Oracle® Hospitality Cruise Shipboard Property Management System Norwegian Tax User Guide



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ORACLE

Oracle Hospitality Cruise Shipboard Property Management System Norwegian Tax User Guide, Release 23.1

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Preface

This document describes the Norwegian Fiscal Enhancement introduced in Oracle Hospitality Cruise Shipboard Property Management System (SPMS). The product used in the Norwegian market must comply with the followings:

- Norwegian Tax Authority's Cash Register Systems Act (CSRA), and
- Norwegian Tax Authority's Cash Register Systems Regulation (CRSR).

The aim is to combat the black market and manipulation of the cash register system and evading tax and duties, especially in sectors involving cash sales.

Audience

This document is intended for project managers, application specialists and users of Oracle Hospitality Cruise Shipboard Property Management System.

Customer Support

To contact Oracle Customer Support, access the Customer Support Portal at the following URL:

https://iccp.custhelp.com

When contacting Customer Support, please provide the following:

- Product version and program/module name
- Functional and technical description of the problem (include business impact)
- Detailed step-by-step instructions to re-create
- Exact error message received
- Screenshots of each step you take

Documentation

Oracle Hospitality product documentation is available on the Oracle Help Center at http://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/hospitality/.

Revision History

Table 1 Revision History

Date	Description of Change		
October 2023	Initial publication.		



Prerequisites

Before you begin using the Norwegian Fiscal Enhancements, you must install the Digital Certificate. If the digital certificate is not present, the system will not allow you to perform any postings or payments. To apply a digital certificate, see section Key Pair Management for Digital Signature.

To comply with the Norwegian Tax Authority requirements, you must disable the financial functions of the SMART iCrew.

Security Reference No.	Description
11106	Cabin change in iCrew
11641	Add payment in iCrew
11642	Add posting in iCrew
11643	Print invoice in iCrew
51011	Book shore excursion in iCrew

 Table 1
 List of User Security to Disable



1 System Configurations

Below are the changes introduced for the Norwegian Fiscal Enhancements in order to meet the requirements specified by the Norwegian Tax Authority.

Company Details

You must set up the Company entities for the company information to be shown on the report.

Company Entities Setu	Entity Details	
	Entity ID:	
	Code:	
•	Name:	
	Enabled:	True
	FC ID:	
	Record ID:	(2000)
	Type:	
	Address:	
	City & Country Code:	
	Phone:	
	Fax:	[
	Email:	
	Print Order Report ID:	0
	License:	
	IDEA Enabled:	False 💌
	Organization number:	
	VAT registration number	C
	-	-
		OK Cancel Apply

Figure 1-1 Company Entities Setup

- 1. Log in to the Administration module and select Administration, System Setup.
- 2. Select Company Entities Setup and enter the value for two new entities as follows:
 - **Organization number:** Organization number from Register Centre or other relevant government authority.
 - **VAT registration number:** The Company's Value Added Tax (VAT) number. This is the unique number from the Register Centre.



Printer Configuration

A printer set-up is needed to print the required receipts such as Sales Receipt, Delivery Receipt, and Return Receipts.

- 1. From the Management module, Options, select the Hardware menu.
- 2. Select **Report Printers** as **Receipts** and select the printer from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click **Apply** to save and exit the configuration screen.

Predefined Code Mapping

In the Norwegian E-Journal Report, it is necessary to display the standard predefined code instead of a system code, for example, the standard predefined code for VAT rate and main department. Therefore, code mapping between the standard predefined code and the system code is required. The Predefined Code Mapping button is enabled when the PAR Use Norwegian Fiscal Requirements is enabled, and you have the authorization to access this function.

To map the standard predefined code to the system code, log in to the Administration module and click the **Administration**, **System Codes** button, and then click the **Predefined Code Mapping** at the top of the menu.

Standard Predefined Code 04 — Article Group/Department Codes

: 4 Article Group Codes - 상 - 상 - 상	listed must be set	partment parated v		d code you are defining. Departments ssigned departments are listed under
200	Predefined Code: Description:	04 Food	04006	-
000	SPMS mapping	2003		
0000	code:	2003		^

Figure 1-2 Sample Predefined Article Group

This code is used to configure the system debit department code. In the screen example above (Figure 2–2), the system debit department code 2003 for food is mapped to standard predefined code 04 and predefined ID 04006.

The report displays this standard predefined code in <basicType> and <predefinedBasicID> under <basics> element.

Standard Predefined Code 11 – Transaction Codes

This code is used to configure the system transaction code. The payment transaction code **SALES** is mapped to the standard predefined code 11 and predefined ID 11004 as shown in figure 2–3 figure below.

Figure 1-3 Sample Predefined Transaction Codes

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Transaction type	isted mus		h comma (e.g. 10	ed code you are defin 00,200,340). Assigned nal XML report.	
	Predefined Code:	11	11004			
000000	Description:	Paymen	t.			0
000	SPMS mapping code:	SALES				^
				ок	Cancel	Apply

There are two categories of transaction code in the system:

Transaction code for Point-of-Sales (POS) record. This appears in <lineType> under <ctLine> element on the report. There are five types of transaction codes for POS record. You **must** follow the exact system transaction code per the following and configure it into the user interface to avoid unmapped data and incorrect information being displayed.

- POST (add posting)
- SALES (payment)
- REFUND (return payment)
- DIS (discount)
- VOID (void posting)

Transaction code for receipt type. This appears in <transType> under the <cashtransaction> element on the report. There are four types of transaction codes for receipt type. You must follow the exact system transaction code shown below to configure it into the user interface.

- SALES (Sales Receipt)
- RETURN (Return Receipt)
- PROFORMA (Pro Forma Receipt)
- DELIVERY (Delivery Receipt)



Standard Predefined Code 12 — Payment Codes

Predefined code Setup						
Control Codes Cod	listed must be se	partments parated wit		0,200,340). Ass	code you are defi signed department	
	Predefined Code:	12	12001			
0000	Description:	Cash				^
						v
୍ବି କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ କୁ	SPMS mapping code:	9001				^
a solardard Micodes						~
				ОК	Cancel	Apply

Figure 1-4 Sample Predefined Payment Codes

This code is used to configure the system credit department code or payment code. In the example above, the credit department code 9001 for cash is mapped to standard predefined code 12 and predefined ID 12001.

This appears in <basicType> and <predefinedBasicID> under <basics> element on the report.

Standard Predefined Code 13 — Event Codes

Predefined code Setup Of Article Group Codes		ent code yo parated with	comma (e.g. 10	00,200,340). Ast	ode you are definir signed event code i	
999	Predefined Code:	13	13001			
000000000000	Description: SPMS mapping code:	POS applic	ation start			0
		LOAD				-
000						
99 Standard VAT Codes				ок	Cancel	Apply



This code is used to configure system event code. In the below example, the system event code **LOAD** for application starting is mapped to standard predefined code 13 and predefined ID 13001.

This appears in <event> under <cashregister> element on the report.

Standard Predefined Code 99 – Standard VAT Codes

Figure 1-6 Sample Predefined VAT Codes

Predefined code Setup						
Of Article Group Codes Of Article Group Codes Of 11 Transaction Codes Of 12 Payment Codes Of 13 Event Codes Of 13 Event Codes Of 99 Standard VAT Codes	Predefined Code I	Details				
999	Predefined Code:	99	32			
44	Description:	Output VAT				\$\$
000)0000000000000000000000000000000000	SPMS mapping code:	VAT1				^
000		1				~
999			c	×	Cancel	Apply

This code is used to configure system VAT code. In example above, the system VAT code **VAT1** is mapped to standard predefined code 99 and predefined ID 32.

This is displayed in <standardVatCode> under <vatCodeDetails> element on report.

Key Pair Management for Digital Signature

The Norwegian Tax Authority mandates that sales transactions must be digitally signed. The Norwegian Tax Authority has chosen the cryptographic function: RSA-SHA1-1024, based on asymmetric encryption where a key pair of a private key and a public key is required.

To perform key management, the key pair can be self-generated and self-signed. This means the key pair can be generated from any machine and anywhere. The public key submitted to the Norwegian Tax Authority signifies the valid key pair recognized by the Norwegian Tax Authority. For each Cruise Operator, one key pair is sufficient regardless of the number of the Sales Registers is used. The Cruise Operator is FULLY responsible for the generation and management of the key pairs.

For Norwegian Tax Authority audit purpose, the Cruise Operator is responsible in submitting the key pair of the public key used in digital signing. When the key expires or breached, the Cruise Operator must re-generate a new key pair and update the new key pair in SPMS. The new public key shall be resubmitted to the Norwegian Tax Authority.

See Digital Certificate Requirement.



Creating Self-signed Certificate

Listed below are the tools that you can use to generate a self-signed certificate.

- **1.** Using the OpenSSL libraries.
- 2. Using the MakeCert.exe tool distributed in the Windows SDK.
- 3. Using the PowerShell pkiclient cmdlet.

Open SSL

The OpenSSL method is recommended if you work with multiple platforms (Linux, Mac, Windows, etc.). OpenSSL can be installed on most of the operating systems OS.

Download and install the OpenSSL toolkit from: https://www.openssl.org/.

MakeCert

This method is recommended if the target machine is Windows 10 and Windows Server 2012. Download and install the Windows 10 SDK from https://developer.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/downloads/sdk-archive.

Start the installation and select the option as shown in below figure.

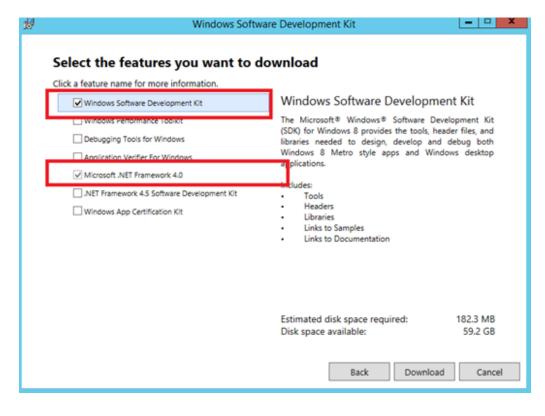


Figure 1-7 Windows Software Development Kit Options

This example creates a self-signed certificate for the purpose of digital signing that would be stored in the Windows Certificate Store "cert: $\LocalMachine My"$.



Right-click the **Command** prompt and select to run in **Administrator mode**, and run the command below.

```
cd "C:\Program Files (x86)\Windows Kits\8.0\bin\x86"
MakeCert -a <name> -len 1024 -n "CN=< CERTIFICATE NAME>" -pe -r -sky
Signature -sr LocalMachine -ss My
```

This generates a new key pair for the RSA-SHA1-1024 cryptographic function with the certificate subject being set as the name defined in <CERTIFICATE NAME>.

- The "-pe" option allows the private key to be exportable. You need this as the key pair will be used by each Sales Register.
- The "-r" option creates a self-signed certificate.
- The "-sky Signature" option indicates that this key pair is meant for digital signing.
- The "-sr LocalMachine" option makes the Windows store the key pair under the HKEY LOCAL MACHINE registry location certificate store.
- The "-ss My" option is the name of the certificate store that stores the generated certificate that contains the key pair.

PowerShell New SelfSigned Certificate cmdlet

This method is recommended if the target machine is Windows 10 and Windows Server 2016. The function and storage of the certificate for this tool is similar to MakeCert. Rightclick the **PowerShell** prompt and select **Run in Administrator** mode, and then run the command below.

```
New-SelfSignedCertificate -CertStoreLocation "cert:\LocalMachine\My" -
Subject <"Certificate Name"> -HashAlgorithm SHA1 -KeyAlgorithm RSA -
KeyLength 1024 -KeyExportPolicy Exportable -KeySpec Signature -KeyUsage
CertSign -Type CodeSigningCert -NotAfter $([datetime]::now.AddYears(5))
```

Export Self-signed Certificate

After generating the digital signing certificate, you will need to distribute the certificate to whichever machine performs the digital signing task. As the certificate contains a private key, you must provide a password to secure the file after the certificate is exported to the local file system. You are responsible in safeguarding the certificate along with the password used to lock it. The steps below will guide you on how to export the digital signing certificate to a password secured PFX file.

- At the Search Windows prompt, type in Manage computer certificates to open the "certlm" console.
- 2. At the tree view on the left panel, expand the **Personal** folder under "**Certificates Local Computer**, and then click the **Certificates** folder.
- 3. At the **Certificates** folder, look for the certificate issued to "Cruise Digital Signature" on the right panel.



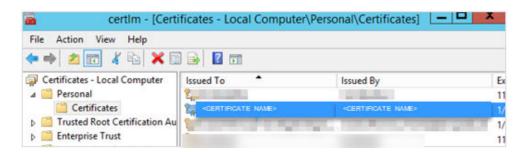


Figure 1-8 Certificates Repository on Local Computer

- 4. Double-click to open the certificate and ensure it contains the private key. You should see the golden key icon with this message: "You have a private key that corresponds to this certificate" under the **General** tab.
- 5. Right-click the certificate on the right panel. You will see a prompt.
- 6. Select All Tasks, and then click Export to launch the Certificate Export Wizard.
- 7. Click the Next button to continue.
- 8. At the Export Private Key screen, select the **Yes, export the private key** radio button option, and click the **Next** button.
- 9. Key in a password to secure and prevent users from opening the PFX certificate.

Important:

The Cruise Operator is responsible in remembering the password used.

- 10. Select the location of the file to export and click the **Next** button again.
- **11.** Click the **Finish** button and now, you should have the PFX certificate located in the export location selected.

Import Key Pair

Before you import the key pair, ensure that you have a PFX certificate available on the machine and the certificate password. To import, follow the steps below.

- 1. Repeat steps 1 2 of Export Self-signed Certificate.
- 2. Right-click the Certificate folder and select **All Tasks**, then **Import...** to start the Certificate Import Wizard.
- 3. Click the **Next** button to continue.
- At the File to Import screen, browse to the location of the PFX file to import and click the Next button again.
- 5. Key in the password to unlock the PFX certificate. *Do not* select the **"Mark this** key as exportable." option. This is to ensure maximum confidentiality.
- 6. Click the **Next** button and then click the **Finish** button. Now, you should have the key pair saved in the Windows certificate store.



Managing the Key Version in SPMS

Although the key pair is stored in the Windows certificate store, SPMS must manage the key version. Every new key pair used in SPMS will be recorded in the KEY table of the SPMS schema.

- 1. Log in to the OHC Tools module.
- 2. At the ribbon bar, click the Update Cert ThumbPrint.
- 3. At the Digital Signing Certificate window, click **Detect** for the program to look up the certificate name "< CERTIFICATE NAME>" and obtain the ThumbPrint of the public key.

Figure 1-9 Digital Signing Cert Thumbprint Updater

🚯 Digital Signing Cert ThumbPrint Updater	×
Digital Signing Certificate ThumbPrint Find "Cruise Digital Signature" certificate from Windows Cert Store.	Detect
	Update Close

4. Click **Update** to store the key in the KEY table.

Export Public Key

The Norwegian Tax Authority requires the public key to audit the digitally signed sales transactions. As a requirement, the Cruise Operator must be able to provide the public key in the form of base64 encoded X.509 certificate.

- 1. Repeat steps 1 7 of Export Self-signed Certificate.
- 2. Select the **"No, do not export the private key"** radio button and then, click the **Next** button.
- Select the "Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER)" radio button and then, click the Next button.
- 4. Select the location of the file to export and the click **Next** button again.
- 5. Click the **Finish** button. Now, you should have the CER certificate located in the export location selected.

With the base64 encoded CER certificate, you can now submit the public key to the Norwegian Tax Authority.



2 **IIS Configuration**

Configure Web Service Run Privilege

The SPMS Web Services (OHC WebServices or OHC TransactionsService) by default are configured to run with ApplicationPoolIdentity. The default run privilege is restricted and cannot retrieve the Digital Signing certificate stored in the Windows Certificate Store when digital signing is required. Therefore, it is important to note that when the Norwegian Fiscal Enhancements feature is enabled, the Cruise IT personnel must change the web service run privilege using the steps below.

- 1. Open the **IIS Manager**.
- Select the web services (OHC WebServices or OHC TransactionsService) from the 2. application pool. Right-click and select the Advanced Settings... option.

Edit Application Pool .NET v2.0 Classic Started v2.0 Classic ApplicationPoolIdentity 0 Basic Settings... 2.NET v4.5 ApplicationPoolIdentity 0 Started v4.0 Integrated Classic Add Application Pool... Recycling... Classic ApplicationPoolIdentity 0 Advanced Settings. Classic ApplicationPoolIdentity 0 Set Application Pool Defaults... Rename Default ApplicationPoolIdentity 28 Integrated ▶ Start X Remove Stop View Applications 2 Recycle... Help Basic Settings... Recycling... Advanced Settings... Rename Remove **View Applications** ø Help

Figure 2-1 Application Pool Settings

3. Under Process Model group, select the identity option.



~	(General)	/
	.NET CLR Version	100
	Enable 32-Bit Applications	
	Managed Pipeline Mode	100
	Name	and the second se
	Queue Length	
	Start Mode	
~	CPU	
	Limit (percent)	
	Limit Action	
	Limit Interval (minutes)	
	Processor Affinity Enabled	100 C
	Processor Affinity Mask	and the second sec
	Processor Affinity Mask (64-	bit c
~	Process Model	
>	Generate Process Model Ever	nt L
	Identity	ApplicationPoolIdentity
	Idle Time-out (minutes)	20
	Idle Time-out Action	Terminate

Figure 2-2 Application Pool Advanced Settings

- 4. In the Application Pool Identify form, select **Custom Account** to change the Windows user access and click **Set**.
- 5. At the Set Credentials form, enter the **User Name**, and **Password** and Confirm the passpword when prompted.
- 6. Click **OK** to save and exit.



3 Receipt Printing

Norwegian Tax handling enforces all the receipts (Delivery Receipt, Sales Receipt, and Return Receipt) except Pro Forma Receipt to be printed and electronically signed. The receipt layout uses a standard SPMS Invoice Report with additional requirements for each receipt type.

See section Receipt Layout Modification for lists of mandatory elements that need to be presented on all four types of receipts.

Delivery Receipt

Delivery Receipt in terms of this regulation is a print-out from the cash register system for transactions that are not yet closed but charged to the on-board account, in other words, when a Guest acquires a credit or charges a posting to the cabin.

The business logic behind the POST functionality forces a Delivery receipt to be printed on each cabin charge posting. When performing a cabin charge posting, only the **POST & PRINT** button is available.

The following table lists the areas applicable to perform posting and printing of Delivery receipt.

Module	Function
Management, Crew	Guest/ System Account/ Group/ Gift Card handling, Add Posting Crew handling Add Posting Quick Posting
Business Center	Internet Posting
Advanced Quick Check In	Ferry operation: Package posting when creating new reservation Change Schedule Change Cabin
Casino	Post
Currency Exchange	Post to Account
Kiosk	Book an Excursion, Book an Event and Internet Posting
Medical	Add Posting
Shore Excursion	Booking Move BookingPost Unposted Booking Package Postings
Universal Interface	Booking Msg Posting Msg BookExcPack
Web Service	FCUI Posting
Ticket	Event BookingMove Booking
SPA	Post

Table 3-1 List of Area to Perform Posting and Print Delivery Receipt



Sales Receipt

The Sales Receipt in this regulation is a print-out from the cash register system for completed transactions, in other words when a Guest perform payment by cash, credit or other payment methods.

All business logic behind the PAY functionality forces a Sales receipt to be printed when invoice payment is made. Only the **PAY & PRINT** button is available when performing payment / invoice balance.

The following table lists the areas applicable to perform invoice payment and print a Sales receipt.

Module	Function
Management, Crew	Guest/ System Account/ Group/ Gift Card handling, Pay InvoiceCrew handling, Pay InvoiceGuest/ System Account/ Group/ Resident Quick Billing Pay by Credit Card / Pay Direct Sales
Advanced Quick Check In	Ferry operation – create new reservation: Pay by Credit Card Change Schedule - Pay by Credit Card Change Cabin - Pay by Credit Card
Universal Interface	PaymentMsg
Web Service	FCUI Payment
Shore Excursion	Booking - Pay by Credit Card Quick Booking - Pay by Credit Card

Table 3-2 List of Function to Perform Invoice Payment and Print Sales Receipt

Return Receipts

The Return receipt is a print-out from the cash register system that states the previously printed Sales receipt contains incorrect information or information about repayment for repriced or returned goods or services. In another word, it is a void payment.

Return receipts have to be separately marked. They are not required to be printed, but still can be printed.

The following table lists the areas applicable to perform void payments and print the Return receipt.

Table 3-3	List of Functions to Perform Void Payment and Print Return Receipt

Module	Function
Management, Crew	Guest/ System Account/ Group/ Gift Card handling, 'VOID' button Crew Handling, 'Void' button
Currency Exchange	Exchange Overview, 'Void' button
Casino	Cashier, 'Void Posting' button
Medical	Search Posting, 'Void Transaction' button



Table 3-3(Cont.) List of Functions to Perform Void Payment and Print ReturnReceipt

Module	Function	
Excursion	Handling Lists, 'Void Tour Booking' button	
Tickets	Account Handling, 'Void Booking' button	
SPA	'Void Posting' button	

Proforma Receipts

A Pro forma in this regulation is a print-out from the cash register system that shows provisionally registered sales. In other words, it is an Information Invoice.

From the SPMS module perspective, all information invoices are generated using the following menu options are:

Table 3-4 Invoices Menu Option

Module	Function
Management, Crew	Guest/ System Account/ Group/ Gift Card handling, 'PRINT INVOICE' button Crew Handling, 'PRINT INVOICE' button Guest/ System Account/ Group/ Resident Quick Billing, 'PRINT' button Crew Quick Billing, 'PRINT' button



4 Norwegian E-Journal Report

The Norwegian Electronic Journal report is the electronic documentation of the continuous use of the cash register system. Continuous use here, refers to all uses of the cash register system including registration of sales, the printing of receipts like Sales, Return, Pro-forma and Delivery Receipts, change of prices, and the printing of reports X & Z.

The Electronic Journal is protected against alteration and deletion, and is transferable to another electronic medium using a file format that cannot be edited.

- 1. Log in to the Management module.
- Select Cashier from the menu and then select Norwegian Tax E-Journal Report. This
 menu is enabled only when the parameter Use Norwegian Fiscal Requirement is
 enabled and you are authorized to generate the report.
- 3. At the **Norwegian Tax E-Journal Report** window, select the date range from the date editor.
- Click Generate to create the export as an XML file, based on the path configured in the parameter.

Note:

You can only export the receipts once. Previously exported records will no longer exist in the report.

Below is the output filename and format:

```
<SAF-T export type>_<organization number of the vendor who the data
represents>_<date and time (yyyymmddhh24hmise>_<file number/follow period
number in report>.xml
```

For example: SAF-T Cash Register A1234567 20180901150823 3.xml

See Appendix section E-Journal Report Structure on required fields.



5 Fiscal Report

The cash register system must be able to generate an *X* and *Z* reports per Point of Sale.

By definition, the *Z* report is a daily summary of the registrations in the cash register and the *X* report is a summary of registrations in the cash register since the last *Z* report.

It is a requirement to produce the Z report but not necessary to have it printed for each Cash Register, and you must describe how to get it printed on demand. Producing the *Z* report may therefore be connected to a change of business (system) date in general and both of these reports are required to print on demand.

The *X* and *Z* reports should be printed/displayed on any Cash Register. One should be able to run/print the *Z* report by scheduled task and/or manually.

It is important that running/printing of both the X and Z reports is written into the Electronic Journal.

The X and Z reports are generated from Administration, Reports, Reports module.

For X and Z Report Structure, see X and Z Report Structure in the Appendix section.

Expand All	Print	Preview
Reports List	Report Status:	
Special Reports XReports XReport for Norway Z Report for Norway	Selection/Onteria	
	Printers Printers Status:	Canon MG2900 series Printer WS (Proper Not Ready
	Port: Print Range	Copies
	C Range	Number of copies: 1 Orientation:
	Page From: 1 T	Colation:

Figure 5-1 Report Printing Function



6 Use of Cash Invoice

As an alternative, you can use the cash invoice to register cash sales in a cash register system. Below are the required parameters and the procedure.

System Parameters

Table 6-1	System Parameters for Cash Invoice	

PAR Name	PAR Value	Description
Address Check For Payment Methods	Accepted values are DEP_ID of DEP where DEP_FLAG=C. Use a comma as a delimiter.	Payment methods that trigger the 'Address Validation For Folio Generation' during settlement.
Address Validation For Folio Generation	Accepted values are any field of UXP and RES table. Use a comma as a delimiter.	Payee address elements to validate during settlement, selected field(s) must have a value.

When performing a settlement, the system,

- validates the selected payment department against the department id defined in the parameter 'Address Check For Payment Methods', followed by the address fields defined in parameter 'Address Validation For Folio Generation'.
- 2. if the validation passes, the settlement will be done. Note: The fields will be printed on the invoices if they are defined in the report template.
- **3.** a warning message shall prompt if the address element(s) is missing and the settlement process will terminate.

7 System Parameters

The following general parameters serve as a switch to enable/disable the features introduced by Norwegian Fiscal Enhancements. It also ensures that the changes introduced do not affect existing SPMS operations that do not require the Norwegian Fiscal Enhancements.

The parameters mentioned in the table below are inserted by running the Database Installer for release 8.0.8 and above. To enable this feature, log in to the **Administration module**, **System Setup, Parameter, General** group.

PAR Name	PAR Value	Description
Use Norwegian Fiscal Requirements	1	1 – Turn ON the Norwegian Fiscal Requirements Changes.
		0 – Turn OFF the Norwegian Fiscal Requirements Changes.
Norwegian Tax Audit Report Path	C:\Users\Public\Docume nts\Oracle Hospitality Cruise\	· ·

Table 7-1 Parameter Group General

When enabling the Norwegian Fiscal Enhancements general parameters, the application prompts the following:

By enabling the parameter, Use Norwegian Fiscal Requirements", you agree that the Financial functions (Postings, Payments and Printing of Invoices) in the iCrew application will be disabled for ALL users.



A Appendix

The following section list the information required to generate a receipt, digital certificate, E-Journal and X and Y Report for submission to the Norwegian Tax Authority.

Receipt Layout Modification

The Norwegian Tax Authority requires that the receipts contains the following information.

Sales Receipt Requirements

The table below describes the requirement for the Sales Receipts.

Mandatory Element on Sales Receipt	Comments
Document Number and Date	Consecutive number of document (Sales Receipt) and date of the document.
Parties involved	Information about document (Sales Receipt) Issuer and Receiver.
	Issuer data must contain the name, address, and organization number (from The Brønnøysund Register Centre (Brønnøysundregistrene) of the enterprise.
	If the issuer is registered with the VAT Register, the organization name shall follow the following convention: the letters "MVA" +registration number.
	Receiver data must contain identification data
Date and place of delivery	When and where services were delivered.
Sale nature and scope	Services that have been delivered.
Specification of taxable and tax-free sales	Taxable and tax-free sales and the sales exempted from VAT shall be listed and added separately. The same applies if taxable turnover tax is calculated at different rates.
Identification of Cash Register	The ID number of the Cash Register System (UWID). It must be a unique identifier that represents the PC Workstation that prints the receipt, it must not be changeable and preferably a combination of letters and numbers. It must be unique to each business location (ship) and within the company's organization (fleet). It must also be unique in the case of Workstation replacement. (suggestion UWID -> XCET_FC_ID + WORKSTATION ID)

Table A-1 Sales Receipt Requirements



Mandatory Element on Sales Receipt	Comments	
Indication that document is a Sales receipt (Salskvittering)	The word 'Salskvittering' must appear at the top of the receipt and are twice as big as the "change due" entry on the receipt.	
	It is not permitted to replace the upper case letters with a lower case.	
	The font of the text must be at least 50% larger than the text of the amount shown.	
Indication that Sales receipt is in electronic form (Elektronisk Salskvittering)	If the sales receipt is produced in electronic form, the words "Elektronisk salskvittering" (Electronic sales receipt) must be displayed.	
Digital Signature	Each receipt must be electronically signed. The signature shall sign specific data from each receipt and recorded in the Electronic Journal upon finalization of each transaction. Electronic signature of the Sales Receipt must not be printed but it must be stored in the Electronic Journal.	

Table A-1 (Cont.) Sales Receipt Requirements

Return Receipt Requirements

The layout of Return Receipt is similar to Sales Receipt except the following:

Mandatory Element on Return Receipt	Comments	
Indication that document is a Return Sales receipt (Returkvittering)	The word 'Returkvittering' must appear at the top of the receipt in letters as big as the "change due" entry on the receipt.	
	It is not permitted to replace the upper case letters with a lower case.	
	The font of the text must be at least 50% larger than the text that of the amounts shown.	

Proforma Receipt Requirements

The layout of the Pro-Forma Receipt is similar to Sales Receipt except for the following:



Mandatory Element on Proforma Receipts	Comments	
Indication that document is a Pro forma receipt (Foreløpig kvittering)	Phrase 'Foreløpig kvittering – IKKE KVITTERING FOR KJØP' must appear at the top of the receipt in letters twice as big as the "change due" entry on the receipt.	
	It is not permitted to replace the upper case letters with a lower case.	
	The font of the text must be at least 50% larger than the text of the amount shown.	

Table A-3 Proforma Receipt Requirement

Delivery Receipt Requirements

The layout of the Delivery Receipts is similar to Sales Receipt, except for the following

Table A-4	Delivery Receipt Requirement
-----------	------------------------------

Mandatory Element on Delivery Receipts	Comments
Indication that document is a Delivery receipt (Utleveringskvittering)	Phrase 'Utleveringskvittering – IKKJE KVITTERING FOR KJØP' must appear at the top of the receipt and in letters twice as big as the "change due" entry on the receipt.
	It is not permitted to replace the upper case letters with a lower case.
	The font of the text must be at least 50% larger than the text that shows the amounts.

Digital Certificate Requirement

To implement digital signature cryptographic functions, a key pair of a private key and a public key is required. The key pair is stored in a digital certificate form. The Norwegian Tax Authority requires that the digital certificate format to be as shown below.

- Format: x.509
- Charset: UTF-8
- Encoding: Base-64
- Endianness: Little Endian
- OAEP Padding: PKCS1 v1.5 padding
- Private key size: 1024 bits
- Hash Message Format: SHA-1



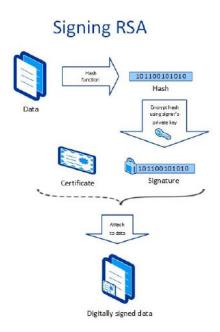
Digital Signature

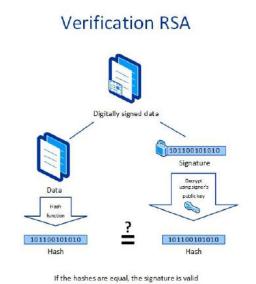
Digital signature in our context here is the asymmetrically encrypted hash of the Transaction Data. Briefly, the digital signature is defined as:

```
<Transactiondatahash> = Sha-1(<Transactiondata>)
<Digitalsignature> = Rsa-1024(<Transactiondatahash >) Using The
Private Key
```

Signing and Verification Process

Figure A-1 Signing and Verification Process





ORACLE

Figure A-2 Sample Signed and Verified Certificate	
Data to be signed:	
signature_from_previous_receipt;:	
Hash data with :	
Encrypt the hash value with private key and generate signature:	
signature_for_this_receipt	
Verification of signature:	
Generate hash with with same data as signed above:	
Use public key on signature to get hash:	

The hash values are the same and the data integrity is confirmed.

Digital Signature Trail

To preserve the integrity of transactions, the Norwegian Tax Authority mandates that the digital signing process should be chained, as shown below where the signature trail that SPMS would apply appears for its digital signing function.

- Cruise Line Company A
 - Ship AA
 - * TransactionAA1
 - * SignatureAA1
 - * TransactionAA2
 - * SignatureAA2 (from SignatureAA1)
 - * TransactionAA3
 - * SignatureAA3 (from SignatureAA2)
 - Ship AB
 - * TransactionAB1
 - * SignatureAB1
 - * TransactionAB2
 - * SignatureAB2 (from SignatureAB1)
 - * TransactionAB3
 - * SignatureAB3 (from SignatureAB2)
- Cruise Line Company B



- Ship BA
 - * TransactionBA1
 - * SignatureBA1
 - * TransactionBA2
 - * SignatureBA2 (from SignatureBA1)
 - * TransactionBA3
 - * SignatureBA3 (from SignatureBA2)
- Ship BB
 - * TransactionBB1
 - * SignatureBB1
 - * TransactionBB2
 - * SignatureBB2 (from SignatureBB1)
 - * TransactionBB3
 - * SignatureBB3 (from SignatureBB2)

Verifying Digital Signature

Table A-5 Digital Certificate Elements and Descriptions

Element in SAF-T Cash Register	Description	Format and requirements	Examples
signature (previous)	Signature from previous receipt	Base-64 If no previous receipt the signature value must be set to "0" – number zero	signature_from_prev ious_receipt
transDate	Date at which the transaction was performed.	YYYY-MM-DD Do NOT use time zone or combined date and time format.	2014-01-24 2015-10-29
transTime	Time at which the transaction was performed.	hh:mm:ss Use ss=00 as default value if no information of seconds are available. Same as within the SAF-T export. Do NOT use time zone or combined date and time format.	23:59:59
nr	Transaction number. This must be a unique, sequential number within a journal. This will be the same as the number stated on the issued receipt	No leading or ending spaces.	123456789



Element in SAF-T Cash Register	Description	Format and requirements	Examples
transAmntIn	The amount involved in the transaction, including VAT.	Decimal Data Type: Numerical field with two decimals. Decimal separator "." (dot). No thousand separators. No leading or ending spaces.	1250.00 -1250.00 0.00
transAmntEx	The amount involved in the transaction, excluding VAT.	Decimal Data Type:	1000.00 -1000.00
signature (current)	Signature of current receipt	Base-64 If no previous receipt the signature value must be set to "0" – number zero	

Table A-5 (Cont.) Digital Certificate Elements and Descriptions

Below are the steps to verify the digital signature.

- **1.** Get Transaction Data from e-journal xml file.
- 2. Ensure that you have the public key in PEM format. You need this to verify the signature.
- 3. Save the transaction data in **message.txt** file.
- 4. Save the signature in signature.txt file.
- 5. Go to Windows search and type "git bash" to start the command line tool.
- 6. Extract the public key from the certificate.

\$ openssl x509 -pubkey -noout -in <certificate_name> > pubkey.pem

7. Now, decode the base64 encoded signature and store it in "<signature name>.txt" file.

\$ cat signature.txt| base64 -d > <signature_name>.txt

8. Finally, verify the signature.

```
$ openssl dgst -<name> -verify pubkey.pem -signature <signature_name>.txt
message.txt
```

E-Journal Report Structure

This following tables list the report header for standard report, company report and company by location and cashier register.



Report <header> Structure

Table A-6 Re	port Header	Structure
--------------	-------------	-----------

Element	Descriptions
<fiscalyear></fiscalyear>	Current year of From Date.
<startdate></startdate>	First day in current year of From Date.
<enddate></enddate>	Last day in current year of To Date.
<curcode></curcode>	Current currency code setup in SPMS.
<datecreated></datecreated>	Current database date.
<timecreated></timecreated>	Current database time.
<softwaredesc></softwaredesc>	Current software to generate E-Journal report.
<softwareversion></softwareversion>	Current software version.
<softwarecompanyname></softwarecompanyname>	Current company setup in SPMS
<auditfileversion></auditfileversion>	The XML version number to be displayed in E-Journal Report.
<userid></userid>	Login user who generates E-Journal Report.

Report<company>Structure

Element	Descriptions
<companyname></companyname>	Get from Name under Company Entities Setup in OHC Administration.
<taxregident></taxregident>	Get from VAT registration number under Company Entities Setup in OHC Administration.
<customerssuppliers></customerssuppliers>	Customer details. Only customer who exists in the receipt period being selected from user interface.
<vatcodedetails></vatcodedetails>	All VAT configuration details are using in SPMS. Standard VAT Code stated in norwegian-saf- t-standard-vat-codes.pdf. More details in section Standard Predefined Code 99 – Standard VAT Codes.
<standardvatcode></standardvatcode>	
<periods></periods>	Period number of the defined period. Period number is generated by sequence CNT_EJOURNAL_RUNNO from database.
<pre><periodnumber></periodnumber></pre>	
<employees></employees>	Employee who generate the receipt and trigger the event (refer to <event> node). Only employee who exists in the receipts period is selectable from user interface.</event>

Table A-7 Company Report Header Structure



Element	Descriptions
<articles></articles>	Department and main department details. Only department and main department that exist in the receipts period is selectable from user interface.
<basics></basics>	Main department ID for credit and debit department, and transaction code. With the mapping standard predefined code. See section Standard Predefined Code 04 — Article Group/Department Codesfor more information.

Table A-7 (Cont.) Company Report Header Structure

Report <company><location><cashregister> Structure

<registerID>

Company ID in Company Entities Setup in OHC Administration, combine with my computer name.

<regDesc>

Name in Company Entities Setup in OHC Administration.

<event>

Log record from LOG table. Only records that exist in the date period being selected from user interface.

<cashtransaction>

One <cashtransaction> per one receipt. Only receipts that exist in the receipts period being selected from user interface.

<nr>

Receipt number.

<transID>

Receipt number.

<transType>

Receipt type:

- SALES
- RETURN
- PROFORMA
- DELIVERY

Refers to section Standard Predefined Code 11 – Transaction Codes

<transAmntIn>

Total receipt amount including VAT tax.



<TransAmntEx>

Total receipt amount excluding VAT tax.

<amntTp>

An increase in revenue (such as sales) is to be marked as C.

While a decrease in revenue (such as returns) is to be marked as D.

<empID>

User who generates receipt.

<custSupID>

Customer account number.

<periodNumber>

Refer to <periods> in above table.

<transDate>

Receipt creation date.

<transTime>

Receipt creation time.

<invoiceID>

Delivery receipt number.

<rounding>

Rounding to 2 decimal places.

<signature>

Digital signature of receipt.

<keyVersion>

The version of the private/secret key.

<voidTransaction>

True = Void transaction

False = No

<vat>

VAT details of all transactions within each receipt.

<payment>

Payment details of receipt.

<ctLine>

All transactions of the receipt. Record is retrieved from POS table.

<nr>



Receipt number. Link to root <nr>.

<lineID>

POS_ID of the POS record.

<lineType>

Transaction type of the POS record.

- POST
- SALES
- REFUND
- DIS
- VOID

Refers to section 2.4 Standard Predefined Code 11 – Transaction Codes.

<artGroupID>

Main department ID of the POS record.

<artID>

Department ID of the POS record.

<qnt>

Quantity of the POS record.

<lineAmntIn>

Amount of the POS record including VAT tax.

<lineAmntEx>

Amount of the POS record excluding VAT tax.

<amntTp>

An increase in revenue (such as sales) is to be marked as C.

While a decrease in revenue (such as returns) is to be marked as D.

<empID>

User who process this record.

<lineDate>

POS record creation date.

<lineTime>

POS record creation time.

<vat>

VAT details of the POS record.

<discount>

Discount details of the POS record



X and Z Report Structure

X Report

An X Report must contain the following information at the very least:

- An inscription that the report is an X report.
- The name and organization number of the enterprise.
- The date and time.
- The ID number of the Cash Register System (UWID). It must be a unique identifier that represents the PC Workstation that prints the report, it must not be changeable and preferably a combination of letters and numbers. It must be unique on each business location (ship) and within the company's organization (fleet). It must also be unique in case of Workstation replacement.
- Total cash sales
- The number of cash sales and amounts broken down by different means of payment
- The number of cash sales and amounts broken down by different means of payment for each individual operator (user)
- The number of tips and amount
- Sales subject to value added tax and sales free from value added tax, as well as value added tax subdivided into different value added tax rates
- Opening change float
- The number of Sales receipts
- The number of Copy receipts and amount (currently not applicable for OHC SPMS)
- The number of Pro forma receipts and amount
- The number of returns and amount
- The number of discounts and amount
- Number of Delivery receipts and amount
- Grand total sales
- Grand total returns (voids)
- Grand total net

Z Report

A Z Report must contain at least the same amount of information as X Report except of the following:

- An inscription that the report is a Z report.
- A Z Report number that represents a unique counter that is increased every time it is run. This means that a Z Report must not have the same number as an earlier Z Report.



• A Z Report must not contain transactions that have been included in an earlier Z Report.

