# Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench Getting Started User Guide





Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench Getting Started User Guide, Release 14.8.0.0.0

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# Contents

| Preface                                      |          |
|--|----------|
| 1.1 Purpose                                  | 1-1      |
| 1.2 Introduction                             | 1-1      |
| 1.3 Audience                                 | 1-1      |
| 1.4 Documentation Accessibility              | 1-2      |
| 1.5 Critical Patches                         | 1-2      |
| 1.6 Diversity and Inclusion                  | 1-2      |
| 1.7 Related Resources                        | 1-2      |
| 1.8 Conventions                              | 1-2      |
| 1.9 Screenshot Disclaimer                    | 1-3      |
| 1.10 Acronyms and Abbreviations              | 1-3      |
| 1.11 Basic Actions                           | 1-3      |
| 1.12 Symbols and Icons                       | 1-4      |
| 2.2 OBX and Base artifacts compatibility     | 2-2      |
| 2.1 Introduction                             | 2-1      |
| 2.3 Setting up OBX for first time use        | 2-2      |
| 2.4 OBX Maintenance                          | 2-4      |
| 2.5 OBX UI                                   | 2-5      |
| 2.5.1 Entity Details                         | 2-6      |
| 2.5.2 Field Details                          | 2-6      |
| 2.5.3 Child Entity Details                   | 2-8      |
| 2.5.4 Relationship Details                   | 2-9      |
| Service Extensions                           |          |
| 3.1 Simple Sub Domain Service                | 3-2      |
| 3.2 Maintenance Sub Domain Service           | 3-5      |
| 3.3 Data/Resource Segment Sub Domain Service | 3-7      |
| 3.3.1 RSOV1                                  | 3-7      |
| 3.3.2 RSOV2 DS                               | 3-10     |
| 3.3.3 Workflow DS                            | 3-11     |
|  | <b>-</b> |



|   | 3.4 | Simple Publisher/Subscriber Event Service            | 3-14 |
|---|-----|--|------|
|   | 3.5 | Batch Service  | 3-17 |
|   | 3.6 | Custom Validation Service                            | 3-18 |
|   | 3.7 | Steps to Adopt Multi in Existing Service             | 3-20 |
|   | 3.8 | Service Extensibility                                | 3-22 |
| 4 | UI  | Extensions – Web Component                           |      |
|   | 4.1 | Component Server                                     | 4-4  |
|   | 4.2 | Simple Standalone                                    | 4-4  |
|   | 4.3 | Virtual Page   | 4-6  |
|   | 4.4 | Maintenance Detail and Summary                       | 4-10 |
|   | 4.5 | Data Segment   | 4-12 |
|   | 4.6 | Dashboard Widget                                     | 4-14 |
|   | 4.7 | Running Component after Generation                   | 4-16 |
|   | 4.8 | Creating final Extended Component war for Deployment | 4-17 |
|   | 4.9 | Understanding DB Scripts for Web Components          | 4-18 |
| 5 | Мо  | dification of Base Web Component                     |      |
|   | 5.1 | Steps for Modification of Base Component             | 5-2  |
|   | 5.2 | Process Workbench                                    | 5-2  |
|   | 5.3 | OBX Update Command                                   | 5-8  |
|   |     | 5.3.1 Service Update                                 | 5-9  |
|   |     | 5.3.2 UI Update                                      | 5-9  |
|   | 5.4 | In-Scope DS  | 5-10 |
|   | 5.5 | OBX Release Command                                  | 5-11 |
| 6 | Ext | ending Product Data Segments with Additional Fields  |      |
|   | 6.1 | Additional Fields Maintenance                        | 6-1  |
|   | 6.2 | Populating Data in Corresponding Fields From UI      | 6-6  |
|   | 6.3 | Fetching the Saved Values                            | 6-8  |
| 7 | Act | ion URL and Static Tag Maintenance                   |      |
|   | 7.1 | Action URL Maintenance                               | 7-1  |
|   | 7.2 | Static Tag Maintenance                               | 7-1  |
| 8 | Ext | ensibility Use Cases for OBBRN Servicing             |      |
|   | 8.1 | New Transaction Screen – 1499 (Exact Clone of 1401)  | 8-1  |
|   | 8.2 | Exact Clone with Additional Fields Using Common Code | 8-2  |
|   |     | -  |      |



| 8.3  | Exact Clone with Additional Fields Using Extensible Code                | 8-6  |
|------|---|------|
| 8.4  | Jar Deployment in Weblogic  | 8-6  |
| Exte | ensibility Use Cases for OBX  |      |
| 9.1  | New Transaction screen – 1499 (Clone of 1401)                           | 9-2  |
| 9.2  | New Data Segment in Existing 1401 Screen                                | 9-4  |
| 9.3  | HTML Changes  | 9-5  |
| 9.4  | JS Changes  | 9-6  |
| 9.5  | JSON Changes  | 9-8  |
| 9.6  | Model Changes   | 9-9  |
| 9.7  | Database Changes  | 9-9  |
| 9.8  | Service Component   | 9-10 |
| 9.9  | New Field in Existing Base Data Segment                                 | 9-13 |
| 9.10 | HTML Changes (Extended Components)                                      | 9-14 |
| 9.11 | HTML Changes (Base Component)   | 9-15 |
| 9.12 | JS Changes (Base Component)   | 9-16 |
| 9.13 | JS Changes (Extended Component)   | 9-16 |
| 9.14 | JSON Changes (Extended Component)                                       | 9-17 |
| 9.15 | JSON Changes (Base Component)   | 9-18 |
| 9.16 | DB Changes  | 9-18 |
| 9.17 | Add New Columns in Base Component Table                                 | 9-20 |
| 9.18 | Steps for adding extra column in task grid                              | 9-21 |
| 9.19 | Steps to use Additional Buttons provision in Task Screen                | 9-21 |
| 9.20 | Steps to create common-extended folder for extending configJSON.js file | 9-22 |
| 9.21 | Customizing Existing LOV Fetch Result                                   | 9-23 |
| 9.22 | Steps for adding Pre/post methods in extended components                | 9-24 |
| 9.23 | ENDPOINT Overrides  | 9-25 |
| 9.24 | Steps to create util-extended folder                                    | 9-26 |
| 9.25 | Dynamic Data Configuration (DDC)  | 9-26 |
| 9.26 | Task Screen Custom Config   | 9-29 |
| Refe | erence and Feedback   |      |
| 10.1 | Reference   | 10-1 |
| 10.2 | Documentation Accessibility   | 10-1 |
| 10.3 | Feedback and Support  | 10-1 |
| Inde | ex  |      |



1

# **Preface**

- Purpose
- Introduction
- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Critical Patches
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Related Resources
- Conventions
- Screenshot Disclaimer
- Acronyms and Abbreviations
- Basic Actions
- Symbols and Icons

# 1.1 Purpose

This guide is designed to help acquaint you with the Getting Started User Guide application. This guide provides answers to specific features and procedures that the user need to be aware of the module to function successfully.

This user guide would help you to understand the functioning of the Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench – OBX and the types of extensions it provides. It provides the steps required to be followed for implementing the extensibility to the Base product. It is assumed that all the prior setup is already done related with Base product/ Kernel. In this document it is also assumed that installation will be done on Windows 10 operating system with minimum 8GB Ram and available/free space of 5GB.

### 1.2 Introduction

This user guide would help you to understand the functioning of the Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench – OBX and the types of extensions it provides. It provides the steps required to be followed for implementing the extensibility to the Base product. It is assumed that all the prior setup is already done related with Base product/ Kernel. In this document it is also assumed that installation will be done on Windows 10 operating system with minimum 8GB Ram and available/free space of 5GB.

### 1.3 Audience

This document is intended for the teams and developers who are responsible for creating extensions like services and web components for products which are developed using Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture.

# 1.4 Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

### **Access to Oracle Support**

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

### 1.5 Critical Patches

Oracle advises customers to get all their security vulnerability information from the Oracle Critical Patch Update Advisory, which is available at Critical Patches, Security Alerts and Bulletins. All critical patches should be applied in a timely manner to ensure effective security, as strongly recommended by Oracle Software Security Assurance.

# 1.6 Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

# 1.7 Related Resources

For more information, see these related user guides:

- Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench Installation Guide
- Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench Release Notes

### 1.8 Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

| Convention | Meaning  |
|------------|--|
| boldface   | Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.         |
| italic     | Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.                          |
| monospace  | Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter. |



# 1.9 Screenshot Disclaimer

Personal information used in the interface or documents is dummy and does not exist in the real world. It is only for reference purposes.

# 1.10 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations that are used in this guide are as follows:

Table 1-1 Acronyms and Abbreviations

| Abbreviation | Description                       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| DDA          | Demand Deposit Accounts           |
| ECA          | External Credit Approval          |
| EOD          | End of Day                        |
| IBAN         | International Bank Account Number |

# 1.11 Basic Actions

The basic actions performed in the screens are as follows:

Table 1-2 Basic Actions

| Click New to add a new record. The system displays a new record to specify the required data. The fields marked with asterisk are mandatory.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Save to save the details entered or selected in the screen.  Click Unlock to update the details of an existing record. The system displays an existing record in editable mode.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Authorize to authorize the record created. A maker of the screen is not allowed to authorize the same. Only a checker can authorize a record.  This button is displayed only for the already created records. For more information on the process, refer Authorization Process.  Approve  Click Approve to approve the initiated record.  This button is displayed once the user click Authorize.  Click Audit to view the maker details, checker details of the particular record.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Click Confirm to confirm the action performed. |           |  |
|---|-----------|--|
| specify the required data. The fields marked with asterisk are mandatory.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Save to save the details entered or selected in the screen.  Click Unlock to update the details of an existing record. The system displays an existing record in editable mode.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Authorize  Click Authorize to authorize the record created. A maker of the screen is not allowed to authorize the same. Only a checker can authorize a record.  This button is displayed only for the already created records. For more information on the process, refer Authorization Process.  Approve  Click Approve to approve the initiated record.  This button is displayed once the user click Authorize.  Click Audit to view the maker details, checker details of the particular record.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.   | Actions   | Description  |
| Unlock  Click Unlock to update the details of an existing record. The system displays an existing record in editable mode.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Authorize to authorize the record created. A maker of the screen is not allowed to authorize the same. Only a checker can authorize a record.  This button is displayed only for the already created records. For more information on the process, refer Authorization Process.  Approve  Click Approve to approve the initiated record.  This button is displayed once the user click Authorize.  Click Audit to view the maker details, checker details of the particular record.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.   | New       | <ul><li>specify the required data. The fields marked with asterisk are mandatory.</li><li>This button is displayed only for the records that are already</li></ul>           |
| displays an existing record in editable mode.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Authorize to authorize the record created. A maker of the screen is not allowed to authorize the same. Only a checker can authorize a record.  This button is displayed only for the already created records. For more information on the process, refer Authorization Process.  Approve  Click Approve to approve the initiated record.  This button is displayed once the user click Authorize.  Click Audit to view the maker details, checker details of the particular record.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Confirm  Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.   | Save      | Click <b>Save</b> to save the details entered or selected in the screen.   |
| is not allowed to authorize the same. Only a checker can authorize a record.  This button is displayed only for the already created records. For more information on the process, refer Authorization Process.  Click Approve to approve the initiated record. This button is displayed once the user click Authorize.  Click Audit to view the maker details, checker details of the particular record. This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Confirm  Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.   | Unlock    | displays an existing record in editable mode.  • This button is displayed only for the records that are already  |
| This button is displayed once the user click Authorize.  Click Audit to view the maker details, checker details of the particular record.     This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Click Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Confirm  Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.  | Authorize | <ul> <li>is not allowed to authorize the same. Only a checker can authorize a record.</li> <li>This button is displayed only for the already created records. For</li> </ul> |
| record.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already created.  Close Close to close a record. This action is available only when a record is created.  Confirm Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.  | Approve   |  |
| record is created.  Confirm Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.  | Audit     | record.  This button is displayed only for the records that are already  |
|   | Close     |  |
| Cancel Click Cancel to cancel the action performed.   | Confirm   | Click Confirm to confirm the action performed.   |
|   | Cancel    | Click Cancel to cancel the action performed.   |



Table 1-2 (Cont.) Basic Actions

| Actions              | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| Compare              | Click <b>Compare</b> to view the comparison through the field values of old record and the current record.  This button is displayed in the widget once the user click <b>Authorize</b> .                                 |
| View                 | Click <b>View</b> to view the details in a particular modification stage.  • This button is displayed in the widget once the user click <b>Authorize</b> .  |
| View Difference only | Click <b>View Difference only</b> to view a comparison through the field element values of old record and the current record, which has undergone changes.  This button is displayed once the user click <b>Compare</b> . |
| Expand All           | Click <b>Expand All</b> to expand and view all the details in the sections.  This button is displayed once the user click <b>Compare</b> .  |
| Collapse All         | Click Collapse All to hide the details in the sections.  This button is displayed once the user click Compare.  |
| ок                   | Click <b>OK</b> to confirm the details in the screen.   |

# 1.12 Symbols and Icons

This guide has the following list of symbols and icons.

Table 1-3 Symbols and Icons - Common

| Symbol/Icon | Function                     |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| J L         | Minimize                     |
| 7 6         |                              |
|             | Maximize                     |
| L J         |                              |
| <b>~</b>    | Close                        |
| ^           |                              |
| Q           | Perform Search               |
| •           | Open a list                  |
| +           | Add a new record             |
| K           | Navigate to the first record |



Table 1-3 (Cont.) Symbols and Icons - Common

| Symbol/Icon | Function   |
|-------------|--|
| >           | Navigate to the last record                              |
| 4           | Navigate to the previous record                          |
| <b>&gt;</b> | Navigate to the next record                              |
| 88          | Grid view  |
| =           | List view  |
| G           | Refresh  |
| +           | Click this icon to add a new row.                        |
|             | Click this icon to delete a row, which is already added. |
|             | Calendar   |
| Û           | Alerts   |

Table 1-4 Symbols and Icons – Audit Details

| Symbol/Icon | Function      |
|-------------|---------------|
| 00          | A user        |
| ⊞°          | Date and time |



Table 1-4 (Cont.) Symbols and Icons – Audit Details

| Symbol/Icon | Function                      |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| A           | Unauthorized or Closed status |
| <b>✓</b>    | Authorized or Open status     |
| $\odot$     | Rejected status               |

Table 1-5 Symbols and Icons - Widget

| Symbol/Icon | Function            |
|-------------|---------------------|
| 6           | Open status         |
|             | Unauthorized status |
| <b>d</b>    | Closed status       |
|             | Authorized status   |
| Ľ×.         | Rejected status     |
|             | Modification Number |



# Welcome to Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench

This guide provides an overview and detailed instructions for using the Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench (OBX), enabling users to efficiently configure and customize banking workflows.

It provides the complete solution to create extensions for products based and developed on Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture (OBMA). It helps in generating the services and UI web components artifacts. This guide is designed to help you create all these types of service and UI artifacts. It also has complete life cycle management incorporated for all the extensions generated from tool.

### Introduction

Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench (OBX) is a combination of GUI and command line tool, intended to create different type of extensions for Oracle Banking Micro services Architecture.

OBX and Base artifacts compatibility

This topic provides the systematic instruction to perform OBX and Base artifacts compatibility.

Setting up OBX for first time use

This topic provides the systematic instruction to perform OBX setup for first time use.

OBX Maintenance

This topic provides the systematic instructions to execute OBX Maintenance operations.

OBX UI

This topic provides information about OBX UI details.

### 2.1 Introduction

Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench (OBX) is a combination of GUI and command line tool, intended to create different type of extensions for Oracle Banking Micro services Architecture.

OBX support generation of following types of Extensions:

- Service Extensions
  - Simple sub domain service
  - Maintenance sub domain service
  - Data/Resource Segment sub domain service
  - Simple Publisher/Subscriber Event Service
  - Custom Validation Service
- 2. UI Extensions Web Component
  - Simple Standalone
  - Virtual Page
  - Maintenance Detail and Summary



- Data Segment
- Dashboard Widget
- Modification of Base Web Component
  - Additions of Fields on Existing component
  - Hiding fields from screen
  - Defaulting values on screen
  - Disable field
  - Making Non-mandatory field

# 2.2 OBX and Base artifacts compatibility

This topic provides the systematic instruction to perform OBX and Base artifacts compatibility.

OJET version compatibility:

The implementation team must ensure that the OJET version of the app shell used aligns with the OJET version present in the OBX tool.



As part of OJET upgrade some older libraries may not be supported. If consulting / implementation team is using any of the unsupported libraries for their customizations, compatibility issues may arise if the app-shell version they are using doesn't include those OJET libraries.

All the UI customizations/extensions are bundled into extended-components war which ultimately refer to the app-shell OJET libraries only.

Please find the compatibility matrix of app-shell OJET versions and OBX OJET versions below.

Table 2-1 OBX - Compatibility

| OBX version | OJET version                                     |
|-------------|--|
| 14.7.0.0.0  | Appshell version xxxx (has 13.0.0 OJET version)  |
| 14.7.5.0.0  | Appshell version 9.5.0 (has 15.1.8 OJET version) |
| 14.8.0.0.0  | Appshell version 9.6.0 (has OJET Version 17.xxx) |

# 2.3 Setting up OBX for first time use

This topic provides the systematic instruction to perform OBX setup for first time use.

To generate the first artifact, user must first complete the installation process, including the creation of the **extension\_home** folder, and then you should be able to see the help menu as shown below.



Figure 2-1 Setting up OBX

```
D'\OBX\OBX_Morkbench\extension_home

D'\OBX\OBX_Morkbench\extension_home

D'\OBX\OBX_Morkbench\extension_home

Commands:

Commands:

Commands:

Commands:

Commands:

Commands:

Creates me OBMA based batch service

Oblighty release publisher and/or subscriber event service

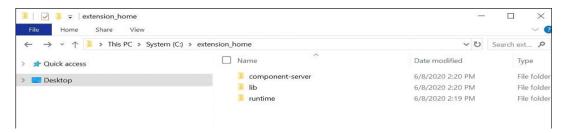
Oblighty release note

O
```

Once that is done, we will proceed to next step which is setting up libraries and components from base product. Follow the below process to setup libraries and components:

- Create a folder component-server inside extension\_home directory.
- Use 7zip or other similar tool to extract app-shell-9.5.0.war from base product to copy the common & js folders and put it inside the component-server folder.
- 3. Navigate inside the **js** folder and copy the **components** folders and place it in the **component- server** folder.
- 4. Create a folder lib inside extension\_home directory.
- 5. To use a service war file like cmc-datasegment-services-9.5.0.war, open it using a tool like 7zip. Navigate to the WEB-INF\lib folder within the war file and copy all the jars inside. Then, paste them into the lib folder of your extension's home directory.
- Create a folder runtime inside extension\_home directory.
- Navigate to the gradle folder within the obx.zip, then copy the extra\_jars from the lib folder to the runtime folder within the extension\_home directory.
- After all the above process extension\_home folder looks like below.

Figure 2-2 Extension Home Folder



Once all of the above process is done, we cannot now generate the artifact.

### 2.4 OBX Maintenance

This topic provides the systematic instructions to execute OBX Maintenance operations.

Before generating the artifact, verify the below items from the base installation.

Items for the base installation verification.

Verify if the PRODUCT\_EXTENDED\_LEDGER table exists in the plato-ui-config schema.
 If it's not present, execute the script below:

```
-- DDL for Table PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER

CREATE TABLE "PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER" ("ID" VARCHAR2(20),

"CCA_NAME"VARCHAR2(100), "CCA_TYPE" VARCHAR2(20), "PARENT_CCA_NAME"

VARCHAR2(100), "PRODUCT_NAME" VARCHAR2(100))

-- Constraints for Table PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER

ALTER TABLE "PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER" ADD CONSTRAINT

"PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER_PK" PRIMARY KEY ("ID")

ALTER TABLE "PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER" MODIFY ("CCA_NAME" NOT NULL ENABLE)

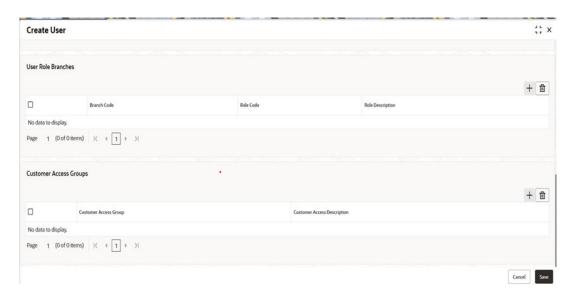
ALTER TABLE "PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER" MODIFY ("ID" NOT NULL ENABLE)

ALTER TABLE "PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER" ADD CONSTRAINT

"UNIQUES CCA_NAME" UNIQUE ("CCA_NAME")
```

- Maintain the product name OBX in the table SMS\_TM\_APPLICATION inside SMS schema
- Grant user OBX application access through SMS\_TM\_USER\_APPLICATION or preferred
  use the UI.

Figure 2-3 Create User





## **2.5 OBX UI**

This topic provides information about OBX UI details.

After setting up the OBX, we can now generate the XDL (OBX Domain Language) file, which will be used by the OBX engine to further generate the service and UI artifacts.

### To start OBX UI:

- Navigate to extension\_home folder from console emulator (cmder).
- 2. Use the command obx xdl-gen.
- 3. This command will automatically open a new tab in cmder with OBX UI running at local port 8080 (https://localhost:8080).



If you have running applications on port number 8080, you may need to stop them to start the obx UI.

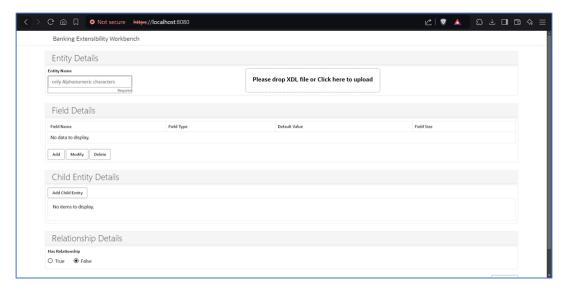
Figure 2-4 OBX UI



4. Open the browser and navigate to http://localhost:8080. after the obx UI is running.



Figure 2-5 Banking Extensibility Workbench



Following are sections present on the OBX UI:

- Entity Details
- Field Details
- Child Entity Details
- Relationship Details
- Entity Details

This topics helps user to capture the entity name.

Field Details

This topic helps user to define the fields for the main entity.

Child Entity Details

This topic helps user to define the fields for the Child Entity.

Relationship Details

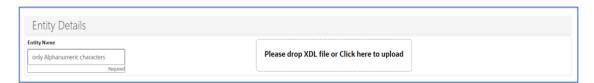
This topic helps user to define the fields for the Relationship Details.

# 2.5.1 Entity Details

This topics helps user to capture the entity name.

As the Domain Entity pattern an object is primarily defined by its identity is called an Entity.

Figure 2-6 Entity Details



### 2.5.2 Field Details

This topic helps user to define the fields for the main entity.



Click the Add button and provide the field details.

Figure 2-7 Field Details

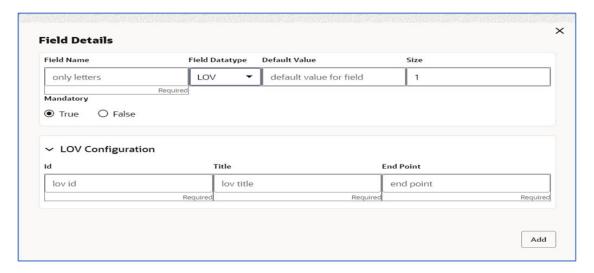


OBX supports the following field types:

Table 2-2 Field types - Field Description

| Field   | Description   |
|---------|---|
| String  | The OBX field type is built-in. It's translated to a varchar in SQL scripts, a string type in Java files, and a normal text field in UI components. |
| Integer | The OBX field type is built-in. It's translated to a number in SQL scripts, a integer type in Java files, and a normal text field in UI components. |
| Float   | The OBX field type is built-in. It's translated to a number in SQL scripts, a float type in Java files, and a normal text field in UI components.   |
| LOV     | The OBX field type is inherited from the base product and has its own configuration as below.   |

Figure 2-8 LOV Configuration



This ID is the specific ID given to this LOV component. The title is displayed on the LOV dialog box, and the endpoint is the service endpoint this field connects to for fetching values.



Table 2-3 LOV component - Field Description

| Field Name | Description   |
|------------|---|
| Date       | This field is also inherited from the base product and add date component on the screen.  |
| Amount     | This field is also inherited from the base product and add the amount field on the screen. This field also captures currency along with the amount. |
| Combobox   | This field is taken from Ojet Cookbook and OBX UI provides configurations to needed for this component like value and label.                        |

Figure 2-9 Combobox Configuration

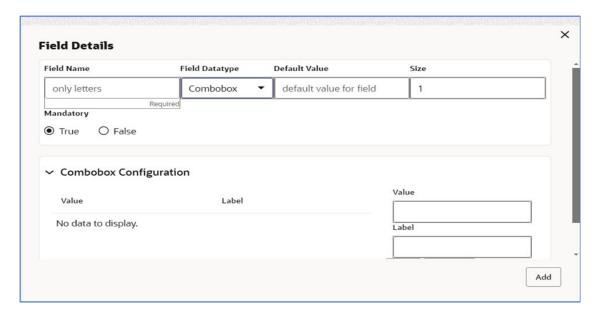


Table 2-4 Combobox Configuration - Field Description

| Field         | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| Checkbox      | This field type is also taken from Ojet Cookbook and OBX UI provides configurations to needed for this component like value and label. |
| Toggle Button | This field type is taken from Ojet Cookbook.   |
| Text Area     | This field type is taken from Ojet Cookbook.   |

# 2.5.3 Child Entity Details

This topic helps user to define the fields for the Child Entity.

Use this block for adding the child entities. Once clicked the Add Child Entity Button, it will open a dialog box where we can enter the child entity name. Once clicked ok it will add a child block below with its details.

Add the child entity field details in a similar way like we added for main entity.



Figure 2-10 Child Entity Details



# 2.5.4 Relationship Details

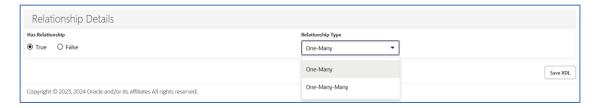
This topic helps user to define the fields for the Relationship Details.

Once all the entity details are added we can define relationship among them. Use this block to define the relationship.

Currently OBX supports two types of relationships:

- One to Many
- One to Many to Many

Figure 2-11 Relationship Details



Once all of the above Entity, Field Details & Relationship is created click on the Save XDL button and it will save the xdl file on machine.

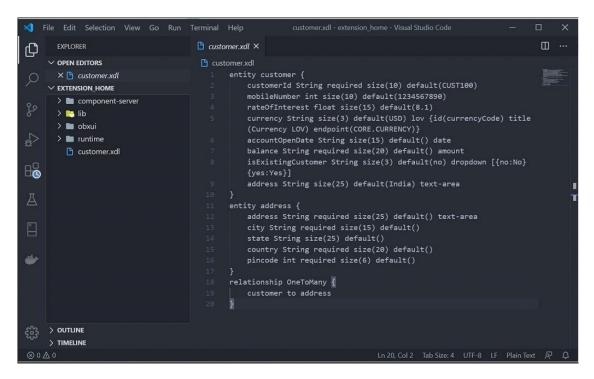


Its recommended to put the xdl file under the same **extension\_home** folder and give it proper name (generally main entity name ).

The final XDL file looks like below:



Figure 2-12 XDL File Folder



Once XDL file is generated you may come back to cmder main tab where it is waiting for the input. You may proceed creating next set of artifacts which are described in next sections.

Figure 2-13 OBX UI



### Service Extensions

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

Using OBX we can create multiple types of service extensions. This services extension has complete infrastructure needed to build to service. Also, the source folder generated out the box from OBX follows the package structure which is adopted and used by base/kernel teams to keep it in sync.

There are two ways to generate the service artifact:

1. Select the category immediately after generating the XDL file and proceed.

### Figure 3-1 XDL File

```
OBX UI is running at port:8080, Please generate xdl file before proceeding

Poid you generate the xdl file? Yes

Do you want to create: (Use arrow keys)

Do you want to create:

UI component

Domain service with optional UI component

Data-segment service with optional UI component

Maintenance domain service with optional detail & summary UI components

Obscf service with optional UI component
```

2. Use the service specific command to generate different types.

### Figure 3-2 Command

```
C:\Users\Kartik\Documents\OBX\OBX Final\OBX-14.7.0.0.0\extension_home

\( \text{obx service -h} \)
\( \text{obx service < command> [options]} \)

Creates new domain service

Commands:
\( \text{obx service ds [options]} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based data-segment service} \)
\( \text{obx service mn [options]} \)
\( \text{creates new OBMA based maintenance service} \)
\( \text{obx service new [options]} \)
\( \text{creates new OBMA based simple service} \)
\( \text{obx service rsov2 [options]} \)
\( \text{creates new OBMA based obscf service} \)
\( \text{obx service rsov2 [options]} \)
\( \text{creates a new RSOv2 based data-segment service} \)
\( \text{Options:} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workflow data-segment service} \)
\( \text{Options:} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workflow data-segment service} \)
\( \text{Options:} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workflow data-segment service} \)
\( \text{Options:} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workflow data-segment service} \)
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\( \text{Options:} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workflow data-segment service} \)
\( \text{Options:} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workflow data-segment service} \)
\( \text{creates a new OBMA based Workf
```

Note:

Both above ways will generate the same artifacts.

### Simple Sub Domain Service

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

### Maintenance Sub Domain Service

This topic describes the process to generate the Maintenance Sub Domain Service.

### Data/Resource Segment Sub Domain Service

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the Data/Resource Segment sub domain service.

### Simple Publisher/Subscriber Event Service

This topic the systematic instructions to perform the basic process to generate simple publisher/subscriber event service.

### Batch Service

This topic describes the process to generate Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture (OBMA) based Batch service.

### Custom Validation Service

This topic provides the systematic instructions to generate custom validation service.

### Steps to Adopt Multi in Existing Service

This topic provides the systematic instruction to adop multi in existing service.

### Service Extensibility

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

# 3.1 Simple Sub Domain Service

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

This is one of the primary use cases in OBX. To generate the simple sub-domain service, follow the below steps:

- Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder.
- Use the command obx service new -c.

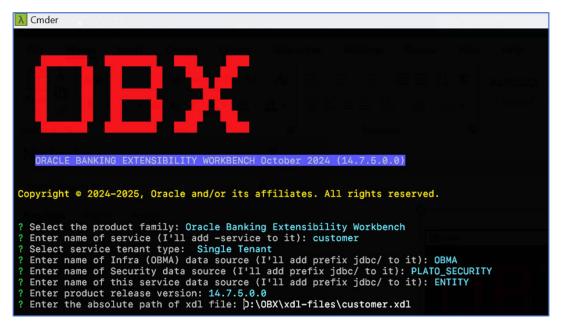


Figure 3-3 OBX Service new -c



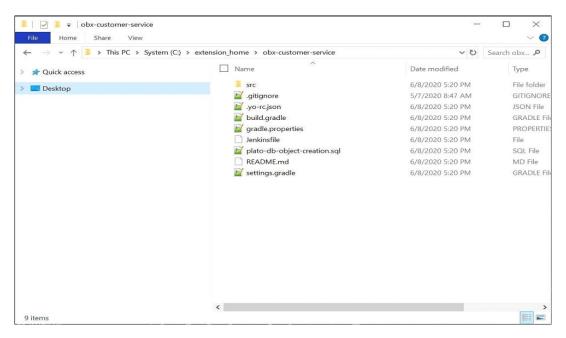
3. Once this command is fired, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.

Figure 3-4 OBX UI



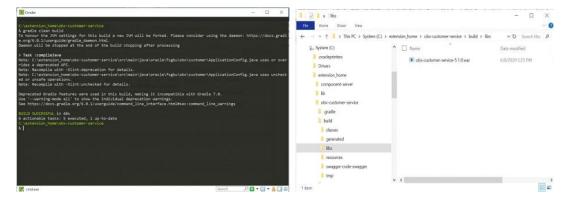
4. Once all the questions are answered and path of XDL is given, it will generate a folder inside the **extension\_home** folder.

Figure 3-5 OBX Customer Service



- 5. Select the option based on your requirement for question **Do you want to create UI** component for this service? (Y/n).
- 6. For building the service go into the service folder from cmder and run the command **gradle clean build**.
- 7. This will build the service and we can find the war of the service getting created inside the build/libs directory.

Figure 3-6 Lib's Directory



8. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.

### Note:

- DB scripts for the service will be generated inside the folder: \extension home\obxcustomerservice\src\main\resources\db
- Compile the Entity script in the entity schema created for extensions only.
- Service created as part of extension should be deployed in separate domain and should not be mixed or co-deployed with any other product specific services.
- Before compiling CONFIG\_SCRIPT.sql in verify the entries manually and change it according to your setup.
- Also, verify PLATO\_TABLE\_SCRIPT.sql before executing it in the schema it
  may contain some dummy values.

## 3.2 Maintenance Sub Domain Service

This topic describes the process to generate the Maintenance Sub Domain Service.

Maintenance service generally has concept of main and worktable. This allows enables functionality where all the Authorized records goes to main table and all the unauthorized records goes to worktable. Also, with this type of service we attach audit details to payload.

To generate the maintenance type of service, follow the below steps:

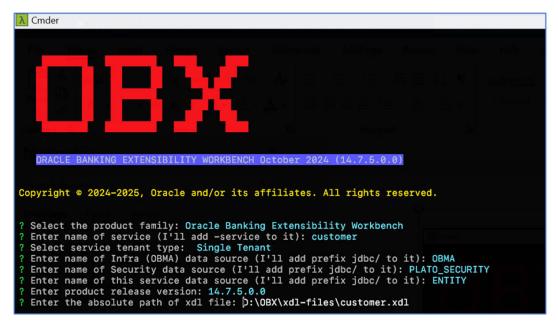
- 1. Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder.
- Use the command obx service mn -c.

Figure 3-7 OBX Command



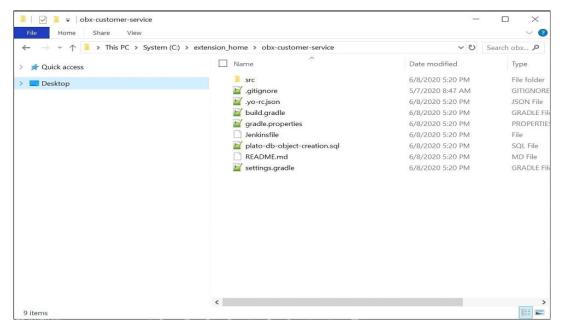
3. Once this command is fired, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.

Figure 3-8 OBX Setup



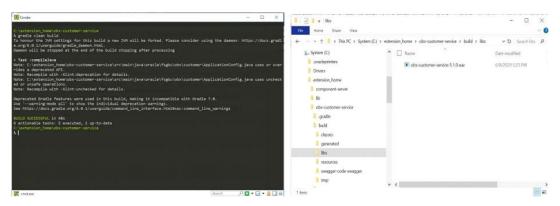
**4.** Once all the questions are answered and path of XDL is given, it will generate a folder inside the **extension\_home** folder.

Figure 3-9 Extension Home Folder



- 5. Select the option based on your requirement for question: **Do you want to create a**Maintenance and Summary Components for this service? (Y/n).
- For building the service go into the service folder from cmder and run the command gradle clean build.
- This will build the service and we can find the war of the service getting created inside the build/libs directory.

Figure 3-10 Lib's Directory



8. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.



- DB scripts for the service will be generated inside the folder:
   \extension home\obxcustomerservice\src\main\resources\db
- Compile the Entity script in the entity schema created for extensions only.
- Service created as part of extension should be deployed in separate domain and should not be mixed or co-deployed with any other product specific services.
- Here Security Management System (SMS) scripts are also generated.
   \extension\_home\obxcustomer-service\src\main\resources\db\sms
- Execute the SMS script in sms schema, here we only generate the functional activity of service. Assigning to proper role should be done according to the steps mentioned in base application.

# 3.3 Data/Resource Segment Sub Domain Service

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the Data/Resource Segment sub domain service.

This topic consists of the following sub-topics:

- RSOV1
  - This topic describes the process to generate the data/resource segment type of maintenance service.
- RSOV2 DS

This topic provides information on RSOV2 DS operations data segment.

Workflow DS

This topic provides information on workflow details data segment.

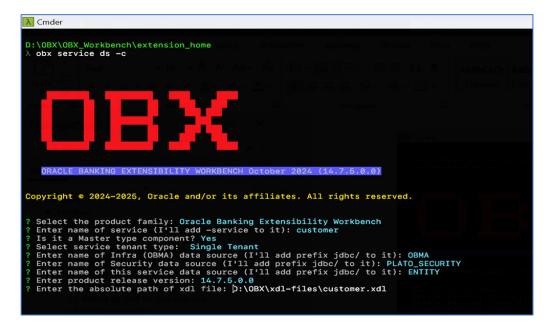
### 3.3.1 RSOV1

This topic describes the process to generate the data/resource segment type of maintenance service.

Here we can generate Master Type of data segment or child type of data segment.

- Master Type: This case is used when user wants to generate the complete flow from scratch. It will generate the new screen class code for the data segments.
- Child Type: This is primarily used when user wants to attach a single data-segment in the
  existing flow/process. Generally, this existing flow/process is available in the base product.
  We use the same screen class code from base and attach our data segment to it. To
  generate it please follow the below steps:
  - Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder
  - 2. Use the command obx service ds -c.

Figure 3-11 OBX service ds - c



- Once this command is fired, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.
- Select the type of component according to your requirement.

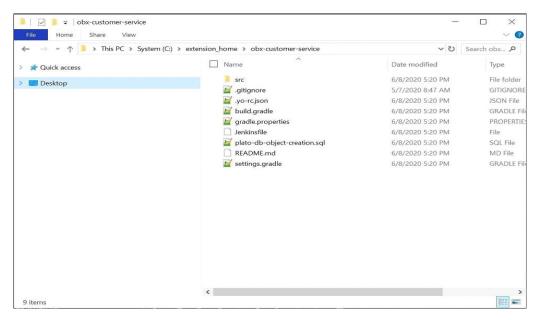
Figure 3-12 Master Type Component

```
? Is it a Master type component? (Y/n)
```

Once all the questions are answered and path of XDL is given, it will generate a folder inside the extension\_home folder.

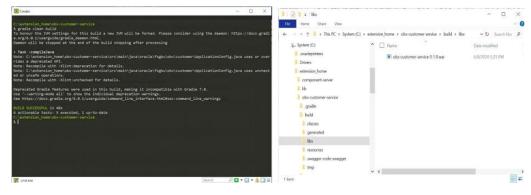


Figure 3-13 Extension Home Folder



- Select the option based on your requirement for question: Do you want to create a Data Segment for this service? (Y/n).
- 7. For building the service, go into the service folder from cmder and run the command: gradle clean build.
- 8. This will build the service and we can find the war of the service getting created inside the build/libs directory.

Figure 3-14 Lib's Directory



9. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.



### Note:

- DB scripts for the service will be generated inside the folder:
   \extension home\obxcustomerservice\src\main\resources\db
- Compile the Entity script in the entity schema created for extensions only.
- Service created as part of extension should be deployed in separate domain and should not be mixed or co-deployed with any other product specific services.
- Here Security Management System (SMS) scripts are also generated:
   \extension home\obxcustomer-service\src\main\resources\db\sms.
- Execute the SMS script in sms schema, here we only generate the functional activity of service. Assigning to proper role should be done according to the steps mentioned in base application.
- Here along with SMS and Entity, CMC scripts are also generated under folder: \extension home\obx-customer-service\src\main\resources\db\cmc.
- · Execute them in the CMC schema.
- Screen Class and Data Segment has to be maintained from the UI which is present under common core.

### 3.3.2 RSOV2 DS

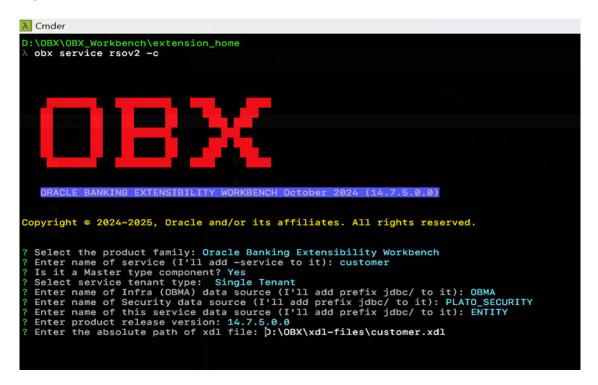
This topic provides information on RSOV2 DS operations data segment.

For Nov patchset innovation - RSOv1 is discontinued and RSOv2 should be adopted for all customizations for maintenance services.

Here we can generate Master Type of data segment or child type of data segment.



Figure 3-15 OBX Service RSOV2-C



- Master Type: This will create two components one would be core component of product services which will contain utility service, the other one would be the master type of component that needs to be included in the core services folder.
- **Child Type**: This will create only one component that needs to be included in the core services (containing utility).

Follow the steps to deploy it in your environment:

- 1. Navigate to same **extension** home folder using cmder.
- 2. Use the command obx service rsov2 -c.
- 3. Once this command is fired, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.
- Select the type of component according to your requirement.
- 5. Once all the questions are answered and path of XDL is given, it will generate the folders accordingly inside the **extension\_home**.
- 6. Select the option based on your requirement for question: **Do you want to create a Data Segment for this service?(Y/N).**
- Include the folders created either master or child inside the (core-services), folder and make the modifications accordingly.
- 8. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.

### 3.3.3 Workflow DS

This topic provides information on workflow details data segment.

Here, the user can generate master or child type if data segment.

- Master Type: This case is used when user wants to generate the complete flow from scratch. It will generate the new screen class code for the data segments.
- Child Type: This is primarily used when user wants to attach a single data-segment in the
  existing flow/process. Generally, this existing flow/process is available in the base product.
  We use the same screen class code from base and attach our data segment to child type.
  To generate master or child type if data segment, follow the below steps:
  - Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder.
  - 2. Use the command obx service wfds -c.

Figure 3-16 OBX service wfds -c



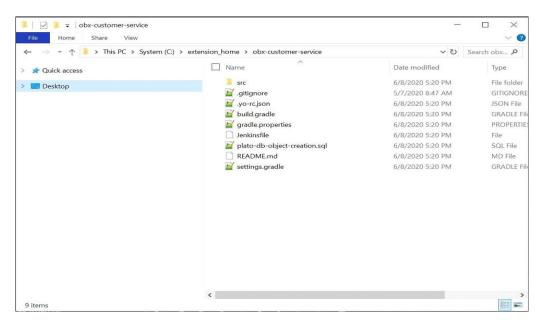
- 3. Once this command is fired, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.
- 4. Select the type of component according to your requirement.

Figure 3-17 Component Type

```
? Is it a Master type component? (Y/n)
```

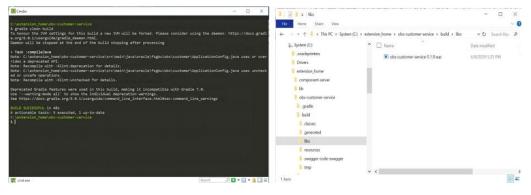
Once all the questions are answered and path of XDL is given, it will generate a folder inside the extension\_home folder.

Figure 3-18 Extension Home Folder



- Select the option based on your requirement for question: Do you want to create a Data Segment for this service? (Y/n).
- For building the service go into the service folder from cmder and run the command gradle clean build.
- 8. This will build the service and we can find the war of the service getting created inside the build/libs directory.

Figure 3-19 Lib's Directory



9. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.

### Note:

- DB scripts for the service will be generated inside the folder.
   \extension home\obxcustomerservice\src\main\resources\db
- Compile the Entity script in the entity schema created for extensions only.
- Service created as part of extension should be deployed in separate domain and should not be mixed or co-deployed with any other product specific services.
- Here Security Management System (SMS) scripts are also generated.
   \text{extension home\obxcustomer-service\src\main\resources\db\sms}
- Execute the SMS script in sms schema, here we only generate the functional activity of service. Assigning to proper role should be done according to the steps mentioned in base application.
- Here along with SMS and Entity, CMC scripts are also generated under folder.
   \extension home\obx-customer-service\src\main\resources\db\cmc
- Execute them in the CMC schema.
- Screen Class and Data Segment has to be maintained from the UI which is present under common core.

# 3.4 Simple Publisher/Subscriber Event Service

This topic the systematic instructions to perform the basic process to generate simple publisher/subscriber event service.

To generate simple publisher/subscriber event service, follow the below steps:

- Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder.
- 2. Use the command obx event -c.
- 3. Once this command is fired, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.



Figure 3-20 OBX event - c



Once all the questions are answered and path of XDL is given, it will generate a folder inside the extension\_home folder.

Figure 3-21 Extension Home Folder

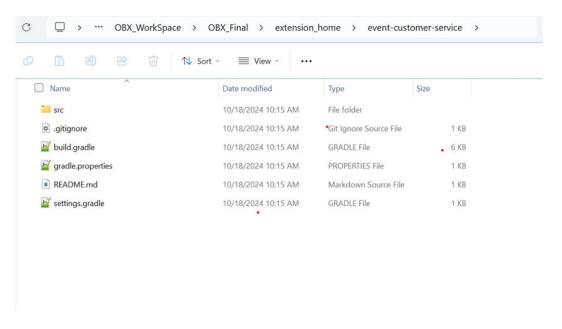
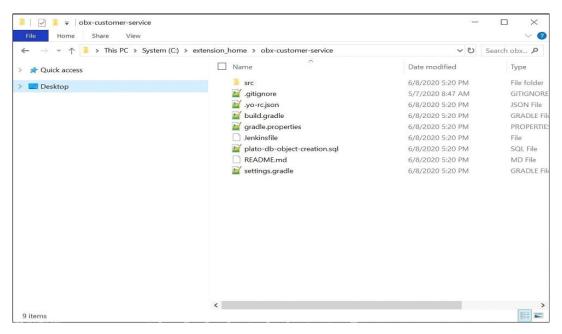
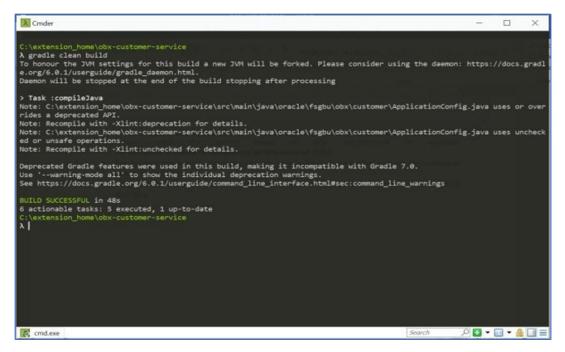


Figure 3-22 Extension Home Folder



- 5. For building the service, go into the service folder from cmder and run the command gradle clean build.
- 6. This will build the service and we can find the war of the service getting created inside the build/libs directory.

Figure 3-23 Libs Directory



7. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.

### 3.5 Batch Service

This topic describes the process to generate Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture (OBMA) based Batch service.

The purpose of this service is to create reader, writer and processor in which methods will be written according to business use case.

To generate Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture (OBMA) based Batch service, follow the below steps:

- 1. Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder.
- 2. Use the command obx batch -c.
- Inputs to be given after the command:
  - Select the product family.
  - Enter name of the service (I'll construct it as productFamilyName>batch<serviceName>- extended-services).
  - Enter product release version.
- 5. The generated code has two types of batch job template inside.o Simple job creation using spring batch features. The method name for this type of job creation is jobName(). The reader, writer, processor etc are taken from spring's itemReader, itemWriter, itemProcessor.
- Plato batch type job creation by keeping plato batch into consideration.

#### Figure 3-24 Job Name

```
dBean(name = "jobName")

public Job jobName(JobBuilderFactory jobBuilderFactory, StepBuilderFactory stepBuilderFactory,

Reader itemReader, Processor itemProcessor, Writer itemWriter) {

Step step = stepBuilderFactory.get("step1").chunk(10).reader(itemReader).processor(itemProcessor)

.writer(itemWriter).build();

return jobBuilderFactory.get("jobName").start(step).build();

}

150

}
```

7. The method name for this type of job creation is batchProcessJob(). In this case reader is specified as EReader, writer as TWriter and processor as ETProcessor. E means the entity to be read for this job; T means the transformed object to be persisted in the database. Hence the names are given in that manner.

Figure 3-25 Batch Process Job

```
@Bean
public Job batchProcessJob() throws Exception {
    return jobBuilderFactory.get("batchProcessJob").start(taskletStep()).next(chunkStep()).build();
}
```

8. For plato batch type job, user needs to write his/her entity classes in which the business logic will be kept. For example, this is the structure of the entity class highlighted in the left.

Figure 3-26 Plato Batch Type

```
| Description |
```

- 9. One needs to write methods for reader, writer and processor accordingly.
- 10. To build the service:
  - a. Navigate to the service.
  - b. Fire the command gradle clean build.
  - c. This will create the war file of the service in the folder structure build/libs/ productFamilyName>-batch-<serviceName>-extended-services.war.

### 3.6 Custom Validation Service

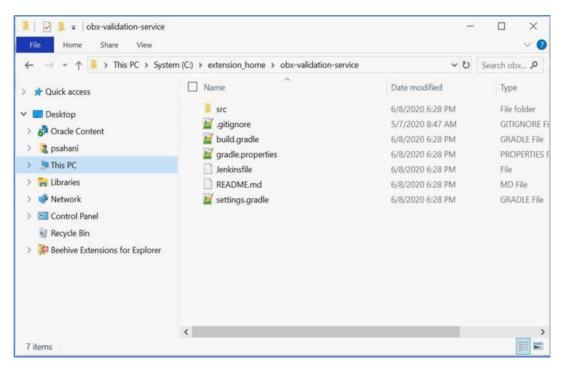
This topic provides the systematic instructions to generate custom validation service.

The purpose of this service is to perform custom validations on the base service. It is important to remember that we will be only able to perform the validation and never modify the payload to change the value.

To generate validation service, follow the below steps:

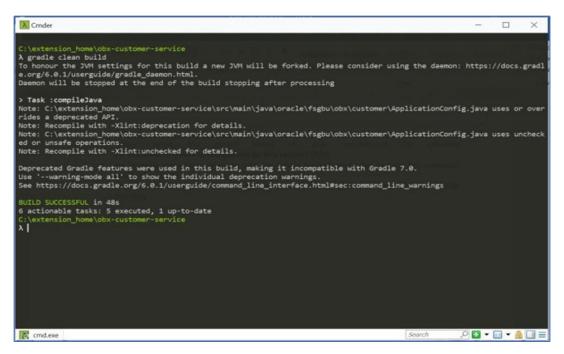
- Navigate to same extension\_home folder using cmder.
- 2. Use the command obx validation -c.
- 3. It will generate a folder inside the **extension\_home** folder with obx-validation-service.

Figure 3-27 OBX validation service



- For building the service, go into the service folder from cmder and run the command gradle clean build.
- 5. This will build the service and we can find the war of the service getting created inside the build/libs directory.

#### Figure 3-28 Libs Directory



6. Use this service and deploy it in your environment.

## 3.7 Steps to Adopt Multi in Existing Service

This topic provides the systematic instruction to adop multi in existing service.

#### **Plato Micro Service Dependencies Changes**

```
compile("release.obma.plato.21_0_0.services:plato-microservice-
dependencies:6.0.0")
```

#### **Eventhub dependency changes**

```
compile("release.obma.plato.21_0_0.services:plato-eventhub-
dependencies:6.0.0")
```

#### **PlatoInterceptor Changes**

```
@Bean public MappedInterceptor gemInterceptor(PlatoInterceptor
platoInterceptor) {
LOG.info("Added interceptor for fetching the application headers"); return new
MappedInterceptor(new String[] { "/**" }, platoInterceptor);
}
```

# Logging (Please include only ,%X{entityId}, change. Rest of them remain as per the old logback.xml)

Please include only %X{entityId} in the existing value of the LOG PATTERN of

#### **Feed Services**

Folder structure should be \*/parentFolder/<<entityId>>/{fileName}

```
compile("release.obma.plato.21 0 0.services:plato-feed-core:6.0.0")
```

#### **Caching Strategy**

```
@Cacheable(value = "customers", key = "{ <<funtionalKeys>>
T(oracle.fsgbu.plato.core.per
sistence.provider.PlatoHolder).getCurrentEntityId() }")
```

#### Introduce appld in application.yml of individual micro services

If the service is a eventhub based service they should use

```
spring:
   application:
appID:
```

If the service is a non-eventhub based service they can use either

```
spring:
   application:
   appID:

or
```

appId: <<appId>>

### 3.8 Service Extensibility

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

Structure of Service Extensions can be seen in below table.

Table 3-1 Service Extensibility - Field Description

| Component Name                         | Component Description   |
|--|---|
| << micro - service - name >>- extn.jar | Extension jar   |
| << micro - service - name >> .war      | WAR File which refers to << micro - service - name >> - extn .jar during runtime. |

For systematic instructions to retrieve a service extensibility record, follow the steps:

- 1. Add all the required classes from << micro service name >> extn.jar project and then build it.
  For creation of war we can use the command obx create-jar
  - a. Go to extension home.
  - b. Run the command obx create-jar.
  - **c.** It will prompt you with the location of the extended war file. (After giving the location give enter two times).
  - d. On providing the war file, it will create a jar for the same in the same location.
- The build.gradle of the extension project should include the statement. compileOnly files("classes").
- **3.** For shared libraries we follow the optional packages approach. The following entries are expected in the **MANIFEST.MF** of respective war file.

```
Extension-List: << micro - service - name >> - extn, << micro - service - name
>> - extn-Extension-Name : << micro - service - name >> - extn
```

For this, we need to modify the **build.gradle** of war files to include the below statements.

```
war {
    ...
    manifest {
      attributes(
        "Extension-List": "<< micro - service - name >> -extn",
        "<< micro - service - name >>- extn -Extension -Name": "<< micro-service- name >>-extn"
    )
    }
    ...
}
```

4. In the extension jar create a new service class that extends the original service class and annotate the class with @Primary annotation to give the service class in the extension jar higher precedence.

#### CustomerServiceImplExt

```
@Primary
@Service
public class CustomerServiceImplExt extends CustomerServiceImpl
   implements CustomerService {.....}
```

If the extension jar is provided the methods in the extension jar will be invoked or else the methods in the original war will be invoked.

#### 5. Weblogic deployment

Deploy the extension jar first in the weblogic then in the same server deploy the war.

#### **Tomcat deployment**

Modification in server.xml

The class names inside the << micro - service - name >>- extn.jar, should have the naming convention as below,

```
<<basePackageNameOf<< micro - service - name >>.war>>.<<service /controller /
model>>
```



4

# **UI Extensions – Web Component**

This topic describes the OBX capability to generate to different types of web components. Each Web component is capable of running itself locally.

There are various types of these web components each serving different functionality.

**Standalone Component**: A standalone component can be thought of as a smallest reusable UI component. They are generally the building blocks of main screens. Components like amount, text fields, lov etc. are part of standalone components.

**Virtual Page**: A virtual page can be thought of as a screen or a web page in single page applications. They are loaded inside the content area next to the left navigation menu. Important point to remember when designing virtual page is, it appends and changes the router (app URL) when navigation is done.

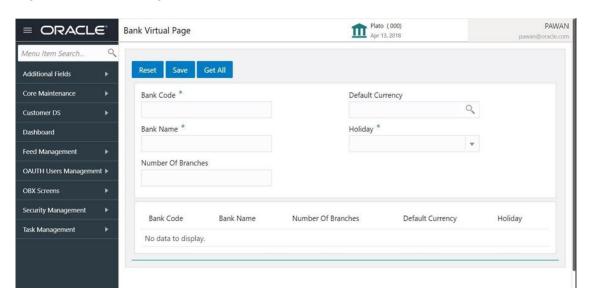
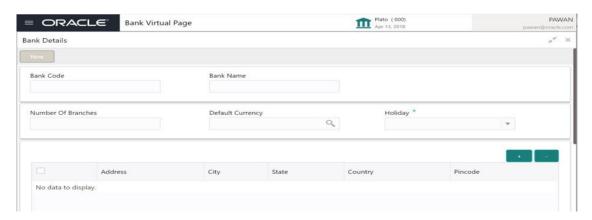


Figure 4-1 Virtual Page

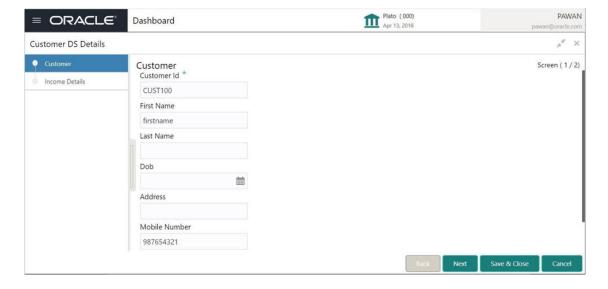
**Container Component**: These Components are a special type of components which are loaded inside a container called as Wizard. It gives functionality like minimizing the component and open multiple screens simultaneously on the screen. Important point to remove here is that these components never change to router state, so bookmarking is not possible for these screens.

Figure 4-2 Bank Details



**Data/Resource Segment**: A component designed using data segment approach are similar to that of virtual page but are always part of flow or process and loaded like container components. It is helpful in use cases where data to be captured is huge or is captured in various stages of applications.

Figure 4-3 Customer Dashboard



In above screenshot Customer and Income Details on left are two data segments which is part of Customer DS Details Application.

**Widgets**: Widgets are special components meant for dashboard. These are generally created in the form of tiles and are attached to the dashboard.

Figure 4-4 Dashboard



#### Note:

- All the above components except standalone components have SMS applied on it.
- We have to assign functional activity of web components to the role and then only they are integrated with the main application shell.
- Also, it always recommended to try and run the component locally before merging them into main application.
- All web components come bundled with testing framework including unit test
  cases and functional test. Therefore, it's a good practice to write them along with
  the development.

#### Component Server

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

Simple Standalone

This topic describes the process of creating the simple standalone component using OBX.

Virtual Page

This topic describes the process of creating the virtual page component using OBX.

Maintenance Detail and Summary

This topic describes the process of creating the Maintenance Detail and Summary component using OBX.

Data Segment

This topic describes the process of creating the virtual page component using OBX.

Dashboard Widget

This topic describes the process of creating the simple standalone component using OBX.

Running Component after Generation

This topic describes the steps you need to follow to re-run the component created or generated earlier.

Creating final Extended Component war for Deployment

This topic describes the steps to generate Extended Component war for Deployment.

Understanding DB Scripts for Web Components
 This topic describes the significance of DB folder generate inside the web component folder.

### 4.1 Component Server

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

It is one of highlight feature from OBX. A component server is hub of components which are available from the base/kernel application. As each component is developed individually and reusable, we can use this functionality to reuse even the components from base application. It saves time as we don't have to code same thing again and again. We can reuse as many components as possible from base application into extensions.

Component server is started automatically when you generate the web component. It runs on http://localhost:8002. One can simply go to browser and copy components and put them in a **metadata.js** file which is created inside the component and by doing so it indicated OBX that we have to reuse the component and it generates the code automatically.

Figure 4-5 Component Server

### 4.2 Simple Standalone

This topic describes the process of creating the simple standalone component using OBX.

Following are the steps needed to be followed:

- 1. Navigate to **extension home** folder from cmder.
- 2. Use the command: obx ui -sd.
- Once this command is executed, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.

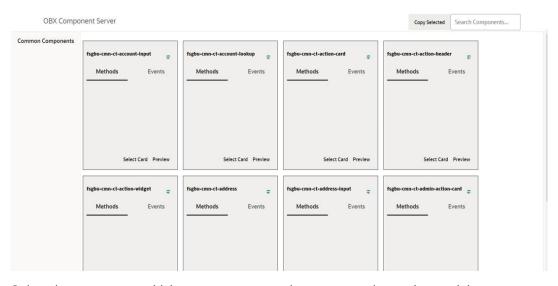


Figure 4-6 OBX UI-sd



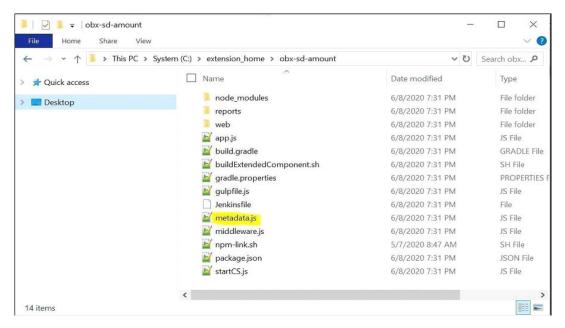
- 4. It will automatically generate the libraries for the component to run locally and you will be also able to see new cmder tab opened where component server is running.
- 5. At this point of time go to browser and navigate to http://localhost:8002. You will be able to see component server home page like:

Figure 4-7 OBX Component Server



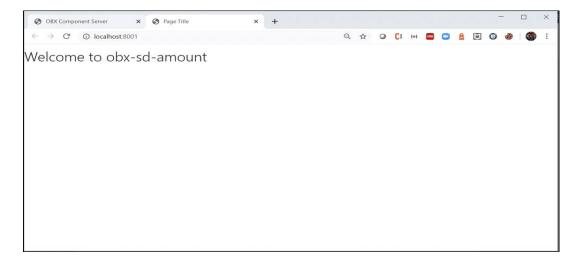
Select the component which you want to reuse in your extension and paste it in module.exports = [] inside the metadata.js file.

Figure 4-8 obx-sd-amount



- 7. Once done come back to main tab in cmder where is waiting with question, Please modify the Metadata.js file before proceeding. Once done press y to proceed?
- 8. On completing the above process, it will automatically generate the source folder now and open a new tab on cmder where component will be running.
  Along with cmder tab it will automatically open a tab on default browser as well with component rendered on the screen.

Figure 4-9 Source folder



### 4.3 Virtual Page

This topic describes the process of creating the virtual page component using OBX.

Following are the steps needed to be followed:

Navigate to extension\_home folder from cmder.



2. Use the command obx ui -vp.

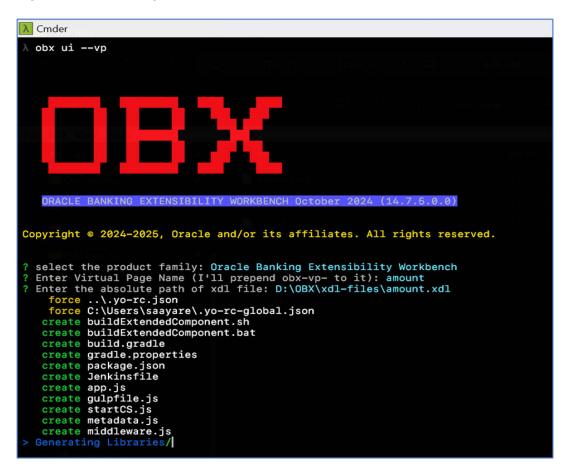
Figure 4-10 obx ui-vp



3. Once this command is executed, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.

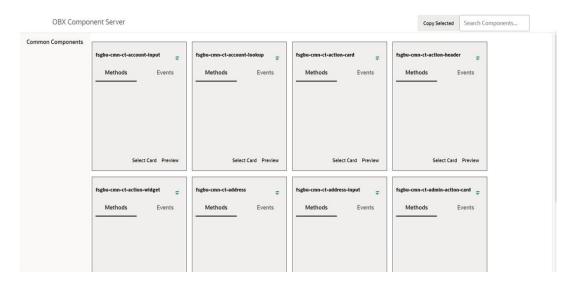


Figure 4-11 obx ui-vp



- 4. It will automatically generate the libraries for the component to run locally and you will be also able to see new cmder tab opened where component server is running.
- 5. At this point of time go to browser and navigate to http://localhost:8002. You will be able to component server home page like:

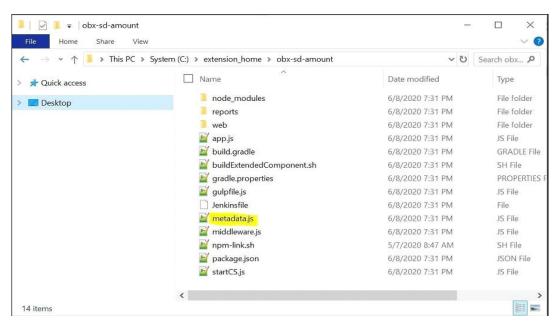
Figure 4-12 OBX Component Server





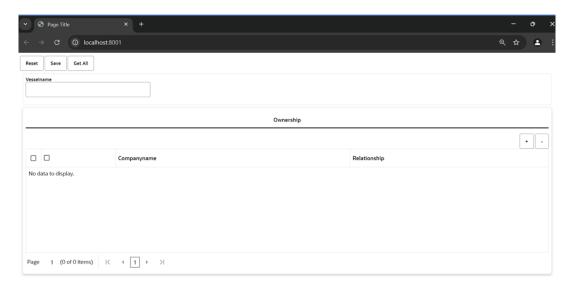
6. Select the component which you want to reuse in your extension and paste it in **module.exports =** []; inside the **metadata.js** file.

Figure 4-13 obx-sd-amount



- 7. Once done come back to main tab in cmder where is waiting with question: Please modify the Metadata.js file before proceeding. Once done press y to proceed?
- 8. On completing the above process, it will automatically generate the source folder now and open a new tab on cmder where component will be running.
- 9. Along with cmder tab it will automatically open a tab on default browser as well with component rendered on the screen.

Figure 4-14 Component





### 4.4 Maintenance Detail and Summary

This topic describes the process of creating the Maintenance Detail and Summary component using OBX.

Here we must remember that we will be generating two web components one will be detail component and another one for summary component.

Following are the steps needed to be followed:

- Navigate to extension\_home folder from cmder.
- Use the command obx ui -mnsm.
- Once this command is executed, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.

Figure 4-15 OBX UI

```
ORACLE BANKING EXTENSIBILITY WORKBENCH October 2024 (14.7.5.0.0)

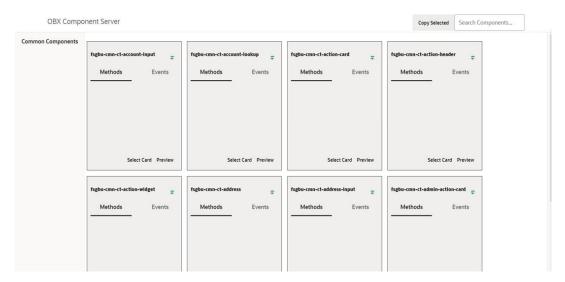
Copyright e 2024-2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

? select the product family: Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench
? Enter your Web Component Name (I'll prepend obx-mn- and obx-sm- to the components): testmaint
? Enter the absolute path of xdl file: D:\OBX\xdl-files\vessel.xdl

Please wait your Component obx-mn-testmaint is being Created here !!!!
force .\.\yo-rc.json
force c:\Users\saayare\.yo-rc-global.json
create buildExtendedComponent.sh
create buildExtendedComponent.bat
create buildExtendedComponent.bat
create apulgradle
create apc.jse
create gradle.properties
create apc.js
create matadata.js
create metadata.js
create metadata.js
create metadata.js
create middleware.js
> Generating Libraries/
```

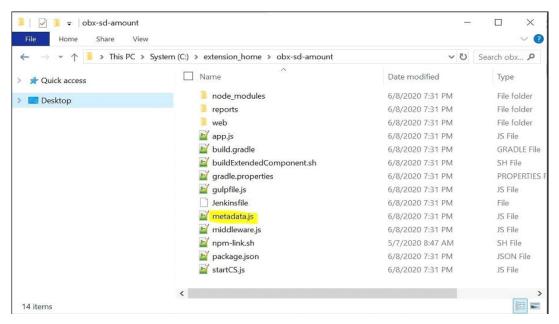
- It will automatically generate the libraries for the components.
- 5. At this point of time go to browser and navigate to http://localhost:8002. You will be able to component server home page like:

Figure 4-16 OBX Component Server



6. Select the component which you want to reuse in your extension and paste it in **module.exports = []**; inside the **metadata.js** file.

Figure 4-17 OBX sd amount



- 7. Once done come back to main tab in cmder where is waiting with question Please modify the Metadata.js file before proceeding. Once done press y to proceed?
- 8. On completing the above process, it will automatically generate the source folder for maintenance details screen and same process will followed for summary screen as well.
- 9. For this case we will be not able to see the component running locally as we have to 2 components generated.
- 10. To start the component, one needs to go inside the component are run it manually.

### 4.5 Data Segment

This topic describes the process of creating the virtual page component using OBX.

Following are the steps needed to be followed:

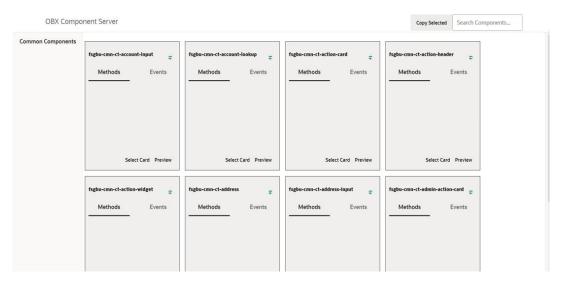
- Navigate to extension\_home folder from cmder.
- 2. Use the command obx ui -ds.
- Once this command is executed, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.

Figure 4-18 obx ui-ds



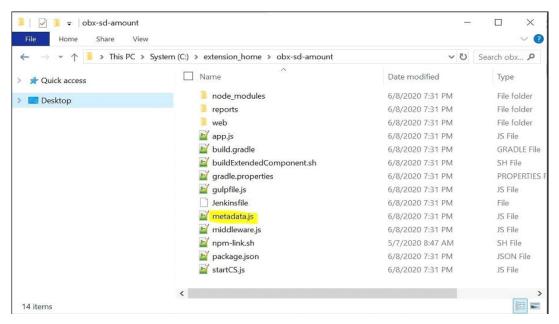
- 4. It will automatically generate the libraries for the component to run locally and you will be also able to see new cmder tab opened where component server is running.
- 5. At this point of time go to browser and navigate to http://localhost:8002. You will be able to component server home page like:

Figure 4-19 OBX Component Server



6. Select the component which you want to reuse in your extension and paste it in **module.exports = []**; inside the **metadata.js** file.

Figure 4-20 OBX sd amount extension home folder



- 7. Once done come back to main tab in cmder where is waiting with question Please modify the Metadata.js file before proceeding. Once done press 'y' to proceed?
- 8. On completing the above process, it will automatically generate the source folder now and open a new tab on cmder where component will be running.
- 9. Along with cmder tab it will automatically open a tab on default browser as well with component rendered on the screen.



## 4.6 Dashboard Widget

This topic describes the process of creating the simple standalone component using OBX.

Following are the steps needed to be followed:

- Navigate to extension home folder from cmder.
- Use the command obx ui --wd.

Figure 4-21 OBX UI

```
ORACLE BANKING EXTENSIBILITY WORKBENCH October 2024 (14.7.5.0.0)

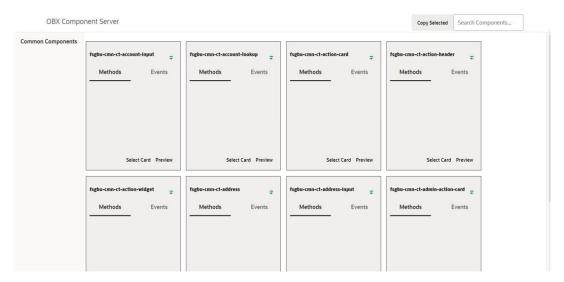
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? select the product family: (Use arrow keys)

> Oracle Banking Virtual Account Management
Oracle Banking Trade Finance Process Management
Oracle Banking Credit Facility Process Management
Oracle Banking Corporate Lending Process Management
Oracle Banking Supply Chain Finance
Oracle Banking Supply Chain Finance
Oracle Banking Cash Management
(Move up and down to reveal more choices)
```

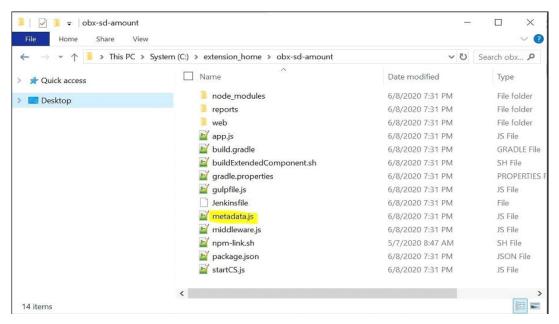
- Once this command is executed, this will take you to next section where it will prompt other set of questions. Answer them accordingly to your setup and requirement.
- 4. It will automatically generate the libraries for the component to run locally and you will be also able to see new cmder tab opened where component server is running.
- 5. At this point of time go to browser and navigate to http://localhost:8002. You will be able to see component server home page like:

Figure 4-22 OBX Component Server



6. Select the component which you want to reuse in your extension and paste it in **module.exports = []**; inside the **metadata.js** file.

Figure 4-23 OBX sd amount extension folder



- 7. Once done come back to main tab in cmder where is waiting with question Please modify the Metadata.js file before proceeding. Once done press 'y' to proceed?.
- 8. On completing the above process, it will automatically generate the source folder now and open a new tab on cmder where component will be running.
- 9. Along with cmder tab it will automatically open a tab on default browser as well with component rendered on the screen.



Figure 4-24 Cmder Component



### 4.7 Running Component after Generation

This topic describes the steps you need to follow to re-run the component created or generated earlier.

Follow the below steps to do the same:

- 1. Make sure you always have the component server rightly created.
- 2. Open two tabs in the cmder tool.
- Navigate to component folder in both the tabs for example \texture \texture
- From the first tab run the command node startCS.js.

Figure 4-25 Node startCS.js



- 5. This will make the component server up and running again. This is important as component server not only serves base component but also some other important files which is needed for the component to run locally.
- **6.** After this from another cmder tab run the command **npm start**.



Figure 4-26 npm start

```
λ Cmder
                                                                                                                                                   C:\extension_home\obx-vp-customer (master -> origin)
> obx-vp-customer@1.0.1 start C:\extension_home\obx-vp-customer
    :47:20] Using gulpfile C:\extension_home\obx-vp-customer\gulpfile.js
:47:21] Starting 'start'...
  21:47:21] Starting
              Finished
                           'srcJS' after 33 ms
             Finished
              Finished 'srcSCSS' after 27 ms
             Starting 'templatesJS'...
Finished 'templatesJS' after 20 ms
              Starting 'templatesHTM
              Finished
             Starting
Finished
                          'launch' after 6.27 ms
 21:47:21] Starting 'connect l'...

HPM] Proxy created: /ui -> http://localhost:8002/component-server

HPM] Proxy rewrite rule created: "^/ui" ~> "/"
             Starting server...
Finished 'connect_l' after
Finished 'start' after 686
              Dist App started http://localhost:8001
              Running server
Opening http://localhost:8001 using the app chrome
                                                                                                                                      P 🕶 🕶 🕶 🖃 🖃
node.exe
```

7. This will make the component running again on http://localhost:8001/ and also open the default browser.

### 4.8 Creating final Extended Component war for Deployment

This topic describes the steps to generate Extended Component war for Deployment.

This is the final stage for generating extended-component war for all the Web components inside the **extension\_home** folder. Important point to note here that before any component gets bundled to **extended-component.war**, it needs to pass all the test cases.

Perform the following steps to generate the war:

 Go inside the individual component and run the command sh buildExtendedComponent.sh. This command will start performing and running unit test cases on the component.

Figure 4-27 Command - sh buildExtendedComponent.sh

```
C:\extension_home\obx-vp-customer (master -> origin)

A sh buildExtendedComponent.sh
[21:56:19] Using gulpfile C:\extension_home\obx-vp-customer\gulpfile.js
[21:56:19] Starting 'sncist'.
[21:56:19] Starting 'templates:
[21:56:19] Starting 'unitTests'.
[21:56:19] Sta
```

- 2. Once the test cases are executed successfully it will create a folder inside the **extension home** folder named extended-components.
- Now we have to navigate back to extension\_home folder and run the command obx build-cca.

Figure 4-28 OBX UI



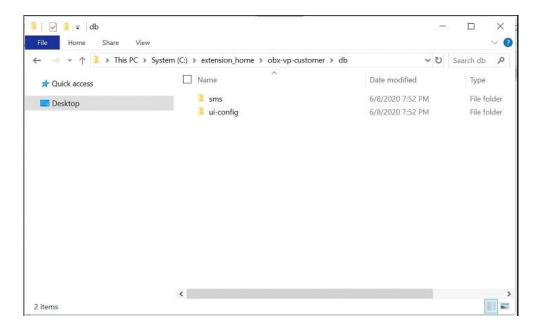
This extended-component.war should be deployed in the same domain where application shell is deployed.

### 4.9 Understanding DB Scripts for Web Components

This topic describes the significance of DB folder generate inside the web component folder.

This is important as without executing these scripts extension web components will not be loaded inside application shell and even these components menu will be not listed in left navigation menu.

Figure 4-29 DB Folder



DB folder inside the web component consists of two folders **sms** and **ui-config**:

SMS: The sms scripts consists of all the service activity, functional activity generated all out of the box from OBX.

Figure 4-30 SMS

```
INSERT INTO SMS TM UI ACTIVITY (UI ACTIVITY_CODE, DESCRIPTION, ICON, CCA NAME, APPLICATION_ID, UI ACTIVITY_TYPE)

VALUES ('OBK_UR_CUSTONER', 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'NULL', 'OBX-up-custoner', 'OBX', 'Virtual Page');

INSERT INTO SMS TM_SERVICE ACTIVITY (SERVICE ACTIVITY_CODE, DESCRIPTION, CLASS_NAME, METHOD NAME, APPLICATION_ID, SERVICE TYPE, UI_ACTIVITY_CODE)

VALUES ('OBK_SA_CUSTONER', 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'OBX_GLESTONER', 'OBX_GLESTONER', 'Visw');

INSERT INTO SMS TM_UI_ACTIVITY_ACTIONS (ID, UI_ACTIVITY_CODE, SERVICE_ACTIVITY_CODE, LABEL)

VALUES ('OBK_GLUSTONER', 'OBX_UL_CUSTONER', 'OBX_GLUSTONER', 'Visw');

INSERT INTO SMS TM_MENU (ID, DESCRIPTION, SERVICE_ACTIVITY_CODE, APPLICATION_ID, PARENT_ID, SEQUENCE)

VALUES ('OBK_CUSTONER', 'OBX_GLUSTONER', 'UBX', 'NULL', 'OBX_GLUSTONER', 'OBX', 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'OBX, 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'OBX', 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'NULL');

INSERT INTO SMS TM_MENU (ID, DESCRIPTION (ID, MENU_ID, LANGUAGE, DESCRIPTION))

VALUES ('OBX_CUSTONER ENG', 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'ENG', 'Custoner');

INSERT INTO SMS_TM_MENU_DESCRIPTION (ID, MENU_ID, LANGUAGE, DESCRIPTION)

VALUES ('OBX_GUSTONER', 'OBX_GUSTONER', 'ENG', 'Custoner');

INSERT INTO SMS_TM_FUNC_ID, LANGUAGE, DESCRIPTION)

VALUES ('OBX_GUSTONER', 'OBX, 'OBX_CUSTONER', 'ENG', 'Custoner');

INSERT INTO SMS_TM_FUNC_ID, LANGUAGE, DESCRIPTION)

VALUES ('OBX_GUSTONER', 'OBX, 'OSX_GUSTONER', 'ENG', 'Custoner');

INSERT INTO SMS_TM_FUNC_ID, LANGUAGE, DESCRIPTION)

VALUES ('OBX_GUSTONER', 'OBX, 'OSX_GUSTONER', 'COB', 'OSX_GUSTONER');

INSERT INTO SMS_TM_FUNC_ACTIVITY_DETAIL (ID, FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITY_CODE, SERVICE_ACTIVITY_CODE)

VALUES ('OBX_FD_CUSTONER', 'OBX_FA_CUSTONER', 'OBX_GUSTONER');

INSERT INTO SMS_TM_FUNC_ACTIVITY_DETAIL (ID, FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITY_CODE, SERVICE_ACTIVITY_CODE)

VALUES ('OBX_FD_CUSTONER', 'OBX_FA_CUSTONER', 'OBX_GUSTONER');
```

• **UI Config**: This script should be compiled in ui-config schema. It maintains the ledger of all the extended components. App-shell uses this configuration to identify which components should be referred from extended-component war.

#### Figure 4-31 UI Config

Insert into PRODUCT\_EXTENDED\_LEDGER (ID,CCA\_NAME,CCA\_TYPE,FARENT\_CCA\_NAME,PRODUCT\_NAME)
select max(ID+0)+1,\*obx-vp-customer\*,\*vp\*,null,\*EXTENDED\_COMPORENTS\*from PRODUCT\_EXTENDED\_LEDGER;

Insert into PRODUCT\_SERVICES\_LEDGER (ID,PRODUCT\_NAME,ENDPOINT\_KEY,ENDPOINT\_VALUE,REQUEST\_TYPE,SERVICE\_NAME)
select max(ID+0)+1,\*OBX',\*CUSTOMER\*,'/apirvi/customer\*-griv-to-vi



# Modification of Base Web Component

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

This feature of OBX enables users to create extensions which helps to modify the behavior of existing component. Modification of Base Web Component serves the one of the most common use cases from extensibility perspective. There are few important points which should be remembered before modifying the behavior of existing components.

#### Important Points:

- Addition of fields can be done on various locations of base screen, but this make break the CSS if not handled properly (Responsive Behavior). In such cases it is always recommended to put additional fields at the bottom of other fields.
- Wherever possible, use Data-segments to add additional field.
- In use case where you want to hide the fields from existing screen, always check whether
  the field is mandatory or not. If it is mandatory then it should set before making it hidden on
  the screen. If not done so service calls make break.
- Above point is also valid in case where you want to disable a field on the screen.

Following are the uses cases which can be achieved using modification of existing component:

- Addition of Fields
- Hiding fields from screen
- Defaulting values on screen
- Disable field
- Making Non-mandatory field Mandatory
- Steps for Modification of Base Component

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the steps to follow in case of adding fields on the existing screen.

Process Workbench

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

OBX Update Command

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

In-Scope DS

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the overview of IN-Scope DS fields.

OBX Release Command

This topic provides information on OBX Release Command details.

### 5.1 Steps for Modification of Base Component

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the steps to follow in case of adding fields on the existing screen.

It is assumed that before using this command a developer knows the name of the base component in which he will be adding the additional fields.

Following are the steps needed to be followed:

- Navigate to the extension\_home folder from the cmder.
- 2. Execute the command obx ui --mb.

Figure 5-1 OBX UI



- 3. After above command is executed it will prompt for the name of base component. Once given it will create a folder with base component name appending extended at the end of it
- 4. Here also like above all the libraries are generated at runtime.
- 5. Component generated contains the boiler plate or reference code, which helps to achieve the use case.

Again, db folder contains all the relevant scripts which is needed to be executed prior to see the component live and running in main application shell.

### 5.2 Process Workbench

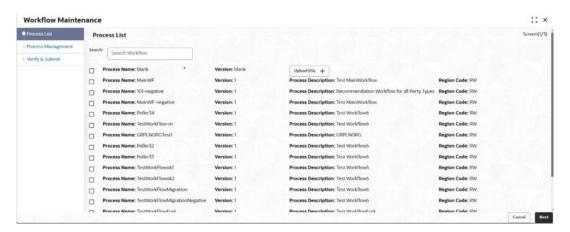
This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

The Process Workbench screen is used to create or modify processes. Users can add new stages, edit existing ones, or upload JSON-based DSLs into the system. This screen also facilitates workflow customization and allows users to download a JSON-based DSL reflecting the modifications made in the UI. Additionally, users can preview the flow diagram of a newly added or modified process. Any process changes will automatically increment the version number by 1 from the latest version.

**Process Creation and Modification Screen:** 

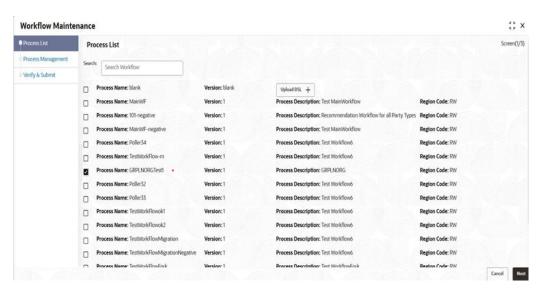
- Screen 1 Shows list of the processes:
  - **Displays the List of Processes:** A comprehensive list of existing processes is shown.
  - Upload DSL Button: Enables the upload of workflows in JSON format
  - Blank Option (First Row): Used to create a new process.

Figure 5-2 Workflow maintenance Process list



2. Select a Process.

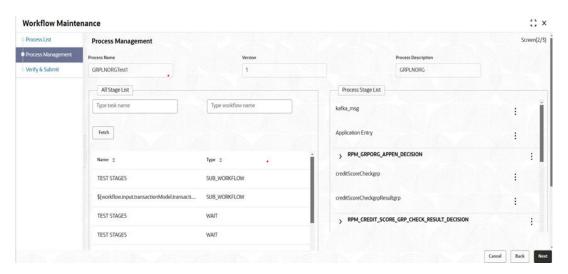
Figure 5-3 Select a process list



3. Shows stages: Under the process which was selected on screen 1.

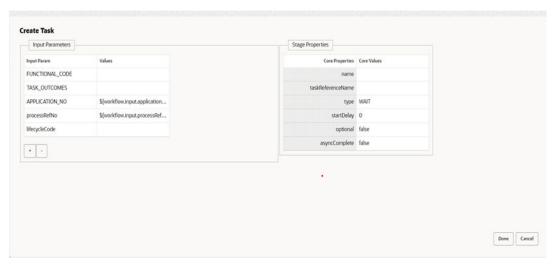


Figure 5-4 Workflow maintenance process management



- 4. Create Stage button:
  - Used to create a new stage.
  - Dialog box for creating a new stage.

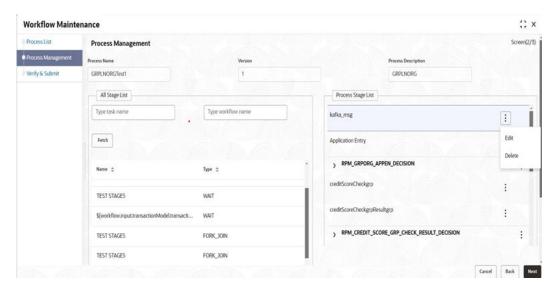
Figure 5-5 Create Task



5. We can edit/delete a particular stage in Process Stage list.

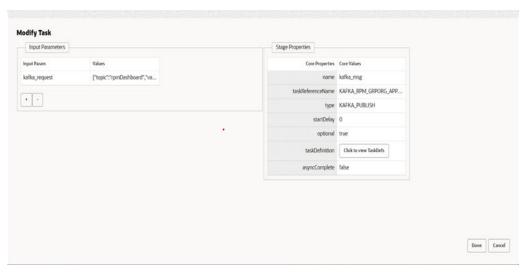


Figure 5-6 Process management



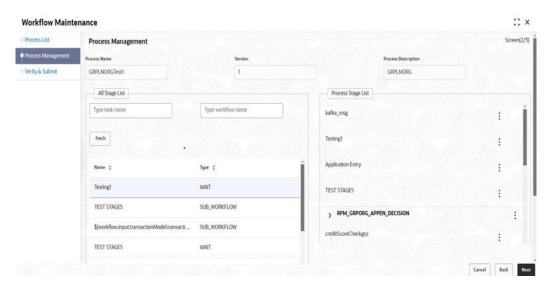
6. Dialogue box which opens when we edit a particular stage.

Figure 5-7 Modify Task



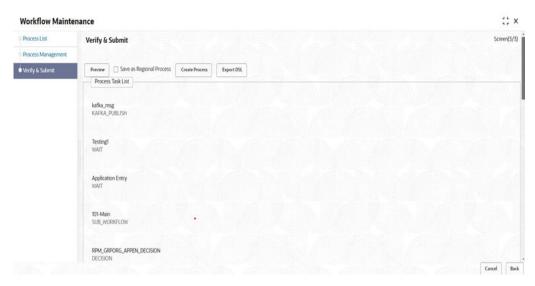
7. Drag and Drop Functionality Stage named **Testing1** from all stage list was dragged and dropped on the process stage list as shown here:

Figure 5-8 Process management Testing 1



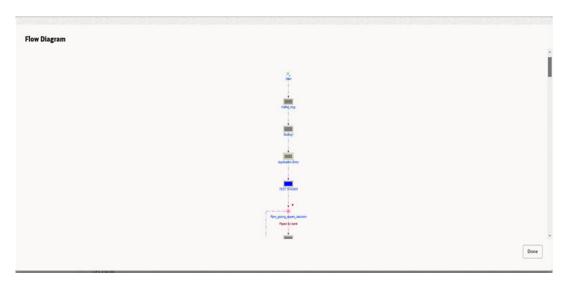
- 8. In this process includes:
  - Preview: To preview flow diagram of the process selected.
  - Create Process: For creating a new process.
  - Export DSL: To Export DSL into a file in JSON format.

Figure 5-9 Workflow maintenance verify and submit



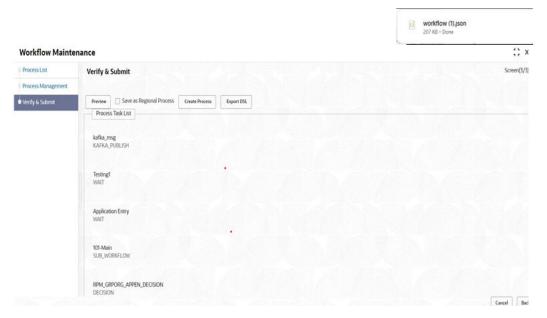
9. Flow Diagram of the modified or new added workbench process.

Figure 5-10 Flow Diagram



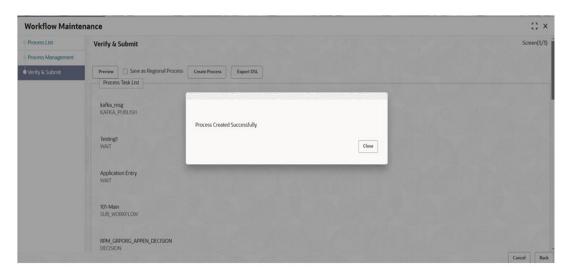
 When Export DSL button is clicked. The DSL gets downloaded in workflow(1).json file as shown.

Figure 5-11 Export DSL



11. When **Create Process** button is clicked. Process is Created.

Figure 5-12 Create Process



12. Version is updated when the process is created successfully.

Figure 5-13 Workflow maintenance updated version



### 5.3 OBX Update Command

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

This topic helps in migrating the artifacts from previous version of OBX to latest. This is applied to both services and web components.

This topic consists of the following sub-topics:

- Service Update
  - This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.
- UI Update

This topic provides the systematic instructions to UI Update developed in OBX.



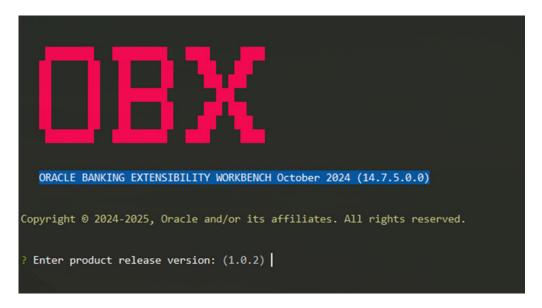
### 5.3.1 Service Update

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

To migrate services developed in previous versions of OBX to latest please follow the below steps:

- Navigate to service specific folder inside the extension\_home directory.
- 2. Execute the command **obx service-update**.
- 3. Provide the relevant product release version number.
- **4.** Once provided it will automatically change the build.gradle file and service is ready to be built with latest dependencies.

Figure 5-14 OBX UI-Service Update



### 5.3.2 UI Update

This topic provides the systematic instructions to UI Update developed in OBX.

To migrate services developed in previous versions of OBX to latest please follow the below steps:

- 1. Navigate to UI (Web Component) specific folder inside the **extension\_home** directory.
- 2. Execute the command **obx ui-update**.

Figure 5-15 OBX UI-Update



- 3. This command will automatically start removing old libraries without changing the source folder. This help will help you retaining the business logic already written in web component.
- 4. One done and executed successfully you will the below message.

#### Figure 5-16 Message

```
create web\js\util\resources\trade\nls\ar\bundle.js
  create web\js\util\resources\trade\nls\fr\bundle.js
----Component updated successfully----
```

- 5. Now to run the command with new libraries run below command sequentially:
  - **sh npm-link.sh** It will create new node module folder inside the component with latest modules and dependencies.
  - node startCS.js Open a new tab in cmder and navigate to same web component directory and run command node startCS.js.
  - **npm start** From the main tab, where we executed npm-link command run the command npm start, it will automatically run the web component with latest libraries and launch it on the browser as well.

### 5.4 In-Scope DS

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the overview of IN-Scope DS fields.

Following is the sequence to be followed:

- Additional of fields at any desired location in an existing data-segment is supported now.
- Data will be stored in separate custom schema.
- In-scope Data segment can be used for addition of new fields. (using jquery, at any position, we can add the field).

Example of In-Scope DS (Additional fields):

- Include the hooks required in js and html of base components accordingly.
- Run the command "obx ui --af" for adding fields in extended components.
- Include the additional field in "self.data".

```
self.data = {
     "newField": ko.observable("")
};
```

Subscribe it to change handler.

```
self.data.newField.subscribe(self.changeHandler);
```

Use jquery to insert it in the location you want to add the fields.

```
var element = context.properties.data.payload.homeBranch; $
  ('#homeBranch').parent().parent().append($('#ui-ex-div-
newField').parent());
```

### 5.5 OBX Release Command

This topic provides information on OBX Release Command details.

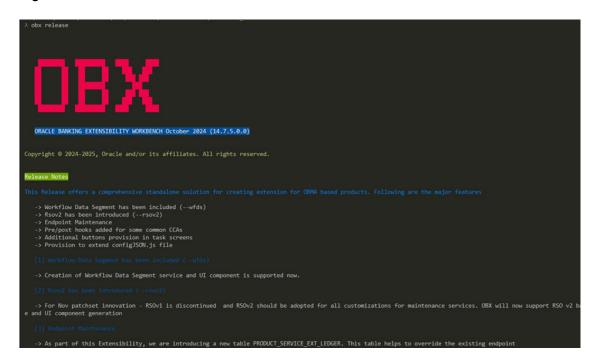
This command is used to check all the available features bundled with OBX version installed on the machine.

To run this command,

- 1. Navigate to extension\_home folder.
- 2. Run the command: obx release



Figure 5-17 OBX release





6

# Extending Product Data Segments with Additional Fields

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

This topic describes the following sub-topics:

- Additional Fields Maintenance
   This topic provides the systematic instructions on Additional Fields Maintenance.
- Populating Data in Corresponding Fields From UI
   This topic provides information on Populating Data in Corresponding Fields From UI.
- Fetching the Saved Values
   This topic provides information on fetching the saved values for each field during the transaction.

### 6.1 Additional Fields Maintenance

This topic provides the systematic instructions on Additional Fields Maintenance.

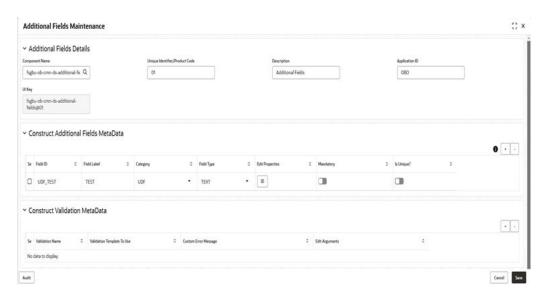
This screen is used to maintain the additional fields for a transaction screen.

To process this screen, type Additional Fields Maintenance in the Menu Item Search located at the left corner of the application toolbar and select the appropriate screen.

Follow the below steps:

- 1. From **Home** screen, click Core Maintenance. Under Core Maintenance, click Additional Fields Maintenance.
- The Additional Fields Maintenance screen is displayed.

Figure 6-1 Additional Fields Maintenance



Specify the details in the Additional Fields Maintenance screen.
 For more information on fields, refer table Field Description – Additional Field Maintenance.

Table 6-1 Additional Field Maintenance - Field Description

| Field                                | Description  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Component Name                       | Specify the data segment name as component name.  Note:By default, the value fsgbu-ob-cmndsadditional-fields is displayed, which is the Common Core Data Segment that displays the maintained additional fields. It will fetch the corresponding maintained record for Additional Fields by querying with uiKey = DataSegmentName @ ProductCode. |  |  |  |
| Product Code                         | Specify the function code as product code.   |  |  |  |
| Product Name                         | Displays the product name of the specified product code.   |  |  |  |
| Description                          | Displays the description as Additional Fields.   |  |  |  |
| Application ID                       | Displays the Application ID.   |  |  |  |
| + icon                               | Click this icon to add a new row.  |  |  |  |
| – icon                               | Click this icon to delete a row, which is already added.   |  |  |  |
| Construct Additional Fields MetaData | Specify the fields.  |  |  |  |
| Select                               | Check this box to select a row.  |  |  |  |
| Field ID                             | Specify the Field ID.  |  |  |  |
| Field Label                          | Specify the field label.   |  |  |  |
| Category                             | Specify the category.  |  |  |  |
| Field Type                           | Specify the field type.  |  |  |  |
| Edit                                 | Select if a value needs to be inputted in the additional field.  |  |  |  |
| Mandatory                            | Select if the input value is mandatory in the additional field.  |  |  |  |
| Construct Validation MetaData        | Specify the fields.  |  |  |  |
| Select                               | Check this box to select a row.  |  |  |  |
| Validation Name                      | Specify the validation name.   |  |  |  |



Table 6-1 (Cont.) Additional Field Maintenance - Field Description

| Field                      | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Validation Template to Use | Specify the template to be used for validation.                 |
| Custom Error<br>Message    | Specify the custom error message to be displayed.               |
| Edit Arguments             | Select if arguments needs to be edited in the additional field. |

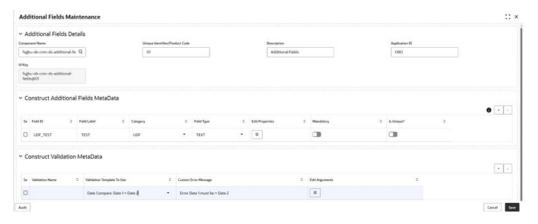
 Click Save to add the additional field in the maintenance work table (CMC\_TW\_ADDT\_ATTR\_MASTER).



Once it is approved, the data will persist in the master table. Currently, Mobile Number and Date are added as additional fields. In addition, the validation is added for Date.

Sign in with different user ID since maker will not be able to approve the records with the same user ID.

Figure 6-2 Additional Fields Maintenance Records



Map the new data segment for the function code. Make sure that the data is present in CMC\_TM\_SCREEN\_DS\_MAPPING.



Once the additional fields are added for a particular function code, a separate data segment will be enabled in the transaction screen for Additional Fields.

- Click Submit, to save the transaction data of additional fields to the CMC\_TB\_ADDT\_ATTR\_DATA.
  - In addition, the following actions have been performed from service side:
  - Fetch record through inter-service call to additional attributes service in common transaction with record ID.



Append the field data to the main payload for the ejlogging.

```
"data": {
   "addDtls": {
     "signatureVerifyIndicator": "Y",
     "hostStatus": null,
     "hostMultiTripId": null,
     "txnBranchCcy": "GBP",
     "txnBranchDate": "2020-03-25T18:30:00.000+0000",
     "txnType": "C",
     "cashInOutIndicator": "I",
     "ejLoggingRequired": null,
     "ejTxnAmtMapping": "TO",
     "ejTxnCcyMapping": "TO",
     "adviceName": null,
     "orchestratorId": null,
     "rsp": null,
     "isReversal": "N",
     "isAdvice": "N",
     "reversalButton": "N",
     "ignoreApproval": false,
     "ignoreWarning": false,
     "isExternal": false
},
"txnDtls": {
     "functionCode": "1401",
     "txnBranchCode": null,
     "txnBranchCcy": null,
     "txnBranchDate": null,
     "requestStatus": "COMPLETED",
     "assignmentMode": null,
     "txnId": "f6b36a91-889d-4505-aac0-d7b98484d098",
     "txnRefNumber": "989124345493245",
     "tellerSeqNumber": null,
     "overrideConfirmFlag": null,
     "supervisorId": null,
     "onlineOfflineTxn": null,
     "userComments": null,
     "authoriserComments": null,
     "eventCode": null,
     "accountType": "UBS"
},
"dataPayload": {
     "datasegment": null,
     "fromAccountAmt": 100,
     "fromAccountCcy": "GBP",
     "toAccountCcy": "GBP",
     "beneficiaryName": null,
     "beneficiaryAddress1": null,
     "beneficiaryAddress2": null,
     "beneficiaryAddress3": null,
     "beneficiaryAddress4": null,
     "identificationType": null,
     "identificationNumber": null,
     "exchangeRate": 1,
```

```
"recievedAccount
Ccv": null,
"recievedAccount
Amt": null,
"totalCharges":
null,
"cashAmount":
100,
"netAccountCcy": null,
"netAccountAmt": null,
"narrative": "Cash Deposit",
"txnControllerRefNo": null,
"recordId": "f6b36a91-889d-4505-aac0-
d7b98484d098", "cashAmtCcy": null,
"cashAmt":
null,
"chequeDate": null,
"chequeNumber": null,
"eventCode": null,
"ejId": null,
"emailId": null,
"fromAccountBranch": "000",
"fromAccountNumber": null,
"mobileNumber": null,
"orginalExchangeRate": null,
"payee": null,
"productCode": null,
"reversalDate": null,
"stationId": null,
"toAccountBranch": "000",
"toAccountNumber": "00000008010010",
"toAccountAmt": 100,
"txnBranchCode": "000",
"functionCode": null,
"txnCustomer": null,
"tellerId": null,
"txnDate": 1585161000000,
"txnRefNumber": "9892566557744",
"txnSeqNumber": null,
"uniqueIdentifierNumber": null,
"uniqueIdentifierType": null,
"userRefNumber": null,
"valueDate": null,
"versionNumber": null,
"referenceNumber": null,
"createdBy": null,
"createdTs": null,
"updatedBy": null,
"updatedTs": null,
"demDtls": [],
"fxInDemDtls": null,
"fxOutDemDtls": null,
"prcDtls": [],
"addDtls": null,
"txnDtls": null,
"overrideDtls": null,
```

```
"batchTableDetails": null,
     "cmcAddlFields": [
{
     "id": "OTH passprt",
     "label": "Passport No",
     "type": "TEXT",
     "value": "43243"
},
     "id": "UDF aadhar",
     "label": "Aadhar",
     "type": "TEXT",
     "value": "1243"
},
{
     "id": "TMIS toDate",
     "label": "To Date",
     "type": "DATE",
     "value": ""
},
     "id": "TMIS fromDate",
     "label": "From Date",
     "type": "DATE",
     "value": ""
}
},
     "extDetails": null,
     "warDtls": [],
     "authoriserDtls": []
},
     "errors": null,
     "warnings": null,
     "informations": null,
     "authorizations": null,
     "paging": ""
```

### 6.2 Populating Data in Corresponding Fields From UI

This topic provides information on Populating Data in Corresponding Fields From UI.

Unlike the other transaction screen data-segments, the ejlogged data is not required. Instead, two GET calls that happen during screen launch fetches all the details.

To fetch the corresponding **Additional-Fields-Maintenance** screen record based on which it will display the maintained fields for this function code.

Endpoint : CORE.GET\_CMC\_ADDITIONAL\_ATTRIBUTES

Request URL: http://whf00peb.in.oracle.com:8003/api-gateway/cmc-additional-attributesservices/cmcadditional-attributes-services/?uiKey=fsgbu-ob-cmn-ds-additional-fields@1006

#### Sample Response :

```
"data": [
          "keyId": "33347926-842b-4232-af31-8c1b59612244",
          "makerId": "ABHINAV",
          "makerDateStamp": null,
          "checkerId": null,
          "checkerDateStamp": null,
          "modNo": 1,
          "recordStatus": "0",
          "authStatus": "A",
          "onceAuth": null,
          "doerRemarks": null,
          "approverRemarks": null,
          "links": [
                   "rel": "self",
                   "href": "http://10.40.158.157:8005/cmc-
                    additional-attributesservices/cmcadditional-
                    attributes-services/33347926-842b-4232-
                    af318c1b59612244"
                    ],
           "description": "Additional Fields",
           "fieldMetaData":
           "[{\"id\":\"OTH Mobile\",\"label\":\"Mobile
           Number\",\"type\":\"NUMBER\",\"required\":true},{\"id\":\"OTH
           From\",\"label\":\"Fr om
           Date\",\"type\":\"DATE\",\"required\":true},{\"id\":\"OTH To D
           ate\",\"label\":\"To
           Date\",\"type\":\"DATE\",\"required\":true}]", "uiKey": "fsgbu-
           ob-cmn-ds-additional-fields@1006", "validationMetaData":
    "[{\"id\":\"\",\"validateMethod\":\"compareFromToDates\",\"type\":\"
           \",\"args\":[{\"ty
           pe\":\"FIELD\",\"value\":\"OTH From\"},
   {\"type\":\"FIELD\",\"value\
           ":\"OTH To Date\"
           }],\"errorMsg\":\"Error Date 1 must be &qt; Date
           2\",\"validationName\":\"Date
           Validation\"}]",
          "applicationId": "OBTFPM"
           } ],
    "paging": {
           "totalResults": 1,
           "links": {
           "next": null,
           "prev": null
    }
```



### 6.3 Fetching the Saved Values

This topic provides information on fetching the saved values for each field during the transaction.

You can fetch the values saved for each field during the transaction.

```
{\bf Endpoint}: {\tt CORE.GET\_ADDITIONAL\_ATTRIBUTES}.
```

Request URL: http://whf00peb.in.oracle.com:8003/api-gateway/cmc-additionalattributesservices/additionalattributes/?uiKey=fsgbu-ob-cmn-ds-additionalfields@1006&dataReferenceKey=00a01dfd-0d6f-4400-a9c5-0f56551165e4

#### Samples Response:

```
{
     "ExtensibleDTO": [
              "id": "1644022a-179e-429b-82c8-873761c3ac74",
              "uiKey": "fsqbu-ob-cmn-ds-additional-fields@1006",
              "dataReferenceKey": "00a01dfd-0d6f-4400-a9c5-
               Of56551165e4",
              "fieldMetaDataVersion": "1",
              "fieldData": [
                   "id": "OTH Mobile",
                   "label": "Mobile Number",
                    "type": "NUMBER",
                    "value": "678688789"
                   },
                   "id": "OTH From",
                   "label": "From Date",
                   "type": "DATE",
                    "value": "678688789"
                   },
                   "id": "OTH To Date",
                   "label": "To Date",
                   "type": "DATE",
                   "value": null
                "applicationId": "OBREMO"
            ]
```



7

# Action URL and Static Tag Maintenance

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on Action URL and Static Tag Maintenance.

This topic consists of the following sub-topics:

- Action URL Maintenance
   This topic provides the systematic instructions of action URL maintenance.
- Static Tag Maintenance
   This topic provides the systematic instructions to static tag maintennace.

### 7.1 Action URL Maintenance

This topic provides the systematic instructions of action URL maintenance.

Endpoints are maintained in cmn-transaction-services for the specific transaction based on function code. The operation has to be maintained as action URL in table SRV\_TB\_BC\_ACTIONS\_URL. Action URL will be called from all the domain services based on function code and action (like OPENCHECK, CREATE, OVERRIDE, REVERSAL, PENDING\_APPROVAL, or AUTHORIZE).

The database details are as follows:

Schema: BRANCHCOMMON

Table: SRV\_TB\_BC\_ACTIONS\_URL

If the action URL is not maintained for the specific operation of the particular transaction, the error message will be displayed as Action URL not maintained. Error code is maintained in ERTB\_MSGS as RM-BC-UR-01.

### 7.2 Static Tag Maintenance

This topic provides the systematic instructions to static tag maintennace.

Static tag is maintained for accounting, till update, and debit-credit for each transaction based on the function code in table SRV\_TB\_TX\_STATIC\_TAGS.

The database details are as follows:

Schema: TRANSACTION

Table: SRV TB TX STATIC TAGS

TILL\_TAGS, DRCR\_TAGS and ACCOUNTING\_TAGS are maintained as JSON structure. Static tags will be fetched from cmn-transaction-services based on function code. If it is not maintained for the particular function code, the transaction will be failed

# Extensibility Use Cases for OBBRN Servicing

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on Extensibility Use Cases for OBBRN Servicing.

This topic describes the following sub-topics:

- New Transaction Screen 1499 (Exact Clone of 1401)
   This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.
- Exact Clone with Additional Fields Using Common Code
   This topic provides the systematic instructions to exact clone with additional fields using common code.
- Exact Clone with Additional Fields Using Extensible Code
   This topic provides the systematic instructions to the exact clone with additional fields using extensible code.
- Jar Deployment in Weblogic
   This topic provides the systematic instructions to the Jar Deployment in Weblogic.

### 8.1 New Transaction Screen – 1499 (Exact Clone of 1401)

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

For this use case, you need to ensure data is present in the tables similar to 1401.

The below mentioned tables need to be checked in SMS schema:

- SMS TM MENU
- SMS TM MENU Description
- SMS\_TM\_SERVICE\_ACTIVITY
- SMS TM FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITY
- SMS\_TM\_FUNC\_ACTIVITY\_DETAIL
- SMS\_TM\_ROLE\_ACTIVITY
- SMS TM UI ACTIVITY

The below mentioned tables need to be checked in common core schema:

- CMC\_TM\_SCREEN\_CLASS
- CMC\_TM\_SCREEN\_DS\_MAPPING

The below mentioned tables need to be checked in branch common schema:

- SRV TM BC FUNCTION INDICATOR
- SRV TM BC FUNCTION CODE
- SRV\_TM\_BC\_FUNCTION\_PREF
- SRV\_TM\_BC\_FUNCTION\_PREF\_DTLS

- SRV\_TM\_BC\_BRANCH\_ACCOUNTING
- SRV\_TM\_MENU\_CONFIG
- SRV\_TB\_BC\_ACTIONS\_URL

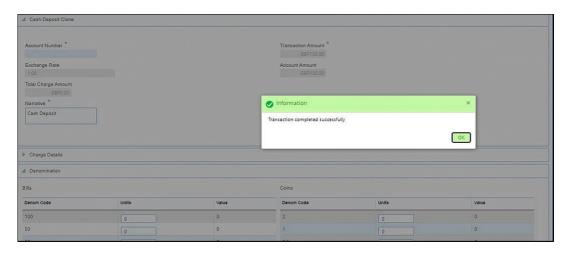
The below mentioned tables need to be checked in transaction schema:

SRV\_TB\_TX\_STATIC\_TAGS

Figure 8-1 Cash Deposit Clone



Figure 8-2 Information Message



# 8.2 Exact Clone with Additional Fields Using Common Code

This topic provides the systematic instructions to exact clone with additional fields using common code.

A new screen is available with function code 9999. The Additional Fields is shown as 4th data segment as below:

Figure 8-3 Additional Fields Segment



• The library reference in weblogic.xml is available for extensibility, for example, obremo-srv-ext-common-txn. A new jar obremo-srv-cmn-common-txn, which holds the most of the code of transaction service and can be a dependency in the external jar.

#### Response:

```
"data": {
      "addDtls": {
      "signatureVerifyIndicator": "Y",
      "hostStatus": null,
      "hostMultiTripId": null,
      "txnBranchCcy": "GBP",
      "txnBranchDate": "2020-03-25T18:30:00.000+0000",
      "txnType": "C",
      "cashInOutIndicator": "I",
      "ejLoggingRequired": null,
      "ejTxnAmtMapping": "TO",
      "ejTxnCcyMapping": "TO",
      "adviceName": null,
      "orchestratorId": null,
      "rsp": null,
      "isReversal": "N",
      "crossCcyEnabled": null,
      "isTotChargesReq": null
 },
  "txnDtls": {
      "functionCode": "9999",
      "txnBranchCode": null,
      "txnBranchCcy": null,
      "txnBranchDate": null,
      "requestStatus": "COMPLETED",
      "assignmentMode": null,
      "txnId": "71a08a0f-ee2a-405b-a1e3-b77ca9e59b6e",
```

```
"txnRefNumber": "0002008600007160",
    "tellerSeqNumber": null,
    "overrideConfirmFlag": "N",
    "supervisorId": null,
    "onlineOfflineTxn": null,
    "userComments": null,
    "authoriserComments": null,
    "eventCode": null,
    "accountType": "UBS"
} ,
"dataPayload": {
    "datasegment": null,
    "fromAccountAmt": 100,
    "fromAccountCcy": "GBP",
    "toAccountCcy": "GBP",
    "beneficiaryName": null,
    "beneficiaryAddress1": null,
    "beneficiaryAddress2": null,
    "beneficiaryAddress3": null,
    "beneficiaryAddress4": null,
    "identificationType": null,
    "identificationNumber": null,
    "exchangeRate": 1,
    "recievedAccount
   Ccy": null,
    "recievedAccount
    Amt": null,
    "totalCharges":
   null,
    "cashAmount":
    null,
    "netAccountCcy": null,
    "netAccountAmt": null,
    "narrative": "Cash Deposit",
    "txnControllerRefNo": null,
    "recordId": "bd40562d-06b4-4f95-95fe-
   e66fa6eb7f13", "cashAmtCcy": null,
    "cashAmt":
   null,
    "chequeDate": null,
    "chequeNumber": null,
    "eventCode": null,
    "ejId": null,
    "emailId": null,
    "fromAccountBranch": "000",
    "fromAccountNumber": null,
    "mobileNumber": null,
    "orginalExchangeRate": null,
    "payee": null,
    "productCode": null,
    "reversalDate": null,
    "stationId": null,
    "toAccountBranch": "000",
    "toAccountNumber": "0000008010010",
    "toAccountAmt": 100,
    "txnBranchCode": "000",
```

```
"functionCode": null,
        "txnCustomer": null,
        "tellerId": null,
        "txnDate": 1585161000000,
        "txnRefNumber": "0002008600007160",
        "txnSeqNumber": null,
        "uniqueIdentifierNumber": null,
        "uniqueIdentifierType": null,
        "userRefNumber": null,
        "valueDate": null,
        "versionNumber": null,
        "referenceNumber": null,
        "createdBy": null,
        "createdTs": null,
        "updatedBy": null,
        "updatedTs": null,
        "demDtls": null,
        "fxInDemDtls": null,
        "fxOutDemDtls": null,
        "prcDtls": null,
        "addDtls": null,
        "txnDtls": null,
        "overrideDtls": null,
        "batchTableDetails": null
"extDetails": null,
"warDtls": [],
"authoriserDtls": []
},
"errors": null,
"warnings": null,
"informations": null,
"authorizations": null,
"paging": ""
```

Figure 8-4 Common Core Additional Attributes



 In the debug, you can find that the common code is used, stempImpI onCashSubmitTillAcc will be called.

#### Figure 8-5 Common Code

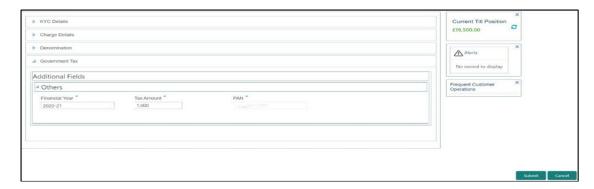
```
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.p.PlatoProxyEntityManager
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : PlatoProxyEntityManager :: Application :: Current
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.p.PlatoProxyEntityManager
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : PlatoProxyEntityManager :: Application :: Current
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.p.PlatoProxyEntityManager
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             The application [ App id = SRVCMNTXN / Tenant Id =
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             appId [ SRVCMNTXN ]
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             tenantId [ SRVCMNTXN
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             emType [ APPLICATION ]
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Entity Manager Factory is available in Cache for th
lf-tuning)'] StepImpl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : Here for function code 9999 and beanname is FC9999
lf-tuning)'] StepImpl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : onCashSubmitTillAcc operation
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             inside onCashSubmitTillAcc
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.s.TransactionServiceImpl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : START fetching the data
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.s.TransactionServiceImpl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : START fetching the data
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : after call1 to move data from work to main charges % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      : Going to call EJ Creation
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.srv.transaction.util.Common
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : GenerateEJIdStep ends
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : Going for enrichment
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Going for validate Roles check
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.srv.transaction.util.Common
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             inside validateRole
  f-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.srv.transaction.client.SMSImpl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Going to call userLoginId
 lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       : Goinf for balance check
```

## 8.3 Exact Clone with Additional Fields Using Extensible Code

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the exact clone with additional fields using extensible code.

A screen is created with function code 9999 and Additional Fields as 4th data segment.

Figure 8-6 Additional Fields Segment



A library reference is added weblogic.xml (obremo-srv-ext-common-txn) for extensibility. A
new jar obremosrvcmn-common-txn, which holds the most of the code of transaction
service and can be a dependency in the external jar

### 8.4 Jar Deployment in Weblogic

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the Jar Deployment in Weblogic.

Below screen shows the Jar Deployment in weblogic.



Figure 8-7 Jar Deployment

| ■ obremo-srv-cmn-transaction-services-5.2.0_snapshot | Active | <b>⊘</b> OK | Web Application | SERVICING | Global | 1 |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|--------|---|
| (a) obremo-srv-cus-customer-services-5.2.0_snapshot  | Active | ✓ OK        | Web Application | SERVICING | Global | 1 |
| € obremo-srv-ext-common-txn                          | Active |             | Library         | SERVICING | Global | 1 |

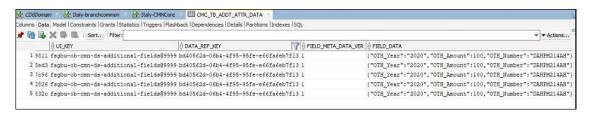
#### Response:

```
{
        "data": {
           "addDtls": {
                  "signatureVerifyIndicator": "Y",
                  "hostStatus": null,
                  "hostMultiTripId": null,
                  "txnBranchCcy": "GBP",
                  "txnBranchDate": "2020-03-25T18:30:00.000+0000",
                  "txnType": "C",
                  "cashInOutIndicator": "I",
                  "ejLoggingRequired": null,
                  "ejTxnAmtMapping": "TO",
                  "ejTxnCcyMapping": "TO",
                  "adviceName": null,
                  "orchestratorId": null,
                  "rsp": null,
                  "isReversal": "N",
                  "crossCcyEnabled": null,
                  "isTotChargesReq": null
              },
              "txnDtls": {
                  "functionCode": "9999",
                  "txnBranchCode": null,
                  "txnBranchCcy": null,
                  "txnBranchDate": null,
                  "requestStatus": "COMPLETED",
                  "assignmentMode": null,
                  "txnId": "71a08a0f-ee2a-405b-a1e3-b77ca9e59b6e",
                  "txnRefNumber": "0002008600007160",
                  "tellerSeqNumber": null,
                  "overrideConfirmFlag": "N",
                  "supervisorId": null,
                  "onlineOfflineTxn": null,
                  "userComments": null,
                  "authoriserComments": null,
                  "eventCode": null,
                  "accountType": "UBS"
              },
              "dataPayload": {
                  "datasegment": null,
                  "fromAccountAmt": 100,
                  "fromAccountCcy": "GBP",
                  "toAccountCcy": "GBP",
                  "beneficiaryName": null,
                  "beneficiaryAddress1": null,
```

```
"beneficiaryAddress2": null,
"beneficiaryAddress3": null,
"beneficiaryAddress4": null,
"identificationType": null,
"identificationNumber": null,
"exchangeRate": 1,
"recievedAccountCcy": null,
"recievedAccountAmt": null,
"totalCha
rges":
null,
"cashAm
ount":
null,
"netAccountCcy": null,
"netAccountAmt": null,
"narrative": "Cash Deposit",
"txnControllerRefNo": null,
"recordId": "bd40562d-06b4-4f95-95fe-
e66fa6eb7f13", "cashAmtCcy": null,
"cashAmt":
null,
"chequeDate": null,
"chequeNumber": null,
"eventCode": null,
"ejId": null,
"emailId": null,
"fromAccountBranch": "000",
"fromAccountNumber": null,
"mobileNumber": null,
"orginalExchangeRate": null,
"payee": null,
"productCode": null,
"reversalDate": null,
"stationId": null,
"toAccountBranch": "000",
"toAccountNumber": "00000008010010",
"toAccountAmt": 100,
"txnBranchCode": "000",
"functionCode": null,
"txnCustomer": null,
"tellerId": null,
"txnDate": 1585161000000,
"txnRefNumber": "0002008600007160",
"txnSeqNumber": null,
"uniqueIdentifierNumber": null,
"uniqueIdentifierType": null,
"userRefNumber": null,
"valueDate": null,
"versionNumber": null,
"referenceNumber": null,
"createdBy": null,
"createdTs": null,
"updatedBy": null,
"updatedTs": null,
"demDtls": null,
```

```
"fxInDemDtls": null,
          "fxOutDemDtls": null,
          "prcDtls": null,
          "addDtls": null,
          "txnDtls": null,
          "overrideDtls": null,
          "batchTableDetails": null
},
          "extDetails": null,
          "warDtls": [],
          "authoriserDtls": []
},
          "errors": null,
          "warnings": null,
          "informations": null,
          "authorizations": null,
          "paging": ""
```

Figure 8-8 Common Core Additional Attributes



In the debug, the extensible code is used, which is present in the extension jar (obremosrv-ext-commontxn.jar). Instead stempImpl onCashSubmitTillAcc, FC9999 onCashSubmitTillAcc will be called, where you can add code that is required for the new dataSegment added or to achieve different functionality of charging, accounting, till updates, etc

Figure 8-9 Debug Codes

```
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.p.PlatoProxyEntityManager
                                                             PlatoProxyEntityManager :: Application :: Current Ap
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.p.PlatoProxyEntityManager
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.p.PlatoProxyEntityManager
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                           : PlatoProxyEntityManager :: Application :: Current Te
                                                           : The application [ App id = SRVCMNTXN / Tenant Id =
                                                           : appld [ SRVCMNTXN ]
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                           : tenantId [ SRVCMNTXN
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                           : emType [ APPLICATION ]
lf-tuning)'] o.f.p.c.p.provider.PlatoRegistry
                                                           : Entity Manager Factory is available in Cache for the
lf-tuning)'] FC9999
lf-tuning)'] FC9999
                                                         : Here for function code 9999 and beanname is FC9999
                                                         : onCashSubmitTillAcc operation
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                          : inside onCashSubmitTillAcc
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.s.TransactionServiceImpl
                                                           : START fetching the data
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.s.TransactionServiceImpl
                                                           : START fetching the data
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                           : after call1 to move data from work to main charges
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                           : Going to call EJ Creation
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.srv.transaction.util.Common
                                                           : GenerateEJIdStep ends
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                           : Going for enrichment
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                           : Going for validate Roles check
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.srv.transaction.util.Common
                                                             inside validateRole
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.srv.transaction.client.SMSImpl
                                                             Going to call userLoginId
lf-tuning)'] o.f.o.s.s.t.domain.CashService
                                                           : Goinf for balance check
```

# Extensibility Use Cases for OBX

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the Extensibility Use Cases for OBX.

This topic describes the following sub-topics:

#### New Transaction screen – 1499 (Clone of 1401)

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### New Data Segment in Existing 1401 Screen

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### HTML Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### JS Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to JS fields.

#### JSON Changes

This topic describes the changes JSON fields across all the screens.

#### Model Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to Model Changes.

#### Database Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to Database Changes.

#### Service Component

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the Service Component.

#### New Field in Existing Base Data Segment

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### HTML Changes (Extended Components)

This topic describes the changes Extended Component HTML fields across all the screens.

#### HTML Changes (Base Component)

This topic describes the bade components HTML fields changes for all the screens.

#### JS Changes (Base Component)

This topic describes the base components JS fields changes for all the screens.

#### JS Changes (Extended Component)

This topic describes the extended components JS fields changes for all the screens.

#### JSON Changes (Extended Component)

This topic describes the extended components JSON fields changes for all the screens.

#### JSON Changes (Base Component)

This topic describes the base components JSON fields changes for all the screens.

#### DB Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### Add New Columns in Base Component Table

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### Steps for adding extra column in task grid

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### Steps to use Additional Buttons provision in Task Screen

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### · Steps to create common-extended folder for extending configJSON.js file

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on commonextended folder for extending configJSON.is file.

#### Customizing Existing LOV Fetch Result

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the Customizing Existing LOV Fetch Result.

#### Steps for adding Pre/post methods in extended components

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### ENDPOINT Overrides

This topic describes the endpoint overrides.

#### · Steps to create util-extended folder

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### Dynamic Data Configuration (DDC)

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

#### Task Screen Custom Config

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

### 9.1 New Transaction screen – 1499 (Clone of 1401)

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

For this use case, make sure that the data is present in the below tables similar to 1401. The below mentioned tables need to be checked in SMS schema:

- SMS\_TM\_MENU
- SMS\_TM\_MENU\_Description
- SMS\_TM\_SERVICE\_ACTIVITY
- SMS\_TM\_FUNCTIONAL\_ACTIVITY
- SMS\_TM\_FUNC\_ACTIVITY\_DETAIL
- SMS\_TM\_ROLE\_ACTIVITY
- SMS\_TM\_UI\_ACTIVITY



The below mentioned tables need to be checked in Common Core schema:

- CMC\_TM\_SCREEN\_CLASS
- CMC\_TM\_SCREEN\_DS\_MAPPING

The below mentioned tables need to be checked in branch Common schema:

- SRV\_TM\_BC\_FUNCTION\_INDICATOR
- SRV\_TM\_BC\_FUNCTION\_CODE
- SRV\_TM\_BC\_FUNCTION\_PREF
- SRV\_TM\_BC\_FUNCTION\_PREF\_DTLS
- SRV\_TM\_BC\_BRANCH\_ACCOUNTING
- SRV\_TM\_MENU\_CONFIG

Figure 9-1 Cash Deposit Clone

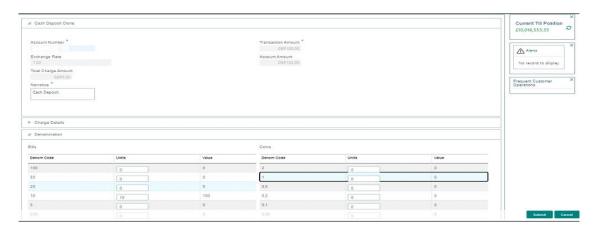
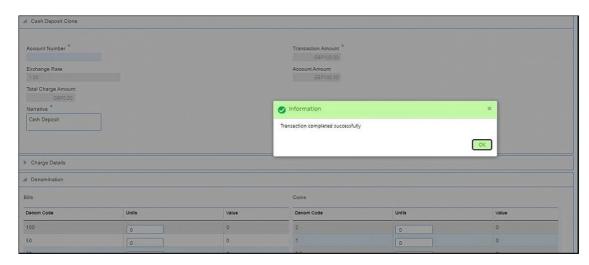


Figure 9-2 Information Message





### 9.2 New Data Segment in Existing 1401 Screen

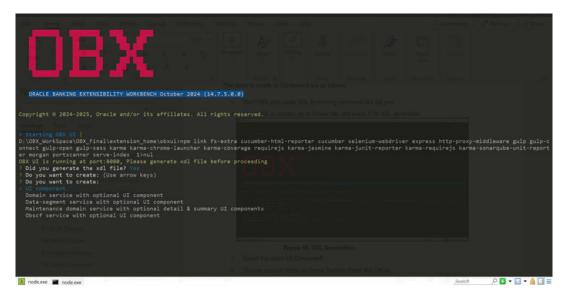
This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

For this use case, it is needed to implement UI Component and Service side to persist data.

The steps to create UI Component are as follows:

- Start OBX and create XDL by running command obx xdl-gen.
- 2. Once XDL is created, go to Cmder tab, and press Y for XDL generation.

Figure 9-3 OBX XDL generation



- 3. Select the option UI Component.
- 4. Select product family as Oracle Banking Retail Mid Office.
- Specify the name of virtual page/data-segment/stand-alone component to be created.
- Specify absolute path of the XDL generated. (XDL is generated inside extension\_home folder).



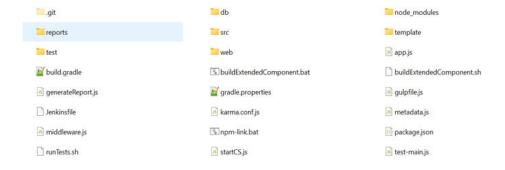
A new UI Component will be created in extension\_home folder with prefix obx-vp/obx-ds. In the Cmder tab, OBX will prompt to modify Metadata.js file of the newly created component. In addition, the component-server will start running at port 8002.



Figure 9-4 XDL Path



Figure 9-5 Extension Home Folder



The generated UI component contains boiler plate code to do the common operations of Save, Get, Get All etc. Changes needed in the newly created component from OBX tool from UI side.

### 9.3 HTML Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

 According to the screen design, one can change the HTML values like payload() and mobileNumber. If mobileNumber field is entered by the user, value of mobileNumber will directly update the JS payload that will be going as a part of save call.

#### Figure 9-6 HTML Changes

The oj-validation-group is required for configuring the HTML as part of validation.

#### Figure 9-7 Validation

### 9.4 JS Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to JS fields.

Perform the following steps to implement JS changes:

- 1. Add all the dependencies in define block.
- 2. The JS **self.payload** is an observable, which will hold all the info inputted from the HTML. All keys in **self.payload** is directly linked with HTML.

#### Figure 9-8 JS Changes

```
define(['ojs/ojcore',
  'jquery',
  'knockout',
  'ojL10n!./resources/nls/bundle',
  './model/additionaldetails-model',
  'ojs/ojarraydataprovider',
  'ojs/ojbutton',
  'ojs/ojknockout',
  'ojs/ojinputtext',
  'ojs/ojcheckboxset',
  'ojs/ojtable',
  'cmn-cca/fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-lov/loader',
  'cmn-cca/fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-date/loader',
  'cmn-cca/fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-amount/loader',
  'ojs/ojswitch',
  'ojs/ojpagingcontrol',
  'ojs/ojdialog','components/fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-cmn-ct-datasegment/loader'],
  function (oj, $, ko, labels, model, ArrayDataProvider) {
```

Figure 9-9 JS Self Payload

```
self.payload=ko.observable({
    "datasegment": ko.observable(self.datasegment()),
        "depositorName": ko.observable(),
        "mobileNumber": ko.observable(),
})
```

3. Save method implementation will look like in below figure. In the next line, it is making a promise and calling the save function of cmn-ct-datasegment providing the payload and endpoint as parameters. If save is success, it will resolve and for failures it will come to reject.



#### Figure 9-10 Save Method

4. The function null check is as shown below:

Figure 9-11 Function Null Check

```
self.isEmptyNullOrUndefined = function (value) {
   if (value === "" || value === undefined || value === null) {
     return true;
   } else {
     return false;
   }
};
```

5. The validate function is shown in the below mentioned validate function screen, which will check all mandatory fields during save.

Figure 9-12 Validate Function

```
self.validate = function () {
   tracker = document.getElementById("tracker"+self.unique());
   if (tracker.valid === "valid") {
      return true;
   }
   else{
      return false;
   }
}
```

### 9.5 JSON Changes

This topic describes the changes JSON fields across all the screens.

The data and datatransferPayload properties need to be exposed from JSON. The data property is used to take the information of transaction specific and the datatransferPayload property is used to share data between data segments.

Figure 9-13 JSON Changes

```
"name": "obx-vp-additionaldetails",
"version": "1.0.0",
"jetVersion": ">=5.2.0",
"properties": {
    "description": "The name to display",
    "type": "string"
},
"data": {
    "description": "The name to display",
    "type": "object",
    "writeback": true
},
    "dataTransferPayload": {
        "description": "The name to display",
        "type": "object",
        "writeback": true
},
"methods": {
    "save": {
        "description": "Save and Close"
},
"events": {}
```

### 9.6 Model Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to Model Changes.

There will be no methods in the model. All the REST calls needs to go through cmn-ct-datasegment similar to Save.

Perform the following steps to make model changes:

Run the DB Scripts present in this component.



he OBX generates SQL script with default HEADER\_APPID as PXDSSRV001 for all components. This script can be changed and used

Create extended war for the component and deploy.

### 9.7 Database Changes

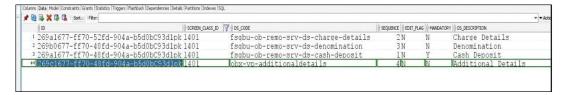
This topic provides the systematic instructions to Database Changes.

To add database changes to do the following:

- 1. Add the newly created data segment name in the **PRODUCT\_EXTENDED\_LEDGER** table (this will be done when DB script from UI component is run).
- Make a fourth Data Segment entry for function code 1401 in CMC\_TM\_SCREEN\_DS\_MAPPING table of CMNCORE. The DS\_CODE should be the name of the UI Component created. The entry is as shown in the Data Segment Entry.



Figure 9-14 Data Segment Entry



If the service is created separately than UI Component, change the endpoint URL in SQL script for table PRODUCT\_SERVICES\_LEDGER accordingly.

### 9.8 Service Component

This topic provides the systematic instructions to the Service Component.

To create a service component do the following:

- Start OBX and use the XDL file that is already generated.
- 2. Select the domain service with optional UI component.

Figure 9-15 Domain Service

```
ORACLE BANKING EXTENSIBILITY WORKBENCH October 2024 (14.7.5.0.0)

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> Starting ORX UI |

D: 10.8 X, MorkSpart/ORX, Final vettension, home \cbvui\)npm link fs-extra cucumber-html-reporter cucumber salenium-webdriver express http-proxy-middleware gulp gulp-connect gulp-open gulp-cass karma karma-chrome-launcher karma-coverage requirejs karma-jasmine karma-junit-reporter karma-requirejs karma-sonarqube-unit-report on North gulp-connect gulp-open gulp-cass karma karma-chrome-launcher karma-coverage requirejs karma-jasmine karma-junit-reporter karma-requirejs karma-sonarqube-unit-report ORX UI is running at port:0808, Please generate xdl file before proceeding

**Did you generate the xdl file? Ves

**Do you want to create: (Use arrow keys)

**Do you want to create: (Use arrow keys)

**Domain Service with optional UI component

**Domain Service with optional UI component

Data-segment service with optional UI component

Obscf service with optional UI component
```

3. Select product family as Oracle Banking Retail Mid Office.

Figure 9-16 Product Family



**4.** Specify the service name as additional Details and all the remaining details as mentioned in the service name screen.

Figure 9-17 Service Name



A new service is generated in extension\_home folder with prefix obremoadditionadetails-service.

Figure 9-18 Extension Home Folder



6. Run the DB scripts present in this service.



It will create a new table to persist data of new data segment. For example, a table is created as ADDITIONALDETAILS. This table can be created in existing schema or in a new schema.

- If you need to create a new schema, mention that in table. PRODUCT SERVICES CTX LEDGER while running UI Component Script.
- 8. Restart plato servers once this change is completed.
- 9. If required, make appropriate changes in the service, build it, and deploy.

### Note:

After deploying extended war and additional details service along with proper DB entry, you can see a new data segment in the appshell screen.

10. Fill the necessary details and click Submit, the data for new DS will be saved in new table.

Figure 9-19 Additional Details Segment





Figure 9-20 Updated Data in New Table



### 9.9 New Field in Existing Base Data Segment

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

This use case defines a new field in the existing base data segment (fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-ds-cash-deposit) in 1401 screen class.

For this use case, you need to create an extended UI Component, make changes in the existing UI appshell, and make changes in the service.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Modify the base component cca and create an extended component. To do this, start OBX and run the command obx ui --mb. It will prompt for name of base web component.
- 2. Specify the name of base web component. A folder will be created with base component name appending -extended at the end of it.

Figure 9-21 Base Web Component

```
ORACLE BANKING EXTENSIBILITY MORKBENCH October 2024 (14.7.5.0.0)

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2 Enter Base Web component name which you want to modify (I'll append -extended to it): fightwoth-name-inv/dacash-deposit force ..\,yo-rc.json force C:\Users\dshadres\.yo-rc-global.json create buildExtendedComponent.bat create buildExtendedComponent.bat create guild gradle properties create gradle.properties create gradle.properties create gradle.properties create guipfile.js create
```

#### Figure 9-22 Base Web Component

```
Initializing empty 6it repository......
Initialized empty 6it repository in 0:/08X_MorkSpace/08X_Final/extension_home/fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended/.git/
create template(s)sappcontroller.js
create src\components\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended.json
create src\components\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended.scss
create src\components\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended.html
create src\components\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended.js
create src\components\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended\fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-dscash-deposit-extended.js
create db\ui-config\config_extended.sql
create db\ui-config\config_extended.sql
create test-man.conf.js
create test-man.js
create test-man.js
create test-man.js
create test-plate\ui_js\kmackout-mapping.js
create test\ui-conks\common.js
create test\ui-conks\common.js
create test\ui-conks\commonfunction.js
create test\ui-conmonfunction.js
create test\ui-conmonfunction.
```

#### Figure 9-23 Extended Folder



Note:

The changes are required in the extended component from the UI side.

### 9.10 HTML Changes (Extended Components)

This topic describes the changes Extended Component HTML fields across all the screens.

The extended component contains the boiler plate codes, in which you need to make the changes as shown in the below HTML Changes (Extended Component) screen. After you make the necessary changes, the additional fields will be added after the existing fields in the base component.

Figure 9-24 HTML Changes (Extended Component)

The following changes are required only if you need to add the additional field at the end of the base component and in a separate extension panel. You can choose to add the additional fields in the existing base component or in the extension panel as per the requirement.

Figure 9-25 Extension Panel

# 9.11 HTML Changes (Base Component)

This topic describes the bade components HTML fields changes for all the screens.

Perform the HTML changes in the base component.

Figure 9-26 HTML Changes (Base Component)

```
<!-- ko if: ifExtension -->
<fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-ds-cash-deposit-extended data="{{payload}}" base="{{base}}">
</fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-ds-cash-deposit-extended>
<!-- /ko -->
```

# 9.12 JS Changes (Base Component)

This topic describes the base components JS fields changes for all the screens.

Perform the JS changes in the base component as shown in the JS Changes (Base Component) screen.

Figure 9-27 JS Changes (Base Component)

```
self.loadExtendedCCA = ko.observable('fsgbu-ob-base-component-extended');
self.ifExtension = ko.observable(false);

self.loadExtendedComponent = function () {
    // eslint-disable-next-line no-undef
    if (requirejs.s.contexts._.config.paths['components/' + self.loadExtendedCCA()]) {
        var componentName = ['components/' + self.loadExtendedCCA() + '/loader'];
        require(componentName, function () {
            self.ifExtension(true);
        });
    }
};
```

The part of code shown below is present in JS or view model file. From the self.connected method, you need to call self.loadExtendedComponent method.

Figure 9-28 Self Connected Method

```
self.connected = function (context) {
    self.loadExtendedComponent();
};
```

# 9.13 JS Changes (Extended Component)

This topic describes the extended components JS fields changes for all the screens.

In the bindings applied, it will take the ID of the fields and add the additional fields after the field base component. Both additional fields will be added after the field of base component for which the ID is **lastTab**.

Figure 9-29 JS Changes (Extended Component)

```
self.bindingsApplied = function (context) {
    self.entityNameTemplate = document.getElementById('aadharfield');
    self.newentityNameTemplate = self.entityNameTemplate.cloneNode(true);
    document.querySelector("#lastTab").insertAdjacentHTML('afterEnd', self.newentityNameTemplate.outerHTML);
    self.entityNameTemplate1 = document.getElementById('panfield');
    self.newentityNameTemplate1 = self.entityNameTemplate1.cloneNode(true);
    document.querySelector("#lastTab").insertAdjacentHTML('afterEnd', self.newentityNameTemplate1.outerHTML);
    applyBindings(context);
    };
}
function applyBindings(context) {
    ko.applyBindings(mainContentViewModel(context), $("#aadharfield")[0]);
    ko.applyBindings(mainContentViewModel(context), $("#panfield")[0]);
}
```

# 9.14 JSON Changes (Extended Component)

This topic describes the extended components JSON fields changes for all the screens.

Perform the HTML changes to add data and base property for extended component.

Figure 9-30 Json Changes (Extended Component)

```
"name": "fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-ds-cheque-withdrawal-extended",
   "version": "1.0.0",
   "jetVersion": ">=5.2.0",
   "properties": {
        "description": "The name to display",
        "type": "string"
        },
        "data": {
        "description": "The name to display",
        "type": "object",
        "writeback": true
        },
        "base":{
        "description": "The name to display",
        "type": "object",
        "writeback": true
        }
    },
    "methods": {},
    "events": {}
}
```

Figure 9-31 Json Changes (Extended Component)

```
"name": "fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-ds-cheque-withdrawal-extended",
    "version": "1.0.0",
    "jetVersion": ">=5.2.0",
    "properties": {
        "name": {
            "description": "The name to display",
            "type": "string"
        },
        "data": {
            "description": "The name to display",
            "type": "object",
            "writeback": true
        },
        "base": {
            "description": "The name to display",
            "type": "object",
            "writeback": true
        }
    },
    "methods": {},
    "events": {}
```

# 9.15 JSON Changes (Base Component)

This topic describes the base components JSON fields changes for all the screens.

In base component JSON file, the properties is Extensible and authMode are present. You need to make changes in the existing appshell UI component so that it reads the extended component. In addition, it will contain DB scripts which need to be run.

Figure 9-32 JSON Changes (Base Component)

```
srv-ds-cash-deposit
"version": "1.0.0"
"isVirtualPage": "true",
"isExtensible": true,
 properties": {
  'name":
    "description": "The name to display",
    "type": "object"
  "totalDS": {
    "description": "The totalDS to display"
  "data": {
    "description": "The name to display",
    "type": "object"
    "writeback": true
  },
  "authMode": {
    "description": "Authorization mode",
    "type": "boolean"
```

# 9.16 DB Changes

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

Add the newly created data segment name in the PRODUCT\_EXTENDED\_LEDGER table.

Perform the following steps to make the service level change:

- Add a new field named additionalFields with data type String in work and main table entity classes of the respective service. The corresponding setters and getters should also be added in these classes.
  - @Column(name = "ADDITIONAL\_FIELDS") private String additionalFields.
- 2. Add a column with the name **ADDITIONAL\_FIELDS** in the main and work tables of the DB with CLOB data type.
- For persistence of data in main table, add additionalFields with data type String in model class.
- 4. Deploy the changed service, extended war component, and changed appshell.



After deployment, the two additional fields named **Pan Number** and **Aadhaar Number** will be added in existing data segment.

Specify the necessary details and click Submit. The additional fields will be saved in respective work and main table in an additional column ADDITIONAL\_FIELDS.

Figure 9-33 Data Segment with Additional Fields



6. In the request payload from UI to backend, the values appear as follows:

Figure 9-34 Request Payload

```
▼ Request Payload view source

▼ {datasegment: "fsgbu-ob-remo-srv-ds-cheque-withdrawal", chequeDate: "2020-03-26",...}

▶ addDtls: {txnType: "C", cashInOutIndicator: "O", ejTxnAmtMapping: "FROM", ejTxnCcyMapping: "FROM",...}

additionalFields: "{"aadharNo":"1234567890","panNo":"123456abc"}"

chequeDate: "2020-03-26"

chequeNumber: "123456"
```

7. The data will get saved in newly added column Additional Fields in the respective table.

Figure 9-35 SRV\_TB\_CH\_CASH\_TXN Table



### 9.17 Add New Columns in Base Component Table

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

For adding new columns in base component table to do the following.

- 1. Create an extended component for the base cca by making these changes in the base accordingly.
- 2. Changes in base In HTML

```
<!-- ko if: ifExtension -->
<componentName-extended data="{{base}}">
</componentName-extended>
<!-- /ko -->

In JS

self.base
= this;
self.ifExtension = ko.observable(false);
self.connected = function () { if
(requirejs.s.contexts._.config.paths['components/componentName-extended']) {
require(['components/componentName-extended/loader'], function () {
self.ifExtension(true);
});
}
}
}
```

Changes in extended

Changes needed at service level.

For data inside table, custom projection service had to be written, custom events needs to be raised while custom fields persistence. For base fields, a call can be made from projection service to base service to fetch data and persisting the same over projection schema.

# 9.18 Steps for adding extra column in task grid

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

For adding extra column in task grid to do the following:

- Clone the respective Free/My/Hold Task components.
- 2. Then the additional column can be added using the following example code snippet.

```
self.additionalColumns = [{
    dataIndex: 'customerName',
    dataType: 'string',
    displayType: 'text',
    width: '60px',
    sortable: true,
    resizable: true,
    accessTo: ['AVAILABLE', 'HOLD', 'ACQUIRED']
    }];
```

The above code needs to be added in js file of the cloned components.

While calling **fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-work-list** from the html of the cloned components please make a call like this (which also sends additional columns as a property).

Example:

```
<fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-work-list id='completedTaskGridCCA' dashboard-
id='STANDARD' dashboard-
queue-name='ACQUIRED'
   process-code={{processCode}} dashboard-queue-type='L' worklist-
columns='{{columnArray}}'
   additional-columns='{{additionalColumns}}' page-size=20 dependent-
vm="{{dialogParameters}}"></fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-work-list>
```

3. Making these changes would display the extra column in the task screens.

# 9.19 Steps to use Additional Buttons provision in Task Screen

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

In the custom component (example - fsgbu-ob-slp0-vp-wl-locked-task-extended) from where you will be calling **fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-work-list**, make the following changes:

1. In the js file you can declare an array of the buttons you want to include like this-

```
self.extraButtons = [{ label: 'Extraa', icons: start: 'oj-ux-ico-refresh' }, display: 'all',
accessTo: ['L', 'F', 'H', 'C', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'T', 'WFCC']
}, { label: 'Extrab',
icons: { start: 'oj-ux-ico-refresh' },
display: 'all', accessTo: ['L', 'F']
}
]
```

2. And also the method which needs to be executed on the button click.

```
self.extraa = function(data) {
console.log("it got called");
}
```



The function name should be same as label of the button (in lower case).

3. In the HTML file, additional buttons attribute needs to be included like this:

```
<fsgbu-ob-cmn-fd-work-list id='completedTaskGridCCA' dashboard-
id='STANDARD'
dashboard-queue-name='ACQUIRED' dashboard-queue-type='L' worklist-
columns='{{columnArray}}' additional-columns='{{additionalColumns}}'
additional-buttons='{{extraButtons}}' page-size=20>
</fsqbu-ob-cmn-fd-work-list>
```

4. In the json file, the methods which would be implemented on the custom button click needs to be exposed.

```
"methods": {
    "extraa": {
        "description": "Would be implemented on Extraa button click"
    },
        "extrab": {
        "description": "Would be implemented on Extrab button click"
    }
}
```

# 9.20 Steps to create common-extended folder for extending configJSON.js file

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on common-extended folder for extending configJSON.js file.

For creating common-extended folder for extending configJSON.js file to do the following:

- Create a folder inside extended-components\js\components.
- Folder structure \common-extended\js\util.
- Next we will add a file configJSON.js in the created folder.
- 4. The code inside this configJSON.js would be like-

```
define(['cmn-util/configJSON'], function (baseobj) {
baseobj.applicationObject.entityIdByProcessCode['CUSTOM'] = {'ccName':
'fsgbu-
ob-remo-deposit-ct-process-flow', 'Name': 'RD Amount Block', 'shortName':
'RD
Amount Block'};
});
```

- 5. Some understanding of the code: -
  - Including the base object by giving the path of configJSON.js base file.
  - Then for example adding the entry for custom process as shown above.
  - The extended configJSON file would be loaded from base commonFunction.js
- 6. Insertion of the below script into PRODUCT EXTENDED LEDGER table

```
Insert into PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER
(ID,CCA_NAME,CCA_TYPE,PARENT_CCA_NAME,PRODUCT_NAME) select nvl(new_uuid
,'common-extended','config',null,'EXTENDED_COMPONENTS'from
PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER;
```

# 9.21 Customizing Existing LOV Fetch Result

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the Customizing Existing LOV Fetch Result.

Modifying the retrieval output of an existing LOV to meet specific requirements.

- Ins cope Data segment can be used for addition of new fields. (using jquery, at any position, we can add the field).
- Service Extensibility to be used for overriding the base method, OBX tool will generate the
  base service jar from base service war and this jar should be used to override the base
  service method and implement the custom changes.
- From UI, call will go to custom service, from custom service, call will go to base service for base field persistence as Java to Java call, then custom functionality to be implemented for persistence of custom fields as part of REST call to another custom service.
- For LOV data, custom projection service to be written. Custom Event needs to be raised
  while custom fields persistence. For base fields, a call can be made from projection service
  to base service to fetch data and persisting over the projection schema.



# 9.22 Steps for adding Pre/post methods in extended components

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

Suppose here we consider that we want to persist custom fields on postnext call (which means first 'self.next' method of base would get called and then the control will come in postnext method written in extended component).

- 1. Write postnext method in .js file of the extended component wherein you can call the custom Api for persisting the custom fields.
- **2.** Expose this method in the .json file of the extended component.
- Similarly we can add prenext method as well.(it would get executed before 'self.next' method of base executes).



The hooks for these methods to work should be a part of common infrastructure components in appshell.

4. Below is the list of CCAs and the common methods which has pre and post hooks:

Table 9-1 List of CCAs - Field Description

| CCA Name                                  | Common method name                           | Pre hook present | Post hook present |
|---|--|------------------|-------------------|
| fsgbu-ob-cmn-ct-<br>authorization         | compare                                      | No               | Yes               |
|   | approve                                      | No               | Yes               |
| fsgbu-ob-cmn-ct-act-<br>summary- template | delete                                       | No               | Yes               |
|   | reopen                                       | No               | Yes               |
|   | close  | No               | Yes               |
| fsgbu-ob-cmn-ct-<br>maintenance           | save   | Yes              | Yes               |
| fsgbu-ob-cmn-ct-wizard                    | next   | Yes              | Yes               |
|   | previous                                     | Yes              | Yes               |
|   | saveClose                                    | Yes              | Yes               |
|   | cancel                                       | Yes              | Yes               |
|   | hold   | Yes              | Yes               |
|   | Applicable for custom footer buttons as well | Yes              | Yes               |
| fsgbu-ob-cmn-ct-rs-<br>authorization      | approve                                      | No               | Yes               |
| fsgbu-ob-cmn-ct-<br>summary-template      | delete                                       | No               | Yes               |
|   | open   | No               | Yes               |
|   | close  | No               | Yes               |



### 9.23 ENDPOINT Overrides

This topic describes the endpoint overrides.

To enhance the endpoint override extensibility, we've added a new column, CCA\_NAME, to the **PRODUCT SERVICE EXT LEDGER** table.

This column provides an extensibility for overriding the existing endpoint behaviour for specific UI components.

#### How to configure:

- 1. Determine the component for which you want to override the endpoint.
- Enter the component's name in the CCA\_NAME column of the PRODUCT SERVICE EXT LEDGER table.
- PRODUCT\_NAME & ENDPOINT\_KEY must be same as endpoint we are extending.
- 4. The ENDPOINT\_VALUE field should be populated with the new endpoint URI, while the SERVICE\_NAME field should specify the corresponding service to which this endpoint belongs.
- An entry of extension service should also be present in PRODUCT\_SERVICE\_CTX\_LEDGER to pick up the new APPID or other properties.
- If CCA\_NAME column contains NULL value, then endpoint override will be applicable across all components subscribed to respective ENDPOINT\_KEY.

Figure 9-36 Endpoint 1



Figure 9-37 Endpoint 2



#### How it works:

When a request is made for the component, the ext orchestrator service will now consult the **CCA\_NAME** column. If a matching entry exists, the endpoint specified in the ext orchestrator service (PRODUCT\_SERVICE\_EXT\_LEDGER) will take precedence over the existing endpoint of base product.

#### This new approach offers several advantages:

- Any endpoint can be extended using this approach.
- The PRODUCT\_SERVICE\_EXT\_LEDGER table is independent of product-related flyway updates, ensuring that future changes won't impact existing overrides.

 This extensibility allows for specific endpoint overrides, other components are unaffected with their original endpoints.

# 9.24 Steps to create util-extended folder

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

- 1. Create a folder inside extended-components\js\components in app-shell for component you want to make label-changes.
- 2. Folder structure: <%componentName%>-util-extended\resources\<component-name>\nls. **Example**: for sms it would look like: sms-util-extended\resources\sms\nls.
- 3. Add the file bundle.js in the created folder.
- 4. The code inside bundle.js would be like-

- 5. Some understanding for the code: -
  - Including the base labels by giving the path of bundle.js of main component.
  - Then changing the labels accordingly like in the example above -> Home Branch is replaced with "Foreign111n Branch".
  - Returning the labels (including the changes).
- 6. Insertion of the below script into **PRODUCT\_EXTENDED\_LEDGER** table.

```
Insert into PRODUCT_EXTENDED_LEDGER
ID,CCA_NAME,CCA_TYPE,PARENT_CCA_NAME,PRODUCT_NAME)
select nvl(new_uuid    ,'<%=componentName%>-util-
extended','util',null,'EXTENDED COMPONENTS'from PRODUCT EXTENDED LEDGER;
```

# 9.25 Dynamic Data Configuration (DDC)

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

DDC is an infrastructure component comprising a user interface and a service.

It empowers developers to define prepared statements for dynamic data retrieval. The Dynamic Data Configuration (DDC) service's response is utilized by UI components or invoking services to render List of Values (LOV) results.

Dynamic Data Configuration infra can be utilized with OBX code to call endpoint and bind the response.

#### Prerequisites:

 For domain services to perform dynamic data queries on the domain schema, the @ComponentScan annotation must include the "oracle.fsgbu.plato.validation" where domain services reside.

#### Figure 9-38 Plato Validation

- A database schema created for the Dynamic Data Configuration service.
- A configured JDBC data source named jdbc/PLATODYNADATA on the server.
- Configure newly created schema name in PROPERTIES table of PLATO schema.

#### Figure 9-39 PLATO schema

|                             |      | ∯ LABEL | ⊕ KEY                                 |                          |
|-----------------------------|------|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| plato-dynamic-data-services | jdbc | jdbc    | flyway.domain.schemas                 | OBEDX_PLATODYNADATA_DEV1 |
| plato-dynamic-data-services | jdbc | jdbc    | flyway.domain.placeholderReplacement  | false                    |
| plato-dynamic-data-services | jdbc | jdbc    | flyway.domain.outOfOrder              | true                     |
| plato-dynamic-data-services | jdbc | jdbc    | flyway.domain.locations               | db/migration/domain      |
| plato-dynamic-data-services | jdbc | jdbc    | flyway.domain.ignoreMissingMigrations | true                     |
| plato-dynamic-data-services | jdbc | jdbc    | flyway.domain.db.jndi                 | jdbc/PLATODYNADATA       |

#### **Deployment Steps:**

- 1. Deploy the Dynamic Data Configuration service to the server.
- 2. Once deployed, the Dynamic Data Configuration user interface should be accessible.

#### **Configuration steps:**

- Select the desired product processor.
- 2. Specify the service name.
- 3. Define the unique key for the data.
- 4. List the required **columns**.
- 5. Provide the **from query** to retrieve data.
- **6.** Set the **paging parameters** (if applicable).
- Determine the desired response format.



Figure 9-40 Dynamic Data Configure



#### **Test Query:**

• **Test API**: Use the test API to execute the query. Provide any necessary query parameters and click "OK." The results will be displayed based on the query.

Figure 9-41 Modal Dialog

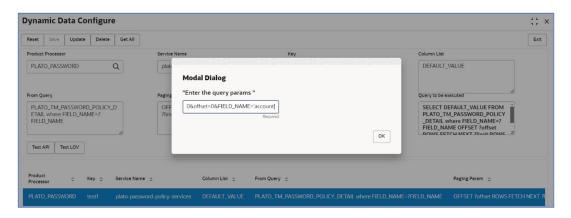


Figure 9-42 Success



Test LOV: If applicable, use the test List of Values (LOV) to test the query.

Figure 9-43 Modal Dialog

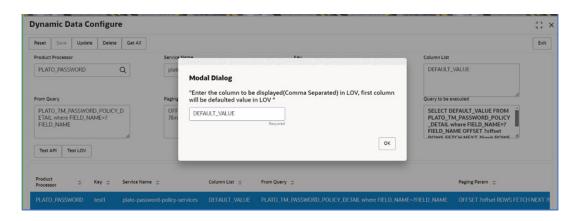


Figure 9-44 Test LOV



Once satisfied with the results, save the dynamic data query.

# 9.26 Task Screen Custom Config

This topic provides the systematic instructions to perform the basic operations on the selected records.

This document outlines how to customize the task screen using a **CUSTOM\_CONFIG** table, you can show or hide existing columns, and even add additional filters to the task search screen for specific fields.

#### Prerequisites:

Ensure that all columns on the task screen are listed in the **CUSTOM\_CONFIG** table present in **PLATO\_ORCH** schema. All the default columns would already be present in this table.

- For all the default columns in Task screen, TASK\_SCREEN\_VIEW column value will be set to YES by default. If consulting wishes to hide any default column, they can set it to NO.
- Also, if they wish to add new custom column, they need to add the key (key in which we
  will get the value of custom field in response of task screen plato-orch-service/api/v1/

**extn/tasks** api ) of that column in **CUSTOM\_FIELD\_NAME** column in CUSTOM\_CONFIG table.

#### **Adding Custom Filters**

- 1. Determine the custom field for which you want to add a filter.
- Update CUSTOM\_CONFIG table:
  - Add the field name (custom field key) to the CUSTOM\_FIELD\_NAME column.
  - Set the SEARCH\_SCREEN\_VIEW column to YES for this field.

Once these changes are made, the additional filter will be displayed on the search screen's UI.

Figure 9-45 Custom Fields 1

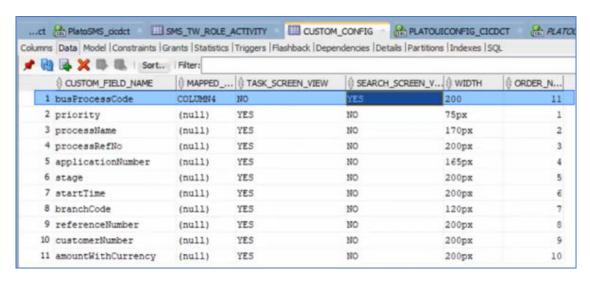
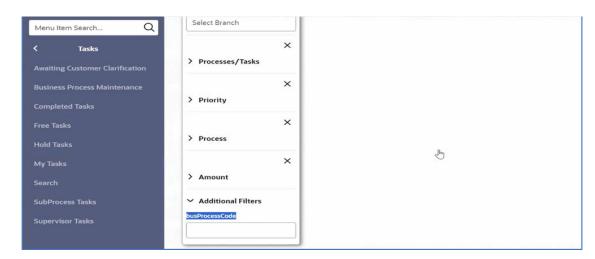


Figure 9-46 Screen UI



#### Hiding/Adding Columns on the Task Screen:

- Identify the column you want to hide.
- Update CUSTOM\_CONFIG table: Set the TASK\_SCREEN\_VIEW column to NO for that column.



After updating the configuration, the column will no longer be visible on the task screen.

Figure 9-47 Custom Fields 2

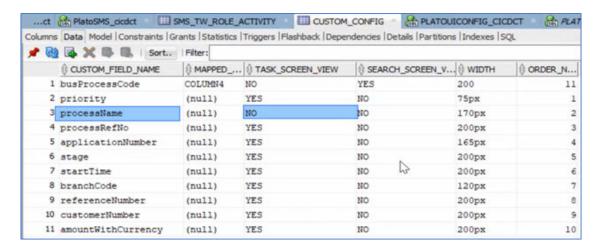
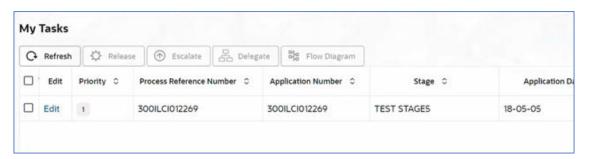


Figure 9-48 Task List



Similarly, we can even add new custom column in Task screens. For this they need to add the custom field name (key in which we will get the value of custom field in response of task screen plato-orch-service/api/v1/extn/tasks api ) of that column in CUSTOM\_FIELD\_NAME column in CUSTOM CONFIG table.

Configurations needed from backend:

Configurations needed from backend side to get the custom field in **plato-orch-service/api/v1/extn/tasks** response –

During workflow initiation, the customer provides key-value pairs for specific columns. In the **CUSTOM\_CONFIG** table, columns are mapped under the **MAPPED\_COLUMN\_NAME** field. For instance, COLUMN4 is mapped to a custom field name, such as CustomField.

Here's how it works: In the **CUSTOM\_CONFIG** table, COLUMN4 is mapped to the field CustomField. During workflow initiation, the customer provides the value for COLUMN4, such as COLUMN4 = CF\_1. The system uses this mapping to interpret the value as follows: CustomField (from the CUSTOM\_CONFIG mapping) will get the value CF\_1 for that task, provided by the customer during initiation. This allows the customer to input COLUMN4 = CF\_1 during workflow initiation, and it will be mapped with **CUSTOM\_FIELD\_NAME** based on the mapping defined in the **CUSTOM\_CONFIG** table This way, you can map any internal column to a custom field name that suits your specific use case.



Additionally, the columns that can be used for such mappings currently range from COLUMN1 to COLUMN20, providing flexibility to define up to 20 custom fields.

Figure 9-49 Custom Fields 3

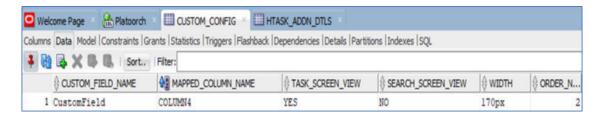


Figure 9-50 Test Workflow

10

# Reference and Feedback

This section describes following topics:

- Reference
- Documentation Accessibility
- Feedback and Support

### 10.1 Reference

For more information on any related features, you can refer to the following documents:

Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench Installation Guide

# 10.2 Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/us/corporate/accessibility/index.html.

# 10.3 Feedback and Support

Oracle welcomes customers' comments and suggestions on the quality and usefulness of the document. Your feedback is important to us. If you have a query that is not covered in this user guide.

# Index

| A   | N  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Action URL and Static Tag Maintenance, 7-1 Additional Fields Maintenance, 6-1         | New Field in Existing Base Data Segment, 9-13 New Transaction screen – 1499 (Clone of 1401), 9-2 |  |  |
| C   |  |  |  |
| Creating final Extended Component war for Deployment, 4-17                            | OBX Release Command, 5-11 OBX UI, 2-5 OBX Update Command, 5-8                                    |  |  |
| Dashboard Widget, 4-14  | R  |  |  |
| <u>E</u>  | Reference and Feedback, 10-1 Running Component after Generation, 4-16                            |  |  |
| Entity Details, 2-6 Extending Product Data Segments with Additional Fields, 6-1       | S  |  |  |
| Extensibility Use Cases for OBBRN Servicing, 8-1 Extensibility Use Cases for OBX, 9-1 | Service Component, 9-10 Service Extensions, 3-1 Service Update, 5-9                              |  |  |
| Н   | Sign In, 4-4, 4-12<br>Steps for Modification of Base Component, 5-2                              |  |  |
| HTML Changes, 9-5   | 11   |  |  |
| I   | UI Extensions – Web Component, 4-1   |  |  |
| In-Scope DS, 5-10   | UI Update, 5-9 Understanding DB Scripts for Web Component,                                       |  |  |
| J   | 4-18   |  |  |
| JS Changes, 9-6   | V  |  |  |
| М   | Virtual Page, 4-6  |  |  |
| Maintenance Detail and Summary, 4-10 Model Changes, 9-9                               | W  |  |  |
| Modification of Base Web Component, 5-1   | Welcome to Oracle Banking Extensibility Workbench, 2-1   |  |  |

