

Oracle® Communications

Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide



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Contents

1	Introduction	
1.1	Overview	1
1.1.1	References	1
2	Logs	
2.1	Log Levels	1
2.2	Collecting Logs	1
2.3	Using Logs	2
3	Troubleshooting SEPP	
3.1	Generic Troubleshooting Scenarios	1
3.1.1	Generic Checklist	1
3.1.2	The environment is not working as expected	2
3.1.3	Kubernetes Node Failure	2
3.1.4	SEPP Installation Verification	3
3.1.5	Debugging General CNE	4
3.1.6	Collecting the SEPP Logs to Check the Error Scenarios	4
3.1.7	Helm Error During the Rollback	4
3.1.8	Upgrade or Rollback Failure	5
3.1.9	Helm Test Failure	5
3.1.10	Helm Rollback Failure with the Configmap with the Name not Found Error	6
3.1.11	Continuous Restart of coherence-svc Pods	6
3.1.12	IllegalReferenceCount Exception Occurrence in Logs of Ingress and Egress Gateways	6
3.1.13	False Message while Doing the Helm Uninstall	7
3.2	Feature Specific Troubleshooting Scenarios	7
3.2.1	Cat-2 Network ID Validation Feature	7
3.2.2	Cat-1 Service API Validation Feature	9
3.2.3	Overload Control Feature	9
3.2.4	Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature	11
3.2.5	Message Feed Feature	11
3.2.6	Hosted SEPP	13

3.2.7	Steering of Roaming (SOR) Feature	14
3.2.8	Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature	15
3.2.9	Cat-3 Previous Location Check feature	16
3.2.10	Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers	17
3.2.11	Cat-0 SBI Message Schema Validation Feature	19
3.2.12	Configuration Failure in Remote SEPP and Remote SEPP Set	22
3.2.13	Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN feature	22
3.2.14	Separate Port Configurations for N32c and N32f on the Egress Routes	23
3.2.15	Alternate Routing based on the DNS SRV Record for Home Network Functions	24
3.2.16	Load Sharing among Multiple Remote SEPP Nodes	26
3.2.17	5G SBI Message Mediation Support	27
3.2.18	Support for TLS 1.3	27
3.2.19	SEPP Deployment on OCI	28
3.2.20	Georedundancy Support	29
3.2.21	Support for Originating Network Id Header Validation, Insertion, and Transposition	30
3.2.22	Proactive status updates on SEPP	31
3.2.23	Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster	32
3.2.24	Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Feature	33
3.2.25	Integrating SEPP with 5G Network Intelligence Fabric (5GNIF) feature	35
3.2.26	LCI and OCI Header Support Feature	41
3.2.27	Error Response and Logging Enhancement Troubleshooting Scenarios	42
3.2.28	Support for PLMN Validation in Get Access Token Requests for Roaming Subscribers Troubleshooting Scenarios	42
3.2.29	Support for Max-Response Timer Header in SEPP Troubleshooting Scenarios	45
3.3	HTTP Response Codes and Error Codes	46

4 Debug Tool

4.1	Debug Tool Configuration Parameters	13
-----	-------------------------------------	----

5 SEPP Alerts

5.1	System Level Alerts	2
5.1.1	SEPPPodMemoryUsageAlert	2
5.1.2	SEPPPodCpuUsageAlert	3
5.1.3	ocseppPodsRestart	4
5.1.4	ocseppAppinfoServiceDown	5
5.1.5	ocseppCn32cServiceDown	6
5.1.6	ocseppCn32fServiceDown	8
5.1.7	ocseppConfigMgrServiceDown	9
5.1.8	ocseppN32EgwServiceDown	11

5.1.9	ocseppN32lgwServiceDown	12
5.1.10	ocseppConfigserverServiceDown	14
5.1.11	ocseppPerfinfoServiceDown	16
5.1.12	ocseppPlmnEgwServiceDown	17
5.1.13	ocseppPlmnlgwServiceDown	19
5.1.14	ocseppPn32cServiceDown	21
5.1.15	ocseppPn32fServiceDown	23
5.1.16	ocseppNrfdiscServiceDown	24
5.1.17	ocseppNrfgmServiceDown	26
5.1.18	ocseppAlternrouteServiceDown	27
5.1.19	ocseppMediationServiceDown	29
5.1.20	ocseppCoherenceServiceDown	31
5.1.21	ocseppNfStatusUnavailable	32
5.2	Application Level Alerts	34
5.2.1	Common Alerts	34
5.2.1.1	SEPPN32fRoutingFailure	34
5.2.1.2	SEPPConfigMgrRouteFailureAlert	35
5.2.1.3	EgressSbiErrorRateAbove1Percent	36
5.2.1.4	ocseppNfProfileStatusInNRFDn	37
5.2.2	Handshake Alerts	38
5.2.2.1	SEPPCn32cHandshakeFailureAlert	38
5.2.2.2	SEPPN32cHandshakeFailureAlert	40
5.2.3	Upgrade Alerts	41
5.2.3.1	SEPPUpgradeStartedAlert	41
5.2.3.2	SEPPUpgradeFailedAlert	42
5.2.3.3	SEPPUpgradeSuccessfulAlert	43
5.2.4	Rollback Alerts	44
5.2.4.1	SEPPRollbackStartedAlert	44
5.2.4.2	SEPPRollbackFailedAlert	44
5.2.4.3	SEPPRollbackSuccessfulAlert	45
5.2.5	Global Rate Limiting on Ingress Gateway of SEPP Alerts	45
5.2.5.1	IngressGlobalMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent	45
5.2.5.2	IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove1Percent	46
5.2.5.3	IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove10Percent	47
5.2.5.4	IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove25Percent	48
5.2.5.5	IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove50Percent	49
5.2.6	Topology Hiding Alerts	50
5.2.6.1	SEPPN32fTopologyOperationFailureAlert	50
5.2.6.2	SEPPN32fTopologyBodyOperationFailureAlert	51
5.2.7	5G SBI Message Mediation Support Alerts	52
5.2.7.1	SEPPCN32fMediationFailure	52
5.2.7.2	SEPPCN32fMediationUnreachable	53

5.2.7.3	SEPPN32fMediationFailure	54
5.2.7.4	SEPPN32fMediationUnreachable	55
5.2.8	Overload Control Alerts	56
5.2.8.1	SEPPServiceOverloadWarn	56
5.2.8.2	SEPPServiceOverloadMinor	57
5.2.8.3	SEPPServiceOverloadMajor	58
5.2.8.4	SEPPServiceOverloadCritical	59
5.2.9	Hosted SEPP Alerts	60
5.2.9.1	SEPPN32fHSRoutingFailureAlert	60
5.2.9.2	SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertMinor	61
5.2.9.3	SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertMajor	62
5.2.9.4	SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertCritical	62
5.2.9.5	SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertWarning	63
5.2.10	SEPP Message Feed Alerts	64
5.2.10.1	DDUnreachableFromN32IGW	64
5.2.10.2	DDUnreachableFromPLMNIGW	65
5.2.10.3	DDUnreachableFromN32EGW	66
5.2.10.4	DDUnreachableFromPLMNEGW	67
5.2.11	Steering of Roaming (SOR) Alerts	67
5.2.11.1	SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercent30to40	67
5.2.11.2	SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercent40to50	69
5.2.11.3	SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercentAbove50	70
5.2.11.4	SEPPN32fSORTimeoutFailureAlert	71
5.2.12	Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Alerts	72
5.2.12.1	IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent	72
5.2.12.2	IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove10Percent	73
5.2.12.3	IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove25Percent	73
5.2.12.4	IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove50Percent	74
5.2.12.5	IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent	75
5.2.12.6	IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAboveOnePercent	76
5.2.12.7	IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove10Percent	77
5.2.12.8	IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove25Percent	78
5.2.12.9	IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove50Percent	79
5.2.13	Cat-0 SBI Message Schema Validation Alerts	80
5.2.13.1	SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMinorAlert	80
5.2.13.2	SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMajorAlert	82
5.2.13.3	SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureCriticalAlert	84
5.2.13.4	SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMinorAlert	86
5.2.13.5	SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMajorAlert	88
5.2.13.6	SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureCriticalAlert	90
5.2.14	Cat-1 Service API Validation Alerts	92
5.2.14.1	SEPPN32fServiceApiValidationFailureAlert	92

5.2.15	Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Alerts	93
5.2.15.1	seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltWarn	93
5.2.15.2	seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltMinor	95
5.2.15.3	seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltMajor	96
5.2.15.4	seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltCritical	98
5.2.16	Cat-2 Network ID Validation Alerts	99
5.2.16.1	SEPPN32fNetworkIDValidationHeaderFailureAlert	99
5.2.16.2	SEPPN32fNetworkIDValidationBodyIEFailureAlert	100
5.2.17	Cat-3 Previous Location Check Alerts	100
5.2.17.1	SEPPN32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMinor	100
5.2.17.2	SEPPN32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMajor	102
5.2.17.3	SEPPN32fPrevLocChkValFailAltCritical	104
5.2.17.4	SEPPN32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMinor	106
5.2.17.5	SEPPN32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMajor	108
5.2.17.6	SEPPN32fPrevLoChkExcepFailAltCritical	110
5.2.18	Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers	113
5.2.18.1	pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAltMinor	113
5.2.18.2	pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAltMajor	114
5.2.18.3	pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAltCritical	116
5.2.18.4	pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAltMinor	118
5.2.18.5	pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAltMajor	120
5.2.18.6	pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAltCritical	122
5.2.19	Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN Alerts	125
5.2.19.1	EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove10Percent	125
5.2.19.2	EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove25Percent	126
5.2.19.3	EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove50Percent	128
5.2.20	Separate Port Configurations for N32c and N32f on the Egress Routes Alerts	130
5.2.20.1	EgressInterfaceConnectionFailure	130
5.2.21	Support for TLS 1.3	131
5.2.21.1	SEPPConnectionFailurePLMNIGWAlert	131
5.2.21.2	SEPPConnectionFailureN32IGWAlert	133
5.2.21.3	SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMinor	134
5.2.21.4	SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMajor	135
5.2.21.5	SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertCritical	136
5.2.22	Multiple SEPP Instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster Alerts	136
5.2.22.1	Cn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert	136
5.2.22.2	Cn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert	137
5.2.22.3	Pn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert	138
5.2.22.4	Pn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert	139
5.2.22.5	cfgMgrConnFailureWithDBAlert	140
5.2.22.6	cn32fIncorrectDbConf	141
5.2.22.7	cn32cIncorrectDbConf	143

5.2.22.8	pn32fIncorrectDbConf	144
5.2.22.9	pn32cIncorrectDbConf	145
5.2.22.10	cfgMgrIncorrectDbConf	146
5.2.22.11	coherenceIncorrectDbConf	147
5.2.22.12	coherenceConnFailureWithDBAlert	148
5.2.23	Proactive Status Updates on SEPP Alerts	148
5.2.23.1	EgressGatewayPeerUnhealthyAlert	148
5.2.23.2	EgressGatewayAllPeersUnhealthyAlert	149
5.2.24	Integrating SEPP with 5G Network Intelligence Fabric (5G NIF) Feature Alerts	150
5.2.24.1	configMgrNoHealthyNIFAlert	150
5.2.25	Egress Gateway Alerts	151
5.2.25.1	egressGlobalMessageDropInfo	151
5.2.25.2	egressGlobalMessageDropWarn	152
5.2.25.3	egressGlobalMessageDropMinor	153
5.2.25.4	egressGlobalMessageDropMajor	153
5.2.25.5	egressGlobalMessageDropCritical	154
5.2.26	Support for PLMN Validation in Get Access Token Requests for Roaming Subscribers Alerts	155
5.2.26.1	Total number of Get_ACCESS_TOKEN messages received from a particular SEPP	155
5.2.26.2	Number of requests without the requesterPLMN/requesterPLMNList attribute received from a particular SEPP	155
5.2.26.3	Number of requests to which SEPP responded with an error towards a particular SEPP	156

Preface

- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Diversity and Inclusion](#)
- [Conventions](#)

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Acronyms

The following table lists the acronyms and the terminologies used in the document:

Table Acronyms and Terminologies

Acronym	Description
Cat-0	Category 0 SBI Message Schema Validation Feature
Cat-1	Category 1 Service API Validation Feature
Cat-2	Category 2 Network ID Validation Feature
Cat-3	Category 3 Previous Location Check/ Category 3 Time location check
CNC Console	Oracle Communications Cloud Native Configuration Console
CRD	Custom Resource Definition
CNE	Oracle Communications Cloud Native Environment
cSEPP/C-SEPP	Consumer Security Edge Protection Proxy
DB	Database
DNS	Domain Name System
DRL	Drools Rule Language
EGW	Egress Gateway
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GSMA	Groupe Speciale Mobile Association (GSMA). Represents the interests of mobile operators and the broader mobile industry worldwide.
Hosted SEPP	GSMA deployment model in which partners are hosted to connect to roaming partners.
IGW	Ingress Gateway
IPX	Internetwork Packet Exchange
K8s	Kubernetes
LCI Header	Load Control Information header
Local PLMN	PLMN managed by Local SEPP
Local SEPP	SEPP in Local PLMN
MNC	Mobile Network Codes
MCC	Mobile Country Codes
MNO	Mobile Network Operator
NDB	Network Database
NF	Network Function
Network Function	A functional building block within a network infrastructure, which has well defined external interfaces and well defined functional behavior. In practical terms, a network function is often a network node or physical appliance.
NF Consumer	A generic way to refer to an NF which consumes services provided by another NF. Example: An AMF acts as a Consumer NF that consumes AMPolicy services provided by the PCF.
NF Instance	A specific instance of a network function type.
NF Producer or NF Provider	A generic way to refer to an NF which provides services that can be consumed by another NF. Example: A PCF acts as a Producer NF that provides AMPolicy Services to the AMF.
NIF	Network Intelligence Fabric

Table (Cont.) Acronyms and Terminologies

Acronym	Description
NRF	Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Network Repository Function
OCI Header	Overload Control Information header
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud
OCI	Oracle Cloud Infrastructure
OCIR	Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Registry
OHC	Oracle Help Center
OKE	Oracle Engine for Kubernetes
OTEL	OpenTelemetry
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud
PDB	PodDisruptionBudget
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
pSEPP/P-SEPP	Producer Security Edge Protection Proxy
Remote PLMN	PLMN managed by Remote SEPP
Remote SEPP	SEPP in Remote PLMN
Remote SEPP Set	Set of Remote SEPPs to allow routing across Remote SEPPs
REST API	Representational State Transfer Application Programming Interface
Roaming Hub	Roaming Hub is the deployment mode of SEPP. Roaming Hub is used as an intermediate proxy. Each SEPP connects to the Roaming Hub which further connect to another SEPP. All the Remote SEPPs can communicate with each other through roaming hub.
SAN	Subject Alternate Name
SNI	Server Name Indication
Scaling	Ability to dynamically extend or reduce resources granted to the Virtual Network Function (VNF) as needed. This includes scaling out and in or scaling up and down.
SCM	Security Countermeasure
SEPP	Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy
SUCI	Subscription Concealed Identifier
SUPI	Subscription Permanent Identifier
SVC	Service
TLS	Transport Layer Security
TH	Topology Hiding
TUH	Topology Unhiding
TPS	Transactions Per Second
UE	User Equipment
UDR	Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Unified Data Repository

What's New in This Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for Release 26.1.2xx.

Release 26.1.200 - G55321-01, July 2026

Updated the [Alternate Routing based on the DNS SRV Record for Home Network Functions](#) section with the note about "No entry found" error log.

1

Introduction

This document provides information about troubleshooting Oracle Communications Security Edge Protection Proxy (SEPP).

1.1 Overview

Security Edge Protection Proxy (SEPP) is a key component of the 5G Service Based Architecture. It is a proxy Network Function (NF) which is used for the secured communication for inter Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) messages.

For more information about the SEPP architecture, see *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide*.

The user can install either SEPP or Roaming Hub/Hosted SEPP.

Note

The performance and capacity of the SEPP system may vary based on the call model, Feature/Interface configuration, and underlying CNE and hardware environment.

1.1.1 References

Following are the reference documents:

- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Cloud Native Environment Installation, Upgrade, and Fault Recovery Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier Installation, Upgrade, and Fault Recovery Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Data Collector User Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy REST Specification Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Installation, Upgrade, and Fault Recovery Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Network Impact Report*
- *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Configuration Console User Guide*

2

Logs

This chapter explains the process to retrieve the logs and status that can be used for effective troubleshooting.

2.1 Log Levels

Logs register system events along with their date and time of occurrence. They also provide important details about a chain of events that could have led to an error or problem.

A log level helps in defining the severity level of a log message. For OCSEPP, the log level of a microservice can be set to any one of the following valid values:

- **TRACE:** A log level that describes events, as a step by step execution of code. This can be ignored during the standard operation, but may be useful during extended debugging sessions.
- **DEBUG:** A log level used for events during software debugging when more granular information is needed.
- **INFO:** A standard log level indicating that something has happened, an application has entered a certain state, etc.
- **WARN:** A log level indicates that something unexpected has happened in the application, a problem, or a situation that might disturb one of the processes. But this does not mean that the application has failed. The WARN level should be used in situations that are unexpected, but the code can continue to work.
- **ERROR:** A log level that should be used when an application hits an issue preventing one or more functionalities from functioning.

Using this information, the logs can be filtered based on the system requirements. For instance, if you want to filter the critical information about your system from the informational log messages, set a filter to view messages with only WARN log level in Kibana.

2.2 Collecting Logs

This section describes the steps to collect logs from PODs and containers. Perform the following steps:

1. Run the following command to get the PODs details:

```
$ kubectl -n <namespace_name> get pods
```

2. Collect the logs from the specific pods or containers:
From the pod:

```
$ kubectl logs <podname> -n <namespace>
```

From the container:

```
$ kubectl logs <podname> -c <container name> -n <namespace>
```

Example:

From the pod:

```
$ kubectl logs ocsepp-release-xxxxxxxxxx-xxxxx -n seppsvc
```

From the container:

```
$ kubectl logs ocsepp-release-n32-egress-gateway-xxxxx -c n32-egress-  
gateway -n  
seppsvc
```

3. Store the log in a file using the following command:

```
$ kubectl logs <podname> -n <namespace> > <filename>
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl logs ocsepp-release-xxxxxxxxxx-xxxxx -n seppsvc > logs.txt
```

4. (Optional) You can also use the following commands for the log stream with file redirection starting with last 100 lines of log:

```
$ kubectl logs <podname> -n <namespace> -f --tail <number of lines> >  
<filename>
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl logs ocsepp-release-xxxxxxxxxx-xxxxx -n seppsvc -f --tail 100 >  
logs.txt
```

For more information on kubectl commands, see [Kubernetes website](#).

2.3 Using Logs

This section explains the logs you need to look at, to handle different SEPP debugging issues.

For more information on how to collect the logs, see *Oracle Communication Cloud Native Core Data Collector Guide*.

This section provides log level attribute details for the following services:

- config-mgr-svc
- cn32c-svc
- pn32c-svc
- cn32f-svc
- pn32f-svc

- nrf-client-nfmanagement
- nrf-client-nfdiscovery
- app-info
- perf-info
- config-server
- n32-ingress-gateway
- n32-egress-gateway
- plmn-ingress-gateway
- plmn-egress-gateway
- nf-mediation

Sample Logs

config-mgr-svc

Sample log statement for config-mgr-svc:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1636703617, "nanoOfSecond": 449636327, "thread": "XNIO-1
task-4", "level": "DEBUG", "loggerName": "org.springframework.web.servlet.Dispatch
erServlet", "message": "Completed 200
OK", "endOfBatch": false, "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.commons.logging.LogAdapter$Log
4jLog", "threadId": 40, "threadPriority": 5, "ts": "21-11-12
07:53:449.037+0000", "instanceType": "prod", "processId": "1", "ocLogId": "$
{ctx:ocLogId}", "vendor": "oracle"}
}
```

cn32c-svc

Sample log statement for cn32c-svc:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1636456524, "nanoOfSecond": 315917989, "thread": "sepp-
cn32c-
thread-2", "level": "DEBUG", "loggerName": "com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.client.Http
2Client", "message": "Http2 Client trying to connect with URL: http://ocsepp-
release-config-mgr-svc:9090/cn32c/Handshake-
success", "endOfBatch": false, "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.Abstrac
tLogger", "threadId": 27, "threadPriority": 5, "ts": "21-11-09
11:15:315.024+0000", "instanceType": "prod", "processId": "1", "ocLogId": "$
{ctx:ocLogId}", "vendor": "oracle"}
}
```

pn32c-svc

Sample log statement for pn32c-svc:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1636455735, "nanoOfSecond": 301984153, "thread": "main", "level": "I
NF0", "loggerName": "com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.pn32c.Pn32cApplication", "message
": "Starting Pn32cApplication using Java 16.0.1 on ocsepp-release-pn32c-
svc-7fb7d866c6-sczjg with PID 1(/ocsepp-pn32c-svc.jar started by seppuser
in /)", "endOfBatch": false, "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.commons.logging.LogAdapter$
Log4jLog", "threadId": 1, "threadPriority": 5, "ts": "21-11-09
11:02:301.015+0000", "instanceType": "prod", "processId": "1", "ocLogId": "$
{ctx:ocLogId}", "vendor": "oracle"}
}
```

cn32f-svc

Sample log statement for cn32f-svc:

```
{
  "instant":
  {
    "epochSecond":1636457129,"nanoOfSecond":526138937},
    "thread":"main",
    "level":"INFO",
    "loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.cn32f.Cn32fApplication",
    "message":
    "Starting Cn32fApplication using Java 16.0.1 on ocsepp-release-cn32f-svc-9b8c6d7c6-dgmv with PID 1 (/ocsepp-cn32f-svc.jar started by seppuser in /)",
    "endOfBatch":false,
    "loggerFqn":"org.apache.commons.logging.LogAdapter$Log4jLog",
    "threadId":1,
    "threadPriority":5,
    "ts":"21-11-09 11:25:526.029+0000",
    "instanceType":"prod",
    "processId":"1",
    "ocLogId":"${ctx:ocLogId}",
    "vendor":"oracle"
  }
```

pn32f-svc

Sample log statement for pn32f-svc:

```
{
  "instant":
  {
    "epochSecond":1636457721,"nanoOfSecond":692849682},
    "thread":"main",
    "level":"INFO",
    "loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.pn32f.Pn32fApplication",
    "message":
    "Starting Pn32fApplication using Java 16.0.1 on ocsepp-release-pn32f-svc-85b4b9fd9d-gzph with PID 1 (/ocsepp-pn32f-svc.jar started by seppuser in /)",
    "endOfBatch":false,
    "loggerFqn":"org.apache.commons.logging.LogAdapter$Log4jLog",
    "threadId":1,
    "threadPriority":5,
    "ts":"21-11-09 11:35:692.021+0000",
    "instanceType":"prod",
    "processId":"1",
    "ocLogId":"${ctx:ocLogId}",
    "vendor":"oracle"
  }
```

Log Attribute Details for n32f, n32c, and config-mgr-svc**Table 2-1 Log Attribute Details for n32f, n32c, and config-mgr-svc**

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
instant	Epoch time. It is the group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{ "epochSecond":1604655402, "nanoOfSecond":946649000 }	Object
thread	Logging Thread Name	"reactor-http-epoll-2"	String
level	Log Level of the log printed	"DEBUG"	String
loggerName	Class or module which printed the log	"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.pn32f.iointerface.Pn32fSeppAsyncInterface"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details. Indicates that no NFProfiles found for mentioned search query	"{LoggingRequestDecorator::getBody() Query target-nf-type=AUSF&requester-nf-type=SEPP}"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	Boolean
loggerFqn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger	String
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	32	Integer

Table 2-1 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for n32f, n32c, and config-mgr-svc

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ Timestamp can be filtered using the following label :ts -> logs in containertimestamp -> logs on Kibana	"messageTimestamp":"2023-09-01T03:01:24.607+0000"	String
instanceType	Instance details. Example: dev, prod, qa. Note: Part of container logs but not in Kibana.	prod	String
processId	Process ID internally assigned. Note: Part of container logs but not in Kibana.	"1"	String
ocLogId	End to End Log Identifier across the OCSEPP microservices. Helps to correlate the logs across the microservices in OCSEPP application. Note: Part of container logs but not in Kibana.	\${ctx:ocLogId}	String
vendor	Vendor Name	"oracle"	String

nrf-client-nfmanagement

Sample log statement for nrf-client-nfmanagement:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1653141225,
    "nanoOfSecond": 57167090,
    "thread": "taskScheduler-2",
    "level": "WARN",
    "loggerName": "com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.NRFManagement",
    "message": "NfServices is not present inNfProfile.",
    "endOfBatch": false,
    "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLogger",
    "threadId": 27,
    "threadPriority": 5,
    "source": {
      "class": "com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.NRFManagement",
      "method": "setPerformance",
      "file": "NRFManagement.java",
      "line": 1758,
      "messageTimestamp": "2022-05-21T13:53:45.057+0000"
    }
  }
}
```

Log Attribute Details for nrf-client-nfmanagement**Table 2-2 Log Attribute Details for nrf-client-nfmanagement**

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
instant	Epoch time. It is the group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{"epochSecond":1653141225,"nanoOfSecond":57167090}	Object
thread	Logging Thread Name	"taskScheduler-2"	String

Table 2-2 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for nrf-client-nfmanagement

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
level	Log Level of the log printed	"WARN"	String
loggerName	Class or module which printed the log	"com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.NRFManagement"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details.	"NfServices is not present in NfProfile"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	Boolean
loggerFqdn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLogger	String
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	1	Integer
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
Source	Source code details including class name, method name, file name and line number	{"class": "com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.NRFManagement", "method": "setPerformance", "file": "NRFManagement.java", "line": 1758}	Object
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2022-05-21T13:53:45.057+0000"	String

nrf-client-nfdiscovery

Sample log statement for nrf-client-nfdiscovery:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1653141021,
    "nanoOfSecond": 819399951
  },
  "thread": "main",
  "level": "WARN",
  "loggerName": "com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.util.NrfClientProperties",
  "message": "getHttpsProxyPort(): Invalid httpsProxyPort",
  "endOfBatch": false,
  "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLogger",
  "threadId": 1,
  "threadPriority": 5,
  "source": {
    "class": "com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.util.NrfClientProperties",
    "method": "getHttpsProxyPort",
    "file": "NrfClientProperties.java",
    "line": 260
  },
  "messageTimestamp": "2022-05-21T13:50:21.819+0000"
}
```

Log Attribute Details for nrf-client-nfdiscovery

Table 2-3 Log Attribute Details for nrf-client-nfdiscovery

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
instant	Epoch time. It is the group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{"epochSecond":1653141021,"nanoOfSecond":819399951}	Object
thread	Logging Thread Name	"main"	String
level	Log Level of the log printed	"WARN"	String
loggerName	Class or module which printed the log	"com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.util.NrfClientProperties"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details.	"getHttpsProxyPort():Invalid httpsProxyPort"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	Boolean
loggerFqdn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLogger	String
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	1	Integer
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
Source	Source code details including class name, method name, file name and line number	{"class": "com.oracle.cgbu.cnc.nrf.util.NrfClientProperties", "method": "getHttpsProxyPort", "file": "NrfClientProperties.java", "line": 260}	Object
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2022-05-21T13:50:21.819+0000"	String

app-info

Sample log statement for app-info

```
{
  "name": "unicorn.access",
  "message": "::ffff:10.244.1.106 - - [21/May/2022:13:54:29 +0000] \"GET /status/category/sepp HTTP/1.1\" 200 7 \"-\" \"okhttp/3.14.9\"",
  "level": "INFO",
  "filename": "glogging.py",
  "lineno": 349,
  "module": "glogging",
  "func": "access",
  "thread": "MainThread",
  "messageTimestamp": "2022-05-21T13:54:29.385+0000"}

```

Sample log statement - perf-info

Log Attribute Details for app-info

Table 2-4 Log Attribute Details for app-info

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
thread	Logging Thread Name	"MainThread"	String
name	module name	"unicorn.access"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details.	"::ffff:10.244.1.106 - - [21/May/2022:13:54:29 +0000] \"GET /status/category/sepp HTTP/1.1\" 200 7 \"-\" \"okhttp/3.14.9\""	String
level	Log Level of the log printed	"INFO"	String
filename	Name of the file	"glogging.py"	String
lineno	line number of the execution step	349	Integer
module	name of the module	"glogging"	String
func	name of the executing function	"access"	String
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2022-05-21T13:54:29.385+0000"	String

perf-info

Sample log statement for perf-info

```
{
  "name": "stat_helper",
  "message": "Failed to reach prometheus",
  "level": "ERROR",
  "filename": "stat_helper.py",
  "lineno": 106,
  "module": "stat_helper",
  "func": "get_db_param",
  "thread": "MainThread",
  "messageTimestamp": "2022-05-21T13:57:39.639+0000"
}
```

Log Attribute Details for perf-info**Table 2-5 Log Attribute Details for perf-info**

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
thread	Logging Thread Name	"MainThread"	String
name	module name	"stat_helper"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details.	"Failed to reach prometheus"	String
level	Log Level of the log printed	"ERROR"	String
filename	Name of the file	"stat_helper.py"	String
lineno	line number of the execution step	106	Integer
module	name of the module	"stat_helper"	String

Table 2-5 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for perf-info

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
func	name of the executing function	"get_db_param"	String
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2022-05-21T13:57:39.639+0000"	String

config-server

Sample log statement for config-server

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1653140996,
    "nanoOfSecond": 895472496,
    "thread": "main",
    "level": "INFO",
    "loggerName": "ocpm.cne.common.metrics.cgroup.CgroupMetricsHelper",
    "message": "Creating cgroup metricfinder",
    "endOfBatch": false,
    "loggerFqn": "org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLogger",
    "threadId": 1,
    "threadPriority": 5,
    "messageTimestamp": "2022-05-21T13:49:56.895+0000"
  }
}
```

Log Attribute Details for config-server**Table 2-6 Log Attribute Details for config-server**

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
thread	Logging Thread Name	"main"	String
instant	Epoch time. It is the group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{"epochSecond": 1653140996, "nanoOfSecond": 895472496}	Object
level	Log Level of the log printed	"INFO"	String
loggerName	Class or module which printed the log	"ocpm.cne.common.metrics.cgroup.CgroupMetricsHelper"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details.	"Creating cgroup metricfinder"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	Boolean
loggerFqn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLogger	String
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	1	Integer

Table 2-6 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for config-server

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2022-05-21T13:49:56.895+0000"	String

Sample Logs for Ingress Gateway

This section provides log level attribute details for following service:

- n32-ingress-gateway
- plmn-ingress-gateway

Sample log statement n32-ingress-gateway:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1643968884, "nanoOfSecond": 549874972, "thread": "ingress-h2-epoll-2",
    "level": "DEBUG", "loggerName": "org.springframework.cloud.gateway.handler.RoutePredicateHandlerMapping",
    "message": "Route matched: n32c2", "endOfBatch": false, "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.commons.logging.LogAdapter$Log4jLog",
    "contextMap": {
      "ocLogId": "1643968884534_142_ocsepp-release-chandra-n32-ingress-gateway-6dfb6fc446-9phs6"
    }, "threadId": 142, "threadPriority": 5, "messageTimestamp": "2022-02-04T10:01:24.549+0000",
    "ocLogId": "1643968884534_142_ocsepp-release-chandra-n32-ingress-gateway-6dfb6fc446-9phs6",
    "pod": "${ctx:hostname}", "processId": "1", "instanceType": "prod", "ingressTxId": "${ctx:ingressTxId}"
  }
}
```

Sample log statement plmn-ingress-gateway:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1643971167, "nanoOfSecond": 783195870, "thread": "pool-11-thread-6",
    "level": "DEBUG", "loggerName": "com.oracle.common.scheduler.ReloadConfig",
    "message": "Config server URL: http://ocsepp-release-chandra-config-mgr-svc:9090/config/igw/plmn/22.2.2/1",
    "endOfBatch": false, "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger",
    "contextMap": {
      "threadId": 79, "threadPriority": 5, "messageTimestamp": "2022-02-04T10:39:27.783+0000",
      "ocLogId": "${ctx:ocLogId}", "pod": "${ctx:hostname}", "processId": "1", "instanceType": "prod",
      "ingressTxId": "${ctx:ingressTxId}"
    }
  }
}
```

Table 2-7 Log Attribute Details for Ingress Gateway

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
thread	Logging Thread Name	"ingress-h2c-epoll-3"	String

Table 2-7 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for Ingress Gateway

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
level	Log Level of the log printed	"DEBUG"	String
loggerName	Class/Module which printed the log	"ocpm.cne.gateway.filters.PreGatewayFilter"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details. Indicates that the method PreGatewayFilter is being exited.	"Exiting PreGatewayFilter"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	boolean
loggerFqn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger	String
instant	Epoch timestamp It is group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{"epochSecond":1604650229,"nanoOfSecond":4993000}	Object
contextMap	contents of log4j ThreadContext map	{"hostname":"ocsepp-ingressgateway-69f6544b8d-cdbgx", "ingressTxId":"ingress-tx-1087436877", "ocLogId":"160465022902_72_ocsepp-ingressgateway-69f6544b8d-cdbgx"}	Object
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	72	Integer
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2020-11-06 08:10:29.004"	String
ocLogId	End to End Log Identifier across the OCSEPP microservices. Helps to correlate the logs across the microservices	"1604650229002_72_ocsepp-ingressgateway-69f6544b8d-cdbgx"	String
pod	Pod Name	"ocsepp-ingressgateway-69f6544b8d-cdbgx"	String
processId	Process ID internally assigned	"1"	String
instanceType	Instance type	"prod"	String

Table 2-7 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for Ingress Gateway

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
ingressTxId	Transaction id that is added to log4j ThreadContext map and is unique to every transaction	"ingress-tx-1087436877"	String

Egress Gateway

This section provides log level attribute details for following services:

- n32-egress-gateway
- plmn-egress-gateway

Sample log statement n32-egress-gateway:

```
{
  "instant":
  {
    "epochSecond":1643968532, "nanoOfSecond":801113787, "thread":"scheduling-1", "level":"DEBUG", "loggerName":"ocpm.cne.gateway.config.DynamicRouteConfiguration", "message":"Validated the following route successfully: RoutesConfiguration [id=n32d, uri=https://ocsepp.com, order=81, predicates=[PredicateDefinition{name='Path', args={pattern=/*/n32c-handshake/**}}, filters=null, metadata={}, httpRuriOnly=null, httpsTargetOnly=null, sbiRoutingConfiguration=null]", "endOfBatch":false, "loggerFqcn":"org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger", "contextMap": {}, "threadId":72, "threadPriority":5, "messageTimestamp":"2022-02-04T09:55:32.801+0000", "ocLogId":"${ctx:ocLogId}", "pod":"${ctx:hostname}", "processId":"1", "instanceType":"prod", "egressTxId":"${ctx:egressTxId}"
  }
}
```

Sample log statement plmn-egress-gateway:

```
{
  "instant":
  {
    "epochSecond":1643971148, "nanoOfSecond":705331370, "thread":"scheduling-1", "level":"INFO", "loggerName":"com.oracle.common.metrics.ConfigClientMetrics", "message":"Pegged ConfigClient Response metric with releaseVersion 22.2.2, configVersion 1 and updated parameter false", "endOfBatch":false, "loggerFqcn":"org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger", "contextMap": {}, "threadId":72, "threadPriority":5, "messageTimestamp":"2022-02-04T10:39:08.705+0000", "ocLogId":"${ctx:ocLogId}", "pod":"${ctx:hostname}", "processId":"1", "instanceType":"prod", "egressTxId":"${ctx:egressTxId}"
  }
}
```

Table 2-8 Log Attribute Details for Egress Gateway

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
thread	Logging Thread Name	"main"	String
level	Log Level of the log printed	"DEBUG"	String
loggerName	Class/Module which printed the log	"ocpm.cne.gateway.config.DynamicRouteConfiguration"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details	"Property name: server.port and value: 8080"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	boolean
loggerFqn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger	String
instant	Epoch timestamp. It is group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{"epochSecond":1604564777,"nanoOfSecond":135977000}	Object
contextMap	Elements in log4j ThreadContext map	{}	Object
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	1	Integer
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
messageTimestamp	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ	"2020-11-05 08:26:17.135"	String
ocLogId	End to End Log Identifier across the OCSEPP microservices. Helps to correlate the logs across the microservices in OCSEPP application	"1604650229002_72_ocsepp-ingressgateway-69f6544b8d-cdbgx"	String
pod	Name of the egress pod	"ocsepp-egressgateway-69f6544b8d-cdbgx"	String
processId	Process ID internally assigned	"1"	String
instanceType	Instance type	"prod"	String
egressTxId	Transaction id that is added to log4j ThreadContext map and is unique to every transaction	"egress-tx-1087436877"	String

Nf-Mediation service

This section provides log level attribute details for mediation service:

Sample log statement mediation service:

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1661413301, "nanoOfSecond": 856094544, "thread": "Thread-0", "level": "RULE_TRAIL", "loggerName": "com.oracle.cgbu.ocmediation.ruleengine.DroolsRuleEngine", "message": "Mediation Rule files reloading successful", "endOfBatch": false, "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger", "threadId": 15, "threadPriority": 5, "ts": "22-08-25 07:41:856.041+0000", "namespace": "gwnrf", "node_name": "cnejac0106.jacvla.morrisville.us.lab.oracle.com", "pod": "ocsepp-release-seppsvc-nf-mediation-7679c47c77-zbqd2", "instanceType": "prod", "processId": "1", "ocLogId": "$ {ctx:ocLogId}", "vendor": "oracle"}
}
```

Log Attribute Details for Nf-Mediation service

Table 2-9 Log Attribute Details for Nf-Mediation service

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
instant	Epoch time. It is the group of two values epochSecond and nanoOfSecond	{"epochSecond":1604655402, "nanoOfSecond":946649000}	Object
thread	Logging Thread Name	" Thread-0"	String
level	Log Level of the log printed	"RULE_TRAIL"	String
loggerName	Class or module which printed the log	"com.oracle.cgbu.ocmediation.ruleengine.DroolsRuleEngine"	String
message	Message related to the log providing brief details.	"Mediation Rule files reloading successful"	String
endOfBatch	Log4j2 Internal Default from log4j2: false	false	Boolean
loggerFqcn	Log4j2 Internal Fully Qualified class name of logger module	org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger	String
threadId	Thread Id generated internally by Log4j2	15	Integer
threadPriority	Thread Priority set internally by Log4j2	5	Integer
namespace	Namespace for which log is generated	"gwnrf"	
node_name	Name of the worker node on which this pod is allocated	"cnejac0106.jacvla.morrisville.us.lab.oracle.com"	
pod	Name of the pod which generated these logs	"ocsepp-release-seppsvc-nf-mediation-7679c47c77-zbqd2"	

Table 2-9 (Cont.) Log Attribute Details for Nf-Mediation service

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
ts	Timestamp of log from application container. Format: yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSSZ Timestamp can be filtered using the following label :ts -> logs in containertimestamp -> logs on Kibana	"ts":"22-02-04 03:49:162.039+0000"	String
instanceType	Instance details. Example: dev, prod, qa. Note: Part of container logs but not in Kibana.	prod	String
processId	Process ID internally assigned. Note: Part of container logs but not in Kibana.	"1"	String
ocLogId	End to End Log Identifier across the OCSEPP microservices. Helps to correlate the logs across the microservices in OCSEPP application. Note: Part of container logs but not in Kibana.	\${ctx:ocLogId}	String
vendor	Vendor Name	"oracle"	String

Common Useful log attributes

The following log attributes are available only through Kibana. These attribute names are part of Kubernetes Labels which are added in SEPPs each POD.

Table 2-10 Common useful log attributes

Log Attribute	Details	Sample Value	Data Type
engVersion	Engineering version	"23.3.0"	String
mktgVersion	Marketing version	"23.3.0.0.0"	String
vendor	Vendor Name	"Oracle"	String

3

Troubleshooting SEPP

This section provides information to troubleshoot the common errors which can be encountered during the installation and upgrade of SEPP:

Note

kubectl commands might vary based on the platform deployment. Replace kubectl with Kubernetes environment-specific command line tool to configure Kubernetes resources through kube-api server. The instructions provided in this document are as per the Oracle Communications Cloud Native Environment (OCCNE) version of kube-api server.

Caution

User, computer and applications, and character encoding settings may cause an issue when copy-pasting commands or any content from PDF. PDF reader version also affects the copy-pasting functionality. It is recommended to verify the copy-pasted content, especially when hyphens or any special characters are part of the copied content.

3.1 Generic Troubleshooting Scenarios

The following are the generic troubleshooting scenarios:

3.1.1 Generic Checklist

Environment Verification

The following sections provide generic checklist for troubleshooting tips:

a. Deployment related tips

Perform the following checks before the deployment:

- Are OCSEPP deployment, pods, and services created, running, and available? .

To check this, run the following command:

```
kubectl -n <namespace> get deployments,pods,svc
```

Inspect the output and check the following columns:

- AVAILABLE of deployment
- READY, STATUS, and RESTARTS of pod

- PORT(S) of service

b. Is the correct image used and the correct environment variables set in the deployment?

To check this, run the following the command:

```
# kubectl -n <namespace> get deployment <deployment-name> -o yaml
```

c. Inspect the output, check the environment and image.

```
# kubectl -n seppsvc get deployment sepp-release-1-n32-egress-gateway -o yaml
```

d. Check if the microservices can access each other through REST interface.

To check this, run following command:

```
# kubectl -n <namespace> exec <pod name> -- curl <uri>
```

3.1.2 The environment is not working as expected

Problem:

The environment is not working as expected.

Solution:

1. Check if kubectl is installed and working as expected.
2. Check if kubectl version command works: This must display the versions of client and server.
3. Check if \$ kubectl create namespace test command works.
4. Check if kubectl delete namespace test command works.
5. Check if Helm is installed and working as expected.
6. Check if helm version command works: This must display the versions of client and server.

3.1.3 Kubernetes Node Failure

Problem

Kubernetes nodes goes down.

Error Code/Error Message

"NotReady" status is displayed against the Kubernetes node.

Symptom

On running the command `kubectl get nodes`, "NotReady" status is displayed.

Solution

Following is the procedure to identify the kubernetes nodes failure:

1. Run the following command to describe the node:

```
kubectl describe node <kubernete_node_name>
```

2. Check the nodes utilization by running the following command:

```
kubectl top nodes
```

3.1.4 SEPP Installation Verification

Problem: The SEPP installation is not successful.

Solution:

1. Verify if SEPP specific pods are working as expected by running the following command:

```
kubectl get pods -o wide -n <ocsepp _namespace>
```

Check whether all the pods are up and running.

Sample output:

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE	
ocsepp-release-appinfo-55b8d4f687-wqtgj						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-cn32c-svc-64cd9c555c-ftd8z						1/1
Running	0	113m				
ocsepp-release-cn32f-svc-dd886fbcc-xr2z8						1/1
Running	0	4m4s				
ocsepp-release-config-mgr-svc-6c8ddf4c4f-lb4zj						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-n32-egress-gateway-5b575bbf5f-z5bbx						2/2
Running	0	131m				
ocsepp-release-n32-ingress-gateway-76874c967b-btp46						2/2
Running	0	131m				
ocsepp-release-ocpm-config-65978858dc-t4t5k						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-performance-67d76d9d58-llwmt						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-plmn-egress-gateway-6dc4759cc7-wn6r8						2/2
Running	0	31m				
ocsepp-release-plmn-ingress-gateway-56c9b45658-hfcxx						2/2
Running	0	131m				
ocsepp-release-pn32c-svc-57774fdc4-2qpvx						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-pn32f-svc-586cd87c7b-pxk6m						1/1
Running	0	3m47s				
ocsepp-release-sepp-nrf-client-nfdiscovery-65747884cd-qblqn						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-sepp-nrf-client-nfmanagement-5dd6ff98d6-cr7s7						1/1
Running	0	141m				
ocsepp-release-nf-mediation-74bd4dc799-d9ks2						1/1
Running	0	141m				

2. If status of any pod is shown as ImagePullBackOff or ErrImagePull, then it can be due to:
 - a. Incorrect ImageName provided in ocsepp_custom_values_<versions>.yaml.

Then, double check the image name and tags in `ocsepp_custom_values_<versions>.yaml`.

- b. Docker registry is incorrectly configured.
Then, check docker registry is properly configured in all master and worker nodes.
3. If RESTARTS count of the pods is continuously increasing, then it can happen due to the following reasons:
 - a. MySQL primary and secondary hosts may not be configured properly in `ocsepp_custom_values_<versions>.yaml`
 - b. MySQL servers may not be configured properly. For more information about the MySQL configuration, see the *SEPP Predeployment Configuration* section in *Cloud Native Core. Security Edge Protection Proxy Installation, Upgrade ,and Fault Recovery Guide*.

3.1.5 Debugging General CNE

Problem: The environment is not working as expected

Solution:

Run the command `kubectl get events -n <ocsepp_namespace>` to get all the events related to a particular namespace.

3.1.6 Collecting the SEPP Logs to Check the Error Scenarios

Problem: The error scenarios are checked by collecting the SEPP logs.

Solution:

Run the following commands to get the logs from SEPP specific pods:

1. Run the following command to get the pods details:

```
kubectl -n <namespace> get pods
```

2. Run the following command to collect the logs from the specific pods or containers:

```
kubectl get pods -n <ocsepp_namespace>
```

3. Collect the logs from the pod and redirect to file by running `kubectl logs <pod_name> -n <ocsepp_namespace> > <Log File>`

Example:

```
kubectl logs seppsvc-cn32f-svc-57cff5665c-skk41 -n seppsvc
```

3.1.7 Helm Error During the Rollback

Problem

The Helm rollback causes failure and displays the following error:

"Duplicate value: "cnc-metrics" && cannot patch"

Symptom

The error indicates that the Helm is not able to merge the current and rollback charts.

Solution

Run the helm rollback command again with `--force` to resolve the issue.

Note

If the rollback is to be performed using `--force`, take the backup of configmap data as the config map data can be cleaned by Helm.

3.1.8 Upgrade or Rollback Failure

When Security Edge Protection Proxy (SEPP) upgrade or rollback fails, perform the following procedure:

- Check the pre or post-upgrade or rollback hook logs in Kibana as applicable.
- Users can filter upgrade or rollback logs using the pod name filter

example: `ocsepp-release-update-db`

- Check the pod logs in Kibana to analyze the cause of failure.

After detecting the cause of failure, do the following:

For upgrade failure:

- If the cause of upgrade failure is database or network connectivity issue, contact your system administrator. When the issue is resolved, rerun the upgrade command.
- If the upgrade failure occurs during the preupgrade phase, resolve the issue, then perform a upgrade. Do not perform rollback because SEPP deployment remains in the source or older release.
- If the upgrade failure occurs during the postupgrade phase, for example, post upgrade hook failure due to target release pod not moving to ready state, then perform a rollback.

For rollback failure:

- If the cause of rollback failure is database or network connectivity issue, contact your system administrator. When the issue is resolved, rerun the rollback command.

If the issue persists, contact [My Oracle Support](#).

3.1.9 Helm Test Failure

Following are the troubleshooting steps if helm test is not getting initiated:

1. Run the following command to get the cn32f-svc name:

```
kubectl get svc -n namespace
```

Example:

```
kubectl get svc -n seppsvc
```

2. Add the following property under the global section in the custom-values.yaml file.

```
.global.serviceAccountName = cn32f-svc name
```
3. Upgrade to the same app version using updated custom-values.yaml file for changes to be updated in the installation.
4. Run helm test.

3.1.10 Helm Rollback Failure with the Configmap with the Name not Found Error

Problem

Helm rollback results in failure and displays the following error:

Rollback "ocsepp" failed: no ConfigMap with the name "rss-ratelimit-map" found

Symptom

The above-mentioned error indicates that Helm is not able to merge current and rollback charts.

Solution

Run the Helm rollback again with **--force** to resolve the issue.

Note

If the rollback is to be performed using **-force**, take the backup of configmap data as the config map data can be cleaned by Helm.

3.1.11 Continuous Restart of coherence-svc Pods

Problem: Helm install might fail if the coherence-svc pod is restarting repeatedly.

When you run `kubectl get pods -n <ocsepp_namespace>`, the coherence-svc pods restart count increases continuously.

Solution: Delete the coherence-svc pod using `kubectl delete po -n <namespace> <coherence pod>` and the pod will be up and running.

3.1.12 IllegalReferenceCount Exception Occurrence in Logs of Ingress and Egress Gateways

Problem: In some environments, there can be `IllegalReferenceCount` exception in the Ingress or Egress logs which results in an unexpected traffic drop. This is visible if the incoming traffic at Gateway is not equal to the outgoing traffic.

Solution:

1. Check the per second occurrence of `IllegalReferenceCount` exception on the Gateway pods.

2. Update the following configurations in the Config Map of the affected Gateway:

```
nettyInboundExceptions:
  exceptions:
    - io.netty.util.IllegalReferenceCountException
  count: 1000 # Update this to a value less than the per second occurrence
  timePeriod: 1
```

This resets the HTTP2 connection when the count reaches the configured value for this exception within the given time period.

3.1.13 False Message while Doing the Helm Uninstall

Problem: The user gets the following false message while doing the Helm uninstall:

```
These resources were kept due to the resource policy:
[ConfigMap] egress-ratelimit-map
[ConfigMap] rss-ratelimit-map
release "ocsepp-release" uninstalled.
```

Solution:

Run the following command to reverify whether the SEPP uninstallation is successful and the config maps are deleted:

```
kubectl get cm -n <namespace>
```

Output:

```
[seppuser@thrust6-bastion-1 ~]$ kubectl get cm -n <namespace>
NAME                DATA  AGE
istio-ca-root-cert  1      87m
kube-root-ca.crt    1      87m
[seppuser@thrust6-bastion-1 ~]$
```

Note

The listed output should not have 'egress-ratelimit-map' and 'rss-ratelimit-map'.

3.2 Feature Specific Troubleshooting Scenarios

The following are the feature specific troubleshooting scenarios:

3.2.1 Cat-2 Network ID Validation Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Cat-2 Network ID Validation feature:

The incoming request is rejected at CN32F microservice**Problem:**

Incoming request gets rejected with error code configured (406 - default error code) at CN32F microservice.

Solution:

1. Search for error code SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0013 or SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0014 in CN32F logs.
2. Verify if correct regex is configured under **Header** or **Body IE** tab under Cat 2 – Network ID Validation Section of **Security Countermeasure** tab under **SEPP**.
3. Verify whether PLMN ID sent in the headers is part of PLMN ID List based on the associated SEPP configured.

The incoming request is rejected at PN32F microservice**Problem:**

Incoming request gets rejected with error code configured (406 - default error code) at PN32F microservice.

Solution:

1. Search for error code SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0016 or SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0017 in PN32F logs.
2. Verify if correct regex is configured under **Header** or **Body IE** tab under Cat 2 – Network ID Validation Section of **Security Countermeasure** tab under **SEPP**.
3. Verify whether PLMN ID sent in the headers is present in the PLMN ID List based on the associated SEPP configured.

Invalid PLMN ID in Header configurations**Problem:**

Invalid PLMN ID in Header configurations is received on SEPP.

Solution:

1. Verify if correct regex is configured against the header identifier in Header Configuration.
2. If error is thrown from CN32F microservices, verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the PLMN ID List based on the associated SEPP configurations.
3. If error is thrown from PN32F microservices, verify proper configurations PLMN ID list based on the associated SEPP configurations.

Invalid PLMN ID in body configurations**Problem:**

Invalid PLMN ID in body configurations is received on SEPP.

Solution:

1. Verify if correct regex is configured against the body IE in Body IE Configuration.
2. If the error is from CN32F microservices, verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the PLMN ID List based on associated SEPP configured.

3. If the error is from PN32F microservices, verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the PLMN ID list based on associated SEPP configured.

3.2.2 Cat-1 Service API Validation Feature

The incoming request is rejected at CN32F:

Problem: The incoming request is rejected with the configured status code (default status code is 406) at CN32F microservice.

Solution:

1. Search for error code SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0012 in CN32F logs.
2. Verify whether the proper HTTP method and Resource URI combination is sent in the request in CN32F logs.
3. Check allowed list name configured against Remote SEPP Set.
4. Verify whether the correct Resource URI and HTTP method is configured in the CNC Console GUI. Go to the **Security Countermeasure** section, check under the **Service API Allowed List** for that particular Allowed list name for N32 Egress or N32 Ingress Direction.
5. If the user is configuring a new Resource URI, ensure to configure the correct regular expression.

3.2.3 Overload Control Feature

Problem:

Incoming request does not get rejected with error code configured in CNC Console (429 - default error code) at N32 Ingress Gateway.

Solution:

1. Check whether the feature is enabled using the API: `curl -XGET http://<config-server>:<port>/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/igw/n32/ocpolicymapping`
2. Check if the correct policy is applied using the API: `curl -XGET http://<config-server>:port/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/igw/n32/ocpolicymapping`
3. Check the svcName parameter to verify whether the release name is correct or not for pn32f-svc.

Problem:

Scenario 1:

Feature is configured and enabled using REST API, still request is not getting rejected with the configured error code.

Solution

1. Fetch the current load level for N32 Ingress Gateway using the following API:

```
curl 'http://<release-name>-n32-ingress-gateway:80/igw/load-level?
svcName=<relase-name>-pn32f-svc' --http2-prior-knowledge
```

2. If the above API has the output "Normal", check CPU and memory thresholds defined using the API:

```
curl -XGET http://<config-server>:port/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/perf-info/overloadLevelThreshold
```

3. Check the CPU and memory statistics from Grafana or Prometheus to check the current CPU and memory usage.
4. Use the cgroup_cpu_nanoseconds and cgroup_memory_bytes metrics for the service mapping.
5. Either of the metrics value should reach the "onsetvalue" for a particular threshold level (defined in step 2) to be applied and feature to run.

Scenario 2:

The API mentioned in step 1 for scenario 1 returns the following error:

```
{"type":null,"title":"Service
      Unavailable","status":503,"detail":"Load level
      for service ocsepp-release-pn32f-svc is not Configured at Ingress-
Gateway","instance":null,"cause":"Load level for service ocsepp-release-pn32f-
svc is not Configured at
      Ingress-Gateway","invalidParams":null}
```

Solution

1. Check the ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml file.
2. In the Perf-info section, check the tagNamespace value. The value must be either "namespace" or "kubernetes_namespace" depending on the CNE version used.
3. Check the

```
configmapPerformance:
  prometheus: occne-kube-prom-stack-kube-prometheus.occne-infra/
clustername/prometheus
```

value. This should map to Prometheus IP and port or service IP path used to access Prometheus.

4. If any of the above have been incorrectly set, change and re-deploy SEPP.

Scenario 3:

The API mentioned in step 1 for scenario 1 returns "Connection refused" error.

Solution

1. Run the following command:

```
kubectl get svc -n <namespace> | grep n32-ingress-gateway
```

2. If the output does not have port 80 present in service, do the following:
 - a. In the ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml, set the enableIncomingHttp to true in the N32 Ingress Gateway section.
 - b. Re-deploy SEPP or upgrade the N32-Ingress-gateway service.

- c. Verify that the port 80 is enabled by running the step 1.

3.2.4 Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature

Problem

Request not getting rejected with configured code.

Solution

1. Check **rateLimiting.enabled**. This parameter must be set to True.
2. Check **globalIngressRateLimiting.enabled**. This parameter must be set to True.
3. For Egress rate limiting, check **egressRateLimiting.enabled** must be set to True.

Problem

Request not getting rejected with configured error code.

Solution

1. In Ingress Gateway check for `errorCodeProfiles` in `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file.
2. Check profile name: `ERR_1200`.
3. Change the error code from 503 to desired value.
4. Upgrade or re-deploy SEPP

3.2.5 Message Feed Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Message Feed feature:

Problem:

Messages of same transaction are getting copied to different partitions.

Solution:

Verify the configurations on all four gateways. `keybasedKafkaProducer` parameter should be set to true on all 4 gateways (n32-egress-gateway, plmn-ingress-gateway, n32-ingress-gateway, and plmn-egress-gateway).

Problem:

The feature is not working in SASL_SSL or SSL mode.

Solution:

Verify the Data Director configurations and secrets in the *Oracle Communications Network Analytics Data Director Installation, Upgrade, and Fault Recovery Guide*.

Problem

Message Copy feature not copying JSON data to Data Director (DD).

Solution

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not.
2. Check if **copyPayload** is set to false. If yes, set to **True**.

3. After re-deploying OCSEPP, verify if the data is copied at DD.

Problem

Message copy not copying data to DD as incorrect IP Port.

Solution

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not.
2. Check whether the security enabled or not.
3. If security set to false, check whether DD Unreachable<GW> has been raised.
4. If yes , then parameter must be set to correct listener IP and port
5. After re-deploying OCSEPP, verify whether data is copied at DD.

Problem

Message copy not copying data to DD as topic name incorrect.

Solution

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not.
2. Check whether the security enabled or not.
3. If security set to false, check whether the DDUnreachable<GW> has been raised.
4. If not, check the **topicName** parameter. This topic should be created in DD so that data copied can be seen on DD.
5. After creating topic, verify if data is copied at DD.

Problem

Message copy not copying data to DD (security enabled) (Case A).

Solution

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not.
2. Check whether the security enabled or not.
3. If security set to true ,check whether the DDUnreachable<GW> has been raised
4. If yes, then **kafka.bootstrapAddress** parameter must be set to correct listener IP and security port for DD.
5. After re-deploying OCSEPP, verify if data is copied at DD.

Problem

Message copy not copying data to DD (security enabled) (Case B).

Solution

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not.
2. Check whether the security enabled or not.
3. If security set to true, check whether the DDUnreachable<GW> has been raised
4. If not , then check the security configurations for DD.
5. Check the following parameters:
 - a. **userName**: must be the same as used to configure DD.
 - b. **password**: Check the secret name and Namespace details if correct.

- After re-deploying OCSEPP, verify if data is copied at DD.

① Note

All the values must be checked in `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file, as this is a Helm based feature.

3.2.6 Hosted SEPP

Problem:

The feature is Enabled and Consumer Remote SEPP Set not found (Default error code = 400).

Error Code or Error Message

Consumer Remote SEPP Set not found.

Solution:

- Check whether the following error is displayed in logs. The error is displayed if allowed P-RSS Validation is enabled and no consumer RSS is configured.

```
{
  "instant": {
    "epochSecond": 1668703429,
    "nanoOfSecond": 698428472,
    "thread": "reactor-http-epoll-4",
    "level": "ERROR",
    "loggerName": "com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.cn32f.handler.Cn32fSeppHandler",
    "message": "HostedSEPPEXception: Request not allowed as source remote sepp set not found",
    "contextMap": {
      "ocLogId": "1668703429683_71_ocsepp-release-mohit-plmn-ingress-gateway-7b86f4855c-ph9xj",
      "endOfBatch": true,
      "loggerFqcn": "org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger",
      "threadId": 15,
      "threadPriority": 5,
      "instanceType": "prod",
      "vendor": "oracle",
      "ts": "22-11-17 16:43:49.698+0000",
      "processId": "1",
      "ocLogId": "1668703429683_71_ocsepp-release-mohit-plmn-ingress-gateway-7b86f4855c-ph9xj"
    }
  }
}
```

- Verify if consumer Remote SEPP Set is present on Hosted SEPP.

Problem:

The feature is enabled and destination Roaming Partner Set is null (Error code = 400) or Remote SEPP Set is not found (Error code = 404).

Error Code or Error Message

Destination RPS is null

Solution:

- Above error is displayed if Allowed P-RSS Validation is enabled and no producer Remote SEPP Set is configured.
- Verify if the producer Remote SEPP Set is present on Hosted SEPP.

Error Code or Error Message

destinationRPS not present

Problem:

The feature is enabled and destination Roaming Partner Set not present (Default error code = 400).

Solution:

1. Following logs is displayed and the following error is displayed if destination Sepp Set is not configured in **allowedProducerRemoteSeppSets** of Consumer SEPP Set:

```
{"instant":
{"epochSecond":1668705561,"nanoOfSecond":940785763},"thread":"reactor-http-
epoll-3","level":"ERROR","loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.cn32f.han
dler.Cn32fSeppHandler","message":"HostedSEPPEXception: Request not allowed
as remote sepp set psepp not present in allowed list","contextMap":
{"ocLogId":"1668705561928_135_ocsepp-release-mohit-plmn-ingress-
gateway-7b86f4855c-
ph9xj"},"endOfBatch":true,"loggerFqcn":"org.apache.logging.log4j.spi.Abstra
ctLogger","threadId":15,"threadPriority":5,"instanceType":"prod","vendor":"
oracle","ts":"22-11-17
17:19:21.940+0000","processId":"1","ocLogId":"1668705561928_135_ocsepp-
release-mohit-plmn-ingress-gateway-7b86f4855c-ph9xj"}
```

2. Verify whether the destinationRPS is present in **allowedProducerRemoteSeppSets** configured At RSS of Consumer.
3. If it is present, then wait for cache refresh to take place as configured.

3.2.7 Steering of Roaming (SOR) Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Steering of Roaming (SOR) feature:

SOR feature is not enabled.

Problem:

SOR feature is not enabled.

Solution:

Verify the following scenarios:

- Check whether the SOR feature is enabled at CNC Console or REST API.
- Check the Remote SEPP Set, validate SOR is enabled for the given RSS.
- Check Roaming Hub is disabled, and SEPP is deployed in SEPP Mode.

SOR feature is enabled at Global or RSS level but SOR is still disabled.

Problem:

SOR is enabled at Global or RSS level but SOR is still disabled.

Solution:

Verify the following scenarios:

- Check Remote SEPP Set Configuration, check the SOR list name associated with RSS.
- Verify the method plus URI that is passed in the message request exists in the SOR List.

SOR is configured with Retry as true and server header value is provided but retry is not working.

Problem:

SOR is configured with Retry as true and server header value is provided but retry is not working.

Solution:

- Verify that the server header value given at the time of configuration matches the value that reaches in server header in the response.
- Example: SOR server header value is configured as SOR-sorfqdn.com, and message request is sent, error response is received with server header value as 'server': 'SOR-sorfqdn.com'.

In this case, if retry is true then retry will be performed.

- If server header value is not matched, even when retry is true, retry will not be performed.

3.2.8 Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set feature:

Problem: Unable to see reject list for traffic sent

Solution:

1. Check in ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml file if the rssRateLimiter.enabled parameter for N32 Ingress Gateway is set to true.
2. Check whether the feature is enabled on **Options** screen under **Remote SEPP Set**, which is under **Ingress Rate Limiting**, at CNC Console by checking whether Remote SEPP Set Ingress Rate Limiting Enabled parameter is set to true.
3. Check whether the feature is enabled on RSS level by checking RSS Ingress Rate Limiting Enabled parameter is set to true on **Remote SEPP Set** screen of CNC Console for the particular PLMN traffic.
4. Check whether the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter on **Options** screen under **Remote SEPP Set**, which is under **Ingress Rate Limiting**, at CNC Console, is being sent in traffic.

Problem: Unable to see status code in traffic set on Ingress Rate Limiting at CNC Console

Solution:

1. Check whether the status code configured is present in the RSS by checking Error configuration under **Ingress Rate Limiting** option in **Remote SEPP Set** screen for which the PLMN is being extracted.
2. Change the error code in RSS by editing **Error Configuration** under **Ingress Rate Limiting** option in **Remote SEPP Set** screen.

Problem: Unable to see error detail in traffic set on Ingress Rate Limiting at CNC Console

Solution:

1. Check whether the status code configured is present in the RSS by checking Error configuration under **Ingress Rate Limiting** option in **Remote SEPP Set** screen for which the PLMN is being extracted.
2. Change the error code in RSS by editing **Error Configuration** under **Ingress Rate Limiting** option in **Remote SEPP Set** screen.

Problem: Status code set to a different code in Error Configuration but Status code 429 is seen in rejected requests

Solution:

- Check if status code set on CNC Console is a valid HTTP Status code or in the series of 3xx. By default, these will be modified to 429.

Problem: Server header observed in logs

Solution:

- Server Header is added for the following Status codes - 408, 404, 400, and 429.

3.2.9 Cat-3 Previous Location Check feature

Problem:

Ingress request message gets rejected and displays the error code configured in the CNC Console (406 - default error code) at PN32F microservice.

Solution:

1. Search for the error codes SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 or SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 or SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 in PN32F microservice logs.
2. Verify if the correct regex is configured in Header or Body IE configuration for UE ID and Serving Network ID under Cat 3 – Previous Location Check Section under **Security Countermeasure** of SEPP CNC Console.
3. Verify if the MCC and MNC from serving network configured in either Header or Body is matching with the serving network name. The MCC and MNC values are part of the UDR response. Check whether the UDR response is success.
4. SUPI must be present in the incoming message, if it is configured for Cat-3 Previous Location Check.
5. UDR discovery procedure must be successful.
6. Coherence service must be up and running.
7. SUPI must be part of the IMSI range coming as part of the UDR profile received in UDR discovery response.
8. FQDN or IP of UDR must be reachable.
9. Proper DNS resolutions must be done for UDR discovery call, pn32f-svc for subscription use case.

3.2.10 Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature:

Problem:

The Ingress Request message is rejected and shows the error code configured in the CNC Console (406 - default error code) at the PN32F microservice.

Solution:

1. Ensure that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message.
2. Confirm that the UDR discovery procedure is successful.
3. Confirm that the UDM discovery procedure is successful.
4. Ensure that the Coherence service is up and running.
5. Check that SUPI is within the IMSI range provided in the UDR profile from the UDR discovery response.
6. Verify that the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable.
7. Make sure proper DNS resolution is done for the UDR discovery call, as well as for the pn32f-svc in the subscription use case.
8. Look for the error codes SEPP-UNAUTHENTICATED-LOCATION-TIME-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0021 or SEPP-UNAUTHENTICATED-LOCATION-TIME-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0022 in the PN32F microservice logs.
9. Check if Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both global and remote levels. If it's disabled at either level, the feature won't work.
10. Ensure that supiOrSuci and servingNetworkName (containing MCC and MNC) are present in the /nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications Request JSON body.
11. Verify that the UDR response is successful, and check if the servingNetworkName in the /nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications Request JSON body differs from the servingNetworkName in the UDR response.

Detailed Debugging Steps of the Feature

Following are the detailed Debugging steps of the feature:

Feature Configurations:

Verify the configurations on CNC Console for Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature.

Perform the following procedure to verify the **Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers** feature configurations:

1. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Security Countermeasure**.
2. Click **Cat-3 Time Location Check** under Security Counter Measure, **Unauthenticated Location** page appears underneath.
3. Click **Unauthenticated Location** under Security Countermeasure. The **Option** appears underneath.

4. Click **Option**, the option screen appears at the right pane. The Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature details are available on the screen.
5. Click **Edit** icon to modify the Option. The **Edit Option** page appears.
6. Set the **Cat 3 Time Check Unauthenticated Location Enabled** to True.
7. To access the **Remote SEPP Set** screen, click **SEPP** and then click **Remote SEPP Set**.
8. To enable the feature, the user also needs to enable the **Cat3-Time Location Check - Unauthenticated Location Enabled** parameter available at **Remote SEPP Set**.

Verify the configurations on REST API for Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature.

1. Using `/sepp-configuration/v1/security-counter-measure/time-location-check/unauthenticated-location` API, configure `timeUnAuthenticatedCheckValidationEnabled` to true along with other mandatory parameters to enable the feature at global level.
2. Using `/sepp-configuration/v1/remotesepisset` API, configure `messageFilterOnTimeUnAuthCheckEnabled` to true along with other mandatory parameters to enable the feature at RSS level.

Check Metrics for Error or Exception Scenario Analysis:

1. Evaluate the metric `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_validation_requests_total` to check the total number of validation requests received.
2. Evaluate the metrics `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_validation_failure_total` and `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure_total` to identify any failures or exceptions encountered during the validation process.
3. Evaluate the metrics `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_blacklist_requests_total` to obtain information about requests that have been blacklisted.

Confirm Measurement Units:

If a request is being rejected, it might be due to a mismatch in the units of measurement used. Ensure to use the correct units when configuring the parameters.

1. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Security Countermeasure**.
2. Click **Cat-3 Time Location Check** under Security Counter Measure, **Unauthenticated Location** page appears underneath.
3. Click **Unauthenticated Location** under Security Countermeasure. The **Option** appears underneath.
4. Click **Option**, the option screen appears at the right pane. The Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature details are available on the screen.
5. Click **Edit** icon to modify the Option. The **Edit Option** page appears.
6. Ensure to set the **Blocklist Refresh Timer Value** and **Blocklist Refresh Time Unit** to the correct value.
7. Ensure to set the **Cache Refresh Timer (milliseconds)** to the milliseconds.

Check UDM Availability:

1. Verify that the FQDN or IP address of the UDR is reachable from the network. This can be checked through configuration details if verbosity is disabled.

2. Additionally, check the `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure` exception metric.

Validate Velocity Configuration:

1. If a request is being rejected, it may be due to a mismatch in the travel time calculated by the Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature. This can happen if the velocity used for the calculation is not aligned with the expected measurement unit. Ensure that the configured velocity aligns with the unit of measurement for Average Flight Velocity, which should be set in kilometers per hour (km/h). This ensures that the calculations are consistent and that the request passes the validation.
2. To check velocity related configuration using CNC Console:
 - a. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Security Countermeasure**.
 - b. Click **Cat-3 Time Location Check** under Security Counter Measure, **Unauthenticated Location** page appears underneath.
 - c. Click **Unauthenticated Location** under Security Countermeasure. The **Option** appears underneath.
 - d. Click **Option**, the option screen appears at the right pane. The Cat-3 Time check for Roaming Subscribers feature details are available on the screen.
 - e. Click **Edit** icon to modify the Option. The **Edit Option** page appears.
 - f. Ensure that the **Average Flight Velocity (km/hr)** is set in kilometers per hour (km/hr).
3. To check velocity related configurations using REST API, in the `/sepp-configuration/v1/security-counter-measure/time-location-check/unauthenticated-location` REST API, configure the parameter `avgFlightVelocity` in kilometers per hour (km/hr).

Ensure UDM Availability:

1. Check that the UDM is present and reachable in the network. The UDM discovery procedure must be successful for the feature to function correctly. This can be checked through configuration details if verbosity is disabled.
2. Additionally, check the `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure` exception metric.

Check SUPI and SUCI in Incoming Requests:

1. Ensure that the incoming request includes a valid SUPI or SUCI.
2. If the incoming request contains a SUCI, the message will be forwarded to the UDM, which must be correctly discovered through NRF.
3. This can be checked using problem details if verbose is disabled or through logs.
4. Additionally, check the `ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure` exception metric.

Validate Country Specific Parameters:

1. Confirm that the country related parameters such as longitude, latitude, and MCC are correctly configured to ensure accurate location validation.

3.2.11 Cat-0 SBI Message Schema Validation Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios for Cat-0 SBI Message Schema Validation feature:

Problem:

The incoming request gets rejected at CN32F and PN32F microservices.

Solution:

1. Check the logs or metrics (ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure and ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure) to find the request has failed for which resource URI and HTTP method, do the following:

- a. If there is a request body failure, the following logs can be find by searching the text "Message validation failed for request body for request" :

```
{
  "instant":
  {"epochSecond":1680084693,"nanoOfSecond":192915132},"thread":"reactor-
http-
epoll-1","level":"ERROR","loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.cn32f.
handler.Cn32fSeppHandler","message":"OUT:
      Cn32fSeppHandler::Message validation failed for request body
for request:
      /nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications for method:
POST","contextMap":{"ocLogId":"1680084693177_151_ocsepp-release-plmn-
ingress-
gateway-77c69f7bbc-2fxvg"},"endOfBatch":true,"loggerFqn":"org.apache.lo
gging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger","threadId":16,"threadPriority":5,"instan
ceType":"prod","vendor":"oracle","ts":"23-03-29
10:11:33.192+0000","processId":"7","ocLogId":"1680084693177_151_ocsepp-
release-shafali-plmn-ingress-gateway-77c69f7bbc-2fxvg"}
```

- b. If there is a request query parameters failure, the following logs can be find by searching the text "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" :

```
{
  "instant":
  {"epochSecond":1678638067,"nanoOfSecond":537933800},"thread":"reactor-
http-
nio-4","level":"ERROR","loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.cn32f.ha
ndler.Cn32fSeppHandler","message":"OUT:
      Cn32fSeppHandler:: Message validation failed for
      request query parameter(s) for request:
      //nnssf-nselection/v2/network-slice-information for method:
GET","contextMap":
{"ocLogId":"1678638061928_34_"},"endOfBatch":true,"loggerFqn":"org.apac
he.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger","threadId":22,"threadPriority":5,"i
nstanceType":"prod","vendor":"oracle","ts":"23-03-12
21:51:07.537+0530","processId":"37136","ocLogId":"1678638061928_34_ocsep
p-release-plmn-ingress-gateway-77c69f7bbc-2fxvg"}
```

2. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Security Countermeasure**. Click **Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation feature** under **Security Countermeasure**, the **Message Validation List** appears underneath. Do the following:
 - a. Search for the problematic resource URI and can get the corresponding schema.
 - b. Compare the request body or request query parameter value(s) against the corresponding schema and ensure that either the request is complaint with its schema or existing schema needs updation.

3. If the user wants to know the detailed causes of message validation failures user can generate the debug logs, search for the configured error code and title or text "Error in Request Body" or "Error in Request Parameter(s)" and can get the following logs:

- a. Request body failure case log:

```
{
  "instant":
  {"epochSecond":1678392753,"nanoOfSecond":435438500},"thread":"reactor-
http-
nio-4","level":"DEBUG","loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.webfluxl
og.LoggingResponseDecorator","message":"LoggingResponseDecorator::getBod
y() Response {"title\\":\\"Message validation
failed\\",\\"status\\":406,\\"detail\\":\\"Message
validation for request /nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications failed
for remote sepp set:
RS\\",\\"instance\\":\\"/nausf-auth/v1/ue-
authentications\\",\\"cause\\":\\"Error
in Request Body\\",\\"invalidParams\\":
[\\"requestBody.traceData.traceDepth:
should be valid to any of the schemas
string\\",\\"requestBody.resynchronizationInfo.rand:
does not match the regex pattern ^[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}$
\\",\\"requestBody.servingNetworkName:
does not match the regex pattern
^5G:mnc[0-9]{3}[.]mcc[0-9]{3}[.]3gppnetwork[.]org(:[A-F0-9]
{11})?\\",\\"requestBody.traceData.eventList:
is missing but it is required\\",\\"requestBody.supiOrSuci: is
missing but it is
required\\"}]","contextMap":
{"ocLogId":"1678392742101_34_"},"endOfBatch":true,"loggerFqn":"org.apac
he.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger","threadId":22,"threadPriority":5,"i
nstanceType":"prod","vendor":"oracle","ts":"23-03-10
01:42:33.435+0530","processId":"23320","ocLogId":"1678392742101_34_"}
```

- b. Request query parameter failure case log:

```
{
  "instant":
  {"epochSecond":1680685967,"nanoOfSecond":535845100},"thread":"reactor-
http-
nio-4","level":"DEBUG","loggerName":"com.oracle.cgbu.cne.ocsepp.webfluxl
og.LoggingResponseDecorator","message":"LoggingResponseDecorator::getBod
y() Response {"title\\":\\"Message validation
failed\\",\\"status\\":406,\\"detail\\":\\"Message
validation for request /nudm-sdm/v2/imsi-987654000000001
failed for remote sepp set:
RS\\",\\"instance\\":\\"/nudm-sdm/v2/
imsi-987654000000001\\",\\"cause\\":\\"Error
in Request Parameter(s)\\",\\"invalidParams\\":
[\\"supported-features:
does not match the regex pattern ^[A-Fa-f0-9]*$
\\",\\"parameters.dataset-names: is
missing but it is required\\"}]","contextMap":
{"ocLogId":"1680685963154_34_"},"endOfBatch":true,"loggerFqn":"org.apac
he.logging.log4j.spi.AbstractLogger","threadId":22,"threadPriority":5,"i
nstanceType":"prod","vendor":"oracle","ts":"23-04-05
14:42:47.535+0530","processId":"13060","ocLogId":"1680685963154_34_"}
```

4. On the basis of failure reasons, the user can either correct the request body or request query parameter values or user can update the schema as mentioned in the step 2.

3.2.12 Configuration Failure in Remote SEPP and Remote SEPP Set

Problem:

Configuration operations (Add/ Delete/ Modify) failure in Remote SEPP and Remote SEPP Set, but user receives a 200 OK response code.

Solution:

- The user must check the value of metrics `ocsepp_configmgr_routefailure_total` before and after the configuration operations (Edit/Add/Delete).
- An increment in the counter indicates that the operation needs to be triggered again.

3.2.13 Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN feature:

Problem: Unable to see the discarded messages for the traffic sent.

Solution:

- Check `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file for the following:
 - In SEPP mode, check whether the `egressRateLimiter.enabled` parameter is set to true in the PLMN Ingress Gateway section of `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file.
 - In Roaming Hub mode, check whether the `egressRateLimiter.enabled` parameter is set to true in the N32 Ingress Gateway section of `ocsepp_custom_values_roaming_hub_<version>.yaml` file.

CNC Console

1. In the CNC Console GUI, from the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and click **Rate Limiting**.
2. Select **Egress Rate Limiting** which is defined under **Rate Limiting**.
3. The **Option** and **EgressRateLimitingList** appears underneath.
4. Click **Option**. The option screen appears at the right pane. Check whether **Egress Rate Limiting Enabled** is **true**.
5. Check whether request's **PLMN ID** is present in any of the **EgressRateLimitingList** and **Egress Rate Limiting Enabled** is set to **true**.

REST API

Check whether the `egressRateLimitingEnabled` is set to True using the REST APIs. For more details, see the Egress Rate Limiting Option Configuration and Egress Rate Limiting List Configuration REST APIs sections in the *Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy REST Specification Guide*.

Problem: Traffic is being forwarded even if tokens for the Egress Rate Limiting List are exhausted.

Solution:

- The 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header of the request must be verified before the message is dropped. If the priority in the header is less than (not equal to) Discard Message Priority property of the message in the Egress Rate Limiting List, then the message is not dropped.
- If the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header is not present, then the priority is checked in the route configuration. If a value for 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority is present in the route configuration, then the above mentioned condition is considered and the same solution is applied.
- If the priority is unknown for the request, 24 is considered as the default value for the request priority, then, the same condition as above is applied.

Problem: Status code is set to a different code in Error Configuration, but status code 429 is seen in rejected requests.

Solution: Check if status code set on CNC Console is a valid HTTP Status code or in the series of 3xx. By default, it should be 429.

Problem: The server header observed in response or logs.

Solution: The server header is observed in the response or logs, if the user configured error code is present in the Helm custom values. By default the status codes 400,404,408, and 429 are configured in Helm custom values.

3.2.14 Separate Port Configurations for N32c and N32f on the Egress Routes

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios for separate port configurations for n32c and n32f on the Egress routes feature:

Scenario: The Remote SEPP is changed with new fields of N32F configuration, and the traffic is not proper after changing the profile.

Solution:

1. Check whether the Remote Partner Set is created. If not, create the Remote Partner Set. For more information about API path, see *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy REST Specification Guide*.
2. Check if the configuration is stored inside the database correctly. Get the Remote SEPP profile using the following command and verify the configuration:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9091/sepp-configuration/v1/remotesepp/<name>'
```

- a. Check if **N32fQDN** is correct; whether it is mapped to correct DNS entry and is reachable.
- b. Check the **N32fAddress**, whether it is correctly mapped to the service. To confirm that the IP is mapped to correct service, run the following command:

```
kubectl get endpoints -n <namespace>
```

- c. Check whether the IP is mapped correctly to the intended service.
- d. Check if **N32fPort** is configured correctly.

3. Verify in the database that the routes at n32-egress-gateway are updated according to the new configuration done at Remote SEPP. Run the following command to get the routes created:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/peerconfiguration'#Sample
output[{"id":"psepp1","apiPrefix":"","Host":"<n32f-fqdn/IP>", "port":
"8888"}]
```

- a. Check in the above output if the Host and port parameter are the N32f IP and FQDN and port respectively.
- b. Run the following command to check that the ID is mapped correctly in the peer set:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/peerconfiguration'#Sample
output[{"id":"RSS-2","httpConfiguration":
[{"priority":1,"peerIdentifier":"psepp1"}]]
```

- c. Run the following command to check in routes configuration that the peerset Id is mapped correctly in the **peerSetIdentifier** parameter:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/routesconfiguration'
```

3.2.15 Alternate Routing based on the DNS SRV Record for Home Network Functions

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of alternate routing based on the DNS SRV Record for home network functions feature:

Problem: Virtual FQDNs are configured, but incoming request doesn't match any configured route.

Solution: Verify the routes and the matching criteria (URI and header) associated with each route. If the request is not matching any route, then the request will be routed via the configured default route.

Problem: The incoming requests are not routed according to the configuration defined at plmn-egress-gateway.

Solution:

- Get all the routes by using GET API.
Example:

```
curl -X 'GET' \
'http://<config-mgr-svc-ip>:<port>/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/plmn/
routesconfiguration'
```

- Verify whether the Order id of the each route is configured correctly. Lower the order id, higher will be priority of routes.
- User must reconfigure the routes by using REST APIs.

Problem: The incoming requests are not routed to the target FQDNs associated with the virtual FQDNs in the DNS service.

Solution:

You can run below commands for debugging:

- Check if alternate-route-svc is up and running.
- Use "dig" command to verify if virtual FQDN is resolvable. Example `dig -t srv "virtualFqdn"`. This command should return the list of the target FQDNs associated with the virtual FQDN.

Problem: Configurational issues at plmn-egress-gateway.

Solution: If the user faces difficulty while updating DNS SRV records, the configuration must be cleared in the following order:

1. Routes Configuration
2. Peerset Configuration
3. Peer Configuration

The order for the configurations must be as follows:

1. sbiroutingerrorcriteriasets
2. sbiroutingerroractionsets
3. Peer Configuration
4. Peerset Configuration
5. Routes Configuration

Problem: Alternate Routing is not working towards secondary/tertiary when TimeoutException occurs on Egress Gateway

Solution:

In alternate routing scenarios, when a TimeoutException occurs at the primary due to exceeding the timeout on the Egress Gateway (EGW), the re-routing or retry process may fail.

To resolve this issue, update the timeout values for the N32F services and Ingress Gateway to be at least three times greater than the timeout value set for the Egress Gateway. This ensures that re-routing or retrying can occur without the N32F service or IGW timing out prematurely, allowing the system to function effectively during a failover scenario.

Example: Default timeout values:

- N32-ingress-gateway: 1200ms
- Pn32f: 1100ms
- Plmn-egress-gateway: 1000ms

Updated values for effective routing:

- N32-ingress-gateway: 1200ms
- Pn32f: 1100ms
- Plmn-egress-gateway: 300ms

Note

When VNRF is enabled with NRF autoroute, PLGW may send an ARS lookup request using a scheme that differs from the scheme configured for the NRF. For example, although the NRF is configured with http, PLGW may send an https lookup request to ARS, or vice versa. In such cases, ARS may log a "No entry found" error because a matching DNS SRV record is not available for the requested scheme. This is expected behavior and can be ignored, as it has no functional or performance impact.

3.2.16 Load Sharing among Multiple Remote SEPP Nodes

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of load sharing among multiple Remote SEPP nodes feature:

Problem: The Remote SEPP is changed with virtualHost, and the traffic is not working properly after changing the profile

Solution:

1. Check whether the Remote Partner Set is created. If not, create the Remote Partner Set. For more information about API path, see "Remote Partner Set" section of *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy REST Specification Guide*.
2. Check if the configuration is stored inside the database correctly. Get the Remote SEPP profile using the following command and verify the configuration:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9091/sepp-configuration/v1/remotesep<name>'
```

- a. Check if the virtualHost is correct; whether it is mapped to correct DNS entry and is reachable.
- b. To verify that the virtual route is created at N32 egress gateway correctly, run the following command:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/peerconfiguration'
#Sample
output[{"id":"psepp1","apiPrefix":"","virtualHost":"<virtualHost>"}]
```

- c. Check the above output, and whether the virtualHost is mapped to the virtualHost configuration in the Remote SEPP.
- d. Check if ID is configured correctly in the peer-set:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/peerconfiguration'
#Sample output[{"id":"RSS-2","httpConfiguration":
[{"priority":1,"peerIdentifier":"psepp1"}]]]
```

3. Verify that the peerset Id in routes configuration is mapped correctly in peerSetIdentifier parameter:

```
curl -X GET 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/routesconfiguration'
```

Problem: Check whether target host is mapped against virtual host correctly.

Solution:

Run the following curl from config mgr pod:

```
curl --no-proxy "*" --http2-prior-knowledge -X GET -H 'Accept: application/json' -H 'Content-Type: application/json' 'http://<ocsepp-release-name>-alternate-route:80/lookup?fqdn=<virtualhost>g&scheme=http'
```

Sample output

```
[{"target":"ocsepp-release-adiity-n32-ingress-gateway.sepp3.3gppnetwork.org","port":443,"ttl":60,"type":"SRV","dclass":"IN","priority":10,"weight":10000}, {"target":"ocsepp-release-adiity-n32-ingress-gateway.sepp2.3gppnetwork.org","port":443,"ttl":60,"type":"SRV","dclass":"IN","priority":10,"weight":10000}]bash-4.4$
```

3.2.17 5G SBI Message Mediation Support

For troubleshooting the mediation rules using Drools Rule Language (DRL) related scenarios, see "Error Messages for Mediation Rule Configuration" section in *Cloud Native Core, Service Communication Proxy Troubleshooting Guide*.

3.2.18 Support for TLS 1.3

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of the feature:

Problem: Handshake is not established between SEPPs.

Solution:

- Check whether both the Remote Partner profiles posted are correct.
- Check the logs for N32 Ingress Gateway and N32 Egress gateway.
- If the error logs have the SSL exception, do the following:
 - Check the TLS version of both SEPPs, if both support different and single TLS versions, (that is, SEPP1 supports TLS 1.2 only and SEPP2 supports TLS 1.3 only or vice versa), handshake fails. Ensure that the TLS version is same for both SEPPs or revert to default config for both SEPPs.
 - The TLS version communication supported are:

Table 3-1 TLS Version

Client TLS Version	Server TLS Version	Negotiated TLS Version
TLS1.2+1.3	TLS1.2+1.3	TLSv1.3
TLSv1.3	TLSv1.3	TLSv1.3

Table 3-1 (Cont.) TLS Version

Client TLS Version	Server TLS Version	Negotiated TLS Version
TLSv1.3	TLSv1.2+1.3	TLSv1.3
TLSv1.2+1.3	TLSv1.3	TLSv1.3
TLSv1.2	TLSv1.2+1.3	TLSv1.2
TLSv1.2+1.3	TLSv1.2	TLSv1.2

- Check the cipher suites being supported by both SEPPs, it should be either the same or should have common cipher suites present. If not, revert to default configuration.

Problem: Pods not coming up after populating the `clientDisabledExtension` or `serverDisabledExtension` parameter.

Solution:

- Check the values given in the Helm parameters. The values listed cannot be added in these parameters:
 - `supported_versions`
 - `key_share`
 - `supported_groups`
 - `signature_algorithms`
 - `pre_shared_key`

If any of the above values is present, remove them or revert to default configuration for the pod to come up.

Problem: Pods not coming up after populating `clientSignatureSchemes` parameter.

Solution:

- Check the values given in the Helm parameters.
- Value listed below should not be removed from these parameters:
 - `rsa_pkcs1_sha512`
 - `rsa_pkcs1_sha384`
 - `rsa_pkcs1_sha256`

If any of the above values is not present, add them or revert to default configuration for the pod to come up.

3.2.19 SEPP Deployment on OCI

The following is the troubleshooting scenario of SEPP Deployment on OCI:

Title: SEPP OCI metric dashboard does not display data.

Problem: The message "Query cannot result in more than 2000 streams" is displayed on the dashboard panel, instead of displaying the data.

Solution: The customer must add label filters to the query of the panels, which are giving the error.

Example of the default query:

```
oc_ingressgateway_http_requests_total[1m]{k8namespace="cnadb-test2"}.sum()
```

Example of the query with the label filter:

```
oc_ingressgateway_http_requests_total[1m]{app = "plmn-ingress-gateway",  
k8namespace="cnadb-test2"}.sum()
```

Here, the label filter `app = "plmn-ingress-gateway"` is added to the query.

3.2.20 Georedundancy Support

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios for the Georedundancy Support feature:

Problem: One of the cnDBTier site data is not reflected on other sites.

Solution:

1. In the CNC Console GUI, from the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Georeplication Status**.
2. If the Replication Status is **Down**, then user need to perform Recovering a Failed Site procedure.
For more information on how to perform Recovering a Failed Site procedure, see "Recovering a Failed Site" section in *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide*.

Problem: Traffic is failing at C SEPP.

Solution:

Verify the following on the Grafana dashboard:

- If the error is coming from alternate-route service, then check DNS configuration.
- If the error is coming on n32-egress-gateway service, then verify routing configuration in Remote SEPP Set.

Problem: Traffic is failed on one of the producer SEPP instances even with equal weights and priorities.

Solution:

1. Verify n32-ingress-gateway pod of P SEPP is up and running.
2. Verify n32-egress-gateway logs at C SEPP and n32-ingress-gateway logs at P SEPP to identity the reason for call drop.

Problem: DNS SRV configuration is not reflecting.

Solution:

1. Verify the DNS settings and run service restart.
2. Restart the pods on C SEPP:

```
<release>-alternate-route  
<release>-n32-egress-gateway
```

Problem: cnDBTier health APIs are not working.

Solution:

Check the SEPP and cnDBTier compatibility in SEPP User Guide. If the health APIs are supported from cnDBTier 24.1.x onwards. For the earlier versions of cnDBTier, the health APIs were not supported.

For more details, see 'Support for cnDBTier APIs in CNC Console' section of *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide*.

Problem: NDB health status Screen is blank.

Solution: Enable the following parameters in cnDBTier yaml file and run the helm upgrade.

pvchealth:

enable:

all: true

mgm: true

ndb: true

api: true

3.2.21 Support for Originating Network Id Header Validation, Insertion, and Transposition

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of the feature:

Problem: The incoming SBI request does not have any of the headers 3gpp-Sbi-Originating-Network-Id or 3gpp-Sbi-Asserted-Plmn-Id and the headers is not added by the feature (applicate only in SEPP mode).

Solution:

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not global and remotely.
2. Check whether the metric `ocsepp_originating_id_header_added_total` is raised. The metric is for a successful header addition with useful information like the added header name, its value, the remote sepp, and the request URI.
3. Check whether the metrics `ocsepp_originating_header_addition_failed_total` (at CSEPP) and `ocsepp_originating_header_add_or_transpose_failed` (at PSEPP) are raised. The metrics are raised with the incoming request path, if the addition of missing header is failed due to any internal unforeseen error.
4. Check for the error log: "Error while adding missing originating network id header at consumer sepp" at C SEPP and log message: "Error while adding/transposing missing originating network id header at producer sepp" at P SEPP. The log is printed with the incoming request path, if the addition of missing header is failed due to any internal unforeseen error.

Problem: The header transposition is not working at P SEPP.

Solution:

1. Check whether the feature is enabled or not global and remotely.
2. Check whether the metric `ocsepp_originating_id_header_transposed_total` is raised. The metric is for a successful header addition with useful information like the added header name, its value, the remote sepp, and the request URI.
3. Check whether the metric `ocsepp_originating_header_add_or_transpose_failed_total` is raised. The metric is raised with the incoming request path at PSEPP in case header transposition is failed due to any internal unforeseen error.
4. Check for the error log: "Error while adding/transposing missing originating network id header at producer sepp" at P SEPP. The log is printed with the incoming request path, if the header transposition is failed due to any internal unforeseen error.

3.2.22 Proactive status updates on SEPP

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Proactive status updates on SEPP feature:

Problem: Peer marked as unhealthy or `oc_egressgateway_peer_health_status` is 1 even when peer is up or metric is not pegged.

Solution:

1. Ensure the Remote Peer is UP and running.
2. Ensure the flag `seppPeerHealthCheck` is set to "true" in `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file. If not, change it to true and run the helm upgrade.
3. Ensure in the Remote SEPP profile the **healthApiPath** and **healthApiMethod** parameters are present. If not, follow the steps to enable the feature on the CNC Console console.
4. Check the dimension `statusCode` of metric `oc_egressgateway_peer_health_ping_response_total`. If the code is expected code from peer and not present in `seppPeerHealthCheckCodes` custom values, then add in the custom values and run helm upgrade.
5. Ensure in the API Peer Configuration, the enable flag is set to "false". If not, change to false by running the REST API.

Problem: Peer is not sending configured response to health API requests.

Solution:

1. Ensure microservice is up and running
2. Ensure in the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file the flag `healthCheckMonitoring` enabled is "true". If not, change to true and run Helm upgrade.
3. Check on the CNC Console to see if the feature is enabled.
4. Check the expected request Method and URI are same as configured on CNC Console GUI.
5. Check the configured response code on CNC Console.

3.2.23 Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster

The following are the trouble scenarios of multiple SEPP instances on shared cnDBTier cluster feature:

Problem: After the cnDBTier upgrade, if the SEPP pods are stuck in an "Unready" state and the logs show a database connection failure.

Solution:

1. For cnDBTier release 23.4.0 and 24.2.0, the user should check the plugin using the following query:

```
SELECT user, host, plugin FROM mysql.user;
```

2. If the plugin value is "mysql_native_password," use an ALTER query to change the plugin from mysql_native_password to caching_sha2_password, and then proceed with the upgrade.

```
ALTER USER 'seppuser1'@'%' IDENTIFIED WITH caching_sha2_password BY  
'NextGenCne1';
```

Problem: If a geo-replication failure occurs and disaster recovery is needed due to a fatal error, the unhealthy site will be reinstalled. Then the SEPP instances associated with the restored site are unable to connect to cnDBTier and are showing an access restriction message.

```
{"instant":  
{"epochSecond":1724681253,"nanoOfSecond":107976541},"thread":"main","level":"E  
RROR","loggerName":"com.zaxxer.hikari.pool.HikariPool","message":"HikariPool-1  
- Exception during pool initialization.","thrown":{"message":"Access denied  
for user 'seppuser1'@'aclmx0466-ilom.us.oracle.com' (using password: YES)"
```

Solution:

Create the necessary NF-specific user accounts and grants to match the NF users and grants of the working site in the reinstalled cnDBTier cluster, if those user accounts do not already exist. When disaster recovery is performed due to a fatal error, only the SEPP databases are replicated on the restored cluster.

Note

NF-specific user accounts and grants must be created manually because they are not replicated.

Problem: NF-specific roles are not visible in the CNC Console GUI.

Solution:

Ensure the flag `instanceLevelAuthorizationEnabled` is set to "true" in `cncc_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file and run the Helm upgrade.

Problem: The roles that are assigned roles are not applied to the user.

Solution:

Follow the correct combination of NF-specific roles as outlined in the *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Configuration Console User Guide*.

3.2.24 Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Cat-1 NRF service API query parameters validation feature:

Problem:

The Ingress Request message is rejected and shows the error code (406 - default error code) with the message "Query Param Validation failed."

Solution:

1. Enable Required Features:
 - The Cat-1 Service API Validation feature must be enabled for the Cat-1 Service API Query Parameters Validation feature to function accurately.
 - If the request fails, make sure both the Cat-1 Service API Validation feature and the Cat-1 Service API Query Parameters Validation feature are enabled.
2. List Name Configuration:
 - Check that the list name set at the RSS level matches the list for query parameter validation.
 - Ensure the same list name is selected across all lists configured for query parameter validation.
3. NF Pair Validation:
 - Verify the pair of Network Functions (NFs) in the request. Make sure they match the configuration set of values for this feature.
4. Correct API Request Format:
 - The request must be a NRF discovery request in the following format:

`nrf-disc/v1/nf-instances?requester-nf-type={}&target-nf-type={}`
 - The requester-nf-type={} and target-nf-type={} should have the configured values for NFs.
 - Use only the GET method with this API, as the feature supports this method only.
 - Ensure both requester-nf-type and target-nf-type are included in the request.

Here are the detailed debugging steps to follow:

Feature Configurations:

1. Verify CNC Console Configurations for Cat-1 Service API Query Parameters Validation feature:
 - In the CNC Console GUI, from the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Security Countermeasure**.
 - Click **Cat 1 -Service API Validation** under **Security Countermeasure**. **Option, Service API Allowed List** , and **Cat-1 Query Parameter Validation List** appears.
 - Click **Option**, the **Options** page appears on the right pane.
 - Ensure that Enable Cat 1-Query Parameter Validation parameter and Enable Cat 1 - Service API Validation are set to True to enable the feature.

- Add any additional configurations in the **Cat 1 - Service API Query Param Validation List** page.
- 2. Verify Configurations via REST API for Cat-1 Service API Query Parameters Validation feature:
 - Use the following API to configure the "queryParamValidationEnabled" parameter to 'true':


```
/sepp-configuration/v1/security-counter-measure/feature
```
 - Use this API to configure other mandatory parameters for the feature:


```
/sepp-configuration/v1/security-counter-measure/service-api-query-param-validation-list
```

Check the following metrics and alerts for error scenario analysis:

1. Successful Requests:

To analyze all successful requests for the feature, check the metric:
ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_success_total
2. Failure Requests:

To analyze all failed requests for the feature, check the metric:
ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total
3. To analyze the error scenario, check the following alerts:

SEPPN32fServiceApiQueryParamValidationFailureAlertWarn
SEPPN32fServiceApiQueryParamValidationFailureAlertMinor
SEPPN32fServiceApiQueryParamValidationFailureAlertMajor
SEPPN32fServiceApiQueryParamValidationFailureAlertCritical

Problem:

Unable to save configurations for the Cat-1 Service API Query Parameters Validation successfully.

Solution:

1. NF Configuration:
 - Ensure that one of the following eight Network Functions (NFs) is configured: NRF, UDM, AMF, SMF, AUSF, PCF, SEPP, and SCP.
2. Correct NF Type Names and Values:
 - Verify that the **requester-nf-type** and **target-nf-type** are correctly named and assigned valid values.
3. Validation List Configuration:
 - Confirm that the **CAT1 Service API Validation** screen already contains the list you intend to configure for the SCM CAT1 Query Parameter Validation feature.
4. Mandatory Parameters:
 - Ensure that all required parameters are configured, including:
 - Name and value of **requester-nf-type** and **target-nf-type**
 - **Resource URI**

- **Method**
- **List name**
- The request must be an NRF discovery request in the following format:


```
/nnrf-disc/v1/nf-instances?requester-nf-type={}&target-nf-type={}
```
- Only the **GET** method should be used with this API, as this feature supports only the GET method.
- 5. Avoid Redundant Entries:
 - Duplicate entries for the name and value of **requester-nf-type** and **target-nf-type** are not allowed in the configuration.

3.2.25 Integrating SEPP with 5G Network Intelligence Fabric (5GNIF) feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of integrating SEPP with 5G Network Intelligence Fabric (5GNIF) feature:

Problem: 5GNIF Discovery Request Not Sent to NRF.

Solution:

1. Verify feature enablement at the Helm level:
 - Check whether the 5GNIF feature is enabled in the Helm configuration:
 - Open the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file.
 - Navigate to the `nif` section of `config-mgr-svc`.
 - Confirm that the parameter `enableNif` is set to `true`.

You can also validate this directly from the deployment using:

```
kubectl describe deploy <release-name>-config-mgr-svc -n <namespace> |
grep ENABLE_NIF
```

- Ensure the output shows `ENABLE_NIF` is set to `true`.
 - If not, update the value in the custom values yaml file and perform a Helm upgrade to apply the change.
2. Confirm feature enablement through REST API:

Use the following curl command to check if 5GNIF is enabled in the runtime configuration:

```
curl 'http://<config-mgr-svc>:<port>/sepp-configuration/v1/nif/options' -X
GET
```

- The returned JSON should show `"enabled": true`.

If this is not the case, refer to the relevant configuration section for corrective action.

3. Check discovery delay settings:

Make sure the discovery process is not being delayed due to configuration:

 - Verify the values of `nifDiscoveryInitialDelay` and `nifDiscoveryScheduledDelay`.

- The first discovery request will only be triggered after the configured `nifDiscoveryInitialDelay`.
4. Verify HTTP enablement for NIF:
Ensure that HTTP is enabled for NIF discovery:
 - Run the following command:

```
kubectl describe deploy <release-name>-config-mgr-svc -n <namespace> |
grep HTTP_ENABLED_NIF
```

- Check that `httpEnabledNif` is set to `true` in the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file.

If not, update the value and perform a Helm upgrade to apply the change.

Problem: No Peers Visible on PLMN Egress Gateway (CNCC Screen / REST API) Even After 5GNIF is Registered on NRF.

Solution:

If the PLMN Egress Gateway does not show any NIF peers, even though 5GNIF is successfully registered on the NRF, follow these steps to troubleshoot and resolve the issue:

1. Verify That the 5GNIF feature is enabled: Ensure the feature is enabled in both the Helm deployment and runtime configuration, as outlined in Scenario 1.
2. Check the 5GNIF Discovery Name Configuration:
Confirm that the `nifDiscoveryName` in `config-mgr-svc` matches the `nfType` set in the `NFProfile`:

- Run the following command:

```
kubectl describe deploy <release-name>-config-mgr-svc -n <namespace> |
grep NIF_DISCOVERY_NAME
```

- If the discovery name differs from the `nfType` in the `NFProfile`, update the value in the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file:

```
config-mgr-svc:
  nif:
    nifDiscoveryName: <correct_nfType_value>
```

- Perform a Helm upgrade to apply the changes.

3. Validate PLMN Egress Gateway Configuration for header handling:
Ensure the PLMN Egress Gateway is correctly configured to accept requests where certain headers are absent:

- Check the `configMap` for the following parameter: `sepp.headerAbsentPredicate`:
`true`
- If it's set to `false` or missing, update `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` under the `plmn-egress-gateway` section:

```
plmn-egress-gateway:
  sepp:
    headerAbsentPredicate: true
```

- Perform a Helm upgrade to apply the configuration.
4. Verify NRF Client Configuration Parameters.
In the `nrfclient` section of the configuration, verify the following parameters are set correctly:
 - `primaryNrfApiRoot`
 - `enableVirtualNrfResolution`
 - `virtualNrfFqdn`
 - `virtualNrfScheme`

Also, ensure DNS entries are properly configured and resolvable for the NRF FQDN.

5. Check the NRF Route Format in Egress Gateway:
Ensure the correct `nrf_route` is created with the appropriate structure. It should look like the following:

```
[
  {
    "id": "nrf_route",
    "uri": "egress://request.uri",
    "order": 1,
    "filters": [
      {
        "args": null,
        "name": "DefaultRouteRetry"
      }
    ],
    "predicates": [
      {
        "args": {
          "pattern": "/nnrf-*/**"
        },
        "name": "Path"
      },
      {
        "args": {
          "headerName": "oc-xfcc-dns"
        },
        "name": "HeaderAbsent"
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

- Ensure that the route ID, URI, filters, and predicates match exactly.
- Missing or misconfigured routes can prevent proper peer registration.

Problem: 500 Internal Server Error When Sending Traffic.

Solution:

1. Check routes Configuration:
If the `nifReject` route is present, it means all NIF peers have been removed.
2. Verify Peer Configuration: If the peer list is empty, do the following:

- Ensure all 5GNIF instances are in the REGISTERED state in the NRF. Re-register if needed.
- If the feature was recently disabled and re-enabled, wait for the configured `nifDiscoveryInitialDelay`, then recheck the peer list.

Problem: SBI Request Returning 404 (N32F Context Not Found).

Solution:

1. • Run the following command:

```
kubectl describe deploy <release-name>-config-mgr-svc -n <namespace> |
grep SAN_HEADER_NAME
```

- Ensure `SAN_HEADER_NAME` is set to `oc-xfcc-dns`. If not, update the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml`:

```
configs:
  sanHeaderName: "oc-xfcc-dns"
```

- Perform a Helm upgrade after making the change.

2. Check Header Predicate in PLMN Egress Gateway

- In the `configMap`, verify:
- If it's missing or false, update the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` under `plmn-egress-gateway`:

```
plmn-egress-gateway:
  sepp:
    headerAbsentPredicate: true
```

- Perform a Helm upgrade.

3. Verify Feature Configuration (SoR):

- Ensure Steering of Roaming (SoR) is not enabled.
- If SoR was previously enabled, then go to CNCC > Configurations > Gateways > EGW > PLMN Egress Gateway > Routes Configuration, and Remove all SoR routes and Disable SoR.

Problem: Alternate Routing Issues.

Solution:

1. Check Current Routing Criteria and Actions:

Run the following curl commands to inspect current error handling configurations:

```
curl http://127.0.0.1:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/plmn/
sbiroutingerrorcriteriasets
```

```
curl http://127.0.0.1:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/plmn/
sbiroutingerroractionsets
```

2. Validate Server Header:

Ensure the server header in the response matches the expected pattern defined in `sbiroutingerrorcriteriasets` (Exmple: matches `.*NIF.*`).

3. Check Response Codes

- If the response code is not one of 500, 503, or 504, you'll need to update the configuration to include the response code that caused the issue.
- In the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml`, update the following under `nif.nifRoutingErrorCriteriaSets`:

```
[{
  "id": "nif_criteria_1",
  "method": ["GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE", "PATCH"],
  "response": {
    "statuses": [
      {"status": [500, 503, 504, 502], "statusSeries": "5xx"}
    ],
    "headersMatchingScript": "headerCheck,server,via,.*NIF.*"
  }
},
{
  "id": "nif_criteria_0",
  "method": ["GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE", "PATCH"],
  "exceptions": [
    "java.util.concurrent.TimeoutException",
    "java.net.SocketException",
    "java.net.SocketTimeoutException",
    "java.net.UnknownHostException",
    "java.net.ConnectException",
    "java.net.NoRouteToHostException"
  ]
}]
```

or

```
[{
  "id": "nif_criteria_1",
  "method": ["GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE", "PATCH"],
  "response": {
    "statuses": [
      {"status": [400, 404], "statusSeries": "4xx"},
      {"status": [500, 503, 504], "statusSeries": "5xx"}
    ],
    "headersMatchingScript": "headerCheck,server,via,.*NIF.*"
  }
},
{
  "id": "nif_criteria_0",
  "method": ["GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE", "PATCH"],
  "exceptions": [
    "java.util.concurrent.TimeoutException",
    "java.net.SocketException",
    "java.net.SocketTimeoutException",
    "java.net.UnknownHostException",
    "java.net.ConnectException",
    "java.net.NoRouteToHostException"
  ]
}]
```

4. Validate EnvoyFilter:

Check that the EnvoyFilter responsible for handling headers is correctly applied:

```
kubectl get envoyfilter -n <namespace>
```

NAME	AGE
serverheaderfilter	22h

Run the following command:

```
kubectl describe envoyfilter serverheaderfilter -n <namespace>
```

Sample output:

```

kubectl describe envoyfilter serverheaderfilter -nsepp-1
Name:          serverheaderfilter
Namespace:     sepp-1
Labels:        app.kubernetes.io/managed-by=Helm
Annotations:   meta.helm.sh/release-name: servicemesh
               meta.helm.sh/release-namespace: sepp-1
API Version:   networking.istio.io/v1alpha3
Kind:          EnvoyFilter
Metadata:
  Creation Timestamp:  2025-07-23T12:11:15Z
  Generation:         1
  Resource Version:    306427514
  UID:                 b4bb357d-a8ac-48e7-937d-629ba10ebfc5
Spec:
  Config Patches:
    Apply To:  NETWORK_FILTER
    Match:
      Listener:
        Filter Chain:
          Filter:
            Name:  envoy.filters.network.http_connection_manager
  Patch:
    Operation:  MERGE
    Value:
      typed_config:
        @type:  type.googleapis.com/
envoy.extensions.filters.network.http_connection_manager.v3.HttpConnectionMan
ager
        server_header_transformation:  PASS_THROUGH
  Workload Selector:
    Labels:
      app.kubernetes.io/part-of:  ocsepp

```

Problem: Timeout Variations When NIF is Enabled or Disabled

Solution:

Timeout discrepancies occur when the NIF is either enabled or disabled. This issue typically arises during alternate routing scenarios when the primary NIF goes down, and the timeout on EgressGateway exceeds expected limits. The mismatch in timeout values results in errors when attempting to reroute traffic or retry the connection.

To resolve this, ensure that the timeout values for the N32F services and Ingress Gateway are adjusted to be at least three times greater than the timeout value on the EGW. This prevents the N32F service and IGW from timing out prematurely, allowing for a smooth re-routing or retry process.

Example: Default timeout values:

- N32-ingress-gateway: 1200ms
- Pn32f: 1100ms
- Plmn-egress-gateway: 1000ms

Updated values for stable rerouting:

- N32-ingress-gateway: 1200ms
- Pn32f: 1100ms
- Plmn-egress-gateway: 300ms

3.2.26 LCI and OCI Header Support Feature

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of LCI and OCI header support feature:

Problem: Unable to see LCI header in the response when the feature is enabled

Solution:

1. Confirm that the feature is enabled in the Helm configuration.
2. In the perf-info section, verify that the parameter configmapPerformance.prometheus is properly configured to match the Prometheus service deployed in the cluster. Ensure the perf-info service can report CPU load for the cn32f-svc and pn32f-svc microservices.
3. Ensure that any consumer NF Identity (OAuth token, User-Agent, or Via header) is included in the request.
4. Check the localLciHeaderValidity: if multiple requests occur within the validity period without breaching configured thresholds, the SEPP will not add LCI headers.

Problem: Unable to see OCI header in the response when the feature is enabled

Solution:

1. Confirm that the feature is enabled in the Helm configuration.
2. In the perf-info section, verify that the parameter configmapPerformance.prometheus is properly configured according to the Prometheus service deployed in the cluster. Confirm that the perf-info service reports CPU load for the cn32f-svc and pn32f-svc microservices.
3. Ensure that any consumer NF Identity (OAuth token, User-Agent, or Via header) is included in the request.
4. Verify that overloadConfigRange is correctly set in Helm and that the SEPP is in an overloaded state that triggers OCI header generation.
5. Check the validity period: if multiple requests happen within this period without breaching the configured thresholds, the SEPP will not add OCI headers.

3.2.27 Error Response and Logging Enhancement Troubleshooting Scenarios

The following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Error Response and Logging Enhancement feature:

Problem: Error Attributes Not Visible (e.g., `errorStatus`, `errorTitle`, `errorDetails`, `errorCause`, `sender`, `receiver`, etc.)

Solution: Ensure the Error Response and Logging Enhancement feature is enabled. To enable this feature, follow the instructions in the 'Error Response and Logging Enhancement for SEPP' section of *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide*.

Problem: Unable to Save Feature Configurations

Solution:

Verify the existing configuration by performing the following steps:

1. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **SEPP** and then click **Logging Config**.
2. On selecting **Logging Config**, the list of all application logs, package logs, and their levels configured in the system appears on the right pane.
3. Click **Edit** icon to modify the log level. The page is enabled for modification.
4. Click **View** to view the details of the log level list.
5. Ensure Correct Configuration and confirm that the correct values have been set for the Logging Config Parameters and Log Levels.
6. Verify that Additional Error Logging is enabled at the microservice level. Refer to Appendix to check which microservices support the logging enhancements.

For more details about the parameters, see CNC Console Configurations section in the *Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide*.

3.2.28 Support for PLMN Validation in Get Access Token Requests for Roaming Subscribers Troubleshooting Scenarios

Problem: Request Rejected with 406 Error (Default) at PN32F

Following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Support for PLMN Validation in Get Access Token Requests for Roaming Subscribers feature:

- Message: /oauth2/token request gets rejected with error code 406 (default).
- Cause: The requesterPLMN parameter is either missing or placed incorrectly (header, query, or body).

Solution:

1. For POST Requests:
 - requesterPLMN must be passed as a URL-encoded query param/content param.
 - Example: /oauth2/token?...&requesterPlmn=%7B%22mcc%22%3A%22310%22%2C%22mnc%22%3A%22026%22%7D

- The content-type should be application/x-www-form-urlencoded.
2. Ensure the parameter is located in the correct place based on the HTTP method being used.

Problem: Request Rejected with 406 for OAuth /oauth2/token Request

- Message: Request fails with error code 406 at PN32F.

Solution:

1. Check Logs: Review the PN32F logs for Feature Debug logs to identify any specific errors.
2. Verify Cat-2 Network ID Validation Configuration:
 - Ensure /oauth2/token has valid entries for requesterPlmn/requesterPlmnList with regex "mcc-mnc".
 - Confirm these configurations are loaded in your deployment (ingress/egress).
3. Whitelist POST Method: If using POST, ensure /oauth2/token is included in the Service API whitelist.
4. Correct Parameter Placement: Place requesterPLMN in the correct location (query param/content param for POST).
5. Validate Parameter Format: Ensure requesterPLMN is a valid URL-encoded JSON with valid mcc/mnc values.
6. Check PLMN ID Consistency: Ensure that requesterPLMN or requesterPLMNList contains the correct PLMN ID, matching the originating C-SEPP PLMN ID.

Problem: Invalid Body PLMN Validation

Message: Request is rejected with 406 for /oauth2/token.

Solution:

1. Confirm Body Validation: Verify if Body PLMN validation is configured for /oauth2/token in the Cat-2 Network ID Validation configuration.
2. Disable or Adjust Body Validation (if needed): If Body validation isn't required for OAuth, remove or disable the header validation for this resource/method.
3. Ensure Valid Body Structure:
 - The mcc value should be 3 digits, and mnc should be 2 or 3 digits.
 - Ensure the body matches the configured regex (example: "mcc-mnc").
4. Check Local/Allowed PLMN Sets: Verify that the requested PLMN is included in the allowed list.
5. Verify that the logs no longer contain BODY_VALIDATION_FAILED.

Problem: Missing requesterPLMN or requesterPLMNList

Message: Request lacks the required requesterPLMN (or requesterPLMNList)

Solution:

1. Add Missing Parameter: For POST requests, ensure requesterPLMN is provided as a URL-encoded query param/content param or as a form-encoded body parameter.
2. Ensure Correct requesterPLMNList Format: If using requesterPLMNList, ensure it follows the correct structure and parsing rules.

3. Verify logs to ensure there are no missing parameter errors..

Problem : Malformed or Non-URL-encoded requesterPLMN

Message: 400/406 error due to malformed JSON or lack of URL encoding.

Solution:

1. Ensure Correct URL Encoding: Example: {"mcc":"310","mnc":"026"} should be URL-encoded as %7B%22mcc%22%3A%22310%22%2C%22mnc%22%3A%22026%22%7D.
2. Check Content-Type: Ensure the content-type for POST requests is application/x-www-form-urlencoded.
3. Compare against a valid payload from the repository.

Problem: Invalid MCC/MNC Values

Message: Non-numeric or incorrect-length mcc/mnc values (e.g., mcc=1ab, 5-digit PLMN).

Solution:

1. Correct MCC and MNC Length: Ensure mcc is exactly 3 digits and mnc is 2 or 3 digits.
2. Remove Invalid Characters: Ensure that mcc and mnc are numeric only, with no leading or trailing spaces.
3. Review the logs to verify that the validation was successful.

Problem: PLMN Not in Allowed List

Message: 406 error with logs indicating "Network ID not present" or "PLMN ID not present in PLMN SET".

Solution:

1. Check Allowed List: Verify the NetworkIDValidatorConfig (ingress/egress) for correct allow-list mappings.
2. Review Roaming Partner Configurations: Check the roaming partner/remote SEPP PLMN settings.
3. Add Missing PLMN: Add the missing PLMN to the appropriate allowed list or roaming partner profile.
4. Reload or propagate configurations.
5. Verify acceptance of the request.

Problem : Parameter in Incorrect Location

Message: Validation looks for parameters in one location (body for POST), but they are elsewhere (header, path, or wrong place).

Solution:

1. Correct Placement for POST: Ensure requesterPLMN is in the form body for POST requests.
2. Verify with the corrected placement.

Problem: Incorrect requesterPLMNList Formatting

Message: Format of requesterPLMNList doesn't match the configured parser.

Solution:

1. Validate List Format: Ensure there requesterPLMNList is a valid JSON array of objects with correct mcc/mnc values.
2. Isolate Issues with Single requesterPLMN: Test using a singlerequesterPLMN first, then scale to the full list.
3. Verify the parsing and validation success.

Quick Testing Snippets:

POST Request Example:

```
curl -vk -X POST "https://<sepp-host>/oauth2/token" \
  -H "content-type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded" \
  --data
'grant_type=client_credentials&nfInstanceId=&nftype=AUSF&requesterPlmn=%7B%
22mcc%22%3A%22310%22%2C%22mnc%22%3A%22026%22%7D&scope=nudm-
ueau&targetNfType=UDM'
```

Expected Outcome:

- The OAuth token request should be accepted if:
 - requesterPLMN is present, correctly URL-encoded, valid (mcc/mnc), included in the allowed list (if required), and the method or path is properly whitelisted.

3.2.29 Support for Max-Response Timer Header in SEPP Troubleshooting Scenarios

Following are the troubleshooting scenarios of Support for Max-Response Timer Header in SEPP feature:

Problem: Feature Not Functioning as Expected**Solution:**

Ensure the feature is properly enabled for it to work as expected. You can enable or disable the feature by modifying the global parameter in the `ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml` file. By default, the value is set to "false".

Parameter to Enable SBI Timer Header Support:

```
seppMaxRspTimerEnabled: &MaxRspTimerEnable true
```

For more information about the configuration, refer to the 'Managing the Feature' section.

Problem: Feature Failing to Function Correctly**Solution:**

If the feature fails to work, check the following metrics to identify the possible cause of the failure:

- Failure Metrics:
 - `oc_egressgateway_request_failure_total`
 - `oc_ingressgateway_request_failure_total`

- Timezone Mismatch Metrics:
 - oc_egressgateway_sbitimer_timezone_mismatch
 - oc_ingressgateway_sbitimer_timezone_mismatch

Problem: Alerts Indicating Failures

Solution:

Review the triggered alerts related to the failure. Once an alert is identified, follow the resolution steps associated with it.

3.3 HTTP Response Codes and Error Codes

The following are the HTTP Response Codes:

Table 3-2 HTTP Response Codes and Error Codes

Data Type	Mandatory(M)/Optional(O)/Conditional(C)	Cardinality	Response Code	Description
ProblemDetails	C	1	400 - BAD REQUEST	SEPP config-mgr-svc shall send the response when the Request body received is not as per defined Data Model.
ProblemDetails	C	1	500 - INTERNAL SERVER ERROR	SEPP config-mgr-svc shall send the response when an internal error has occurred.
Response Body as per Data Model defined	C	1	200 - OK	SEPP config-mgr-svc shall send the response when the request is successful.
ProblemDetails	C	1	404 - NOT FOUND	SEPP config-mgr-svc shall send the response when the requested entry is not present in the database.

Error Codes and Recovery Steps

The following tables list the various SEPP error codes and the recovery steps:

Table 3-3 Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0002	Remote Sepp record not found	GET remotesepp/{name} DELETE remotesepp/{name} PATCH remotesepp/{name}	This error is observed if the provided name in the request is not present.	Verify that Remote SEPP name given in request parameter is present.

Table 3-3 (Cont.) Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0003	N32F Context not found record not found	GET handshakestatus/ fqdn/{fqdn} GET handshakestatus/ name/{name}	This error is observed if the context with given name or fqdn in the request parameter is not found.	Verify that context with given name or fqdn in request parameter is present in DB.
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0005	Database connection is down	Can be thrown from any Method (Generic Exception if application is unable to connect with Database)	This error is observed if the application is unable to make the connection with Database.	Verify that DB is up and running.
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0007	SQL Grammer exception	PUT remoteseppset/ {name}	This error is observed if there is some corruption in the Database related to Remote SEPP Set table (This error gets generated for all the commands that is trying to access corrupted table or Database).	Recheck the corruption in database and re-install SEPP
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0008	Constraint violation exception of database table columns	PUT {remoteSepp}	This error is observed when one of the mandatory parameters required for remote SEPP are not present.	Verify that mandatory parameter like name, seppfqdn are present.
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0009	Unsupported security capability list exception	POST / remotesepp PUT remotesepp/ {name} PATCH remotesepp/ {name}	This error is observed if unsupported securityCapabilityList is provided in request.	Make sure securityCapabilityList provided is supported by SEPP. Allowed security capability list is 'TLS' and 'TLS and PRINS'.
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0010	Update not allowed on table entry exception	PUT remotesepp/ {name} PATCH remotesepp/ {name}	This error is observed if given parameter to update is same as configured one or trying to update mandatory parameter.	Verify that the parameter provided in the request to update is different from the configured one or not while updating any mandatory parameter like name, seppfqdn etc.
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0011	Remote Sepp already present	POST / remotesepp	This error is observed if Remote SEPP with same seppfqdn is already present in DB.	Verify that seppfqdn provided in configuration request is not already present in DB.

Table 3-3 (Cont.) Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0012	Mandatory Parameter Update Not Allowed	PUT remotesepp/ {name} PATCH remotesepp/ {name}	This error is observed if the user is trying to update the value of mandatory parameter which is not allowed.	Verify that some of the mandatory parameters are not allowed to be updated. Those allowed should match with the value in the request.
SEPP-COM-ERROR-0013	Invalid PLMN List in Request	POST / remotesepp PUT / remotesepp	This error is observed if the user has configured PLMN in incorrect format in PLMNID List.	Verify the entered PLMN (mcc and mnc) in PLMNID List while configuring Remote Sepp.
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0020	Remote Sepp Set not found	GET RemoteSeppSet/ {name}	This error is observed if the Remote Sepp Set is not present	Give the Remote SEPP Set name that exist in the database
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0021	Remote Sepp Set associated with Remote SEPP	DELETE RemoteSepp/ {name} PUT RemoteSepp/ {name} PATCH RemoteSepp/ {name}	This error is observed if Remote SEPP is associated with Remote Sepp Set, it gives this error on deletion.	Disassociate the Remote Sepp from Remote SEPP Set by executing the Remote SEPP Set PUT command. Or Do the following: • Delete the Remote Sepp Set • Delete the Remote Sepp • Create Remote Sepp Set again
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0022	Remote Sepp Set already exists	POST RemoteSeppSet/ {name}	This error is observed if Remote Sepp Set already exists and same entry is added again.	Use a unique name in Remote Sepp Set

Table 3-3 (Cont.) Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-COM-DB-ERROR-0023	Remote Sepp Set configuration error	PUT RemoteSeppSet/{name} POST RemoteSeppSet/{name}	- Remote Sepp Set does not exists - Requested Remote Sepp does not exists - At least one Remote Sepp should be associated with Remote Sepp Set - Configured Domains are different between peers - Remote Sepp Set exists with same domain - Configured PLMNs are different between peers - Remote Sepp Set exists with same PLMN - Configured PLMNs/Domains are different between peers - Associating Remote Sepp should be unique for Remote Sepp Set	- Give the Remote SEPP Set name that exists in the database - Give the Remote SEPP name that exists in the database - Give at least a single Remote Sepp name while creating a Remote Sepp Set - Check that each Remote Sepp has same Domain when creating a Remote Sepp Set - Check that each Remote Sepp has same PLMN when creating a Remote Sepp Set - Check that each Remote Sepp name is unique while creating a Remote Sepp Set
SEPP-COM-xx-ERROR-0101	Config Not Acceptable	PUT POST PATCH /v1/remotesep/	This error is observed if PLMNidList is empty or PLMNidList size is greater than max size allowed or if domain is null.	Verify that PLMNidList is not empty or PLMNidList size is not greater than max size allowed or if domain is not null.
SEPP-COM-xx-ERROR-0102	Mandatory Parameter Missing	POST /remotesep POST /remotesepset	This error is observed if mandatory parameter is missing in request.	Verify that all mandatory parameter for configuration of Remote SEPP or Remote SEPP Set is present

Table 3-3 (Cont.) Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-COM-xx-ERROR-0103	Connection could not be established on N32c interface	POST / remotesepp DELETE remotesepp/{name} PUT remotesepp/{name} PATCH remotesepp/{name}	This error is observed if n32c service is down or not up and running.	Verify that n32c service is up and running
SEPP-COM-xx-ERROR-0104	Invalid Value for Parameter		This Error occurs when user enters the invalid value for Enum Field in SEPP.	
SEPP-COM-SVR-ERROR-0404	Unable to connect to EGW to sync config	PUT peerconfiguration / peersetconfiguration / routesconfiguration	This error is observed if config mgr is not able to update peer/peersest/routes configurations at EGW.	Verify that common configuration server is up and running.
SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0013	PLMN ID Validation In Header Failed	NA	This error is observed if PLMN ID is not matched in header of the incoming request on CN32F microservice.	- Verify if correct regex is configured against the header identifier in Header Configuration. - Verify if MCC & MNC combination is present in the Remote PLMN ID List.
SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0014	PLMN ID Validation In Body Failed	NA	This error is observed if PLMN ID is not matched in body of the incoming request on CN32F microservice.	- Verify if correct regex is configured against the body IE in Body IE Configuration. - Verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the Remote PLMN ID List.
SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0016	PLMN ID Validation In Header Failed	NA	This error is observed if PLMN ID is not matched in header of the incoming request on PN32F microservice.	- Verify if correct regex is configured against the header identifier in Header Configuration. - Verify if MCC & MNC combination is present in the helm based local PLMN ID list.

Table 3-3 (Cont.) Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0017	PLMN ID Validation In Body Failed	NA	This error is observed if PLMN ID is not matched in body of the incoming request on PN32F microservice.	- Verify if correct regex is configured against the body IE in Body IE Configuration. - Verify if MCC & MNC combination is present in the helm based local PLMN ID list.
SEPP-SECURITY-PLMN-HEADER-ERROR-0015	PLMN ID Validation In Header Failed	NA	- Verify if correct regex is configured against the header in header Configuration. - Verify if MCC & MNC combination is present in the helm based local PLMN ID list.	If PLMN ID is not matched in the header of the incoming request. Metrics can be checked for the details for which it has failed.
SEPP-SECURITY-PLMN-BODY-ERROR-0016	PLMN ID Validation in body failed	NA	- Verify if correct regex is configured against the body IE in Body IE Configuration. - Verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the helm based local PLMN ID list.	If PLMN ID is not matched in the body of the incoming request. Metrics can be checked for the details for which it has failed.

The following are the error codes of Mediation feature:

Table 3-4 Mediation Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-001	Mediation Trigger Rule Not Found.	GET /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName} DELETE /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Requested Trigger Rule List does not exist.	Give the Trigger Rule List Name that exist in Database.

Table 3-4 (Cont.) Mediation Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/ Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-002	Unsupported Trigger Points	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Trigger Points provided in configuration request body is not supported.	Provide valid Trigger Points in Configuration Request. Valid Trigger Points : N32_Egress_Request N32_Ingress_Response N32_Ingress_Request N32_Egress_Response
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-003	Mediation Trigger Mandatory Parameter Update Not Allowed.	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Trigger Rule List mandatory parameter like TriggerRuleListName can not be updated.	Make sure TriggerRuleListName you are providing in configuration request url is same as name in request url path.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-004	Trigger Rule is Mandatory Parameter.	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	If MediationAllEnabled is false and there is no TriggerRules or empty TriggerRules in request.	If MediationAllEnabled is false, then make sure there is TriggerRules Provided in Request.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-005	Invalid Error Status Code	PUT /mediation/feature	Invalid Http Status Code is provided in Error Configuration Request.	Make sure to provide valid HTTP Status Code in statusCode field in Error Configuration Request
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-006	Invalid ResourceURI and HTTPMethod Error	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	ResourceURI and HttpMethod provided in Request is not valid.	Make sure to provide ResourceURI and HttpMethod combination that is configuration for SEPP, already present in Database.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-007	DELETE Not Allowed	DELETE /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Trigger Rule List Delete Not Allowed.	Ensure you are deleting only that Trigger Rule List that is not associated with Remote SEPP Set.

Table 3-4 (Cont.) Mediation Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Command/ Method	Description	Recovery Steps
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-008	Trigger Rule Configuration Error	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Error in Configuration of Trigger Rule List.	Ensure there is no duplicated ResourceURI and Method in request body.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-009	Mediation Trigger Rules Configuration Mandatory Parameter Missing Error	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Mediation Trigger Rules Configuration Mandatory Parameter Missing in configuration request.	Ensure all mandatory parameters are present in Mediation Trigger Rule Configuration request.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-010	Multiple Local Trigger Rule List Configuration Error	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	Multiple Local Trigger Rule List Configuration is Not Allowed.	Make sure we are not configuring another Local Trigger Rule List if there is already one configured in DB. Only one Local Trigger Rule List can be configured for SEPP.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-011	Mediation Feature Mandatory Parameter Error	PUT /mediation/feature	Mediation Feature Configuration Mandatory Parameter is missing.	Make sure if FeatureEnabled is true in request then all field Error Configuration is present in request.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-012	Mediation Local Trigger Rule IPX Mode Error	PUT /sepp-mediation-trigger-rule-list/{triggerRuleListName}	In IPX Mode SEPP allow only 2 Trigger Points (N32 Ingress Request, N32 Egress Response) in local TRL configuration.	Make sure there is not any invalid Trigger Points like N32 Egress Request or N32 Ingress Response in Local Trigger Rule Configuration Request.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-013	Mediation service is not available	PUT /mediation/feature	Mediation Service Not deployed.	Before Enabling Mediation Feature through API , make sure Mediation Service is being deployed for SEPP.
SEPP-MEDIATION-ERROR-014	Invalid Error Action	PUT /mediation/feature	Invalid Error Action in Mediation Feature Configuration request.	Make sure to provide valid ErrorAction in Mediation Feature Configuration request in ErrorConfiguration section.

The following are the error codes of Cat-1 feature:

Table 3-5 Cat-1 Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Description	Recovery
SEPP-SECURITY-ERROR-001	Service API not in allowed list	If resource URI and Http Method is not matched as per the configured allowed list on SEPP.	Verify whether the proper Resource URI and HTTP method is configured in the CNC Console GUI. Go to the Security Countermeasure section, check under the Service API Allowed List for that particular Allowed list name for N32 Egress or N32 Ingress Direction.
SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0012	Service API Validation Failed	This error occurs on CN32F microservice. If resource URI and Http Method is not matched as per the configured allowed list on SEPP.	Verify whether the proper Resource URI and HTTP method is configured in the CNC Console GUI. Go to the Security Countermeasure section, check under the Service API Allowed List for that particular Allowed list name for N32 Egress or N32 Ingress Direction.
SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0015	Service API Validation Failed	This error occurs on PN32F microservice. If resource URI and Http Method is not matched as per the configured allowed list on SEPP.	Verify whether the proper Resource URI and HTTP method is configured in the CNC Console GUI. Go to the Security Countermeasure section, check under the Service API Allowed List for that particular Allowed list name for N32 Egress or N32 Ingress Direction.

The following are the error codes of Cat-2 Network ID Validation feature:

Table 3-6 Cat-2 Network ID Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Description	Recovery
SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0013	Network ID Validation In Header Failed	Check whether PLMN ID is not matched in header of the incoming request on CN32F microservice.	1. Verify if correct regex is configured against the header identifier in Header Configuration. 2. Verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the visitor or target PLMN ID List based on the associated SEPP configuration

Table 3-6 (Cont.) Cat-2 Network ID Error Codes and Recovery Steps

Error Code	Error Text	Description	Recovery
SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0014	Network ID Validation In Body Failed	Check whether PLMN ID is not matched in body of the incoming request on CN32F microservice.	1. Verify if correct regex is configured against the body IE in Body IE Configuration. 2. Verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the home or visitor PLMN ID List based on configuration of associated SEPP.
SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0016	Network ID Validation In Header Failed	Check whether PLMN ID is not matched in header of the incoming request on PN32F microservice.	1. Verify if correct regex is configured against the header identifier in Header Configuration. 2. Verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the target or visitor PLMN ID list based on the associated SEPP configuration.
SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0017	Network ID Validation In Body Failed	Check whether PLMN ID is not matched in body of the incoming request on PN32F microservice.	1. Verify if correct regex is configured against the body IE in Body IE Configuration. 2. Verify if MCC and MNC combination is present in the target or visitor PLMN ID list based on the associated SEPP configuration.

Table 3-7 Cat-3 Previous Location Check Error Codes

Error Code	Error Text	Description	Recovery
SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 or SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018	Previous Location Check Validation Failed	This error code is observed only on PN32F microservice. If Serving Network ID is not matching against the serving network ID coming from UDR response, to check whether UE authentication is success. This error also occurs if the authentication from UDR is false.	1. Verify whether the correct regex is configured against the serving network identifier in either Header or Body Configuration. 2. Verify whether the MCC and MNC combination is present in the Serving Network ID. 3. Verify whether the identifier coming in the ingress request on PN32F microservice is also same as the serving Network name coming as part of the UDR response if UE authentication is successful.
SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020	Previous Location Check Validation Failed Due To Exception	This error will occur if the system is not able to extract the SUPI, or if the incoming message doesn't contain SUPI, or if there are any sort of connectivity issues with NRF or UDR.	1. Verify if correct regex for UE ID in Header or Body configuration screen is configured due to which correct UE ID value is extracted. 2. Verify if the incoming message has SUPI. 3. Verify whether the FQDN or IP fetched for the UDR as part of NRF discovery call is reachable. 4. Verify if UDR discovery procedure from NRF is successful. 5. Verify if the SUPI received in the Ingress request message is part of the SUPI range received in UDR profile from discovery response from NRF.

4

Debug Tool

Overview

The Debug Tool provides third-party troubleshooting tools for debugging the runtime issues in a lab environment.

Following are the available tools:

- tcpdump
- ip
- netstat
- curl
- ping
- dig

Preconfiguration Steps

This section explains the preconfiguration steps for using the debug tool:

Note

- For the CNE 23.2.0 and later versions, follow the [Step a](#) of Configuration in CNE to Update the Cluster Policies and Add Namespace.
- For the CNE 23.1.x and previous versions, follow the [Step b](#) of Configuration in CNE for PodSecurityPolicy (PSP) Creation, Role Creation, and RoleBinding Creation.

1. Configuration in CNE

Perform the following configurations in the Bastion Host. You need admin privileges to perform these configurations.

- a. When NEF is installed on CNE version 23.2.0 or above

Note

- In CNE version 23.2.0 or above, the default CNE 23.2.0 Kyverno policy, disallow-capabilities, do not allow NET_ADMIN and NET_RAW capabilities that are required for debug tool.
- To run Debug tool on CNE 23.2.0 and above, the user must modify the existing Kyverno policy, disallow-capabilities, as below.

Adding a Namespace to an Empty Resource

- i. Run the following command to verify if the current disallow-capabilities cluster policy has namespace in it.

Example:

```
$ kubectl get clusterpolicies disallow-capabilities -oyaml
```

Sample output:

```
apiVersion: kyverno.io/v1
kind: ClusterPolicy
...
...
spec:
  rules:
    -exclude:
      any:
        -resources: {}
```

- ii. If there are no namespaces, then patch the policy using the following command to add <namespace> under resources:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "add", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/
resources", "value": {"namespaces":["<namespace>"]} }]'
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "add", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/
resources", "value": {"namespaces":["ocnef"]} }]'
```

Sample output:

```
apiVersion: kyverno.io/v1
kind: ClusterPolicy
...
...
spec:
  rules:
    -exclude:
      resources:
        namespaces:
          - sepp1
```

- iii. If in case it is needed to remove the namespace added in the above step, use the following command:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "replace", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/
resources", "value": {} }]'
```

Sample output:

```
apiVersion: kyverno.io/v1
kind: ClusterPolicy
...
...
spec:
  rules:
    -exclude:
      any:
        -resources: {}
```

Adding a Namespace to an Existing Namespace List

- i. Run the following command to verify if the current disallow-capabilities cluster policy has namespaces in it.

Example:

```
$ kubectl get clusterpolicies disallow-capabilities -oyaml
```

Sample output:

```
apiVersion: kyverno.io/v1
kind: ClusterPolicy
...
...
spec:
  rules:
    -exclude:
      any:
        -resources:
          namespaces:
            -namespace1
            -namespace2
            -namespace3
```

- ii. If there are namespaces already added, then patch the policy using the following command to add <namespace> to the existing list:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "add", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/resources/
  namespaces/-", "value": "<namespace>" }]'
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "add", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/resources/
  namespaces/-", "value": "seppsvc" }]'
```

Sample output:

```
apiVersion: kyverno.io/v1
kind: ClusterPolicy
...
```

```
...
spec:
  rules:
    -exclude:
      resources:
        namespaces:
        -namespace1
        -namespace2
        -namespace3
        - sepp1
```

- iii. If in case it is needed to remove the namespace added in the above step, use the following command:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "remove", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/
resources/namespaces/<index>"}]'
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl patch clusterpolicy disallow-capabilities --type=json \
  -p='[{"op": "remove", "path": "/spec/rules/0/exclude/any/0/
resources/namespaces/3"}]'
```

Sample output:

```
apiVersion: kyverno.io/v1
kind: ClusterPolicy
...
...
spec:
  rules:
    -exclude:
      resources:
        namespaces:
        -namespace1
        -namespace2
        -namespace3
```

Note

While removing the namespace, provide the index value for namespace within the array. The index starts from '0'.

- b. When NEF is installed on CNE version prior to 23.2.0

PodSecurityPolicy (PSP) Creation

1. Log in to the Bastion Host.
2. Create a new PSP by running the following command from the bastion host. The parameters **readOnlyRootFilesystem**, **allowPrivilegeEscalation**, **allowedCapabilities** are required by the debug container.

Note

Other parameters are mandatory for PSP creation and can be customized as per the CNE environment. **Default values** are recommended.

```
$ kubectl apply -f - <<EOF

apiVersion: policy/v1beta1
kind: PodSecurityPolicy
metadata:
  name: debug-tool-psp
spec:
  readOnlyRootFilesystem: false
  allowPrivilegeEscalation: true
  allowedCapabilities:
  - NET_ADMIN
  - NET_RAW
  fsGroup:
    ranges:
    - max: 65535
      min: 1
    rule: MustRunAs
  runAsUser:
    rule: MustRunAsNonRoot
  seLinux:
    rule: RunAsAny
  supplementalGroups:
    rule: RunAsAny
  volumes:
  - configMap
  - downwardAPI
  - emptyDir
  - persistentVolumeClaim
  - projected
  - secret
EOF
```

Role Creation

Run the following command to create a role for the PSP:

```
kubectl apply -f - <<EOF
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: Role
metadata:
  name: debug-tool-role
  namespace: seppsvc
rules:
- apiGroups:
  - policy
  resources:
  - podsecuritypolicies
  verbs:
  - use
EOF
```

```
resourceNames:
- debug-tool-psp
EOF
```

RoleBinding Creation

Run the following command to attach the service account for your NF namespace with the role created for the tool PSP:

```
$ kubectl apply -f - <<EOF
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
  name: debug-tool-rolebinding
  namespace: seppsvc
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: Role
  name: debug-tool-role
subjects:
- kind: Group
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  name: system:serviceaccounts
EOF
```

For parameter details, see [Debug Tool Configuration Parameters](#).

1. Configuration in NF specific Helm

Following updates must be performed in custom_values.yaml file.

- a. Log in to the NF server.
- b. Open the custom_values file:

```
$ vim <custom_values file>
```

- c. Under global configuration, add the following:

```
# Allowed Values: DISABLED, ENABLED
podSecurityPolicy: "DISABLED"
extraContainers: "DISABLED"
debugToolContainerMemoryLimit: 4Gi
extraContainersImageDetails:
  image: ocdebugtool/ocdebug-tools
  tag: debug_container_tag
  imagePullPolicy: Always
extraContainersVolumesTpl: |
- name: debug-tools-dir
  emptyDir:
    medium: Memory
    sizeLimit: {{ .Values.global.debugToolContainerMemoryLimit |
quote }}
extraContainersTpl: |-
- command:
  - /bin/sleep
  - infinity
```

```

name: tools
resources:
  requests:
    ephemeral-storage: "512Mi"
    cpu: "0.5"
    memory: {{ .Values.global.debugToolContainerMemoryLimit |
quote }}
  limits:
    ephemeral-storage: "512Mi"
    cpu: "1"
    memory: {{ .Values.global.debugToolContainerMemoryLimit |
quote }}
securityContext:
  allowPrivilegeEscalation: true
capabilities:
  drop:
    - ALL
  add:
    - NET_RAW
    - NET_ADMIN
  runAsUser: 1012
volumeMounts:
- mountPath: /tmp/tools
  name: debug-tools-dir

```

Note

- Debug Tool Container comes up with the default user ID - 7000. If you want to override this default value, use the `runAsUser` field, or else, you can skip the field.

Default value: uid=7000(debugtool) gid=7000(debugtool)
groups=7000(debugtool)

- In case you want to customize the container name, replace the `name` field in the above values.yaml with the following:

```

name: {{ printf "%s-tools-%s" (include "getprefix" .)
(include "getsuffix" .) | trunc 63 | trimPrefix "-" |
trimSuffix "-" }}

```

This will ensure that the container name is prefixed and suffixed with the necessary values.

- d. Under service specific configurations for which debugging is required, add the following:

```

# Allowed Values: DISABLED, ENABLED, USE_GLOBAL_VALUE
extraContainers: USE_GLOBAL_VALUE

```

Note

- At the global level, `extraContainers` flag can be used to enable or disable injecting extra containers globally. This ensures that all the services that use this global value have extra containers enabled or disabled using a single flag.
- At the service level, `extraContainers` flag determines whether to use the extra container configuration from the global level or enable or disable injecting extra containers for the specific service.

Run the Debug Tool

Following is the procedure to run Debug Tool.

Run the following command to enter Debug Tool Container:

1. Run the following command to retrieve the POD details:

```
$ kubectl get pods -n <k8s namespace>
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl get pods -n seppsvc
```

Sample Output:

NAME	READY	STATUS
ocsepp-release-appinfo-75894d8d8c-4zzkt		2/2
Running 0 5m54s		
ocsepp-release-cn32c-svc-5f5cdbfb7f-kspw6		2/2
Running 0 5m55s		
ocsepp-release-cn32f-svc-5458886cc7-nm7c8		2/2
Running 0 5m55s		
ocsepp-release-config-mgr-svc-6c94c449f-v8qnv		2/2
Running 0 5m55s		
ocsepp-release-n32-egress-gateway-55ccbbf46f-bb4tp		3/3
Running 0 5m54s		
ocsepp-release-n32-ingress-gateway-7bd984c9c6-pcpqd		3/3
Running 0 5m54s		
ocsepp-release-ocpm-config-65dd85d96d-59t4w		2/2
Running 0 5m54s		
ocsepp-release-performance-7456bbd8-2j7dx		2/2
Running 0 5m54s		
ocsepp-release-plmn-egress-gateway-67b7864664-cmcf8		3/3
Running 0 5m54s		
ocsepp-release-plmn-egress-gateway-67b7864664-lwhxz		3/3
Running 0 4m31s		
ocsepp-release-plmn-ingress-gateway-596c78f967-sc44c		3/3
Running 0 5m53s		
ocsepp-release-pn32c-svc-6498f6dc-lrvtt		2/2
Running 0 5m53s		
ocsepp-release-pn32f-svc-59bcb4c545-c4pqj		2/2

```

Running      0          5m53s
ocsepp-release-sepp-nrf-client-nfdiscovery-9db8957cb-47j6g    1/1
Running      0          5m54s
ocsepp-release-sepp-nrf-client-nfmanagement-5ddfd8d754-nbx69  1/1
Running      0          5m54s
sepp-mysql-54b7c5699d-5nmzc                                  1/1
Running      0          3d23h

```

2. Run the following command to enter Debug Tool Container:

```
$ kubectl exec -it <pod name> -c <debug_container name> -n <namespace> bash
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl exec -it ocsepp-release-cn32c-svc-5f5cdbfb7f-kspw6 -c tools -n
seppsvc bash
```

3. Run the commands supported by debug tools:

```
bash -4.2$ <debug_tools>
```

Example:

```
bash -4.2$ tcpdump
```

4. Copy the output files from container to host:

```
$ kubectl cp -c <debug_container name> <pod name>:<file location in
container> -n <namespace> <destination location>
```

Example:

```
$ kubectl cp -c tools ocsepp-release-cn32c-svc-5f5cdbfb7f-kspw6:/tmp/
capture.pcap -n seppsvc /tmp/
```

Tools Tested in Debug Container

Following is the list of debugging tools that are tested.

tcpdump

Table 4-1 tcpdump

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
-D	Print the list of the network interfaces available on the system and on which <i>tcpdump</i> can capture packets.	<pre>tcpdump -D</pre> 1. eth02. 2. nflog (Linux netfilter log (NFLOG) interface) 3. nfqueue (Linux netfilter queue (NFQUEUE) interface) 4. any (Pseudo-device that captures on all interfaces) 5. lo [Loopback]	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW
-i	Listen on <i>interface</i>	<pre>tcpdump -i eth0</pre> <pre>tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decoding listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes 12:10:37.381199 IP ocsepp-plmn-ingress-gateway-7ffc49bb7f-2kkhc.46519 > kubernetes.default.svc.cluster.local.https: Flags [P.], seq 1986927241:1986927276, ack 1334332290, win 626, options [nop,nop,TS val 849591834 ecr 849561833], length 3512:10:37.381952 IP ocsepp-plmn--ingress-gateway-7ffc49bb7f-2kkhc.45868 > kube-dns.kube-system.svc.cluster.local.domain: 62870+ PTR? 1.0.96.10.in-addr.arpa. (40)</pre>	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW
-w	Write the raw packets to file rather than parsing and printing them out.	<pre>tcpdump -w capture.pcap -i eth0</pre>	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW
-r	Read packets from <i>file</i> (which was created with the -w option).	<pre>tcpdump -r capture.pcap</pre> <pre>reading from file /tmp/capture.pcap, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet) 12:13:07.381019 IP ocsepp-plmn-ingress-gateway-7ffc49bb7f-2kkhc.46519 > kubernetes.default.svc.cluster.local.https: Flags [P.], seq 1986927416:1986927451, ack 1334332445, win 626, options [nop,nop,TS val 849741834 ecr 849711834], length 3512:13:07.381194 IP kubernetes.default.svc.cluster.local.https > ocsepp-plmn-ingress-gateway-7ffc49bb7f-2kkhc.46519: Flags [P.], seq 1:32, ack 35, win 247, options [nop,nop,TS val 849741834 ecr 849741834], length 3112:13:07.381207 IP ocsepp-plmn-ingress-gateway-7ffc49bb7f-2kkhc.46519 > kubernetes.default.svc.cluster.local.https: Flags [.], ack 32, win 626, options [nop,nop,TS val 849741834 ecr 849741834], length 0</pre>	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW

ip

Table 4-2 ip

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
addr show	Look at protocol addresses.	<pre>ip addr show 1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group defaultlink/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lovalid_lft forever preferred_lft forever2: tunl0@NONE: <NOARP> mtu 1480 qdisc noop state DOWN group defaultlink/ipip 0.0.0.0 brd 0.0.0.04: eth0@if190: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1440 qdisc noqueue state UP group defaultlink/ether aa:5a:27:8d:74:6f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0inet 192.168.219.112/32 scope global eth0valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever</pre>	--
route show	List routes	<pre>ip route show default via 169.254.1.1 dev eth0 169.254.1.1 dev eth0 scope link</pre>	--
addrlabel list	List address labels	<pre>ip addrlabel list prefix ::1/128 label 0 prefix ::/96 label 3 prefix ::ffff:0.0.0.0/96 label 4 prefix 2001::/32 label 6 prefix 2001:10::/28 label 7 prefix 3ffe::/16 label 12 prefix 2002::/16 label 2 prefix fec0::/10 label 11 prefix fc00::/7 label 5 prefix ::/0 label 1</pre>	--

netstat

Table 4-3 netstat

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
-a	Show both listening and non-listening (for TCP, this means established connections) sockets.	<pre>netstat -a Active Internet connections (servers and established)Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address Foreign Address Statetcp 0 0 0.0.0.0:tpoxy 0.0.0.0:* LISTENTcp 0 0 0.0.0.0:websm 0.0.0.0:* LISTENTcp 0 0 cncc-core-ingress:websm 10-178-254-194.ku:47292 TIME_WAITtcp 0 0 cncc-core-ingress:46519 kubernetes.default:https ESTABLISHEDtcp 0 0 cncc-core-ingress:websm 10-178-254-194.ku:47240 TIME_WAITtcp 0 0 cncc-core-ingress:websm 10-178-254-194.ku:47347 TIME_WAITudp 0 0 localhost:59351 localhost:ambit-lm ESTABLISHEDActive UNIX domain sockets (servers and established)Proto RefCnt Flags Type State I-Node Pathunix 2 [] STREAM CONNECTED 576064861</pre>	--

Table 4-3 (Cont.) netstat

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
-l	Show only listening sockets.	netstat -l Active Internet connections (only servers)Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address Foreign Address State tcp 0 0 0.0.0.0:tpoxy 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN tcp 0 0 0.0.0.0:websm 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN Active UNIX domain sockets (only servers)Proto RefCnt Flags Type State I-Node Path	--
-s	Display summary statistics for each protocol.	netstat -s Ip:4070 total packets received0 forwarded0 incoming packets discarded4070 incoming packets delivered4315 requests sent outicmp:0 ICMP messages received0 input ICMP message failed.ICMP input histogram:2 ICMP messages sent0 ICMP messages failedICMP output histogram:destination unreachable: 2	--
-i	Display a table of all network interfaces.	netstat -i Kernel Interface tableIface MTU RX-OK RX-ERR RX-DRP RX-OVR TX-OK TX-ERR TX-DRP TX-OVR Flgeth0 1440 4131 0 0 0 4355 0 0 0 BMRUIo 65536 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 LRU	--

curl

Table 4-4 curl

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
-o	Write output to <file> instead of stdout.	curl -o file.txt http://abc.com/file.txt	--
-x	Use the specified HTTP proxy.	curl -x proxy.com:8080 -o http://abc.com/file.txt	--

ping

Table 4-5 ping

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
<ip>	Run a ping test to see whether the target host is reachable or not.	ping 10.178.254.194	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW
-c	Stop after sending 'c' number of ECHO_REQUEST packets.	ping -c 5 10.178.254.194	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW
-f (with non zero interval)	Flood ping. For every ECHO_REQUEST sent, a period "." is printed, while for every ECHO_REPLY received a backspace is printed.	ping -f -i 2 10.178.254.194	NET_ADMIN, NET_RAW

dig

Table 4-6 dig

Options Tested	Description	Output	Capabilities
<ip>	It performs DNS lookups and displays the answers that are returned from the name server(s) that were queried.	dig 10.178.254.194 Note: The IP should be reachable from inside the container.	--
-x	Query DNS Reverse lookup.	dig -x 10.178.254.194	--

4.1 Debug Tool Configuration Parameters

Following are the parameters used to configure debug tool.

OCCNE Parameters

Table 4-7 OCCNE Parameters

Parameter	Description
apiVersion	APIVersion defines the version schema of this representation of an object.
kind	Kind is a string value representing the REST resource this object represents.
metadata	Standard object's metadata.
metadata.name	Name must be unique within a namespace.
spec	spec defines the policy enforced.
spec.allowPrivilegeEscalation	Gates whether or not a user is allowed to set the security context of a container to allowPrivilegeEscalation=true.
spec.allowedCapabilities	Provides a list of capabilities that are allowed to be added to a container.
spec.fsGroup	Controls the supplemental group applied to some volumes. RunAsAny allows any fsGroup ID to be specified.
spec.runAsUser	Controls which user ID the containers are run with. RunAsAny allows any runAsUser to be specified.
spec.seLinux	RunAsAny allows any seLinuxOptions to be specified.
spec.supplementalGroups	Controls which group IDs containers add. RunAsAny allows any supplementalGroups to be specified.
spec.volumes	Provides a list of allowed volume types. The allowable values correspond to the volume sources that are defined when creating a volume.

Role Creation Parameters

Table 4-8 Role Creation

Parameter	Description
apiVersion	APIVersion defines the versioned schema of this representation of an object.
kind	Kind is a string value representing the REST resource this object represents.

Table 4-8 (Cont.) Role Creation

Parameter	Description
metadata	Standard object's metadata.
metadata.name	Name must be unique within a namespace.
metadata.namespace	Namespace defines the space within which each name must be unique.
rules	Rules holds all the PolicyRules for this Role
apiGroups	APIGroups is the name of the APIGroup that contains the resources.
rules.resources	Resources is a list of resources this rule applies to.
rules.verbs	Verbs is a list of Verbs that apply to ALL the ResourceKinds and AttributeRestrictions contained in this rule.
rules.resourceNames	ResourceNames is an optional allowed list of names that the rule applies to.

Table 4-9 Role Binding Creation

Parameter	Description
apiVersion	APIVersion defines the versioned schema of this representation of an object.
kind	Kind is a string value representing the REST resource this object represents.
metadata	Standard object's metadata.
metadata.name	Name must be unique within a namespace.
metadata.namespace	Namespace defines the space within which each name must be unique.
roleRef	RoleRef can reference a Role in the current namespace or a ClusterRole in the global namespace.
roleRef.apiGroup	APIGroup is the group for the resource being referenced
roleRef.kind	Kind is the type of resource being referenced
roleRef.name	Name is the name of resource being referenced
subjects	Subjects holds references to the objects the role applies to.
subjects.kind	Kind of object being referenced. Values defined by this API group are "User", "Group", and "ServiceAccount".
subjects.apiGroup	APIGroup holds the API group of the referenced subject.
subjects.name	Name of the object being referenced appended by namespace.

Debug Tool Configuration Parameters**Table 4-10 Debug Tool Configuration Parameters**

Parameter	Description
extraContainers	Specifies the spawns debug container along with application container in the pod.
debugToolContainerMemoryLimit	Indicates the memory assigned for the debug tool container.
extraContainersVolumesTpl	Specifies the extra container template for the debug tool volume.

Table 4-10 (Cont.) Debug Tool Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description
extraContainersVolumesTpl.name	Indicates the name of the volume for debug tool logs storage.
extraContainersVolumesTpl.emptyDir.medium	Indicates the location where emptyDir volume is stored.
extraContainersVolumesTpl.emptyDir.sizeLimit	Indicates the emptyDir volume size.
command	String array used for container command.
image	Docker image name
imagePullPolicy	Image Pull Policy
name	Name of the container
resources	Compute Resources required by this container
resources.limits	Limits describes the maximum amount of compute resources allowed
resources.requests	Requests describes the minimum amount of compute resources required
resources.limits.cpu	CPU limits
resources.limits.memory	Memory limits
resources.limits.ephemeral-storage	Ephemeral Storage limits
resources.requests.cpu	CPU requests
resources.requests.memory	Memory requests
resources.requests.ephemeral-storage	Ephemeral Storage requests
securityContext	Security options the container should run with.
securityContext.allowPrivilegeEscalation	AllowPrivilegeEscalation controls whether a process can gain more privileges than its parent process. This directly controls if the no_new_privs flag will be set on the container process
securityContext.capabilities	The capabilities to add or drop when running containers. Defaults to the default set of capabilities granted by the container runtime.
securityContext.capabilities.drop	Removed capabilities
securityContext.capabilities.add	Added capabilities
securityContext.runAsUser	The UID to run the entry point of the container process.
volumeMounts.mountPath	Indicates the path for volume mount.
volumeMounts.name	Indicates the name of the directory for debug tool logs storage.

5

SEPP Alerts

This section provides information about the SEPP alerts and their configuration.

Note

To configure alerts in SEPP when using environment other than CNE:

- namespace: {{\$labels.kubernetes_namespace}}
- podname: {{\$labels.kubernetes_pod_name}}

To configure alerts in SEPP when using CNE 25.2.2xx version:

- namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}
- podname: {{\$labels.pod}}

Note

Several Alert labels had extra spaces surrounding their values, which have now been corrected. The affected labels include: namespace, app, pod, header, api_url, requestPath, source, and nf_instance_id.

For example:

Previously, label values contained extra spaces due to the template formatting, such as:

```
namespace: ' {{ $labels.namespace }} '
```

which produced values like:

```
namespace: " sepp-namespace "
```

.

The formatting has been updated to remove these spaces:

```
namespace: '{{ $labels.namespace }}'
```

resulting in properly trimmed values like:

```
namespace: "sepp-namespace"
```

.

5.1 System Level Alerts

5.1.1 SEPPPodMemoryUsageAlert

Table 5-1 SEPPPodMemoryUsageAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Pod memory usage is above the threshold (70%)
Severity	Warning
Alert details provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{\$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Memory usage is {{ \$value printf "%.2f" }} which is above 70% (current value is: {{ \$value }})' Expression: <pre>(sum by(namespace,container,pod) (container_memory_usage_bytes{namespace="sepp-namespace",container=~".*cn32c-svc.* .pn32c-svc.* .cn32f-svc.* .pn32f-svc.* .config-mgr-svc.* .n32-egress-gateway.* .n32-ingress-gateway.* .plmn-egress-gateway.* .plmn-ingress-gateway.* .nf-mediation.* .nrf-client-nfmanagement.* .nrf-client-nfdiscovery.*"})) / (sum by (namespace,container,pod) (kube_pod_container_resource_limits{resource="memory",namespace="sepp-namespace",container=~".*cn32c-svc.* .pn32c-svc.* .cn32f-svc.* .pn32f-svc.* .config-mgr-svc.* .n32-egress-gateway.* .n32-ingress-gateway.* .plmn-egress-gateway.* .plmn-ingress-gateway.* .nf-mediation.* .nrf-client-nfmanagement.* .nrf-client-nfdiscovery.*"})) * 100 >= 70</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4003
Metric Used	kube_pod_container_resource_limits Note: This is a Kubernetes metric used for instance availability monitoring. If the metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the memory utilization falls below the critical threshold. Note: The threshold is configurable in the <i>SeppAlertrules.yaml</i> file. If guidance is required, contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.2 SEPPPodCpuUsageAlert

Table 5-2 SEPPPodCpuUsageAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Pod CPU usage is above the threshold (70%)
Severity	Warning
Alert details provided	Summary <pre>'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{\$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: CPU usage is {{ \$value printf "%.2f" }} which is usage is above 70% (current value is: {{ \$value }})'</pre> Expression: <pre>(sum by (namespace,container,pod) (rate(container_cpu_usage_seconds_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",container=~".*cn32c-svc.* .pn32c-svc.* .cn32f-svc.* .pn32f-svc.* .config-mgr-svc.* .n32-egress-gateway.* .n32-ingress-gateway.* .plmn-egress-gateway.* .plmn-ingress-gateway.* .nf-mediation.* .nrf-client-nfmanagement.* .nrf-client-nfdiscovery.*"}[2m]))) / (sum by (namespace, container,pod) (kube_pod_container_resource_limits{resource="cpu",namespace="sepp-namespace",container=~".*cn32c-svc.* .pn32c-svc.* .cn32f-svc.* .pn32f-svc.* .config-mgr-svc.* .n32-egress-gateway.* .n32-ingress-gateway.* .plmn-egress-gateway.* .plmn-ingress-gateway.* .nf-mediation.* .nrf-client-nfmanagement.* .nrf-client-nfdiscovery.*"})) * 100 >= 70</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4002
Metric Used	container_cpu_usage_seconds_total Note : This is a Kubernetes metric used for instance availability monitoring. If the metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the CPU utilization is below the critical threshold. Note: The threshold is configurable in the <i>SeppAlertrules.yaml</i> file. If guidance is required, contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.3 ocseppPodsRestart

Table 5-3 ocseppPodsRestart

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when a pod belonging to any of the SEPP services in a namespace has been restarted.
Severity	Major
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, kubernetes_pod_name: {{\$labels.pod}}, Container: {{\$labels.container}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }} : A Pod has restarted Expression: increase(kube_pod_container_status_restarts_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) > 0
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4071
Metric Name	kube_pod_container_status_restarts_total Note: This is a Kubernetes metric. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-3 (Cont.) ocseppPodsRestart

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared automatically if the specific pod is up. Steps: 1. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on the pod name. Check for database related failures such as connectivity, Kubernetes secrets, and so on. 2. Run the following command to check orchestration logs for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.4 ocseppAppinfoServiceDown

Table 5-4 ocseppAppinfoServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when appinfo services is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="appinfo", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="appinfo", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>

Table 5-4 (Cont.) ocseppAppinfoServiceDown

Field	Description
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4072
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the appinfo services is available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of appinfoservice and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <code>kubectl get po -n <namespace></code> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <code>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></code> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.5 ocseppCn32cServiceDown

Table 5-5 ocseppCn32cServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when cn32c-svc service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-5 (Cont.) ocseppCn32cServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="cn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="cn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4073
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the cn32c-svc services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of cn32c-svc and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.6 ocseppCn32fServiceDown

Table 5-6 ocseppCn32fServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when cn32f-svc service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="cn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="cn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4074
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-6 (Cont.) ocseppCn32fServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the cn32f-svc services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of cn32f-svc and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.7 ocseppConfigMgrServiceDown

Table 5-7 ocseppConfigMgrServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when config-mgr-svc services is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-7 (Cont.) ocseppConfigMgrServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="config-mgr-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="config-mgr-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4075
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the config-mgr-svc services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of config-mgr-svc and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.8 ocseppN32EgwServiceDown

Table 5-8 ocseppN32EgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when n32-egress-gateway is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down'</pre> Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="n32-egress-gateway", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="n32-egress-gateway", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4076
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-8 (Cont.) ocseppN32EgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the n32-egress-gateway services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration logs of N32 EGW Service and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.9 ocseppN32IgwServiceDown

Table 5-9 ocseppN32IgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when n32-ingress-gateway is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-9 (Cont.) ocseppN32IgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down'</pre> Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="n32- ingress-gateway",namespace="sepp- namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="n32- ingress-gateway",namespace="sepp- namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4077
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-9 (Cont.) ocseppN32IgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the n32-ingress-gateway services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of n32-ingress-gateway and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.10 ocseppConfigserverServiceDown

Table 5-10 ocseppConfigserverServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when config-server(ocpm) service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-10 (Cont.) ocseppConfigserverServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="config-server",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="config-server",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4078
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the config-server(ocpm) services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of config-server(ocpm) and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.11 ocseppPerfinfoServiceDown

Table 5-11 ocseppPerfinfoServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when perf-info service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="perf-info", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="perf-info", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4079
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-11 (Cont.) ocseppPerfinfoServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the perf-info services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of perf-info services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.12 ocseppPlmnEgwServiceDown

Table 5-12 ocseppPlmnEgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when plmn-egress-gateway service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-12 (Cont.) ocseppPlmnEgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down'</pre> Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="plmn-egress-gateway",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="plmn-egress-gateway",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4080
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-12 (Cont.) ocseppPlmnEgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the plmn-egress-gateway services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of plmn-egress-gateway services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.13 ocseppPlmnIgwServiceDown

Table 5-13 ocseppPlmnIgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when plmn-ingress-gateway service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-13 (Cont.) ocseppPlmnlgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down'</pre> Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="plm n-ingress-gateway",namespace="sepp- namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="plmn- ingress-gateway",namespace="sepp- namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4081
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-13 (Cont.) ocseppPlmnIgwServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the plmn-ingress-gateway services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of plmn-ingress-gateway services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.14 ocseppPn32cServiceDown

Table 5-14 ocseppPn32cServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when pn32c-svc service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-14 (Cont.) ocseppPn32cServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="pn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="pn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4082
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the pn32c-svc services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of pn32c-svc services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.15 ocseppPn32fServiceDown

Table 5-15 ocseppPn32fServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when pn32f-svc service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="pn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="pn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4083
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-15 (Cont.) ocseppPn32fServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the pn32f-svc services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of pn32f-svc services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.16 ocseppNrfdiscServiceDown

Table 5-16 ocseppNrfdiscServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when nrf-client-nfdiscovery service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-16 (Cont.) ocseppNrfdiscServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="nrf-client-nfdiscovery",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="nrf-client-nfdiscovery",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4084
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the nrf-client-nfdiscovery services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of nrf-client-nfdiscovery services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.17 ocseppNrfmgmServiceDown

Table 5-17 ocseppNrfmgmServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when nrf-client-nfmanagement service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="nrf-client-nfmanagement", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="nrf-client-nfmanagement", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4085
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-17 (Cont.) ocseppNrfmgmServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the nrf-client-nfmanagement services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of nrf-client-nfmanagement services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.18 ocseppAlternrouteServiceDown

Table 5-18 ocseppAlternrouteServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when alternate-route service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-18 (Cont.) ocseppAlternrouteServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down'</pre> Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="alt ernate-route",namespace="sepp- namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="alternate -route",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4086
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-18 (Cont.) ocseppAlternrouteServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the alternate-route services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of alternate-route services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.19 ocseppMediationServiceDown

Table 5-19 ocseppMediationServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when nf-mediation service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-19 (Cont.) ocseppMediationServiceDown

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="nf-mediation",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="nf-mediation",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4087
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the nf-mediation services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of nf-mediation services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.20 ocseppCoherenceServiceDown

Table 5-20 ocseppCoherenceServiceDown

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when coherence-svc service is unavailable.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : OCSEPP {{\$labels.app_kubernetes_io_name}} service down' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_name="coherence-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum by(namespace, app_kubernetes_io_name) (up{app_kubernetes_io_name="coherence-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4088
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-20 (Cont.) ocseppCoherenceServiceDown

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared when the coherence-svc services are available. Steps: 1. Run the following command to check the orchestration log of coherence-svc services and check for liveness or readiness probe failures: <pre>kubectl get po -n <namespace></pre> Note the full name of the pod that is not running, and use it in the following command: <pre>kubectl describe pod <specific desired full pod name> -n <namespace></pre> 2. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and filter based on above service name. Check for ERROR and WARNING logs related to this service. 3. Check the database status. For more information, see <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, cnDBTier User Guide</i>. 4. Depending on the failure reason, take the resolution steps. 5. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.1.21 ocseppNfStatusUnavailable

Table 5-21 ocseppNfStatusUnavailable

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered when all the SEPP services are unavailable, either because the SEPP is getting deployed or purged.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-21 (Cont.) ocseppNfStatusUnavailable

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : All OCSEPP services are unavailable.' Expression: <pre>absent(up{app_kubernetes_io_part_of="ocsepp",namespace="sepp-namespace"}) or sum(up{app_kubernetes_io_part_of="ocsepp", namespace="sepp-namespace"}) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4089
Metric Name	up Note: This is a Prometheus metric used for instance availability monitoring. If this metric is not available, use the similar metric as exposed by the monitoring system.

Table 5-21 (Cont.) ocseppNfStatusUnavailable

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert is cleared automatically when the SEPP services start becoming available. Steps: 1. Check for service specific alerts which may be causing the issues with service exposure. 2. Run the following command to check if the pod's status is in "Running" state: <pre>kubectl -n <namespace> get pod</pre> If it is not in running state, capture the pod logs and events. 3. Run the following command to fetch the events as follows: <pre>kubectl get events --sort-by=.metadata.creationTimestamp -n <namespace></pre> 4. Refer to the application logs on Kibana and check for database related failures such as connectivity, invalid secrets, and so on. The logs can be filtered based on the services. 5. Run the following command to check Helm status and make sure there are no errors: <pre>helm status <helm release name of the desired NF> -n <namespace></pre> If it is not in "STATUS: DEPLOYED", then again capture logs and events. 6. If the issue persists, capture all the outputs from the above steps and contact My Oracle Support.

5.2 Application Level Alerts

5.2.1 Common Alerts

5.2.1.1 SEPPN32fRoutingFailure

Table 5-22 SEPPN32fRoutingFailure

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	N32f service not able to forward message
Severity	Info

Table 5-22 (Cont.) SEPPN32fRoutingFailure

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{ \$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>idelta(ocsepp_cn32f_requests_failure_total{namespace= "sepp-namespace"}[2m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_cn32f_requests_failure_total{namespace="sepp- namespace"} unless ocsepp_cn32f_requests_failure_total{namespace="sepp- namespace"} offset 2m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4001
Metric Used	ocsepp_cn32f_requests_failure_total
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when Consumer SEPP accepts request only if producer NF domain and PLMN match the Remote SEPP configured. Steps: The failure reason is present in the alert. Possible Resolutions : 1. Check whether the Remote SEPP is present in database. 2. Validate the Remote SEPP PLMN which is configured. 3. Validate the handshake is completed with the remote SEPP and context is present in database. 4. Validate the producer NF Domain. 5. Check whether the Remote SEPP Set for required Remote SEPP is present in the database. 6. Check whether the N32F route is present in database (common_configuration table).

5.2.1.2 SEPPConfigMgrRouteFailureAlert

Table 5-23 SEPPConfigMgrRouteFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When routing failure occurs while posting remote SEPP or roaming partner set, this alert will be raised.
Severity	Major

Table 5-23 (Cont.) SEPPConfigMgrRouteFailureAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Route Failure has occurred because {{ \$labels.http_error_message }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_configmgr_routefailure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="config-mgr-svc"}[5m]) >0 or (ocsepp_configmgr_routefailure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="config-mgr-svc"} unless ocsepp_configmgr_routefailure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="config-mgr-svc"} offset 5m)) by (namespace,http_status,http_error_message) > 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4038
Metric Name	ocsepp_configmgr_routefailure_total
Resolution	The alert is cleared if no new failures are observed in 5 minutes window. Possible resolutions: 1. Ensure that the correct Remote Partner Profile (RPP) profile has been used. 2. Ensure that the correct Remote SEPP Set (RSS) profile has been used.

5.2.1.3 EgressSbiErrorRateAbove1Percent

Table 5-24 EgressSbiErrorRateAbove1Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Sbi Transaction Error Rate exceeded configured threshold
Severity	Major

Table 5-24 (Cont.) EgressSbiErrorRateAbove1Percent

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Sbi Transaction Error Rate detected above 1 Percent of Total Sbi Transactions" Expression <pre>"sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_sbiRouting_http_responses_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status!~\"2.*\"}[5m])) by (namespace,app, pod) / sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_sbiRouting_http_responses_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace, app, pod) *100 >= 1"</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7001
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_sbiRouting_http_responses_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the total SBI transaction error rate will be above 1% of the total transaction done during 5 minute time period. Metric will be cleared when the error rate will be below 1%.

5.2.1.4 ocseppNfProfileStatusInNRFDOWN

Table 5-25 ocseppNfProfileStatusInNRFDOWN

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	SEPP registration with configured NRF gets failed.
Severity	Critical
Alert details provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} : The OCSEPP NF profile status with the NRF is currently down. Expression: <pre>nrfclient_nf_status_with_nrf{app_kubernetes_io_part_of="ocsepp",namespace="sepp-namespace"} != 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4090
Metric Used	nrfclient_nf_status_with_nrf
Resolution	The alert will be raised if the SEPP does not get registered in the configured NRF . The alert will be cleared when the SEPP status with NRF gets registered.

Note

This alert is not applicable for the Roaming Hub mode.

5.2.2 Handshake Alerts

5.2.2.1 SEPPCn32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Table 5-26 SEPPCn32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Handshake procedure has failed on Consumer SEPP
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary 'namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}' Expression: sum(increase(ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total{app="cn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m]) >0 or (ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total{app="cn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total{app="cn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 5m)) by (namespace,remote_sepp_name,nf_instance_id,peer_fqdn,app,container,reason) > 0
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.2001
Metric Used	ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total filtered by app=cn32c-svc

Table 5-26 (Cont.) SEPPCn32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Field	Details
Resolution 1	The alert gets cleared when the N32C Handshake is established after successful TCP connection to remote SEPP. Failure reason: Release name used while helm installation is other than ocsepp-release. Error Verification: Check the failure reason in the alert. If the failure reason is <i>404 –route not found</i> or <i>Route not found</i>, follow the recovery steps: - Run the following command to get pod details: \$ kubectl get pods -n <namespace> Example: # kubectl get pods -n csepp NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE ocsepp-release-appinfo-6cdc48fc47-c9gfv 1/1 Running 0 8d ocsepp-release-cn32c-svc-6547db777d-76gwd 1/1 Running 0 8d ocsepp-release-cn32f-svc-7cd54bdf68-czbnb 1/1 Running 0 8d ocsepp-release-config-mgr-svc-79c95d4b9d-8stk7 1/1 Running 0 8d ocsepp-release-n32-egress-gateway-54c658b947-s5f9m 0/2 Pending 0 23h ocsepp-release-n32-egress-gateway-54c658b947-scvvp 2/2 Running 0 7d23h ocsepp-release-n32-ingress-gateway-777c68cb9-8jsdc 0/2 Pending 0 23h ocsepp-release-n32-ingress-gateway-777c68cb9-98t7x 0/2 Init:ImagePullBackOff 0 23h ocsepp-release-pn32c-svc-58bff857f-jmfdd 1/1 Running 0 8d ocsepp-release-pn32f-svc-784d5c7568-rh24g - Run the following command to navigate to the pod: \$ kubectl exec -it <config-mgr-pod name> -n <namespace> bash Example:

Table 5-26 (Cont.) SEPPCn32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Field	Details
	<pre>\$ kubectl exec -it ocsepp-release-config-mgr-svc-79c95d4b9d-8stk7 -n csepp bash</pre> - Run the command to get the existing route details present on N32 Egress Gateway: <pre>curl -X GET http://<config-manager-service-name>:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/routesconfiguration</pre> Example: <pre>curl -X GET http://ocsepp-release-config-mgr-svc:9090/sepp/nf-common-component/v1/egw/n32/routesconfiguration</pre> - If this output is null, add the configuration details in config-mgr - svc deployment. For more information about the configuration details, see the <i>Deployment Configuration for Config-mgr-svc</i> section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core Security Edge Protection Proxy Installation Guide</i>. - After the config-mgr - svc pod is restarted, run the step1 to step3 again. After adding the configuration, rerun the curl command mentioned in step3 to get the route details. - Delete and add the RemoteSepp and reinitiate the handshake. If the value is still null, contact My Oracle Support.
Resolution 2	The alert gets cleared when the N32C Handshake is established after successful TCP connection to remote SEPP. Steps: The failure reason is present in the alert. Possible Resolutions: - Disable the Remote SEPP. - Delete the Remote SEPP. - Update and reinitiate Handshake.

5.2.2.2 SEPPN32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Table 5-27 SEPPN32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Handshake procedure has failed on Producer sepp
Severity	Major

Table 5-27 (Cont.) SEPPnP32cHandshakeFailureAlert

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Handshake procedure has failed on Producer side because {{ \$labels.http_error_message }}' Expression: sum(increase(ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total{app="pn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m]) >0 or (ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total{app="pn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total{app="pn32c-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 5m)) by (namespace,remote_sepp_name,nf_instance_id,peer_fqdn,app,reason) > 0
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.3001
Metric Used	ocsepp_n32c_handshake_failure_attempts_total filtered by app=pn32c-svc
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the N32C Handshake is successful due to TCP connection success of Producer to consumer SEPP. Steps: The failure reason is present in the alert. Possible Resolution: Update and reinitiate the Handshake.

5.2.3 Upgrade Alerts

5.2.3.1 SEPPUpgradeStartedAlert

Table 5-28 SEPPUpgradeStartedAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Rest API trigger at start of Upgrade
Severity	NA

Table 5-28 (Cont.) SEPPUpgradeStartedAlert

Field	Details
Alert details provided	applicationname alertname servicename releasename namespace oid severity vendor sourcerelease targetrelease
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.8001
Metric Used	NA
Resolution	If a success alert is generated then start and failure alerts will be cleared.

5.2.3.2 SEPPUpgradeFailedAlert

Table 5-29 SEPPUpgradeFailedAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Rest API trigger at failure of Upgrade
Severity	NA
Alert details provided	applicationname alertname servicename releasename namespace oid severity vendor sourcerelease targetrelease
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.8002
Metric Used	NA

Table 5-29 (Cont.) SEPPUpgradeFailedAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	If a success alert is generated then start and failure alerts will be cleared. Possible resolutions: 1. Check the pre or post upgrade logs in Kibana to analyze the cause of failure. 2. Filter the upgrade logs using the pod name filter. Example: ocsepp-release-update-db. 3. If the cause of upgrade failure is database or network connectivity issue, contact the system administrator. 4. If the upgrade failure occurs during the preupgrade phase, resolve the issue, then perform an upgrade. Do not perform rollback because SEPP deployment remains in the source or older release. 5. If the upgrade failure occurs during the postupgrade phase, for example, post upgrade hook failure due to target release pod not moving to ready state, then perform a rollback.

5.2.3.3 SEPPUpgradeSuccessfulAlert

Table 5-30 SEPPUpgradeSuccessfulAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Rest API trigger at success of Upgrade
Severity	NA
Alert details provided	applicationname alertname servicename releasename namespace oid severity vendor sourcerelease targetrelease
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.8003
Metric Used	NA
Resolution	This is an information alert raised when software upgrade is successful. This alert will auto clear after the duration set in resolve_timeout value of AlertManager.

5.2.4 Rollback Alerts

5.2.4.1 SEPPRollbackStartedAlert

Table 5-31 SEPPRollbackStartedAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Rest API trigger at start of Rollback
Severity	NA
Alert details provided	applicationname alertname servicename releasename namespace oid severity vendor sourcerelease targetrelease
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.8004
Metric Used	NA
Resolution	If a success alert is generated then start and failure alerts will be cleared.

5.2.4.2 SEPPRollbackFailedAlert

Table 5-32 SEPPRollbackFailedAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Rest API trigger at failure of Rollback
Severity	NA
Alert details provided	applicationname alertname servicename releasename namespace oid severity vendor sourcerelease targetrelease
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.8005
Metric Used	NA

Table 5-32 (Cont.) SEPPRollbackFailedAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	If a success alert is generated then start and failure alerts will be cleared. Possible resolutions: 1. Check the rollback logs in Kibana to analyze the cause of failure. 2. Filter the rollback logs using the pod name filter. Example: ocsepp-release-update-db. 3. If the cause of rollback failure is database or network connectivity issue, contact the system administrator.

5.2.4.3 SEPPRollbackSuccessfulAlert

Table 5-33 SEPPRollbackSuccessfulAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Rest API trigger at success of Rollback
Severity	NA
Alert details provided	applicationname alertname servicename releasename namespace oid severity vendor sourcerelease targetrelease
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.8006
Metric Used	NA
Resolution	Cleared after DEFAULT_DURATION_FOR_ALERT_EXPIRY minutes

5.2.5 Global Rate Limiting on Ingress Gateway of SEPP Alerts

5.2.5.1 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Table 5-34 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected greater than or equal to 0.1 Percent of Total Transactions.
Severity	Warning

Table 5-34 (Cont.) IngressGlobalMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected above 0.1 Percent of Total Transactions" Expression <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 0.1 < 1</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7002
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for Global Rate Limit will be greater than or equal to 0.1% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 0.1% or greater than or equal to 1%. Possible resolutions: 1. If the message drop percentage is different from the expected value, verify the configuration. 2. For all the configuration related information, refer 'Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.5.2 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove1Percent

Table 5-35 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove1Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected greater than or equal to 1 Percent of Total Transactions.
Severity	Warning

Table 5-35 (Cont.) IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove1Percent

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected above 1 Percent of Total Transactions" Expression <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 1 < 10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7003
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for Global Rate Limit will be greater than or equal to 1% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 1% greater than or equal to 10%. Possible resolutions: 1. If the message drop percentage is different from the expected value, verify the configuration. 2. For all the configuration related information, refer 'Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.5.3 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove10Percent

Table 5-36 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected greater than or equal to 10 Percent of Total Transactions.
Severity	Minor

Table 5-36 (Cont.) IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected above 10 Percent of Total Transactions" Expression <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 10 < 25</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7004
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for Global Rate Limit will be greater than or equal to 10% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 10% or greater than or equal to 25% . Possible resolutions: 1. If the message drop percentage is different from the expected value, verify the configuration. 2. For all the configuration related information, refer 'Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.5.4 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove25Percent

Table 5-37 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected greater than or equal to 25 Percent of Total Transactions
Severity	Major

Table 5-37 (Cont.) IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected above 25 Percent of Total Transactions" Expression <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 25 < 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7005
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for Global Rate Limit will be greater than or equal to 25% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 25% or greater than or equal to 50%. Possible resolutions: 1. If the message drop percentage is different from the expected value, verify the configuration. 2. For all the configuration related information, refer 'Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.5.5 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove50Percent

Table 5-38 IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove50Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected greater than or equal to 50 Percent of Total Transactions
Severity	Critical

Table 5-38 (Cont.) IngressGlobalMessageDropAbove50Percent

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Ingress Global Message Drop Rate detected above 50 Percent of Total Transactions" Expression <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7006
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_global_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for Global Rate Limit will be greater than or equal to 50% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 50%. Possible resolutions: 1. If the message drop percentage is different from the expected value, verify the configuration. 2. For all the configuration related information, refer 'Troubleshooting Steps for Rate Limiting Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.6 Topology Hiding Alerts

5.2.6.1 SEPPN32fTopologyOperationFailureAlert

Table 5-39 SEPPN32fTopologyOperationFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Topology Hiding or Recovery Failure exceeded configured threshold (1%)
Severity	Major

Table 5-39 (Cont.) SEPPN32fTopologyOperationFailureAlert

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Topology hiding/recovery operation failures reached more than configured threshold" Expression: <pre>delta(ocsepp_topology_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_topology_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_topology_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 2m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4004
Metric Used	ocsepp_topology_header_failure_total, ocsepp_topology_header_success_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the total Topology Hiding or Recovery failures reach more than 1%. Alert will be cleared when the error rate is below 1%. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check the header for which alert is raised, header name present in alert label. 2. Verify the error_msg using "ocsepp_topology_header_failure_total" metric and KPI. 3. Fix or add configuration for the header. Note: The alert will be cleared only if the corresponding success metric is pegged.

5.2.6.2 SEPPN32fTopologyBodyOperationFailureAlert

Table 5-40 SEPPN32fTopologyBodyOperationFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Topology Operation failed and exceeds defined threshold
Severity	Major

Table 5-40 (Cont.) SEPPN32fTopologyBodyOperationFailureAlert

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary "Topology Hiding/Recovery Operation failures reached more than configured threshold" Expression: <pre>delta(ocsepp_topology_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_topology_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_topology_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 2m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4006
Metric Used	ocsepp_topology_body_failure_total ocsepp_topology_body_success_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the total Topology Hiding or Recovery for message body failures reach more than 1%. Alert will be cleared when the error rate will be below 1%. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check the apiUrl, method for which alert is raised, apiUrl present in alert label. 2. Verify the error_msg using "ocsepp_topology_body_failure_total" metric and KPI. 3. Fix or add configuration for the body Identifiers. Note: The alert will be cleared only if the corresponding success metric is pegged.

5.2.7 5G SBI Message Mediation Support Alerts

5.2.7.1 SEPPCN32fMediationFailure

Table 5-41 SEPPCN32fMediationFailure

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Mediation processing Failure
Severity	Info

Table 5-41 (Cont.) SEPPCN32fMediationFailure

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{ \$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Mediation processing Failed because {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} Expression: <pre>increase(ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status!="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"}[10m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status!="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} unless ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status!="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} offset 10m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4007
Metric Used	ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure
Resolution	This alert will be raised when Mediation microservice is unable to apply rules on the incoming request & response from SEPP. Possible Resolution: 1. Check if the Mediation Rules exist. 2. Check the Agenda Group in the mediation rule is matching from the request and response sent from SEPP.

5.2.7.2 SEPPCN32fMediationUnreachable

Table 5-42 SEPPCN32fMediationUnreachable

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Mediation service is not accessible
Severity	Critical

Table 5-42 (Cont.) SEPPCN32fMediationUnreachable

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{ \$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Mediation service is not accessible because {{ \$labels.http_error_message }}</pre> Expression: <pre>increase(ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure_tota l {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"}[10m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} unless ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} offset 10m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4008
Metric Used	ocsepp_cn32f_mediation_response_failure
Resolution	This alert will be raised when Mediation microservice is not accessible. Possible Resolution: 1. Check if the Mediation microservice pod is up. 2. Check if Mediation Service Name and servicePort number is correct.

5.2.7.3 SEPPPN32fMediationFailure

Table 5-43 SEPPPN32fMediationFailure

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Mediation processing Failure
Severity	Info

Table 5-43 (Cont.) SEPPPN32fMediationFailure

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{ \$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Mediation processing Failed because {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} Expression: <pre>increase(ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status!="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"}[10m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status!="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} unless ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status!="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} offset 10m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4009
Metric Used	ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure
Resolution	This alert will be raised when Mediation microservice is unable to apply rules on the incoming request & response from SEPP. Possible Resolution: 1. Check if the Mediation Rules exist. 2. Check the Agenda Group in the mediation rule is matching from the request and response sent from SEPP.

5.2.7.4 SEPPPN32fMediationUnreachable

Table 5-44 SEPPPN32fMediationUnreachable

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Mediation service is not accessible
Severity	Critical

Table 5-44 (Cont.) SEPPPN32fMediationUnreachable

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, podname: {{ \$labels.pod}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Mediation service is not accessible because {{ \$labels.http_error_message }}</pre> Expression: <pre>increase(ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure_tota l {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"}[10m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} unless ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure_total {namespace="sepp-namespace",http_status="504 GATEWAY_TIMEOUT"} offset 10m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4010
Metric Used	ocsepp_pn32f_mediation_response_failure
Resolution	This alert will be raised when Mediation microservice is not accessible. Possible Resolution: 1. Check if the Mediation microservice pod is up. 2. Check if Mediation Service Name and servicePort number is correct.

5.2.8 Overload Control Alerts

5.2.8.1 SEPPServiceOverloadWarn

Table 5-45 SEPPServiceOverloadWarn

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	CPU memory of pn32f-svc more than 65%
Severity	Warning

Table 5-45 (Cont.) SEPPServiceOverloadWarn

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary Backend service is in overload with load level in warning state Expression service_resource_overload_level{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 1
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7007
Metric Used	service_resource_overload_level
Resolution	The alert will be cleared when CPU Memory for backend-svc goes below 65%. Possible resolutions: 1. Users can configure threshold levels for CPU and memory usage. When usage reaches the defined limits, data is discarded based on the configured thresholds. If the discarded data differs from what is expected, please verify the threshold configurations. 2. To monitor current CPU and memory usage, check the statistics on Grafana or Prometheus. 3. For configuration-related details and other information, refer to the 'Overload Control Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.8.2 SEPPServiceOverloadMinor

Table 5-46 SEPPServiceOverloadMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	CPU memory of pn32f-svc more than 70%
Severity	Minor
Alert details provided	Summary Backend service is in overload with load level in minor state Expression service_resource_overload_level{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 2
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7008
Metric Used	service_resource_overload_level

Table 5-46 (Cont.) SEPPServiceOverloadMinor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert will be cleared when CPU Memory for backend-svc goes below 70%. Possible resolutions: 1. Users can configure threshold levels for CPU and memory usage. When usage reaches the defined limits, data is discarded based on the configured thresholds. If the discarded data differs from what is expected, please verify the threshold configurations. 2. To monitor current CPU and memory usage, check the statistics on Grafana or Prometheus. 3. For configuration-related details and other information, refer to the 'Overload Control Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.8.3 SEPPServiceOverloadMajor

Table 5-47 SEPPServiceOverloadMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	CPU memory of pn32f-svc more than 80%
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary Backend service is in overload with load level in major state Expression <pre>service_resource_overload_level{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 3</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7009
Metric Used	service_resource_overload_level

Table 5-47 (Cont.) SEPPServiceOverloadMajor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert will be cleared when CPU Memory for backend-svc goes below 80%. Possible resolutions: 1. Users can configure threshold levels for CPU and memory usage. When usage reaches the defined limits, data is discarded based on the configured thresholds. If the discarded data differs from what is expected, please verify the threshold configurations. 2. To monitor current CPU and memory usage, check the statistics on Grafana or Prometheus. 3. For configuration-related details and other information, refer to the 'Overload Control Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.8.4 SEPPServiceOverloadCritical

Table 5-48 SEPPServiceOverloadCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	CPU memory of pn32f-svc more than 90%
Severity	Critical
Alert details provided	Summary Backend service is in overload with load level in critical state Expression <pre>service_resource_overload_level{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 4</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7010
Metric Used	service_resource_overload_level

Table 5-48 (Cont.) SEPPServiceOverloadCritical

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert will be cleared when CPU Memory for backend-svc goes below 90%. Possible resolutions: 1. Users can configure threshold levels for CPU and memory usage. When usage reaches the defined limits, data is discarded based on the configured thresholds. If the discarded data differs from what is expected, please verify the threshold configurations. 2. To monitor current CPU and memory usage, check the statistics on Grafana or Prometheus. 3. For configuration-related details and other information, refer to the 'Overload Control Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.9 Hosted SEPP Alerts

5.2.9.1 SEPPnPn32fHSRoutingFailureAlert

Table 5-49 SEPPnPn32fHSRoutingFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When the routing failure rate at Pn32f service is greater than 20 percentage.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Routing has failed due to {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} Expression: <pre>((sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod) (ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"})) / (sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod) (ocsepp_pn32f_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}))) > 0.2</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4013
Metric Used	ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total , ocsepp_pn32f_requests_total

Table 5-49 (Cont.) SEPPn32fHSRoutingFailureAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the failure rate at pn32f microservice goes below 20 percent. Possible resolutions: 1. If a request gets rejected due to Remote SEPP Set not being present in allowed list, add the corresponding entry for the same. 2. For further details, refer 'Hosted SEPP' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.9.2 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertMinor

Table 5-50 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When the routing failure rate at Cn32f service is greater than 50 percentage.
Severity	Minor
Alert details provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Routing has failed due to {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} for {{ \$labels.sourceRss }}</pre> Expression: <pre>((sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total{namespace ="sepp-namespace"})) / (sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total{namespace="sepp- namespace"}))) > 0.5</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4014
Metric Used	ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total , ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the failure rate at cn32f microservice goes below 50 percent. Possible resolutions: 1. If a request gets rejected due to Remote SEPP Set not being present in allowed list, add the corresponding entry for the same. 2. For further details, refer 'Hosted SEPP' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.9.3 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertMajor

Table 5-51 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When the routing failure rate at Cn32f service is greater than 60 percentage.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Routing has failed due to {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} for {{ \$labels.sourceRss }}</pre> Expression: <pre>((sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total{namespace ="sepp-namespace"})) / (sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total{namespace="sepp- namespace"}))) > 0.6</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4015
Metric Used	ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total, ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the failure rate at cn32f microservice goes below 60 percent. Possible resolutions: 1. If a request gets rejected due to Remote SEPP Set not being present in allowed list, add the corresponding entry for the same. 2. For further details, refer 'Hosted SEPP' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.9.4 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertCritical

Table 5-52 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When the routing failure rate at Cn32f service is greater than 65 percentage.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-52 (Cont.) SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertCritical

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Routing has failed due to {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} for {{ \$labels.sourceRss }} Expression: <pre>((sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"})) / (sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}))) > 0.65</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4016
Metric Used	ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total, ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the failure rate at cn32f microservice goes below 65 percent. Possible resolutions: 1. If a request gets rejected due to Remote SEPP Set not being present in allowed list, add the corresponding entry for the same. 2. For further details, refer 'Hosted SEPP' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.9.5 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertWarning

Table 5-53 SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertWarning

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When the routing failure rate at Cn32f service is greater than 25 percentage.
Severity	Warning

Table 5-53 (Cont.) SEPPCn32fHSRoutingFailureAlertWarning

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Routing has failed due to {{ \$labels.http_error_message }} for {{ \$labels.sourceRss }} Expression: <pre>((sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"})) / (sum by(namespace, app, nf_instance_id, pod, sourceRss) (ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}))) > 0.25</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4017
Metric Used	ocsepp_allowed_p_rss_routing_failure_total, ocsepp_cn32f_requests_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the failure rate at cn32f microservice goes below 25 percent. Possible resolutions: 1. If a request gets rejected due to Remote SEPP Set not being present in allowed list, add the corresponding entry for the same. 2. For further details, refer 'Hosted SEPP' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.10 SEPP Message Feed Alerts

5.2.10.1 DDUnreachableFromN32IGW

Table 5-54 DDUnreachableFromN32IGW

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alarm is raised when Data Director is not reachable from N32 Ingress Gateway.
Severity	major

Table 5-54 (Cont.) DDUnreachableFromN32IGW

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary DD Unreachable from N32 Ingress Gateway Expression: <pre>(oc_ingressgateway_dd_unreachable{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="n32-ingress-gateway"} == 1)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4018
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_dd_unreachable
Resolution	Alert gets cleared automatically when the connection with Data Director is established. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check whether Kafka broker pods are up and running. 2. Kafka.bootstrapAddress parameter must be set to correct listener IP and port. 3. All the values must be checked for DD configuration in ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml file, as this is a Helm based feature. 4. For more details and configuration related issues, refer to 'Message Feed Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.10.2 DDUnreachableFromPLMNIGW

Table 5-55 DDUnreachableFromPLMNIGW

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alarm is raised when Data Director is not reachable from PLMN Ingress Gateway.
Severity	major
Alert details provided	Summary DD Unreachable from PLMN Ingress Gateway Expression: <pre>(oc_ingressgateway_dd_unreachable{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="plmn-ingress-gateway"} == 1)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4019
Metric Used	oc_ingressgateway_dd_unreachable

Table 5-55 (Cont.) DDUnreachableFromPLMNIGW

Field	Details
Resolution	Alert gets cleared automatically when the connection with Data Director is established. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check whether Kafka broker pods are up and running. 2. <code>Kafka.bootstrapAddress</code> parameter must be set to correct listener IP and port. 3. All the values must be checked for DD configuration in <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file, as this is a Helm based feature. 4. For more details and configuration related issues, refer to 'Message Feed Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.10.3 DDUnreachableFromN32EGW

Table 5-56 DDUnreachableFromN32EGW

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alarm is raised when Data Director is not reachable from N32 Egress Gateway.
Severity	major
Alert details provided	Summary DD Unreachable from N32 Egress Gateway Expression: <pre>(oc_egressgateway_dd_unreachable{namespace="sepp-namespace", app="n32-egress-gateway"} == 1)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4020
Metric Used	<code>oc_egressgateway_dd_unreachable</code>
Resolution	Alert gets cleared automatically when the connection with Data Director is established. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check whether Kafka broker pods are up and running. 2. <code>Kafka.bootstrapAddress</code> parameter must be set to correct listener IP and port. 3. All the values must be checked for DD configuration in <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file, as this is a Helm based feature. 4. For more details and configuration related issues, refer to 'Message Feed Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.10.4 DDUnreachableFromPLMNEGW

Table 5-57 DDUnreachableFromPLMNEGW

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alarm is raised when Data Director is not reachable from PLMN Egress Gateway.
Severity	major
Alert details provided	Summary DD Unreachable from PLMN Egress Gateway Expression: <pre>(oc_egressgateway_dd_unreachable{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="plmn-egress-gateway"} == 1)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4021
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_dd_unreachable
Resolution	Alert gets cleared automatically when the connection with Data Director is established. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check whether Kafka broker pods are up and running. 2. Kafka.bootstrapAddress parameter must be set to correct listener IP and port. 3. All the values must be checked for DD configuration in ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml file, as this is a Helm based feature. 4. For more details and configuration related issues, refer to 'Message Feed Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.11 Steering of Roaming (SOR) Alerts

5.2.11.1 SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercent30to40

Table 5-58 SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercent30to40

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	30% to 40% of SOR traffic results in failure.
Severity	Minor

Table 5-58 (Cont.) SEPPn32fSORFailureAlertPercent30to40

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary: 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{ end }' Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)/sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)>=0.3 and sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)/sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)<0.4</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4022
Metric Used	ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total and ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the percentage failure of SOR responses is in the range 30%-40%, in the sample collected in last 2 min. Possible Resolutions : 1. Check the below headers in the response coming from SOR server. If any of these is missing, it will cause SOR Failure: a. Server Header b. Location Header 2. Check if the redirection code (3xx) received from SOR should be the same as the one configured through CNC Console. This code can be viewed in the metric ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total. 3. Check if the SOR Server is sending the response code 5xx and whether the code is not configured through CNC Console or retry to Producer NF is disabled. This code can be viewed in the metric ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total. 4. Check if any client error(4xx) is coming while connecting to SoR. This code can be viewed in the metric ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total.

5.2.11.2 SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercent40to50

Table 5-59 SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercent40to50

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	40% to 50% of SOR traffic results in failure.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary: 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}' Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)/sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)>=0.4 and sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)/sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)<0.5</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4023
Metric Used	ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total and ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the percentage failure of SOR responses is in the range 40%-50%, in the sample collected in last 2 min. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check the below headers in the response coming from SoR server, if any of these is missing, it will cause SOR Failure: a. Server Header b. Location Header 2. Check if the redirection code (3xx) received from SOR should be same as one configured through CNC Console. This code can be viewed in the metric <code>ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total</code>. 3. Check if SOR Server is sending response code 5xx and the code is not configured through CNC Console or Retry to Producer NF is disabled. This code can be viewed in the metric <code>ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total</code>. 4. Check if any client error (4xx) is coming while connecting to SOR. This code can be viewed in the metric <code>ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total</code>.

5.2.11.3 SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercentAbove50

Table 5-60 SEPPN32fSORFailureAlertPercentAbove50

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	50% of SOR traffic results in failure
Severity	Critical
Alert details provided	Summary: 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{ end }' Expression: <code>sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)/sum(rate(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app)>=0.5</code>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4024
Metric Used	ocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total and ocsepp_pn32f_sor_requests_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the percentage failure of SOR responses is above 50%, in the sample collected in last 2 min. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check the below headers in the response coming from SOR server, if any of these is missing, it will cause SOR Failure: a. Server Header b. Location Header 2. Check if the redirection code(3xx) received from SOR should be same as one configured via CNC Console. This code can be viewed in the metricocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total. 3. Check if SOR Server is sending response code 5xx and the code is not configured through CNC Console or retry to Producer NF is disabled. This code can be viewed in the metricocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total. 4. Check if any client error(4xx) is coming while connecting to SOR. This code can be viewed in the metricocsepp_pn32f_sor_failure_total.

5.2.11.4 SEPPnP32fSORTimeoutFailureAlert

Table 5-61 SEPPnP32fSORTimeoutFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Increase of more than five timeout errors in last two minutes for SOR.
Severity	critical
Alert details provided	Summary: 'namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{ end }' Expression: <code>idelta(ocsepp_pn32f_sor_timeout_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) > 5 or (ocsepp_pn32f_sor_timeout_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_pn32f_sor_timeout_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 2m)</code>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4025
Metric Used	ocsepp_pn32f_sor_timeout_failure_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when the response received from SOR Server suggests that server is either down or unreachable for more than five error counts in the sample collected in last two minutes. Possible Resolutions : 1. Check and fix if the SOR server is unreachable. 2. Check and fix if the configuration made through CNC Console has wrong values for server. Check if the FQDN and port configured are correct. 3. The scheme selected must be supported by SOR server.

5.2.12 Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Alerts

5.2.12.1 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Table 5-62 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate per RSS is detected above 0.1 percent of total transactions of that RSS, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Warning
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate per RSS detected above 0.1 Percent of Total Transactions of that RSS. Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set) *100 >= 0.1 < 10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7011
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate per RSS is detected below 0.1 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.2 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove10Percent

Table 5-63 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate per RSS is detected above 10 percent of total transactions of that RSS, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Minor
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate per RSS detected above 10 Percent of Total Transactions of that RSS. Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set) *100 >= 10 < 25</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7012
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate per RSS is detected below 10 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.3 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove25Percent

Table 5-64 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate per RSS is detected above 25 percent of total transactions of that RSS, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Major

Table 5-64 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate per RSS detected above 25 Percent of Total Transactions of that RSS Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set) *100 >= 25 < 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7013
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate per RSS is detected below 25 percent of total transaction. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.4 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove50Percent

Table 5-65 IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove50Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate per RSS is detected above 50 percent of total transactions of that RSS, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-65 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitPerRSSMessageDropAbove50Percent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate per RSS detected above 50 Percent of Total Transactions of that RSS. Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,Remote_SEPP_Set) *100 >= 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7014
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate per RSS is detected below 50 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.5 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Table 5-66 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate is detected above 0.1 percent of total transactions, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Warning

Table 5-66 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbovePointOnePercent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate detected above 0.1 Percent of Total Transaction Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 0.1 < 1</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7015
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate is detected below 0.1 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.6 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAboveOnePercent

Table 5-67 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAboveOnePercent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate is detected above 1 percent of total transactions, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Warning

Table 5-67 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAboveOnePercent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate detected above 1 Percent of Total Transactions Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 1 < 10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7016
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate is detected below 1 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.7 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove10Percent

Table 5-68 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate is detected above 10 percent of total transactions, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Minor

Table 5-68 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate detected above 10 Percent of Total Transactions. Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 10 < 25</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7017
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate is detected below 10 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.8 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove25Percent

Table 5-69 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate is detected above 25 percent of total transactions, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Major

Table 5-69 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate detected above 25 Percent of Total Transactions Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 25 < 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7018
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate is detected below 25 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.12.9 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove50Percent

Table 5-70 IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove50Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request has to be dropped when all the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate is detected above 50 percent of total transactions, this metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-70 (Cont.) IngressRssRateLimitMessageDropAbove50Percent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Ingress RSS Based Rate Limiting Message Drop Rate detected above 50 Percent of Total Transactions. Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="dropped"}[5m])) by (namespace,app)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (namespace,app) *100 >= 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.7019
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_rss_ratelimit_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the drop rate is detected below 50 percent of total transactions. Possible resolutions: 1. In the CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and then click Rate limiting and then Ingress Rate Limiting. The Remote SEPP Set appears underneath, click Remote SEPP Set, the Options appears. Check the header configured in Originating Network ID Header parameter. 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Ingress Roaming Signaling per Remote SEPP Set Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.13 Cat-0 SBI Message Schema Validation Alerts

5.2.13.1 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMinorAlert

Table 5-71 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMinorAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Message validation failed for request query parameters for 40 % of requests (on which message validation was applied) in last 2 minutes.
Severity	minor

Table 5-71 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMinorAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Namespace: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_namespace }}, Podname: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_pod_name }}, App: {{ \$labels.app }}, Nfinstanceid: {{ \$labels.nfInstanceId }} Expression: (sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id) / sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_applied_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id))*100 >= 40 < 60
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4026
Metric Used	ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure_total

Table 5-71 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMinorAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count is not between 40 to 60. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check Logs or Metrics: Review the following metrics for message validation failures: • ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure • ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure 2. To identify the Failing Resource URI and HTTP Method, do the following: • For request body validation failures, search for the text: "Message validation failed for request body for request" • For query parameter validation failures, search for: "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" • For more detailed information about logs, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 3. In CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and select Security Countermeasure from the left-hand menu. • Click Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation to open the Message Validation List. • Search for the relevant resource URI to retrieve the corresponding schema. • Compare the request body or query parameters against the schema to ensure the request complies with the schema. If necessary, update the schema to reflect the correct structure.

5.2.13.2 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMajorAlert

Table 5-72 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMajorAlert

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Message validation failed for request query parameters for 60 % of requests (on which message validation was applied) in last 2 minutes.
Severity	major

Table 5-72 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMajorAlert

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Namespace: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_namespace }}, Podname: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_pod_name }}, App: {{ \$labels.app }}, Nfinstanceid: {{ \$labels.nfInstanceId }} Expression: <pre>(sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id) / sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_applied_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id))*100 >= 60 < 80</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4027
Metric Name	ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure_total

Table 5-72 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureMajorAlert

Field	Description
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count is not between 60 to 80. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check Logs or Metrics: Review the following metrics for message validation failures: • ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure • ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure 2. To identify the Failing Resource URI and HTTP Method, do the following: • For request body validation failures, search for the text: "Message validation failed for request body for request" • For query parameter validation failures, search for: "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" • For more detailed information about logs, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 3. In CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and select Security Countermeasure from the left-hand menu. • Click Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation to open the Message Validation List. • Search for the relevant resource URI to retrieve the corresponding schema. • Compare the request body or query parameters against the schema to ensure the request complies with the schema. If necessary, update the schema to reflect the correct structure.

5.2.13.3 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureCriticalAlert

Table 5-73 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureCriticalAlert

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Message validation failed for request query parameters for 80 % of requests (on which message validation was applied) in last 2 minutes.
Severity	critical

Table 5-73 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureCriticalAlert

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Namespace: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_namespace }}, Podname: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_pod_name }}, App: {{ \$labels.app }}, Nfinstanceid: {{ \$labels.nfInstanceId }} Expression: (sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id) / sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_applied_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id))*100 >= 80
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4028
Metric Name	ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure_total

Table 5-73 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnHeaderFailureCriticalAlert

Field	Description
Resolution	This alert is cleared when the count is less than 80. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check Logs or Metrics: Review the following metrics for message validation failures: • ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure • ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure 2. To identify the Failing Resource URI and HTTP Method, do the following: • For request body validation failures, search for the text: "Message validation failed for request body for request" • For query parameter validation failures, search for: "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" • For more detailed information about logs, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 3. In CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and select Security Countermeasure from the left-hand menu. • Click Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation to open the Message Validation List. • Search for the relevant resource URI to retrieve the corresponding schema. • Compare the request body or query parameters against the schema to ensure the request complies with the schema. If necessary, update the schema to reflect the correct structure.

5.2.13.4 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMinorAlert

Table 5-74 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMinorAlert

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Message validation failed for request body for 40 % of requests (on which message validation was applied) in last 2 minutes.
Severity	minor

Table 5-74 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMinorAlert

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Namespace: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_namespace }}, Podname: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_pod_name }}, App: {{ \$labels.app }}, Nfinstanceid: {{ \$labels.nfInstanceId }} Expression: (sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id) / sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_applied_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id))*100 >= 40 < 60
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4029
Metric Name	ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure_total

Table 5-74 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMinorAlert

Field	Description
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count is not between 40 to 60. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check Logs or Metrics: Review the following metrics for message validation failures: • ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure • ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure 2. To identify the Failing Resource URI and HTTP Method, do the following: • For request body validation failures, search for the text: "Message validation failed for request body for request" • For query parameter validation failures, search for: "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" • For more detailed information about logs, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 3. In CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and select Security Countermeasure from the left-hand menu. • Click Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation to open the Message Validation List. • Search for the relevant resource URI to retrieve the corresponding schema. • Compare the request body or query parameters against the schema to ensure the request complies with the schema. If necessary, update the schema to reflect the correct structure.

5.2.13.5 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMajorAlert

Table 5-75 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMajorAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Message validation failed for request body for 60 % of requests (on which message validation was applied) in last 2 minutes.
Severity	major

Table 5-75 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMajorAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Namespace: <pre>{{ \$labels.kubernetes_namespace }}</pre>, Podname: <pre>{{ \$labels.kubernetes_pod_name }}</pre>, App: <pre>{{ \$labels.app }}</pre>, Nfinstanceid: <pre>{{ \$labels.nfInstanceId }}</pre> Expression: <pre>(sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id) / sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_applied_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id))*100 >= 60 < 80</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4030
Metric Name	ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure_total

Table 5-75 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureMajorAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count is not between 60 to 80. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check Logs or Metrics: Review the following metrics for message validation failures: • ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure • ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure 2. To identify the Failing Resource URI and HTTP Method, do the following: • For request body validation failures, search for the text: "Message validation failed for request body for request" • For query parameter validation failures, search for: "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" • For more detailed information about logs, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 3. In CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and select Security Countermeasure from the left-hand menu. • Click Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation to open the Message Validation List. • Search for the relevant resource URI to retrieve the corresponding schema. • Compare the request body or query parameters against the schema to ensure the request complies with the schema. If necessary, update the schema to reflect the correct structure.

5.2.13.6 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureCriticalAlert

Table 5-76 SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureCriticalAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Message validation failed for request body for 80 % of requests (on which message validation was applied) in last 2 minutes.
Severity	critical

Table 5-76 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureCriticalAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Namespace: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_namespace }}, Podname: {{ \$labels.kubernetes_pod_name }}, App: {{ \$labels.app }}, Nfinstanceid: {{ \$labels.nfInstanceId }} Expression: (sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id) / sum(rate(ocsepp_message_validation_applied_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m])) by (namespace, app, pod, nf_instance_id))*100 >= 80
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4031
Metric Name	ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure_total

Table 5-76 (Cont.) SEPPN32fMessageValidationOnBodyFailureCriticalAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	This alert is cleared when the count is less than 80. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check Logs or Metrics: Review the following metrics for message validation failures: • ocsepp_message_validation_on_body_failure • ocsepp_message_validation_on_header_failure 2. To identify the Failing Resource URI and HTTP Method, do the following: • For request body validation failures, search for the text: "Message validation failed for request body for request" • For query parameter validation failures, search for: "Message validation failed for request query parameter(s) for request" • For more detailed information about logs, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 3. In CNC Console GUI, navigate to SEPP and select Security Countermeasure from the left-hand menu. • Click Cat 0 - SBI Message Schema Validation to open the Message Validation List. • Search for the relevant resource URI to retrieve the corresponding schema. • Compare the request body or query parameters against the schema to ensure the request complies with the schema. If necessary, update the schema to reflect the correct structure.

5.2.14 Cat-1 Service API Validation Alerts

5.2.14.1 SEPPN32fServiceApiValidationFailureAlert

Table 5-77 SEPPN32fServiceApiValidationFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Service API not in allowed list
Severity	Major

Table 5-77 (Cont.) SEPPN32fServiceApiValidationFailureAlert

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary N32f : Service API not in allowed list Expression: <pre>delta(ocsepp_security_service_api_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) > 0 or (ocsepp_security_service_api_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_security_service_api_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 2m)</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4005
Metric Used	ocsepp_security_service_api_failure_total
Resolution	This alert will be raised when there is difference of at least 1 between first and last data point in sample collected in last 2 minutes. Alert will be cleared after 2 minutes. Possible Resolutions: 1. Check the Resource URI + Method for which alert is raised. 2. Verify the error_msg using "ocsepp_security_service_api_failure_total" metric and KPI. 3. Fix or add configuration for the Resource URI + Method in Service API's and Allowed List.

5.2.15 Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Alerts

5.2.15.1 seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltWarn

Table 5-78 seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltWarn

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered as a warning in case of a failure of Cat-1 NRF service API query parameters validation feature when the rate of failure goes above 5.
Severity	Warning

Table 5-78 (Cont.) seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltWarn

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Service Api Query Param Validation has failed because {{ \$labels.cause }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod,resource_uri) > 0 and sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod,resource_uri) <= 5</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4067
Metric Name	ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the rate of failure goes down below 5. Possible Resolutions: 1. Verify that both the Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation feature and the Cat-1 Service API Validation feature are enabled. For configuration-related issues, refer to 'Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Ensure that the same list-name is selected across all lists configured for query parameter validation. 3. Check the pair of Network Functions and the values included in the request. Make sure they match the configuration defined for this feature. 4. Confirm that the request is an NRF discovery request using the GET method.

5.2.15.2 seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltMinor

Table 5-79 seppN32fSrvApiQryPrmValFailAltMinor

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered as a minor alert in case of a failure of Cat-1 NRF service API query parameters validation feature when the rate of failure goes between 5 to 10.
Severity	Minor
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Service Api Query Param Validation has failed because {{ \$labels.cause }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod,resource_uri) > 5 and sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod,resource_uri) <= 10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4068
Metric Name	ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total

Table 5-79 (Cont.) seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltMinor

Field	Description
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the rate of failure goes down below 5 or over 10. Possible Resolutions: 1. Verify that both the Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation feature and the Cat-1 Service API Validation feature are enabled. For configuration-related issues, refer to 'Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Ensure that the same list-name is selected across all lists configured for query parameter validation. 3. Check the pair of Network Functions and the values included in the request. Make sure they match the configuration defined for this feature. 4. Confirm that the request is an NRF discovery request using the GET method.

5.2.15.3 seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltMajor

Table 5-80 seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltMajor

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered as a major alert in case of a failure of Cat-1 NRF service API query parameters validation feature when the rate of failure goes between 10 to 100.
Severity	Major

Table 5-80 (Cont.) seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltMajor

Field	Description
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace:{{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Service Api Query Param Validation has failed because {{ \$labels.cause }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod,resource_uri) > 10 and sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod,resource_uri) <= 100</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4069
Metric Name	ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the rate of failure goes down below 10 or over 100. Possible Resolutions: 1. Verify that both the Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation feature and the Cat-1 Service API Validation feature are enabled. For configuration-related issues, refer to 'Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Ensure that the same list-name is selected across all lists configured for query parameter validation. 3. Check the pair of Network Functions and the values included in the request. Make sure they match the configuration defined for this feature. 4. Confirm that the request is an NRF discovery request using the GET method.

5.2.15.4 seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltCritical

Table 5-81 seppN32fSvcApiQryPrmValFailAltCritical

Field	Description
Trigger Condition	Triggered as a critical alert in case of a failure of Cat-1 NRF service API query parameters validation feature when the rate of failure goes above 100.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace:{{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Service Api Query Param Validation has failed because {{ \$labels.cause }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod,resource_uri) > 100</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4070
Metric Name	ocsepp_security_service_api_query_param_validation_failure_total
Resolution	The alert gets automatically cleared when the rate of failure goes down below 100. Possible Resolutions: 1. Verify that both the Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation feature and the Cat-1 Service API Validation feature are enabled. For configuration-related issues, refer to 'Cat-1 NRF Service API Query Parameters Validation Feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Ensure that the same list-name is selected across all lists configured for query parameter validation. 3. Check the pair of Network Functions and the values included in the request. Make sure they match the configuration defined for this feature. 4. Confirm that the request is an NRF discovery request using the GET method.

5.2.16 Cat-2 Network ID Validation Alerts

5.2.16.1 SEPPN32fNetworkIDValidationHeaderFailureAlert

Table 5-82 SEPPN32fNetworkIDValidationHeaderFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If Network ID Validation for Header fails, this metrics will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary: 'namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Network ID Validation has failed because {{ \$labels.cause }}' Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_network_id_validation_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) >0 or (ocsepp_network_id_validation_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_network_id_validation_header_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 2m)) by (namespace, remote_sepp_name, nf_instance_id, peer_fqdn, plmn_identifider, app, resource_uri, pod) > 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4011
Metric Used	ocsepp_network_id_validation_header_failure_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count goes below 0. Possible Resolutions: 1. Review CN32F logs for error codes SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0013 or SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0014 (indicating the incoming request was rejected with error code 406 by the CN32F microservice). 2. Similarly, check PN32F logs for error codes SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0016 or SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0017 (indicating the request was rejected with error code 406 by the PN32F microservice). 3. Ensure the correct regular expression is configured under Header/ Body IE in the Cat 2 – Network ID Validation section (located under the Security Countermeasure tab in SEPP). 4. Confirm that the PLMN ID specified in the request headers is included in the SEPP's configured PLMN ID List. 5. For issues related to invalid PLMN ID configurations in the body or headers, refer to 'Cat-2 Network ID Validation Feature' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.16.2 SEPPN32fNetworkIDValidationBodyIEFailureAlert

Table 5-83 SEPPN32fNetworkIDValidationBodyIEFailureAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If Network ID Validation for Body fails, this metrics will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary: 'namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Network ID Body Validation has failed because {{ \$labels.cause }}' Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) >0 or (ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} offset 2m)) by (namespace, remote_sepp_name, nf_instance_id, peer_fqdn, plmn_identififier, app, resource_uri, pod) > 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4012
Metric Used	ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count goes below 0. Possible Resolutions: 1. Review CN32F logs for error codes SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0013 or SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0014 (indicating the incoming request was rejected with error code 406 by the CN32F microservice). 2. Similarly, check PN32F logs for error codes SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0016 or SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0017 (indicating the request was rejected with error code 406 by the PN32F microservice). 3. Ensure the correct regular expression is configured under Header/ Body IE in the Cat 2 – Network ID Validation section (located under the Security Countermeasure tab in SEPP). 4. Confirm that the PLMN ID specified in the request headers is included in the SEPP's configured PLMN ID List. 5. For issues related to invalid PLMN ID configurations in the body or headers, refer to 'Cat-2 Network ID Validation Feature' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.17 Cat-3 Previous Location Check Alerts

5.2.17.1 SEPPN32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMinor

Table 5-84 SEPPn32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When previous location check validation failure error is detected between 30 to 40 Percent of total transactions, this alert will be raised.
Severity	Minor
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_failure_total{namespace="sepp -namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_requests_total{namespace="sep p-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)>=0.3 and sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_failure_total{namespace="sepp -namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_requests_total{namespace="sep p-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)<0.4</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4032
Metric Name	ocsepp_previous_location_validation_failure_total

Table 5-84 (Cont.) SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMinor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the previous location check validation failure error does not lie between 30 to 40 percent of total transactions. Possible Resolutions: - Look for the following error codes in the PN32F microservice logs: - SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 - SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 - SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 - Ensure that the correct regex is configured for UE ID and Serving Network ID under the Header or Body IE configuration within the Cat 3 – Previous Location Check section of the Security Countermeasure tab in the SEPP CNC Console. - Check that the MCC and MNC values (configured in either the header or body) match the serving network name. These values are returned in the UDR response, so also confirm that the UDR response is successful. - If Cat 3 – Previous Location Check is enabled, ensure the SUPI is present in the incoming request message. - Verify the following: - Confirm the UDR discovery procedure completes successfully. - Ensure the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable. - Verify the Coherence service is up and running. - Make sure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. - Ensure that DNS resolution is properly configured for the UDR discovery call, specifically for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription use cases.

5.2.17.2 SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMajor

Table 5-85 SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When previous location check validation failure error is detected between 40 to 50 Percent of total transactions, this alert will be raised.

Table 5-85 (Cont.) SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Severity	Major
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_failure_total{namespace="sepp -namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_requests_total{namespace="sep p-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)>=0.4 and sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_failure_total{namespace="sepp -namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_requests_total{namespace="sep p-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)<0.5</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4033
Metric Name	ocsepp_previous_location_validation_failure_total

Table 5-85 (Cont.) SEPPn32fPreviousLocationCheckValidationFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the previous location check validation failure error does not lie between 40 to 50 percent of total transactions. Possible Resolutions: 1. Look for the following error codes in the PN32F microservice logs: • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 • SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 2. Ensure that the correct regex is configured for UE ID and Serving Network ID under the Header or Body IE configuration within the Cat 3 – Previous Location Check section of the Security Countermeasure tab in the SEPP CNC Console. 3. Check that the MCC and MNC values (configured in either the header or body) match the serving network name. These values are returned in the UDR response, so also confirm that the UDR response is successful. 4. If Cat 3 – Previous Location Check is enabled, ensure the SUPI is present in the incoming request message. 5. Verify the following: • Confirm the UDR discovery procedure completes successfully. • Ensure the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable. • Verify the Coherence service is up and running. • Make sure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. 6. Ensure that DNS resolution is properly configured for the UDR discovery call, specifically for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription use cases.

5.2.17.3 sEPPn32fPrevLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Table 5-86 sEPPn32fPrevLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When previous location check validation failure error is detected above 50 Percent of total transactions, this alert will be raised.

Table 5-86 (Cont.) sEPPn32fPrevLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} Expression: sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_failure_total{namespace="sepp -namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_val idation_requests_total{namespace="sep p-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app ,pod)>=0.5
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4034
Metric Name	ocsepp_previous_location_validation_failure_total

Table 5-86 (Cont.) sEPPnPn32fPrevLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the previous location check validation failure error does not lie above 50 percent of total transactions. Possible Resolutions: 1. Look for the following error codes in the PN32F microservice logs: • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 • SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 2. Ensure that the correct regex is configured for UE ID and Serving Network ID under the Header or Body IE configuration within the Cat 3 – Previous Location Check section of the Security Countermeasure tab in the SEPP CNC Console. 3. Check that the MCC and MNC values (configured in either the header or body) match the serving network name. These values are returned in the UDR response, so also confirm that the UDR response is successful. 4. If Cat 3 – Previous Location Check is enabled, ensure the SUPI is present in the incoming request message. 5. Verify the following: • Confirm the UDR discovery procedure completes successfully. • Ensure the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable. • Verify the Coherence service is up and running. • Make sure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. 6. Ensure that DNS resolution is properly configured for the UDR discovery call, specifically for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription use cases.

5.2.17.4 SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMinor

Table 5-87 SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When previous location check exception failure is detected between 30 to 40 Percent of total transactions, this alert will be raised.

Table 5-87 (Cont.) SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMinor

Field	Details
Severity	Minor
Alert Details Provided	Summary namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }} Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_validation_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_validation_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)<0.4</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4035
Metric Name	ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total

Table 5-87 (Cont.) SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMinor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the previous location check exception failure does not lie between 30 to 40 percent of total transactions. Possible Resolutions: 1. Look for the following error codes in the PN32F microservice logs: • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 • SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 2. Ensure that the correct regex is configured for UE ID and Serving Network ID under the Header or Body IE configuration within the Cat 3 – Previous Location Check section of the Security Countermeasure tab in the SEPP CNC Console. 3. Check that the MCC and MNC values (configured in either the header or body) match the serving network name. These values are returned in the UDR response, so also confirm that the UDR response is successful. 4. If Cat 3 – Previous Location Check is enabled, ensure the SUPI is present in the incoming request message. 5. Verify the following: • Confirm the UDR discovery procedure completes successfully. • Ensure the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable. • Verify the Coherence service is up and running. • Make sure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. 6. Ensure that DNS resolution is properly configured for the UDR discovery call, specifically for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription use cases.

5.2.17.5 SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMajor

Table 5-88 SEPPnPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When previous location check exception failure error is detected between 40 to 50 Percent of Total Transactions , this alert will be raised.
Severity	Major

Table 5-88 (Cont.) SEPPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_validation_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)>=0.4 and sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_validation_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)<0.5</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4036
Metric Name	ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total

Table 5-88 (Cont.) SEPPn32fPreviousLocationCheckExceptionFailureAlertMajor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the previous location check exception failure error does not lie between 40 to 50 percent of total transactions. Possible Resolutions: 1. Look for the following error codes in the PN32F microservice logs: • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 • SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 2. Ensure that the correct regex is configured for UE ID and Serving Network ID under the Header or Body IE configuration within the Cat 3 – Previous Location Check section of the Security Countermeasure tab in the SEPP CNC Console. 3. Check that the MCC and MNC values (configured in either the header or body) match the serving network name. These values are returned in the UDR response, so also confirm that the UDR response is successful. 4. If Cat 3 – Previous Location Check is enabled, ensure the SUPI is present in the incoming request message. 5. Verify the following: • Confirm the UDR discovery procedure completes successfully. • Ensure the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable. • Verify the Coherence service is up and running. • Make sure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. 6. Ensure that DNS resolution is properly configured for the UDR discovery call, specifically for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription use cases.

5.2.17.6 sEPPn32fPrevLoChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Table 5-89 sEPPn32fPrevLoChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When previous location check exception failure error is detected above 50 Percent of total transactions, this alert will be raised.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-89 (Cont.) sEPPn32fPrevLoChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)/ sum(rate(ocsepp_previous_location_validation_requests_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"} [2m]))by(namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod)>=0.5</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4037
Metric Name	ocsepp_previous_location_exception_failure_total

Table 5-89 (Cont.) sEPPn32fPrevLoChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the previous location check exception failure error does not lie above 50 percent of total transactions. Possible Resolutions: 1. Look for the following error codes in the PN32F microservice logs: • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-ERROR-0019 • SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0018 • SEPP-PREVIOUS-LOCATION-CHECK-VALIDATION-EXCEPTION-0020 2. Ensure that the correct regex is configured for UE ID and Serving Network ID under the Header or Body IE configuration within the Cat 3 – Previous Location Check section of the Security Countermeasure tab in the SEPP CNC Console. 3. Check that the MCC and MNC values (configured in either the header or body) match the serving network name. These values are returned in the UDR response, so also confirm that the UDR response is successful. 4. If Cat 3 – Previous Location Check is enabled, ensure the SUPI is present in the incoming request message. 5. Verify the following: • Confirm the UDR discovery procedure completes successfully. • Ensure the FQDN or IP of the UDR is reachable. • Verify the Coherence service is up and running. • Make sure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. 6. Ensure that DNS resolution is properly configured for the UDR discovery call, specifically for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription use cases.

5.2.18 Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers

5.2.18.1 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMinor

Table 5-90 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Triggered in case of a minor failure for Cat-3Time Unauthenticated Location Check.
Severity	Minor
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_validation_failure_tota l{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) >=1 and sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_validation_failure_tota l{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) <=10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4055
Metric Name	ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_validation_failure_total

Table 5-90 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMinor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the failure count is above 10. Possible Resolutions: 1. Ensure that the Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both the global and remote levels. For configuration issues and detailed analysis, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Confirm that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message. The UDM and UDR discovery procedures (FQDN or IP of UDR) must be successful and reachable. 3. Verify the following: • Verify that the Coherence service is operational. • Ensure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. • Confirm that the routing indicator from the SUCI matches the routingIndicator in the UDM profile. 4. DNS Resolution Confirm proper DNS resolution for the UDR discovery call, particularly for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription scenarios. 5. Ensure the supi Or Suci and servingNetworkName (including MCC/MNC) are present in the NAUSF request JSON body. Verify that the UDR response is successful and that the servingNetworkName values match. 6. If the request is rejected, verify whether the rejection might be caused by mismatched units of measurement.

5.2.18.2 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMajor

Table 5-91 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Triggered in case of a major failure for Cat-3 Time Unauthenticated Location Check.
Severity	Major

Table 5-91 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMajor

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_validation_failure_tota l{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) >=11 and sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_validation_failure_tota l{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) <=50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4056
Metric Name	ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_validation_failure_total

Table 5-91 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtMajor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the failure count is not in between 10 and 50. Possible Resolutions: 1. Ensure that the Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both the global and remote levels. For configuration issues and detailed analysis, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Confirm that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message. The UDM and UDR discovery procedures (FQDN or IP of UDR) must be successful and reachable. 3. Verify the following: • Verify that the Coherence service is operational. • Ensure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. • Confirm that the routing indicator from the SUCI matches the routingIndicator in the UDM profile. 4. DNS Resolution Confirm proper DNS resolution for the UDR discovery call, particularly for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription scenarios. 5. Ensure the supi Or Suci and servingNetworkName (including MCC/MNC) are present in the NAUSF request JSON body. Verify that the UDR response is successful and that the servingNetworkName values match. 6. If the request is rejected, verify whether the rejection might be caused by mismatched units of measurement.

5.2.18.3 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Table 5-92 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Triggered in case of a critical failure for Cat-3 Time Unauthenticated Location Check.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-92 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_validation_failure_tota l{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ validation_failure_total{namespace="s epp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) >=51</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4057
Metric Name	ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_validation_failure_total

Table 5-92 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkValFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the failure count is below 51. Possible Resolutions: 1. Ensure that the Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both the global and remote levels. For configuration issues and detailed analysis, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Confirm that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message. The UDM and UDR discovery procedures (FQDN or IP of UDR) must be successful and reachable. 3. Verify the following: • Verify that the Coherence service is operational. • Ensure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. • Confirm that the routing indicator from the SUCI matches the routingIndicator in the UDM profile. 4. DNS Resolution Confirm proper DNS resolution for the UDR discovery call, particularly for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription scenarios. 5. Ensure the supi Or Suci and servingNetworkName (including MCC/MNC) are present in the NAUSF request JSON body. Verify that the UDR response is successful and that the servingNetworkName values match. 6. If the request is rejected, verify whether the rejection might be caused by mismatched units of measurement.

5.2.18.4 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMinor

Table 5-93 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Triggered in case of a minor exception for Cat-3 Time Unauthenticated Location Check.
Severity	Minor

Table 5-93 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMinor

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_exception_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) >=1 and sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_exception_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) <=10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4058
Metric Name	ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure_total

Table 5-93 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMinor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the exception count is above 10. Possible Resolutions: 1. Ensure that the Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both the global and remote levels. For configuration issues and detailed analysis, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Confirm that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message. The UDM and UDR discovery procedures (FQDN or IP of UDR) must be successful and reachable. 3. Verify the following: • Verify that the Coherence service is operational. • Ensure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. • Confirm that the routing indicator from the SUCI matches the routingIndicator in the UDM profile. 4. DNS Resolution Confirm proper DNS resolution for the UDR discovery call, particularly for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription scenarios. 5. Ensure the supi Or Suci and servingNetworkName (including MCC/MNC) are present in the NAUSF request JSON body. Verify that the UDR response is successful and that the servingNetworkName values match. 6. If the request is rejected, verify whether the rejection might be caused by mismatched units of measurement.

5.2.18.5 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMajor

Table 5-94 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Triggered in case of a major exception for Cat-3 Time Unauthenticated Location Check.
Severity	Major

Table 5-94 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMajor

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_exception_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) >=11 and sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_exception_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) <=50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4059
Metric Name	ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure_total

Table 5-94 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtMajor

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the exception count is not in between 10 and 50. Possible Resolutions: 1. Ensure that the Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both the global and remote levels. For configuration issues and detailed analysis, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Confirm that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message. The UDM and UDR discovery procedures (FQDN or IP of UDR) must be successful and reachable. 3. Verify the following: • Verify that the Coherence service is operational. • Ensure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. • Confirm that the routing indicator from the SUCI matches the routingIndicator in the UDM profile. 4. DNS Resolution Confirm proper DNS resolution for the UDR discovery call, particularly for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription scenarios. 5. Ensure the supi Or Suci and servingNetworkName (including MCC/MNC) are present in the NAUSF request JSON body. Verify that the UDR response is successful and that the servingNetworkName values match. 6. If the request is rejected, verify whether the rejection might be caused by mismatched units of measurement.

5.2.18.6 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Table 5-95 pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Triggered in case of a critical exception for Cat-3 Time Unauthenticated Location Check.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-95 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary <pre>namespace: {{ \$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }}{{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }} {{ end }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(ocsepp_time_unauthenticat ed_location_exception_failure_total{ namespace="sepp-namespace"}[2m]) or ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} unless ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_ exception_failure_total{namespace="se pp-namespace"} offset 2m) by (namespace,nf_instance_id,app,pod) >=51</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4060
Metric Name	ocsepp_time_unauthenticated_location_exception_failure_total

Table 5-95 (Cont.) pn32fTimeUnauthLocChkExcepFailAlrtCritical

Field	Details
Resolution	The alert gets cleared when the exception count is below 51. Possible Resolutions: 1. Ensure that the Cat-3 Time Check for Roaming Subscribers is enabled at both the global and remote levels. For configuration issues and detailed analysis, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. Confirm that SUPI or SUCI is included in the incoming message. The UDM and UDR discovery procedures (FQDN or IP of UDR) must be successful and reachable. 3. Verify the following: • Verify that the Coherence service is operational. • Ensure the SUPI falls within the IMSI range defined in the UDR profile. • Confirm that the routing indicator from the SUCI matches the routingIndicator in the UDM profile. 4. DNS Resolution Confirm proper DNS resolution for the UDR discovery call, particularly for the pn32f-svc service used in subscription scenarios. 5. Ensure the supi Or Suci and servingNetworkName (including MCC/MNC) are present in the NAUSF request JSON body. Verify that the UDR response is successful and that the servingNetworkName values match. 6. If the request is rejected, verify whether the rejection might be caused by mismatched units of measurement.

5.2.19 Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN Alerts

5.2.19.1 EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove10Percent

Table 5-96 EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request is dropped due to the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate per PLMN is detected above 10 percent of total transactions of that PLMN, oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Minor
Alert Details Provided	Summary Egress Rate Limiting Request Drop Rate detected per PLMN above 10 Percent of Total Transactions Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="ERL_MATCH_NO_TOKEN_LOW_PRI_REJECT"}[5m])) by (EgressRateLimitList,PLMN_ID,namespace)/sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (EgressRateLimitList,PLMN_ID,namespace) *100 >= 10 < 25</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4039
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total

Table 5-96 (Cont.) EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove10Percent

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count goes down. Possible resolutions: 1. If the traffic is being forwarded even if tokens for the Egress Rate Limiting List are exhausted, do the following: a. Verify the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header of the request. If the priority in the header is less than Discard Message Priority property of the message in the Egress Rate Limiting List, then the message is not dropped. b. If the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header is not present, then the priority is checked in the route configuration. If a value for 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority is present in the route configuration, then the above mentioned condition is considered and the same solution is applied. c. If the priority is unknown for the request, 24 is considered as the default value for the request priority, then, the same condition as above is applied. 2. For further details and configuration related issues, please <refer troubleshooting> 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.19.2 EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove25Percent

Table 5-97 EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request is dropped due to the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and drop rate per PLMN is detected above 25 percent of total transactions of that PLMN, oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Major

Table 5-97 (Cont.) EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary Egress Rate Limiting Request Drop Rate detected per PLMN above 25 Percent of Total Transactions Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="ERL_MATCH_NO_TOKEN_LOW_PRI_REJECT"}[5m])) by (EgressRateLimitList,PLMN_ID,namespac e)/ sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (EgressRateLimitList,PLMN_ID,namespac e) *100 >= 25 < 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4040
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total

Table 5-97 (Cont.) EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove25Percent

Field	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count goes down. Possible resolutions: 1. If the traffic is being forwarded even if tokens for the Egress Rate Limiting List are exhausted, do the following: a. Verify the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header of the request. If the priority in the header is less than Discard Message Priority property of the message in the Egress Rate Limiting List, then the message is not dropped. b. If the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header is not present, then the priority is checked in the route configuration. If a value for 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority is present in the route configuration, then the above mentioned condition is considered and the same solution is applied. c. If the priority is unknown for the request, 24 is considered as the default value for the request priority, then, the same condition as above is applied. 2. For further details and configuration related issues, please <refer troubleshooting> 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.19.3 EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove50Percent

Table 5-98 EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove50Percent

Fields	Details
Trigger Condition	If a request is dropped due to the tokens in the bucket are exhausted and the drop rate per PLMN is detected above 50 percent of total transactions of that PLMN, oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total metric will be pegged and corresponding alert will be raised.
Severity	Critical

Table 5-98 (Cont.) EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove50Percent

Fields	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary Egress Rate Limiting Request Drop Rate detected per PLMN above 50 Percent of Total Transactions Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace",Status="ERL_MATCH_NO_TOKEN_LOW_PRI_REJECT"}[5m])) by (EgressRateLimitList,PLMN_ID,namespace)/sum(rate(oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total{namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (EgressRateLimitList,PLMN_ID,namespace) *100 >= 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4041
Metric Name	oc_ingressgateway_plmn_egress_ratelimit_total

Table 5-98 (Cont.) EgressRequestRateLimitDropAbove50Percent

Fields	Details
Resolution	The alerts gets cleared when the count goes down. Possible resolutions: 1. If the traffic is being forwarded even if tokens for the Egress Rate Limiting List are exhausted, do the following: a. Verify the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header of the request. If the priority in the header is less than Discard Message Priority property of the message in the Egress Rate Limiting List, then the message is not dropped. b. If the 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority header is not present, then the priority is checked in the route configuration. If a value for 3gpp-Sbi-Message-Priority is present in the route configuration, then the above mentioned condition is considered and the same solution is applied. c. If the priority is unknown for the request, 24 is considered as the default value for the request priority, then, the same condition as above is applied. 2. For further details and configuration related issues, please <refer troubleshooting> 2. For all configuration related and additional information, refer 'Rate Limiting for Egress Roaming Signaling per PLMN feature' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.20 Separate Port Configurations for N32c and N32f on the Egress Routes Alerts

5.2.20.1 EgressInterfaceConnectionFailure

Table 5-99 EgressInterfaceConnectionFailure

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	If the destination host and port mentioned in the Remote profile are unreachable or not available, then the alert will be raised.
Severity	Major

Table 5-99 (Cont.) EgressInterfaceConnectionFailure

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Egress connection failure on the interface Expression: <pre>sum(increase(oc_egressgateway_connection_failure_total{namespace="sepp-namespace", app="n32-egress-gateway"}[5m])) by (namespace, app, Host, Port) >0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4042
Metric Name	oc_egressgateway_connection_failure_total
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. If the Remote SEPP is changed with new fields of N32F configuration, and the traffic is uneven after changing the profile, check: a. whether the Remote SEPP Set is created correctly. b. if the configuration is stored inside the database correctly. c. Verify in the database that the routes at n32-egress-gateway are updated according to the new configuration done at Remote SEPP. 2. For more details, refer 'Separate Port Configurations for N32c and N32f on the Egress Routes' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.21 Support for TLS 1.3

5.2.21.1 SEPPConnectionFailurePLMNIGWAlert

Table 5-100 SEPPConnectionFailurePLMNIGWAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Connection failure occurs for incoming traffic at PLMN Ingress Gateway
Severity	Major

Table 5-100 (Cont.) SEPPConnectionFailurePLMNIGWAlert

Field	Details
Alert details provided	Summary: <pre>namespace:{{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp:{{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end}}: Incoming connection failure on plmn- ingress-gateway due to {{\$labels.error_reason }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(oc_ingressgateway_conne- tion_failure_total{namespace="sepp- namespace",app="plmn-ingress- gateway"}[5m]) >0 or (oc_ingressgateway_connection_failure_ total{namespace="sepp- namespace",app="plmn-ingress- gateway"} unless oc_ingressgateway_connection_failure_ total{namespace="sepp- namespace",app="plmn-ingress- gateway"} offset 5m)) by (namespace,app) > 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4043
Metric used	oc_ingressgateway_connection_failure_total
Resolution	After resolving the reason for the connection failure, this alert will be removed. Possible resolutions: 1. If SSLHandshakeException or SSLException error is observed, verify that both the server and client have one common TLS version supported. 2. If a common TLS version is supported, then check if both the client and server have compatible cipher suites. 3. Also, ensure that CA certificate of server must be present inside client's truststore. 4. For more details, refer 'Support for TLS 1.3' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.21.2 SEPPConnectionFailureN32IGWAlert

Table 5-101 SEPPConnectionFailureN32IGWAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Connection failure occurs for incoming traffic at N32 Ingress Gateway
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary: <pre>namespace: {{\$labels.namespace}}, timestamp: {{ with query "time()" }} {{ . first value humanizeTimestamp }}{{ end }}: Incoming connection failure on n32- ingress-gateway due to {{ \$labels.error_reason }}</pre> Expression: <pre>sum(increase(oc_ingressgateway_conne- ction_failure_total{namespace="sepp- namespace",app="n32-ingress-gateway"} [5m]) >0 or (oc_ingressgateway_connection_failure_ total{namespace="sepp- namespace",app="n32-ingress- gateway"} unless oc_ingressgateway_connection_failure_ total{namespace="sepp- namespace",app="n32-ingress- gateway"} offset 5m)) by (namespace,app) > 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4044
Metric used	oc_ingressgateway_connection_failure_total

Table 5-101 (Cont.) SEPPConnectionFailureN32IGWAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	After resolving the reason for connection failure, this alert will be removed. Possible resolutions: 1. If SSLHandshakeException or SSLEException error is observed, verify that both the server and client have one common TLS version supported. 2. If a common TLS version is supported, then check if both the client and server have compatible cipher suites. 3. Also, ensure that CA certificate of server must be present inside client's truststore. 4. For more details, refer 'Support for TLS 1.3' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

Note

- addErrorReasonToConnectionFailureMetric to true metric must be true for the metric to be pegged with error reason and alert SEPPConnectionFailureN32IGWAlert to be generated.

5.2.21.3 SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMinor

Table 5-102 SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When TLS certificate is valid for only 6 months before expiration.
Severity	Minor
Alert details provided	Summary: Certificate expiry in less than 6 months Expression: <pre>security_cert_x509_expiration_seconds{namespace="sepp-namespace"} - time() <= 15724800</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4045
Metric used	security_cert_x509_expiration_seconds

Table 5-102 (Cont.) SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMinor

Field	Details
Resolution	Only after certificates have been updated, this alert will be removed. Possible resolutions: For more information on certificate lifecycle process, refer Support for 'Automated Certificate Lifecycle Management' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide</i>.

5.2.21.4 SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMajor

Table 5-103 SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When TLS certificate is valid for only 3 months before expiration.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary: Certificate expiry in less than 3 months Expression: <pre>security_cert_x509_expiration_seconds{namespace="sepp-namespace"} - time() <= 7862400</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4046
Metric used	security_cert_x509_expiration_seconds
Resolution	Only after certificates have been updated, this alert will be removed. Possible resolutions: For more information on certificate lifecycle process, refer 'Support for Automated Certificate Lifecycle Management' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide</i>.

5.2.21.5 SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertCritical

Table 5-104 SEPPX509CertificateExpiryAlertCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When TLS certificate is valid for only 1 month before expiration.
Severity	Critical
Alert details provided	Summery: Certificate expiry in less than 1 month Expression: <pre>security_cert_x509_expiration_seconds{namespace="sepp-namespace"} - time() <= 2592000</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4047
Metric used	security_cert_x509_expiration_seconds
Resolution	Only after certificates have been updated, this alert will be removed. Possible resolutions: For more information on certificate lifestyle process, refer 'Support for Automated Certificate Lifecycle Management' section in the <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy User Guide</i>.

5.2.22 Multiple SEPP Instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster Alerts

5.2.22.1 Cn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Table 5-105 Cn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	ocsepp_cn32f_database_connectivity_healthy = 0
Severity	Major

Table 5-105 (Cont.) Cn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Alert is raised when connectivity is broken between CN32f and cnDBTier. Metric value is pegged as 0 and then alert is raised. Expression: <pre>ocsepp_cn32f_database_connectivity_healthy{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4050
Metric Name	ocsepp_cn32f_database_connectivity_healthy
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify services status to ensure that all services are running in the namespace where cnDBTier is deployed. 2. Check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database. 3. To verify whether the services are connected to correct database and namespace, run <pre>kubectl get deploy deploymentName -n namespace</pre> , and search for <code>spring.datasource.url</code> parameter and check the value. 4. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.2 Cn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Table 5-106 Cn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	ocsepp_cn32c_database_connectivity_healthy == 0
Severity	Major

Table 5-106 (Cont.) Cn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Alert is raised when connectivity is broken between CN32c and cnDBTier for more than 30 seconds. Metric value is pegged as 0 and then alert is raised. Expression: <pre>ocsepp_cn32c_database_connectivity_healthy{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4051
Metric Name	ocsepp_cn32c_database_connectivity_healthy
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify services status to ensure that all services are running in the namespace where cnDBTier is deployed. 2. Check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database. 3. To verify whether the services are connected to correct database and namespace, run <pre>kubectl get deploy deploymentName -n namespace</pre> , and search for <code>spring.datasource.url</code> parameter and check the value. 4. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.3 Pn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Table 5-107 Pn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	ocsepp_pn32f_database_connectivity_healthy == 0
Severity	Major

Table 5-107 (Cont.) Pn32fConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Alert is raised when connectivity is broken between PN32F and cnDBTier for more than 30 seconds. Metric value is pegged as 0 and then alert is raised. Expression: <pre>ocsepp_pn32f_database_connectivity_healthy{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4052
Metric Name	ocsepp_pn32f_database_connectivity_healthy
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify services status to ensure that all services are running in the namespace where cnDBTier is deployed. 2. Check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database. 3. To verify whether the services are connected to correct database and namespace, run <pre>kubectl get deploy deploymentName -n namespace</pre> , and search for <code>spring.datasource.url</code> parameter and check the value. 4. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.4 Pn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Table 5-108 Pn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	ocsepp_pn32c_database_connectivity_healthy == 0
Severity	Major

Table 5-108 (Cont.) Pn32cConnectionFailureWithDatabaseAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Alert is raised when connectivity is broken between PN32C and cnDBTier for more than 30 seconds. Metric value is pegged as 0 and then alert is raised. Expression: <pre>ocsepp_pn32c_database_connectivity_healthy{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4053
Metric Name	ocsepp_pn32c_database_connectivity_healthy
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify services status to ensure that all services are running in the namespace where cnDBTier is deployed. 2. Check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database. 3. To verify whether the services are connected to correct database and namespace, run <pre>kubectl get deploy deploymentName -n namespace</pre> , and search for <code>spring.datasource.url</code> parameter and check the value. 4. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.5 cfgMgrConnFailureWithDBAlert

Table 5-109 cfgMgrConnFailureWithDBAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	ocsepp_configmgr_database_connectivity_healthy == 0
Severity	Major

Table 5-109 (Cont.) cfgMgrConnFailureWithDBAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Alert is raised when connectivity is broken between PN32C and cnDBTier for more than 30 seconds. Metric value is pegged as 0 and then alert is raised. Expression: <pre>oocsepp_configmgr_database_connectivity_healthy{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4054
Metric Name	ocsepp_configmgr_database_connectivity_healthy == 0
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify services status to ensure that all services are running in the namespace where cnDBTier is deployed. 2. Check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database. 3. To verify whether the services are connected to correct database and namespace, run <pre>kubectl get deploy deploymentName -n namespace</pre> , and search for <code>spring.datasource.url</code> parameter and check the value. 4. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.6 cn32fIncorrectDbConf

Table 5-110 cn32fIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when incorrect database configuration provided for cn32f service and resulting in connection failure with database.
Severity	Major

Table 5-110 (Cont.) cn32fIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Due to incorrect database configuration, connection failed with database. Expression: <pre>(up{app="cn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless on (namespace) absent(hikaricp_connections{app="cn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"})) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4063
Metric Name	NA
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify the <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file to ensure that the correct namespace where <code>cnDBTier</code> is installed is specified, and the database names are also correct. Example: <pre>seppDbName: &dbNameRef "seppdb_user1_sepp" seppBackupDbName: &backupDbNameRef "seppbackupdb_user1_sepp" mysql: primary: host: &mySqlHostRef "mysql- connectivity-service.cndb-sepp" # Ensure the namespace is correct in which cndb should get installed.</pre> 2. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared <code>cnDBTier</code> Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.7 cn32cIncorrectDbConf

Table 5-111 cn32cIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when incorrect database configuration provided for cn32c service and resulting in connection failure with database.
Severity	Major
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Due to incorrect database configuration, connection failed with database. Expression: <pre>(up{app="cn32c-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless on (namespace) absent(hikaricp_connections{app="cn32c-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"})) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4062
Metric Name	NA
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify the <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file to ensure that the correct namespace where <code>cnDBTier</code> is installed is specified, and the database names are also correct. Example: <pre>seppDbName: &dbNameRef "seppdb_user1_sepp" seppBackupDbName: &backupDbNameRef "seppbackupdb_user1_sepp" mysql: primary: host: &mySqlHostRef "mysql-connectivity-service.cndb-sepp" # Ensure the namespace is correct in which cndb should get installed.</pre> 2. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.8 pn32fIncorrectDbConf

Table 5-112 pn32fIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when incorrect database configuration provided for pn32f service and resulting in connection failure with database.
Severity	Major
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Due to incorrect database configuration, connection failed with database. Expression: <pre>(up{app="pn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless on (namespace) absent(hikaricp_connections{app="pn32f-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"})) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4064
Metric Name	NA
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify the <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file to ensure that the correct namespace where <code>cnDBTier</code> is installed is specified, and the database names are also correct. Example: <pre>seppDbName: &dbNameRef "seppdb_user1_sepp" seppBackupDbName: &backupDbNameRef "seppbackupdb_user1_sepp" mysql: primary: host: &mysqlHostRef "mysql-connectivity-service.cndb-sepp" # Ensure the namespace is correct in which cndb should get installed.</pre> 2. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared <code>cnDBTier</code> Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.9 pn32cIncorrectDbConf

Table 5-113 pn32cIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when incorrect database configuration provided for pn32c service and resulting in connection failure with database.
Severity	Major
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Due to incorrect database configuration, connection failed with database. Expression: <pre>(up{app="pn32c-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless on (namespace) absent(hikaricp_connections{app="pn32c-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"})) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4065
Metric Name	NA
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify the <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file to ensure that the correct namespace where <code>cnDBTier</code> is installed is specified, and the database names are also correct. Example: <pre>seppDbName: &dbNameRef "seppdb_user1_sepp" seppBackupDbName: &backupDbNameRef "seppbackupdb_user1_sepp" mysql: primary: host: &mysqlHostRef "mysql-connectivity-service.cndb-sepp" # Ensure the namespace is correct in which cndb should get installed.</pre> 2. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared <code>cnDBTier</code> Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.10 cfgMgrIncorrectDbConf

Table 5-114 cfgMgrIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when incorrect database configuration provided for config manager service and resulting in connection failure with database.
Severity	Major
Alert Details Provided	Summary: Due to incorrect database configuration, connection failed with database. Expression: <pre>(up{app="config-mgr-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless on (namespace) absent(hikaricp_connections{app="config-mgr-svc",namespace="sepp-namespace"})) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4061
Metric Name	NA
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Verify the <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file to ensure that the correct namespace where <code>cnDBTier</code> is installed is specified, and the database names are also correct. Example: <pre>seppDbName: &dbNameRef "seppdb_user1_sepp" seppBackupDbName: &backupDbNameRef "seppbackupdb_user1_sepp" mysql: primary: host: &mySqlHostRef "mysql-connectivity-service.cndb-sepp" # Ensure the namespace is correct in which cndb should get installed.</pre> 2. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.11 coherenceIncorrectDbConf

Table 5-115 coherenceIncorrectDbConf

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when incorrect database configuration provided for coherence service and resulting in connection failure with database.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Summary: Due to incorrect database configuration, connection failed with database. Expression: <pre>(up{app="coherence-svc", namespace="sepp-namespace"} unless on (namespace) absent(hikaricp_connections{app="coherence-svc"})) == 0</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4091
Metric Used	NA
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. Verify the <code>ocsepp_custom_values_<version>.yaml</code> file to ensure that the correct namespace where <code>cnDBTier</code> is installed is specified, and the database names are also correct. Example: <pre>seppDbName: &dbNameRef "seppdb_user1_sepp" seppBackupDbName: &backupDbNameRef "seppbackupdb_user1_sepp" mysql: primary: host: &mySqlHostRef "mysql-connectivity- service.cndb-sepp" # Ensure the namespace is correct in which cndb should get installed.</pre> 2. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.22.12 coherenceConnFailureWithDBAlert

Table 5-116 coherenceConnFailureWithDBAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	This alert will be raised when connectivity is broken between coherence and cnDBTier for more than 30 seconds. Metric value is pegged as 0 and then alert is raised.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Expression: ocsepp_coherence_database_connectivity_healthy{namespace="sepp-namespace"} == 0
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4092
Metric Used	NA
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. Verify services status to ensure that all services are running in the namespace where cnDBTier is deployed. 2. Check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database. 3. Run the following command to check table creation to confirm that required tables are created in the database: kubect1 get deploy deploymentName -n namespace and search for spring.datasource.url parameter and check the value. 4. For more details, refer 'Multiple SEPP instances on Shared cnDBTier Cluster' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.23 Proactive Status Updates on SEPP Alerts

5.2.23.1 EgressGatewayPeerUnhealthyAlert

Table 5-117 EgressGatewayPeerUnhealthyAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When a peer becomes unhealthy or oc_egressgateway_peer_health_status for a peer value = 1
Severity	Major

Table 5-117 (Cont.) EgressGatewayPeerUnhealthyAlert

Field	Details
Alert Details Provided	Summary Peer is unhealthy Expression: <code>sum(oc_egressgateway_peer_health_status{namespace="sepp-namespace",app="n32-egress-gateway"}) by (namespace,app,peer) >0</code>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4048
Metric Name	oc_egressgateway_peer_health_status
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Check whether the peer SEPP is unreachable. If it's reachable and still it's showing as unhealthy, Refer to 'Proactive status updates on SEPP' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. The alert gets cleared once the particular peer becomes reachable, that is, the <code>oc_egressgateway_peer_health_status</code> for the peer becomes 0.

5.2.23.2 EgressGatewayAllPeersUnhealthyAlert

Table 5-118 EgressGatewayAllPeersUnhealthyAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	When all peers in a peerset become unhealthy.
Severity	Critical
Alert Details Provided	Summary All peers unhealthy Expression: <code>(sum(oc_egressgateway_peer_count{namespace="sepp-namespace"}) by (namespace) - sum(oc_egressgateway_peer_available_count{namespace="sepp-namespace"}) by (namespace)) == sum(oc_egressgateway_peer_count{namespace="sepp-namespace"}) by (namespace)</code>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4049

Table 5-118 (Cont.) EgressGatewayAllPeersUnhealthyAlert

Field	Details
Metric Name	oc_egressgateway_peer_count, oc_egressgateway_peer_available_count
Resolution	Possible resolutions: 1. Check if all the peers are unreachable. If any peer is reachable and reachable and still this alert is raised, Refer to 'Proactive status updates on SEPP' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>. 2. The alert gets cleared once all peers become reachable, that is, the difference between the available peer count and total peer count becomes less than total peer count.

5.2.24 Integrating SEPP with 5G Network Intelligence Fabric (5G NIF) Feature Alerts

5.2.24.1 configMgrNoHealthyNIFAlert

Table 5-119 configMgrNoHealthyNIFAlert

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Raised when there is no healthy NIF found from NRF discovery for NIF.
Severity	Critical
Alert details provided	Expression: (sum(ocsepp_nif_registration_status{namespace="sepp-namespace"}) by (namespace)) <= 0
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4070
Metric Used	ocsepp_network_id_validation_header_failure_total

Table 5-119 (Cont.) configMgrNoHealthyNIFAlert

Field	Details
Resolution	Cleared when there is at least one healthy NIF for forwarding traffic, Possible Resolutions: 1. Review CN32F logs for error codes SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0013 or SEPP-CN32FSEPP-ERROR-0014 (indicating the incoming request was rejected with error code 406 by the CN32F microservice). 2. Similarly, check PN32F logs for error codes SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0016 or SEPP-PN32FSEPP-ERROR-0017 (indicating the request was rejected with error code 406 by the PN32F microservice). 3. Ensure the correct regular expression is configured under Header/Body IE in the Cat 2 – Network ID Validation section (located under the Security Countermeasure tab in SEPP). 4. Confirm that the PLMN ID specified in the request headers is included in the SEPP's configured PLMN ID List. 5. For issues related to invalid PLMN ID configurations in the body or headers, refer to 'Cat-2 Network ID Validation Feature' section in <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.25 Egress Gateway Alerts

5.2.25.1 egressGlobalMessageDropInfo

Table 5-120 egressGlobalMessageDropInfo

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Egress global message drop rate detected greater than or equal to point 1 percent of total transactions.
Severity	Warn
Alert details provided	Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app)/ sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_http_requests_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app) *100 >= 0.1 < 1</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4091
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total

Table 5-120 (Cont.) egressGlobalMessageDropInfo

Field	Details
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for global rate limit will be greater than or equal to 0.1% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 0.1% or greater than or equal to 1%. 2. If the message drop percentage different from expected value, please verify the configuration. 3. For all configuration related details, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.25.2 egressGlobalMessageDropWarn

Table 5-121 egressGlobalMessageDropWarn

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Egress global message drop rate detected greater than or equal to 1 percent of total transactions.
Severity	Warn
Alert details provided	Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app)/ sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_http_requests_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app) *100 >= 1 < 10</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4092
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for global rate limit will be greater than or equal to 1% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 1% or greater than or equal to 10%. 2. If the message drop percentage different from expected value, please verify the configuration. 3. For all configuration related details, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.25.3 egressGlobalMessageDropMinor

Table 5-122 egressGlobalMessageDropMinor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Egress global message drop rate detected greater than or equal to 10 percent of total transactions.
Severity	Minor
Alert details provided	Expression: <code>sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app)/sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_http_requests_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app) *100 >= 10 < 25</code>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4093
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for Global Rate Limit will be greater than or equal to 10% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 10% or greater than or equal to 25%. 2. If the message drop percentage different from expected value, please verify the configuration. 3. For all configuration related details, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.25.4 egressGlobalMessageDropMajor

Table 5-123 egressGlobalMessageDropMajor

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Egress global message drop rate detected greater than or equal to 25 percent of total transactions.
Severity	Major
Alert details provided	Expression: <code>sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app)/sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_http_requests_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app) *100 >= 10 < 25</code>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4094

Table 5-123 (Cont.) egressGlobalMessageDropMajor

Field	Details
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for global rate limit will be greater than or equal to 25% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 25% or greater than or equal to 50%. 2. If the message drop percentage different from expected value, please verify the configuration. 3. For all configuration related details, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.25.5 egressGlobalMessageDropCritical

Table 5-124 egressGlobalMessageDropCritical

Field	Details
Trigger Condition	Egress global message drop rate detected greater than or equal to 50 percent of total transactions.
Severity	Critical
Alert details provided	Expression: <pre>sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app)/ sum(rate(oc_egressgateway_http_requests_total{kubernetes_namespace="sepp-namespace"}[5m])) by (app) *100 >= 50</pre>
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.46.1.2.4095
Metric Used	oc_egressgateway_global_ratelimit_dropped_message_total
Resolution	Possible Resolutions: 1. The alert will be raised when the percentage of messages rejected for global rate limit will be greater than or equal to 50% of the total messages received. This will get cleared once percentage of message rejected is below 50%. 2. If the message drop percentage different from expected value, please verify the configuration. 3. For all configuration related details, refer to <i>Oracle Communications Cloud Native Core, Security Edge Protection Proxy Troubleshooting Guide</i>.

5.2.26 Support for PLMN Validation in Get Access Token Requests for Roaming Subscribers Alerts

5.2.26.1 Total number of Get_ACCESS_TOKEN messages received from a particular SEPP

Table 5-125 Total number of Get_ACCESS_TOKEN messages received from a particular SEPP

Field	Details
KPI Detail	Total number of Get_ACCESS_TOKEN messages received from a particular SEPP.
Metric Used for KPI	ocsepp_oauth_total_requests_total Expression: ocsepp_oauth_total_requests_total{namespace="sepp-2",remote_sepp_name="sepp1"}, and KPI for a duration -> sum(irate(ocsepp_oauth_total_requests_total{namespace="sepp-2",remote_sepp_name="sepp1"}[2m]))
Service Operation	NA
Response Code	NA

5.2.26.2 Number of requests without the requesterPLMN/requesterPLMNList attribute received from a particular SEPP

Table 5-126 Number of requests without the requesterPLMN/requesterPLMNList attribute received from a particular SEPP

Field	Details
KPI Detail	Number of requests without the requesterPLMN/requesterPLMNList attribute received from a particular SEPP to which either the PLMN-ID was inferred or responded with an error (based on configuration).
Metric Used for KPI	ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total Expression: {namespace="sepp-2",resource_uri="/oauth2/token",remote_sepp_set_name="RPS1",cause="Missing mandatory fields"}
Service Operation	NA
Response Code	NA

5.2.26.3 Number of requests to which SEPP responded with an error towards a particular SEPP

Table 5-127 Number of requests to which SEPP responded with an error towards a particular SEPP

Field	Details
KPI Detail	Number of requests to which SEPP responded with an error towards a particular SEPP.
Metric Used for KPI	ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total Expression: {namespace="sepp-2",resource_uri="/oauth2/token",remote_sepp_set_name="RPS1"} ocsepp_network_id_validation_body_failure_total{namespace="sepp-2",resource_uri="/oauth2/token",remote_sepp_name="sepp1"}
Service Operation	NA
Response Code	NA