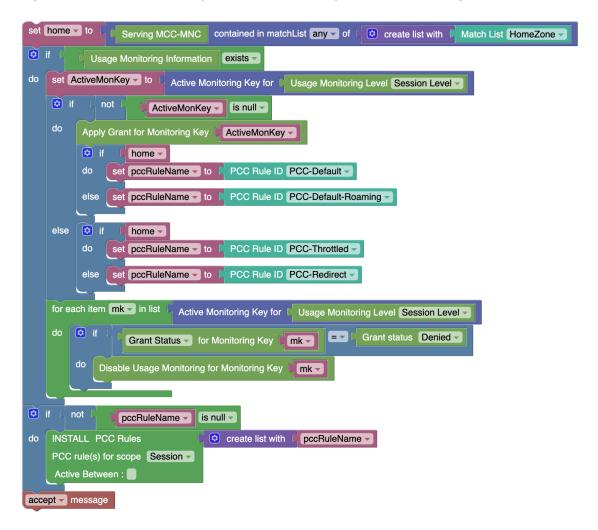




Figure 4-34 PCRF Core Project for Home Monthly Plan with Roaming Passes



Home Monthly Plan with Top-up

Scenario

- All data plans are configured in CNC Policy
- Subscriber has purchased a monthly plan. Name of the plan is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "homePlanName" under SmData.
- As long as subscriber is in the home region and has data left, the subscriber can use this plan.
- The Billing Day is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "billingDay" under SmData.
- Subscriber has also purchased a Top-up. Name of the Top-up is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "topUpName" under SmData. The start and end dates for this topup are also provided in vendor specific custom attributes "topUpPlanStartDate", "topUpPlanEndDate" under SmData. This is a one-time plan and will expire when entirely consumed.
- The base plan will be consumed before the top-up as long as there is quota left in the base plan.
- QoS and Charging for base and top-up plans are same.



- When both base and top-up quota are exhausted, QoS throttling is applied.
- Data is denied if the subscriber is in a roaming region.

ConfigurationData Limit Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring \rightarrow Data Limit Profiles and create a Data Limit Profile for Home Plan.

The following fields are mandatory to be set:

- Name
- Usage Limit
- Reset Period

For Top-up, follow the same steps, however set the following field values:

- Plan Type: Top-up
- Reset Period: Empty

Attribute Forwarding Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Common Data \rightarrow Attribute Forwarding Profile and create a Attribute Forwarding Profile with the field values as displayed in the below screenshot.



Figure 4-35 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Top-up

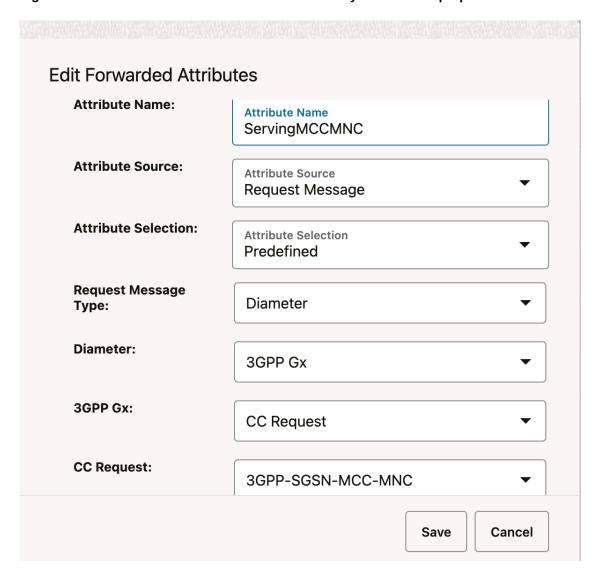




Figure 4-36 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Top-up

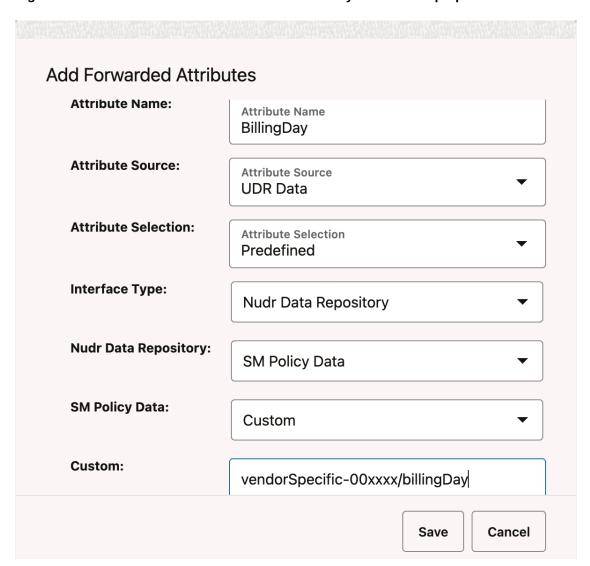




Figure 4-37 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Top-up

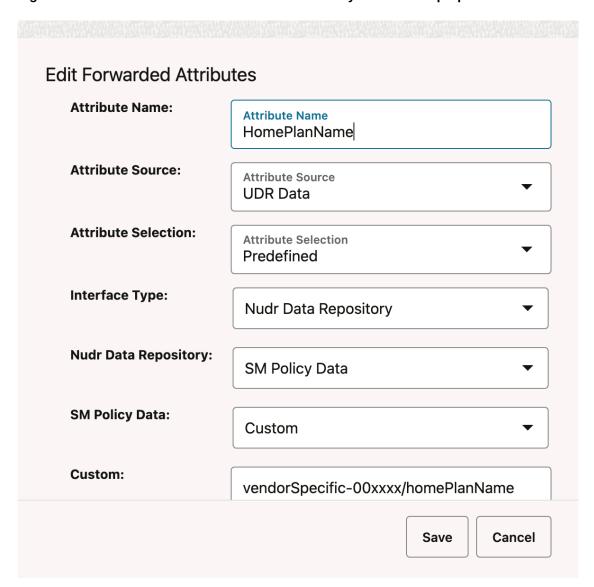




Figure 4-38 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Top-up

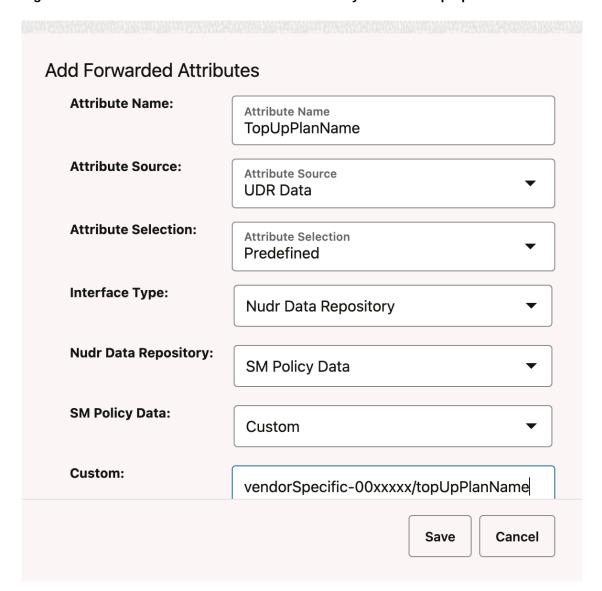
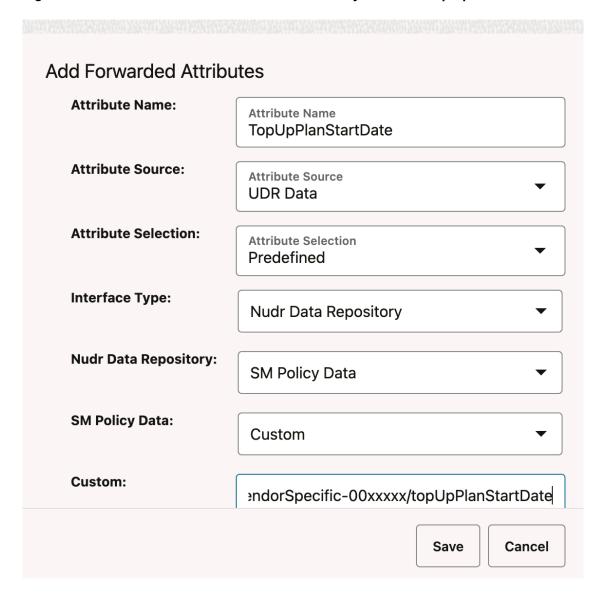




Figure 4-39 Forwarded Attributes for Home Monthly Plan with Top-up



PCRF Core Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow PCRF Core \rightarrow Settings and set the following field(s) under Usage Monitoring Group:

- Enabled: true
- APN List: the list of APNs for which Usage Monitoring is required.
- Attribute Forwarding: the forwarding profile created for each desired interface/message type.

Usage Monitoring Service Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring and set the following field(s):

Enable PRE: true

Configure other fields as necessary.

Match List



In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Common \rightarrow Match List and create a Match List to fill in the home MCC/MNCs.

Policy Table

Not required for this scenario.

Usage Monitoring Policy

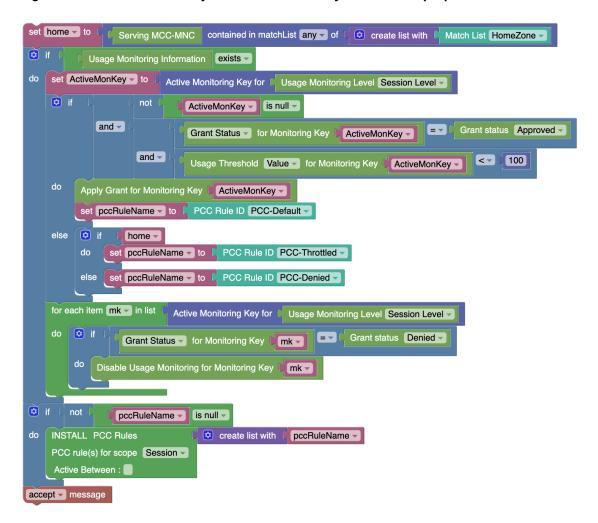
Figure 4-40 Policy Project for Home Monthly Plan with Top-ups

```
Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards ServingMCCMNC contained in matchList any of create list with Match List HomeZone Apply Data Limit Profile Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards HomePlanName Value: Forwarded Attribute Billing Day Day in Data Limit Value: Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards BillingDay Gy in Data Limit Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards TopUpPlanName is null Apply Data Limit Profile Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards TopUpPlanName Attributes:

Override Attribute Start Date in Data Limit Value: Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards TopUpPlanStartDate Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards TopUpPlanStartDate Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards TopUpPlanStartDate Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards TopUpPlanEndDate Forward
```



Figure 4-41 PCRF Core Project for Home Monthly Plan with Top-ups



Monthly Plan with Weekend Pass

Scenario

- Home Plan conditions as in the previous scenarios
- Subscriber has purchased a one-time (non-recurring) "Weekend" Pass.
 - The Pass is provided in the UDR UmDataLimits sections in SmData resource identified by custom attribute "passType"="weekend".
 - The Pass has a start date and an end date provided in respective UDR attributes.
 - The pass is applicable every week starting from "Friday 9:00PM" to "Monday 6:00AM".
- QoS and Charging for base and weekend pass plans are different.

ConfigurationData Limit Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations → Usage Monitoring → Data Limit Profiles and create a Data Limit Profile for Home Plan.

The following fields are mandatory to be set:

- Name
- Usage Limit



Reset Period

For the "Weekend" Pass, provision the same in the UDR using the provisioning interface for the targeted subscriber(s).

- Plan Type: Pass
- Custom Attribute: "passType=weekend"
- Reset Period: Empty

Attribute Forwarding Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Common Data \rightarrow Attribute Forwarding Profile and create a Attribute Forwarding Profile with the field values as displayed in the below screenshot.

Figure 4-42 Forwarded Attributes for Monthly Plan with Weekend Passes

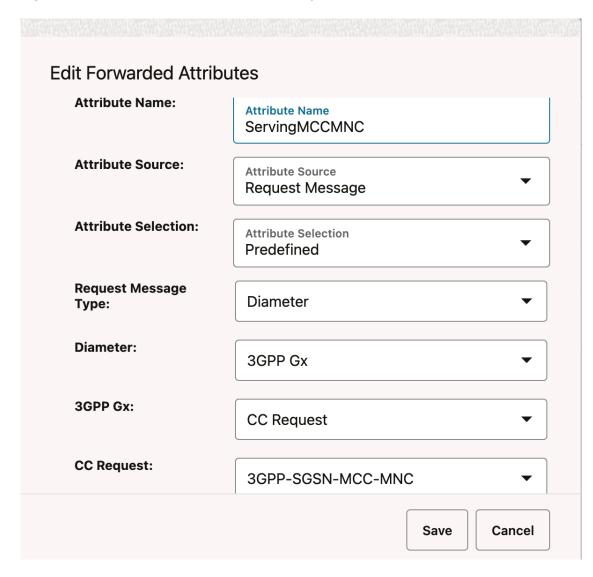




Figure 4-43 Forwarded Attributes for Monthly Plan with Weekend Passes

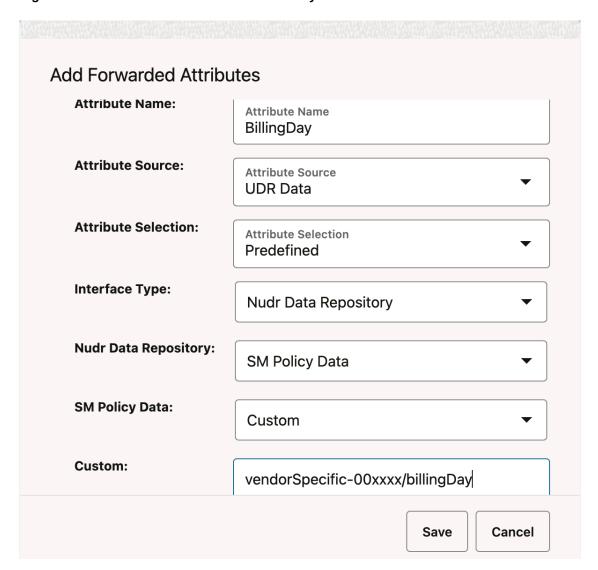
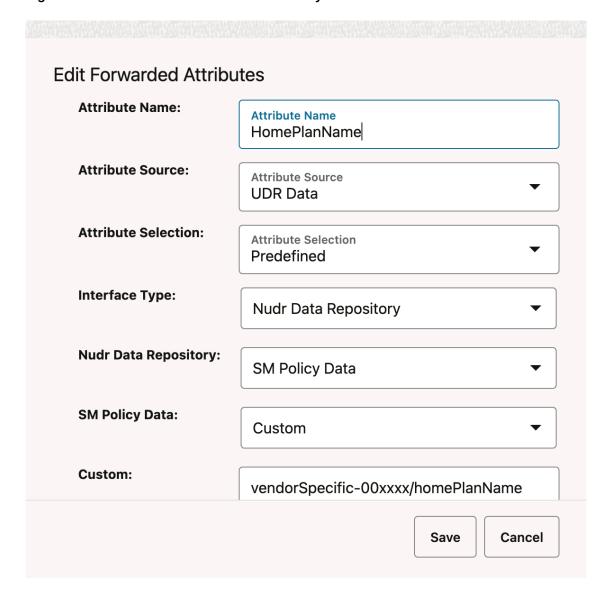




Figure 4-44 Forwarded Attributes for Monthly Plan with Weekend Passes



PCRF Core Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow PCRF Core \rightarrow Settings and set the following field(s) under Usage Monitoring Group:

- Enabled: true
- APN List: the list of APNs for which Usage Monitoring is required.
- Attribute Forwarding: the forwarding profile created for each desired interface/message type.

Usage Monitoring Service Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations → Usage Monitoring and set the following field(s):

- Enable PRE: true
- data plans Selection Order:



Figure 4-45 PCRF Core Configuration for Monthly Plan with Weekend Pass



Match List

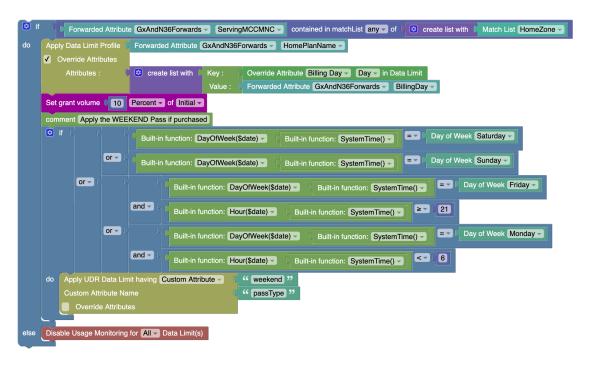
In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Common \rightarrow Match List and create a Match List to fill in the home MCC/MNCs.

Policy Table

Not required for this scenario.

Usage Monitoring Policy

Figure 4-46 Policy Project for Home Mobthly Plan with Weekend Passes



Monthly Plan with Multiple Top-ups

Scenario

- Subscriber has purchased a monthly plan. Name of the plan is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "homePlanName" under SmData.
- As long as subscriber is in the home region and has data left, the subscriber can use this plan.



- The Billing Day is provided in a vendor specific custom attribute "billingDay" under SmData.
- Subscriber has purchased two Top-up Plans the names of which are provided in the custom attributes "topup1Name" and "topup2Name" under SmData.
- The start and end dates for these top-up plans are also provided in vendor specific custom attributes "topUpPlan1StartDate", "topUpPlan1EndDate", "topUpPlan2StartDate", "topUpPlan2EndDate" under SmData. These are one-time plans and will expire when entirely consumed.
- The base plan will be consumed before the top-up as long as there is quota left in the base plan.
- "TOPUP1" will be consumed before "TOPUP2".
- QoS and Charging for base and top-up plans are same.
- When both base and top-up quota are exhausted, QoS throttling is applied
- Subscriber has purchased two Top-up Plans "TOP1" and "TOP2"

ConfigurationData Limit Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring \rightarrow Data Limit Profiles and create a Data Limit Profile for Home Plan.

The following fields are mandatory to be set:

- Name
- Usage Limit
- Reset Period

For Top-up, follow the same steps, however set the following field values:

Plan Type: Top-up

Reset Period: Empty

Attribute Forwarding Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Common Data \rightarrow Attribute Forwarding Profile and create a Attribute Forwarding Profile as described in previous scenarios.

PCRF Core Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow PCRF Core \rightarrow Settings and set the following field(s) under Usage Monitoring Group:

- Enabled: true
- APN List: the list of APNs for which Usage Monitoring is required.
- Attribute Forwarding: the forwarding profile created for each desired interface/message type.

Usage Monitoring Service Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring and set the following field(s):

- Enable PRE: true
- data plans Selection Order:



Figure 4-47 Configuration for Monthly Plan with Multiple Top-ups



Match List

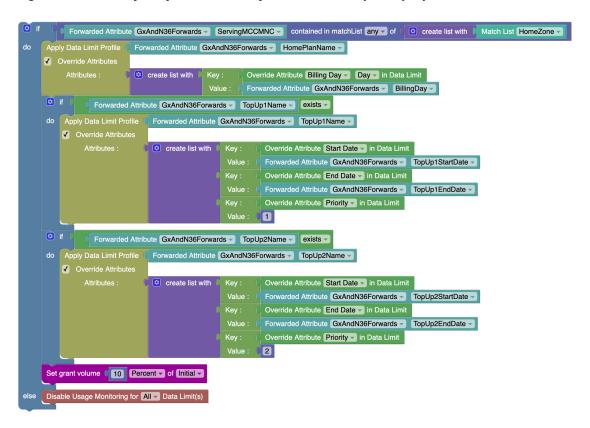
In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Common \rightarrow Match List and create a Match List to fill in the home MCC/MNCs.

Policy Table

Not required for this scenario.

Usage Monitoring Policy

Figure 4-48 Policy Project for Monthly Plan with Multiple Top-ups



Autoenrolled Roaming Subscriber with Multiple Roaming Passes

Scenario



- All data plans are configured in CNC Policy
- All roaming subscribers are given roaming plans based on the roaming zone, which is defined based on MCC-MNC.
 - If there is a match found for the Country Code and Network Code => Zone=RZ_WithAgreement
 - If there is a match found for the Country Code but not for Network Code => Zone=RZ WithoutAgreement
 - If there is no match found for Country Code => Zone=0
- · Each Subscriber is given two daily recurring Roaming Plans.
- When Roaming Plan 1 is exhausted, Roaming Plan 2 is applied.
- When Roaming Plan 2 is exhausted, subscribers belonging to Zone 0 are redirected to a Portal, rest are Throttled.

ConfigurationData Limit Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Usage Monitoring \rightarrow Data Limit Profiles and create Data Limit Profiles for Roaming Plan.

· Periodicity: Daily

Attribute Forwarding Profile

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow Common Data \rightarrow Attribute Forwarding Profile and create a Attribute Forwarding Profile as described in previous scenarios.

PCRF Core Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations \rightarrow PCRF Core \rightarrow Settings and set the following field(s) under Usage Monitoring Group:

- Enabled: true
- APN List: the list of APNs for which Usage Monitoring is required.
- Attribute Forwarding: the forwarding profile created for each desired interface/message type.

Usage Monitoring Service Configuration

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Service Configurations → Usage Monitoring and set the following field(s):

Enable PRE: true

Configure other fields as necessary.

Match List

In CNC Policy, Navigate to Policy Data Configurations \rightarrow Common \rightarrow Match List and create a Match List to fill in the home MCC/MNCs.

Policy Table



Figure 4-49 Roaming Zones for Autoenrolled Roaming Subscriber with Multiple Roaming Passes

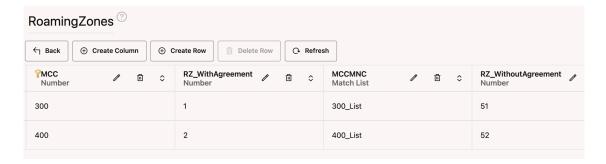
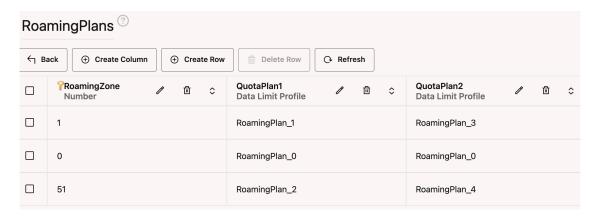


Figure 4-50 Roaming Plans for Autoenrolled Roaming Subscriber with Multiple Roaming Passes



Usage Monitoring Policy

Figure 4-51 Policy Porject for Autoenrolled Roaming Subscriber with Multiple Roaming Passes

```
t MCCMNC to Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards ServingMCCMNC
set MCC v to C Object expre
                         sion MCCMNC.substring(0,3)
 et RoamingZone v to 0
   Policy Table RoamingZones having key(s)
    Sort By Please Select ▼ Order ASC ▼
              Forwarded Attribute GxAndN36Forwards ServingMCCMNC contained in matchList any of 0 create list with Policy Table Column RoamingZones MCCMNC
        set RoamingZone v to Policy Table Column RoamingZones v RZ_WithAgreement v
            RoamingZone to Policy Table Column RoamingZones RZ_WithoutAgreement
 Jse Policy Table RoamingPlans ▼ having key(s)
                       RoamingZone = -
                                        RoamingZone -
    Sort By Please Select - Order ASC -
                                         RoamingPlans V QuotaPlan1 V
                                                                 te Priority vin Data Limit
                                                  1
                                        nn RoamingPlans - QuotaPlan2 -
                                                       erride Attribute Priority vin Data Limit
                                                   2
Set grant volume Percent of Initial
            name ROAMING_ZONE 22 and value RoamingZone
```



Figure 4-52 PCRF Core Porject for Autoenrolled Roaming Subscriber with Multiple Roaming Passes

```
set RoamingZone to 0
🔯 if
             Usage Monitoring Information
                                        exists
do
     set ActiveMonKey - to
                             Active Monitoring Key for
                                                       Usage Monitoring Level Session Level
     set RoamingZone -
                                          " ROAMING_ZONE "
                              Policy Tag
                                                                  in Usage Monitoring Information
     for each item mk in list
                               All Monitoring Key(s) for
                                                        Usage Monitoring Level Session Level -
         if.
                                                                       Grant status Denied
                     Grant Status 

for Monitoring Key
               Disable Usage Monitoring for Monitoring Key | mk
🔯 if
                      ActiveMonKey -
                                      exists -
        and -
                                                                               Grant status Approved -
                    Grant Status ▼ for Monitoring Key
                                                      ActiveMonKey -
     Apply Grant for Monitoring Key
                                   ActiveMonKey -
     set pccRule → to
                        PCC Rule ID PCC_Default
not
                              exists -
                   pccRule -
do
     🔯 if
                 RoamingZone -
                                 ≠ ▼
                                        0
                               " PCC_Throttled "
           set pccRule 		 to
                               " PCC_Redirect "
           set pccRule v to
INSTALL PCC Rules
                              create list with
                                                 pccRule -
PCC rule(s) for scope Flow ▼
Active Between :
accept - message
```

4.7 Match List

A match list is a set of values in various categories, including access point names (APNs), subscriber IMSIs, location area codes (LACs), service area codes (SACs), Internet addresses, and user equipment identities. A match list can function as a whitelist (listing items to be included) or a blacklist (listing items to be excluded). By using a match list, you can, for example, apply a policy to all subscribers in a set of LACs, or block access to a list of Internet addresses known to be high risk.

Match List is used during a list creation to either select or omit the items from a list. The items in the list must be homogeneous.

You can create the list of items using **Match List** page under **Common** section for **Policy Data Configuration** in CNC Console.

For more details, see *Match List* section in *Configuring CNC Console* in *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core*, *Converged Policy User Guide*.



Policy Projects in CNC Console includes a **Contains in matchList** block, which indicates to select items specified in **Match List** block.

Match List specifies the list to be used for matching criteria.

Figure 4-53 Here is an example of match list functionality:



In the **Match List Block** Match List name is provided the right side and the value is provided on the left side. On the right side, multiple Match List can be given. But, it must contain only one value on the left side.

Possible values for Contains in matchList block are:

- any If the attribute value from left side matches with any of the values of **Match List** in the right side, the output of **Contains in matchList** will be true. Otherwise, false.
- all If the attribute value from left side is present in all the given values of **Match List** on the right side, the output of **Contains in matchList** will be true. Otherwise, false.
- none If the attribute value from left side not present in any of the given values of **Match List** on the right side, the output of **Contains in matchList** will be true. Otherwise, false.

The values in the MatchList are matched based on data type:

• String: In this case, the match list name on the right side of the block is String type. The Match List screen on Policy Data Configurations can be verified to check that the data type for the match list string is String, that is the data type of the given value to match on the left side of the block. If Match List block contains the item which is String data tuype, same as the given value, then the output of the condition is true. Otherwise, the output is false.

Figure 4-54 Example for String Data Type in Match List



In this example, **Forwarded Attribute** block gets the value from the PRE body. If the PRE value for **Forwarded Attribute** block is DNN1, this value will be matched with DNNString match list to check whether the IP is the subnet or not.

WildCard: In this case, the match list name on the right side of the block is
 WildcardString. The Match List screen on Policy Data Configurations can be verified



to check the data type for the match list ipv4 is IPv4 Subnet, the given value to match on the left side of the block. In the given example, the value is string333444. If the match list WildcardString contains item with wildcard characters (example - "string", "str*" or "string3?3444"), then the output of this condition is true. Otherwise, the output is false.

Figure 4-55 Example for Widdcard Data Type in Match List



• IPv4: In this case, the match list name is ipv4. The Match List screen under Policy Data Configurations section can be verified to check the data type for the match list ipv4 is IPv4 Subnet, which is the data type of the value mentioned on the right side of the block. In this case the value is "193.12.32.12". If match list IPv4 contains the item that is IPv4 Subnet (example - "193.12.23.18/14", "193.12.32.25/24"), the output of this condition is true. Otherwise, the outpus is false.

Figure 4-56 Example for IPV4 Data Type in Match List

```
of Forwarded Attribute Gx Params GPP-SGSN-IP-Address contained in matchList any of Cocreate list with Match List RomeZone IPList

do Apply Data Limit Profile DLP Home Zone

Override Attributes
Enable PCC Rule Hint
Enable Set Volume Grant
Enable Set Time Grant
```

In this example, the **Forwarded Attribute** block receives the value from the PRE. For example, if the PRE value for **Forwarded Attribute** block is "193.12.32.12", with this value, it will try to match with <code>IPList</code> match list to check whether the IP is the subnet or not

• IPv6: In this case, the match list name is IPv6. The Match List screen under Policy Data Configurations can be verified to check that the data type for the match list IPv6 is IPv6 Subnet, that is the data type of the value mentioned on the right side of the block. The given value to match is given on the left side of the block, in this case that is "FE80:CD00:0:CDE:1257:0:211E:729C". If the match list IPv6 contains the item that is IPv6 Subnet (example - "FE80:CD00:0:CDE::/30", "FE80:CD00::/14", "FE80:CD00:0:CDE:1257::/48"), then the output of this condition is true. Otherwise, the output is false.

Figure 4-57 Example for IPV6 Data Type in Match List



In this example, the **Forwarded Attribute** block receives the value from the PRE. For example, if the PRE value for the **Forwarded Attribute** block is



- "FE80:CD00::CDE:1257::211E::",, with this value it will try to match with "IPv6List" match list to check whether the IP is the subnet or not.
- Regular Expression: In this case, the Match List name is Regular Expression. The Match List screen under Policy Data Configurations section can be verified to check that the data type for the match list is Regular Expression, that is the data type of the value on the right side of the block. The given value to match is given on the left side of the block. In this example, the value is "hello@gmail.com". If the match list Regular Expression contains the item that is Regular Expression Subnet (example "/^[w-\.]+@([w-]+\.)+[w-]{2,4}\$/g"), then the output of this condition is true. Otherwise, the output is false.

Using Match List with Policy Tables

When there are multiple Policies with similar structure, Policy tables can be used to consolidate and capture the differences in structure. The **Use Policy Table** block can be used to specify a parameter in a rule that uses a Policy table. The parameter name must be the column (field) name in the Policy table.

Figure 4-58 Exmple for Use Policy Table



The possible values of **Use Policy Table** block are:

Matches: For Matches to be used in Policy Table, the data type must be String.



Figure 4-59 Example: Use Policy Table with Matches option

```
Use Policy Table DNN1 having key(s)

dnn Matches 

dnnType Matches 

Sort By Please Select Order ASC 

do accept message
```

In the above example, in table DNN1, the value of column dnn is matched with "DNNAdminAccess: and the value of column dnnType is matched with "ADMIN".

 Matches all of: The data type of the Policy table should be MatchList or MatchLists (array of matchlist)

If the data type is MatchLists, the array of MatchList can be present per row (in policy table) and in this case all the MatchList should be matched in a single row (policy table) to return true and pass that row.

Figure 4-60 Example: Use Policy Table with Matches All Of option

```
Use Policy Table HomeZone having key(s)

HomeZone_MCC_MNC Matches all of Forwarded Attribute Gx_Params 3GPP-SGSN-MCC-MNC

Sort By Priority Order ASC 

do Apply Data Limit Profile DLP_Home_Zone Override Attributes

Enable PCC Rule Hint

Enable Set Volume Grant

Enable Set Time Grant
```

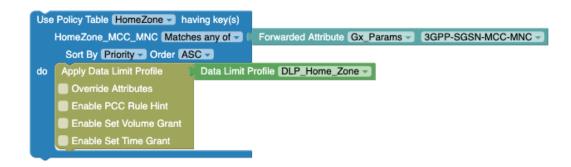
In the above example, the value of **Forwarded Attribute** block (such as "333444") is matched with both "DNN2" and "DNN" or "IPList" and "HomeZone" to return the respective row.

 Matches any of: The data type of the Policy table should be MatchList or MatchLists (array of MatchList)

If the data type is MatchLists, the array of MatchList can be present per row (in policy table) and in this case any MatchList should be matched in a single row (Policy table) to return true and pass that row.



Figure 4-61 Example: Use Policy Table with Matches Any Of option



In the above example, **Forwarded Attribute** the value is (such as "333444") is matched with any of "DNN2" and "DNN" or "IPList" and "HomeZone" to return the respective row.

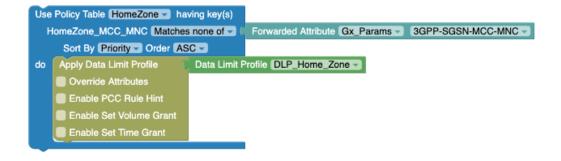
(i) Note

The data type of the policy table column MatchList is same for both the operators Matches all of and Matches any of, as there will be only one MatchList present per row.

 Matches none of: The data type of the Policy table should be MatchList or MatchLists (array of MatchList).

If the data type is MatchLists, the array of MatchList can be present per row (in policy table) and in this case all MatchList should not be matched in a single row (policy table) to return true and pass that row.

Figure 4-62 Example: Use Policy Table with Matches None Of option



In the above example, the value of **Forwarded Attribute** block (such as "333444") must not match with both "DNN2" and "DNN" or "IPList" and "HomeZone" to return the respective row

Using Policy Table Columns

Policy supports matching the value of a particular column similar to Match Lists.



Figure 4-63 Policy Table Column

```
Policy Table Column HomeZone DataLimitProfile
```

Figure 4-64 Example: Use of Policy Table Column block

```
Use Policy Table RoamZone having key(s)

RoamZone MCC MNC Lists Matches any of Sort by Priority Order ASC Sort by Priority Order ASC Contained in match list any of Coreate list with Policy Table Column RoamZone RoamZone IPList Order Asc Contained in match list any of Coreate list with Policy Table Column RoamZone RoamZone IPList Column RoamZone DLP Roaming With Agreement RoamZone RoamZone IPList Renable Set Volume Grant Enable Set Time Grant RoamZone RoamZone DLP Roaming No Agreement RoamZone RoamZone RoamZone DLP Roaming No Agreement RoamZone Roam
```

In the above example, If PRE value for the **Forwarded Attribute** block should be an exact match or the wildcard match with column DNNString in the table HomeZone1, then in the **if** condition block, the PRE value for the **Forwarded Attribute** block should match with the match list defined in the column IPList under the table HomeZone1.

If the given value "311", which exactly matches with the column name MCC, then in the ${\tt MatchList}$ block the given value "311490" will match with any of the value in the table column MCCMNC.

It can have any MatchList data type such as string, wildcard, IPv4, IPv6, or Regular expression.

Deprecated and Removed Blocks

With the evolving Cloud Native Core Policy blocks, we are identifying existing blocks that should be replaced with new blocks with enhanced functionality to improve overall customer experience. However, to ensure backward compatibility, the blocks are first marked as deprecated.

Deprecated Blocks

This section lists blocks that have been marked as deprecated with latest release. Users are recommended to review usage of these blocks in their current deployment, and make plans to upgrade to the suggested replacements.

The following table lists the deprecated blocks:

Table 5-1 List of deprecated blocks

Block	Deprec ated	Support Remove d	Suggested Replacement
Device type PGW -	1.9.0	TBD	NA
Call policy (TX1)	1.7.0	TBD	This Call policy block has been replaced with new <u>call</u> <u>policy block</u> .
Log : level ALWAYS · content content	1.8.0	TBD	This Log:level block has been replaced with new <u>Log:</u> <u>level block</u> .
attribute gpsi v in SMF request	1.7.0	TBD	This request attribute in SMF block is deprecated only for two dropdown values - requesterNFType or operationType. If you wish to select any of these values, select request attributes block.
© Current ▼ status of Policy Counter Id	1.10.0	TBD	This block under PCF-SM policy projects is deprecated. It has been replaced with Status of Policy Counter ID block available under <u>Public</u> category.



Table 5-1 (Cont.) List of deprecated blocks

Block	Deprec ated	Support Remove d	Suggested Replacement
Use Policy Table T1 having key(s) operationType RATType	1.11.0	TBD	This block under the Policy Table sub-category of policy projects is deprecated. It has been replaced with Use Policy Table block available under <u>Public</u> category.

Removed Blocks

The following table lists the removed blocks:

Table 5-2 List of removed blocks

Block	Removed	Replacement
PCC Rule Attribute deactivationTime	1.8.0	This PCC rule attribute block
activationTime ✓ deactivationTime		has been replaced with new PCC
✓ deactivation time		rule dynamic override block.



Sample Policy Projects for Usage Monitoring



This section provides a sample legacy OCPM policy in blockly design. The data in this section is meant for reference and may not be an optimized design. Oracle recommends you to use this information as reference only. To understand the overall Usage Monitoring use cases that a policy designer can use for optimized implementation, see <u>Usage Monitoring Use Cases</u>.

Figure A-1 Policy Project for Roaming Use Cases

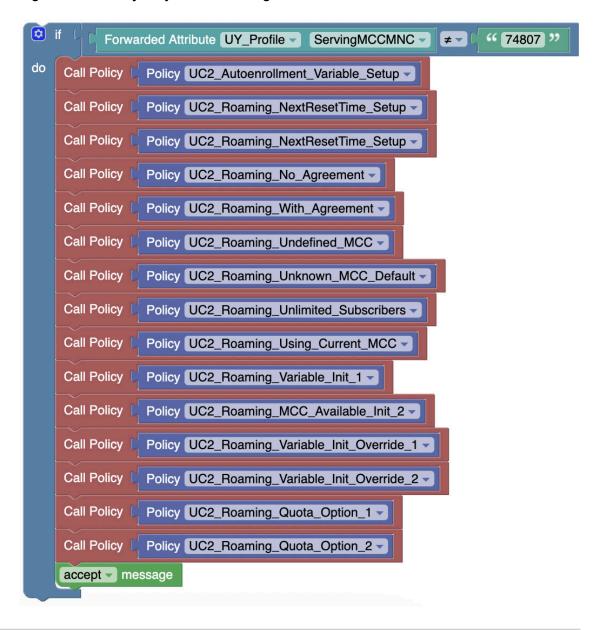




Figure A-2 Policy Project for Autoenrollment Variable Setup

```
if Attribute Auto Enrolled in UM request true of the set AutoEnrolled to the true of true of the set AutoEnrolled in Subscriber context
```

Figure A-3 Policy Project for Roaming NextResetTime Setup

```
RoamingBillingCycle from Subscriber context

Of if Attribute Auto Enrolled in UM request true of the context of
```

Figure A-4 Policy Project for Roaming No Agreement

```
ServingMCCMNC -
set ServingMCCMNC v to Forwarded Attribute UY_Profile v
set ServingMCC to Object expression ServingMCCMNC.substr(0,3)
Use Policy Table ROAMING_MCC_TABLE → having key(s)
                                        MCC = ServingMCC -
        Sort By Please Select ▼ Order ASC ▼
do
    🔯 if
              ServingMCCMNC 

Policy Table Column ROAMING_MCC_TABLE
                                                                               MCC_MNC -
        set RoamingOperators v to
                                 Policy Table Column ROAMING_MCC_TABLE >
                                                                            RoamingOperators -
         set DefinedMCC - to
                              " true "
                               Policy Table Column ROAMING_MCC_TABLE 

         set RoamingZone - to [
                                                                        RoamingZone -
        DefinedMCC ▼ in Policy ▼ context
Save -
Save -
        RoamingOperators in Policy context
Save -
        RoamingZone 

in Policy 

context
```



Figure A-5 Policy Project for Roaming With Agreement

```
set ServingMCCMNC to Forwarded Attribute UY_Profile ServingMCCMNC
set ServingMCC to Object expression ServingMCCMNC.substr(0,3)
Use Policy Table ROAMING_MCC_TABLE having key(s)
                                       MCC = ServingMCC
        Sort By Please Select Order ASC
   🔯 if
             ServingMCCMNC - = -
                                    Policy Table Column ROAMING_MCC_TABLE -
                                                                              MCC_MNC -
        set DefinedMCC - to
                             " true "
                              Policy Table Column ROAMING_MCC_TABLE >
        set RoamingZone v to
                                                                       RoamingZone -
Save -
        DefinedMCC 

in Policy 

context
Save -
        RoamingOperators in Policy context
Save -
        RoamingZone -
                      in Policy context
```

Figure A-6 Policy Project for Roaming Undefined MCC

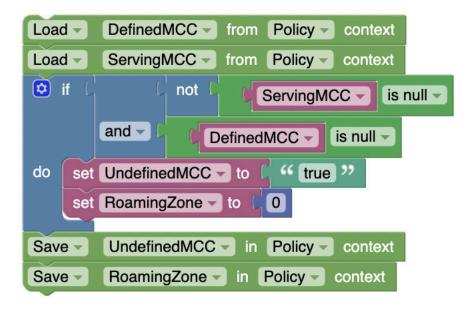


Figure A-7 Policy Project for Roaming Unknown MCC Default

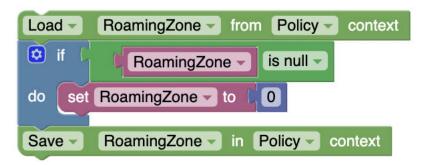




Figure A-8 Policy Project for Roaming Using Current MCC

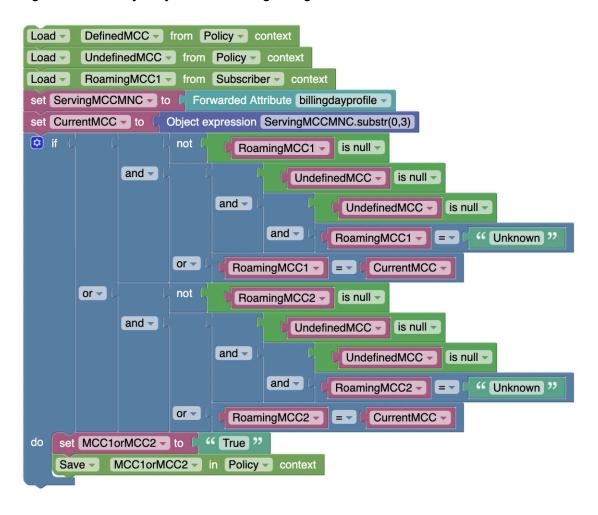


Figure A-9 Policy Project for Roaming Variable Init_1

```
Load -
       RoamingDate v from Subscriber v context
🔯 if
                 RoamingDate - is null -
       or 🕶
                                                                         Built-in function: SystemTime() ▼
                                                                   <-
                Round Down Date RoamingDate
                                                   by 1 Day
do set RoamingDate to
                          Round Down Date
                                              Built-in function: SystemTime() by 0 Minutes -
            RoamingDate in Subscriber context
               Policy UC2_Roaming_Variable_RoamingMCC2_Remover -
               Policy UC2_Roaming_MCC_Available_Init_1 -
    Call Policy  Policy  UC2_Roaming_MCC_Not_Available_Init_1 -
                           " True "
    set MCC1orMCC2 v to
    Save -
            MCC1orMCC2 in Policy context
```



Figure A-10 Policy Project for Roaming Variable RoamingMCC2 Remover

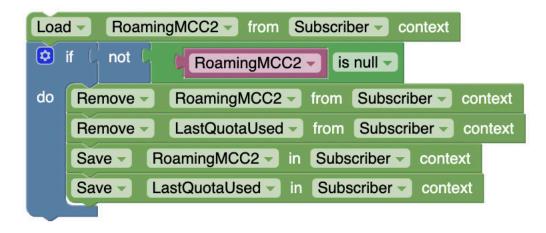


Figure A-11 Policy Project for Roaming MCC Available Init_1

```
Load -
         DefinedMCC -
                       from Policy
                                      context
Load
         UndefinedMCC -
                          from Policy
                                        context
                           Forwarded Attribute UY_Profile >
                                                           ServingMCCMNC
set ServingMCCMNC - to
set ServingMCC - to
                       Object expression | ServingMCCMNC.substr(0,3)
📮 if
                not
                          DefinedMCC -
                                          is null 🕶
        or -
                not
                          UndefinedMCC -
                                            is null -
    set RoamingMCC1 - to
do
                              ServingMCC -
    Save -
              RoamingMCC1 -
                               in Subscriber -
                                               context
```

Figure A-12 Policy Project for Roaming MCC Not Available Init_1

```
DefinedMCC ▼ from Policy ▼
Load -
                                     context
Load
        UndefinedMCC
                         from Policy
                                       context
                           Forwarded Attribute UY_Profile >
set ServingMCCMNC - to
                                                         ServingMCCMNC
set ServingMCC - to
                      Object expression | ServingMCCMNC.substr(0,3)
🤨 if
                     DefinedMCC -
                                   is null 🕶
        and -
                     UndefinedMCC -
                                      is null
    set RoamingMCC1 - to
                             "Unknown "
do
             RoamingMCC1
                              in Subscriber
                                              context
    Save
```



Figure A-13 Policy Project for Roaming Variable Init_2

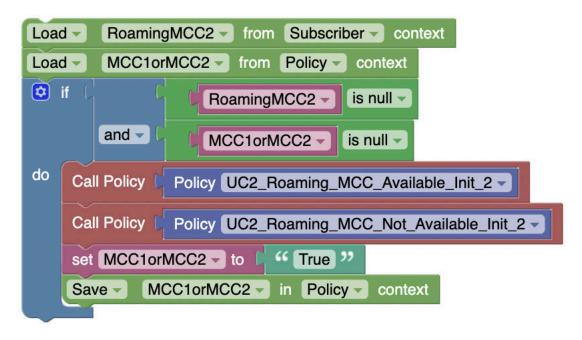


Figure A-14 Policy Project for Roaming MCC Available Init_2

```
Load
        DefinedMCC -
                       from Policy
                                     context
Load
         UndefinedMCC -
                         from Policy
                                        context
set ServingMCCMNC - to
                           Forwarded Attribute UY_Profile >
                                                          ServingMCCMNC -
set ServingMCC - to
                       Object expression ServingMCCMNC.substr(0,3)
if.
                not
                          DefinedMCC -
                                         is null -
        or -
                not
                                           is null
                          UndefinedMCC -
do
     set RoamingMCC2 - to
                              ServingMCC -
                                              context
     Save
              RoamingMCC2
                                 Subscriber
```



Figure A-15 Policy Project for Roaming MCC Not Available Init_2

```
DefinedMCC ▼ from Policy ▼ context
Load -
        UndefinedMCC -
                        from Policy
Load
                                      context
                                                        ServingMCCMNC -
                          Forwarded Attribute UY Profile
set ServingMCCMNC - to
                      Object expression ServingMCCMNC.substr(0,3)
set ServingMCC - to
🧔 if
                    DefinedMCC -
                                   is null 🕶
        and -
                    UndefinedMCC -
                                     is null
do
    set RoamingMCC2 to
                             "Unknown "
    Save
             RoamingMCC2
                             in Subscriber
                                             context
```

Figure A-16 Policy Project for UC2 Roaming Variable Init Override

```
MCC1orMCC2 ▼ from Policy ▼ context
Load -
        RoamingZone rom Policy context
Load -
        LastQuotaUsed rom Subscriber context
Load -
Use Policy Table ROAMING_ZONE_TABLE ▼ having key(s)
                                  RoamingZone
                                                   RoamingZone
         Sort By Please Select Order ASC
do 🔯 if
                        MCC1orMCC2 - is null -
            and -
                      LastQuotaUsed - = -
         Call Policy
                    Policy UC2_Roaming_MCC_Available_Init_1 -
                    Policy UC2_Roaming_MCC_Not_Available_Init_1 -
         Reset Usage Data for Data Limit Policy Table Column ROAMING_ZONE_TABLE
                                                                               RoamingQuota1 -
         set MCC1orMCC2 v to 4 true 22
        break out - of loop
```



Figure A-17 Policy Project for Roaming Variable Init Override

```
MCC1orMCC2 ▼ from Policy ▼ context
Load -
Load -
        RoamingZone from Policy context
Load -
        LastQuotaUsed 

from Subscriber 

context
Use Policy Table ROAMING_ZONE_TABLE having key(s)
                                  RoamingZone = 
                                                    RoamingZone -
         Sort By Please Select ▼ Order ASC ▼
   🧔 if
                        MCC1orMCC2 - is null -
            and -
                       LastQuotaUsed - = - [
         Call Policy
                     Policy UC2_Roaming_MCC_Available_Init_2 ~
         Call Policy Policy UC2_Roaming_MCC_Not_Available_Init_2 -
         Reset Usage Data for Data Limit Policy Table Column ROAMING_ZONE_TABLE >
                                                                                 RoamingQuota2 -
         set MCC1orMCC2 v to 4 true 22
        break out of loop
```

Figure A-18 Policy Project for Roaming Quota Option

```
Coal Policy Policy UC2-Roaming-MCC1 is nutl and DefinedMCC is nutl and DefinedMCC is nutl and DefinedMCC is nutl and UcanningMCC1 is nutl and Ucan
```

Figure A-19 Policy Project for Roaming Last Quota Used

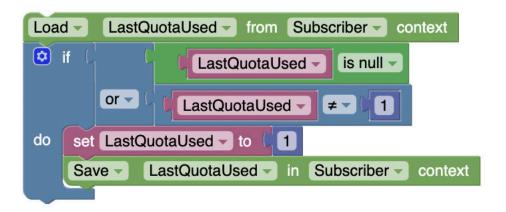




Figure A-20 Policy Project for Roaming Quota Grant Option

```
Use Policy Table ROAMING_ZONE_TABLE having key(s)
RoamingZone Sort By Please Select Order ASC 

do 

of Julian Hunction: Wolume Total for Data Limit Name Policy Table Column ROAMING_ZONE_TABLE QuotaCondition1 

Attribute operationType in UM request 

and Julian Hunction: Hour(Sdate) Built-in function: SystemTime() 

and Built-in function: Minute(Sdate) Built-in function: SystemTime() 

and Built-in function: M
```

Sample Projects for PCRF Core

Figure A-21 Main

```
do Call Policy | Policy | UC2_Roaming_Unlimited_Subscribers | Call Policy | Policy | UC2_Roaming_Quota_Option_1 | Policy | Policy | Policy | Call Policy |
```

Figure A-22 Roaming Unlimited Subscribers



Figure A-23 Roaming Quota Option

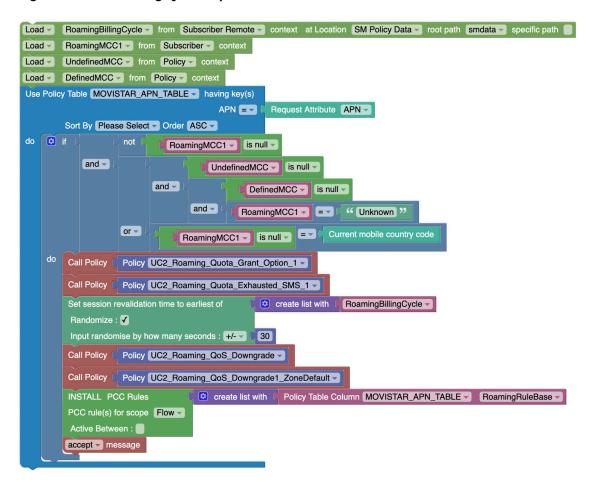


Figure A-24 Roaming Quota Grant Option

```
Use Policy Table MOVISTAR_APN_TABLE having key(s)

APN Request Attribute APN

Sort By Please Select Order ASC

do

tilde Policy Tag UC2_ROAMING_QUOTA_GRANT_OPTION_1 in Usage Monitoring Information

Call Policy Policy UC2_Roaming_QoS_Shaping

INSTALL PCC Rules

PCC rule(s) for scope Flow

Active Between:

accept message
```



Figure A-25 Roaming QoS Shaping

```
Use Policy Table ROAMING_QOS_SHAPE_TABLE having key(s)

IPCAN = IP-CAN type

RAT = IP-CAN type is

RoamingZone IP-
```

Figure A-26 Roaming Quota Exhausted SMS 1

```
Load -
        RoamingSMS1 ▼ from Subscriber ▼ context
Load -
        RoamingOperators v from Policy v context
🧯 if
                    RoamingSMS1 - is null -
        and 🔻
                          not
                                   RoamingOperators -
                                                       is null -
                and 🕶
                            Object expression request.user.SmPolicyData.VSA.Custom3 = v
                                                                                       " BLACKLISTED "
do send SMS
                               Por favor conectate a uno de estos operadores:
                                                                                        RoamingOperators -
     Destination Address
                            User Ids E164 ▼

▼ Additional attributes:
                            Delivery Receipt on failure
    Delivery Receipt ▼
     AND
     set RoamingSMS1 v to Built-in function: SystemTime() v
             RoamingSMS1 ▼ in Subscriber ▼ context
    Save 🔻
```

Figure A-27 Roaming QoS Downgrade

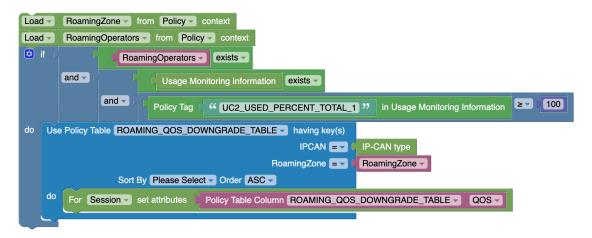




Figure A-28 Roaming QoS Downgrade1 ZoneDefault

```
Load -
       RoamingZone ▼ from Policy ▼ context
      RoamingOperators v from Policy v context
Load -
🤨 if
                        RoamingOperators V is null V
             and -
                      RoamingZone = 0
      and -
                        and -
                       Policy Tag "UC2_USED_PERCENT_TOTAL_1" in Usage Monitoring Information
do Use Policy Table ROAMING_QOS_DOWNGRADE_TABLE having key(s)
                                                 IPCAN IP-CAN type
                                            RoamingZone RoamingZone
                Sort By Please Select ▼ Order ASC ▼
                                Policy Table Column ROAMING_QOS_DOWNGRADE_TABLE 

       For Session set attributes
                                                                              QOS -
```

Granting Quota

Scenario:

- User plan is provided as subscriber VSA by UDR
- Grant 80% of Total (Initial) Quota at activation of plan.
- If user consumes less than 80%, then grant the delta quota again.
- Once user crosses 80%, grant remaining quota.
- At any time if user detaches, subsequent attach should grant quota as per last reported in CCR-T.



Figure A-29 Sample project:

```
set grant_threshold - to 80
set Custom6 to Forwarded Attribute GxN36Attrs Custom6
set used_volume - to
                      Usage Data Attribute Consumed Usage Percent Volume Total for Data Limit Name Custom6
                         Custom6 -
Override Attributes
 Enable PCC Rule Hint
Enable Set Volume Grant
Enable Set Time Grant
                  used_volume - exists -
    Log : level ALWAYS -
                             Custom6 -
                                                   " not activated "
     Set Grant Volume grant_threshold Percent of Initial
           used_volume - < grant_threshold -
     Log: level ALWAYS -
                              " Used Volume: "
                                                          used_volume -
     set grant_volume volume
                             grant_threshold -
                                                        used_volume -
     Set Grant Volume grant_volume Percent of Initial
     Log: level ALWAYS -
                              " Used Volume: "
                                                          used_volume
     Set Grant Volume 100 Percent of Remaining
```

Initial Condition: Plan is not activated.

Total Quota: 100K

Table A-1 Sample quota grant and cumulative consumption

Step #	Ingress Diameter Message	Quota Reported	Cumulative Quota Consumed	Quota Grant	Notes
1	CCR-I	-	-	80K	 User data fetched from UDR Plan activated Initial grant of 80%
2	CCR-U	20K	20K	60K	• Consumed Quota ((20K) updated on UDR. • Grant = 80K – 20K



Table A-1 (Cont.) Sample quota grant and cumulative consumption

Step #	Ingress Diameter Message	Quota Reported	Cumulative Quota Consumed	Quota Grant	Notes
3	CCR-T	30K	50K	-	 Consumed Quota (50K) updated on UDR. Session Terminated
4	CCR-I	-	-	30K	 User data fetched from UDR Grant = 80K - 50K
5	CCR-U	20K	70K	10K	 Consumed Quota (70K) updated on UDR. Grant = 80K - 70K
6	CCR-U	10K	80K	20K	 Initial Grant of 80% consumed so grant remaining 20% Grant = 100K - 80K
7	CCR-T	10K	90K	-	 Consumed Quota (90K) updated on UDR. Session Terminated
8	CCR-I	-	-	10K	 User data fetched from UDR Grant = 100K – 90K



Table A-1 (Cont.) Sample quota grant and cumulative consumption

Step #	Ingress Diameter Message	Quota Reported	Cumulative Quota Consumed	Quota Grant	Notes
9	CCR-U	10K	100K	-	 Total Quota Exhausted No further Grant Quota Disabled Consumed Quota (100K) updated on UDR.
10	CCR-T	-	100K	-	No Quota Reported as no Grant was given in previous decision.



PCC Rule Level Usage Monitoring

Figure A-30 Sample Policy Project for PCC Rule Level Usage Monitoring

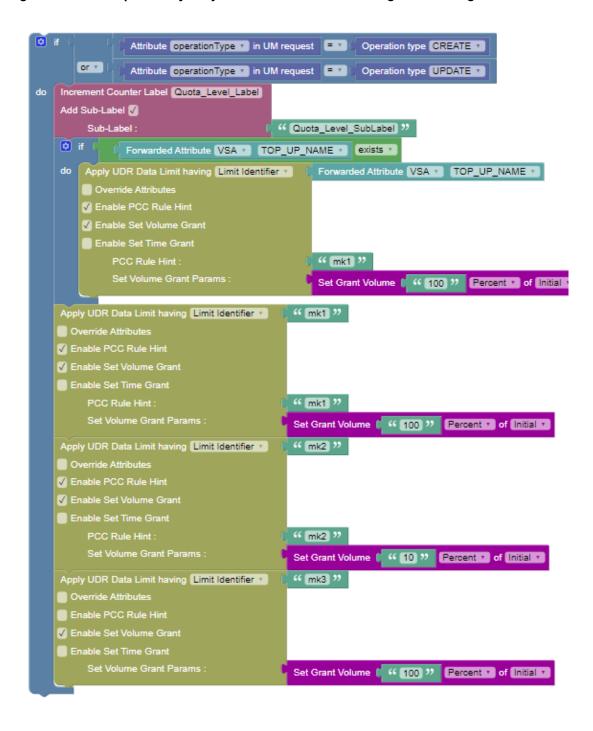
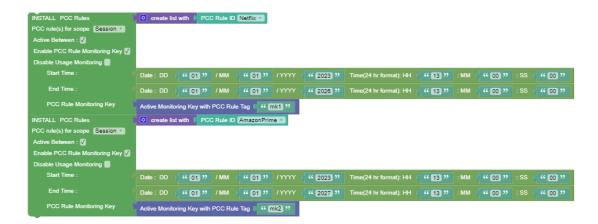




Figure A-31 Sample Policy Project for PCC Rule Level Usage Monitoring for PCRF Core



You must configure PCC Rule and Predefined PCC Rule in Traffic Rule page for PCRF Core under Policy Data Configuration in CNC Console.