

Oracle® FCCM Monitor Cloud Service Administration Guide



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The Oracle logo, consisting of a solid red square with the word "ORACLE" in white, uppercase, sans-serif font centered within it.

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Preface

FCCM Monitor Administration Guide guides you step-by-steps instruction to use Oracle Financial Crime and Compliance Management Monitor cloud service.

1.1 Audience

This document is intended for users who are responsible for provisioning and activating Oracle FCCM Cloud services or for adding other users who would manage the services, or for users who want to develop Oracle Cloud applications.

1.2 Help

Use Help Icon  to access help in the application. If you don't see any help icons on your page, click your user image or name in the global header and select Show Help Icons. Not all pages have help icons. You can also access the <https://docs.oracle.com/en/> to find guides and videos.

1.3 Related Resources

For more information, see these Oracle resources:

- Oracle Public Cloud: <http://cloud.oracle.com>
- Community: Use <https://community.oracle.com/customerconnect/> to get information from experts at Oracle, the partner community, and other users.
- Training: Take courses on Oracle Cloud from <https://education.oracle.com/oracle-cloud-learning-subscriptions>.

1.4 Comments and Suggestions

Please give us feedback about Oracle Applications Help and guides! You can send an e-mail to: <https://support.oracle.com/portal/>.

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Identity Management

Using Identity Management, administrators can manage fine grained and coarse-grained entitlements. Coarse-grained entitlements consist of fewer functions than fine-grained entitlements. Authorizers can authorize the entitlement mappings.

For more information on mapping user group and roles, see [User Roles and Privileges](#).

For more information, see [Identity Management](#).

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Application Security Mapping

Application Security Administration helps Administrators classify users and the data that they are permitted to access. Users are mapped to user groups, which must be mapped to specific security attributes, such as Business Domain, Jurisdiction, and Case Type. Users can then perform activities associated with their user group throughout the functional areas in the application.

For more information, see [Application Security Mapping](#).

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Loading Data

Data that is present in the application layer is processed and loaded into the reporting layer. The Scheduler Service allows you to process data from the application to reporting tables by scheduling and running batches.

For more information, see [Load Data](#)

The following tasks are performed in the Scheduler Service to process data:

1. Process data once, daily (once in a day), weekly, or on a customized schedule.
2. Schedule a date and time for each batch to run.
3. To process data from application layer into the reporting tables, you must run the batch using the Schedule Batch feature in the Scheduler Services. For more information, see [Scheduler Services](#) .

 **Note:**

In the Scheduler Batch, you must select the ready-to-use batch name (MonitorCSbatch) to run the batch. You must run MonitorCSbatch twice for the first time.

5

Replication Utility

Replication Utility is a valuable tool for organizations that need to ensure data consistency and availability across multiple databases or systems, enabling efficient data replication and synchronization.

Note:

- To perform the Replication process, the Base table and Target table structure must be in sync, if not, you can not perform this activity.

A Replication Utility is a tool or software that is used to replicate or copy data from one source to one or more target destinations. It is commonly used in database management systems to ensure data consistency and availability across multiple locations or servers.

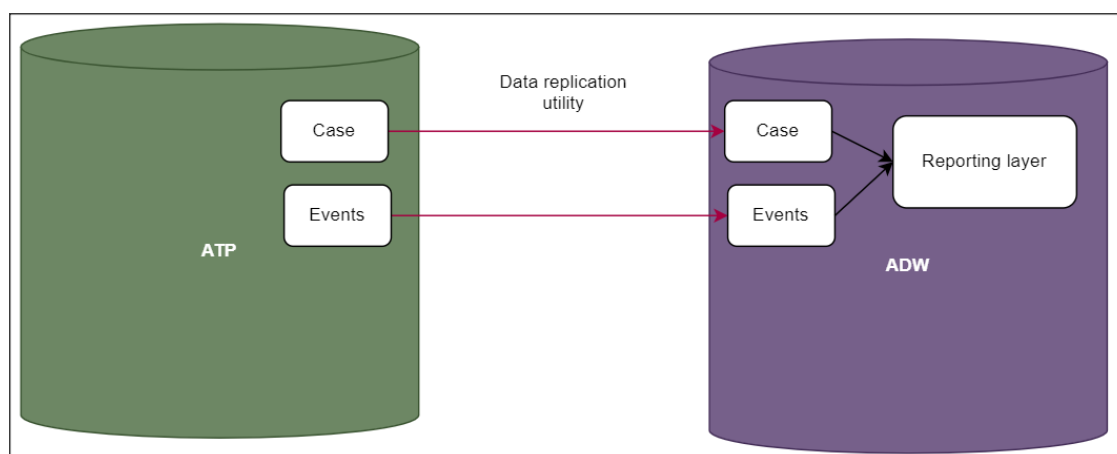
The Replication Utility typically works by capturing changes made to the source data and then applying those changes to the target destinations. This allows for real-time or near-real-time synchronization of data between different databases or systems.

Key features of Replication Utility may include:

- **Data synchronization:** It ensures that data changes made in the source database are replicated to the target databases, keeping them up to date.
- **Replication modes:** It supports different replication modes such as one-way replication (from source to target), two-way replication (bidirectional), or multi-master replication.
- **Conflict resolution:** In case of conflicting changes made to the same data in different locations, the Replication Utility may provide mechanisms to resolve conflicts and maintain data integrity.
- **Performance optimization:** It may include features to optimize replication performance, such as compression, filtering, or batching of data changes.
- **Monitoring and management:** Replication Utility often provides monitoring and management tools to track the replication process, view replication status, and troubleshoot any issues that may arise.

Using Replication Utility

The replication utility is a tool that is used to copy data from a source schema to a target schema. It is designed to identify any changes in the source data and update the target schema accordingly. In the context of the Oracle FCCM cloud reporting solution, this utility is specifically used to update the ADW reporting schema from the ATP application schema. The replication utility is primarily developed using PL/SQL, a procedural language used for Oracle database programming.



A database link is established in ADW (Autonomous Data Warehouse) to retrieve data from ATP (Autonomous Transaction Processing). This is achieved through a job in ADW, which utilizes the system global area (SGA), program global area (PGA), and other database resources of ADW. The purpose of this setup is to minimize the processing dependency on ATP.

There are several dependencies associated with using the database link:

- **ADW Wallet:** The ADW instance requires a wallet that contains the necessary credentials and certificates to establish a secure connection with ATP.
- **ADW Access to Object Store:** ADW needs access to an object store, which is a designated location for storing files and data. This access is necessary for retrieving any required files or data during the replication process.
- **Timely Refresh of Named Credentials:** The named credentials used for authentication with ATP need to be refreshed periodically to ensure the security of the connection. This involves updating the fingerprint associated with the credentials.

Table 5-1 fcc_replication_batch_run

N_RUN_SKEY	D_MIS_DATE	N_RUN_STATUS	V_BATCH_RUN_I D	N_RUN_DATE
1	28-06-2022	1	ADW_1656420618 626_20220628_1	28-06-2022

Table 5-2 fcc_replication_audit

SOURCE_T ABLE	TARGET_TA BLE	RUN_SKEY	RECORD_IN SERTE	RECORD_U PDATED	RECORD_D ELETE	RUN_DATE
fcc_cust_dim	fccr_cust_dim	1	CUST038388 3	CUST838382	CUST327722	
fcc_cust_dim	fccr_cust_dim	1	CUST978788 8	CUST876127	CUST176512	30-may-2023

- The replication audit table is designed to store the actual internal ID or sequence of the changed record, along with the new run ID. This information is crucial for updating dependent tables in the replication process.

- To optimize performance, the audit table is partitioned based on the target table name. This allows for efficient retrieval and management of the replicated data. Additionally, the audit table is further sub-partitioned based on either the run_key or run_date, depending on the specific requirements of the replication process.
- As for the maintenance of the audit table, whether to truncate or purge the table is left to the discretion of the customer. This decision can be based on factors such as data retention policies, storage limitations, and performance considerations.

Table 5-3 fcc_replication_run_book

SOURCE_TABLE	TARGET_TABLE	JOB_STATUS	RUN_KEY	RUN DATE
fcc_cust_dim	fccr_cust_dim	Finished	1	30-may-2023