## Oracle Hospitality OPERA Cloud Identity Management Administrator Guide for Configuring Identity Federation (When using Microsoft Azure AD Synchronization for User Provisioning)



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Oracle Hospitality OPERA Cloud Identity Management Administrator Guide for Configuring Identity Federation (When using Microsoft Azure AD Synchronization for User Provisioning), Release 23.1.1

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## Preface

### **Purpose**

This guide explains the steps to configure Identity Federation to setup OPERA Cloud services SSO with customer identity provider. This document is required to be followed only if the customer identity provider is **Microsoft Azure AD** 

### Audience

This document is intended for OPERA Cloud Services application administrators.

### **Customer Support**

To contact Oracle Customer Support, access the Customer Support Portal at the following URL:

### https://iccp.custhelp.com

When contacting Customer Support, please provide the following:

- Product version and program/module name
- Functional and technical description of the problem (include business impact)
- Detailed step-by-step instructions to re-create
- Exact error message received
- Screen shots of each step you take

#### Documentation

Oracle Hospitality product documentation is available on the Oracle Help Center at

http://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/hospitality/

### **Revision History**

Date	Description of Change
March 2024	Initial Publication



## 1 Steps to Configure Identity Federation in OCI IAM Identity Domain without Just-In-Time Provisioning

OPERA Cloud Identity Management provides the capability of identity federation by determining which customers can integrate their identity provider with OPERA Cloud to implement single sign on with OPERA Cloud. Leveraging OPERA Cloud Identity Management's identity federation feature, customers can use their corporate credentials to log on to OPERA Cloud, which eliminates the necessity to separately manage users and their access to OPERA Cloud.

This document provides the steps to configure identity federation.

### Note:

Only follow these steps if the customer identity provider is Microsoft Azure AD.

# Step 1: Download the SAML Metadata in OCI IAM Identity Domain

- **1.** Log in to Oracle IAM Domain Admin Console.
- 2. Open the navigation menu and click Identity & Security.
- 3. Under Identity, click **Domains**.
- 4. Click the name of the identity domain in which you want to work.
- 5. Click Security on the left navigation and then click Identity providers.
- 6. Click Export SAML metadata.
- 7. Select Download XML under Metadata with self-signed certificates.

# Step 2: Add OCI IAM Identity Domains as an Enterprise Application in Azure AD

### Note:

You can skip this step if the enterprise application for OCI is already created as part of setting up Azure AD synchronization with OCI.



- 1. In the Azure portal, on the left navigation panel, select Azure Active Directory.
- 2. In the Azure Active Directory pane, select **Enterprise applications**. A sample of the applications in your Azure AD tenant appears.
- 3. At the top of the All applications pane, click New application.
- 4. In the Add from gallery region, enter **Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console** in the search box.
- 5. Select the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console application from the results.
- 6. In the application-specific form, you can edit information about the application. For example, you can edit the name of the application.
- 7. When you are finished editing the properties, select Create.

The getting started page appears with the options for configuring the application for your organization.

## Step 3: Configure OCI IAM Identity Domain as an Enterprise Application in Azure AD

1. Under the Manage section, select **Single sign-on**.

»	📋 Delete
Overview	2.7.1.
Getting started	Total Users
Deployment Plan	
Diagnose and solve problems	
ge	
Properties	
Owners	
Users and groups	
Single sign-on	
rovisioning	
elf-service	

- 2. Select **SAML** to configure the single sign-on. The Set up Single Sign-On with SAML page appears.
- 3. At the top of the page, click **Upload metadata file**.

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure	Console App - SAML-b	ased sign-on		
«	🕈 Upload metadata file 🍤	Change single sign-on mode	Switch to the old experience	🔁 Test this application
ta* Getting started	Set up Single Sign-Or	with SAML - Preview		
IB Deployment Plan	Read the configuration quide	a for help integrating Oracle Cl	oud Test	
${\bf X}$ Diagnose and solve problems	Basic SAML Configu	ration		,



- 4. Locate the federation metadata file (metadata.xml) you downloaded from Oracle Cloud Infrastructure in Step 1 and upload it here. After you upload the file, the following Basic SAML Configuration fields are automatically populated:
  - Identifier (Entity ID)
  - Reply URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL)
- 5. In the Basic SAML Configuration section, click **Edit**. On the Basic SAML Configuration pane, enter the following required field:
  - Sign on URL: Enter the URL in the following format: https://cloud.oracle.com.

Basic SAML Configuration		
E Sare		
• Identifier (Entity ID) o		
nan manyanan kananayana, manyana kana mananangkan ay kata kananan (maganana yan nan-ratawanan kanan, ,	Default	
	e 12	
Patterns: *.identity.oraclecloud.com		
Reply URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL) o		
The disparit reply URL will be the destination in the SAML response for IDP-initiated SSO		
	Default	
-	2 O	
Patterns: https://".identity.oraclecloud.com/fed/v1/metadata		
Sign on URL o		
Relay State a		
Litter a resay state		

6. Click Save.

### Step 4: Configure User Attributes and Claims

The Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console enterprise application template is seeded with the required attributes, so there is no need to add any. However, you must make the following customizations:

- 1. In the User Attributes & Claims section, click **Edit** in the upper-right corner. The Manage Claim panel appears.
- 2. Next to the Name identifier value field, click Edit.
- 3. Under Required claim, select Unique User Identifier (Name ID).
- 4. Select Email address and change it to "Persistent."



- 5. For Source, select Attribute.
- 6. For Source attribute, select **user.userprincipalname**.

	٩.	Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)	
Home > Default Directory   Enterprise applications > Enterprise applications   All applications > OCIM   SAML-based Sign-on > Attributes & Claims			
+ Add new claim + Add a group claim ≣≣ Columns	Got feedback?		
Required claim			
Claim name	Туре	Value	
Unique User Identifier (Name ID)	SAML	an anglianting and	
Additional claims			
Claim name	Туре	Value	
No claims configured			

7. Click Save.

Table 1-1 SAML Attribute Mapping

SAML User Attribut e Type	SAML User Attribute Name	IAM Domain User Attribute	Value	Mandatory Attribute
Attribut e	#upper(\$ (assertion.oc_ ownercode))	urn:ietf:params:scim:schemas:id cs:extension:custom:User:OC_Us erOwnerCode	N/A	No
Attribut e	oc_employee number	urn:ietf:params:scim:schemas:id cs:extension:custom:User:OC_Us erEmployeeNo	N/A	No



SA Use Att e T	ML er ribut ype	SAML User Attribute Name	IAM Domain User Attribute	Value	Mandatory Attribute
Atte	ribut	oc_orgcode:C	urn:ietf:params:scim:schemas:id cs:extension:custom:User:OC_Pri maryWorkLocation	Mandatory Single Valued User Attribute. Indicates the user's primary work location. Primary Work Location can have values <enterpri SE_IDCHAI NCODE&gt;:EC for multi chain customers derived from the user profile. For customers having only a single chain, the source value can be set to constant <enterpri SE_ID&gt;:E <chainco DE&gt;:C for all users. <enterpri SE_ID&gt;:E <chainco DE&gt;:C for all users. <enterpri SE_ID&gt;<ch AINCODE&gt; will be oc_orgcode. This mapping is required and mandatory only if oc_primary worklocati</ch </enterpri </chainco </enterpri </chainco </enterpri </enterpri 	Yes

Table 1-1 (Cont.) SAML Attribute Mapping



SAML User Attribut e Type	SAML User Attribute Name	IAM Domain User Attribute	Value	Mandatory Attribute
			be sent in the SAML claims from IdP.	

Table 1-1 (Cont.) SAML Attribute Mapping

### Figure 1-1 Attributes & Claims

### Attributes & Claims

+ Add new claim + Add a group claim ≡ Colu	mns 🛛 🕅 Got feedback?		
Required claim			
Claim name	Туре	Value	
Unique User Identifier (Name ID)	SAML		
Additional claims			
Claim name	Туре	Value	
oc_employeenumber	SAML		
oc_orgcode	SAML		•••
oc_ownercode	SAML		

✓ Advanced settings

The claim values in the above image are only examples.

### Step 5: Download the Azure AD SAML Metadata Document

- In the SAML Signing Certificate section, click the download link next to Federation Metadata XML.
- 2. Download this document and make a note of where you save it. You will upload this document to the IAM Domain Console in the next series of steps.

### Step 6: Assign User Groups to the Application

To enable Azure AD users to log in to Oracle Hospitality OPERA Cloud, you must assign the appropriate user groups to your new enterprise application.

- 1. On the left navigation pane, under Manage, select Users and Groups.
- Click Add at the top of the Users and Groups list to open the Add Assignment pane.



- 3. Click the Users and groups selector.
- 4. Enter the name of the group you want to assign to the application into the **Search by name** or **email address** search box.
- 5. Hover over the group in the results list to see a check box appear. Select the **check box** to add the group to the Selected list.
- 6. When you are finished selecting groups, click **Select** to add them to the list of users and groups to be assigned to the application.
- 7. Click Assign to assign the application to the selected groups.

# Step 7: Add Microsoft Azure AD as an Identity Provider in OCI IAM Identity Domains

Enter the Azure AD identity provider details by following these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the Oracle IAM domain console.
- 2. On the navigation menu, click Security and then click Identity providers.
- 3. Click Add IdP and then click Add SAML IdP.
- 4. Enter the following information:
  - Name: Enter the name of the IdP.
  - (Optional) Description: Enter a description of the IdP.
  - (Optional) Identity provider icon: Drag and drop a supported image or click select one to browse for the image.
- 5. Click Next.

Ensure that Import identity provider metadata is selected, and browse and select, or drag and drop the Azure AD metadata XML file into Identity provider metadata. This is the metadata file you saved earlier from Azure AD.

- 6. Click Next.
- 7. In Map user identity, set the values as shown in the following screenshot.

Identity Provider Metadata	Metadata is saved.	Upload	
Issuer ID *			
Signature Hashing Algorithm		v	
Include Signing Certificate			
Requested NameID Format	<none requested=""></none>	•	
dentity Provider User Attribute	3	•	
, Oracle Identity Cloud Service User Attribute			

8. Click Next.



- 9. Under Review and Create, verify the configurations, and then click Create IdP.
- 10. Click Activate.
- 11. Click Add to IdP Policy Rule.
- 12. Click **Default Identity Provider Policy** to open it, and from the context (three dots) menu choose **Edit IdP rule**.
- **13.** Click **Assign identity providers** and then click **Azure AD** Identity provider to add it to the list.
- 14. Click Save Changes.
- 15. Go back to Security and click Sign-on policies.
- **16.** Click **Default Identity Provider Policy** to open it, and in the Sign-on rules from the context (three dots) menu on the right, select **Edit IdP rule**.
- 17. Select Azure AD.

Edit sign-on rule	ten
Fulk name	
Default Sign-On Rule	
Specify all the conditions required by this rule and the actions performed when conditions are met.	
Conditions	
Authenticating identity provider Optional	
Username-Password X Adue XO X	0
The identity providers to use to authoritize the user advances evaluated by Pile rule.	

**18.** Save your changes.

#### **JIT Attribute Mapping**

- 1. In the OCI console, open the navigation menu and click Identity & Security.
- 2. Under Identity, click Domains.
- 3. In the respective domain, navigate to **Security** and then navigate to **Identity Provider**.
- 4. Under the respective Identity Provider, click Configure JIT.
- 5. Turn on the Enable Just-In-Time (JIT) provisioning option and select the Update the existing identity domain user option.

Configure Just-in-time (JIT) provisioning	
nable Just-In-Time (JIT) provisioni	ng
ML Just-In-Time (JIT) Provisioning autom e identity domain. SAML JIT Provisioning o	altes user account creation when the user first tries to perform SSO and the user doesn't yet exist in the identity domain. SAAIL UIT Provisioning uses the identity data from the IoP assertion to populate user account data can be configured to update existing accounts with IAP user data, as well as grant and revoke group memberships.
When the user's account	t does not exist in the identity domain
Create a new identity domai	in user
Creates a new user account in this	identity domain with data from the IdP. Mapped attributes in the new user account will be set to values from the SAML assertion.
Million the uperio concurs	
when the user's account	t already exists in the identity domain
Update the existing identity	t already exists in the identity domain domain user

6. Save your changes.

Follow the below steps to create JIT Attribute mapping for custom attributes.



- 1. Create a Confidential Application
  - a. In the OCI identity domain, open the navigation menu and click Identity & Security.
  - b. Under Identity, click Domains.
  - c. Click the name of the identity domain that you want to work in. You might need to change the compartment to find the domain that you want. Then, click **Integrated** applications.
  - d. Click Add application.
  - e. In the Add application screen, select Confidential Application, and then click Launch workflow.
  - f. On the Add application details page, enter an application name and description, and then click Next.
  - g. On the Configure OAuth page, under Client configuration, select Configure this application as a client now.
  - h. Under Authorization, select only Client Credentials as the Allowed Grant Type.
  - i. At the bottom of the page, select Add app roles and then click Add roles.
  - j. In the Add app roles panel, select Identity Domain Administrator, and then click Add.
  - k. Click Next and then click Finish.
  - I. On the application detail page, scroll down to **General Information**. Copy the **Client ID** and the **Client Secret** and save it in a secure place for later.
  - m. After the application is created, click Activate.

The confidential application is now activated.

2. Obtain an Access Token.

```
curl --location 'https://<domainURL>/oauth2/v1/token' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic <base64encoded clientid:secret>' \
--data-urlencode 'grant_type=client_credentials' \
--data-urlencode 'scope=urn:opc:idm:__myscopes__'
```

- 3. Get the Identity Provider Name.
  - a. In the OCI Console, navigate to the **Domain**, **Security**, and **Identity Providers** to find the Identity Provider Name.
- 4. Get the Identity Provider Id (jitUserProvAttributes.value) by passing the Identity Provider Name.

```
curl --location 'https://<domainURL>/admin/v1/IdentityProviders?
attributes=jitUserProvAttributes.value&filter=partnerName+eq+<Identity
Provider Name> \
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS TOKEN>'
```

5. Update the JIT Attribute Mapping.



### **CURL to Configure JIT Mapping**

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://<domainURL>/admin/v1/
MappedAttributes/<jitUserProvAttributes.value>' \
--header 'Authorization: Bearer <ACCESS TOKEN>' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
     "schemas": [
        "urn:ietf:params:scim:api:messages:2.0:PatchOp"
    ],
    "Operations": [
        {
            "op": "replace",
            "path": "attributeMappings",
            "value": [
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "$
(assertion.oc userid)",
                    "idcsAttributeName": "userName"
                },
                {
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "$
(assertion.oc givenname)",
                    "idcsAttributeName": "name.givenName"
                },
                {
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "$
(assertion.oc surname)",
                    "idcsAttributeName": "name.familyName"
                },
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "$
(assertion.oc emailaddress)",
                    "idcsAttributeName": "emails[primary eq true and
type eq \"work\"].value"
                },
                {
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "$
(assertion.oc orgcode)",
                    "idcsAttributeName":
"urn:ietf:params:scim:schemas:idcs:extension:custom:User:OC PrimaryWork
Location"
                },
                {
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "#upper($
(assertion.oc ownercode))",
                    "idcsAttributeName":
"urn:ietf:params:scim:schemas:idcs:extension:custom:User:OC UserOwnerCo
de"
                },
                {
                    "managedObjectAttributeName": "$
(assertion.oc_employeenumber)",
                    "idcsAttributeName":
```

```
"urn:ietf:params:scim:schemas:idcs:extension:custom:User:OC UserEmployeeNo"
```

```
}
```

### Step 8: Test SSO Between Azure AD and OCI IAM

}

]

### Note:

The configurations in the 'Setting Up Synchronization with Microsoft Azure AD' guide must be completed before you can test the SSO between Azure AD and OCI IAM.

In this section, you can test that federated authentication works between OCI IAM and Azure AD.

- 1. Open a supported browser and enter the OCI Console URL: https://cloud.oracle.com.
- 2. Enter your Cloud Account Name, also referred to as your tenancy name, and click Next.
- 3. Select the identity domain in which AzureAD federation has been configured.
- 4. On the sign-in page, you can see an option to sign in with Azure AD.
- 5. Select Azure AD. You are redirected to the Microsoft login page.
- 6. Provide your AzureAD credentials.
- 7. On successful authentication, a 'Connection Successful' message appears.

