Oracle® Banking Treasury Management Length Semantics Setup Guide





Oracle Banking Treasury Management Length Semantics Setup Guide, Release 14.8.1.0.0

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Preface

This topic contains the following sub-topics:

- Purpose
- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Critical Patches
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Related Resources
- Conventions
- Screenshot Disclaimer
- Acronyms and Abbreviations

Purpose

This manual explains the steps to setup session-level character length semantics during Oracle Banking Treasury Management installation.

Audience

This guide is intended for anyone responsible for installing Oracle Banking Application.

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Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also



mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

Related Resources

For more information, see these Oracle Banking Treasury Management resources:

- Oracle Banking Treasury Management Release Notes
- Oracle Banking Treasury Management Installer Index
- Oracle Banking Treasury Management Installer Prerequisite

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning	
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.	
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.	
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.	

Screenshot Disclaimer

Personal information used in the interface or documents is dummy and does not exist in the real world. It is only for reference purposes.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

The acronyms and abbreviations are listed in this below table:

Table Acronyms and Abbreviations

Abbreviations or Acronyms	Definition
DV	Derivatives
ETD	Exchange Traded Derivatives
FX	Foreign Exchange
MM	Money Market
OBTR	Oracle Banking Treasury Management
ODT	Open Development Tool
ОТ	Over the Counter Options
SE	Securities
SR	Securities Repo

Length Semantic Setup

Oracle Banking Treasury Management supports multi-byte characters by means of setting session-level character length semantics during OBTR installation using the NLS LENGTH SEMANTICS parameter of Oracle Database.

Most of the application code is written without explicit length semantics (BYTE or CHAR) and, hence, adapts to the session-level semantics during compilation at the time of OBTR installation.

This topic has the following sub-topics:

- Background
- **Approach**

1.1 Background

NLS LENGTH SEMANTICS parameter allows you to specify the length of a column datatype/ PLSQL variable in terms of characters (CHAR) instead of the default BYTE. Typically, you would need this if you were to deal with (in PL/SQL code) and store data that contains multibyte characters such as Japanese or Mandarin characters.

Oracle strongly recommends that you do not set NLS LENGTH SEMANTICS parameter on instance level (i.e. in the server parameter file) but only use it to alter session-level semantics as necessary. From MOS note 144808.1:

"Oracle advices to use explicit CHAR semantics in the SQL or PL/SQL syntax OR To make sure your application does an "ALTER SESSION SET NLS LENGTH SEMANTICS=CHAR:" when connecting if CHAR semantics is required but the semantic is not defined explicit in SQL."

Based on this note and other available documentation for the parameter, we recommend an approach in the next section, which should be followed in sites where multi-byte character support is required.



(i) Note

SR with oracle mentioned below is feasible. (SR 3-16364463401)

1.2 Approach

In situations where PL/SQL code would interact with multi-byte character data and the same kind of data would be stored in OBTR tables, follow below approach: Please note the approach is suggested for 12c and above Database version only.

- . Complete the database installation and set up as per the Oracle OBTR Database Best Practices for your OBTR release.
- Immediately after creating the OBTR application user (schema), create a logon trigger as the SYS user to alter each new session so that the session-level length semantics are



maintained as CHAR for the user at all times. For example, if the schema name were OBTR and the trigger was named "FCUSER_LOGON", the trigger would look like: CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER SYS.FCUSER_LOGON AFTER LOGON ON OBTR.SCHEMA BEGIN EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'alter session set nls_length_semantics=CHAR'; END;

- 3. Proceed with the rest of the OBTR installation as per the installation documents. In situations where an operation results in OBTR objects being invalidated, make sure the objects are re-compiled either:
 - a. By the OBTR schema user using one of the following options:
 - b. SYS.UTL_RECOMP.RECOMP_PARALLEL procedure
 - c. SYS.UTL_RECOMP.RECOMP_SERIAL procedure
- 4. By a user with appropriate privileges on SYS.UTL_RECOMP package (such as the SYS user) using one of the following options only:
 - a. SYS.UTL_RECOMP.RECOMP_PARALLEL procedure
 - b. SYS.UTL_RECOMP.RECOMP_SERIAL procedure

Oracle OBTR strongly advises against manually compiling OBTR schema objects (using ALTER...COMPILE) as a non-OBTR application user when length semantics of CHAR are being enforced. Such an attempt may change the NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS parameter setting of the PL/SQL objects to BYTE and this may result in runtime exceptions within the application, such as: "ORA-06502- PL/SQL: numeric or value error: character string buffer too small".

(i) Note

If the OBTR schema is ever re-compiled using SYS.DBMS_UTILITY.COMPILE_SCHEMA in an environment that is using CHAR semantics, then it must be ensured that for the user executing the procedure, the session-level NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS parameter is set to CHAR. This is because while SYS.UTL_RECOMP.x procedures re-use existing PL/SQL object settings, SYS.DBMS_UTILITY.COMPILE_SCHEMA compiles the objects with the NLS settings of the invoking user's session and may alter the PL/SQL object settings of the objects (including length semantics).