Oracle® Banking Corporate Lending Multi-Tenant Deployment



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ORACLE

Oracle Banking Corporate Lending Multi-Tenant Deployment, Release 14.7.3.0.0

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Preface

This topic contains the following sub-topics:

- Introduction
- Audience
- List Of Topics
- Related Resources

Introduction

This manual is designed to help you quickly get acquainted with the Oracle Multi Tenant Architecture in Oracle Banking Corporate Lending.

Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles

Table 1 Audience

Role	Function
Implementation team	Implementation of Oracle Banking Corporate Lending Solution
Presales team	Install Oracle Banking Corporate Lending for demo purpose
Bank personnel	Who installs Oracle Banking Corporate Lending

This guide is intended for IT administrators, developers, WebLogic admin or ops-web team who are responsible for installing OFSS Banking Products. The user of this manual is expected to have basic understanding of Application servers like Oracle Weblogic and Oracle Database.

List Of Topics

This guide is organized into the following topics.

Table 2	List of	Topics
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Topics	Description
Oracle Multi Tenant Architecture	This topic provides an overview of the Multitenant Architecture.
Proposed Deployment Model	This topic provides information on proposed deployment model



Table 2	(Cont.) L	ist of Topics
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Topics	Description
Deployment and Installation Steps	This topic provides information on deployment and installation steps
Step by Step Installation	This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion
Mandatory step before PDB/SEED Sync	This topic provides systematic instructions to mandatory step before PDB/SEED sync.
Possible Issues / FAQ	This topic provides information about Default Approot Entities.
Annexure	This topic provides information on default Approot entities for Common Core and Oracle Banking Corporate Lending
Annexure 2	This topic provides information about script.

Related Resources

For more information, refer Multi-Tenant Patch Set Deployment User Manual.



1 Oracle Multi Tenant Architecture

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Overview of the Multitenant Architecture
- Application Maintenance

1.1 Overview of the Multitenant Architecture

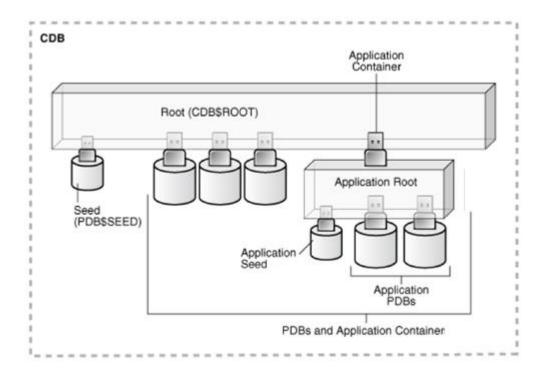


Figure 1-1 Multi-Tenant Architecture

Table 1-1 Overview of the Multi-Tenant Architecture

Field	Description
Container Database	The CDB is a collection of schemas, schema objects, and non-schema objects to which all PDBs belong. Every CDB has one and only one root container named CDB\$ROOT. The root stores the system metadata required to manage PDBs. All PDBs belong to the root. The system container is the CDB root and all PDBs that belong to this root.
	The CDB root does not store user data. Oracle recommends that you do not add common objects to the root or modify Oracle-supplied schemas in the root. However, you can create common users and roles for database administration. A common user with the necessary privileges can switch between containers.



Field	Description
Application Root	Consider an application root as an application-specific root container. It serves as a repository for a master definition of an application back end, including common data and metadata. To create an application root, connect to the CDB root and specify the AS APPLICATION CONTAINER clause in a CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE statement.
Seed PDB	Unlike a standard PDB, a seed PDB is not intended to support an application. Rather, the seed is a template for the creation of PDBs that support applications. To accelerate creation of application PDBs within an application container, you can create an application seed. An application container contains either zero or one application seed.
Application PDB	An application PDB belongs to exactly one application container. Unlike PDBs plugged in to the CDB root, application PDBs can share a master application definition within an application container. For example, a user_details table in an application root might be a data-linked common object, which means it contains data accessible by all application PDBs plugged in to this root. PDBs that do not reside within the application container cannot access its application common objects.

Table 1-1 (Cont.) Overview of the Multi-Tenant Architecture

1.2 Application Maintenance

Application maintenance refers to installing, uninstalling, upgrading, or patching an application.

Perform application installation, upgrade, and patching operations using an ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION statement.

The basic steps for application maintenance are as follows:

- **1.** Log in to the application root.
- Begin the operation with an ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION ... BEGIN statement in the application root.
- 3. Execute the application maintenance statements.
- End the operation with an ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION ... END statement.

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Application Installation
- Application Upgrade

1.2.1 Application Installation

An application installation is the initial creation of a master application definition. A typical installation creates user accounts, tables, and PL/SQL packages.

To install the application, specify the following in the ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION statement.

- Name of the application
- Application version number



1.2.2 Application Upgrade

An application upgrade is a major change to an installed application.

Typically, an upgrade changes the physical architecture of the application. For example, an upgrade might add new user accounts, tables, and packages, or alter the definitions of existing objects.

To upgrade the application, you must specify the following in the ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION statement:

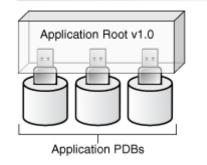
- Name of the application
- Old application version number
- New application version number

During an application upgrade, the application remains available. To make this availability possible, Oracle Database clones the application root.

The following figure gives an overview of the application upgrade process.

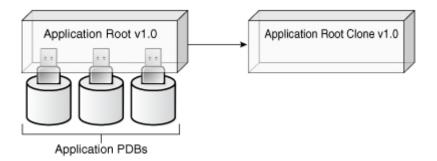
1. Before Upgrade

Figure 1-2 Before Upgrade



2. Begin Upgrade

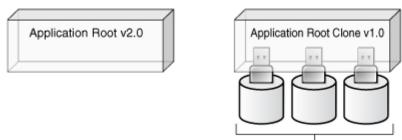
Figure 1-3 Begin Upgrade



3. End Upgrade



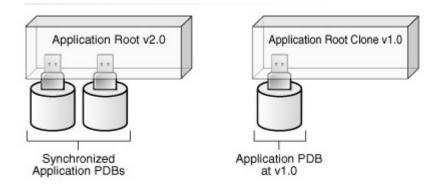
Figure 1-4 End Upgrade



Application PDBs

4. After Synchronization

Figure 1-5 After Synchronization





2 Proposed Deployment Model

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Shared Application
- Shared Application and User Authentication
- Shared Application with Shared Data Default
- Shared Application with Shared Data Custom

2.1 Shared Application

In this, model application is deployed in an application container in 18C, Multiple front-end applications with URL are created per PDB.

- Application is deployed in an Application Container.
- Source code at Approot level shared with PDBs.
- Data Model at Approot level shared with PDBs.
- No sharing of data.
- Multiple front-end application with URL per PDB (with common EAR file).



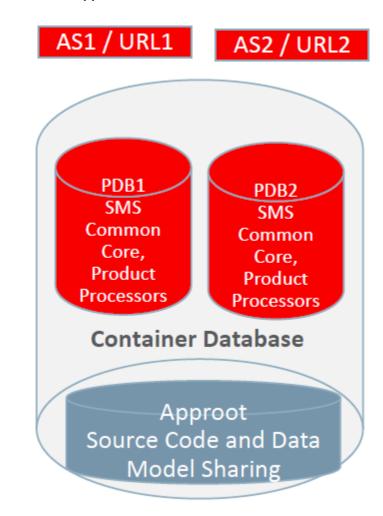


Figure 2-1 Shared Application

2.2 Shared Application and User Authentication

In this, model application is deployed in an application container in 18C, Single frontend application and an URL.

- Application is deployed in an Application Container.
- Source code at Approot level shared with PDBs.
- Data Model at Approot level shared with PDBs.
- Sharing of data related to User Authentication.
- Single Front-end Application and Single URL.



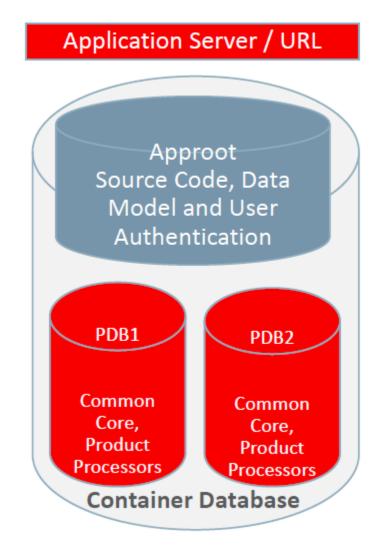


Figure 2-2 Shared Application and User Authentication

2.3 Shared Application with Shared Data - Default

This uses Application Container in 18C, Single front-end application and an URL. Sharing of Entities from Approot to individual PDBs.

- Application is deployed in an Application Container
- Source code at Approot level shared with PDBs
- Data Model at Approot level shared with PDBs
- Single Front-end Application and Single URL
- Sharing of Entities/data like:
 - User Authentication, SMS Roles
 - Core Entities like Country, Currency, MIS Classes, UDFs
 - Chart of Account, Product, Account Class



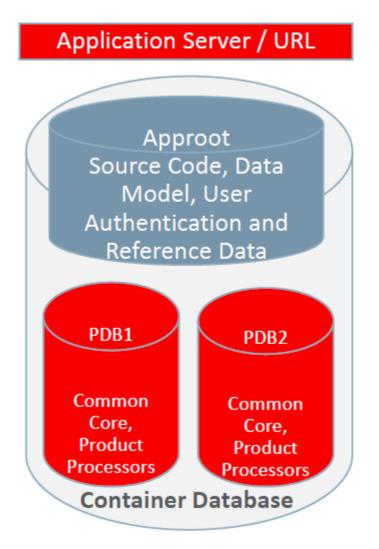


Figure 2-3 Shared Application with Shared Data - Default

2.4 Shared Application with Shared Data - Custom

This uses Application Container in 18C, Single front-end application and an URL. Sharing of Entities from Approot to individual PDBs.

- Application is deployed in an Application Container.
- Source code at Approot level shared with PDBs.
- Data Model at Approot level shared with PDBs.
- Single Front-end Application and Single URL.
- Sharing of Entities/data like:
 - User Authentication, SMS Roles
 - Core Entities like Country, Currency, MIS Classes, UDFs
 - Chart of Account, Product, Account Class



 User can opt-out the entities which are not required to be the candidates of approot and move to PDB.

Sample of components deployed in Shared Application and Shared Data model is given below:

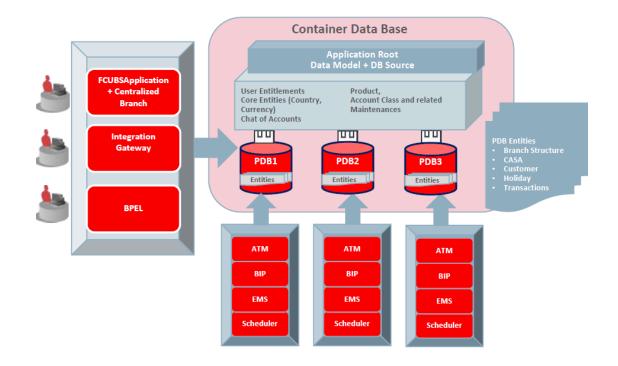


Figure 2-4 Component Deployment Architecture

Application and Gateway are common and single URL is available for the application. ATM, BIP, EMS, Scheduler has to be configured separately for each PDBs.



Deployment and Installation Steps

As a pre-requisite, DB server has to be created with 18c database installed along with CDB setup. Multi entity application root/PDB based application setup can be done by following below steps in sequential order, and detail of each steps explained as separate section subsequently.

- 1. Application Template PDB configuration
 - a. Application Template PDB is a normal PDB created under CDB to install the required DB objects for a product processor. This PDB has a common schema and is used as a template for creating Application root through cloning.
- 2. Application root and Application Seed configuration
 - a. Application root
 - Application root is an application-specific root container and repositories for an application back end DB objects.
 - Application root is created through cloning from Application Template PDB.
 - b. Application Seed
 - Application seed is created to accelerate the creation of application PDBs within an application container.
 - Application seed is created from Application root through cloning and used as template to create one or more Application PDBs.
- 3. Application Installation
 - a. Application installation has to be done in the approot as version 1.0 with being user made explicit.
- 4. Application Root objects conversion
 - a. All the DB objects loaded in Application root are converted as DATA LINK or METADATA LINK.
- 5. Application Seed Sync with the Application Root
 - a. Any changes deployed in Application Root are available at Application PDB, if Application PDB sync with Application Root.
- 6. Application PDB (entity) configuration from Application Seed
 - Application PDB is an associated PDB under Application Root. Application PDB is created by clone from Application Seed.
- 7. Day Zero Setup EAR Creation & Deployment
 - Co-Deployment In case of Co-deployment all the product processor objects has to be loaded in the Application Template PDB, which is cloned into Application Root and then subsequently cloned into Application Seed from Application Root inside an application container. Application Seed is used to accelerate the creation of application PDBs within an application container.



• Stand-alone Deployment– In case of stand-alone deployment, application set up steps has to be followed separately. Installation of multiple product processors can be done inside the same CDB with separate Application containers which has the template PDB, Application Seed and Application PDBs of its own. Same set of installation can be done inside a different CDB.

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Creation of Application Template
- Creation of Application Root and Application Seed
- Creation of Application PDB
- Steps for application setup when transaction data exists
- Day Zero Setup
- EAR Creation and Deployment

3.1 Creation of Application Template

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Purpose
- Steps to be followed

3.1.1 Purpose

Application Template PDB is a normal PDB created under CDB to install the required DB objects for a product processor. This PDB has a common schema and is used as a template for creating Application root through cloning.

3.1.2 Steps to be followed

Below steps to be followed to configure Application Template PDB:

- Application Template PDB Creation
- Property File Creation pointing to Application Template PDB
- Objects loading into the Application Template PDB

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Application Template PDB Creation
- Property file creation with Application Template PDB
- Loading objects into the Application Template PDB

3.1.2.1 Application Template PDB Creation

- User has to login into CDB as a sys user.
- Application Template PDB has to be created under the CDB.
- This Application Template PDB is kept as a gold copy and recommended to not to use for any other purpose.



 Application Template PDB can have one common schema which is cloned to create further databases.

Below script creates the Application Template PDB with required grants under the CDB. DBA rights are required to perform this step.

Refer Application_Template_PDB_Creation.sql

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-1 Application Template PDB Creation

Input Type	User Input
CDB Schema User Name	Sys
CDB Schema Password	Sys
CDB Host	1.1.1.1
CDB Port	1524
CDB Name	FC142CDB
DB Mounted Path	/scratch/db1800dat
Template PDB Name	Templatepdb
Common User Name	CMNUSER
Common User Password	CMNUSER

3.1.2.2 Property file creation with Application Template PDB

- Existing installer is used for the property file creation.
- Property file has to be created with Application Template PDB schema details. (Refer *Installer Property File Creation*)

3.1.2.3 Loading objects into the Application Template PDB

- Objects have to be loaded in the Application Template PDB using bat file [Example: SMSDBCompileRun.bat, ROFCDBCompileRun.bat] by silent installer for respective product processer.
- Application Template PDB schema should be checked for sanity with zero invalids.

3.2 Creation of Application Root and Application Seed

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Purpose
- Steps to be followed

3.2.1 Purpose

- Application Root
 - An application root shares some characteristics with the CDB root, because it can contain common objects, and some characteristics with a PDB, because it is created with the CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE statement.
- Application Seed



- After Application Root creation, Application Seed to be created by clone from Application Root. Application seed to be synched with Application Root, whenever there is DB objects deployed in Application Root. That is, Application seed has latest DB references of Application Root. Application seed is used as template to create (entity) Application PDBs.
- An optional application PDB that serves as a template for creating other PDBs within an application container.

3.2.2 Steps to be followed

Below steps to be followed to configure Application Template PDB

- Application Root and Application Seed Creation
- Application Installation
- Application Root objects conversion
- Application Seed Sync with the Application Root

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Application Root and Application Seed Creation
- Application Installation
- Application Root objects conversion
- Object Conversion
- Application Seed Sync with the Application Root

3.2.2.1 Application Root and Application Seed Creation

Application Root

Application Root is created from Application Template PDB through clone. Application Root holds all the DB objects as single source repository. Initially, the database sources are copied Application Template PDB. On subsequent patch set upgrade, the database sources are deployed in Application Root using upgrade mode.

Application Seed

After Application Root creation, Application Seed to be created by clone from Application Root. Application seed to be synched with Application Root, whenever there is DB objects deployed in Application Root. That is, Application seed has latest DB references of Application Root. Application seed is used as template to create (entity) Application PDBs.

Below script creates the Application root and Application seed. DBA rights are required to perform this step.

Refer Approot_AppSeed_Creation.sql

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-2 Application Root and Application Seed Creation

Input Type	User Input
CDB Schema User Name	Svs



Input Type	User Input
CDB Schema Password	Sys
CDB Host	1.1.1.1
CDB Port	1524
CDB Name	FC142CBD
DB Mounted Path	/scratch/db1800dat
Template PDB Name	Templatepdb
Approot Name	Approot1
Pdb to app pdb path	C:\app_18c\client\user\product\18.0.0\client_1\ rdbms\admin\pdb_t o_apppdb.sql
Common User Name	CMNUSER

Table 3-2 (Cont.) Application Root and Application Seed Creation

3.2.2.2 Application Installation

Application installation has to be done in the approot as version 1.0 with being user made explicit.

This application name has to be used for further upgrade in case of object conversion and applying other patch set objects.

Below script installs the application in Application root. DBA rights are required to perform this step.

Refer Application_Installation.sql

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-3 Application Installation

Input Type	User Input
CDB Schema User Name	Sys
CDB Schema Password	Sys
CDB Host	1.1.1.1
CDB Port	1524
Application Root Name	Approot1
Common User Name	CMNUSER

3.2.2.3 Application Root objects conversion

• By default sharing type of all DB objects loaded in the Application Root is none.

Various Sharing type

- A static table holds the information of selected tables for which the sharing type is DATA LINK. Other tables are treated as METADATA LINK.
- Sharing of object types such as INDEX, LOB, TABLE PARTITION, SEQUENCE, and DYNAMIC PACKAGES remain as NONE.



- All other object types such as SYNONYM, VIEW, TRIGGER FUNCTION, PROCEDURE, and PACKAGE is converted as METADATA LINK.
- Object Conversion

3.2.2.4 Object Conversion

- With the above sharing type considerations, DB object types are converted as DATA LINK and METADATA LINK as part of this application root object conversion step.
- User has to connect to Application Root as common user and then apply changes in upgrade mode with the same application name used in step 3.
- This step is done from the installer and user has 4 options to do the conversion as:
 - Shared Application Here all the function Ids are available as PDB function Ids.
 - Shared Application and User Authentication SMS function IDs are available in Approot and the remaining all function IDs are available as PDB function IDs.
 - Shared Application and Shared Data Default Identified list of entities are available in approot and sharing of entities from Approot to individual PDBs is applicable in this model.
 - Shared Application and Shared Data Custom Identified list of entities are available in approot and sharing of entities from Approot to individual PDBs is applicable in this model.
 Additionally, User can opt-out the entities which are not required to be the candidates of approot and those function IDs are moved to PDB.

The application name and type of deployment will be stored in CSTB_PARAM table in approot.

Table 3-4	CSTB	_PARAM table
-----------	------	--------------

PARAM_NAME	PARAM_VAL
MULTI_TENANT_APP_NAME	OBCL
MULTI_TENANT_DEPLOYMENT_MODEL	SA (or) SAUA (or) SASDD (or) SASDC

Object conversion is a one-time activity and if ti is tried again, system will validate based on the availability of cstb_param values.

3.2.2.5 Application Seed Sync with the Application Root

- In Application Root, post conversion of object type as DATA LINK and METADATA LINK, user need to sync Application Root with Application Seed.
- Post sync, characteristic of objects are available in Application seed and Application PDBs.
- Every patch set upgradation in Application Root,
 - User need to sync, Application Root with Application seed, to keep Application seed to hold the latest DB sources since Application seed is used to create new PDBs further along.



Below Scripts can also be used to execute this step. This step can be performed from common user.

Refer Approot_PDB_Sync.sql

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-5 Application Seed Sync with the Application Root

Input Type	User Input
Approot Schema Username	CMNUSER
Approot Schema Password	CMNUSER
Approot Host	1.1.1.1
Approot Port	1524
Application Root Name	Approot1
Application Name	FCUBS

3.3 Creation of Application PDB

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Purpose
- Steps to be followed

3.3.1 Purpose

- Application PDB (entity) to be created by clone from Application seed available under Application root. This is associated PDB under Application Root. Any DB sources changes deployed in Application Root, those changes to be synched with Application PDB, if required.
- Later if new Application PDB to be created, new Application PDB is created by clone from Application seed. Since Application seed holds latest DB sources by syncing with Application Root.

3.3.2 Steps to be followed

A PDB that is plugged in to an application container can be created from application seed through cloning.

Below script is used to create Application PDB from Application Seed. DBA rights are required to perform this step.

Refer Application_PDB_Creation.sql

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-6 Steps to be followed

Input Type	User Input
CDB Name	FC142CDB
CDB Schema User Name	Sys



Input Type	User Input	
CDB Schema Password	Sys	
CDB HOST	1.1.1.1	
CDB PORT	1522	
CDB Mounted Path	/scratch/db1800dat/FC142CDB/templatePDB/ users01.dbf	
Application Root Name	FCAPPROOT	
Application PDB Name	FCAPPPDB1	
PDB_TO_APPPDB	C:\app_18c\client\user\product\18.0.0\client_1\rdb ms\admin\pdb_to_apppdb.sql	

Table 3-6 (Cont.) Steps to be followed

3.4 Steps for application setup when transaction data exists

Steps for application setup when transaction data exists

If the maintenance/ transaction data import has to be carried out in the Application root and Application PDBs, below steps has to be followed in the sequential order:

- Creation of Application PDB
- Application Installation
- Application Root objects conversion
- Application PDB Sync with the Application Root
- Application Seed Sync with the Application Root

3.4.1 Creation of Application PDB

A PDB that is plugged in to an application container can be created from application seed through cloning. Below script will be used to create Application PDB from Application Seed. DBA rights are required to perform this step. Refer Application_PDB_Creation.sql

Refer the Attachment panel of this document to view the script)

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-7	Application Installation
-----------	--------------------------

Input Type	User Input	
CDB Name	FC142CDB	
CDB Schema User Name	Sys	
CDB Schema Password	Sys	
CDB Host	1.1.1.1	
CDB Port	1522	
CDB Mounted Path	/scratch/db1800dat/	
Application Root Name	FCAPPROOT	



Table 3-7	Cont.) Application Installation
-----------	---------------------------------

Input Type	User Input
Application PDB Name	FCAPPPDB1

Note for Shared Application and User Authentication deployment model before object conversion: SMS function ids will be available in Approot and the remaining all function ids will be available as PDB function ids.

- 1. Application root before object conversion will only have the static data.
- 2. If the data import has to be done to the application root schema, following steps 3 to 8 has to be carried out.
- 3. Triggers have to be disabled in the respective schemas before initiating the import.
- 4. Tables which are going to be available in the Application root as part of this model can be identified with the below query. (Total of around 21 tables)SELECT DISTINCT a.object_name FROM cstm_approot_objects a WHERE sharing = 'DL' AND UPPER(object_type) = 'TABLE' AND EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM user_objects b WHERE b.object_name = a.object_name AND b.object_type = 'TABLE') AND EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM cstm_approot_functions_menu c WHERE c.function_id = a.function id AND c.modifiable = 'S');
- 5. The export data dump taken from the entities has to be imported into the application root schema only for these above set of tables.
- 6. For the PDB's, data from the entities can be directly imported into the respective application PDBs.
- 7. Once the import is completed, triggers have to be enabled again in the schemas.
- 8. After the data import, object conversion will be done from the installer.

```
Step 1: Importing data into the Application root schema Import the dump taken from India
entity schema for the given list of tables followed by the import of dump from Japan entity
schema for the same list of tables. If the table is already present in the application root
schema, action should be allowed to just append the table data.impdp Approot_user/
Approot_pwd@Approot_Schema tables= < Tables from the above script>
content=DATA_ONLY_DIRECTORY=DUMP_FC144ENTITY1
DUMPFILE=FC144DEVPDB1_FULDUMP_210519.DMP
LOGFILE=FC144DEVPDB1_FULDUMP_APPROOT_260919_LOG.LOG
REMAP_SCHEMA=FC143ITR:FC14419CM1_REMAP_TABLESPACE=FC143ITR:FC14419CM1/USERS
DATA_OPTIONS=skip_constraint_errors_table_exists_action=append_transform=OID:n
Note: Remap_Tablespace_recheck in target schema before providing.
```

Step 2: Importing data into the Application PDB schema Once the first Application PDB is created from the application seed which will have only the data for static INCs, import the full dump taken from India entity schema Similarly, for the second application PDB import the full dump taken from Japan entity schema If the table is already present in the application PDB, action should be allowed to just append the table data.impdp Approot_user/ Approot_pwd@Approot_Schema DIRECTORY=DUMP_FC144ENTITY1 DUMPFILE=FC144DEVPDB1_FULDUMP_210519.DMP LOGFILE=FC144DEVPDB1_FULDUMP_PDB_260919_LOG.LOG REMAP_SCHEMA=FC143ITR:FC14419CM1 REMAP_TABLESPACE=FC143ITR:FC14419CM1/USERS DATA_OPTIONS=skip_constraint_errors table_exists_action=append transform=OID:n Note: Remap Tablespace recheck in target schema before providing.



Note for Shared Application and Shared Data – Default deployment model before object conversion:

Identified list of entities will be available in approot and sharing of entities from Approot to individual PDBs is applicable in this model.

- 1. Application root before object conversion will only have the static data.
- 2. If the data import has to be done to the application root/ schema, following steps 3 to 8 has to be carried out.
- 3. Triggers have to be disabled in the respective schemas before initiating the import.
- 4. Tables which are going to be available in the Application root as part of this model can be identified with the below query. (Total of around 464 tables)SELECT DISTINCT a.object_name FROM cstm_approot_objects a WHERE sharing = 'DL' AND UPPER(object_type) = 'TABLE' AND EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM user_objects b WHERE b.object_name = a.object_name AND b.object_type = 'TABLE') Page 19 of 45 AND EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM cstm_approot_functions_menu c WHERE (c.function_id = a.function_id OR a.function_id IN ('STATIC', 'DYNAMIC')));
- 5. The export data dump taken from the entities has to be imported into the application root schema only for these above set of tables.
- 6. For the PDB's, data from the entities can be directly imported into the respective application PDBs.
- 7. Once the import is completed, triggers have to be enabled again in the schemas.
- 8. After the data import, object conversion will be done from the installer.

Step 1: Importing data into the Application root schema Import the dump taken from India entity schema for the given list of tables followed by the import of dump from Japan entity schema for the same list of tables. If the table is already present in the application root schema, action should be allowed to just append the table data.impdp Approot_user/Approot_pwd@Approot_Schema tables= < Tables from the above script> content=DATA_ONLY_DIRECTORY=DUMP_FC144ENTITY1 DUMPFILE=FC144DEVPDB1_FULDUMP_210519.DMP LOGFILE=FC144DEVPDB1_FULDUMP_APPROOT_260919_LOG.LOG REMAP_SCHEMA=FC143ITR:FC14419CM1_REMAP_TABLESPACE=FC143ITR:FC14419CM1 DATA_OPTIONS=skip_constraint_errors_table_exists_action=append transform=OID:n_Note: Remap_Tablespace_recheck in target schema before providing.

3.4.2 Application Installation

Application installation has to be done in the approot as version 1.0 with being user made explicit.

This application name has to be used for further upgrade in case of object conversion and applying other patch set objects.

Below script installs the application in Application root. DBA rights are required to perform this step.

Refer Application_Installation.sql

Input sample for the script:



Input Type	User Input
CDB Schema User Name	Sys
CDB Schema Password	Sys
CDB Host	1.1.1.1
CDB Port	1524
Application Root Name	Approot1
Common User Name	CMNUSER

Table 3-8 Application Installation

3.4.3 Application Root objects conversion

By default sharing type of all DB objects loaded in the Application Root is none.

Various Sharing type

- A static table holds the information of selected tables for which the sharing type is DATA LINK. Other tables are treated as METADATA LINK.
- Sharing of object types such as INDEX, LOB, TABLE PARTITION, SEQUENCE, and DYNAMIC PACKAGES remain as NONE.
- All other object types such as SYNONYM, VIEW, TRIGGER FUNCTION, PROCEDURE, and PACKAGE is converted as METADATA LINK.
- Object Conversion

3.4.3.1 Object Conversion

- With the above sharing type considerations, DB object types are converted as DATA LINK and METADATA LINK as part of this application root object conversion step.
- User has to connect to Application Root as common user and then apply changes in upgrade mode with the same application name used in step 3.
- This step is done from the installer and user has 4 options to do the conversion as:
 - Shared Application Here all the function Ids are available as PDB function Ids.
 - Shared Application and User Authentication SMS function IDs are available in Approot and the remaining all function IDs are available as PDB function IDs.
 - Shared Application and Shared Data Default Identified list of entities are available in approot and sharing of entities from Approot to individual PDBs is applicable in this model.
 - Shared Application and Shared Data Custom Identified list of entities are available in approot and sharing of entities from Approot to individual PDBs is applicable in this model.
 Additionally, User can opt-out the entities which are not required to be the candidates of approot and those function IDs are moved to PDB.

The application name and type of deployment will be stored in CSTB_PARAM table in approot.



Table 3-9	CSTB_PARAM table	
-----------	------------------	--

PARAM_NAME	PARAM_VAL
MULTI_TENANT_APP_NAME	OBCL
MULTI_TENANT_DEPLOYMENT_MODEL	SA (or) SAUA (or) SASDD (or) SASDC

Object conversion is a one-time activity and if ti is tried again, system will validate based on the availability of cstb_param values.

3.4.4 Application PDB Sync with the Application Root

- In Application Root, post conversion of object type as DATA LINK and METADATA LINK, user need to sync Application PDB with Application Root.
- Post sync, characteristic of objects available in Application root and Application PDBs will be the same.

Below Scripts can also be used to execute this step. This step can be performed from common user.

Refer Approot_PDB_Sync.sql

Input sample for the script:

Table 3-10 Application PDB Sync with the Application Root

Input Type	User Input
PDB Schema Username	CMNUSER
PDB Schema Password	CMNUSER
PDB Host	1.1.1.1
PDB Port	1524
PDB Name	Approot1
Application Name	FCUBS

3.4.5 Application Seed Sync with the Application Root

- In Application Root, post conversion of object type as DATA LINK and METADATA LINK, user need to sync Application Root with Application Seed.
- Post sync, characteristic of objects are available in Application seed and Application PDBs.
- Every patch set upgradation in Application Root,
 - User need to sync, Application Root with Application seed, to keep Application seed to hold the latest DB sources since Application seed is used to create new PDBs further along.

Below Scripts can also be used to execute this step. This step can be performed from common user.

Refer Approot_PDB_Sync.sql

Input sample for the script:



Input Type	User Input
Approot Schema Username	CMNUSER
Approot Schema Password	CMNUSER
Approot Host	1.1.1.1
Approot Port	1524
Application Root Name	Approot1
Application Name	FCUBS

Table 3-11 App	olication Seed	Sync with the	Application Root
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3.5 Day Zero Setup

Existing Installer can be used to do day zero setup with configuration mode as **Application Root** andby selecting the radio button **Utilities**. This step has to be executed for every entity PDB separately.

(Refer Installer DB Setup document.)

3.6 EAR Creation and Deployment

- Existing installer file ROFCEarRun.bat can be used to create EAR.
- EAR deployment has to be deployed manually from console. During EAR deployment, JNDI connectivity details to be maintained for every Application PDB. JNDI details of Application PDB are captured during Day Zero Setup.



4 Step by Step Installation

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared Application.
- Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application and User Authentication This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared application and user authentication.
- Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application and Shared Data Default This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared application and shared data – default.
- Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application and Shared Data Custom This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared application and shared data – default.

4.1 Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application

This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared Application.

Kindly make sure all dynamic package exceptions should have an entry in "CSTM_APPROOT_OBJECTS" table.

Example: Only package body will be considered as exception and package will be converted to METADATA link.

<pre>select * from cstm_approot_c</pre>	<pre>objects where object_name = 'CLPKS_MSG_SHELL';</pre>
	° & ∥ 🖳 ▽ △ 📲 日 🗳 🖬 ▾ 📕 ▾
FUNCTION_IDOBJECT_NAME	OBJECT_TYPE SHARING
▶ 1 DYNAMIC ··· CLPKS MSG SHE	LL ··· PACKAGE BODY ··· NONE ···

Figure 4-1 CSTM_APPROOT_OBJECTS table

For multi-tenant deployment setup using the installer with deployment model as 'Shared Application', follow the steps given below.

1. Double-click 'FCUBSInstaller.bat' batch file to launch Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer. The following screen is displayed. Select Utilities option, configuration mode as "Application Root" and click 'Next' button.



Gracle FLEXCUBE Univers	sal Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Bankir	ng Installer	
Welcome To Oracle Unive	ersal Banking Installer	
Prerequisites		
 Oracle Databas JDK should be 	se should be installed. Installed.	
Please specify the JDK an	d Oracle Home path.	
JDK Path	C:/Program Files/Java/jdk1.8.0_181 Brows	se
Oracle Home Path	C:/app/client/pribalac/product/18.0.0/client_1	se ^m
Configuration Mode	Application Root	
Please select any one of t	the below options:	
Property File creation		
Utilities		
Exit	9	Back Next

Figure 4-2 App Root Pre-requisites

2. Select 'Approot Object Conversion" in Utility Screen and click Next as shown below:

Source FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installer	
Select an Utility:	
Approot Object Conversion	
Day Zero Setup User Creation	
Over Creation Reports DSN Entries	
C Entity Details	
SMS DSN Entries	
Switch Monitor Installation	
ENV Property file operations	
O Block Chain	
Exit	 Back Next

Figure 4-3 Object Conversion

- 3. In the Approot Object Conversion screen, Enter Application Name and the Application root schema details where the conversion has to be applied and click on 'Test Connection'.
- 4. Once the connection is successful, 'Finish' button will be enabled.
- 5. User has to select the option 'Shared Application' and click on the 'Finish' button to complete object conversion.



Gracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0.	0.0		- 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installe	er 💦 🙀		RACLE STALLER
Object conversion for Application root Enter Application Name FCUBS Provide Application root Schema details			
Name	Value		
Username	installer		
Password	•••••		
Service Name	testdb		
IP Address	10.10.10.10		
Port	1521		
TNS Connect Descriptor	testdb	Test Connection	
Select Option for conversion Shared Application Shared Application and User Author Shared Application and Shared Da Shared Application and Shared Da	ta - Default		
Exit Log		Back	Finish

Figure 4-4 Shared Application

6. Execution will take few minutes and post completion, a dialog box displays 'Compilation Success' message in the front end.

Figure 4-5 Compilation Success

Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer	12.5.0.0.0	- 🗆 🗙
Oracle Banking Ins	taller	
Object conversion for Application		
Provide Application root Schema d	etails	
Name	Value	
Username	HUBUSER	
Password	******	
Service Name	F Message	×
IP Address	Execution is in progress.Please do not cl	lose the session
Port	1 CXeculor is in progress. Piedse do not ci	vac the acaalon
TNS Connect Descriptor	F	
Select Option for conversion		
Shared Application		
Shared Application and Use	r Authentication	
Shared Application and Sha	red Data - Default	
O Shared Application and Sha	red Data - Custom	
Exit Log		Back
Log		Duon



7. This completes the setup and user can click on Exit to close the session.

4.2 Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application and User Authentication

This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared application and user authentication.

Kindly make sure all dynamic package exceptions should have an entry in "CSTM_APPROOT_OBJECTS" table.

Example: Only package body will be considered as exception and package will be converted to METADATA link

Figure 4-6	CSTM	_APPROOT_	OBJECTS
------------	------	-----------	---------

se	le	ct *	from	cstm	_appi	coot_	obj	e	cts where	obje	ect_nam	1e =	'CLPKS_MSG_SHELL';
-	∳ •	6	°,		*	₹	G	A		▼ .	▲ ◄		≌ ⊪ ▼ ≣ ▼
					BJECT_N	AME			OBJECT_TYPE		SHARING	5 <u> </u>	
▶	1	DYNA	MIC	··· C	PKS_M	SG_SH	IELL	•••	PACKAGE BC	DY	NONE		

For multi-tenant deployment setup using the installer with deployment model as 'Shared Application and User Authentication', follow the steps given below.

1. Double-click 'FCUBSInstaller.bat' batch file to launch Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer. The following screen is displayed. Select Utilities option, configuration mode as "Application Root" and click 'Next' button.



Gracle FLEXCUBE Univers	al Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Bankir	ng Installer	
Welcome To Oracle Unive	ersal Banking Installer	
Prerequisites		
 Oracle Databas JDK should be 	se should be Installed. Installed.	
Please specify the JDK an	d Oracle Home path.	
JDK Path	C:/Program Files/Java/jdk1.8.0_181 Brows	se -
Oracle Home Path	C:/app/client/pribalac/product/18.0.0/client_1 Brows	se 📄
Configuration Mode	Application Root	
Please select any one of t	the below options:	
Property File creation		
Utilities		
Exit		Back Next

Figure 4-7 Pre-requisites

2. Select 'Approot object Conversion" in Utility Screen and click Next as shown below:

Source FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installer	
Select an Utility:	
Approot Object Conversion	
O Day Zero Setup	
O User Creation	
O Reports DSN Entries	
O Entity Details	
SMS DSN Entries	
Switch Monitor Installation	
ENV Property file operations	
O Block Chain	
Exit Log	Back Next

Figure 4-8 App Root Object Conversion

- 3. In the Approot object conversion screen, **Enter Application Name** and the Application Root schema details where the conversion has to be applied and click on '**Test Connection**'.
- 4. Once the Connection is successful, 'Finish' button will be enabled.
- 5. User has to select the option 'Shared Application and User Authentication' and click on the 'Finish' button to complete object conversion.



Source FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5	.0.0.0		– 🗆 X		
Oracle Banking Instal	ler		INSTALLER		
Object conversion for Application roo Enter Application Name FCUBS Provide Application root Schema detail					
Name	Value				
Username	installer				
Password	•••••				
Service Name	testdb				
IP Address	10.10.10.10				
Port	1521				
TNS Connect Descriptor	testdb	Test Connection			
Select Option for conversion Shared Application Shared Application and User Au Shared Application and Shared Shared Application and Shared	Data - Default				
Exit Log	Exit Log Back Finish				

Figure 4-9 Shared Application and User Authentication

6. Execution will take few minutes and post completion, a dialog box displays 'Compilation Success' message in the front end.

Figure 4-10 Compilation Success

Oracle Banking Ins	taller	
Object conversion for Application Enter Application Name FCUBS Provide Application root Schema d		
Name	Value	
Username	HUBUSER	
Password		2.2
Service Name	F Message	×
IP Address	V i Execution is in progress Please do not clos	a the exercise
Port	Execution is in progress.Please do not clos	e the session
TNS Connect Descriptor	F	
Select Option for conversion Shared Application Shared Application and User Shared Application and Shared Application and Shared Shared Application and Shared Shared Application and Shared Shared Application and Shared Shar	red Data - Default	
Exit Log		Back



7. This completes the setup and user can click on **Exit** to close the session.

4.3 Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application and Shared Data – Default

This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared application and shared data – default.

Kindly make sure all dynamic package exceptions should have an entry in "CSTM_APPROOT_OBJECTS" table.

Example: Only package body will be considered as exception and package will be converted to METADATA link.

Figure 4-11 CSTM App Root Objects

se	leo	ct	* fro	om c	stm_	appr	oot_	ob	jeo	cts w	here	ob	je	ct_nam	ne =	'CLP	PKS_N	ISG_S	SHELL';
·	⊪ -		6	×		₹	₹	G	A			\bigtriangledown	2			ſ		•	•
		FUN	CTION	ID .	OBJ	ECT_N	AME			OBJEC	T_TYPE			SHARING	5				
•	1	DYN	AMIC		··· CLPI	(S_MS	G_SH	IELL	•••	PACKA	GE BC	DY	••••	NONE					

For multi-tenant deployment setup using the installer with deployment model as 'Shared Application and Shared Data - Default', follow the steps given below.

1. Double-click 'FCUBSInstaller.bat' batch file to launch Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer. The following screen is displayed. Select Utilities option, configuration mode as "Application Root" and click 'Next' button.



Source FLEXCUBE University	al Installer 12.5.0.0.0	- 🗆 X
Oracle Bankir	ng Installer	
Welcome To Oracle Unive	ersal Banking Installer	
Prerequisites		
 Oracle Databas JDK should be 	se should be installed. Installed.	
Please specify the JDK an	d Oracle Home path.	
JDK Path	C:/Program Files/Java/jdk1.8.0_181	Browse
Oracle Home Path	C:/app/client/pribalac/product/18.0.0/client_1	3rowse
Configuration Mode	Application Root	
Please select any one of t	the below options:	
Property File creation		
Utilities		
Exit		Back

Figure 4-12 Pre-requisites

2. Select 'Approot object Conversion" in Utility Screen and click Next as shown below:

Source FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installer	
Select an Utility:	
Approot Object Conversion	
O Day Zero Setup	
O User Creation	
O Reports DSN Entries	
O Entity Details	
SMS DSN Entries	
Switch Monitor Installation	
ENV Property file operations	
Slock Chain	
Exit Log	 Back Next

Figure 4-13 App Root Object Conversion

- 3. In the Approot object conversion screen, **Enter Application Name** and the Application Root schema details where the conversion has to be applied and click on '**Test Connection**'.
- 4. Once the Connection is successful, 'Finish' button will be enabled.
- 5. User has to select the option 'Shared Application and Shared Data Default' and click on the 'Finish' button to complete object conversion.



Source FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0	0.0		– 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installe	er 🔒		ORACLE INSTALLER
Object conversion for Application root Enter Application Name FCUBS Provide Application root Schema details			
Name	Value		
Username	installer		
Password			
Service Name	testdb		
IP Address	10.10.10.10		
Port	1521		
TNS Connect Descriptor	testdb	Test Connection	
Select Option for conversion Shared Application Shared Application and User Author Shared Application and Shared Da Shared Application and Shared Da	ta - Default		
Exit Log		Back	Finish

Figure 4-14 Shared Application and Shared Data - Default

6. Execution will take few minutes and post completion, a dialog box displays 'Compilation Success' message in the front end.

Figure 4-15 Compilation Success

Oracle Banking Inst	aller	
Object conversion for Application r Enter Application Name FCUBS Provide Application root Schema del		
Name	Value	
Username	HUBUSER	
Password	1	
Service Name	F Message	×
IP Address	Execution is in progress.Please do not close	the spesion
Port	1 Execution is in progress. Please do not close	ule session
TNS Connect Descriptor	F	
Select Option for conversion Shared Application Shared Application and User	Authentication	
Shared Application and Share	d Data - Default	
Shared Application and Share		
Exit Log		Back



7. This completes the setup and user can click on **Exit** to close the session.

4.4 Approot Object Conversion: Shared Application and Shared Data – Custom

This topic provides systematic instructions about approot object conversion - shared application and shared data – default.

Kindly make sure all dynamic package exceptions should have an entry in "CSTM_APPROOT_OBJECTS" table.

Example: Only package body will be considered as exception and package will be converted to METADATA link

Figure 4-16 CSTM APPROOT OBJECTS

se	le	ct	*	fro	m c	stm_	appr	oot_	ob	jec	ts 1	where	ob	je	ct_nam	ne =	'CLI	PKS_	MSG	SHE	LL';
,	<u>I</u> . →	•	A	Ď	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	~	₹	₹	G	A			∇				ſ	d	•	•	
		FUN	VCT	ION_	ID _	OBJ	ECT_N	IAME		(OBJEC	T_TYPI	E .		SHARIN	G					
▶	1	DY	NAN	۸IC	•	" CLP	KS_M	SG_SF	IELL	···	PACK	AGE BC	DDY	··· I	NONE	•••					

For multi-tenant deployment setup using the installer with deployment model as 'Shared Application and Shared Data -Custom', follow the steps given below.

1. Double-click 'FCUBSInstaller.bat' batch file to launch Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer. The following screen is displayed. Select Utilities option, configuration mode as "Application Root" and click 'Next' button.



Gracle FLEXCUBE University	al Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Bankir	ng Installer	
Welcome To Oracle Unive	ersal Banking Installer	
Prerequisites		
 Oracle Databas JDK should be 	se should be installed. Installed.	
Please specify the JDK an	d Oracle Home path.	
JDK Path	C:/Program Files/Java/jdk1.8.0_181	owse
Oracle Home Path	C:/app/client/pribalac/product/18.0.0/client_1	owse
Configuration Mode	Application Root	
Please select any one of	the below options:	
Property File creation		
Utilities		
Exit	9	Back

Figure 4-17 Pre-requisites

2. Select 'Approot object Conversion" in Utility Screen and click Next as shown below:

Source FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0.0.0	– 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installer	
Select an Utility:	
Approot Object Conversion	
O Day Zero Setup	
O User Creation	
Reports DSN Entries	
Entity Details	
SMS DSN Entries	
Switch Monitor Installation	
O ENV Property file operations	
O Block Chain	
Exit	Back Next

Figure 4-18 Approot object Conversion

- 3. In the Approot object conversion screen, **Enter Application Name** and the Application Root schema details where the conversion has to be applied and click on '**Test Connection**'.
- 4. Once the Connection is successful, 'Next' button will be enabled.
- 5. User has to select the option 'Shared Application and Shared Data Custom' and click on the 'Next' button to take through the steps of movement of function ids to PDB.



Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Installer 12.5.0.	0.0		- 🗆 X
Oracle Banking Installe	r		
Object conversion for Application root Enter Application Name FCUBS Provide Application root Schema details			
Name	Value	1	
Username	installer	1	
Password	•••••	1	
Service Name	testdb		
IP Address	10.10.10.10		
Port	1521		
TNS Connect Descriptor	testdb	Test Connection	
Select Option for conversion Shared Application Shared Application and User Author Shared Application and Shared Dat Shared Application and Shared Dat	ta - Default		
Exit Log		Back	Next

Figure 4-19 Shared Application and Shared Data - Custom

- 6. In the Next Screen, user can opt-out the entities which are not required to be the candidates of approot and those function ids will be moved to PDB.
- 7. There will be two multi blocks available.
 - a. First multi block will list the details of function groups which are the Approot candidates.
 - **b.** Second multi block will list the function ids corresponding to each of the function group in the first block.
- 8. User can select more than one function group and the respective function ids will also be appended to the second multi block against the function group on click of 'View Details' button.



🛃 Oracle F	LEXCUBE Universal Insta	ller 12.5.0.0.0		– 🗆 X
Orac	cle Banking In	staller		
Moveme	ent of Application root fu	unction lds to PDB		
	Fur	nction Group Description		
	Accounting and MIS			
	Bank Parameters			
	Customers			
	EMS			
	Common Entity			
			View Details	
	Function Group	Function Id	Function Description	Move to PDB
E	kit Log			Back Next

Figure 4-20 Vie	ew Details
-----------------	------------

9. Second multi block will have the check box 'Move to PDB' against each function ID.

	le Banking	Installer		ORACLE
				INSTALLER
Novemer	nt of Application ro	oot function lds to PDB		
		Function Group Description		
	Accounting and MI	S		
	Bank Parameters			
	Customers			
	EMS			
V	Common Entity			
			View Details	
		82A		
F	unction Group	Function Id	Function Description	Move to PDB
Fi		CYDCDEFE	Function Description	Move to PDB
	n Entity			
Commor	n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE	Currencies	
Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY	Currencies Currency Rate Types	
Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes	
Commor Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE ISDBICPU	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes Bank Identifier Code Upload	
Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE ISDBICPU ISDBKDPL	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes Bank Identifier Code Upload Bank Directory Plus	
Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE ISDBICPU ISDBKDPL ISDCTMEX	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes Bank Identifier Code Upload Bank Directory Plus Clearing Codes	
Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE ISDBICPU ISDBKDPL ISDCTMEX ISDEBANP	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes Bank Identifier Code Upload Bank Directory Plus Clearing Codes BICPlusIBAN	
Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE ISDBICPU ISDBKDPL ISDCTMEX ISDEBANP ISDESBAN	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes Bank Identifier Code Upload Bank Directory Plus Clearing Codes BICPlusIBAN IBAN Information	
Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor Commor	n Entity n Entity	CYDCDEFE CYDCRATY ISDBICDE ISDBICPU ISDBKDPL ISDCTMEX ISDEBANP ISDESBAN ISDESBAN ISDIBEXC	Currencies Currency Rate Types BIC Codes Bank Identifier Code Upload Bank Directory Plus Clearing Codes BICPlusIBAN IBAN Information IBAN Exclusion List	

Figure 4-21 Move PDB

- **10.** Once the selection is completed, click on the '**Next**' button to move to the next screen where the complete list of function ids.
- **11.** The dependent function ids of the selected functions opted to move to PDB will be listed in the below section.



Function Ids applicable for movement to PDB				
Function Id	Function Description			
CYDCDEFE	Currencies			
CYDCRATY	Currency Rate Types			
ISDBICDE	BIC Codes			
Function Id	Function Description			
Function Id	Function Description			
	Function Description Clearing Networks			
ISDNTMEX				
ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT	Clearing Networks			
ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT ISDEBANP	Clearing Networks MIS Groups			
ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT ISDEBANP ISDBICPU	Clearing Networks MIS Groups BICPIusIBAN			
ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT ISDEBANP ISDBICPU MIDXCODE	Clearing Networks MIS Groups BICPlusIBAN Bank Identifier Code Upload			
ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT ISDEBANP ISDBICPU MIDXCODE CYDCDEFE	Clearing Networks MIS Groups BICPlusIBAN Bank Identifier Code Upload Cost Codes			
ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT ISDEBANP ISDBICPU MIDXCODE CYDCDEFE STDCNMNT	Clearing Networks MIS Groups BICPlusIBAN Bank Identifier Code Upload Cost Codes Currencies			
Function Id ISDNTMEX MIDGRPMT ISDEBANP ISDBICPU MIDXCODE CYDCDEFE STDCNMNT STDHSTCD ISDIBNPL	Clearing Networks MIS Groups BICPlusIBAN Bank Identifier Code Upload Cost Codes Currencies Country Codes			

Figure 4-22 Dependant Function IDs

- **12.** Object conversion can be completed by clicking on the **Finish** button.
- **13.** Execution will take few minutes and post completion, a dialog box displays '**Compilation Success**' message in the front end.



	Function Id	Function De	scription
CYDCDEFE		Currencies	
CYDCRATY		Currency Rate Types	
ISDBICDE		BIC Codes	
ISDNTMEX			cription
	Execution is in pr	ogress.Please do not close the session Desc	cription
	_	OK	
MIDGRPMT		UN	
	L	DICFIUSIDAIN	
ISDEBANP			
ISDEBANP ISDBICPU		Bank Identifier Code Upload	
		Bank Identifier Code Upload Cost Codes	
ISDBICPU			
ISDBICPU MIDXCODE		Cost Codes	
ISDBICPU MIDXCODE CYDCDEFE		Cost Codes Currencies	
ISDBICPU MIDXCODE CYDCDEFE STDCNMNT		Cost Codes Currencies Country Codes	

Figure 4-23 Compliation Success

14. This completes the setup and user can click on **Exit** to close the session.

5 Mandatory step before PDB/SEED Sync

This topic provides systematic instructions to mandatory step before PDB/SEED sync.

- 1. Login into the Application Entity PDB/SEED as sys user.
- 2. Create log_error table using Log_Error_Table.DDL CREATE TABLE log_error (ERROR_CODE VARCHAR2(100), LOG_TIME DATE); followed by create function fn_error_handler.fnc

fn_error_handler.fnc

3. Alter the DB Syncing error handling parameters.

ALTER DATABASE PROPERTY SET SYNC_ERROR_HANDLER = 'sys.fn_error_handler'; Below are the errors handled during sync in Application PDB / Entity PDB.

Oracle Error	Cause	Action
ORA-24344	A sql/plsql compilation error occurred.	Return OCI_SUCCESS_WITH_INFO along with the error code.
ORA-06512	Backtrace message as the stack is unwound by unhandled exceptions.	Fix the problem causing the exception or write an exception handler for this condition. Or you may need to contact your application administrator or DBA.
ORA-65297	An operation was attempted that can only be performed outside an application action (install, uninstall, upgrade, or patch)	Perform the operation outside an application action.
ORA-65274	An operation was attempted that can only be performed in an application action (install, uninstall, upgrade, or patch).	Begin an application action.
ORA-00001	An UPDATE or INSERT statement attempted to insert a duplicate key. For Trusted Oracle configured in DBMS MAC mode, you may see this message if a duplicate entry exists at a different level.	Either remove the unique restriction or do not insert the key.
ORA-01430	An ALTER TABLE ADD statement specified the name of a column that is already in the table. All column names must be unique within a table.	Specify a unique name for the new column, then re-execute the statement.
ORA-02264	The specified constraint name has to be unique.	Specify a unique constraint name for the constraint.

Table 5-1 Oracle Docs



Oracle Error	Cause	Action
ORA-01434	A DROP SYNONYM statement specified a synonym that does not exist. Existing synonym names may be listed by querying the data dictionary.	Specify the name of an existing synonym in the DROP SYNONYM statement.
ORA-00955	An attempt was made to create a database object (such as a table, view, cluster, index, or synonym) that already exists. A user's database objects must have distinct names.	Enter a unique name for the database object or modify or drop the existing object so it can be reused.
ORA-06550	Usually a PL/SQL compilation error.	None
ORA-04063	Cause: Attempt to execute a stored procedure or use a view that has errors. For stored procedures, the problem could be syntax errors or references to other, non-existent procedures. For views, the problem could be a reference in the view's defining query to a non- existent table. Can also be a table which has references to non-existent or inaccessible types.	Fix the errors and/or create referenced objects as necessary.

 Table 5-1
 (Cont.) Oracle Docs



6 Possible Issues / FAQ

This topic explains about possible issues / FAQ

Significance of the Application Name

The Application name provided at step 3 of the deployment will be used for any object modification like object conversion or patch-set application. Suggested name – FCUBS.

Roles for the Common User

The common user should have DBA role while application install or upgrade. It can be revoked once the application maintenance is completed.

Can there be multiple Applications available in case of Co- deployment?

- It is recommended to have a single application as the Common core units can be released as part of any product processor and if the object can be linked to only one application.
- Modification of the object belonging to one application cannot be modified in another application.

Day zero -set up in multi- tenant

- Day zero set up has be done for each of the PDBs created under the approot. The record insertion will be based on the sharing type of the object.
- If the sharing is METADATA LINK, then the record for the table will be inserted into PDB schema and if the sharing is DATA LINK, record insertion happens in the approot schema for that table.

PDB creation possible errors

Encountered the below error when the template PDB has read only schemas also available additionally.ORA-65005: missing or invalid file name pattern for file - /scratch/ db1800dat/BRVCDB19C/SEEDFC142APPROOT/temp012018-01-08_16-05-42-077-PM.dbfln such case, the FILE_NAME_CONVERT has to be provided with the full path till the temp file instead of the Approot and PDB path. Below link is referred to resolve this issue:

https://support.oracle.com/epmos/faces/DocumentDisplay?id=1910646.1

Sync failure with the PDB

- When synch with PDB fails, there is no definite solution available. Back up of the PDB can be taken before an upgrade and in case of synch failure; new PDB can be created and applied with the backup data.
- Generally, for multi-tenant the recommendation is that objects will be compiled in a normal schema to check the sanity and to make sure the Invalids are zero. Once that is successful, the compilation will be done in Multi-tenant database.



Sync with PDB at different time

- Once the application upgrade is completed in approot, it can be synched up to the PDB. If the PDBs are not synched at the same time, there will be a mismatch between the front end and backend objects.
- In such case when a single PDB is parked for synching afterwards, a separate front URL with backup EAR has to be created to point to the PDB schema.

During patch set deployment encountered below issues during sync into entity pdbs

ORA-21700: object does not exist or is marked for deleteORA-44201: cursor needs to be reparsed

- Root cause can be traced in DBA_APP_ERRORS / DBA_ERRORS oracle table.
- Execute below command in Approot and Pdb. Consolidate list and create a sql file.SELECT INVALIDOBJECT1 FROM (SELECT 'alter ' || REFERENCED_TYPE || ' ' || REFERENCED_NAME || ' compile;' INVALIDOBJECT1, 1 INDX FROM USER_DEPENDENCIES WHERE NAME IN (SELECT object_name FROM user_objects WHERE status = 'INVALID') AND TYPE = 'PACKAGE' AND REFERENCED_TYPE IN ('PACKAGE', 'PACKAGE BODY') AND REFERENCED_NAME NOT IN ('STANDARD') UNION SELECT 'alter ' || OBJECT_TYPE || ' ' || OBJECT_NAME || ' compile;' INVALIDOBJECT1, 2 INDX FROM USER_OBJECTS WHERE OBJECT_NAME IN (SELECT object_name FROM user_objects WHERE status = 'INVALID') AND OBJECT_TYPE IN ('PACKAGE') UNION SELECT 'alter package ' || OBJECT_NAME || ' compile body;' INVALIDOBJECT1, 3 INDX FROM USER_OBJECTS WHERE status = 'INVALID') AND OBJECT_NAME || ' compile body;' INVALIDOBJECT1, 3 INDX FROM USER_OBJECTS WHERE status = 'INVALID' AND OBJECT_TYPE IN ('PACKAGE body')) ORDER BY INDX;
- Start the upgrade in approot.
- Drop the root cause objects.
- Create the root cause objects.
- Execute the sql file placed in a path.
- End upgrade
- Sync to Entity pdb.
- Verify the result using DBA_APP_ERRORS/ DBA_ERRORS/USER_OBJECTS status = 'INVALID'.



7 Annexure

This topic contains following sub-topics:

- Default Approot Entities for Common Core
- Default Approot Entities for Oracle Banking Corporate Lending

7.1 Default Approot Entities for Common Core

- 1. Core Entities/Maintenances
 - a. Country Code
 - b. Host Code & Timezone
 - c. Currency
 - d. Currency Rate types
 - e. Language Code
 - f. Rate Code Definition**
- 2. SMS Entities/Maintenances
 - a. Entity Maintenance
 - b. User Master (SSD)
 - c. Role Master (SSD)
 - d. Function Maintenance
 - e. PII & Mask Maintenance
 - f. SSO Parameters
 - g. Hot Keys
 - h. Customer Access group
 - i. Department Maintenance
- 3. External Entities
 - a. External Chart of Accounts
 - b. External Transaction Codes
 - c. External Credit Approval
- 4. MIS and UDF
 - a. MIS Class & Codes
 - b. MIS Group
 - c. MIS Cost Codes
 - d. MIS Pool
 - e. UDF Definition



- f. UDF Function ID Mapping
- 5. Other Entities
 - a. BIC Codes and related maintenances
 - b. Process Definition
 - c. Amount Text d. Media
 - d. Gateway Multi-Entity Function Ids*
 - i. Upload Source
 - ii. External System
 - iii. Amendment Maintenance
- * New Function IDs
- ** Islamic Entities wherever applicable

7.2 Default Approot Entities for Oracle Banking Corporate Lending

- 1. Core Entities & Services
 - a. Loans Parameters
 - b. Statement Narratives
 - c. Treasury Sources
 - d. User Defined Ref No Maintenance
 - e. Customer Relationships f. Transaction Type
- 2. Subsystem/Classes
 - a. ICCF Rule Master **
 - b. Fee, Accrual Fee, Charge, Interest Class Maintenance
 - c. Role To Head Mapping Class, Product Class
 - d. Standard Rate Codes
 - e. Floating Rate Types
 - f. Fee Rule Definition
 - g. Margin Component Definition
 - h. Treasury Rate code
 - i. Tax Scheme
 - j. Tax Category
 - k. Product Group
 - I. Reversal Types
 - m. Status Codes
- 3. Bilateral Loans Maintenance
 - a. Product Definition



- b. Auto Funding Product
- c. Rate Fixing Days
- d. Disclosure
- 4. Loans Syndication Maintenance
 - a. Facility Product
 - b. Borrower Product
 - c. Participant Product Definition
 - d. Party Type Definition
 - e. Collateral Entity
 - f. Collateral Maintenance
 - g. Desk Maintenance
 - h. LIBOR Daily Rate
 - i. Reason Maintenance
 - j. Administrator
 - k. Diary Events
 - I. Diary Event Messages
- 5. Secondary Loans Trading Maintenance
 - a. Product Definition
- 6. Messaging Maintenance
 - a. Additional Addresses
 - b. Industry Maintenance
 - c. Message Type Maintenance
 - d. Diary User Group
 - e. Free Format Message Template
- 7. Not In Approot
 - a. Transactions
 - b. Branch/Customer Specific Maintenance
 - c. Bank & Branch



8 Annexure 2

This topic contains information about the following:

Application PDB and Appseed codes

8.1 Application PDB and Appseed codes

Example 8-1 Application_Installation.sql

```
SET VERIFY ON
SET HEAD ON
SET FEEDBACK 1
SET ARRAY 1
SET LINESIZE 10000
SET PAGESIZE 50000
SET LONG 10000
SET ECHO ON
SET TRIMSPOOL ON
SET COLSEP ';'
SET SERVEROUT OFF
clear screen
SPOOL ON
SET SQLBLANKLINES ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SET ERRORLOGGING ON
SET ECHO ON
prompt Welcome to Application PDB Configuration
SPOOL "&SPOOL PATH"
/* Inputs are recieved */
/* Connect CDB as sys user */
accept P CDB USER Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Username: '
accept P CDB PWD Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Password: '
accept P CDB HOST Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Host: '
accept P CDB PORT Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Port: '
accept P APPROOT NAME Prompt 'Enter Application Root Name: '
accept P APPLICATION NAME Prompt 'Enter application name to be installed: '
accept P COMMON USER Prompt 'Enter Common User Name: '
/* Connecting to Application Root As SYSDBA*/
conn &P CDB USER/
&P CDB PWD@ (DESCRIPTION= (ADDRESS LIST= (ADDRESS= (PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=&P CDB HOST) (PORT=&P CDB PORT))) (CONNECT DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED)
(SERVICE NAME=&P APPROOT NAME))) as sysdba;
alter pluggable database application &P APPLICATION NAME begin install '1.0';
    exec dbms pdb.set user explicit('&P_COMMON_USER');
alter pluggable database application &P APPLICATION NAME end install;
```



SET ERRORLOGGING OFF SPOOL OFF

Example 8-2 Application_PDB_Creation.sql

```
/* Pre-requisites: Step 2 on application root and application seed has
to be completed.*/
SET VERIFY ON
SET HEAD ON
SET FEEDBACK 1
SET ARRAY 1
SET LINESIZE 10000
SET PAGESIZE 50000
SET LONG 10000
SET ECHO ON
SET TRIMSPOOL ON
SET COLSEP ';'
SET SERVEROUT OFF
clear screen
SPOOL ON
SET SQLBLANKLINES ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SET ERRORLOGGING ON
SET ECHO ON
prompt Welcome to Application PDB Configuration
SPOOL "&SPOOL PATH"
/* Inputs are recieved */
/* Connect Approot as sys user */
accept P_CDB_USER Prompt 'Enter CDB Username: '
accept P_CDB_PWD Prompt 'Enter CDB Password: '
accept P CDB HOST Prompt 'Enter CDB Host: '
accept P CDB PORT Prompt 'Enter CDB Port: '
accept P CDB NAME Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Name: '
accept P DB MOUNTED PATH Prompt 'Enter Approot mounted path for
approot application seed creation: [Eq: /scratch/db1800dat]'
accept P APPROOT NAME Prompt 'Enter Application Root Name: '
accept P APPPDB NAME Prompt 'Please provide name for Application PDB
Name -- Application Root associated PDB: '
/* Connecting to Application Root As SYSDBA*/
conn &P CDB USER/
&P CDB PWD@ (DESCRIPTION= (ADDRESS LIST= (ADDRESS= (PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=&P CDB HOST) (PORT=&P CDB PORT))) (CONNECT DATA= (SERVER=DEDICATED)
(SERVICE_NAME=&P_APPROOT NAME))) as sysdba;
/* Creating Application Associated PDB*/
CREATE pluggable database &P APPPDB NAME FROM &P APPROOT NAME$SEED
file name convert=('&P DB MOUNTED PATH/&P CDB NAME/
SEED&P APPROOT NAME/', '&P DB MOUNTED PATH/&P APPROOT NAME/
&P APPPDB NAME/');
ALTER pluggable database &P APPPDB NAME OPEN;
```



SET ERRORLOGGING OFF SPOOL OFF

Example 8-3 Application_Template_PDB_Creation.sql

```
/* Pre-requisites: DB server is created with 18c database installed along
with CDB setup */
SET VERIFY ON
SET HEAD ON
SET FEEDBACK 1
SET ARRAY 1
SET LINESIZE 10000
SET PAGESIZE 50000
SET LONG 10000
SET ECHO ON
SET TRIMSPOOL ON
SET COLSEP ';'
SET SERVEROUT OFF
clear screen
SPOOL ON
SET SQLBLANKLINES ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SET ERRORLOGGING ON
SET ECHO ON
prompt Welcome to Application Template PDB Configuration
SPOOL "&SPOOL PATH"
/* CDB sys user name and password to be given */
accept P CDB USER Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Username: '
accept P CDB PWD Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Password: '
accept P CDB HOST Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Host: '
accept P CDB PORT Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Port: '
accept P CDB NAME Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Name: '
accept P DB MOUNTED PATH Prompt 'Enter CDB mounted path: [Eg: /scratch/
db1800dat]'
accept P_APP_TEMPLATE_PDB Prompt 'Enter Name for Application Template PDB to
be created: '
accept P COMMON USER Prompt 'Enter Common Username to be created: '
accept P COMMON USER PWD Prompt 'Enter Pwd for Common User : '
/* Connecting to CDB as sysdba */
CONN &P CDB USER/&P CDB PWD@&P CDB NAME AS sysdba;
create pluggable database &P APP TEMPLATE PDB ADMIN USER sourceadmin
IDENTIFIED BY sourceadmin file name convert=('pdbseed','&P APP TEMPLATE PDB')
default tablespace users datafile '&P DB MOUNTED PATH/&P CDB NAME/
&P APP TEMPLATE PDB/users01.dbf' size 100M autoextend on next 10M maxsize
30000M;
alter pluggable database &P APP TEMPLATE PDB open;
/*connecting to template pdb as sysdba */
conn &P CDB USER/
&P CDB PWD@ (DESCRIPTION= (ADDRESS LIST= (ADDRESS= (PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=&P CDB HOST) (PORT=&P CDB PORT))) (CONNECT DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED)
```



```
(SERVICE NAME=&P APP TEMPLATE PDB))) as sysdba;
CREATE USER &P COMMON USER IDENTIFIED BY &P COMMON USER PWD;
grant execute on dbms sql to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms lock to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms_job to &P COMMON USER;
/*grant execute on dbms alert to &P COMMON USER;*/ /*//FCUBS 14.6
Autonomous Database impact Remediation changes - commented*/
grant execute on dbms refresh to &P COMMON USER;
/*grant execute on dbms pipe to &P COMMON USER;*/ /*//FCUBS 14.6
Autonomous Database impact Remediation changes - commented*/
/*grant execute on dbms shared pool to &P COMMON USER;*/ /*//
FCUBS 14.6 Autonomous Database impact Remediation changes - commented*/
grant execute on dbms application info to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on utl file to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $process to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $session to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $instance to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $timer to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $database to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $parameter to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on v $nls parameters to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on dba jobs running to &P COMMON USER;
grant create session to &P COMMON USER;
grant create synonym to &P COMMON USER;
grant create view to &P COMMON USER;
grant create sequence to &P COMMON USER;
grant create table to &P COMMON USER;
grant create procedure to &P COMMON USER;
grant create trigger to &P COMMON USER;
grant create type to &P COMMON USER;
grant create library to &P COMMON USER;
grant create any synonym to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on dba_jobs to &P COMMON USER;
grant create materialized view to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms aq to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms agadm to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms job to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms_lock to &P COMMON USER;
/*grant execute on dbms pipe to &P COMMON USER;*/ /*//FCUBS 14.6
Autonomous Database impact Remediation changes - commented*/
grant execute on dbms refresh to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on dbms rls to &P COMMON USER;
/*create public synonym dbms shared pool for
sys.dbms shared pool;*/ /*//FCUBS 14.6 Autonomous Database impact
Remediation changes - commented*/
/*grant execute on dbms shared pool to &P COMMON USER;*/ /*//
FCUBS 14.6 Autonomous Database impact Remediation changes - commented*/
grant execute on dbms sql to &P COMMON USER;
grant execute on utl file to &P COMMON USER;
grant select on SYS.TRANSPORT SET VIOLATIONS to &P COMMON USER;
grant create evaluation context to &P COMMON USER;
grant create rule to &P COMMON USER;
grant create job to &P COMMON USER;
grant create rule set to &P COMMON USER;
grant exp full database to &P COMMON USER;
```

grant alter tablespace to &P COMMON USER; grant manage tablespace to &P COMMON USER; grant execute on DBMS FILE TRANSFER to &P COMMON USER; grant execute on SYS.DBMS TTS to &P COMMON USER; grant execute on SYS.DBMS DATAPUMP to &P COMMON USER; grant JAVAUSERPRIV to &P COMMON USER; grant execute on dbms scheduler to &P COMMON USER; create public synonym UTL RECOMP for sys.UTL RECOMP; grant execute on UTL RECOMP to &P COMMON USER; /*grant execute on DBMS MONITOR to &P COMMON USER;*/ /*//FCUBS 14.6 Autonomous Database impact Remediation changes - commented*/ grant select on dba directories to &P COMMON USER; grant execute on DBMS CRYPTO to &P COMMON USER; grant select on gv \$session to &P COMMON USER; grant create any directory to &P COMMON USER; grant select on SYS.DBA SCHEDULER RUNNING JOBS to &P COMMON USER; grant execute on sys.dbms redact to &P COMMON USER; grant SELECT on sys.redaction policies to &P COMMON USER; grant SELECT on sys.redaction columns to &P COMMON USER; grant SELECT on sys.redaction values for type full to &P COMMON USER; grant create session, connect, resource to &P COMMON USER; grant SELECT ON dba applications to &P COMMON USER; --FCUBS14.4 18C changes added grant SELECT ON dba app versions to &P COMMON USER; --FCUBS14.4 18C changes added grant dba to &P COMMON USER; SET ECHO OFF

clear screen spool off

Example 8-4 Approot_AppSeed_Creation.sql

/* Pre-requisites: a. Step 1 on template pdb and user creation is completed. b. Property file has to be created with SMS and Entity schema details as Template pdb. c. Objects has to be loaded in the template pdb from installer for respective product processer d. Template pdb schema should be checked for sanity with zero invalids. */ SET VERIFY ON SET HEAD ON SET FEEDBACK 1 SET ARRAY 1 SET LINESIZE 10000 SET PAGESIZE 50000 SET LONG 10000 SET ECHO ON SET TRIMSPOOL ON SET COLSEP ';' SET SERVEROUT OFF clear screen SPOOL ON



```
SET SQLBLANKLINES ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SET ERRORLOGGING ON
SET ECHO ON
prompt Welcome to Approot and ApprootSeed Configuration
SPOOL "&SPOOL PATH"
/* Inputs are recieved */
accept P CDB USER Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Username: '
accept P CDB PWD Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Password: '
accept P CDB HOST Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Host: '
accept P CDB PORT Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Port: '
accept P CDB NAME Prompt 'Enter CDB Schema Name: '
accept P DB MOUNTED PATH Prompt 'Enter CDB mounted path for approot
application seed creation [Eq: /scratch/db1800dat] :'
accept P TEMPLATE PDB Prompt 'Enter Template PDB Name: '
accept P APPROOT NAME Prompt 'Enter Approot Name: '
accept P PDB TO APPPDB Prompt 'Please provide path for
pdb to apppdb.sql: '
accept P COMMON USER Prompt 'Enter Common Username created in Template
PDB: '
/* Connecting to cdb
conn sys/FC142SYS18C@fc142cbd as sysdba */
CONN &P CDB USER/&P CDB PWD@&P CDB NAME AS sysdba;
/* Creating the Approot */
CREATE pluggable database &P APPROOT NAME AS application container
FROM &P TEMPLATE PDB
file name convert=('&P TEMPLATE PDB','&P APPROOT NAME');
ALTER pluggable database &P APPROOT NAME open;
/* Connecting to Approot as sysdba*/
conn &P CDB USER/
&P CDB PWD@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=&P CDB HOST) (PORT=&P CDB PORT))) (CONNECT DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED)
(SERVICE NAME=&P APPROOT NAME))) as sysdba;
grant select on v $session to &P COMMON USER container=all;
grant create session to &P COMMON USER container=all;
grant select on gv $session to &P COMMON USER container=all;
grant select on gv $session to &P COMMON USER container=all;
grant select on v $database to &P COMMON USER container=all;
/*Creating Application Seed Manually*/
create pluggable database as seed from &P APPROOT NAME
file name convert=('&P DB MOUNTED PATH/&P CDB NAME/
&P APPROOT NAME/','&P DB MOUNTED PATH/&P CDB NAME/
SEED&P APPROOT NAME/');
alter pluggable database &P APPROOT NAME$SEED open;
alter session set container = &P APPROOT NAME$SEED;
@&P PDB TO APPPDB;
```

select cause, type, message, status, action from



```
pdb_plug_in_violations;
SET ERRORLOGGING OFF
SPOOL OFF
```

Example 8-5 Approot_AppSeed_Sync.sql

```
/* Pre-requisites: Step 3 on Application associated pdb creation is
completed */
SET VERIFY ON
SET HEAD ON
SET FEEDBACK 1
SET ARRAY 1
SET LINESIZE 10000
SET PAGESIZE 50000
SET LONG 10000
SET ECHO ON
SET TRIMSPOOL ON
SET COLSEP ';'
SET SERVEROUT OFF
clear screen
SPOOL ON
SET SOLBLANKLINES ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SET ERRORLOGGING ON
SET ECHO ON
prompt Welcome to Application PDB Configuration
SPOOL "&SPOOL PATH"
/* Inputs are received */
accept P APPROOT USER Prompt 'Enter Approot Schema Username: '
accept P APPROOT PWD Prompt 'Enter Approot Schema Password: '
accept P APPROOT HOST Prompt 'Enter Approot Schema Host: '
accept P APPROOT PORT Prompt 'Enter Approot Schema Port: '
accept P APPROOT NAME Prompt 'Enter Application Root Name: '
accept P APPLICATION NAME Prompt 'Enter application name to be upgraded
for object conversion: '
/*Connecting to Application seed*/
conn &P APPROOT USER/
&P APPROOT PWD@ (DESCRIPTION= (ADDRESS LIST= (ADDRESS= (PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=&P APPROOT HOST) (PORT=&P APPROOT PORT)))
(CONNECT DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED) (SERVICE NAME=&P APPROOT NAME$SEED)));
/*Synching object conversion to application seed */
alter pluggable database application &P APPLICATION NAME sync;
SET ERRORLOGGING OFF
SPOOL OFF
```

Example 8-6 Approot_PDB_Sync.sql

SET VERIFY ON SET HEAD ON

```
SET FEEDBACK 1
SET ARRAY 1
SET LINESIZE 10000
SET PAGESIZE 50000
SET LONG 10000
SET ECHO ON
SET TRIMSPOOL ON
SET COLSEP ';'
SET SERVEROUT OFF
clear screen
SPOOL ON
SET SQLBLANKLINES ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SET ERRORLOGGING ON
SET ECHO ON
prompt Welcome to Application PDB Sync
SPOOL "&SPOOL PATH"
/* Inputs are received */
accept P PDB USER Prompt 'Enter PDB Schema Username: '
accept P PDB PWD Prompt 'Enter PDB Schema Password: '
accept P PDB HOST Prompt 'Enter PDB Schema Host: '
accept P PDB PORT Prompt 'Enter PDB Schema Port: '
accept P PDB NAME Prompt 'Enter the PDB name to be synched: '
accept P APPLICATION NAME Prompt 'Enter the application name: '
/*Connecting to pdb */
conn &P PDB USER/
&P PDB PWD@ (DESCRIPTION= (ADDRESS LIST= (ADDRESS= (PROTOCOL=TCP)
(HOST=&P PDB HOST) (PORT=&P PDB PORT))) (CONNECT DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED)
(SERVICE NAME=&P PDB NAME)));
/*Synching the application with pdbs */
alter pluggable database application &P APPLICATION NAME sync;
SET ERRORLOGGING OFF
SPOOL OFF
Example 8-7 fast.sql
EXEC UTL RECOMP.recomp parallel(&THREADS, '&SCHEMA');
```

Example 8-8 fn_error_handler.fnc

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION fn_error_handler(octcode IN NUMBER,
errcode IN NUMBER,
statement IN VARCHAR2,
resync IN NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER AUTHID CURRENT_USER is
retcode NUMBER := DBMS_PDB_APP_CON.SYNC_ERROR_NOT_OK;
BEGIN
IF errcode IN
(24344,6512,65297,65272,65274,4045,1,2264,1430,1434,955,4063,942,4043,6
5215,2260,904,4023,6510,4097,6508,4088) THEN
```



```
retcode := DBMS_PDB_APP_CON.SYNC_ERROR_OK_ALWAYS;
END IF;
RETURN retcode;
END;
/
```

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