# Oracle® Banking Microservices Architecture High Availability Setup Guide



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Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture High Availability Setup Guide, Release 14.7.0.0.0

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# Preface

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- Audience
- Acronyms and Abbreviations
- List of Topics
- Related Documents

## Purpose

This guide is a supporting document for the installation of Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture applications. The user can find the reference in the respective installation guides.

# Audience

This guide is intended for WebLogic admin or ops-web team who are responsible for installing OFSS Banking Products.

# Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations that are used in this guide are as follows:

Table 1	Acronyms a	and Abbreviations
---------	------------	-------------------

Abbreviation	Description	
SMS	Security Management System	
CMC	Common Core	
MOC	Manufacturing Operations Center	

# **List of Topics**

This guide is organized as follows:

#### Table 2 List of Topics

Topics	Description
Setting Up Multi Node (High Availability Architecture)	This topic provides the information about multi node setup.



### Table 2 (Cont.) List of Topics

Topics	Description
NGINX Load Balancer Services	This topic provides the information about the NGINX load balancer services.

# **Related Documents**

For more information, refer to the following documents:

• Product Installation Guide



# 1 Setting Up Multi Node (High Availability Architecture)

This topic describes about the multi node setup (High Availability Architecture).

#### **Configuration Server Related Changes**

The below changes are to be made to the PROPERTIES table specified by the configuration server.

#### For the Discovery Server:

PLATO Discovery Service must have an entry for its entire peer PLATO Discovery Services configured by <code>eureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone</code>. It contains a comma-separated list of all Peer PLATO Discovery Services.

Additionally, to enable the peer awareness mode for PLATO Discovery Service, we should set the eureka.client.register-with-eureka to true.

ID	APPLICATIO N	PROFIL E	LABEL	КЕҮ	VALUE
1	plato- discovery- service	jdbc	jdbc	eureka.client.serviceUrl.defa ultZon	http:// <ip of="" server="" the="" where<br="">the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;:<port the<br="" where="">first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;/plato- discovery- service/eureka http://<ip of="" server="" the="" where<br="">the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;:<port the<br="" where="">second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;/plato- discovery- service/eureka</port></ip></port></ip>
2	plato- discovery- service	jdbc	jdbc	eureka.client.register-with- eureka	true
3	plato- discovery- service	jdbc	jdbc	server.port	<< PORT Number where the PLATO Discovery Service is running >>

#### Table 1-1 Application Parameters - Discovery Server

For the Individual Services:



Each service must have an entry for all PLATO Discovery Services configured by eureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone. It contains a comma-separated list of all PLATO Discovery Services.

ID	APPLICATI ON	PROFI LE	LABEL	КЕҮ	VALUE
1	< <service- name&gt;&gt;</service- 	jdbc	jdbc	eureka.client.serviceUrl.def aultZone	http:// <ip of="" server<br="" the="">where the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;:<port where<br="">the first instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;/plato- discovery- service/eureka http://<ip of="" server<br="" the="">where the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;:<port where<br="">the second instance of PLATO Discovery Service is running&gt;/ plato- discovery-service/eureka</port></ip></port></ip>

#### Table 1-2 Application Parameters - Individual Services

#### **Plato UI Configuration Server Related Changes**

For each product registered in **PRODUCT\_SERVICES\_ENV\_LEDGER**, the user must change the URL to indicate the PLATO API gateway service.

#### Table 1-3 Load Balancer - URL

ID	PRODUCT_NAME	URL
1	< <product name="">&gt;</product>	<< HTTP URL OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>

setDomainEnv.sh Related Changes

#### For all the Micro Services

Individual microservices should now access the PLATO Config Service through the Load Balancer URI. That is, the property is configured on server runtime through the property **plato.services.config.uri**.

The **plato.services.config.uri** must point to the URI of the load balancer. The format of the same would be as follows:

```
-Dplato.services.config.uri=http://<< IP OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>: << PORT OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>
```

#### For the UI APPSHELL



UI APPShell should now access the Gateway Service through the Load balancer URI. That is, the property is configured in the server runtime . For example, **Dapigateway.url**.

The **apigateway.url** must point to the host and port of the load balancer. The format of the same would be as follows:

-Dapigateway.url=http://<< IP OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>:<< PORT OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>

To install the services of Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture in more than two nodes, it is not possible to maintain the value of the eureka URL in the properties table due to the size restriction. In such cases, remove the following key from the properties table and add in the *setuseroverrides.sh* file.

-Deureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone

#### **Requirement of Load Balancers**

Load balancers are required for the PLATO API GATEWAY Service, PLATO Configuration Service, and PLATO UI APP SHELL.

#### **PLATO API Gateway Service**

PLATO API Gateway Service acts as a single entry point for the UI and External Systems to access the underlying services. In a multi-node deployment where multiple PLATO API Gateway Services are deployed, we need a single URI to access the multi-node deployments of the PLATO API Gateway Services. This Load Balancer helps us to achieve that functionality.

#### **PLATO Configuration Service**

All domain services access the PLATO Configuration Service to retrieve their configurations. In a multi-node deployment where multiple PLATO Configuration Services are deployed, the user need a single URI to access multiple-node deployments of PLATO Configuration Services. This Load Balancer helps us to achieve that functionality.

#### PLATO UI APP SHELL

PLATO UI App Shell acts as a single user interface entry point for users. In multi-node deployment, where multiple instances of PLATO UI APP SHELL are deployed, users need a single URI to access the multi-node extensions of the PLATO UI APP SHELL. The Load Balancer setup helps to achieve this.

In addition to the App Shell, the UI of the application is serviced by additional UI Component Server applications. These are also for SMS, CMC, MOC, and related product domain. All of these UI component server applications must be deployed in the same managed server, where the PLATO UI APP SHELL war is deployed.

If the deployment is in a cluster with more than one managed server for UI applications, all the UI applications must be deployed in the clustered managed servers, and an appropriate load balancer setup must be done for all the UI applications.



# 2 NGINX Load Balancer Services

This topic describes about the installation and configuration of the NGINX load balancer services.

- Installation and Setup This topic describes about the installation and setup.
- Load Balancer Route Configurations
   This topic describes about load balancer route configurations.

# 2.1 Installation and Setup

This topic describes about the installation and setup.

- Download This topic provides systematic instructions to download the tar file.
- Install This topic provides systematic instructions to install the tar file.
- Start and Stop Procedure This topic provides systematic instructions to start and stop procedure of files.
- Configuration This topic provides systematic instructions to configure the server.

## 2.1.1 Download

This topic provides systematic instructions to download the tar file.

- 1. Download the tar file from nginx.org/download/ Index list.
- 2. Extract the tar file using tar -xvf command.

## 2.1.2 Install

This topic provides systematic instructions to install the tar file.

- 1. Choose the installation location using --prefix=path parameter.
- 2. Find the ./configure file in the extracted folder above.
- 3. Inside the extracted folder, run the following commands one after other

```
./configure --prefix=/scratch/nginx --with-http_ssl_module
make
```

The nginx is installed at /scratch/nginx.



## 2.1.3 Start and Stop Procedure

This topic provides systematic instructions to start and stop procedure of files.

- 1. Find the **sbin** folder inside the installed directory.
- 2. Run ./nginx file inside sbin folder to start nginx.
- 3. Write ./nginx -s stop command to stop nginx.

## 2.1.4 Configuration

This topic provides systematic instructions to configure the server.

The configuration is done in the nginx.conf file inside the conf directory.

1. Create, upstream, and place the URLs to be routed for Load Balancing.

```
upstream config{
    server 10.184.155.115:7004;
    server 10.184.155.115:7004;
    }
upstream gateway{
    server 10.184.155.115:7005;
```

### Note:

There are two load balancers defined. Default load balancing technique is **Round Robin**. This block must be placed inside the http block.

2. Configure the Server block.

It is also placed inside the http block. The server block is used for routing purposes. The block is as shown below.

```
server {
    listen 8090;
    server_name _;
    location / {
        proxy_pass http://config;
    }
    location /api {
        rewrite /api/(.*) /$1 break;
        proxy_pass http://gateway;
    }
    error_page 500 502 503 504 /50x.html;
```

• The 8090 acts as the listen port for nginx.



- The server\_name property must be given if the requests are from a particular server. The Server accepts requests from any server.
- The proxy\_pass is used to route the request and the request format is defined in the location tag.
- The rewrite tag is used to manipulate the requests.

#### Note:

Make sure the firewall is open for other IPs to pass the request.

# 2.2 Load Balancer Route Configurations

This topic describes about load balancer route configurations.

The below configurations gives the route configurations for the load balancer.

#### Note:

The underlying syntax and semantics may vary from the load balancer to load balancer.

```
upstream config-service{
      server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service 1 >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 1 >>;
     server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service 2 >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 2 >>;
      server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service 3 >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 3 >>;
      server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO Configuration
Service N >>:<< Port of the PLATO Configuration Service N >>;
   }
   upstream api-gateway{
     server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO API Gateway Service
1 >>:<<Port of the PLATO API Gateway Service 1 >>;
     server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO API Gateway Service
2 >>:<<Port of the PLATO API Gateway Service 2 >>;
      server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO API Gateway Service
3 >>:<<Port of the PLATO API Gateway Service 3 >>;
   }
   upstream <<Context Root of the PLATO UI APP Shell>> {
      server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell 1 >>:<<
Port of the PLATO Configuration Service 1 >>;
     server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell 2 >>:<<
Port of the PLATO UI APP Shell 2 >>;
      server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell 3 >>:<<
Port of the PLATO UI APP Shell 3 >>;
              server << IP Or Hostname of the PLATO UI APP Shell N >>:<<
Port of the PLATO UI APP Shell N >>;
    }
```



```
server {
  listen << PORT OF THE LOAD BALANCER >>;
    server_name _;
    location /config-service {
        proxy_pass http://config-service;
    }
    location /api-gateway {
        proxy_pass http://api-gateway;
    }
```

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