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Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture ANNEXURE - 2, Release 14.6.0.0.0

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Preface

Purpose

This guide is a supporting document for the installation of Zipkin and ELK. The user can find the reference in the respective installation guides.

Audience

This guide is intended for WebLogic admin or ops-web team who are responsible for installing OFSS Banking Products.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations used in this guide are as follows:

Table 1 Acronyms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
ELK	Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana

List of Topics

This guide is organized as follows:

Table 2 List of Topics

Topics	Description
Document Tracing Zipkin	This topic provides the information about installation and tracing the Zipkin.
Monitor ELK	This topic provides the information about monitoring the ELK.

Related Documents

For more information, refer to the following documents:

Product Installation Guide



1 Document Tracing Zipkin

This topic describes the procedure to install and run the document tracing zipkin.

1.1 Zipkin Installation

This topic describes the systematic instructions to download and install the zipkin.

1.1.1 Download the Zipkin

This topic provides systematic instructions to download the Zipkin.

The Zipkin works as an independent application and can be downloaded as a runnable jar from the official website of Zipkin https://zipkin.io/. The latest version of Zipkin needs a Java version above 8.

Note:

For the exact version to be installed, refer to **Software Prerequisites** section in **Release Notes**.

- 1. Download the Zipkin from the direct link of jar is https://search.maven.org/ remote_content?g=io.zipkin&a=zipkin-server&v=LATEST&c=exec.
- 2. Execute the downloaded jar using the java -jar JAR_NAME command.

1.1.2 Configure the Zipkin

This topic provides systematic instructions to configure the Zipkin.

The configuration of Zipkin can be done with environment variables.

1. Set the port of the Zipkin using the QUERY_PORT environment variable.

The application starts on the port number assigned for QUERY_PORT environment variable or its default value of 9411.

2. Access the web UI of Zipkin at http://localhost:PORT.

1.2 Troubleshoot Zipkin

This topic describes the systematic instructions to troubleshoot using Zipkin Traces.

1. Launch the Zipkin URL.





Figure 1-1 Layout of Zipkin

ervice Name	Span Name	Remote Service Name		Lookback	
zipkin 🗸	all	all	~	15 minutes	
Annotation Query		Duration (µs) >=	Limit	Sort	
For example: http.path=/foo/bar/ and	d cluster=foo and cache.miss	Ex: 100ms or 5s	10	Longest First	
Find Traces					

2. Use **Search** to find the traces of required API calls and services.



Some error API calls are made to showcase how to track errors. The blue listing shows the successful API hits, and the red listing indicates the errors. Each block indicates a single trace in the listing. The below figure shows the list of traces.

Service Name	Span Name		Remote Service Name	Lookbac	k
zipkin	all	\sim	all	✓ 1 hour	
Annotation Query			Duration (μ s) >=	Limit	Sort
For example: http.path=/fo	oo/bar/ and cluster=foo and cache.miss		Ex: 100ms or 5s	10	Longest First
Find Traces					
Showing: 4 of 4					JSON 🛃
Services: zipkin					
163s 5 spans pkin 100%					
kin x5 2.163s					18 minutes
449s 4 spans					
pkin 100%					
kin x4 1.449s					22 minutes
430s 4 spans					
pkin 100%					

Figure 1-2 List of Traces



3. Open an individual trace.

It describes the time taken for each block. As the two custom spans are created inside two service calls, user can find a total of four blocks.

The time taken for an individual block is shown below.

Inve	stigate system behavior Find	a trace View Saved Trace I	Dependencies	Try Lens UI	Go to trace	Search
Duration: 2.1	63s Services: 1	Depth: 3	Total Spans	4		JSON 🛓
-						
Expand All	Collapse All					
Expand All	Collapse All					
	Collapse All	432.639ms	865.278ms	1.298s	1.731s	2.16
zipkin x4	Collapse All	432.639ms	865.278ms	1.298s	1.731s	2.16
zipkin x4						2.16
zipkin x4 ervices zipkin	-2.163s : http:/api1		. 0			2.16

Figure 1-3 Individual Trace

4. Click an individual block to display the details.

Figure 1-4 Details of Individual Block

Investigate s	Date Time	Relative Time	Annotation	Address		Search
	9/10/2019, 4:11:23 PM		Server Start	10.184.89.16:8080 (zipkin)		
	9/10/2019, 4:11:25 PM	2.163s	Server Finish	10.184.89.16:8080 (zipkin)		
Duration: 2.163s	Кеу	Value				JSON .
Expand All Colla	apse http.host	localho	ost			
	http.method	GET				
zipkin x4	http.path	/api1				
ervices	http.status_code	200			731s	
zipkin	-2.16 http.url	http://	localhost:8080/api1			
	mvc.controller.class	Contro	ller			
	mvc.controller.method	api1				
_	spring.instance_id	eswarp	erabathini.in.oracle.o	com:Zipkin		
	Show IDs					
	traceId	9d63642d72	ab6f9f			
	spanId	9d63642d72	ab6f9f			

The user can also view the logging events in the Zipkin UI as small circular blocks. An example of an error log is shown below.



	igate system behavior Find a	trace View Saved Trace	Dependencies	Try Lens UI	Go to trace	Search
Duration: 1.026	s Services: 1	Depth: 2	Total Spans: 3	1		JSON 🛓
Expand All	Collapse All					
zipkin x3						
Services	d 026s - http://anid	205.134ms	410.267ms	615.401ms	820.534ms	1.
	-1.026s : http:/api1 -1.001s : api1	205.134ms	410.267ms	615.401ms	820.534ms	1

Figure 1-5 Sample Error Log

5. Click the error to get clear details and place of the error.

Figure 1-6 Details of Error

gate system	: zipkin			
Date Time	•	Relative Time	Annotation	Address
s 9/11/2019	, 6:09:01 PM		Server Start	10.184.89.16:8080 (zipkin)
	, 6:09:02 PM	1.026s	Server Finish	10.184.89.16:8080 (zipkin)
Collapse / Key	Value	•		
error		est processing failed rErrorException: 500		s org.springframework.web.client.Http
0.36 http.host	local	nost		
1.026 http.metho	od GET			
. http.path	/api1			
http.status	_code 500			
http.url	http:/	/localhost:8080/api	1	
mvc.contro	oller.class Basic	ErrorController		
mvc.contro	oller.method error	Html		
spring.inst	ance_id eswa	rperabathini.in.oracl	e.com:Zipkin	

If the Lens UI is used in Zipkin, the above figures are not applicable but are relatable to the Lens UI as well. Traces of the application can be found using TraceId. The TraceId can be found in the debug logs of the deployment when spring-cloud-sleuth is included in the dependencies (included in spring-cloud-starter-Zipkin dependency).

6. Click **Dependencies** to get the dependency graph information between microservices.



Zipkin Investigate system behavior Find a trace Dependencies Start time 2018-02-19 13:30 End time 2018-02-20 13:39 Analyze Dependencies frontend todos-api log-message-processor auth-api users-api

Figure 1-7 Sample Dependency Graph



2 Monitor ELK

This topic describes the procedure for installing and configuring the ELK.

The ELK Stack is a collection of the following open-source products:

- **Elasticsearch**: It is an open-source, full-text search, and analysis engine based on the Apache Lucene search engine.
- Logstash: Logstash is a log aggregator that collects data from various input sources, executes different transitions and enhancements, and then transports the data to various supported output destinations.
- **Kibana**: Kibana is a visualization layer that works on top of Elasticsearch, providing users with the ability to analyze and visualize the data.

These components together are most commonly used for monitoring, troubleshooting, and securing IT environments. Logstash takes care of data collection and processing, Elasticsearch indexes and stores the data, and Kibana provides a user interface for querying the data and visualizing it.

2.1 Architecture

This topic describes about architecture.

It provides a comprehensive solution for handling all the required facets.



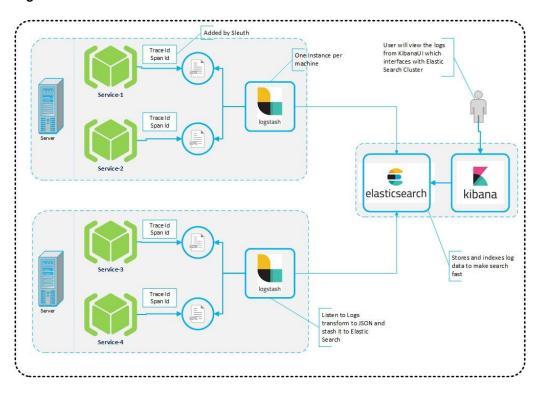


Figure 2-1 Architecture

Spring Cloud Sleuth also provides additional functionality to trace the application calls by providing us with a way to create intermediate logging events. Therefore, Spring Cloud Sleuth dependency must be added to the applications.

2.2 Install and Configure ELK

This topic describes about the installation and configuration of ELK.

Note:

To install and configure ELK Stack, make sure the versions of the three software's are the same. For the exact version to be installed, refer to Software Prerequisites section in Release Notes.

The user must download the latest version for all three software's and for installation guides, refer to links below:

- Logstash: https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/logstash/current/installing-logstash.html
- Elastic Search: https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ install-elasticsearch.html
- Kibana: https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/kibana/current/install.html

2.2.1 Start Elastic Search

This topic provides systematic instructions to start Elastic Search.



- 1. Navigate to Elasticsearch root folder.
- 2. Use nohup to start the Elasticsearch process.

```
> nohup ./bin/elasticsearch
```

2.2.2 Setup and Start Logstash

This topic provides the systematic instructions to setup and start Logstash.

1. Create a new **logstash.conf** file that provides the required file parsing and integration for Elasticsearch.

logstatsh.conf:

```
#Point to the application logs
input {
 file {
 type => "java"
 path => "/scratch/app/work area/app logs/*.log"
 codec => multiline {
  pattern => "^%{YEAR}-%{MONTHNUM}-%{MONTHDAY} %{TIME}.*"
  negate => "true"
  what => "previous"
  }
 }
}
#Provide the parsing logic to transform logs into JSON
filter {
 #If log line contains tab character followed by 'at' then we will tag
that entry as stacktrace
if [message] =~ "\tat" {
 grok {
  match => ["message", "^(\tat)"]
   add tag => ["stacktrace"]
  }
 }
 #Grokking Spring Boot's default log format
 grok {
 match => [ "message",
             "(?<timestamp>%{YEAR}-%{MONTHNUM}-%{MONTHDAY}
%{TIME}) %{LOGLEVEL:level} %{NUMBER:pid} --- \[(?<thread>[A-Za-z0-9-]+)\]
[A-Za-z0-9.]*\.(?<class>[A-Za-z0-9#]+)\s*:\s+(?<logmessage>.*)",
             "message",
             "(?<timestamp>%{YEAR}-%{MONTHNUM}-%{MONTHDAY} %{TIME}) %
{LOGLEVEL:level} %{NUMBER:pid} --- .+? :\s+(?<logmessage>.*)"
            1
 }
  # pattern matching logback pattern
 grok {
         match =>
 { "message" => "%{TIMESTAMP ISO8601:timestamp}\s+%{LOGLEVEL:severity}\s+\
[%{DATA:service},%{DATA:trace},%{DATA:span},%{DATA:exportable}\]\s+\[%
{DATA:environment}\]\s+\[%{DATA:tenant}\]\s+\[%{DATA:user}\]\s+\[%
```

```
{DATA:branch}\]\s+%{DATA:pid}\s+---\s+\[%{DATA:thread}\]\s+%
{DATA:class}\s+:\s+%{GREEDYDATA:rest}"
        }
        #Parsing out timestamps which are in timestamp field thanks to
previous grok section
        date {
            match => [ "timestamp" , "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSS" ]
        }
        #Ingest logs to Elasticsearch
        output {
            elasticsearch { hosts => ["localhost:9200"] }
        stdout { codec => rubydebug }
        }
    }
}
```

2. Start the Logstash process using below command.

```
>nohup ./bin/logstash -f logstash.conf
```

2.2.3 Setup and Start Kibana

This topic provides the systematic instructions to setup and start Kibana.

- 1. Navigate to the kibana.yml available under <kibana_setup_folder>/config.
- 2. Modify the file to include the below:

```
#Uncomment the below line and update the IP address to your host
machine IP.
server.host: "xx.xxx.xx"
#Provide the elasticsearch url. If this is running on the same
machine then you can use the below config as is
elasticsearch.url: "http://localhost:9200"
```

3. Start the Kibana process using the below command.

>nohup ./bin/kibana



	kibana		Time -	service	environment	tenant	user	branch	trace	span	message
0 U	Discover Visualize	•	July 11th 2018, 13:31:22 Q C	book- service	DEV	CITI	TestUser	TestBranch	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	2018-07-11 13:31:22.017 INFO [book- service,b65cfd6c98bcaea9,b65cfd6c98bcaea9,true] [DEV] [CITI] [Testuser] [TestBranch] 21656 [io- 8083-exec-10] c.s.c.d.b.BookServiceApplication
\odot	Dashboard	-		1 1200702010	(9.20)	10000	1			10070-001	: Ratings found, set ratings for the given book
8	Timelion	,	July 11th 2018, 13:31:22.017	book- service	DEV	CITI	Testuser	TestBranch	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	2018-07-11 13:13:22.017 INFO [book- service,b65cfd8c9bceae9,b65cfd8c9bceae9,true] [DEV] [CITI] [Testuser] [TestBranch] 21656 [io- 8083-exec-10] c.s.c.d.b.BookServiceApplication
ىر	Dev Tools										: Returning book details
¢	Management	•	July 11th 2018, 13:31:22.014	rating- service	DEV	CITI	TestUser	TestBranch	b65cfd8c9 8bcaea9	851c7433 a448b30f	2018-07-11 13:31:22.014 INFO [rating- service,b55:f68c9Bocke89,851:c7438448b30f,true] [DEV] [CITI] [TestUser] [TestBranch] 15224 [ini-8084-exe-7] c.s.c.d.r.RatingServiceApplicatio : Finding ratings for book id:1
		•	July 11th 2018, 13:31:22.005	book- service	DEV	CITI	TestUser	TestBranch	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	2018-07-11 13:31:22.005 INFO [book- service,b65cfd8c98bcaea9,b65cfd8c98bcaea9,true] [DEV] [CIT1] [resturen] [restBranch] 21656 [io- 8039-exec-10] c.s.c.d.b8c05kerviceApplication : Fetching ratings for the book
		•	July 11th 2018, 13:31:22.004	book- service	DEV	CITI	TestUser	TestBranch	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	b65cfd8c 98bcaea9	2018-07-11 13:31:22.004 INFO [book- service,b65cfd6c98bcaea9,b65cfd6c98bcaea9,true] [DEV] [CIT] [festUsea7] [festBranch] 2166 [io- 8083-exec-10] c.s.c.d.b.BookServiceApplication : call to findhook with idi:

Figure 2-2 Kibana Dashboard



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