Oracle® Banking Microservices Architecture Configuration and Deployment Guide





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Preface

- Purpose
- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
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- Acronyms and Abbreviations

Purpose

This guide is a supporting document for the installation of Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture applications. The user can find the reference in the respective installation guides.

Audience

This guide is intended for WebLogic admin or ops-web team who are responsible for installing OFSS Banking Products.

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Related Resources

For more information on any related features, refer to the following documents

Product Installation Guide

Acronyms and Abbreviations

The list of the acronyms and abbreviations used in this guide are as follows:

Table 1 Acronyms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol



1

Placeholder Update for Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Services

This topic provides the information about the various methods to perform the placeholder update for Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture services.

- Method 2 Via Passing the -D params in the Server Start Argument
 This topic provides the systematic instructions to run the Oracle Banking Microservices
 Architecture services by passing the -D params in the Server start argument.

1.1 Method 1 – Via setUserOverrides.sh file

This topic provides the systematic instructions to run Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture services through setUserOverrides.sh file.

- 1. Create a file named **setUserOverrides.sh** inside the WebLogic bin location.
- 2. The following formats of the **setUserOverrides.sh** file and the list of parameters that need to be passed to run Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Services properly.



Below is the list of **-D params** (ENV variables) that must be set for all individual services. Set a single **-Dparam** as follows:

JAVA_OPTIONS="\${JAVA_OPTIONS} -DParam =<ParamValue>" export JAVA_OPTIONS

//Common Properties

- -Dplato.services.config.port= <CONFIG SERVICE PORT>
- -Dplato.services.config.uri= http://
- <CONFIG_SERVICE_HOSTNAME>:<CONFIG_SERVICE_PORT>
- -Deureka.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone= http://
- <DISCOVERY_SERVICE_HOST>:<DISCOVERY_SERVICE_PORT>/plato-discoveryservice/eureka
- -Dplato.services.entityservices.port= <PLATO ORCH SERVICE PORT>

- -Dplato.service.logging.path= <LOGGING PATH>
- -Dspring.cloud.loadbalancer.ribbon.enabled=false
- -Dspring.main.allow-bean-definition-overriding=true
- -Dspring.main.allow-circular-references=true

//Flyway Common Placeholders

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.eureka.host= <DISCOVERY_SERVICE_HOST>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.eureka.port= <DISCOVERY_SERVICE_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-api-gateway.server.port= <API_GATEWAY_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.zipkin.host= <ZIPKIN_HOSTNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.zipkin.port= <ZIPKIN_PORT>

//SMS - Needed for other services also

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.sms.username= <SMS SCHEMA USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.sms.password= <SMS SCHEMA PASSWORD>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.sms.jdbcUrl= <SMS SCHEMA URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.sms.schemas= <SMS SCHEMA NAME>

//Plato Config Service - Needed for other services also

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-config.username= <PLATO DB USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-config.password= <PLATO_DB_PASSWORD>"
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-config.jdbcUrl= <PLATO DB URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.driver.className= oracle.idbc.driver.OracleDriver
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-config.schemas= <PLATO DB SCHEMANAME>

//Plato Api Gateway - Needed for other services also

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.api-gateway.username= <SECURITY DB USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.api-gateway.password= <SECURITY DB PASSWORD>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.api-gateway.jdbcUrl= <SECURITY_DB_URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.api-gateway.schemas= <SECURITY SCHEMANAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.apigateway.host=
- <APIGATEWAY ROUTER HOSTNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.apigateway.port= <APIGATEWAY_ROUTER_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.USER.STORE= <USER.STORE>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.CORS.allowed.origin= <LDAP_CORS>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.credential.SALT= <LDAP CREDENTIALS SALT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.JWT.EXPIRY.seconds= < JWT EXPIRY SECONDS>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.url = <LDAP SERVER URL >
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.userId = <LDAP SERVER USER>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.server.base = <LDAP SERVER BASE>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.server.credential = <LDAP_CREDENTIALS>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.usersearch.base = <LDAP USER BASE>



- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders LDAP.user.prefix = <LDAP USER PREFIX>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.LDAP.provider = <LDAP PROVIDER>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.TOKEN.autoregenerate =
- <TOKEN AUTOREGENERATION>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.SSO.enabled = <SSO ENABLED>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.TOKEN.regeneration.enabled =
- <TOKEN_ALWAYSNEW_GENERATION >
- -Dplato-api-gateway.enableAudit=true

//Plato Discovery Service

-Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-discoveryservice.server.port=<DISCOVERY_SERVICE_PORT>

//Plato UI-Config Services

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-ui-configservices.server.port=<UICONFIG_SERVICE_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-uiconfig.username=<UICONFIG SCHEMA USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-uiconfig.password=<UICONFIG_SCHEMA_PASSWORD>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-ui-config.jdbcUrl=<UICONFIG SCHEMA URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-ui-config.schemas=<UICONFIG_SCHEMA_NAME>

//Plato Apigateway Router Service

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-apigateway-router.server.port= <APIGATEWAY ROUTER PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-apigateway router.router.protocol=<ROUTER PROTOCOL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-apigateway-router.router.meadmin.port=<ROUTER_PORT>

//Plato Feed Services

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-feedservices.feed.upload.directory=<FEED_SERVICE_UPLOAD_PATH>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-feed-services.server.port=<FEED SERVICE PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-feed-services.username=<FEED DB USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-feed-services.password=<FEED_DB_PASSWORD>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-feed-services.jdbcUrl=<FEED_DB_URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-feed-services.schemas=<FEED SCHEMA NAME>

//Plato Batch Server

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batch-server.server.port=<BATCH_SERVER_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batchserver.plato.eventhub.kafka.brokers=<EVETNHUB_KAFKA_BROKERS>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batch-server.plato.eventhub.zk.nodes=<ZK NODES>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batchserver.username=<BATCH_SCHEMA_USERNAME>



- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batchserver.password=<BATCH_SCHEMA_PASSWORD>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batch-server.jdbcUrl=<BATCH_SCHEMA_URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-batch-server.schemas=<BATCH_SCHEMA_NAME>

// Plato-Alerts-Management-Services

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-management-services.server.port=<ALERTS-MANAGEMENT-SERVER-PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-managementservices.plato.eventhub.kafka.brokers=<EVETNHUB KAFKA BROKERS>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-managementservices.plato.eventhub.zk.nodes=<ZK NODES>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-managementservices.username=<ALERTS SCHEMA USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-managementservices.password=<ALERTS_SCHEMA_PASSWORD>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-managementservices.jdbcUrl=<ALERTS SCHEMA URL>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-alerts-managementservices.schemas=<ALERTS_SCHEMA_NAME>

//Plato Orch Service

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-orch-service.server.port=<ORCH_SERVICE_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders. plato-orchestrator.hostname=<CONDUCTOR-EUREKA-HOSTNAME >

//Plato Transport Service

Dflyway.domain.placeholders.transport.config.db.jndi=\${PLATOTRANSPORT JNDI}

Dflyway.domain.placeholders.transport.config.schemas=\$ {PLATOTRANSPORT SCHEMA}

Dflyway.domain.placeholders.plato-transport-services.coherence.enabled=false

//Conductor

-Dconductor.properties=<CONDUCTOR_CONFIG_FILE_PATH>

//Plato Regional Configurator Service

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-regional-configuratorservices.server.port=<REGIONAL_CONFIGURATOR_SERVICE_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-regional-configurator-services.locations =
- "db/migration/domain/obrc" (By default)
- "db/migration/domain/obrc, db/migration/domain<YOUR DOMAINS>"
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-regional-configurator-services.schemas = "OBRC"
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-regional-configurator-services.db.indi = "idbc/OBRC"
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders. plato-regional-configuratorservices.username=<OBRC_SCHEMA_USERNAME>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders. plato-regional-configuratorservices.password=<OBRC_SCHEMA_PASSWORD>



//Common core NLP services

- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-annotatorservices.server.port=<CMC_NLP_ANNOTATOR_SERVICES_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-dashboard-widget-services.server.port=<CMC_NLP_DASHBOARD_SERVICES_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-model-mngmntservices.server.port=<CMC_NLP_MODEL_MANGEMENT_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-online-processingservices.server.port=<CMC_NLP_ONLINE_PROCESSING_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-tag-maint-services.server.port=<CMC_NLP_TAG_MAINTENANCE_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-text-extractionservices.server.port=<CMC_NLP_TEXT_EXTRACTION_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-txn-logservices.server.port=<CMC_NLP_TXN_LOG_SERVICES_PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-utilservices.server.port=<CMC_NLP_UTIL_SERVICES_PORT>

// Common core NLP Poller service

- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.port=<Server_Port>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.postingPath=<Posting Path>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.pollingPath=<Polling_Path>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.pollingEmail=<Polling Email>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-mlservices.server.emailServerHost=<Email_Server_Host>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-mlservices.server.emailServerPort=<Email Server PORT>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-mlservices.server.pollingFrequency=<Polling_Frequency>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.pollerInitialDelay=<Poller_Initial_Delay>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.emailPassword=<Poller Email Password>

// Common Core Interest Rate Service

- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.cmc-interest-rate-services.server.port=<8020>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.cmc-interest-rate-services.schemas=<CMNCORE>
- -Dflyway.domain.placeHolders.cmc-interest-rate-services.coherence.enabled=<false>



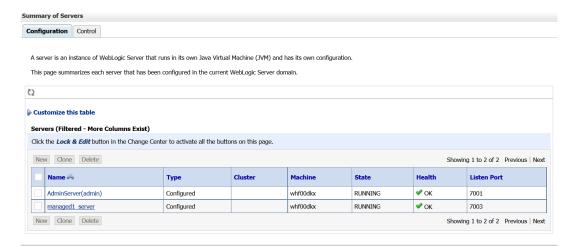
1.2 Method 2 – Via Passing the -D params in the Server Start Argument

This topic provides the systematic instructions to run the Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture services by passing the -D params in the Server start argument.

All the above mentioned -D parameters can be passed through the Server start argument in the respective managed server.

On Domain Structure, click Environment. Under Environment, click Servers.
 The Summary of Servers screen displays.

Figure 1-1 Summary of Servers

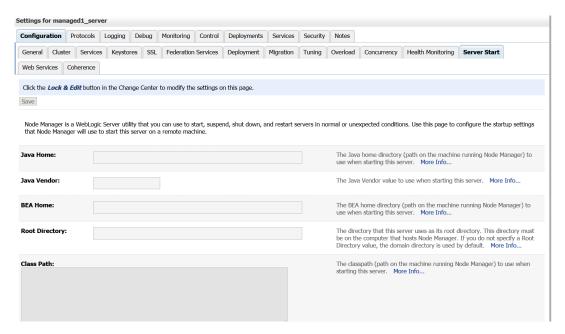


On the Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist) table, click managed server to pass the values.

The Settings for managed server tab displays.

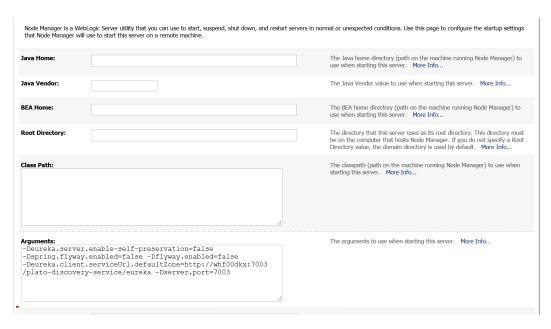


Figure 1-2 Settings for managed server



- 3. On Settings for managed server tab, select Server Start tab.
- Edit the Arguments field and pass all the environment parameters required for the service to run.

Figure 1-3 Arguments



Save the configuration and restart the managed server.After restart, the service can be started or deployed properly.

1.3 Method 3 – Using env files and setUserOverrides.sh file

This topic provides the systematic instructions to run Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture services by using env files and setUserOverrides.sh file.



Copy the setUserOverrides.sh file to each of the <domain>/bin folder.

The example of the file is given below:

```
#!/bin/bash
# shellcheck disable=SC1090
# Common functions
set -e -x
config file=""
PLATO CONFIG MANAGED SERVER NAME=""
# This file is used only for PLATO-CONFIG service
plato config file="${DOMAIN HOME}/bin/plato-config-deploy.env"
# This file is used for rest of the services
domain config file="${DOMAIN HOME}/bin/domain-config-deploy.env"
if [ -f "$plato config file" ] ; then
   PLATO CONFIG MANAGED SERVER NAME=`cat ${DOMAIN HOME}/bin/plato-config-
deploy.env | grep "PLATO CONFIG MANAGED SERVER NAME" | cut -d'=' -f2`
fi
if [ "${SERVER NAME}" = "${PLATO CONFIG MANAGED SERVER NAME}" ] ; then
   # This will get executed only for Plato-config service entries
   config file="${plato config file}"
fi
if [ -f "$config file" ]
then
   while read -r prop || [ -n "$prop" ]
     case "$prop" in \#*) continue ;; esac
     if [ -z "${prop}" ]; then
      continue
   else
      PLACEHOLDERS=${PLACEHOLDERS}" "$(echo -D$prop)
      PLACEHOLDERS="$ { PLACEHOLDERS } "
fi
   done < "$config file"</pre>
   echo "$config file not found. please provide the property file to set -
D parameter"
   exit 1
fi
PLACEHOLDERS="${PLACEHOLDERS}"
JAVA OPTIONS="${JAVA OPTIONS}${PLACEHOLDERS}"
export JAVA OPTIONS
echo "${JAVA OPTIONS}"
```

2. Place the **env** files containing all the key value pairs of the **-D params** in the respective <domain>/env folder.

The plato-config-deploy.env file contains all the key value pairs specific only to the plato-config-service and need to be placed in the bin folder of the plato-domain. The domain-config-deploy.env file contains the key-value pairs for the rest of the services and should be placed in each <domain>/bin folder.

Sample file for plato-config-deploy.env is given below:

```
### Managed server name of plato-config service ###
PLATO CONFIG MANAGED SERVER NAME=
### plato config flyway connection entries ###
flywayTask=migrate
flyway.enabled=true
spring.flyway.enabled=false
plato-config.flyway.domain.db.username=
plato-config.flyway.domain.db.password=
plato-config.flyway.domain.db.jdbcUrl=
plato-config.flyway.domain.schemas=
plato-config.flyway.domain.locations=db/migration/domain/plato,db/
migration/domain/sms,db/migration/domain/cmc,db/migration/domain/obvam
#### Kafka properties for all services ####
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.eventhub.broker.hosts=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.eventhub.zookeper.hosts=
#### Kafka Security for all services ####
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.eventhub.broker.hosts=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.eventhub.zookeper.hosts=
flyway.domain.placeholders.kafka.ssl.truststore.location=
flyway.domain.placeholders.kafka.ssl.truststore.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.kafka.broker.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.kafka.broker.password=
### common entries for all services ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.driver.className=oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver
spring.cloud.loadbalancer.ribbon.enabled=false
spring.main.allow-circular-references=true
### eureka entries for all services ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.eureka.host=
flyway.domain.placeholders.eureka.port=
### zipkin entries for all services ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.zipkin.host=
flyway.domain.placeholders.zipkin.port=
### plato config flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.sessionIdleTimeout=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.sessionIdleWarningTime=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.environment=
### plato api-gateway flyway placeholder entries ###
```

```
flyway.domain.placeholders.api-gateway.host=
flyway.domain.placeholders.api-gateway.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.api-gateway.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.api-gateway.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.api-gateway.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-api-gateway.server.port=
### plato api-gateway LDAP flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.USER.STORE=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.CORS.allowed.origin=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.credential.SALT=
flyway.domain.placeholders.JWT.EXPIRY.seconds=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.url=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.userId=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.server.base=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.server.credential=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.usersearch.base=
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.user.prefix=
# Allowed values for LDAP provider are: EMBEDDED WEBLOGIC, PLATO
# If LDAP is running in weblogic then value should be EMBEDDED WEBLOGIC
# If spring based LDAP(which is run through a jar provided) is used, then
the value should be PLATO
flyway.domain.placeholders.LDAP.provider=
flyway.domain.placeholders.TOKEN.autoregenerate=
flyway.domain.placeholders.SSO.enabled=
flyway.domain.placeholders.TOKEN.regeneration.enabled=
### plato-ui-config flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-ui-config.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-ui-config.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-ui-config.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-ui-config.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-ui-config-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.apigateway.host=
flyway.domain.placeholders.apigateway.port=
### plato-discovery flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-discovery-service.server.port=
### plato-apigateway-router flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-apigateway-router.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-apigateway-router.router.protocol=
flyway.domain.placeHolders.plato-apigateway-router.router.meadmin.port=
### plato-orch flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-orch-service.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-orchestrator.hostname=
### plato-feed flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.jndi=jdbc/PLATOFEED
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.feed.upload.directory=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-feed-services.server.port=
```

```
### plato-batch flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.plato.eventhub.kafka.brokers=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.plato.eventhub.zk.nodes=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-batch-server.jndi=jdbc/PLATOBATCH
### plato-alerts-management flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-alerts-management-services.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-alerts-management-services.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-alerts-management-services.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-alerts-management-services.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-alerts-management-services.server.port=
### sms flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.sms-core-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.sms.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.sms.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.sms.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.sms.schemas=
### cmncore flyway placeholder entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmncore.username=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmncore.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmncore.jdbcUrl=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmncore.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-corebanking-adapter-service.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-currency-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-account-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-base-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-external-virtual-account-
services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-branch-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-customer-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-external-chart-account-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-external-system-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-advice-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-facilities-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-txn-code-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-settlement-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-businessoverrides-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-resource-segment-orchestrator-
service.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-screenclass-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-datasegment-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-settlements-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-transactioncontroller-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-report-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-annotator-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-dashboard-widget-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-model-mngmnt-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-online-processing-services.server.port=
```

```
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-tag-maint-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-text-extraction-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-txn-log-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-util-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-batch-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.postingPath=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.pollingEmail=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.emailServerPort=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.emailServerHost=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.pollingFrequency=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.pollerInitialDelay=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.emailPassword=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-fc-ai-ml-services.pollingPath=
### biPublisher related cmc-report-service entries ###
flyway.domain.placeholders.weblogic.userid=
flyway.domain.placeholders.weblogic.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.biPublisher.host=
flyway.domain.placeholders.biPublisher.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.runReportTemplate=
flyway.domain.placeholders.emailTemplate=
flyway.domain.placeholders.dms.host=
flyway.domain.placeholders.dms.port=
### flyway jndi connection details for shared services placeholder entries
###
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.jndi=jdbc/PLATO
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-config.jndi=jdbc/PLATO
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-sec.jndi=jdbc/PLATO SECURITY
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-ui-config.jndi=jdbc/PLATO UI CONFIG
flyway.domain.placeholders.sms.jndi=jdbc/sms
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmncore.jndi=jdbc/CMNCORE
### flyway jndi connection details for obvam services placeholder entries
flyway.domain.placeholders.eie.jndi=jdbc/EIE
flyway.domain.placeholders.eie.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.eie.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.elm.jndi=jdbc/ELM
flyway.domain.placeholders.elm.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.elm.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vam.jndi=jdbc/VAM
flyway.domain.placeholders.vam.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vam.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vac.jndi=jdbc/VAC
flyway.domain.placeholders.vac.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vac.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vab.jndi=jdbc/VAB
flyway.domain.placeholders.vab.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vab.schemas=
```

```
flyway.domain.placeholders.vae.jndi=jdbc/VAE
flyway.domain.placeholders.vae.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vae.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.eda.jndi=jdbc/EDA
flyway.domain.placeholders.eda.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.eda.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vai.jndi=jdbc/VAI
flyway.domain.placeholders.vai.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vai.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.van.jndi=jdbc/VAN
flyway.domain.placeholders.van.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.van.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vap.jndi=jdbc/VAP
flyway.domain.placeholders.vap.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vap.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vas.jndi=jdbc/VAS
flyway.domain.placeholders.vas.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vas.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vat.jndi=jdbc/VAT
flyway.domain.placeholders.vat.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vat.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.vaj.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.platoorch.domain.jndi=jdbc/PLATO-O
flyway.domain.placeholders.platoorch.domain.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.alerts.email.userId=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.alerts.email.password=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.alerts.cmc.userId=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.alerts.cmc.branchCode=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato.alerts.cmc.appId=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-rule.hostname=
flyway.domain.placeholders.plato-rule-service.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.platorule.domain.jndi=
flyway.domain.placeholders.platorule.domain.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.obrh.import.data.disable-modify=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-obrh-services.kafka.server.path=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-obrh-services.zookeeper.server.path=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-opennlp-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-maintenance-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-pipeline-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-nlp-docview-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-ml-indb-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-obrh-services.kafka.enabled=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-sla-services.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.cmc-obcbs-services.schemas=
flyway.domain.placeholders.obcbs.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.orch.cmc.brn=
flyway.domain.placeholders.orch.cmc.user=
flyway.domain.placeholders.orch.enableDynamicAllocation=
flyway.domain.placeholders.orch.enableSLA=
```

```
flyway.domain.placeholders.report-service.server.port=
flyway.domain.placeholders.report-service.hostname=
flyway.domain.placeholders.report-service.domain.jndi=jdbc/PLATOREPORT
flyway.domain.placeholders.report-service.template-metadata-directory=
flyway.domain.placeholders.report-service.output-directory=
flyway.domain.placeholders.report-service.fop-config-file=

### generic entries for all services ###
spring.cloud.config.uri=
apigateway.url=
service.logging.environment=
service.logging.path=
```

Sample file for **domain-config-deploy.env** is given below:

```
### domain config flyway connection entries ###
flywayTask=migrate
flyway.enabled=true
spring.flyway.enabled=false

### generic entries for all services ###
spring.cloud.config.uri=
apigateway.url=
service.logging.environment=
service.logging.path=
```

1.4 Method 4 – Workflow Configuration

This topic provides the systematic instructions to run Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture services through workflow configuration.

1. Create Metadata of the workflow.

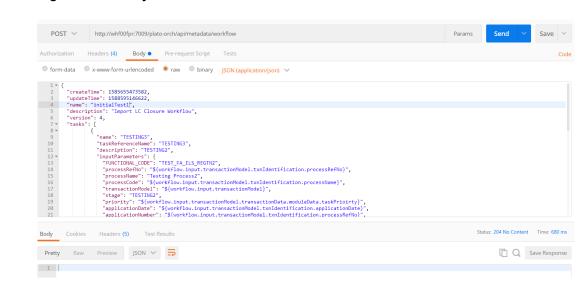
The sample DSL for workflow creation is given below:

```
"name": "initialTest",
"description": "Test workflow",
"version": 4,
"tasks": [
 "name": "TEST",
 "taskReferenceName": "TESTING3",
 "description": "TESTING2",
 "inputParameters": {
  "FUNCTIONAL CODE": "TEST FA ILS REGTN2",
 "processRefNo":
"${workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.processRefNo}",
  "processName": "Testing Process2",
  "processCode":
"${workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.processName}",
  "transactionModel": "${workflow.input.transactionModel}",
  "stage": "TESTING2",
  "priority":
'' Ś
```

```
{workflow.input.transactionModel.transactionData.moduleData.taskPrioirty}",
       "applicationDate":
{workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.applicationDate}",
       "applicationNumber":
     "${workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.processRefNo}",
       "processRefNumber":
     "${workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.processRefNo}",
       "branch": "$
{workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.branchCode}",
       "user": "$
{workflow.input.transactionModel.txnIdentification.currentUser}",
       "customerNumber":
     "Ś
{workflow.input.transactionModel.transactionData.moduleData.customerId}",
       "amount":
{workflow.input.transactionModel.transactionData.moduleData.amount}",
       "currencyCode":
     ШŚ
{workflow.input.transactionModel.transactionData.moduleData.currency}",
       "TASK OUTCOMES": [
       "PROCEED"
       1,
       "moduleCode": "OBTFPM",
       "customFilter": [
       "key": "contractRefNo",
       "label": "Back Office Reference"
       "key": "otherRefNo",
       "label": "External Reference"
     ]
     },
     "type": "WAIT",
     "startDelay": 0,
     "optional": false,
     "asyncComplete": false
  ],
  "outputParameters": {
  "stage": "CLMO FA SNPOAR APPEN",
  "taskOutcome": "PROCEED WITH PARTICIPANT"
  "schemaVersion": 2,
  "restartable": true,
  "workflowStatusListenerEnabled": false
```

Call the API (/api/metadata/workflow) and pass the DSL in body. The below screen depicts the sample workflow

Figure 1-4 Body

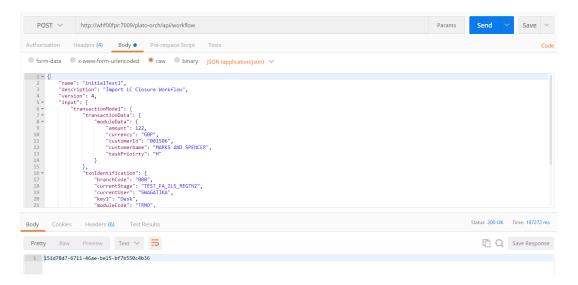


2. For workflow creation, call the API (/api/workflow) to create the workflow. This API provides the information to the workflow metadata which is created using previous call.

```
"name": "initialTest",
     "description": "initialTest",
     "version": 4,
     "input": {
       "transactionModel": {
       "transactionData": {
       "moduleData": {
       "amount": 122,
       "currency": "GBP",
       "customerId": "001506",
       "customerName": "MARKS AND SPENCER",
       "taskPrioirty": "H"
   }
  },
       "txnIdentification": {
       "branchCode": "000",
       "currentStage": "TEST FA ILS REGTN2",
       "currentUser": "SWAGATIKA",
       "key1": "Desk",
       "moduleCode": "TRMO",
       "processName": "Testing Process2",
       "processRefNo": "300ILCI012260",
       "applicationDate": 1588582461960,
       "taskOutcome": "PROCEED",
       "taskPrioirty": "H"
  }
}
```

Pass the DSL in body. The below screen depicts the sample workflow:

Figure 1-5 Body





2

Domain Creation and Cluster Configuration

This topic provides the information about the domain creation instructions, cluster configuration, and post domain creation configurations.

- Create Domain and Cluster Configuration
 This topic provides the systematic instructions to create domain and cluster configuration.
- Post Domain Creation Configurations
 This topic provides the systematic instructions for the configurations to be performed once the domain is created.

2.1 Create Domain and Cluster Configuration

This topic provides the systematic instructions to create domain and cluster configuration.

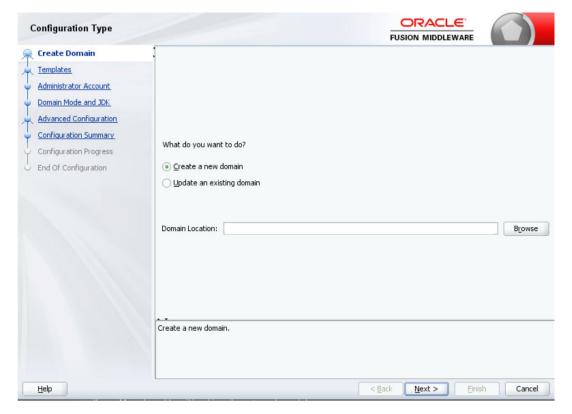


Names need not to be same as provided in the screenshot.

- Open /oracle_common/common/bin and run config.cmd (or .sh if operating system is linux).
- Create domain with required cluster and server configurations. Refer to the screenshots below
- Select Create a new domain and specify the domain name. For example, platoinfra domain.

The **Create Domain** screen displays.

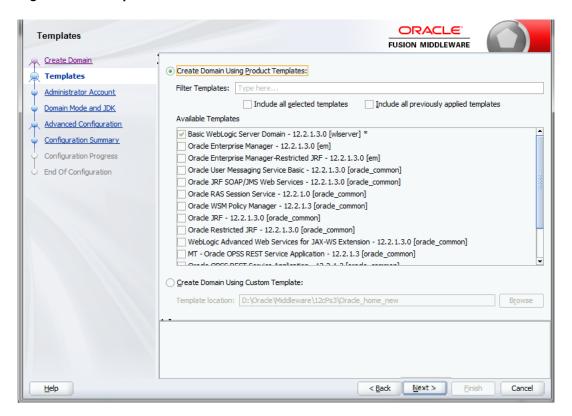
Figure 2-1 Create Domain



4. Click Next.

The **Templates** screen displays.

Figure 2-2 Templates



5. Click **Next** to create simple domain with default templates.

The Administrator Account screen displays.

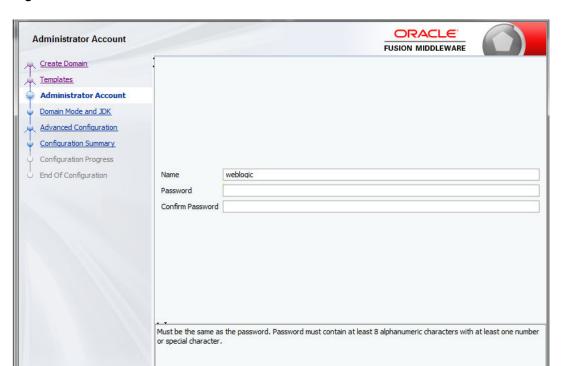


Figure 2-3 Administrator Account

Fill the fields Password and Confirm Password to set the password, and click Next to proceed.

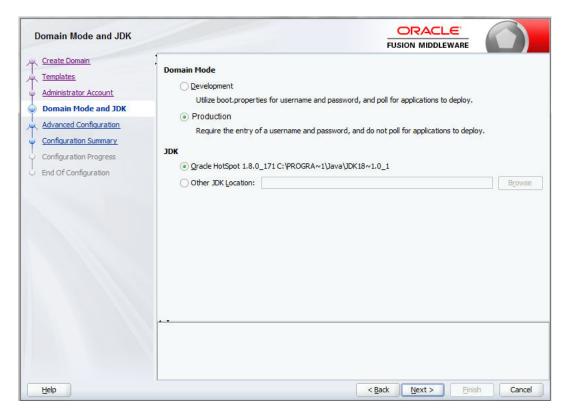
< Back

Next > Finish Cancel

The **Domain Mode and JDK** screen displays.

Help

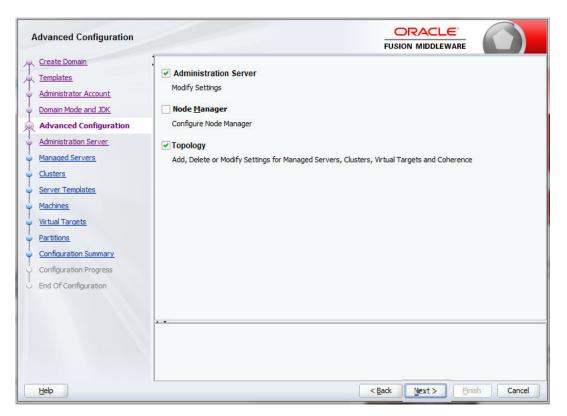
Figure 2-4 Domain Mode and JDK



- 7. Select Domain Mode as Production.
- 8. Select **JDK**, and click **Next**.

The Advanced Configuration screen displays.

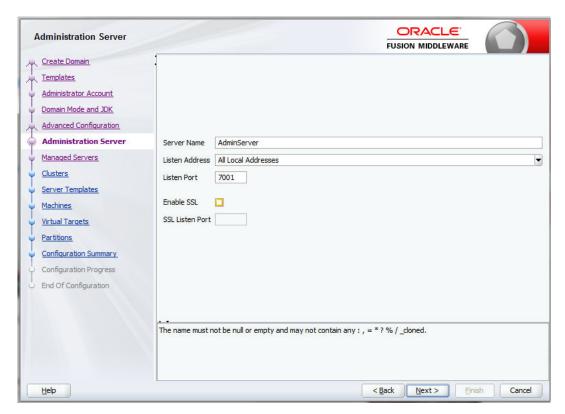
Figure 2-5 Advanced Configuration



9. Select Administration Server and Topology, and click Next.

The Administration Server screen displays.

Figure 2-6 Administration Server



10. Edit the fields **Listen Port** and host configurations as required, and click **Next**.

The Managed Servers screen displays.

Next >

< Back

Einish

Cancel



Figure 2-7 Managed Servers

- 11. Click Add to add managed servers and edit the fields as required.
 - a. Specify the name in **Server Name** filed.
 - b. Edit the address in Listen Address filed.
 - c. Edit the port in Listen Port filed.
- 12. Click Next.

Help

The Cluster screen displays.

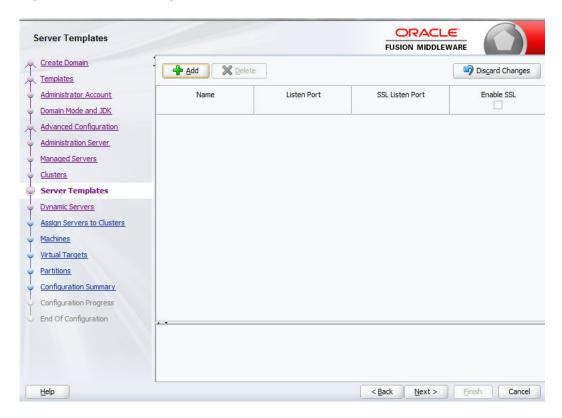
Figure 2-8 Cluster



13. Click Add to add clusters one for each Managed Servers, and click Next.

The **Server Template** screen displays.

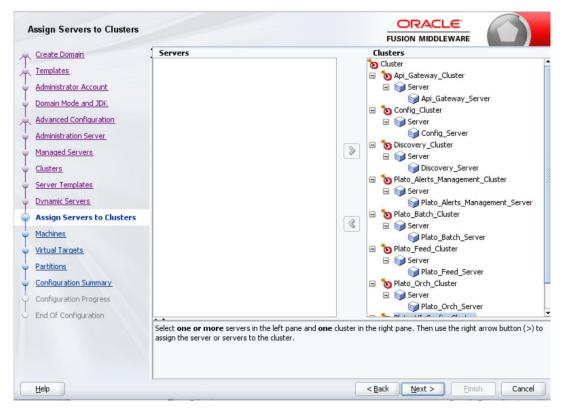
Figure 2-9 Server Template



14. Skip the Server Templates and Dynamic Servers, and click Next.

The Assign Servers to Clusters screen displays.

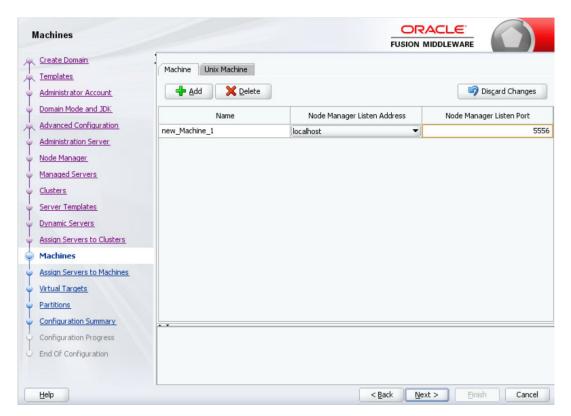
Figure 2-10 Assign Servers to Clusters



15. Assign clusters with servers, and click Next.

The Machines screen displays.

Figure 2-11 Machines



- **16.** Click **Add** to add **Machine** or **Unix Machine** based on the operating system and configure **Name**, **Node Manager Listen Address**, and **Node Manager Listen Port** as required.
- 17. Click Next.

The Assign Servers to Machines screen displays.

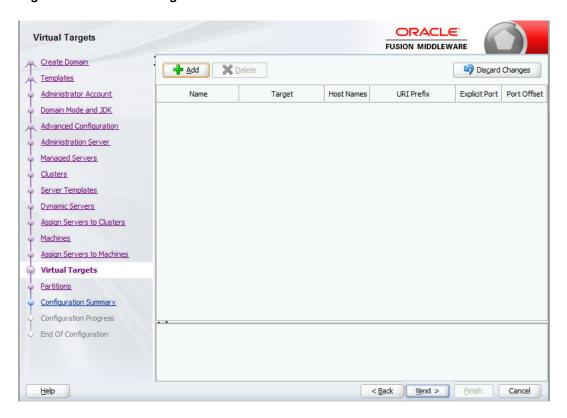
ORACLE! Assign Servers to Machines FUSION MIDDLEWARE Servers Machines Create Domain n Machine <u>Templates</u> Administrator Account AdminServer Api_Gateway_Server Domain Mode and JDK Config_Server Advanced Configuration Discovery_Server Plato_Alerts_Management_Server Administration Server Plato_Batch_Server 8 Managed Servers Plato_Feed_Server Clusters Plato_Orch_Server Plato_UI_Config_Server Server Templates Dynamic Servers Assign Servers to Clusters 3 Machines **Assign Servers to Machines** Virtual Targets **Partitions** Configuration Summary Configuration Progress Select one or more servers in the left pane and one machine in the right pane. Then use the right arrow button (>) End Of Configuration to assign the server or servers to the machine. <u>H</u>elp Next > Cancel < Back

Figure 2-12 Assign Servers to Machines

18. Map all the managed servers under the machine created, and click Next.

The Virtual Targets screen displays.

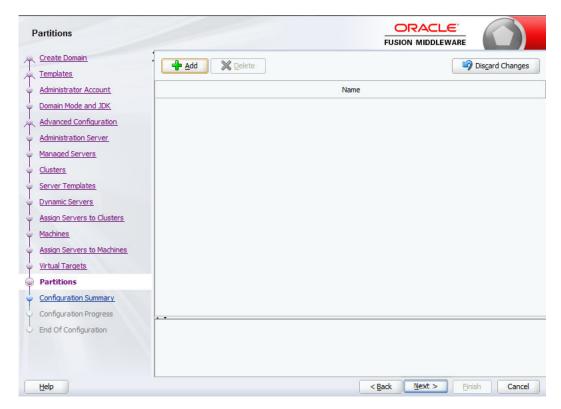
Figure 2-13 Virtual Targets



19. Skip or configure Virtual Targets, and click Next.

The **Partitions** screen displays.

Figure 2-14 Partitions



20. Skip or configure Partitions, and click Next.

The Configuration Summary screen displays.

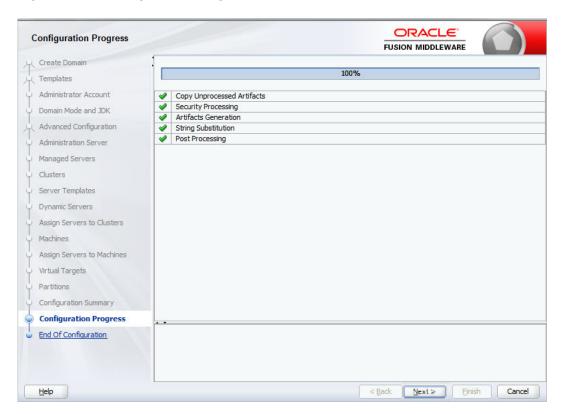
ORACLE **Configuration Summary** FUSION MIDDLEWARE Create Domain Name Basic WebLogic Server Domain View: Deployment Description Create a basic WebLogic Server domain v Templates platoinfra_domain (C:\Users\ags\Documents\Oracle\Mid ^ Author Oracle Corporation Administrator Account Location s\Oracle\Middlew Config_Server Domain Mode and JDK Discovery_Server Advanced Configuration Api_Gateway_Server Plato_UI_Config_Server
Plato_Orch_Server Administration Server Managed Servers Plato_Feed_Server Plato_Batch_Server
Plato_Alerts_Management_Server Clusters Server Templates ☐ AdminServer AdminServer Dynamic Servers ☐ 🗁 Cluster Assign Servers to Clusters Config_Cluster
Discovery_Cluster Machines Api_Gateway_Cluster Assign Servers to Machines Plato_UI_Config_Cluster Virtual Targets Plato_Orch_Cluster Plato_Feed_Cluster **Partitions** Plato_Batch_Cluster **Configuration Summary** Plato_Alerts_Management_Cluster Configuration Progress Select Create to accept the above options and start creating and configuring a new domain. To change the above End Of Configuration configuration before starting Domain Creation, go back to the relevant page by selecting its name in the left pane, or by using the Back button. <u>H</u>elp < Back Next > Create Cancel

Figure 2-15 Configuration Summary

- 21. Check the **Configuration Summary** and confirm creating the domain.
- 22. Click Next.

The Configuration Progress screen displays.

Figure 2-16 Configuration Progress



23. Check the Configuration Progress screen, and click Next.

The **End of Configuration** screen displays.

Figure 2-17 End of Configuration



24. Click Finish to complete the procedure.

The configuration is completed successfully.

2.2 Post Domain Creation Configurations

This topic provides the systematic instructions for the configurations to be performed once the domain is created.

Note:

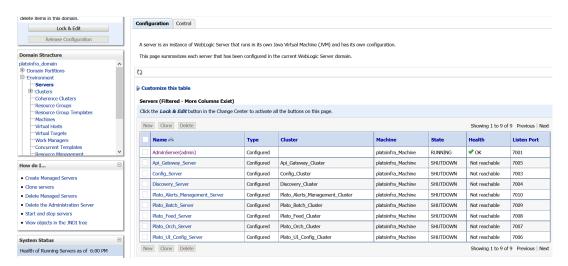
Once domain creation and cluster configuration is done, refer to Oracle Fusion Middleware documents for more details on how to start an admin server, node manager, and managed servers.

- 1. Open /user projects/domain/platoinfra domain/bin.
- Perform all the Environment Setup steps such as setting -D parameters, Embedded Weblogic Setup and, changes required for OAuth.
- 3. Run startWeblogic.cmd. Run .sh if operating system is linux.
- 4. Open /user projects/domains/platoinfra domain/bin.
- 5. Run setNMJavaHome.cmd. Run .sh if operating system is linux.
- 6. Open /user projects/domains/platoinfra domain/nodemanager.
- Edit nodemanager.properties as required (securelistner = false if ssl and keystore is not given).
- 8. In admin console, select the following options in sequential order:Under **Machine**, select **platoinfra_Machine**.
 - a. Machine
 - b. platoinfra_Machine
 - c. Node Manager
 - d. Type
 - e. Plain
 - f. Save
- 9. Open /user projects/domains/platoinfra domain/bin.
- 10. Run startNodeManager.cmd. Run .sh if operating system is linux.
- 11. Start all managed servers.
- 12. Access the Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.
- 13. From **Domain Structure**, Click **Services** and verify the **Servers (Filtered More Coloumns Exist)** table.

The **Summary of Services** screen displays.



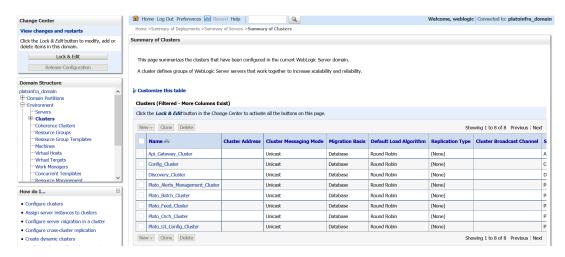
Figure 2-18 Summary of Services



14. Click Clusters and verify the Clusters (Filtered - More Coloumns Exist) table.

The Summary of Clusters screen displays.

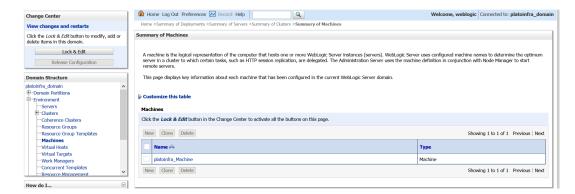
Figure 2-19 Summary of Clusters



15. Click Machines and verify the Machines (Filtered - More Coloumns Exist) table.

The **Summary of Machines** screen displays.

Figure 2-20 Summary of Machines





Datasource Creation

This topic provides the systematic instruction to create datasource.

Create Datasource

3.1 Create Datasource

Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

Perform the following steps to create data source:

1. Start AdminServer and Node Manager.

Note:

Make sure that all the managed servers (targets) are in running mode.

- 2. On Domain Structure, click Services. Under Services, click Data Sources.
- On the Data Sources (Filtered More Columns Exist) table, click New and select Generic Data Source from drop-down list.

The **Summary of JDBC Data Sources** screen displays.

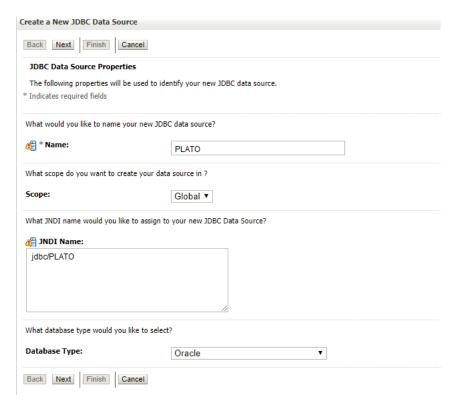
Figure 3-1 Summary of JDBC Data Source



4. Specify the Name and JNDI Name on Create a New JDBC Data Source and click Next.

The Create a New JDBC Data Source screen displays.

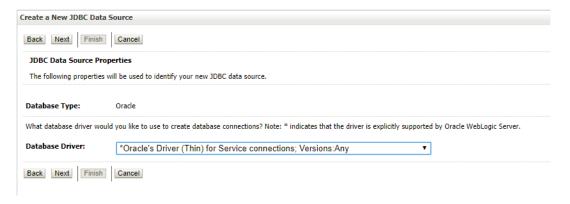
Figure 3-2 Create a New JDBC Data Source



On Database Driver, select Thin for Service Connections (Instant) from drop-down list and click Next.

The Create a New JDBC Data Source - Database Driver screen displays.

Figure 3-3 Create a New JDBC Data Source - Database Driver

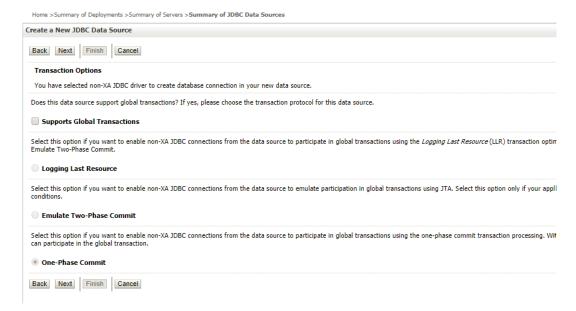


Uncheck the Supports Global Transactions and click Next.

The ${\bf Create}$ a ${\bf New}$ ${\bf JDBC}$ ${\bf Data}$ ${\bf Source}$ - ${\bf Transaction}$ ${\bf Options}$ screen displays.



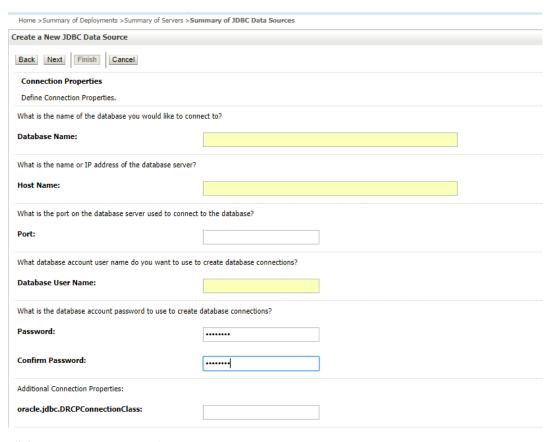
Figure 3-4 Create a New JDBC Data Source - Transaction Options



Specify the required fields on Connection Properties.

The Create a New JDBC Data Source - Connection Properties screen displays.

Figure 3-5 Create a New JDBC Data Source - Connection Properties



8. Click **Next** to test connection.

The Connection test succeeded message displays.

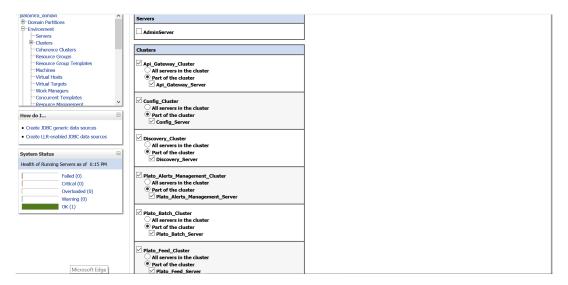


Figure 3-6 Connection test succeeded - Message



9. Select the target **Servers** and **Clusters** to deploy the data source and click **Next**.

Figure 3-7 Servers and Clusters



- 10. Go to Summary of JDBC Data Sources.
- On the Data Sources (Filtered More Columns Exist) table, verify the JNDI Name and Targets.



Figure 3-8 Summary of JDBC Data Source - Configuration



On the Change Center, click Activate Changes once the details are confirmed.All the changes are activated.

Figure 3-9 Change Center

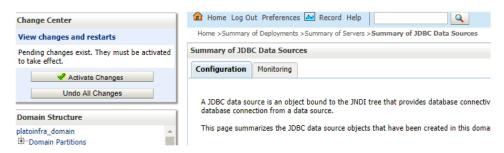


Figure 3-10 Changes - Success Message





Deploy Application

This topic provides the systematic instructions to deploy the application.

Deploy Application

4.1 Deploy Application

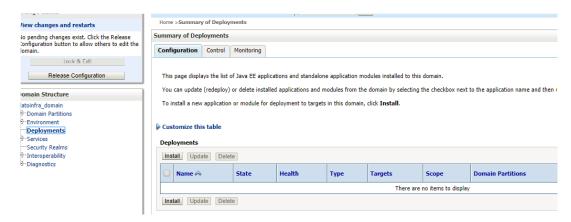
Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

The steps for deploying archives as an application in WebLogic are the same for all of the above except the managed server and the domain, where we deploy differs.

- 1. Navigate to left menu and click Domain Structure.
- 2. On Domain Structure, click Deployments.

The **Summary of Deployments** screen displays.

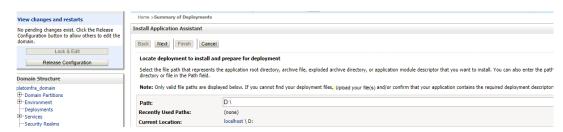
Figure 4-1 Summary of Deployments



- 3. On the Change Center, click Lock and Edit.
- 4. On the **Deployments** table, click **Install**.

The Install Application Assistant screen displays.

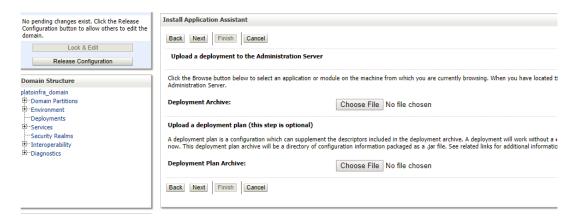
Figure 4-2 Install Application Assistant





Click Upload your file(s) to select archive. On Delpoyment Archive, select Choose File.

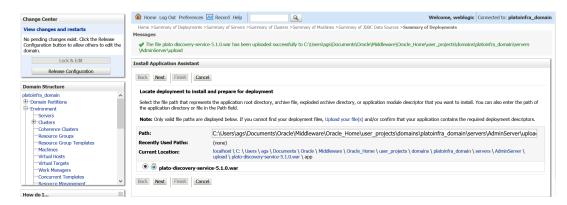
Figure 4-3 Install Application Assistant



Once the Archive is uploaded, click Next.

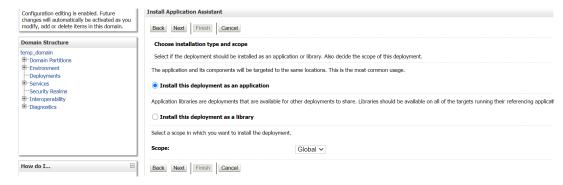
The file is uploaded successfully.

Figure 4-4 File Upload - Success Message



- Click Next.
- 8. Select Install this deployment as an application and click Next.

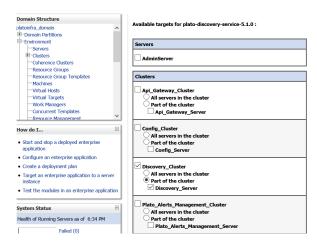
Figure 4-5 Install Application Assistant



Select the target Servers and Clusters to deploy.

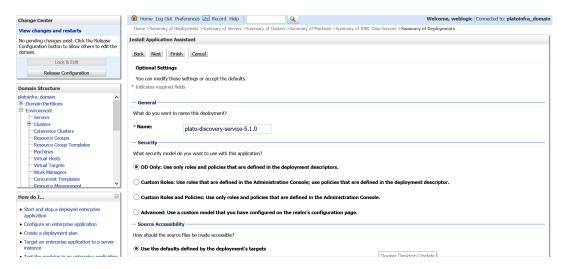


Figure 4-6 Available targets



10. Click Next.

Figure 4-7 Install Application Assistant



11. Click Finish.

The deployment is successfully completed.

Figure 4-8 Deployment - Success Message





12. On Change Center, click Activate Changes.

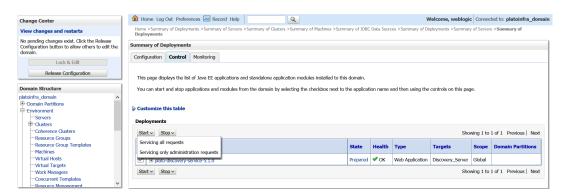
All the changes are activated.

Figure 4-9 Activate Changes - Success Message



13. On the **Summary of Deployments**, click **Control** to change the status from prepared to active.

Figure 4-10 Summary of Deployments - Control



14. On **Deployments** table, select the server. Click **Start** and select **Servicing all requests** from the drop-down list.

Start Application Assistant screen displays.

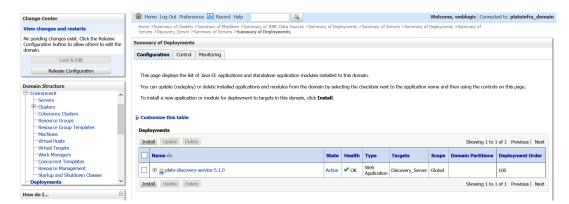
Figure 4-11 Start Application Assistant



- 15. Click Yes.
- **16.** The status is displayed as **Active** in the state column.



Figure 4-12 Summary of Deployments - Configuration





Undeploy Application

This topic provides the systematic instructions to undeploy the application.

· Undeploy Application

5.1 Undeploy Application

Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

Perform the following steps to undeploy the application:

1. On Domain Structure, click Deployments.

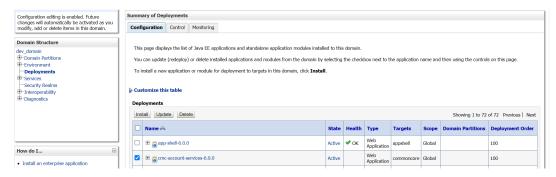
The **Summary of Deployments** screen displays.

Figure 5-1 Summary of Deployments



2. Click Lock and Edit.

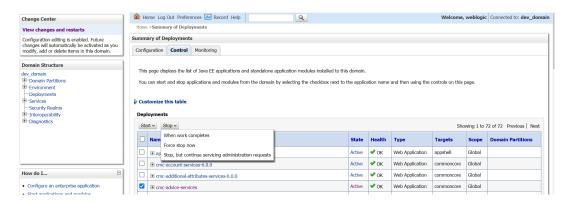
Figure 5-2 Lock and Edit



- On the **Deployments** table, select the service that needs to be undeployed in Deployments.
- **4.** Go to **Control**. On the **Deployments** table, click **Stop** and select **Force stop now** from the drop-down list.



Figure 5-3 Summary of Deployments - Control



5. Once the status is changed to **Prepared** state, go to **Configuration**.

Figure 5-4 Summary of Deployments



6. Select the service again and click **Delete** to undeploy the service.



Restart Servers

This topic provides the systematic instruction to restart the server.

Restart Servers

6.1 Restart Servers

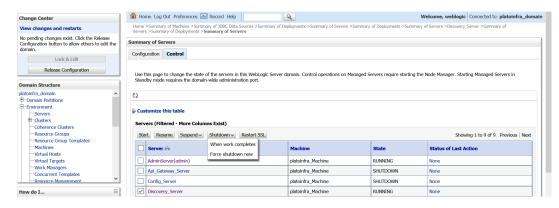
Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

Perform the following steps to restart the server:

- On Domain Structure, click Environment. Under Environment, click Servers.
 The Summary of Servers screen displays.
- 2. On the Summary of Servers screen, click Control.

The **Summary of Servers - Control** screen displays.

Figure 6-1 Summary of Servers - Control



 On the Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist) table, select the server. Click Shutdown and select the required option from the drop-down list.

The Server Life Cycle Assistant screen displays.

Figure 6-2 Server Life Cycle Assistant

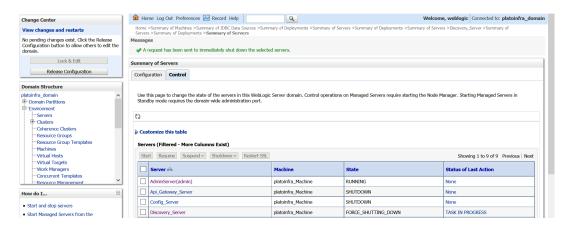


4. Click **Yes** to confirm shutdown.

A request is sent to immediately shut down the selected server.



Figure 6-3 Request Sent - Success Message



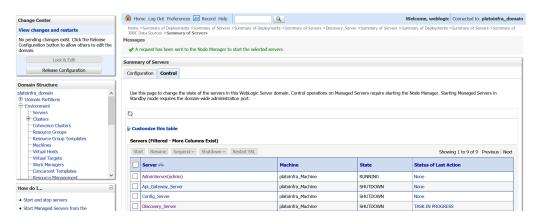
On the Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist) table, select the server and click Start.
 The Server Life Cycle Assistant screen displays.

Figure 6-4 Server Life Cycle Assistant



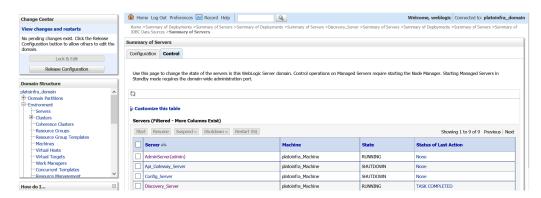
- Click Yes to confirm the action.
 - A request is sent to the node manager to start the selected servers.

Figure 6-5 Resquest Sent - Success Message



All the requested servers are running in the state column.

Figure 6-6 Summary of Servers - Control



When all requested servers are running, go to Summary of Deployments and check if deployments status is active.

Figure 6-7 Summary of Deployments





7

Check Port Number

This topic describes the systematic instructions to check the port number.

Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

1. On **Domain Structure**, click **Environment**. Under **Environment**, click **Servers**.

The **Summary of Servers** screen displays.

Figure 7-1 Summary of Servers

	Name ↔	Туре	Cluster	Machine	State	Health	Listen Port
	AdminServer(admin)	Configured			RUNNING	✓ ok	7020
	managed_server1	Configured		Machine 1	RUNNING	⊘ ОК	7023

2. On the Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist) table, check all the listed servers.

WebLogic Embedded LDAP Setup

This topic provides the information to configure the Weblogic Embedded LDAP server for Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture

- Configure WebLogic LDAP
 This topic provides systematic instructions to configure WebLogic LDAP Setup.
- Create Users
 This topic provides systematic instructions to create users.

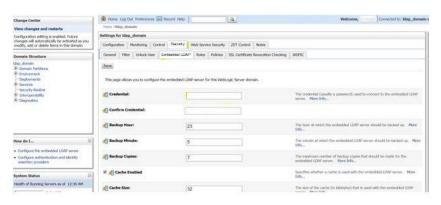
8.1 Configure WebLogic LDAP

This topic provides systematic instructions to configure WebLogic LDAP Setup.

Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

- 1. Navigate to left panel and click domain name.
- 2. Under Settings for Idap_domain, click Security and Embedded LDAP.

Figure 8-1 Settings for Idap_domain



3. Set the **Credential** for WebLogic Embedded LDAP store.

Note:

This is needed in the Security Config table.

8.2 Create Users

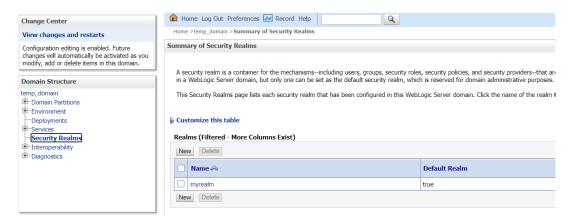
This topic provides systematic instructions to create users.

Specify User ID and Password to login to Oracle WebLogic Administration Console.

1. On Domain Structure, click Security Realms.

The Summary of Security Realms screen displays.

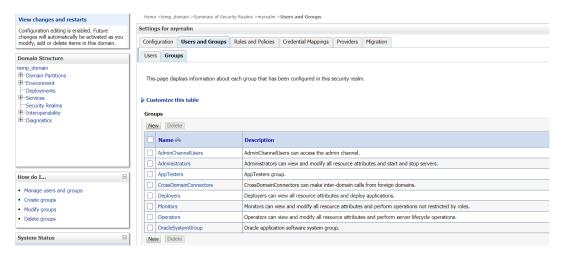
Figure 8-2 Summary of Security Realms



2. On the Realms (Filtered - More Columns Exist) table, click myrealm.

The **Setting of myrealm** screen displays.

Figure 8-3 Settings for myrealm

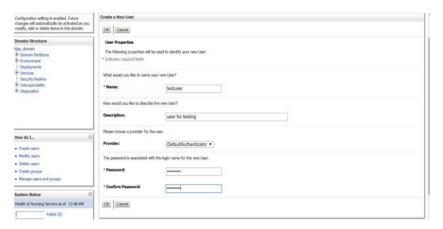


- 3. Under Settings for myrealm, click Users and Groups
- Click Groups. On the Groups table, Click New.

The Create a New User screen displays.



Figure 8-4 Create a New User

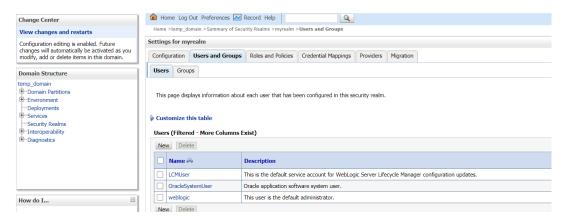


Specify all the required details and click OK.

The new group is created.

6. Go to Settings for myrealm, click Users.

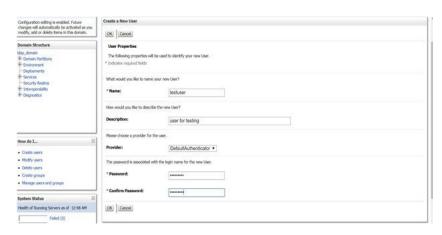
Figure 8-5 Settings for myrealm



7. On the Users table, Click New.

The Create a New User screen displays.

Figure 8-6 Create a New User





8. Specify all the required details and click **OK**.

The new user is created.

Figure 8-7 User Creation- Success Message

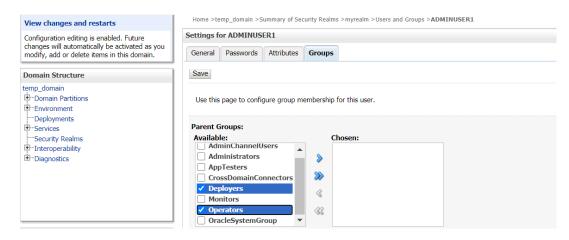


On the Users (Filtered - More Columns Exist) table, click on the newly created user to assign to some group.

The **Setting for ADMINUSER1** screen displays.

10. On Setting for ADMINUSER1 (or whatever your user name is) window, click Groups and select the required groups to assign to the user and click single right button as shown below.

Figure 8-8 Setting for ADMINUSER1

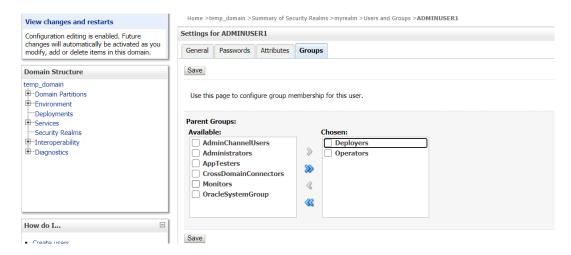


11. Click Save.

The selected groups displays on **Chosen**.



Figure 8-9 Setting for ADMINUSER1



8.3 Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Security Config Table Entries

This topic describes about Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture Security Config Table Entries.

Connection details for the embedded LDAP of WebLogic (assuming the admin server is running on 10.99.99.10:7001) are given below:

Connection Details:

URL: Idap:// 10.99.99.10:7001

Server Base: dc={DOMAIN_NAME} (in our case it would be dc=ldap_domain)

User Search Base: ou=people,ou=myrealm

Server User: cn=admin

Server Credentials: As setup in step Point 3 under 1.8.1

Security Config Table Entries:

Table 8-1 Security Config Table Entries:

ID	VALUE	Description
LDAP_URL	Idap:// 10.99.99.10:7001	Valid LDAP Server address with port.
LDAP_SERVER_USER	cn=admin	LDAP server login username
LDAP_SERVER_BASE	dc=ldap_domain	LDAP Server Base
LDAP_SERVER_CREDENTI AL	ylksiMFfjVbfcpA7Qheh8Q==	LDAP server credentials in encrypted form (For Encryption steps, refer to Encrypted Utility section below)
LDAP_USER_SEARCH_BAS E	ou=people,ou=myrealm	LDAP User Search Base



Table 8-1 (Cont.) Security Config Table Entries:

ID	VALUE	Description
LDAP_PROVIDER	EMBEDDED_WEBLOGIC	Which LDAP Provider to be used. Also, if this row is not present in this table, then In-House Spring Plato LDAP will be used.



9

Oracle Analytic Server Setup

This topic provides the information to configure the Oracle Analytic Server for Oracle Banking Microservices Architecture.

Prerequisites

This topic describes about prerequisites for Oracle analytic server setup.

Start BI Server

This topic provides systematic instructions to start BI server.

Upload BI Reports

This topic provides systematic instructions to upload BI reports.

Test BI Reports

This topic provides systematic instructions to test BI reports.

9.1 Prerequisites

This topic describes about prerequisites for Oracle analytic server setup.

• Make sure that the machine is installed with Java JDK.



For the exact version to be installed, refer to **Software Prerequisites** section in **Release Notes**.

Oracle Analytics Server 5.5.0

9.2 Start BI Server

This topic provides systematic instructions to start BI server.

- 1. Start the WebLogic server and analytics server.
- Check the WebLogic console whether analytics server is running.

9.3 Upload BI Reports

This topic provides systematic instructions to upload BI reports.

- Login to the Analytics server console.
- 2. Open the OSDC and check for the report Catalog object \{unzip folder}\REP\ {reportfilename}.xdrz or any other Catalog objects listed below:

Table 9-1 Upload BI Reports

Catalog Object	Extensions Supported
Data Model	.xdmz
Folder	.xdrz
Report	.xdoz
Style Template	.XSSZ
Subtemplate	.xsbz

3. Upload the catalog object to Analytics Server.

9.4 Test BI Reports

This topic provides systematic instructions to test BI reports.

- 1. Open the application, and go the **Reports** section of the application.
- 2. Choose the report generation criteria. For example, **Start Date** or **End Date**.
- 3. Choose the format of the report.
- **4.** Generate the report.



If the format of the report selected is PDF, a PDF report is generated.



How to deploy Plato-Apigateway Router

This topic provides the systematic instructions to deploy the plato-apigateway router.

Router deployment steps

The following services must be deployment in below order to setup router service:

1. Deploy plato-config-service

a. Set placeholder -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.plato-apigateway-router.server.port=<new server port for plato-apigateway-router>

2. Deploy plato-ui-config-service

- a. set -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.apigateway.port=<new server port for plato-apigateway-router>
- b. set -Dflyway.domain.placeholders.apigateway.host=<server host for plato-apigateway-router>

3. Deploy plato-api-gateway

a. Migrate existing OAuth users:

```
API for migration - /api-gateway/migrateOauthUsers
Example: http://hostname:8080/api-gateway/migrateOauthUsers
Authorization - jwtToken
Headers:
appId,userId,entityId
Body (Json): ["client1", "client2"] - Migrate selected list of clients or
Body (Json): ["ALL"] -Migrate all clients.
```

4. Deploy plato-apigateway-router

java -jar plato-apigateway-router.jar --plato.services.config.uri=http://hostname:8001--plato.service.logging.path=/logfilePath

- --plato.services.config.uri Config server URI which is referred by all other services.
- --plato.service.logging.path Path where log file(plato-apigateway-router.log) must be created. Specify the same path as that of other services.

We can enable SSL for plato-apigateway-router by providing:

- --server.ssl.enabled=true
- --server.ssl.key-store=C:/Users/KEYS/keytool/keystore.jks
- --key-store-password=xxxx
- --server.ssl.trust-store=C:/Users/KEYS/keytool/truststore.jks
- --trust-store-password=xxxxx
- --salt=xxxxx

Note: Passwords and salt must be encrypted value generated using respective toolkits.

Provide ssl certs of plato-api-gateway required for validation call when plato-api-gateway is deployed in different server.:

- --apigateway.useServerSSLKeys=false
- --apigateway.ssl.key-store=C:/Users/KEYS/keytool/keystore.jks
- --apigateway.ssl.key-store-password=xxxx
- --apigateway.ssl.trust-store=C:/Users/KEYS/keytool/truststore.jks
- --apigateway.ssl.trust-store-password=xxxxx

Note: Above certificates can be different than that of plato-apigateway-route

we must also provide trust certificates as

--spring.cloud.gateway.httpclient.ssl.trusted-x509-certificates=C:/Users/KEYS/keytool/keystore1.pem, C:/Users/KEYS/keytool/keystore2.pem

Note: Run this service with nohup command to that process will run on background

App-shell must point to plato-apigateway-router service. Update 'apigateway.url' by correcting it to "http://hostname:8080" - here 8080 is the port is configured for plato-apigateway-router.

Generation pem file and encryption of secrets:

Use plato-security-toolkit to encrypt secrets ---key-store-password, --trust-store-password, --apigateway.ssl.key-store-password, --apigateway.ssl.trust-store-password and these encrypted values must be passed to router service.

Encryption of secrets:

To encrypt the passwords as per Oracle Standards, we recommend toolkit - plato-security-toolkit

Encrypted Password: m4Q1rbtegkWse2s7D2jKfw==

Usage: java -jar plato-security-toolkit-9.1.0.jar

Enter pass phrase: Test123

Enter Salt: 0.9412345671234567

Encryption of salt:

To encrpt –salt value used while generating encrypted secret. This encrypt salt must be passed to router service.

To encrypt the salt as per Oracle Standards, we recommend toolkit - plato-security-salt-encryption-toolkit

Usage: java -jar plato-security-salt-encryption-toolkit-9.1.0.jar

Enter Salt: 0.9412345671234567

Encrypted Password:

VmtjMWQxTnJOVlpPV0VaWFZrVndUMWxYTVU1bFJsSlpZMFZLYTFaVVZrWldWbWgzVkRG S1JsWnFVVDA9

PEM file from keystore

keytool -exportcert -alias localhost -keystore keystore.jks -rfc -file keystore.pem



Timeout parameters

These parameters are similar to earlier ribbon timeout params:

```
spring.cloud.gateway.httpclient.connect-timeout= 3000 //seconds
spring.cloud.gateway.httpclient.response-timeout= 360s
spring.cloud.gateway.httpclient.pool.acquire-timeout=6000 //milliseconds
spring.cloud.gateway.httpclient.pool.max-connections=10000
```

#Properties used webclient call is made to plato-api-gateway for validation:

```
webclient.http.max.connections=1000
webclient.http.acquire.timeout.millisec=5000
webclient.http.connection.timeout.millisec=20000
webclient.http.read.timeout.seconds=20000
webclient.http.write.timeout.seconds=20000
```



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