

# Oracle® Banking Microservices Architecture

## ANNEXURE – 4



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# Preface

## Purpose

This guide is a supporting document for the installation of Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture applications. The user can find the reference in the respective installation guides.

## Audience

This guide is intended for WebLogic admin or ops-web team who are responsible for installing OFSS Banking Products.

## Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations that are used in this guide are as follows:

**Table 1 Acronyms and Abbreviations**

Abbreviation	Description
SMS	Security Management System
CMC	Common Core
MOC	Manufacturing Operations Center

## List of Topics

This guide is organized as follows:

**Table 2 List of Topics**

Topics	Description
<a href="#">Setting Up Multi Node (High Availability Architecture)</a>	This topic provides the information about multi node setup.
<a href="#">NGINX Load Balancer Services</a>	This topic provides the information about the NGINX load balancer services.

## Related Documents

For more information, refer to the following documents:

- Product Installation Guide

# 1

## Setting Up Multi Node (High Availability Architecture)

This topic describes about the multi node setup (High Availability Architecture).

### Configuration Server Related Changes

The below changes are to be made to the PROPERTIES table specified by the configuration server.

#### For the Discovery Server:

PLATO Discovery Service must have an entry for its entire peer PLATO Discovery Services configured by `eureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone`. It contains a comma-separated list of all Peer PLATO Discovery Services.

Additionally, to enable the peer awareness mode for PLATO Discovery Service, we should set the `eureka.client.register-with-eureka` to `true`.

**Table 1-1 Application Parameters - Discovery Server**

ID	APPLICATION	PROFILE	LABEL	KEY	VALUE
1	plato-discovery-service	jdbc	jdbc	eureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone	http://<IP of the server where the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>:<PORT where the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>/plato-discovery-service/eureka http://<IP of the server where the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>:<PORT where the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>/plato-discovery-service/eureka
2	plato-discovery-service	jdbc	jdbc	eureka.client.register-with-eureka	true
3	plato-discovery-service	jdbc	jdbc	server.port	<< PORT Number where the PLATO Discovery Service is running >>

#### For the Individual Services:

Each service must have an entry for all PLATO Discovery Services configured by `eureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone`. It contains a comma-separated list of all PLATO Discovery Services.

**Table 1-2 Application Parameters - Individual Services**

ID	APPLICATION	PROFILE	LABEL	KEY	VALUE
1	<<service-name>>	jdbc	jdbc	eureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone	http://<IP of the server where the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>:<PORT where the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>/plato-discovery-service/eureka http://<IP of the server where the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>:<PORT where the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running>/plato-discovery-service/eureka

### Plato UI Configuration Server Related Changes

For each product registered in **PRODUCT\_SERVICES\_ENV\_LEDGER**, the user must change the URL to indicate the PLATO API gateway service.

**Table 1-3 Load Balancer - URL**

ID	PRODUCT_NAME	URL
1	<<PRODUCT NAME>>	<< HTTP URL OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>

### setDomainEnv.sh Related Changes

#### For all the Micro Services

Individual microservices should now access the PLATO Config Service through the Load Balancer URI. That is, the property is configured on server runtime through the property **plato.services.config.uri**.

The **plato.services.config.uri** must point to the URI of the load balancer. The format of the same would be as follows:

```
-Dplato.services.config.uri=http://<< IP OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>:  
<< PORT OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>
```

#### For the UI APPSHELL

UI APPShell should now access the Gateway Service through the Load balancer URI. That is, the property is configured in the server runtime . For example, **Dapigateway.url**.

The **apigateway.url** must point to the host and port of the load balancer. The format of the same would be as follows:

```
-Dapigateway.url=http://<< IP OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>:<< PORT OF THE LOAD  
BALANCER >>
```

To install the services of Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture in more than two nodes, it is not possible to maintain the value of the eureka URL in the properties table due to the size restriction. In such cases, remove the following key from the properties table and add in the *setuseroverrides.sh* file.

```
-Deureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone
```

### Requirement of Load Balancers

Load balancers are required for the PLATO API GATEWAY Service, PLATO Configuration Service, and PLATO UI APP SHELL.

#### PLATO API Gateway Service

PLATO API Gateway Service acts as a single entry point for the UI and External Systems to access the underlying services. In a multi-node deployment where multiple PLATO API Gateway Services are deployed, we need a single URI to access the multi-node deployments of the PLATO API Gateway Services. This Load Balancer helps us to achieve that functionality.

#### PLATO Configuration Service

All domain services access the PLATO Configuration Service to retrieve their configurations. In a multi-node deployment where multiple PLATO Configuration Services are deployed, the user need a single URI to access multiple-node deployments of PLATO Configuration Services. This Load Balancer helps us to achieve that functionality.

#### PLATO UI APP SHELL

PLATO UI App Shell acts as a single user interface entry point for users. In multi-node deployment, where multiple instances of PLATO UI APP SHELL are deployed, users need a single URI to access the multi-node extensions of the PLATO UI APP SHELL. The Load Balancer setup helps to achieve this.

In addition to the App Shell, the UI of the application is serviced by additional UI Component Server applications. These are also for SMS, CMC, MOC, and related product domain. All of these UI component server applications must be deployed in the same managed server, where the PLATO UI APP SHELL war is deployed.

If the deployment is in a cluster with more than one managed server for UI applications, all the UI applications must be deployed in the clustered managed servers, and an appropriate load balancer setup must be done for all the UI applications.

# 2

## NGINX Load Balancer Services

This topic describes about the installation and configuration of the NGINX load balancer services.

### 2.1 Installation and Setup

This topic describes about the installation and setup.

#### 2.1.1 Download

This topic provides systematic instructions to download the tar file.

1. Download the tar file from [nginx.org/download/](http://nginx.org/download/) Index list.
2. Extract the tar file using `tar -xvf` command.

#### 2.1.2 Install

This topic provides systematic instructions to install the tar file.

1. Choose the installation location using **--prefix=path parameter**.
2. Find the `./configure` file in the extracted folder above.
3. Inside the extracted folder, run the following commands one after other

```
./configure --prefix=/scratch/nginx --with-http_ssl_module  
make
```

The **nginx** is installed at `/scratch/nginx`.

#### 2.1.3 Start and Stop Procedure

This topic provides systematic instructions to start and stop procedure of files.

1. Find the **sbin** folder inside the installed directory.
2. Run `./nginx` file inside **sbin** folder to start **nginx**.
3. Write `./nginx -s` stop command to stop **nginx**.

#### 2.1.4 Configuration

This topic provides systematic instructions to configure the server.

The configuration is done in the `nginx.conf` file inside the `conf` directory.



1. Create, upstream, and place the URLs to be routed for Load Balancing.

```
upstream config{
    server 10.184.155.115:7004;
    server 10.184.155.115:7004;
}

upstream gateway{
    server 10.184.155.115:7005;
```

 **Note:**

There are two load balancers defined. Default load balancing technique is **Round Robin**. This block must be placed inside the http block.

2. Configure the Server block.

It is also placed inside the http block. The server block is used for routing purposes. The block is as shown below.

```
server {
    listen 8090;
    server_name _;

    location / {
        proxy_pass http://config;
    }
    location /api {
        rewrite /api/(.*) /$1 break;
        proxy_pass http://gateway;
    }

    error_page 500 502 503 504 /50x.html;
```

- The 8090 acts as the listen port for **nginx**.
- The `server_name` property must be given if the requests are from a particular server. The Server accepts requests from any server.
- The `proxy_pass` is used to route the request and the request format is defined in the location tag.
- The `rewrite` tag is used to manipulate the requests.

 **Note:**

Make sure the firewall is open for other IPs to pass the request.

## 2.2 Load Balancer Route Configurations

This topic describes about load balancer route configurations.

The below configurations gives the route configurations for the load balancer.

**Note:**

The underlying syntax and semantics may vary from the load balancer to load balancer.

```
upstream config-service{
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service 1 >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 1 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service 2 >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 2 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service 3 >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 3 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service N >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service N >>;
}
upstream api-gateway{
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO API Gateway Service
1 >>:<<Port of the PLATO API Gateway Service 1 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO API Gateway Service
2 >>:<<Port of the PLATO API Gateway Service 2 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO API Gateway Service
3 >>:<<Port of the PLATO API Gateway Service 3 >>;
}
upstream <<Context Root of the PLATO UI APP Shell>> {
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell 1 >>:<<
Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 1 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell 2 >>:<<
Port of the PLATO UI APP Shell 2 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell 3 >>:<<
Port of the PLATO UI APP Shell 3 >>;
    server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell N >>:<<
Port of the PLATO UI APP Shell N >>;
}
server {
    listen << PORT OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>;
    server_name _;
    location /config-service {
        proxy_pass http://config-service;
    }
    location /api-gateway {
        proxy_pass http://api-gateway;
    }
}
```

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