Oracle® Communications Session Report Manager Installation Guide for Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g





Oracle Communications Session Report Manager Installation Guide for Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g, Release 9.0

Copyright © 2022, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs) and Oracle computer documentation or other Oracle data delivered to or accessed by U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" or "commercial computer software documentation" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, reproduction, duplication, release, display, disclosure, modification, preparation of derivative works, and/or adaptation of i) Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs), ii) Oracle computer documentation and/or iii) other Oracle data, is subject to the rights and limitations specified in the license contained in the applicable contract. The terms governing the U.S. Government's use of Oracle cloud services are defined by the applicable contract for such services. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle, Java, and MySQL are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Inside are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Epyc, and the AMD logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

My Oracle Support	vii
Revision History	
Pre-Installation Tasks	
Check System Requirements	1-1
Decide How You Want to Implement Report Manager	1-2
Simple Implementation of Report Manager	1-3
Oracle BI Publisher Installation for Report Manager	1-5
Create an Oracle User Account	1-6
Select the GUI Installer Method	1-7
Configure SSH with X11 Forwarding Configure VNC	1-7 1-8
Prepare for a Report Manager Upgrade	
Install the Oracle Database Software	
Install Dependencies for the Oracle Database Software	3-1
Download the Oracle Database Software Installer	3-2
Start the Oracle Database Software Installer	3-3
Install the Oracle Database Software	3-3
Execute Configuration Scripts to Access the Oracle Database Software	3-5 3-7
Change the Oracle Database Listener Configuration File	3-7
Create an Oracle Database Instance for BI Publisher	
Specify Oracle Database Software Variables	4-2



Add an Oracle Database User that Connects to BI Publisher for Backup and Restore Functions	4-3
Run the Repository Creation Utility	
Download the Repository Creation Utility	5-1
Run the Repository Creation Utility	5-2
Troubleshooting the RCU	5-4
Install Oracle BI Publisher	
Download and Start the BI Publisher Installer	6-1
Create a Standalone BI Publisher	6-2
Create a BI Publisher Cluster	6-6
Access BI Publisher and the WebLogic Console	6-9
Configuring User Privileges for Local Configurations	6-9
Configure a Data Pump Directory for Local Installations	6-11
Configure the BI Publisher Security Model	6-11
Create the Boot Properties File	6-12
Create a Report Manager Database Instance on the External Oracle Database Verify the Report Manager Database Instance	7-: 7-:
Verify LISTENER2 is Created on the Oracle Database	7-3
Register Oracle BI Publisher	
Register BI Publisher in HTTPS Mode	
E 11 1/TTD0 // 1/1/ : 0	8-1
Enable HTTPS on the WebLogic Server	
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager	8-1
<u> </u>	8-1 8-3
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager Add the BI Publisher Certificate to the Session Delivery Manager Keystore	8-3 8-3
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager	8-3 8-3 8-4
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager Add the BI Publisher Certificate to the Session Delivery Manager Keystore Register BI Publisher in Session Delivery Manager	8-1 8-3 8-4 8-6
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager Add the BI Publisher Certificate to the Session Delivery Manager Keystore Register BI Publisher in Session Delivery Manager Register a Local Standalone Mode of BI Publisher for Report Manager	8-1 8-3 8-4 8-6 8-7
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager Add the BI Publisher Certificate to the Session Delivery Manager Keystore Register BI Publisher in Session Delivery Manager Register a Local Standalone Mode of BI Publisher for Report Manager Registering a Remote Standalone BI Publisher	8-1 8-3 8-4 8-4 8-6 8-7 8-8
Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager Add the BI Publisher Certificate to the Session Delivery Manager Keystore Register BI Publisher in Session Delivery Manager Register a Local Standalone Mode of BI Publisher for Report Manager Registering a Remote Standalone BI Publisher Register a Local BI Publisher Cluster	8-1 8-3 8-4 8-4 8-6 8-7 8-8



9 Report Manager Administrator Operations

Shutdown Report Manager	9-1
Start Report Manager	9-2
Reset the OCSREMDW User Password	9-3
Free Up Disk Space	9-5
Uninstall Oracle Database	9-5
Uninstall BI Publisher	9-5
Troubleshoot Installation Problems	
X11 Forwarding	10-1
xdpyinfo Errors	10-1
Browser Path error	10-2
Data Pump Directory	10-2
Oracle Database Installer Errors	10-2
FTP Errors	10-3
Migrate JMS Service on BIP Cluster	10-3
Configure a Migratable Target	10-4
Create New Persistent Stores	10-4
Migrate JMS Services	10-5



About This Guide

This document and other product-related documents are described in the Related Documentation table.

Related Documentation

Table 1 Oracle Communications Product Plug-in Documentation Library

Document Name	Description
Session Element Manager User Guide	Provides information for managing and optimizing network infrastructure elements and their functions with comprehensive tools and applications used to provision fault, configuration, accounting, performance, and security (FCAPS) support for managed network functions and their associated devices in Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager (SDM).
Report Manager User Guide	Provides information about configuring Report Manager to interoperate with Oracle BI Publisher as well as creating reports on Session Delivery product network devices.
Report Manager Installation Guide	Provides information for installing Oracle Communications Report Manager product as an addition to SDM including the Oracle database and BI Publisher components. The Oracle session delivery product plugin must be added to Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager before performing the Report Manager installation.
Route Manager User Guide	Provides information for updating local route table (LRT) data on a single device or multiple devices.



Table 2 Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Documentation Library

Document Name	Document Description
Administration Guide	Provides the following administration information: Implement SDM on your network as a standalone server or high availability (HA) server. Login to the SDM application, access GUI menus including help, customize the SDM application, and change your password. Access the product plugin service through the GUI to manage product plugin tasks, including how product plugins are uploaded and installed. Manage security, faults, and transport layer security certificates for east-west peer SDM server communication, and southbound communication with network function (NF) devices. Configure northbound interface (destination) fault trap receivers and configure the heartbeat trap for northbound systems. Monitor SDM server health to detect heartbeat messages and display the server status to prevent health problems, or view server disk utilization information and server directory statistics. Maintain SDM server operations, which includes database backup and database restoration and performing server cluster operations. Use available SDM server scripts, the contents of fault trap notifications, and a list of northbound notification traps generated by the SDM server.
Installation Guide	 Provides the following installation information: Do pre-installation tasks, which include reviewing system requirements, adjusting linux and firewall settings, completing SDM server settings and configuring your NNCentral account for security reasons. Do the typical installation to perform the minimal configuration required to run the SDM server. Do the custom installation to perform more advanced configurations including the mail server, cluster management, Route Manager, transport layer security (TLS), and Oracle database configuration.
Release Notes	Contains information about the administration and software configuration of the SDM feature support new to this release.



Table 2 (Cont.) Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Documentation Library

Document Name	Document Description
Security Guide	Provides the following security guidelines: Use guidelines to perform a secure installation of SDM on your server, which includes methods for securing the server, firewall settings, system support for encryption and random number generators (RNG), using HTTPS, and password guidelines. Review Security Manager features that are used to configure groups, users, operations, privileges, and manage access to the system. Follow a checklist to securely deploy SDM on
	your network and maintain security updates.
REST API Guide	Provides information for the supported REST APIs and how to use the REST API interface. The REST API interface allows a northbound client application, such as a network service orchestrator (NSO), to interact with SDM and its supported product plugins.
SOAP API Guide	The SOAP API guide provides information for the SOAP and XML provisioning Application Programming Interface (API) client and server programing model that enables users to write client applications that automate the provisioning of devices. The web service consists of operations that can be performed on devices managed by the SDM server and data structures that are used as input and output parameters for these operations.

My Oracle Support

My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with My Oracle Support registration.

Call the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown below on the Support telephone menu:

- 1. Select 2 for New Service Request.
- 2. Select 3 for Hardware, Networking, and Solaris Operating System Support.
- **3.** Select one of the following options:
 - For technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.
 - For non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with My Oracle Support, select 2.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with My Oracle Support registration and opening a support ticket.



My Oracle Support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Emergency Response

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by the Customer Access Support (CAS) main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with the installed equipment that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical situations affect service and/or system operation resulting in one or several of these situations:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system's ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system
- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with Oracle.

Locate Product Documentation on the Oracle Help Center Site

Oracle Communications customer documentation is available on the web at the Oracle Help Center (OHC) site, http://docs.oracle.com. You do not have to register to access these documents. Viewing these files requires Adobe Acrobat Reader, which can be downloaded at http://www.adobe.com.

- 1. Access the Oracle Help Center site at http://docs.oracle.com.
- 2. Click Industries.
- Under the Oracle Communications sub-header, click the Oracle Communications documentation link.

The Communications Documentation page appears. Most products covered by these documentation sets appear under the headings "Network Session Delivery and Control Infrastructure" or "Platforms."

- Click on your Product and then Release Number.
 A list of the entire documentation set for the selected product and release appears.
- 5. To download a file to your location, right-click the **PDF** link, select **Save target as** (or similar command based on your browser), and save to a local folder.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.



Revision History

This section provides a revision history for this document.

Date	Revision
April 2022	Initial Release.



1

Pre-Installation Tasks

Read and understand the summary of pre-installation steps that need to be done before installing Oracle® Communications Report Manager on your Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager system.



The Oracle® Communications Report Manager for Oracle Fusion Middleware 12c installation is a new, clean installation. The previous Report Manager databases are not upgraded.

- 1. Check Linux server requirements before installing the required software.
- 2. Decide if you are going to implement Oracle® Communications Report Manager in a local or remote configuration.
- 3. Create an Oracle group and user account on your Linux system(s).
- Select either X11 forwarding using secure shell (SSH) or the virtual network computing (VNC) to install the Oracle database and BI Publisher software with a graphical user interface (GUI) installer on your Linux system.

Check System Requirements

Oracle has certified the following requirements for the Oracle® Communications Report Manager installation with Oracle Fusion Middleware 12c Standard Edition 2:

- Operating system: Oracle Linux (64-bit) 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, or 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6 and 7.7
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure: fmw_12.2.1.2.0_infrastructure_Disk1_1of1.zip
 with the latest JDK version 1.8 or later.
- BI Publisher: fmw_12.2.1.2.0_bi_linux64_Disk1_1of2.zip and fmw 12.2.1.2.0 bi linux64 Disk1 2of2.zip
- 300 GB hard drive minimum
- 8 GB RAM for 64-bit JVM in large, high volume deployments
- 2 GB RAM for 32-bit JVM in small deployments
- 30 GB shared disk space for cluster deployments
- 20 GB non-shared, temporary disk space for document processing
- Plan to have 300 GB of disk space for storing HDR data, whether it is on the same system on which SDM is running or on a separate FTP or SFTP repository.



For more information about Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager system requirements, see the *Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Installation Guide* for more information.

Decide How You Want to Implement Report Manager

The information in this section is used to determine which Report Manager implementation is appropriate for your organization before doing any installations.

Oracle Communications Report Manager is an optional application within Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager that is used to centrally manage the following database functions, display functions, and applications:

- Use Oracle Business Intelligence Publisher (Oracle BI Publisher) application to render reports.
- Report Manager uses Oracle BI Publisher to render reports based on metrics
 collected from Historical Data Recording (HDR). HDR is a group of management
 features used to configure a managed device in order to collect statistics about
 system operation and function. The Report Manager collects raw data in CSV files
 from designated devices to aggregate it into time granularities (raw, hourly, daily,
 monthly, yearly), and make this data available for running reports.

Note:

With the introduction of Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager, Release 7.5, both the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager and Oracle database software, must be installed together on the same server if you are using Report Manager. The Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Data Warehouse (OSCDMDW) database software that is used to store collected data from devices that are managed by Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager.

You can do a simple or Oracle BI Publisher cluster installation for Report Manager:

- Simple installation—A local standalone installation, local cluster installation, or a remote standalone installation. See the Simple Implementation of Report Manager section for more information.
- Oracle BI Publisher Cluster Installation and scale-out installation—A remote cluster installation, in which multiple instances of Oracle BI Publisher and Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager are installed on separate servers. See the Oracle BI Publisher Cluster Implementation of Report Manager section for more information.



You can select this installation option (Enterprise Install) later when you are installing Oracle BI Publisher and creating an Oracle BI Publisher cluster. See the *Create a BI Publisher Cluster* section in this document for more information.

✓ Note:

In a remote cluster installation (Enterprise Install), the Oracle BI Publisher is not on the same server as the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager. Ensure that the Oracle database application is installed on one of the servers on which Oracle BI Publisher is installed and on both servers on which Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager is installed.

Simple Implementation of Report Manager

A simple implementation of Report Manager can include the following types of installations:

Local standalone installation—A single local server that has Oracle Communications
 Session Delivery Manager, Oracle BI Publisher, and their respective databases that work
 together to generate reports.

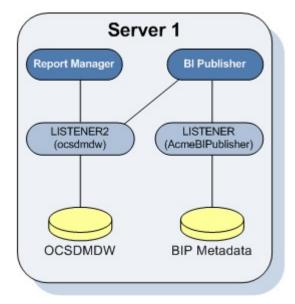


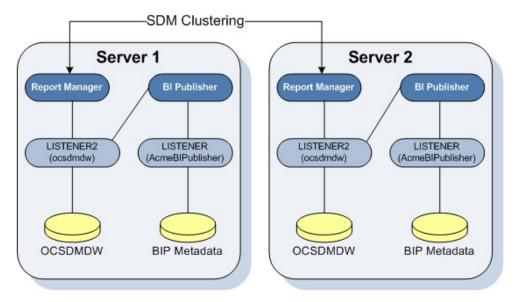
Figure 1-1 Local standalone installation of Report Manager

Local cluster installation—A cluster of local servers that generate reports and provide
high availability in case one system experiences a sudden failure. On each local server
that is part of the same cluster, Oracle BI Publisher and Oracle Communications Session
Delivery Manager are installed with their respective databases. Once installed, the Oracle
BI Publisher application is local to the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager
application.



In a local cluster, the databases synchronize every night. The database content of all non-master cluster nodes is synchronized with the master cluster node. All identifying information for one host, such as a username, password, and database prefix, should be identical to the identifying information of another host in the same cluster.

Figure 1-2 Local cluster installation of Report Manager



 Remote standalone installation—A single remote server that has Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager, Oracle BI Publisher, and their respective databases.

Note:

If you select this type of installation, install Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager on its server first on Server 1, and next install the Oracle BI Publisher software on Server 2.



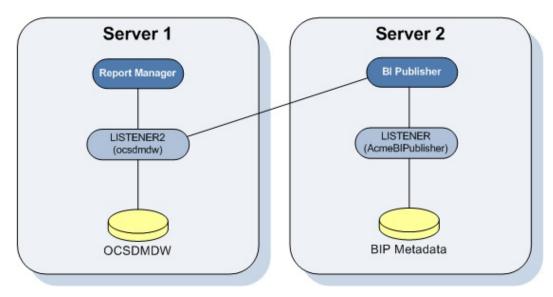


Figure 1-3 Remote standalone installation of Report Manager

The distinct databases in the illustration above function in the following ways for Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager, Oracle BI Publisher, and Oracle Communications Report Manager:

- The Berkeley (SDM) XML database is embedded into the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager infrastructure, and provides database storage for Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager user name and user group variables. It is initiated by the database service.
- The AcmeBIPublisher database is maintained and used by the Oracle database to hold the schemas and configuration required by the Oracle BI Publisher application.
- The Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Data Warehouse (ocsdmdw)
 database is maintained by Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager and it is
 used to store data that is collected from devices for which collection is enabled is
 OCSDM.

Oracle BI Publisher Installation for Report Manager

An Oracle BI Publisher installation for Report Manager remote cluster installation, in which multiple instances of Oracle BI Publisher and Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager are installed on separate servers.



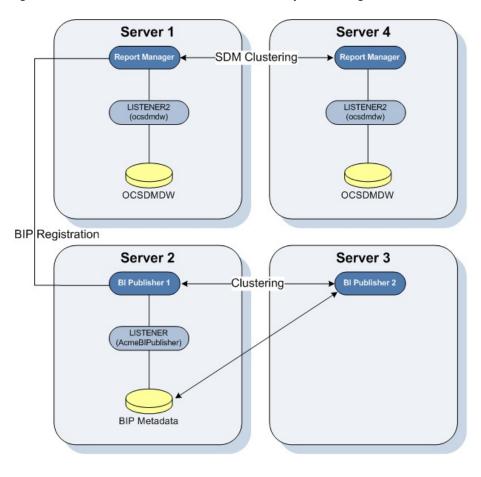


Figure 1-4 Remote cluster installation of Report Manager

The OCSDMDW database on the replica node is synchronized with the master node every night. When the user signs into Oracle BI Publisher from Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager, the log in is attempted on the Oracle BI Publisher nodes (Server 2 and Server 3) in a round-robin fashion.

If this describes the architecture of your system, first install Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager on Server 1 and Server 4. Then use this guide to install Oracle BI Publisher on all the Oracle BI Publisher server nodes (That is, Server 2 and Server 3 as shown in the example above).



You must set up the shared repository according to the security policies of your company.

Create an Oracle User Account

Create an Oracle group and user account on your Linux system(s).

1. Create a new group called **oracle**.

```
groupadd oracle
```

2. Create a new user account called **oracle** that belongs to the **oracle** group.

```
useradd -m -g oracle -d /home/oracle -s /bin/bash oracle
```

3. Set the password for the oracle user account.

```
passwd oracle
```

Select the GUI Installer Method

Select either X11 forwarding using secure shell (SSH) or the virtual network computing (VNC) to do installations with a graphical user interface (GUI) installer on your Linux system.

Configure SSH with X11 Forwarding

 You can use either the -X or -Y flag to enable X11 forwarding through SSH when you log in as the root user. For example:

```
ssh -Y root@server-name
```



If you do not have DNS on your server or the server name does not work, enter the IP address of the server.

2. (Optional) Install the xorg-x11-xauth package (if it is not already installed). For example:

```
yum install xorg-x11-xauth
yum install xorg-x11-utils
```

3. You can use either the -X or -Y flag to enable X11 forwarding through SSH when you disconnect and log in as the oracle user. For example:

```
ssh -Y oracle@vm
```

Find the values for the DISPLAY variable with the xauth list command.

```
$ xauth list
<domain name>/unix:11
<domain name>/unix:10
```

In the example above, either 11 and 10 are suitable values for the DISPLAY variable.

Configure VNC

1. You can use either the -X or -Y flag to enable X11 forwarding through SSH when you log in as root. For example:

```
ssh -Y root@server-name
```

2. Install the Desktop package group, which includes X11 and gnome-desktop. For example:

```
yum install @desktop
```

3. Install a VNC server. For example:

```
yum install tigervnc-server
```

- 4. Reboot the server.
- 5. Log in as root.
- 6. Start the VNC server.

```
vncserver :1
```



Prepare for a Report Manager Upgrade

Use this task if you are upgrading Oracle® Communications Report Manager from a previous version. The BI Publisher database, and OCSDMDW database and its listeners (LISTENER and LISTENER2) need to be running and properly connected when you use the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager setup installation application.

- 1. If you have a software version of Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager that is installed on your system that is older than SDM Release 7.5M3, you must upgrade to SDM Release 7.5M3 before you can install this SDM release.
- 2. From your Linux system, run the following commands to check if the BI Publisher database, Oracle database, and the listeners are running:
 - Verify that the BI Publisher database is running:

```
ps -ef|grep <my-bi-publiser-db-name>
```

Verify that the ocsdmdw databases are running:

```
ps -ef|grep ocsdmdw
```

Verify that the listeners (LISTENER and LISTENER2) are running:

```
ps -ef | grep lsnr
```

3. Use the following options to start the BI Publisher database, Oracle database, or the listeners if OCSDMDW and BI Publisher is down:



Ensure that the Oracle home path (ORACLE_HOME environment variable) is specified to the correct directory path for each option.

Start the BI Publisher database:

```
export ORACLE_SID=AcmeBIPublis
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
./sqlplus / as sysdba
SQL> startup;
```

Start the ocsdmdw database:

```
export ORACLE_SID=ocsdmdw
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
./sqlplus / as sysdba
SQL> startup;
```



Start the listeners (LISTENER and LISTENER2):

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
./lsnrctl start
./lsnrctl start LISTENER2
```



You must wait a minute for the listener process to start listening to their respective database services.

4. Use the following commands to check the status of the listeners (LISTENER and LISTENER2):

```
./lsnrctl status LISTENER
./lsnrctl status LISTENER2
```

For example, the following output displays:

```
LSNRCTL for Linux: Version 11.2.0.1.0 - Production on 18-AUG-2016
16:32:38
Copyright (c) 1991, 2009, Oracle. All rights reserved.
Connecting to (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=nms-vm14)
(PORT=1522)))
STATUS of the LISTENER
_____
Alias
                         LISTENER2
Version
                         TNSLSNR for Linux: Version 11.2.0.1.0 -
Production
                         16-AUG-2016 14:52:46
Start Date
Uptime
                         2 days 1 hr. 39 min. 52 sec
Trace Level
                         off
Security
                         ON: Local OS Authentication
SNMP
                         OFF
Listener Parameter File /app/oracle/product/11.2.0/dbhome 1/
network/admin/listener.ora
Listener Log File
                         /app/oracle/diag/tnslsnr/nms-vm14/
listener2/alert/log.xml
Listening Endpoints Summary...
  (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp)(HOST=nms-vm14)(PORT=1522)))
Services Summary...
Service "ocsdmdw" has 1 instance(s).
 Instance "ocsdmdw", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this
service...
Service "ocsdmdwXDB" has 1 instance(s).
  Instance "ocsdmdw", status READY, has 1 handler(s) for this
service...
The command completed successfully
```



Install the Oracle Database Software

Install the Oracle database software on your Linux server for Oracle® Communications Report Manager by downloading and running the Oracle database installer, then start the *oracle* database and listeners.

Install Dependencies for the Oracle Database Software

You must install software packages that the Oracle database software depends on for its proper operation.



For more information, see Oracle Database 12c and 11g Installations on Oracle Linux 6.

- 1. Log in to the server as the root user.
- 2. Navigate to the latest yum repository directory that is available for your operating system and retrieve the file that configures repository locations. For example:

```
cd /etc/yum.repos.d/
```

3. Open public-yum-ol7.repo in a text editor and verify the enabled parameter is set to 1 in the [ol7 latest] section and the [ol7 UEK latest] section.

```
wget http://public-yum.oracle.com/public-yum-ol7.repo
```

4. Install the Report Manager oracle-database-server-12cR2-preinstall package. This package ensures that all of the required packages for the Oracle database software are installed.

yum -y install oracle-database-server-12cR2-preinstall

If yum fails with a GPG key retrieval error, import Oracle's GPG key.

```
rpm --import http://oss.oracle.com/ol6/RPM-GPG-KEY-oracle
```

To verify the GPG key was successfully imported, type

```
rpm -q qpq-pubkey-ec551f03-4c2d256a
```

If the package name is returned, Oracle's GPG was successfully imported. If the command returns a message saying the package is not installed, re-enter the import command.

5. Install additional required packages:

yum -y install binutils compat-db compat-libstdc++-33 glibc glibc-devel gcc cpp glibc-headers gcc-c++ libstdc++ make ksh elfutils-libelf elfutils-libelf-devel sysstat libaio libaio-devel unixODBC unixODBC-devel

Download the Oracle Database Software Installer

 As root, create an /home/oracle/app/oracle directory that is owned by the oracle user.

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ su
Password:
[root@vm oracle]# mkdir /home/oracle/app
[root@vm oracle]# chown oracle:oracle /home/oracle/app
[root@vm oracle]# exit
exit
[oracle@vm ~]$ mkdir /home/oracle/app/oracle
```

- 2. Navigate your browser to the Oracle Database Software Downloads page:
 - http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/enterprise-edition/downloads/index.html
- 3. Under the "Oracle Database Software Downloads" heading, select Accept License Agreement.
- 4. Download the Oracle Database 12c Release 2 (12.2.0.1.0) for Linux x86-64 (linuxx64_12201_database.zip) for your system (for example, Linux x86_64). For more information, see this article on My Oracle Support.
- **5.** Copy the files to the /home/oracle/app/oracle directory.



Start the Oracle Database Software Installer

1. Log in as the oracle user with the -Y flag.

```
ssh -Y oracle@vm
```

2. Navigate to the following directory:

```
cd /home/oracle/app/oracle
```

3. Unzip the Oracle database software installer.



If necessary, install unzip with the command yum install unzip.

```
unzip linuxx64 12201 database.zip
```

4. Navigate to the following directory:

```
cd /home/oracle/app/oracle/database/
```

5. Run the Oracle database software installer.

```
./runInstaller
```

6. Every time that you run the Oracle Installer, it displays a warning message about insufficient swap space. Type **y** to ignore this message and continue the installation.

```
[oracle@myserver database]$ ./runInstaller

Starting Oracle Universal Installer...

Checking Temp space: must be greater than 500 MB. Actual 309103 MB Passed

Checking swap space: must be greater than 150 MB. Actual 7799 MB Passed

Checking monitor: must be configured to display at least 256 colors. Actual 1 6777216 Passed

Preparing to launch Oracle Universal Installer from /tmp/

OraInstall2018-03-28 01-28-12PM. Please wait ...
```

Install the Oracle Database Software

In the Configure Security Updates window, provide an e-mail address in the Email field
if you want to receive security updates from Oracle. If you want to receive security
updates from My Oracle Support, check the checkbox, and enter your password in the
My Oracle Support Password field.

- 2. Click Next.
- 3. Click Yes to confirm.
- 4. In the Select Installation Option window, select Create and configure a database and click Next.
- 5. In the Select System Class window, select Desktop Class and click Next.



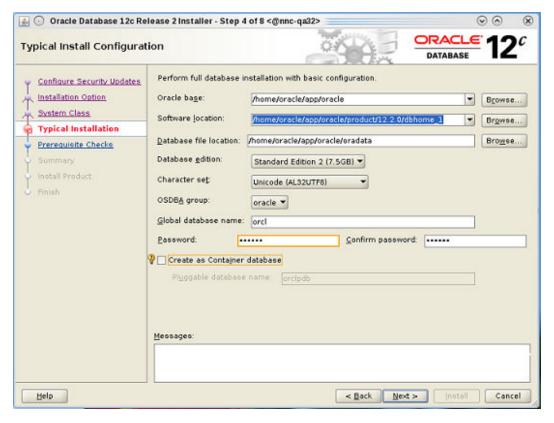
The **Desktop Class** is sufficient for Report Manager and BI Publisher to use the Oracle database.

6. In the **Typical Installation Configuration** window, keep the fields identified with default values and change any of the fields as required below:

(Default) /home/oracle/app/oracle (Default) /home/oracle/app/oracle/product/ 12.2.0/dbhome_1 (Default) /home/oracle/app/oracle/oradata
12.2.0/dbhome_1
(Default) /home/oracle/app/oracle/oradata
(Default) /110111e/01acie/app/01acie/01auata
Select Standard Edition 2.
Select Unicode (AL32UTF8).
(Default) oracle If the OSDBA Group is specified with another group by default, you must change it to oracle .
(Default) orcl
Enter the password for the Global Database name.
Uncheck the checkbox.

The following example shows the completed **Typical Installation Configuration** window.





- 7. Click Next.
- 8. If the **Create Inventory** window displays, accept the default values. For example:

Inventory Directory	/home/oracle/app/oralnventory
oralnventory Group Name	oracle

- In the Perform Prerequisite Checks window, you may encounter error messages, take
 the appropriate actions. However, if you do not want to correct them, check Ignore All,
 and click Next.
- 10. In the Summary window, click Install.

A default database is created. The global database name is **orcl** and its SID is **orcl**.

The **Install Product** window appears and shows the progress of your installation. At some point in the installation, the **Execute Configuration Scripts** dialog box appears. Proceed to the next section for more information.

Execute Configuration Scripts to Access the Oracle Database Software

The **Execute Configuration scripts** dialog box opens to display the location of scripts that must be run by the root user before continuing.

1. Open a separate terminal window and login to the server as the root user.



2. Run the following scripts displayed in the following **Execute Configuration scripts** dialog box in the separate terminal window that you opened:

```
cd /home/oracle/app/oraInventory/
./orainstRoot.sh

cd /home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1/
./root.sh
```

The **Execute Configuration scripts** dialog box displays the scripts you need to execute to create the Oracle database:



When you execute the scripts, you are prompted with the following message:

Do you want to setup Oracle Trace File Analyzer (TFA) now ? yes | [no] :

3. Press enter to select the default (**no**).



If you need to setup the Oracle Trace File Analyzer for collecting diagnostic data and resolving issues, type **yes** and press Enter.

- 4. Go back to the Execute Configuration scripts dialog box, and click OK.
 - Continue to monitor the **Install Product** window.
- 5. When the installation finishes, the **Finish** window appears and tells you that the installation was successful. Click **Close** .

The Oracle database is created and can now be reached at https:// <localhost>:5500/em.



Change the Oracle Database Listener Configuration File

Edit the Listener to ensure the Oracle database software is accessible remotely by BI Publisher, edit the listener.ora file.

1. Change directories to the admin directory.

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd /home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1/network/admin/
```

Change the value of the HOST parameter from "localhost" to the hostname of your server.

```
[oracle@vm admin]$ sed -i s/localhost/`hostname`/ listener.ora
```

3. If you desire, refer to the How to Start, Stop, and Check the Status of the Oracle Database Listener section for more information regarding the Oracle Database listener that you configured here.



4

Create an Oracle Database Instance for BI Publisher

1. Log in as the oracle user. For example:

```
ssh -Y oracle@<my_oracle_server>
```

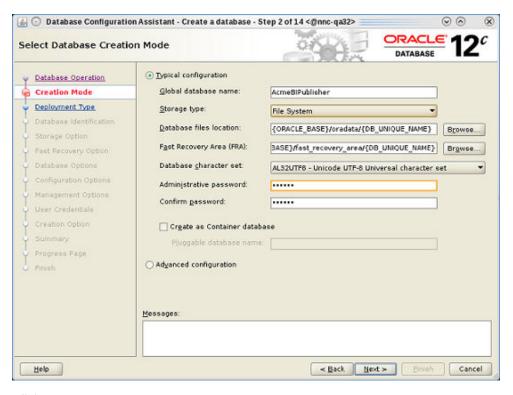
2. Run the Database Creation Assistant.

[oracle@vm ~]\$ cd /home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1/bin
[oracle@vm bin]\$./dbca

- In the Select Database Operation window, select Create a Database (Default) and click Next.
- 4. In the **Select Database Creation Mode** window, the **Typical configuration** is selected by default. Keep the fields identified with default values and change any of the fields as required below:

Global Database Name field	Enter AcmeBIPublisher.
Storage type drop-down list	(Default) File System
Database files location field	(Default) {ORACLE_BASE}/oradata/ {DB_UNIQUE_NAME}
Fast Recovery Area (FRA) field	(Default) {ORACLE_BASE}/ fast_recovery_area{DB_UNIQUE_NAME}
Database character set drop-down list	(Default) AL32UTF8 - Unicode UTF-8 Universal character set
Administrative password field	Enter the AcmeBIPublisher database password.
Confirm password field	Reenter the AcmeBIPublisher database password to confirm it.
Create as Container database check box	Uncheck the checkbox. Ensure that the password conforms to the Oracle recommended standards.

The following example shows the completed **Select Database Creation Mode** window with the AcmeBIPublisher database parameters that you entered above.



- Click Next.
- 6. In the Summary window, click Finish.

The **Progress Page** window appears to show the progress of the AcmeBIPublisher database installation.

In the Finish window, click Close to finish the AcmeBIPublisher database installation.

Specify Oracle Database Software Variables

Use the following steps to specify the variable for the oracle database (ORACLE_HOME), and the system identifier (SID) variable that identifies the BI Publisher database.

1. Append the following lines to /home/oracle/.bash profile.

export ORACLE_HOME=/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1
export ORACLE_SID=AcmeBIPublis

Note:

Make sure the ORACLE_HOME path has no trailing slash.

Switch to the nncentral user.

su - nncentral



3. Append the following line to /home/nncentral/.bash profile.

export ORACLE HOME=/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome 1



The ORACLE_HOME variable must be set when restarting either the listener or Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager.

4. Start a new bash shell as the "oracle" Linux user. For example:

```
ssh -Y oracle@<my oracle server>
```

Add an Oracle Database User that Connects to BI Publisher for Backup and Restore Functions

Add an Oracle database user called nncentral to connect BI Publisher database for backup and restore functions work properly. This task needs to be done for local installations only.

1. Log into the Oracle database.

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ echo $ORACLE_SID
AcmeBIPublis
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin/
[oracle@vm bin]$ ./sqlplus '/as sysdba'
```

2. Create a user called nncentral and the user password.



The password that you configure expires after 180 days. Seven days before the password expires, a password expiry trap warns you through SDM that your password needs to be reset. If you need to reset this user password later, see the Reset the Password for the Oracle Database User section in the Oracle Communications Report Manager User Guide for more information.

SQL> CREATE USER nncentral IDENTIFIED BY <password>;

3. Grant the appropriate privileges.

```
SQL> GRANT CONNECT, DBA, SYSDBA, CREATE SESSION TO nncentral;
```

4. Exit the Oracle database prompt.

```
SQL> exit
```



5

Run the Repository Creation Utility

The repository creation utility (RCU) creates a set of table spaces and schemas required for BI Publisher.

Download the Repository Creation Utility

- Navigate to the Oracle Software Delivery Cloud and sign in: https://edelivery.oracle.com/
- 2. Read the Terms and Restrictions, check the two check boxes, and click Continue.
- 3. In the Select a Product Pack drop-down list, select Oracle Business Intelligence Suite Enterprise Edition Plus.
- 4. Click **Select Platform**, and check the **Linux x86-64** check box.
- Click Continue.
- 6. Click Continue again.
- 7. In the license agreement pop-up dialog box, scroll to read the full license agreement, and check the checkbox that confirms that you have read the license.
- 8. Uncheck the checkbox next to the **Oracle Business Intelligence** application (all software packages are selected by default).
- 9. Click the arrow icon to the left of the **Oracle Business Intelligence** application to expand all the software packages in the suite.
- 10. Check the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility checkbox.



This should be the only checkbox that is selected.

- 11. Click Continue.
- 12. In the license agreement pop-up dialog box, scroll to read the full license agreement, and check the checkbox that confirms that you have read the license.
- 13. Click Continue.
- **14.** Click **Download All** to copy all the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility files to your server.
- 15. Log into your server and unzip the RCU files.

```
unzip <filename>.zip
```

Run the Repository Creation Utility

1. Log in to your server with the -Y flag.

ssh -Y oracle@vm

2. Start the installation.

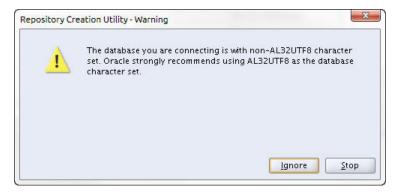
[oracle@vm ~]\$ cd rcuHome/bin/
[oracle@vm bin]\$./rcu

- 3. In the Welcome window, click Next.
- 4. Select Create and click Next.
- In the Database Connection Details window, complete the following fields and click Next.

Database Type drop-down list	Select Oracle Database .
Host name field	Enter the hostname of your server.
Port field	Enter port 1521.
Service Name field	Enter AcmeBIPublisher.
Username field	Enter sys for the user who has system database administrator (SYDBA) privileges.
Password field	Enter the password for the SYDBA user.
Role drop-down list	Select SYSDBA.

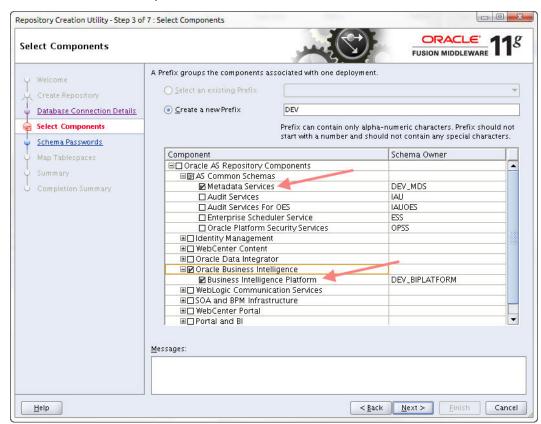


A warning dialog box displays about character sets. Click **Ignore**.



- 6. In the Checking Prerequisites window, click OK.
- In the Select Components window, keep the default prefix DEV or create a new prefix.





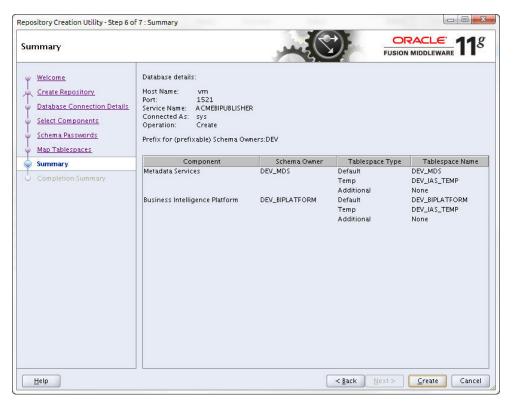
8. Check the Common Schemas, Metadata Services, and Oracle Business Intelligence check boxes for the components that are to be installed and click Next.

9. In the Password Schema window, enter the password and click Next.

Note:

The password that you configure expires after 180 days. Seven days before the password expires, a password expiry trap warns you through SDM that your password needs to be reset. If you need to reset this user password later, see the Reset the Password for BI Publisher Users section in the Oracle Communications Report Manager User Guide for more information.

- 10. In the Map Tablespaces window, click Next.
- 11. In the Confirmation window, click OK.
- 12. On the Creating Tablespaces window, click **OK** after the operation has completed.
- 13. On the Summary window, click Create.



14. After the repository is created, click **Close**.

Troubleshooting the RCU

If the RCU fails to connect to the Oracle database, follow the steps below.

Stop the listener.

/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/db_home1/bin/lsnrctl stop LISTENER

2. As root, edit the /etc/hosts file and remove your <server name> in the 127.0.0.1 and ::1 line.

```
127.0.0.1 localhost.localdomain localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4 localhost centosTemplate <server_name>
::1 localhost.localdomain localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6 localhost centosTemplate <server_name>
```

3. Restart the listener.

/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/db home1/bin/lsnrctl start LISTENER

4. Double check the status.

/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/db home1/bin/lsnrctl status LISTENER

Look for the server name after the HOST parameter.

```
Listening Endpoints Summary...
  (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=ipc) (KEY=EXTPROC1521)))
  (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp) (HOST=<server_name>) (PORT=1521)))
```

5. Try to connect to the Oracle database again.



6

Install Oracle BI Publisher

This chapter describes the BI Publisher WebLogic server, the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure and the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c installation.



If you encounter errors during the installation process, see the Administrator's Troubleshooting Guide for BI Publisher.

Download and Start the BI Publisher Installer

1. Download the appropriate files for BI Publisher 11.1.1.9 from the Oracle Business Intelligence Downloads page.



Report Manager only supports BI Publisher version 11.1.1.9.

- 2. Copy the files to your server.
- 3. Log in to your server as the oracle user with the -Y flag.

```
ssh -Y oracle@vm
```

4. To ensure the files were not corrupted during transfer, match the checksum of the file to checksum that Oracle publishes for each file. Checksums display next to the download link on the right.

The checksum output follows this format: <checksum> <byte count> <filename>

The following example shows checksum output:

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cksum bi_linux_x86_111170_64_disk*
413369417 1828186782 bi_linux_x86_111170_64_disk1_lof2.zip
2568284489 1562917161 bi_linux_x86_111170_64_disk1_2of2.zip
579025974 1855356149 bi_linux_x86_111170_64_disk2_lof2.zip
107813693 755328883 bi_linux_x86_111170_64_disk2_2of2.zip
3702413188 1702929424 bi_linux_x86_111170_64_disk3.zip
[oracle@vm ~]$
```

5. Unzip the files.

```
ls bi linux x86 111170 * | while read file; do unzip "$file"; done
```

Unzipping these files creates the bishiphome directory.

6. Unset the ORACLE_HOME variable.

unset ORACLE HOME

7. Create an OracleMiddleWare directory.

mkdir /app/OracleMiddleWare

8. Run the BI Publisher installer.

cd ~/bishiphome/Disk1/
./runInstaller

Create a Standalone BI Publisher

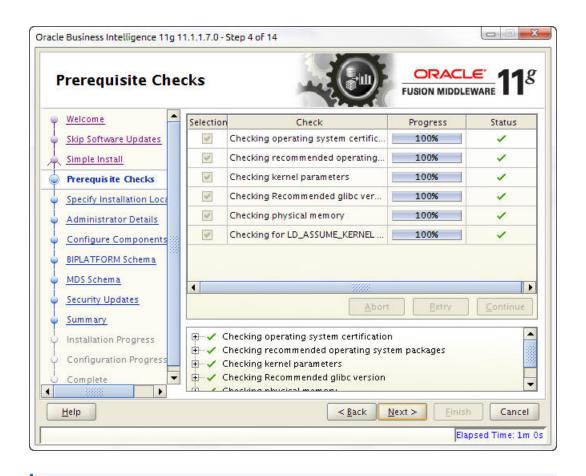
1. If the Specify Inventory Directory window appears, accept the default values.

Parameter	Default value
Inventory Directory	/home/oracle/oralnventory
Operating System Group name	dba

- 2. Click Next on the Welcome screen.
- On the Install Software Updates screen, select Skip Software Updates and click Next.
- Select Simple Install and click Next.

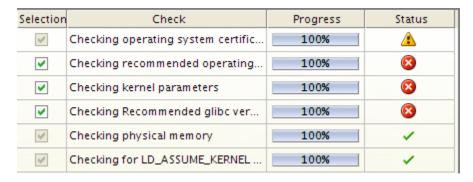


5. If your system has the prerequisites, click **Next**.



Note:

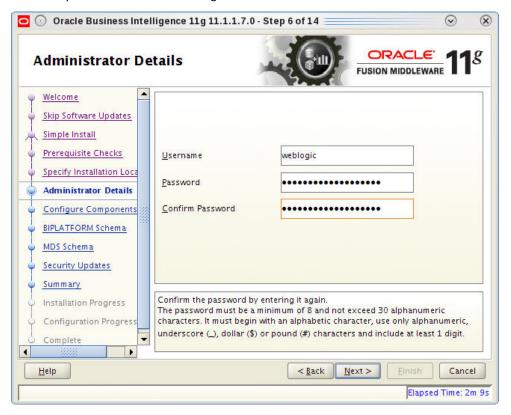
If the operating system certification test fails, the test skips the next three checks even though it marks them with an X. This can happen even on systems with the latest glibc version. If necessary, run $yum\ update\ glibc$ to update your version of glibc.



6. Browse to the OracleMiddleWare directory you created.



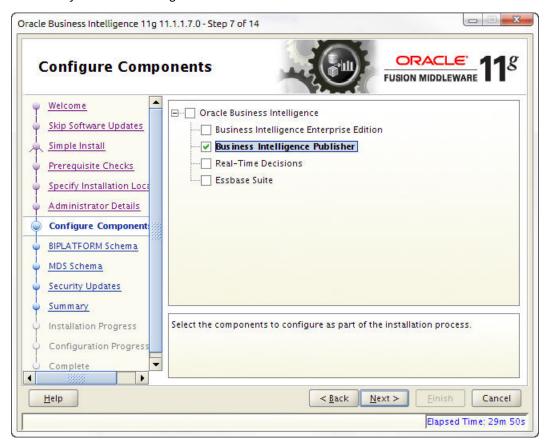
7. Create a password for the WebLogic account and click Next.



Note:

The user name and password provided is used after installation to register and to sign in to BI Publisher at the URL: <server_name_or_ip>:7001/xmlpserver.

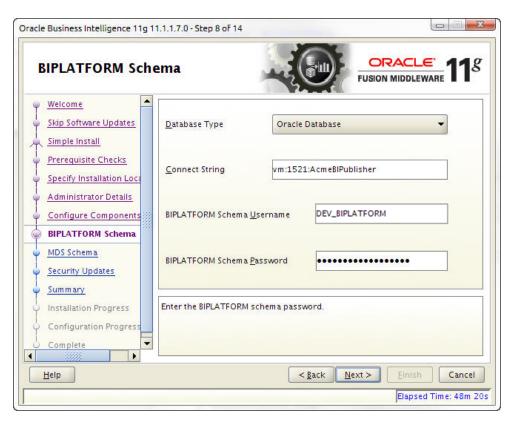
8. Select only Business Intelligence Publisher.



9. Fill in the BIPLATFORM Schema and MDS Schema screens with the following values.

Parameter	Value
Database Type	Oracle Database
Connect String	<pre><server_name>:<port>:<service_name> (e.g. vm:1521:AcmeBIPublisher)</service_name></port></server_name></pre>
BIPLATFORM Schema Username MDS Schema Username	<pre><prefix>_BIPLATFORM <prefix>_MDS</prefix></prefix></pre>
Schema Password	Enter the password.





- 10. In the Specify Security Updates screen, enter your email address and click Next.
- 11. On the Summary screen, click Install.

Note:

You may see error pop-up messages appear during the installation because software updates were skipped in a previous step. Click \mathbf{OK} in these messages to continue the installation.

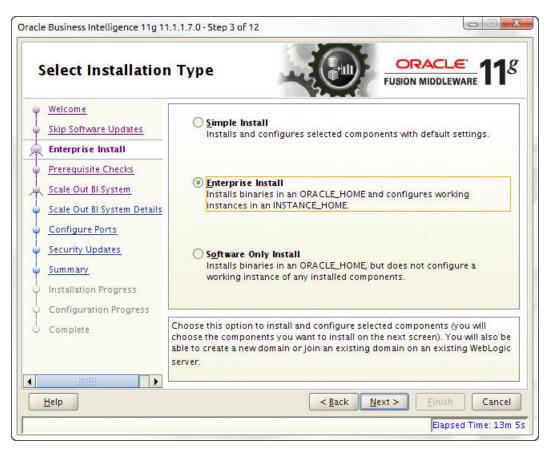
- **12.** After the Configuration Progress screen is complete, click **Next**.
- 13. Click Finish.

Create a BI Publisher Cluster

A local cluster consists of two or more identical standalone installations on separate servers. All identifying information, such as the user name, password, and database prefix, must be identical between the two servers.

- 1. After running the installer, click **Next** on the **Welcome** window.
- In the Install Software Updates window, select Skip Software Updates and click Next.
- 3. In the Select Installation Type window, select Enterprise Install and click Next.





- In the Prerequisite Checks window, several system prerequisite checks are made, click Next when they are completed.
- 5. In the Create or Scale Out BI System window, select the Create New BI System option if you are creating this system for the first time and complete the following fields to create the administration server. Click Next when you are finished.

User Name field	Enter the new user name for the system administrator.
User Password field	Enter the password.
Confirm Password field	Reenter the password to confirm it.
	Enter the domain name of the administrator server. For example: bifoundation_domain.

If you have already created this server and are building out a cluster, select **Scale Out BI System** and complete the following fields for the administration server. Click **Next** when you are finished.



When building out local clusters, make sure SDM has previously been installed on each system.

Host Name field	Enter the host name of the administrative server.



Port field	Enter the port of the administrative server. For example: 7001
	Enter the user name of the administrative server. For example: weblogic
Domain Name field	Enter the user password of the administrator server.

Managed servers are created that mirror the configuration details of the administration server and point to the administration server.

6. In the **Specify Installation Location** window, browse to the OracleMiddleWare directory you created (*lapp/OracleMiddleWare*) and click **Next**. Other fields are not used or populated by default. For example:



- 7. In the **Configure Components** window, check the **Business Intelligence Publisher** checkbox.
- 8. In the **BIPLATFORM Schema** window, complete the following fields and click **Next**.

Database Type drop-down list	(Default) Oracle Database
	host:port:instance For example: vm:1521:AcmeBIPublisher
Username field	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>



BIPLATFORM schema	The Oracle Communications BI Publisher platform
password field	schema password.

9. In the MDS Schema window, complete the following fields and click Next.

Database Type drop-down list	(Default) Oracle Database
Connect String field	hostname:port:instance For example: vm:1521:AcmeBIPublisher
BIPLATFORM Schema Username field	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
MDS schema password field	The Oracle Communications BI Publisher MDS schema password.

- 10. In the Configure Ports window, select Auto Port Configuration and click Next.
- 11. In the Specify Security Updates window, enter your email address and click Next.
- 12. In the Summary window, click Install.
- 13. In the Configuration Progress window, when the processes are complete, click Next.
- **14.** In the **Complete** window, click **Finish**.

See the Troubleshooting section for running scheduled reports when the active server is down.

Access BI Publisher and the WebLogic Console

1. In your web browser, access the BI Publisher by navigating to the following URL:

http://<hostname>:9502/xmlpserver

2. In another tab in your web browser, access the WebLogic console by navigating to the following URL:

http://<hostname>:9500/console

Configuring User Privileges for Local Configurations

For local standalone and local cluster setups only, add the nncentral user to the oracle group and oinstall group, add the oracle user to the nncentral group and oinstall group, and add both the oracle and nncentral users to the dba group.

The following procedure is necessary only when Oracle BI Publisher and Oracle Session Delivery Manager are installed on the same server.

- 1. SSH to your BI Publisher server.
- 2. As root, open the /etc/group file.



3. Add oracle to the end of the line that begins with nncentral and oinstall. Add nncentral to the end of the line that begins with oracle and oinstall. Add the oracle and nncentral to the end of the line that begins with dba.

For example:

```
nncentral:x:<###>:oracle
oracle:x:<###>:nncentral
oinstall:x:<###>:oracle,nncentral
dba:x:<###>:oracle,nncentral
```



The <###> represents a series of numbers.

- 4. Save and close the file.
- 5. Change from the root user to the oracle user.
- 6. Grant the nncentral user permission to act as a sysdba.

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
chmod 6751 oracle
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
su nncentral
chmod 6751 /home/nncentral
```

7. The nncentral user must have read, write, and execute privileges for the oracle user where the Oracle DB is installed. You may grant the necessary privileges as the oracle user with the following command:

```
chmod -Rf g+rwX <ORACLE DB INSTALL PATH>
```

For example:

```
chmod -Rf g+rwX /home/oracle/app
```

8. The nncentral user must have read, write, and execute privileges for the oracle user where Oracle MiddleWare is installed. You may grant the necessary privileges as the oracle user with the following command:

```
chmod -Rf g+rwX <ORACLE MIDDLEWARE PATH>
```

For example:

```
chmod -Rf g+rwX /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle Home
```

Switch to the nncentral user to restart Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager (SDM) if it is currently running.



Configure a Data Pump Directory for Local Installations

If your system is set up as a local standalone or local cluster, you need to manually specify the data pump directory. The data pump directory is used in the backup and restore process for the Oracle database.

Connect to the Oracle database as the sysdba.

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
./sqlplus / as sysdba
```

Change the directory location of the data pump files to your desired directory.Below is an example of the command.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE DIRECTORY "DATA_PUMP_DIR" as '/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome 1/rdbms/log/';
```

3. Verify the change took place.

```
SELECT owner, directory_name, directory_path FROM dba_directories WHERE directory name='DATA PUMP DIR';
```

Configure the BI Publisher Security Model

1. Open your web browser and log into BI Publisher with the following URL:

```
http://<hostname>:9502/xmlpserver
```

- In the Oracle BI Publisher Enterprise login page, enter weblogic in the Username field.
- 3. Enter the password for the Weblogic user that you set in the **Define New Domain** window in the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c Configuration Assistant. Refer to Start the Business Intelligence Configuration Assistant 12c section for more information.
- 4. In the top right corner of the page, click **Administration**.
- In the Administration page, under the Security Center heading, click Security Configuration.
- 6. Scroll down the page to the **Authorization** heading and select **BI Publisher Security** from the **Security Model** drop-down list.
- 7. Enter the administrator password in the **New Password** field.
- Scroll to the top of the page, and in the top right-corner, click Apply.
 The settings are saved successfully, but do not take effect until the application is restarted.
- 9. Scroll to the top of the page, and in the top right-corner, click **Sign Out**.
- 10. Restart the WebLogic server. Refer to the Start or Stop the WebLogic Server for 12c section for more information.





After restarting the WebLogic server, the weblogic account is disabled. Administrative actions must be performed with the administrator account.

11. Login to the WebLogic server, complete the following fields:

Username field	Enter administrator in this field.
Password field	Enter the new password that you configured in step 7.

12. Click **Sign In** to enter a new session.

Create the Boot Properties File

The post-installation process involves the creation of a boot.properties file.

1. Change directories to the BI Publisher domain. For example:

```
cd /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/
domains/bi
```

2. If the following path does not exist on your system, create it with the mkdir command. Otherwise, change directories from the BI Publisher domain to servers/AdminServer/security. For example:

```
cd servers/AdminServer/security
```

3. Create a file called boot.properties.

```
vi boot.properties
```

4. Add the following two lines:

```
username=weblogic
password=<password>
```

Use the password which you created for the weblogic user. Refer to Start the Business Intelligence Configuration Assistant 12c section for more information.

7

Create a Report Manager Database Instance

If you are using Oracle® Communications Report Manager with Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager, you must create a Report Manager database instance on the external Oracle database.

When you complete the Report Manager database instance (OCSDMDW) configuration on Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager, the following items are created on the external Oracle database:

- Oracle database instance for Oracle Communications Report Manager (OCSDMDW).
- Oracle database user (OCSREMDW)
- LISTENER2 instance, which listens on its designated port 1522 (for the Report Manager application) on the Oracle database.

Create a Report Manager Database Instance on the External Oracle Database

From Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager setup application, specify the Oracle home path (ORACLE_HOME) and the credentials of the Oracle database user instance (OCSREMDW).

Pre-requisites: You must complete the following tasks:

- Ensure the Oracle database software is installed. Refer to the *Install the Oracle Database Software* chapter for more information.
- Ensure the Oracle Database Instance for BI Publisher is created. Refer to the *Create an Oracle Database for BI Publisher* chapter for more information.
- Ensure that Oracle BI Publisher 12c is installed. Refer to the *Install Oracle BI Publisher* chapter for more information.
- Install or upgrade Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager. Refer to the *Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Installation Guide* for more information.
- 1. Log in as the nncental user.
- 2. Navigate to the SDM bin directory.

For example:

cd /opt/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/bin

3. Execute the shutdownnnc.sh script. By default, the shutdownnnc.sh script detects whether the existing installation is a standalone or clustered system and prompts you with the option to shut down the entire cluster if no flag options are provided.

Note:

However, You can script an option ahead of time by adding -local for single nodes and -cluster to shutdown an entire cluster.

```
Shutdown back-end server
Do you wish to shut down the entire cluster (Yes/No)? Yes
Shutting down cluster.....
```

- 4. Enter Yes to continue and shut down the cluster.
- 5. Switch to the root user.
- 6. Run setup.sh.

```
./setup.sh
```

7. Select option 2, **Custom**. Press Enter to continue.

```
[ ] 1 - Typical
[X] 2 - Custom
[ ] 3 - Quit
```

- 8. Select option 10, Oracle DB OCSDMDW configuration. Press Enter to continue.
- Enter the password for the Report Manager user (OCSREMDW) and confirm the password.

Note:

The password must be eight characters or more, contain at least one uppercase character, one lowercase character and a number (1-9). You cannot use the \$, #, and & special character(s) in the password. Use only the supported %, period (.), and ! special characters in your password at this time.

For example:

```
Password for user OCSREMDW [] <MyPassword4U!>
```

Note:

The password that you configure expires after 180 days. Seven days before the password expires, a password expiry trap warns you through SDM that your password needs to be reset. If you need to reset this user password later, see the *Reset the Password for the Oracle Database User* section in the *Oracle Communications Report Manager User Guide* for more information.



10. Enter the path of the ORACLE_HOME variable. For example:

```
Oracle home path (ORACLE_HOME)
Enter Oracle home path (ORACLE_HOME) [] /home/oracle/app/oracle/product/
<Oracle-Database-Version>/dbhome 1
```

Verify the Report Manager Database Instance

You must verify that the Report Manager database instance (OCSDMDW) is created.

 From your Linux system, query the Oracle database to verify if the OCSDMDW database is active:

```
ssh -Y oracle @vm
export ORACLE_SID=ocsdmdw
cd $ORACLE HOME/bin
```

2. Enter the path to the OCSDMDW database:

```
./sqlplus ocsremdw/<ocsremdw password>@ocsdmdw
```

If a success message appears, it indicates that the OCSDMDW database is active and installed correctly. If a failure message appears, either the database is not installed or not configured. Continue to step three if you get a failure message.

3. Check the logs directory to discover why a failure happened (if a failure has happened).

```
/home/nncentral/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/logs/SetupApplication.log
```

4. Look for any error messages in the setup application log. We suggest filtering your search with the words LISTENER2 and OCSDMDW. If you are unable to determine what is wrong, contact your Oracle Communications support representative.

Verify LISTENER2 is Created on the Oracle Database

You must verify that LISTENER2 on port 1522 is created on the Oracle database.

1. From your Linux system, query the NNC report LISTENER2 status to see if it is active:

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
```

2. If there is a failure message, manually try activating LISTENER2:

```
./lsnrctl start LISTENER2
```

3. Check the status of LISTENER2 again:

```
./lsnrctl status LISTENER2
```

If a success message appears, it indicates that LISTENER2 is active and the Oracle database is installed correctly. If a failure message appears again, either the database is

- not installed or the listener is not configured. Continue to step four if you get a failure message.
- **4.** Check the logs directory to discover why a failure happened (if a failure has happened).

/home/nncentral/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/logs/SetupApplication.log

5. Look for any error messages in the setup application log. We suggest filtering your search with the words LISTENER2 and OCSDMDW. If you are unable to determine what is wrong, contact your Oracle Communications support representative.



8

Register Oracle BI Publisher

Register BI Publisher in HTTPS Mode

Oracle recommends you register BI Publisher in HTTPS mode to encrypt any communication between Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager and BI Publisher. BI Publisher can be run in both HTTP and HTTPS modes. If you decide to run BI Publisher in HTTP mode, then you can skip this section and go to the Register BI Publisher in Session Delivery Manager section.

Enable HTTPS on the WebLogic Server

To encrypt the communication between BIP and SDM, first enable HTTPS on the WebLogic server.

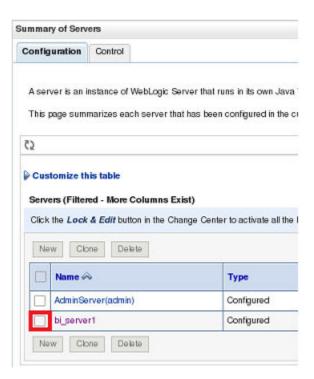
 Login to the administrative console of your WebLogic server. Use the username and password you created when installing BI Publisher.

In the default installation, the administrative console can be reached at http://<IP address>: 9500/console.





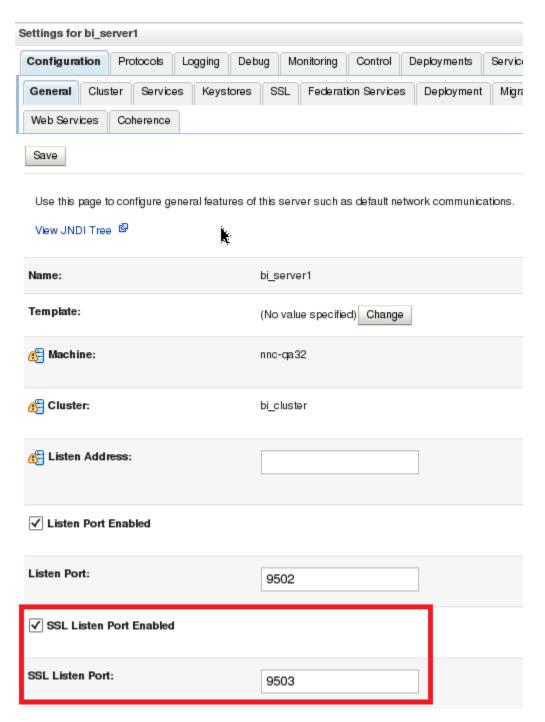
3. In the main tab under Summary of Servers on the Configuration tab, click bi_server1.



4. In the Change Center, click Lock & Edit.



5. In the **Configurations**, **General** tab, check the **SSL Listen Port Enabled** check box (SSL Listen port number 9503).



- 6. Click Save.
- 7. In the Change Center, click Activate Changes.

In a cluster setup, repeat this task for each BIP server.

Save and Transfer the BI Publisher Certificate to Session Delivery Manager

1. Open your web browser and connect to BI Publisher. For example:



You must use secure HTTPS.

https://<myhostname>:9503/xmlpserver

- 2. Confirm that you understand the risks.
- 3. View and add the server certificate.
- 4. Select the server certificate you that you added and click **Export**.
- 5. Save the file with the .cer extension in one of the following formats:
 - X.509 PEM (Linux)
 - Base-64 (Windows)
- Use the secure file transport protocol (SFTP) to send the saved BI Publisher certificate to a directory on your Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager server.

Add the BI Publisher Certificate to the Session Delivery Manager Keystore

After transferring BI Publisher Certificate to your Oracle Communications Session Delivery manager server, you must add your BI Publisher certificate to the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager keystore.

You can either add the BI Publisher certificate through the SDM setup program (setup.sh) or upload it through the SDM GUI:



If you are using the SDM setup program to upload a BI Publisher certificate, you must run the setup program on each SDM server cluster node to upload the BI Publisher certificate on each node. If you perform this task through the SDM GUI, the BI Publisher certificate is replicated to all SDM cluster nodes.

- See the Configure Southbound Interface Transport Layer Security section in the Custom Installation chapter of the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Installation Guide for more information about loading the BI Publisher certificate through the SDM setup program.
- See the Manage Certificates for Southbound Authentication chapter in the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Administration Guide for more information about loading the BI Publisher certificate through the SDM GUI.

Register BI Publisher in Session Delivery Manager

After the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager installation, Oracle BI Publisher must be registered from within the SDM GUI application.



1. Start the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager server as the nncentral user:

cd /opt/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/bin/
./startnnc.sh

- Navigate to your Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager server IP address on port 8080.
- 3. Ensure that you have your product plugin installed.
- 4. Select Report Manager, Register BI Publisher.
- 5. (Use this step to re-register BI Publisher in SDM only) In the **Register BI Publisher** pane, click **Configure Registration**.
- 6. In the **Register BI Publisher Step 1 of 2** pane, complete the following installation details fields to register a BI Publisher server:

Installation Location radio buttons

Select the following location type:

- **local**—The Report Manager and BI Publisher software is installed on the same server.
- **remote**—The Report Manager and BI Publisher software is installed on separate servers.



Note:

If you are registering BI Publisher with SSL on a local server, a domain name server (DNS) is required.

Installation Type radio buttons

Select the following installation type:

- standalone—A single or remote installation of Oracle
 Communications Session Delivery Manager, Oracle BI Publisher,
 and their respective databases that work together to generate
 reports.
- cluster—A cluster of servers (A local cluster is supported for 12c) that generate reports and provide high availability in case one system experiences a sudden failure. On each server that is part of the same cluster, Oracle BI Publisher and Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager are installed with their respective databases.

Weblogic Admin User Name field

Enter **weblogic**. This is the user name that was created when you installed Oracle BI Publisher. Refer to the Install the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c Configuration Assistant section for more information.

Weblogic Admin Password field

Enter the Weblogic password that you created when you installed Oracle BI Publisher. Refer to the Install the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c Configuration Assistant section for more information.

Weblogic Admin Port field

Enter the Weblogic administrator port that you created when you installed Oracle BI Publisher. For example: 9500. Refer to the Install



	the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c Configuration Assistant section for more information.
Name field	Enter administrator . This is the user name that you entered when you configured BI Publisher security. Refer to Configure BI Publisher Security section for more information.
field	Enter the Oracle BI Publisher administrator password that you created when you installed Oracle BI Publisher. Refer to Configure BI Publisher Security section for more information.

7. Click Next.

The available configuration parameters for Step 2 of 2 depend on your selections in Step 1 of 2.

Register a Local Standalone Mode of BI Publisher for Report Manager

If you entered local standalone in the previous section, use this additional task to register a local standalone installation of Oracle BI Publisher for Report Manager:

 In the Register BI Publisher Step 2 of 2 pane, complete the following installation details fields to register a local standalone installation of Oracle BI Publisher for Report Manager:

Server Protocol drop-down list	Select http or https for the secure hypertext transfer protocol.	
Server Location field	The host name.	
	Note: This value should be the same host name used when creating the certificate (For example, server1.oracle.com).	
Server Port field	The Oracle BI Publisher server port number. For example, 9502.	
BI Publisher Home Folder field	The BI Publisher Home Folder. For the installation previously documented, the path is /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/bi. The path for your installation may differ if you selected a different location for the OracleMiddleWare directory.	
Repository Location field	The repository location that can be found by logging into BI Publisher and navigating to Administration, Server Configuration, Catalog, Path. For the installation previously documented, the repository location is /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/	



	domains/bi/bidata/components/bipublisher/repository.
	Note: The 'nncentral' user must have write privileges for the BIP home folder and repository location.
BI Publisher Schema Prefix field	The prefix schema for BI Publisher. The default prefix is DEV.
Oracle Database User Name field	The nncentral user name for your Oracle database. See the Add an Oracle Database User that Connects to BI Publisher for Backup and Restore Functions section for more information.
Oracle Database User Password	The password for the nncentral database user.
Oracle Database Service Name	The Oracle database service name. Unless you previously selected a different name, enter AcmeBIPublisher .
Oracle Database Home Path	Enter the Oracle database home path. For the installation previously documented, the Oracle database home path is: / home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1
Oracle Database SID	Enter the Oracle database SID. The SID is the first 12 characters of the Oracle Database Service Name. If AcmeBIPublisher is the Oracle Database Service Name, enter AcmeBIPublis.

2. Click Apply.

Registering a Remote Standalone BI Publisher

Use this task if you entered remote standalone in the previous step:

1. In the Register BI Publisher Step 2 of 2 pane, complete the following fields:

Server Protocol drop-down list	Select https or http for the web server protocol.
Server Location field	The host name of the server on which BI Publisher is installed.
Server Port field	The BI Publisher xmlpserver port. For example: 9502.
FTP User Name field	The FTP user name.
FTP Password field	The FTP password.



FTP Path for BI Publisher Home Folder field

The FTP path for the BI Publisher Home Folder. For example: /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/bi. The path for your installation may differ if you selected a different location for the OracleMiddleWare directory.

2. Click Apply.

Register a Local BI Publisher Cluster

If you entered the **local** and **cluster** options in the **Register BI Publisher Step 1 of 2** pane, complete the following task:

- 1. Select the local cluster node and click Edit.
- In the BI Publisher Cluster Member window, enter the protocol, IP address, port, FTP user name, FTP password, BI Publisher home folder, repository location, and Oracle database information for each node in the cluster.



If setting up a local cluster, the BI Publisher server information is prepopulated.

- 3. Click Apply to save and close the BI Publisher Cluster Member window.
- 4. Click Apply.

Register a Remote BI Publisher Cluster

If you entered the remote and cluster options in the **Register BI Publisher Step 1 of 2** pane, complete the following task:

- Select the remote cluster node and click Edit.
- In the BI Publisher Cluster Member window, enter the protocol, IP address, port, FTP user name, FTP password, the BI Publisher home folder, and the repository location for each node in the cluster.
- 3. Click **Apply** to save and close the **BI Publisher Cluster Member** window.
- 4. Click Apply.

Remote Cluster Configuration

To configure BI Publisher in a remote cluster, run the Node Manager and then start the Managed Servers.

Repeat steps 1 through 3 for each node in the cluster before moving on to step 4.

1. SSH to your BI Publisher server.



2. Navigate to the WebLogic bin directory.

cd app/OracleMiddleWare/user projects/domains/bifoundation domain/bin/

3. Run the startNodeManager script with an appended ampersand.

./startNodeManager.sh &

• WARNING:

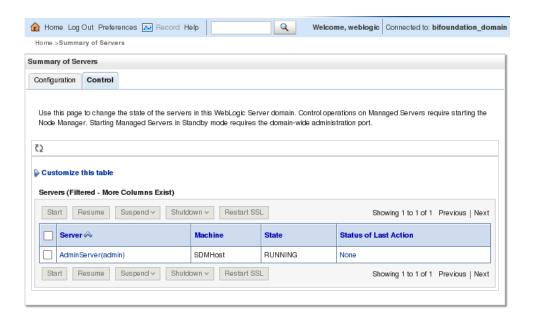
Repeat steps 1 through 3 for each node in the cluster before continuing.

- 4. Navigate your browser to BI Publisher's Admin Console at http://<IP address>:7001/console.
- 5. In the **Domain Structure** section of the pane, click to expand the **Environment** menu and click **Servers**. For example:



6. In the **Summary of Servers** section of the pane, click the **Control** tab, and click the available server nodes and click **Start** to start the managed WebLogic server.





Stop the WebLogic Server

Note:

If you set up a standalone, stop the WebLogic server. If you set up a cluster, stop all WebLogic servers in the cluster.

1. Login to the WebLogic server as the oracle user. For example:

ssh -Y oracle@myweblogicserver

2. Change the directory to the DOMAIN_HOME/bin directory:

cd /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/user projects/domains/bi/bin

3. Check if the WebLogic server is running:

ps -ef | grep weblogic

Note:

Verify if there are three processes running (by viewing three groups of output text).

4. Open your web browser and use the following URL:

http://<myweblogicserver>:9500/console

5. Login to the **WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c** welcome page and login using the **weblogic** username and the password that you set when you

installed the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c Configuration Assistant. Refer to the Install the Oracle Business Intelligence 12c Configuration Assistant section for more information.

- **6.** In the **Domain Structure** section on the navigation tree, expand the **Environment** tree and select **Servers**.
- 7. In the **Summary of Servers** section on the right pane, click the **Control** tab.
- 8. Check the check boxes for the **AdminServer(admin)** and **bi_server1** listed in the table and select **Force shutdown now** from the **Shutdown** drop-down list.
- $\textbf{9.} \quad \text{In the confirmation pane, select } \textbf{Yes} \text{ to force the shutdown of the servers.} \\$
 - The WebLogic server console page is no longer available.
- 10. Go back to your linux session and stop the NodeManager process exactly as shown below:

```
./stopNodeManager.sh &
```

11. Check if the WebLogic server has been stopped:

```
ps -ef | grep weblogic
```

If there is no return of any WebLogic-related processes listed, then the WebLogic server has stopped completely.



Report Manager Administrator Operations

Shutdown Report Manager

- 1. On the SDM server, log in as the nncentral user.
- 2. Change the directory to the bin directory.

For example:

cd /home/nncentral/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/bin

3. Execute the **shutdownnnc.sh** script. By default, the shutdownnnc.sh script detects whether the existing installation is a standalone or clustered system and prompts you with the option to shutdown the entire cluster if no flag options are provided.



However, you can script an option ahead of time by adding -local for single nodes and - cluster to shutdown an entire cluster.

```
./shutdownnnc.sh
Shutdown back-end server
Do you wish to shut down the entire cluster (Yes/No)? Yes
```

- **4.** On the server where the Oracle database software and BI Publisher are installed, login as the **Oracle** user.
- 5. Change to the WebLogic server directory. For example:

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd /home/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/
user projects/domains/bi/bin
```

- **6.** Stop the WebLogic server. Go to the Manage the WebLogic Server section for more information.
- 7. Stop the BI Publisher database instance listener (LISTENER).

```
[oracle@vm bin]$ ./lsnrctl stop
```

8. Stop the OCSDMDW database instance listener (LISTENER2):

[oracle@vm bin]\$./lsnrctl stop LISTENER2

9. If undefined, set the ORACLE_HOME variable in the .bash_profile of both the oracle user and the nncentral user.

```
export ORACLE_HOME=/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1
```

10. Specify the ORACLE_SID variable for the AcmeBIPublisher database.

```
export ORACLE SID=AcmeBIPublis
```

11. Execute the ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus script.

```
[oracle@vm bin]$ ./sqlplus '/ as sysdba'
```

12. Use the following option to shutdown the Oracle database instance and exit:

```
SQL> shutdown immediate;
SQL> exit
```

Specify the ORACLE_SID variable for the Report Manager database instance (OCSDMDW).

```
export ORACLE_SID=ocsdmdw
```

14. Execute the ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus script.

```
[oracle@vm bin]$ ./sqlplus '/ as sysdba'
```

15. Use the following option to shutdown the Oracle database instance and exit:

```
SQL> shutdown immediate;
SQL> exit
```

Start Report Manager

1. On the server where the Oracle database software and BI Publisher are installed, login as the **Oracle** user.

```
ssh -Y oracle@myserver
```

2. If undefined, set the ORACLE_HOME variable in the .bash_profile of both the oracle user and nncentral user.

```
export ORACLE_HOME=/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/<oracle-database-software-version>/dbhome_1 cd \Omega_{\rm HOME}
```

3. Specify the ORACLE SID variable for the AcmeBIPublisher database.

```
export ORACLE SID=AcmeBIPublis
```



4. Execute the ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus script.

```
./sqlplus '/ as sysdba'
```

5. Use the following option to start the Oracle database and exit:

```
SQL> startup
SQL> exit
```

Specify the ORACLE_SID variable for the Report Manager database instance (OCSDMDW).

```
export ORACLE_SID=ocsdmdw
```

Execute the ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus script.

```
./sqlplus '/ as sysdba'
```

8. Use the following option to start the Oracle database and exit:

```
SQL> startup
SQL> exit
```

- **9.** Start the database listeners. Refer to How to Start, Stop and Check the Status of the Oracle Database Listeners section for more information.
- Start the WebLogic server. Refer to the Start the WebLogic Server section for more information.
- 11. On the SDM server, log in as the nncentral user.
- **12.** Change the directory to the bin directory.

For example:

```
cd /home/nncentral/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/bin
```

13. Execute the startnnc.sh script.

```
./startnnc.sh
```



The console displays the number of services started. After all services have started, the system is ready for use. Do not attempt to log in until the console has indicated that the web servers are up.

Reset the OCSREMDW User Password

The password for the Oracle Communications OCSREMDW User who connects to the Oracle Communications Session Delivery Manager Data Warehouse (ocsdmdw) database expires every 180 days. Use this task to reset the expired password with a new password.

1. Shutdown SDM as the nncentral user.

```
cd /opt/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/bin
./shutdownnnc.sh
```

- 2. Run setup.sh as root.
- 3. Select Custom and Oracle DB OCSDMDW Configuration.
- 4. Enter and then confirm the OCSDMDW password.
- **5.** Enter the ORACLE_HOME path.

The error message should say "OCSDMDW Oracle DB already exists. Please drop this DB and try again."

- 6. Exit setup.sh.
- 7. Set the ORACLE_HOME and ORACLE_SID variables as the nncentral user.

```
su nncentral
export ORACLE_HOME=/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/12.2.0/dbhome_1
export ORACLE SID=ocsdmdw
```

8. Log in to the Oracle database.

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
./sqlplus / as sysdba
```

9. If the database user accounts are locked because of multiple failed logins with the wrong password, unlock the nncentral and oscremdw accounts.

```
alter user nncentral account unlock;
alter user ocsremdw account unlock;
```

10. Change passwords for the nncentral user and the ocsremdw user. The new ocsdmdw password must be the same as the one specified in step 4.

```
alter user nncentral identified by <new_password>;
alter user ocsremdw identified by <new password>;
```

11. Exit

exit;

12. Confirm the password changes by looking for a successful log in to the following commands:

```
./sqlplus nncentral/<new_password>@ocsdmdw ./sqlplus ocsremdw/<new password>@ocsdmdw
```

13. Start SDM as the nncentral user.

```
cd /opt/AcmePacket/NNC<version>/bin/
./startnnc.sh
```



Free Up Disk Space

In local clusters, dump files may be deleted if the server runs low on disk space.



Do not run this command if a backup or restore is in progress.

- 1. Log in as the oracle user.
- 2. Find and remove the dump files.

```
find . -name OCSDMDW Dump*.dmp | xargs rm -rf
```

Uninstall Oracle Database

To uninstall Oracle database:

Run the deinstall script in the \$ORACLE_HOME/deinstall folder.

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd $ORACLE_HOME/deinstall/
[oracle@vm deinstall]$ ./deinstall
```

- 2. Select the default options unless you need to drop or delete schemas and listeners.
- **3.** Type y to continue.
- 4. After the script finishes, remove the oracle folder.

```
rm -rf /home/oracle/app/oracle
```

Uninstall BI Publisher

1. Log in to the server over VNC or SSH.

```
ssh -Y oracle@vm
```

2. If you installed a Simple Install, stop the WebLogic server by running the stopWebLogic.sh script.

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd app/OracleMiddleWare/user_projects/domains/
bifoundation_domain/bin/
[oracle@vm bin]$ ./stopWebLogic.sh
```

3. If you installed the Enterprise Install, stop the managed server's WebLogic server and the running Node Manager process.

This script uses the syntax:

```
stopManagedWebLogic.sh {SERVER NAME} {ADMIN URL} {USER NAME} {PASSWORD}
```



For example:

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd app/OracleMiddleWare/user_projects/domains/bifoundation_domain/bin/
[oracle@vm ~]$ ./stopManagedWebLogic.sh bi_server1 t3://
vm.acmepacket.com:9704 weblogic testPassword5
```

4. If it's still running, kill the Node Manager's process ID.

```
ps -ef | grep weblogic
kill <node manager process id>
```

5. Run the uninstallation scripts for BI Publisher .

```
[oracle@vm bin]$ cd ~/app/OracleMiddleWare/utils/uninstall/
[oracle@vm uninstall]$ ./uninstall.sh
```

Click Next, Next, and Done to uninstall all the components.

6. Run RCU and drop the MDS and BIPLATFORM schemas from Oracle database.

```
[oracle@vm ~]$ cd ~/rcuHome/bin
[oracle@vm bin]$ ./rcu
```

7. Delete the OracleMiddleWare directory.

```
rm -rf ~/app/OracleMiddleWare/
```



10

Troubleshoot Installation Problems

X11 Forwarding

If the xorg-x11-xauth program is not installed, the following error appears if X11 forwarding over SSH is used:

```
X11 forwarding request failed on channel 0
```

If you see this error, install the xorg-x11-xauth package.

```
yum install xorg-x11-xauth
```

xdpyinfo Errors

The following error messages indicate that xdpyinfo is not installed:

- Checking monitor: must be configured to display at least 256 colors
- Could not execute auto check for display colors using command /usr/bin/xdpyinfo. Check if the DISPLAY variable is set. Failed.

The xdpyinfo program must be installed.

1. Type the following command.

```
yum install xorg-x11-utils-<version-number>
```

2. If the program is already installed, check whether the oracle user has execute privileges.



In this example, the oracle user has execute privileges.

3. If the oracle user does not have executable privileges, log in as root and execute this command:

```
xhost +SI:localuser:oracle
```

4. Log in as the oracle user and run the installer.

```
./runInstaller
```

Browser Path error

After the installation, the Oracle installer attempts to reach the BI Publisher login window by first searching for your default browser. You receive an error if the default browser is not set on your operating system.

If this error occurs, open a web browser and navigate to <hostname>:9502/xmlpserver.

Data Pump Directory

Follow these steps if the expdp command in the backup script fails.



You must shut down the SDM server before you complete the steps in this section.

1. Connect to your Oracle database as sysdba.

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
./sqlplus / as sysdba
```

2. Change the streams pool size to generate data pump files.

```
ALTER SYSTEM SET streams pool size=128M;
```

3. Shutdown the Oracle database.

```
SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE;
```

4. Restart the Oracle database.

```
STARTUP;
```

5. Verify the change took place with the following command:

```
SHOW PARAMETER streams_pool_size;
```

Oracle Database Installer Errors

If you receive an error that says the Oracle Net Configuration Assistant failed or there is an invalid specification for system parameter LOCAL_LISTENER ORA-00130, ensure your /etc/hosts file contains a valid hostname besides "localhost."



FTP Errors

Connection errors may occur when registering BI Publisher.

 If you get a "Unknown service vsftpd" error message, install the FTP server on each BI Publisher node.

```
yum install vsftpd
```

2. If you get an "Unable to connect to hosts via ftp protocol" error message, make sure the FTP server has been started on each BI Publisher node.

```
service vsftpd start
```

Migrate JMS Service on BIP Cluster

In a BIP cluster, scheduled reports will fail if the active server is down. If the server running the JMS service fails, migrate the JMS service to restore BIP scheduling.

The following examples assume BI Publisher has been installed as a cluster using the Enterprise Install option on the first node and the Scale Out option on subsequent nodes.

• WARNING:

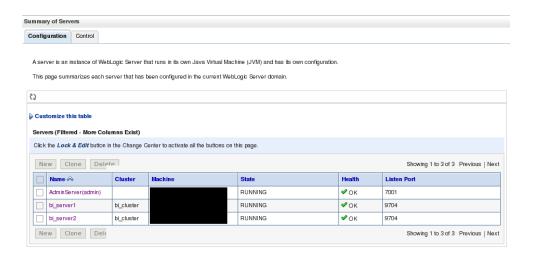
The JMS must not be running during this migration.

- 1. Go to the WebLogic server administration console at the following URL: http:// <host>:7001/console/
- 2. In the **WebLogic Server Administration Console** enter your **Username** (for example: weblogic) and **Password** in their respective fields.



In the following BIP Cluster example, there are two host machines and by default one system has both an AdminServer and a Managed Server called bi_server1, and another system has a scaled out Managed Server called bi_server2. The JMS server is hosted on the Managed Server bi_server1, which is running on the same system as the AdminServer.





Configure a Migratable Target

When installing a BIP cluster, the system automatically generates migratable targets of "<servername> (migratable)" for each running server in the cluster.

- 1. In the Change Center section of the pane, click Lock & Edit.
- 2. In the **Domain Structure** section, click to expand the **Environment** menu and click **Migratable Targets**.
- 3. In the **Summary of Migratable Targets** pane appears.
- Select the Migration tab.
- 5. Under Constrained Candidate Servers, select the servers you want to use as a JMS Server backup and move them to the Chosen list. Check the the candidate server check boxes in the Available box and move them by clicking on the right arrow to the Chosen box.
- 6. Click Save.
- To activate these changes, in the Change Center of the administration console, click Activate Changes.



If a message says that some items must be restarted, then please restart the required servers.

Create New Persistent Stores

JMS-related services require you to configure a custom persistent store that is also targeted to the same migratable targets as the JMS services. For the migratable solution, a file-based custom store is created, which points to the JMS Server to the same Migratable Target as the custom store.

- Log into the Administration Console.
- In the Domain Structure tree, expand Services, and then select Persistent Stores.



- 3. Under Change Center, click on Lock & Edit.
- 4. In the Summary of Persistent Stores table, click New, Create FileStore.
- 5. Name the new file store and for the Target drop-down select bi server1 (migratable).
- 6. The Directory field must be a pathname that is accessible from every node that was declared a Candidate Server when modifying the bi_server1 (migratable) target. Whether you decide to use NFS, a storage area network (SAN), or a dual-ported SCSI disk, make sure this pathname set for the Directory exists and can be accessed from every Candidate Server node.
- 7. Click Activate Changes under the Change Center.

Migrate JMS Services

Use the following steps to migrate the JMS Services running on the BIP Cluster to the same migratable target as the previously created custom persistent store.



WARNING:

Ensure that JMS services on bi_server1 and the server itself are shut down so that the migration task is successful. The BIP Scheduler becomes inoperable when the server is shut down.

- 1. In the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console, under the Domain Structure section menu, click **Services**, **Messaging**, and **JMS Servers** from the tree.
- 2. In the Summary of JMS Servers pane, JMS Servers section, check the check box for the BipJmsServer (Default) if no other JMS servers were created.
- In the Change Center section of the pane, click Lock & Edit.
- 4. Select the new custom persistent store that was created in the previous step from the Persistent Store drop-down list.
- 5. Click Save.



Note:

Ignore any error messages about the JMS server or SAF agent that display.

- 6. Click the Targets tab and select bi_server1 (migratable) from the Target drop-down list to change the target for the JMS server.
- 7. Click Save.
- Click Activate Changes.



Note:

If there are other JMS services besides the JMS Server that need to be migrated, such as SAF agents and path services, refer to the Oracle WebLogic documentation for their migration process.



Manually Migrate the JMS Server

The JMS Server needs to be manually migrated using the Administration Console.

- 1. In the Change Center section of the Administration Console, click Lock & Edit.
- 2. In the **Domain Structure** tree, click **Environment**, **Migratable Targets**.
- 3. In the Summary of Migratable Targets page, click the Control tab.
- **4.** In the **Migratable Target** section, check the check box for each target server to migrate.
- 5. Click Migrate.
- 6. Select a new managed server from the **New hosting server** drop-down list that is healthy (in this example, bi_server2).
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click Activate Changes.

