# Oracle® Banking Payments Oracle Access Manager Integration





Oracle Banking Payments Oracle Access Manager Integration, Release 14.8.1.0.0

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## **Preface**

- Purpose
- Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

- Documentation Accessibility
- Critical Patches
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Conventions

#### 1.1 Purpose

This guide is designed to help acquaint you with the Oracle Banking Payments application. This guide provides answers to specific features and procedures that the user need to be aware of the module to function successfully.

#### 1.2 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

Table 1-1 User Roles

Role	Function
Implementation & IT Staff	Implementation & Maintenance of the Software

## 1.3 <u>Documentation Accessibility</u>

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <a href="http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc">http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc</a>.

#### **Access to Oracle Support**

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#### 1.4 Critical Patches

Oracle advises customers to get all their security vulnerability information from the Oracle Critical Patch Update Advisory, which is available at <u>Critical Patches</u>, <u>Security Alerts and Bulletins</u>. All critical patches should be applied in a timely manner to make sure effective security, as strongly recommended by <u>Oracle Software Security Assurance</u>.



## 1.5 Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

#### 1.6 Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

## Enabling Single Sign-on with Oracle Access Manager

- Introduction
- Prerequisites
- Background of SSO Related Components

#### 2.1 Introduction

Single sign-on capability of Oracle Banking Payments is qualified with Oracle Identity Management 11.1.1 (Fusion Middleware 11gR1), specifically using the Access Manager component of Oracle Identity Management. This feature is available in the releases Oracle Banking Payments V.UM 7.3.0.0.0.0.0 and onwards.

This document explains the method to enable single sign-on for Oracle Banking Payments deployment using Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g. You will also find backgrounds of various components of deployment and the configurations in Oracle Banking Payments and Oracle Access Manager that enable single sign-on using Oracle Internet Directory as a LDAP server.

### 2.2 Prerequisites

#### **Software Requirements**

#### Oracle Access Manager - OAM (11.1.1.5)

- Access Server
- Webtier Utilities 11.1.1.5
- Web Gate 11.1.1.5
- Http Server

#### **LDAP Directory Server**

Ensure that the LDAP used for Oracle Banking Payments Single Sign-on deployment is certified

to work with OAM.

Some of the LDAP directory servers supported as per OAM document are as follows.

#### Note

This is an indicative list. You can find the conclusive list in Oracle Access Manager Documentation.

- Oracle Internet Directory
- Active Directoryr



- ADAM
- ADSI
- Data Anywhere (Oracle Virtual Directory)
- IBM Directory Server
- NDS
- Sun Directory Serve

#### WebLogic (10.3.5)P

For achieving single sign-on for Oracle Banking Payments UBS in FMW 11gR1, the Weblogic instance must have an explicit Oracle HTTP server (OHS).

## 2.3 Background of SSO Related Components

- Oracle Access Manager (OAM)
- LDAP Directory Server
- WebGate/AccessGate
- Identity Asserter

#### 2.3.1 Oracle Access Manager (OAM)

Oracle Access Manager consists of the Access System and the Identity System. The Access System secures applications by providing centralized authentication, authorization and auditing to enable single sign-on and secure access control across enterprise resources. The Identity System manages information about individuals, groups and organizations. It enables delegated administration of users, as well as self-registration interfaces with approval workflows. These systems integrate seamlessly.

The backend repository for the Access Manager is an LDAP-based directory service that can be a combination of a multiple directory servers, which is leveraged for two main purposes:

- As the store for policy, configuration and workflow related data, which is used and managed by the Access and Identity Systems
- As the identity store, containing the user, group and organization data that is managed through the Identity System and is used by the Access System to evaluate access policies.

#### 2.3.2 LDAP Directory Server

When Oracle Banking Payments is integrated with OAM to achieve Single Sign-on feature, Oracle FLEXCUBE password policy management, such as password syntax and password7 expiry parameters can no longer be handled in Oracle FLEXCUBE. Instead, the password policy management can be delegated to the Directory Server. All password policy enforcements will be based on LDAP user IDs and passwords.

#### 2.3.3 WebGate/AccessGate

A WebGate is a Web server plug-in that is shipped out-of-the-box with Oracle Access Manager. The WebGate intercepts HTTP requests from users for Web resources and forwards it to the Access Server for authentication and authorization.



Whether you need a WebGate or an AccessGate depends on your use of the Oracle Access Manager Authentication provider. For instance, the:

Identity Asserter for Single Sign-On: Requires a separate WebGate and configuration profile for each application to define perimeter authentication. Ensure that the Access Management Service is On.

Authenticator or Oracle Web Services Manager: Requires a separate AccessGate and configuration profile for each application. Ensure that the Access Management Service is On.

#### 2.3.4 Identity Asserter

Identity Asserter uses Oracle Access Manager Authentication services and also validates already-authenticated Oracle Access Manager Users through the ObSSOCookie and creates a WebLogic-authenticated session. It also provides single sign-on between WebGates and portals. You can get more details on Identity asserter at

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E12839 01/core.1111/e10043/osso.htm



#### (i) Note

This document contains the configuration of Oracle Internet Directory as LDAP server and its configuration in Weblogic. This document does not discuss the configuration and setup of OAM and LDAP directory server of other LDAP servers. Such details are provided by the corresponding Software provider.

## Configuration

- Pre-requisites
- Changing web.xml file
- Configuring SSO in OAM Console
- First Launch of Oracle Banking Payments after Installation

## 3.1 Pre-requisites

The configuration steps are provided in this section based on the following assumptions:

- Oracle FLEXCUBE has already been deployed and is working without single sign-on.
- Oracle Access Manager and the LDAP server are installed and the requisite setup for connecting them along Weblogic's Identity Asserter is completed.

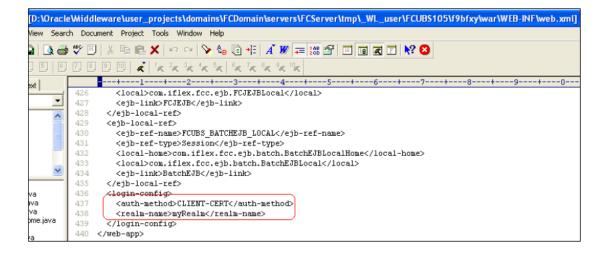
## 3.2 Changing web.xml file

Locate the file web.xml in the application (FCUBS) EAR file.

Locate the file web.xml in the application (FCUBS) EAR file.

```
<login-config>
<auth-method>CLIENT-CERT</auth-method>
<realm-name>myRealm</realm-name>
  </login-config>
```

Figure 3-1 login-config



Save the file and redeploy it. Restart the application.



## 3.3 Configuring SSO in OAM Console

After installing OAM, Webtier Utilities and Webgate, extend the Weblogic domain to create OAM server.

Follow the post installation scripts deployWebGate and EditHttpConf as explained in the page https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E17904\_01/install.1111/e12002/webgate004.htm

- Identity Store Creation
- Creating Authentication Module
- Creating OAM 11g Webgate
- Post OAM Webgate 11g Creation Steps
- Creating Authentication Scheme
- Creating Authentication Scheme
- Adding Resources
- Adding Authorization Policy
- Configuring mod\_wl\_ohs for Oracle Weblogic Server Clusters
- Checking the Webgate 11g Agent Creation
- Using OAM Test Tool

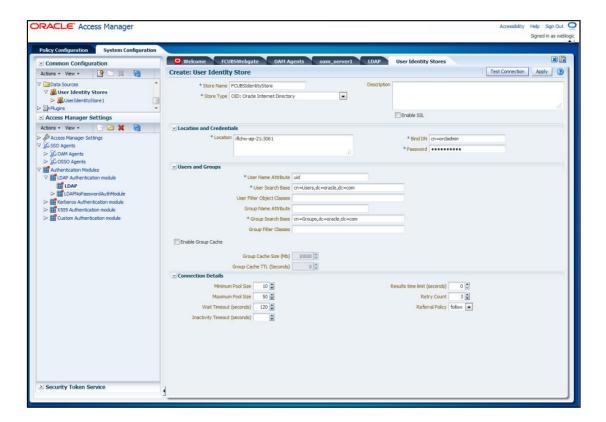
#### 3.3.1 Identity Store Creation

Create a new User Identity Store.

- Login to OAM Console.
- 2. Go to System Configuration, then Common configuration and click Data Sources to select User Identity Store.



Figure 3-2 Create User Identity Store



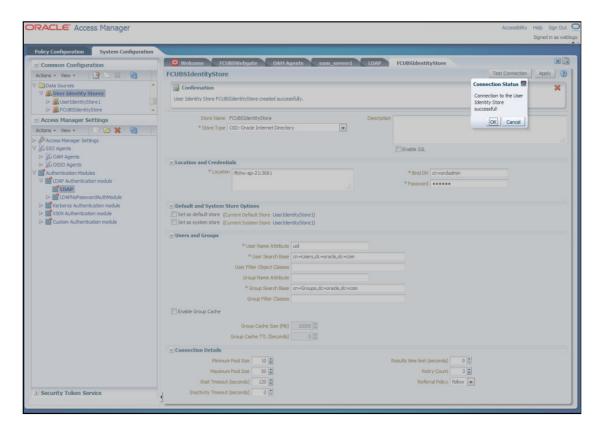
Specify the following details in the User Identity Store.

Field	Description
Store Type	Select Oracle Internet Directory.
Location	Specify the LDAP server Host name and Port Number in <postname>:PORT format.</postname>
Bind DN	Specify the user name to connect to the LDAP Server.
Password	Specify the password to connect to the LDAP Server.
User Name Attribute	Specify the attribute created in LDAP, which is the user name for the other application. in this example it is treated as the FCUBS Username.
User Search Base	Specify the container of the user name in the LDAP server.
Group Search Base	Specify the container of the group name in the LDAP server.

After entering the above details, click 'Apply' button. On Successful creation, click 'Test Connection' button to verify whether the LDAP connection is working fine.



Figure 3-3 FCUBSIdentityStore



#### 3.3.2 Creating Authentication Module

 Go to System Configuration, then Access Manager Settings and click Authentication Modules to select LDAP Authentication Module.



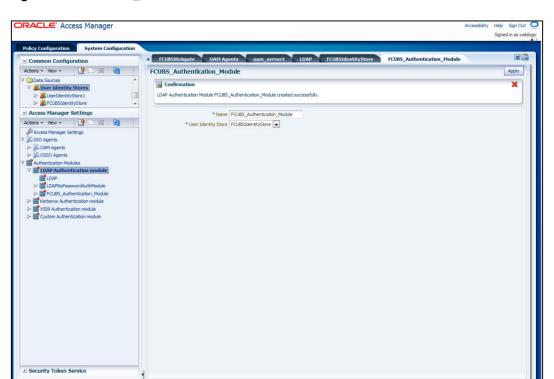


Figure 3-4 FCUBS\_ Authentication Module

2. Click **New** button to create new Authentication Module.

Specify the following details in the User Identity Store.

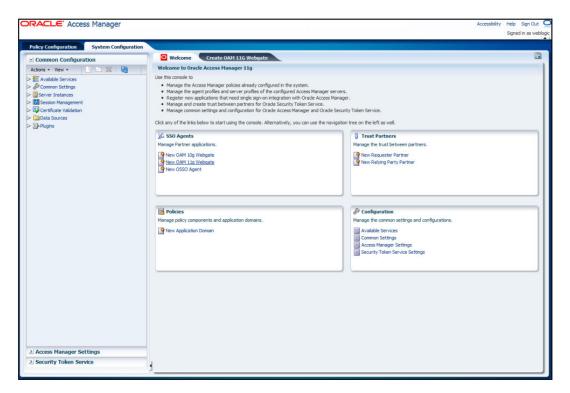
Field	Description
Name	Specify the name of the authentication module.
User Identity Store	Specify the user identity store you had created in the previous step.

#### 3.3.3 Creating OAM 11g Webgate

 Go to System Configuration, then Access Manager Settings and click SSo Agents to OAM Agents.

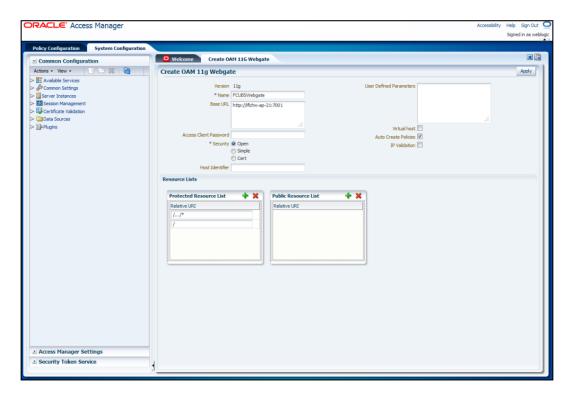


Figure 3-5 Create OAM 11g Webgate



 Click Create 11g webgate button or New OAM 11g Webgate link on the Welcome page New button to create new Authentication Module.

Figure 3-6 Create OAM 11g Webgate



Specify a name for Webgate and the Base URL (the host and port of the computer on which the Web server for the Webgate is installed). Click **Apply** button.



Once the OAM 11g Webgate created, add filterOAMAuthnCookie=false parameter along with default parameters in User Defined Parameters.

Click Apply button to save the changes.

#### 3.3.4 Post OAM Webgate 11g Creation Steps

Complete the following steps to copy the artifacts to the Webgate installation directory:

- On the Oracle Access Manager Console host, locate the updated OAM Agent ObAccessClient.xml configuration file and any certificate artifacts.
   For example: \$DOMAIN HOME/output/\$Agent Name/ObAccessClient.xml
- 2. On the OAM Agent host, copy artifacts (to the following Webgate directory path). Example: 11gWebgate\_instance\_dir/webgate/config/ObAccessClient.xml

(for instance WebTier\_Middleware\_Home/Oracle\_WT1/instances/instance1/config/OHS/ohs1/webgate/config/ObAccessClient.xml)

#### 3.3.5 Creating Authentication Scheme

- 1. Go to Policy Configuration, then Authentication Schemes.
- 2. Click **Create** button to create a new Authentication Scheme.

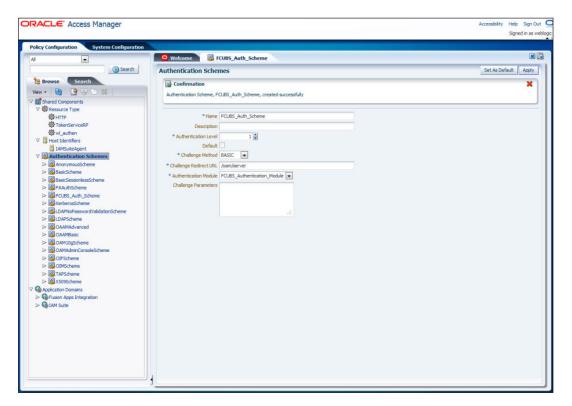


Figure 3-7 FCUBS\_ Authentication Scheme

Specify the following details in the User Identity Store.

Field	Description
Name	Specify a name to identify Authentication Scheme.



Field	Description
Challenge Method	Select 'BASIC'.
Challenge Redirect URL	Specify '/oam/server'.
Authentication Module	Select the authentication module that you had created in an earlier step (Creating Authentication Module).
	If it is a basic authentication scheme, you need to add the 'enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials' tag to the config.xml file located under '/user_projects/domains/ <mydomain>/config/'.</mydomain>
	Insert the tag before the end of the <security-configuration> tag as follows:</security-configuration>
	<pre><enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>falseauthcredentials&gt; </enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials></pre>

#### 3.3.6 Creating Authentication Scheme

- 1. Go to Policy Configuration, then Application Domains.
- 2. Select [Webgate agent name] under Authentication Policies
- 3. Click **New** button and specify the following information.

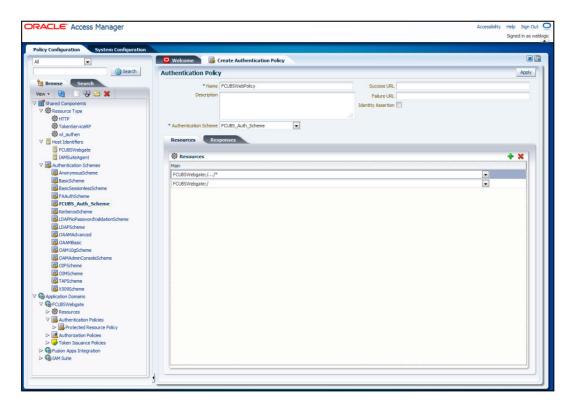


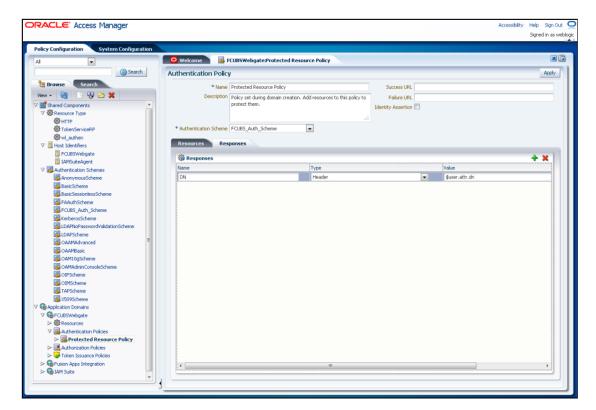
Figure 3-8 Authentication Policy

Specify the following details.



Field	Description
Name	Specify a name to identify the Authentication Policy (Eg: FCUBSWebPolicy).
Authentication Scheme	Select the authentication scheme you created in the previous step (Creating Authentication Scheme).
Resources	Add the resources which should be protected. If you add <webgatename>:// and <webgatename>:/ in the resources, then all the sources are protected.  Add DN in the Responses section.</webgatename></webgatename>

Figure 3-9 Authentication Policy



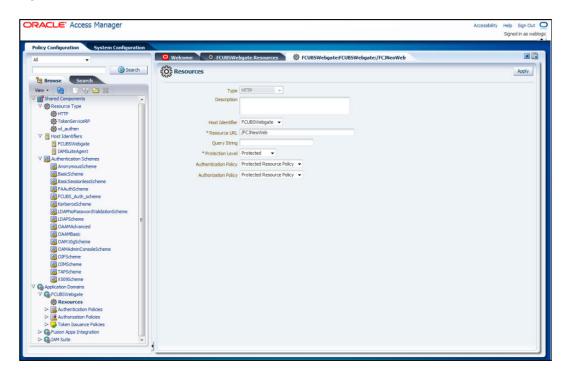
Enter the value as \$user.attr.dn. The responses maintained in this tab will be added in the response header at the time of authentication.

#### 3.3.7 Adding Resources

- 1. Go to Policy Configuration, then Application Domains.
- 2. Select FCUBSWebgate and click Resources.
- 3. Click Create New Resource button.



Figure 3-10 Resources



Specify the following details.

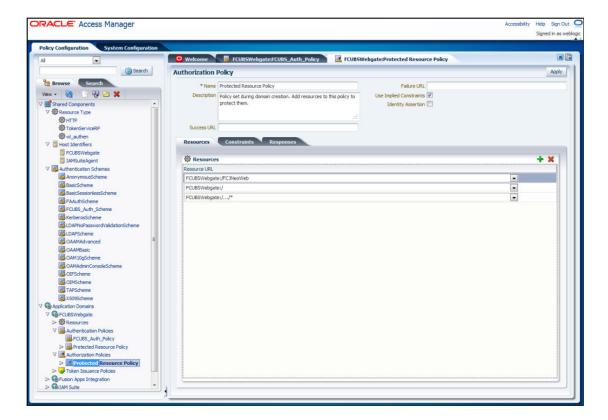
Field	Description
Туре	Select 'HTTP'.
Host Identifier	Select 'FCUBSWebgate'.
Resource URL	Specify '/FCJNeoWeb'.
Protection Level	Select 'Protected'.
	Click 'Apply' button to update the resource added.
Authentication Policy	Select the authentication policy and authorisation policy as 'Protected Resource Policy'.

## 3.3.8 Adding Authorization Policy

Check whether the resources available in the authentication policies are available in Authorization Policy.

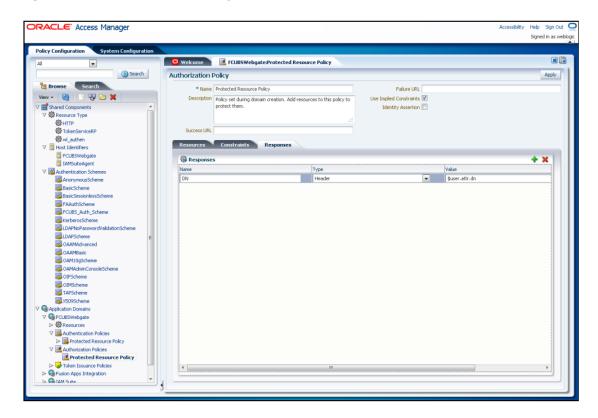


Figure 3-11 Authorization Policy



During web gate creation, these values are defaulted.

Figure 3-12 Authorization Policy



Add DN in the 'Responses' tab. Enter the value as \$user.attr.dn.

The responses maintained in the tab will be added in the response header during authorization.

#### 3.3.9 Configuring mod\_wl\_ohs for Oracle Weblogic Server Clusters

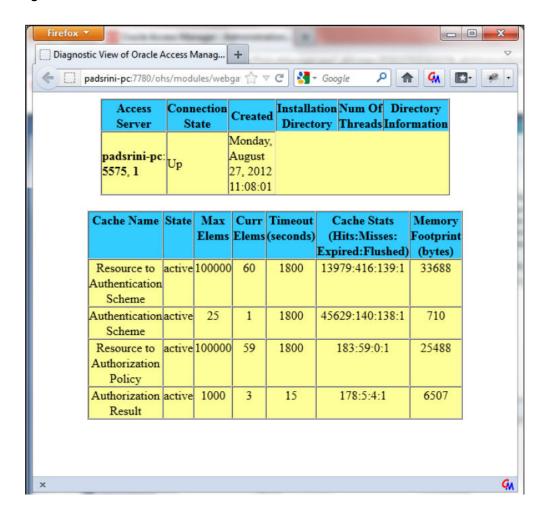
In order to enable the Oracle HTTP Server instances to route to applications deployed on the Oracle Weblogic Server Clusters, add the below directive to the mod\_wl\_ohs.sh file in directory '<Weblogic Home> /Oracle WT1/instances/instance1/config/OHS/ohs1'.

#### 3.3.10 Checking the Webgate 11g Agent Creation

After configuration of webgate 11g agent, go to the URL http://<hostname>:<ohs\_Port>/ohs/modules/webgate.cgi?progid=1 and verify whether the webgate configuration is fine. If the URL launches the following screen, then it indicates that the webgate configuration works fine.



Figure 3-13 Firefox



#### 3.3.11 Using OAM Test Tool

This step is not mandatory.

Oracle Access Manager Test Tool helps you check the response parameter values. The test tool is available in <OAM Install Dir>\ oam\server\tester.

Eg. D:\weblogic\Middleware\Oracle\_IDM1\oam\server\tester

Use java -jar oamtest.jar to launch the OAM test tool.



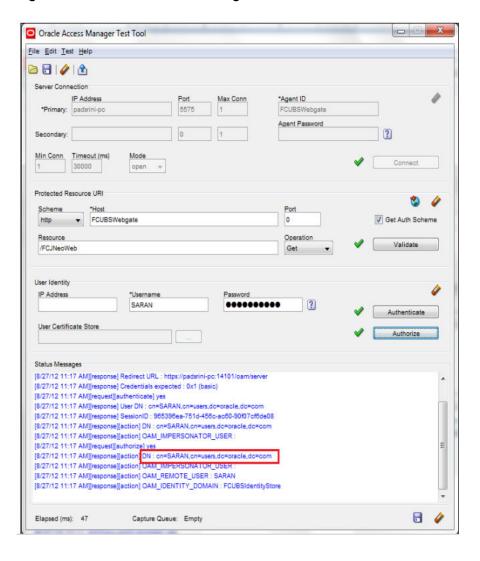


Figure 3-14 Oracle Access Manager Test Tool

## 3.4 First Launch of Oracle Banking Payments after Installation

After installing Oracle Banking Payments and launching it for the first time, you will see the Oracle Banking Payments login screen which prompts for user ID and password. This is because the parameter 'sso installed' is set to 'N' during installation.

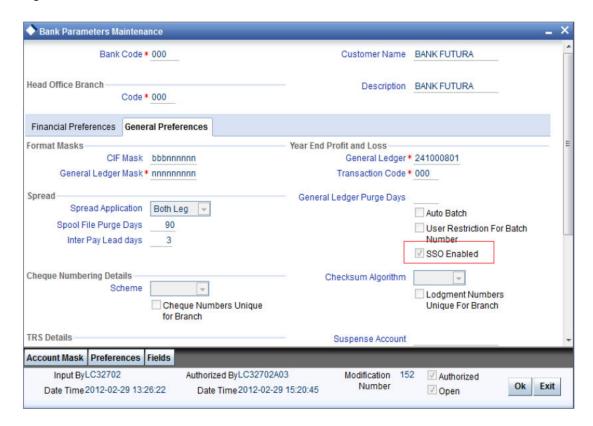
- Bank Parameter Maintenance
- SSO Parameters
- Maintaining Branch Level DN Template (Branch Maintenance)
- Maintaining LDAP DN for FCUBS users
- Launching Oracle Banking Payments
- Signoff in a SSO Situation



#### 3.4.1 Bank Parameter Maintenance

In order to enable SSO for Oracle Banking Payments, login to the application and check 'SSO Enabled' check box in 'Bank Parameters Maintenance' screen.

Figure 3-15 FCUBS\_ Authentication Module

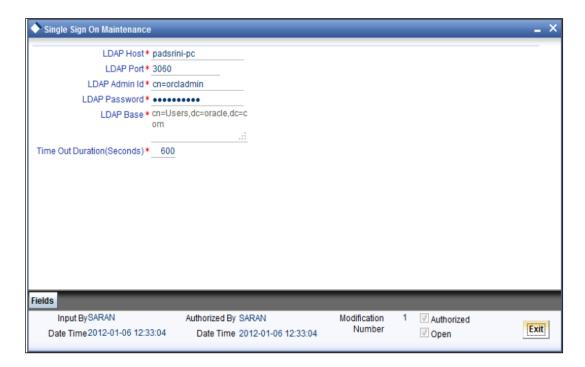


#### 3.4.2 SSO Parameters

After enabling SSO, you need to maintain the parameters required for SSO. Go to 'Security Maintenance -> Sys. Administration -> SSO Maintenance'.



Figure 3-16 Single Sign On Maintenance



Specify all the details such as Directory Server Host Name, Port Number, LDAP Admin User ID, Admin Password, LDAP Base and Login Time Out Duration (in seconds).

#### 3.4.3 Maintaining Branch Level DN Template (Branch Maintenance)

Go to the 'Branch Maintenance' screen of Oracle Banking Payments

You need to maintain LDAP DN template for each branch. This is used in the Oracle FLEXCUBE user maintenance form to populate corresponding LDAP user ID automatically from this template. Go to 'Branch Parameters' screen and click 'Preferences' button.



**Branch Parameters Preferences Profit and Loss Adjustment** Netting Suspense General Track Previous Year Profit Walk In Customer 000003171 And Loss Adjustment Internal Swap Customer 000003171 **Revaluation Split Details** Clearing Account Revaluation Split Required Offset Clearing Account Weekly Holiday 1 Saturday Suspense Product Maintenance Weekly Holiday 2 Sunday **Debit Product** Clearing Bank Code Description MIS Group For Currency Credit Product Interdict Validation Required Interdict Timeout Interval International Banking Account Number Masks Status Processing Basis Contract Level -Bank Code aaaann Provisioning Frequency Daily -Account Number aann Uncollected Funds Basis **FGL Integration** Uncollected Funds \* ☑ Deferred Statement FGL Handoff Required Generation **ELCM Integration** Enterprise General Ledger ✓ ELCM Replication Minor Age Limit (Yrs) 18 Notification Days Cheque Stale Days Limit Expiry Advice Notification Back Value Details LDAP DN Template Back Valued Check LDAP DN Template cn=<FCCUSR>,cn=User s.dc=oracle.dc=com Required Back Value Days

Figure 3-17 Bank Parameter Preferences

Specify the LDAP DN Template.

**LCY Message Preferences** 

Eg.: LDAP DN Template: cn=<FCJUSR>,cn=Users,dc=i-flex,dc=com

In the above template cn=<FCJUSR> part must be there without alteration. However, the rest of the DN name can be changed based on the configuration.

#### 3.4.4 Maintaining LDAP DN for FCUBS users

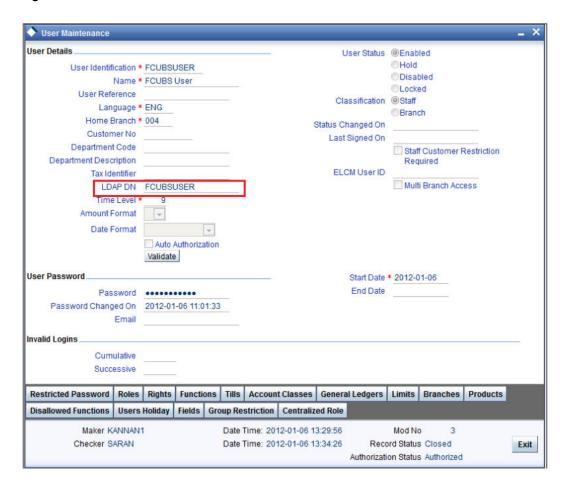
For each user ID in Oracle FCUBS, a user has to be created in the LDAP.

When creating the user in LDAP, ensure that the DN is same as the LDAP DN specified in 'User Maintenance'. Once the user is created in LDAP, go to the 'User Maintenance' in Oracle FCUBS. If the Oracle FCUBS user already exists, then unlock the user maintenance and update the LDAP DN value which was set while creating the user in LDAP. Click 'Validate' button to check whether any other user has the same LDAP DN value.

Ok Exit



Figure 3-18 User Maintenance



#### 3.4.5 Launching Oracle Banking Payments

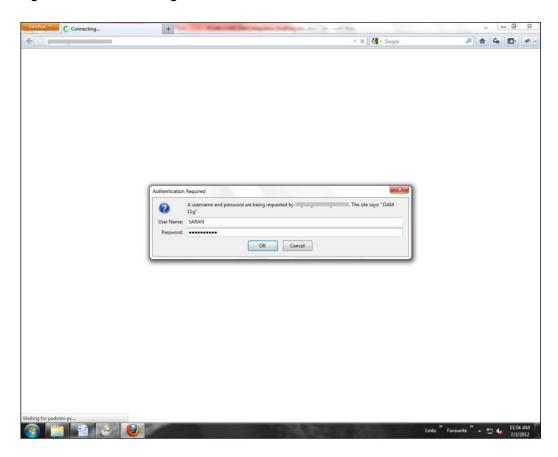
After setting up Oracle Banking Payments to work on Single Sign on mode, navigate to the interim servlet URL from your browser.

Eg.: http://<hostname>:[port]/FCJNeoWeb

Since the resource is protected, the WebGate challenges the user for credentials as shown below.



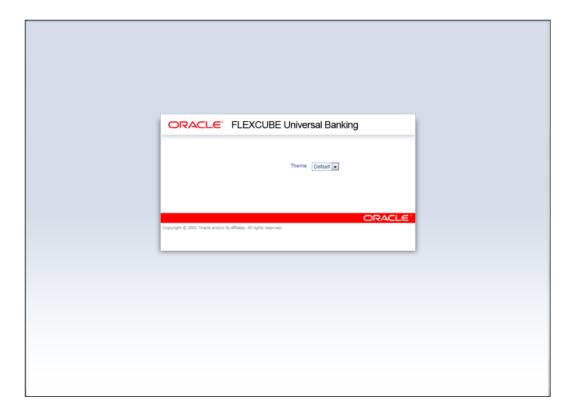
Figure 3-19 Connecting



Once the user is authenticated and authorized to access the resource, the servlet gets redirected to Oracle Banking Payments application server URL. You can see the new sign-on screen. The application automatically redirects to Oracle Banking Payments home page.



Figure 3-20 Oracle Flexcube Universal Banking



#### 3.4.6 Signoff in a SSO Situation

Oracle Banking Payments does not provide for single signoff. When a user signs off from Oracle Banking Payments, the session established with Oracle Access Manager by the user will not be modified in any manner.

In an SSO situation the 'Signoff' action in Oracle Banking Payments functions as 'Exit'. On clicking 'Signoff', the user will exit Oracle Banking Payments. The user needs to re-launch Oracle Banking Payments using the Banking Payments launch URL to use it again.