Oracle Argus Safety Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting User's Guide



Release 8.4.1 F83988-01 October 2023

ORACLE

Oracle Argus Safety Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting User's Guide, Release 8.4.1

F83988-01

Copyright © 2019, 2023, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software, software documentation, data (as defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs) and Oracle computer documentation or other Oracle data delivered to or accessed by U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software," "commercial computer software documentation," or "limited rights data" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, reproduction, duplication, release, display, disclosure, modification, preparation of derivative works, and/or adaptation of i) Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs), ii) Oracle computer documentation and/or iii) other Oracle data, is subject to the rights and limitations specified in the license contained in the applicable contract. The terms governing the U.S. Government's use of Oracle cloud services are defined by the applicable contract for such services. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle®, Java, and MySQL are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Inside are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Epyc, and the AMD logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

Preface

Intended Audience	vii
Documentation accessibility	vii
Diversity and Inclusion	vii
Related resources	vii
Access to Oracle Support	viii

1 Oracle Analytics Publisher and the Oracle Argus Safety Application

Enable the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting	1-1
Configure the Argus OAS Integration	1-2
Report Execution Flow from Oracle Analytics Publisher and Oracle Argus Safety	1-3
Report Execution Flow from Oracle Argus Safety	1-3
Report Execution Flow from Oracle Analytics Publisher	1-3
Periodic Configuration Identification of Oracle Analytics Publisher Parameters	1-4
Subject of Report Tab	1-5
Product Selection Tab	1-5
Inclusion Criteria and Special Interest AE Tabs	1-6
Line Listing Tab	1-6
Summary Tabulations Tab	1-7
UD Summaries Tab	1-8
Security Tab	1-10
Generate and Modify a Case Series	1-10
Generate a Case Series	1-11
Modify a Case Series	1-12
Advanced Condition Library	1-12
Delete a Case Series	1-13
Run Oracle Analytics Publisher Reports through Oracle Argus Safety	1-14
Report parameters for running Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through Oracle Argus Safety	1-16
Run Reports through Oracle Analytics Publisher Console	1-16
Report parameters for running Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through Oracle Argus Safety	1-18



Run Reports through Oracle Analytics Publisher Scheduler	1-19
Data Security	1-20
Report Output Management	1-20
Viewing Aggregate Reports from Oracle Argus Safety	1-20
Background Periodic Report Status	1-21

2 Aggregate Reporting Data Model

3 Reporting Algorithms

Label the Algorithm	3-1
Listedness Determination based on Event Assess Table	3-1
Listedness Determination Based on Event Assess Table and Datasheets	3-2
Listedness Determination based on Datasheets	3-2
Additional Considerations to Determine Listedness	3-3
Choosing a Categorization Algorithm for Compiling PBRER and DSUR	3-3
Initial or Follow-up Algorithm	3-4
Use Submission Tracking	3-4
Use Initial Receipt Date	3-4

4 Oracle Argus Insight Compatibility

Configure Changes for Oracle Argus Insight RPD Integration	4-1
Common Profile Entries	4-2
Data Purging	4-3

5 Periodic Benefit Risk Assessment Report

Report Objective	5-1
Configure Oracle Argus Safety for PBRER	5-2
Product Types in Study Configuration to Support PBRER and DSUR	5-3
PBRER Section 6.2 - Cumulative Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events from	
Clinical Trials	5-3
Generate the Case Series for Section 6.2	5-3
Company or Configured Study Cases	5-4
Non-Company or Non-Configured Study Cases	5-5
Grand Totals	5-5
Section 6.2 Layout	5-6
PBRER Section 6.3 - Cumulative and Interval Summary Tabulations from Post-Marketing	
Data Sources	5-6
Case Selection	5-6



Section 6.3 Layout	5-8
Sample Report	5-8
Cover Page	5-8
Information on Drugs and Studies	5-9
PBRER QA section	5-10
Labels Configured for Drugs in the Drug List Format	5-11
Cases with Missing Assessments	5-12
Trailer Section	5-12
Execute the PBRER from Oracle Analytics Publisher	5-13

6 Development Safety Update Report

Report Objective	6-1
Oracle Argus Safety Configuration for DSUR	6-2
Subject of Report Tab	6-2
Line Listing Tab	6-3
Summary Tabulation Tab	6-3
UD Summaries Tab	6-4
Security Tab	6-6
Scheduling and Template Tabs	6-6
DSUR Main Line Listings	6-6
Grouping	6-6
Main Line Listing	6-7
Report Parameters to Print Reactions or Serious Events	6-9
Summary Columns	6-9
DSUR Main Line Listing Format	6-10
DSUR Fatal Line Listing	6-10
Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events	6-10
Groupings	6-11
Count Breakdown in Tabulations based on IMP, Comparator, Placebo, and Blinded	6-12
DSUR Tabulation Format	6-14
Totals	6-16
Summary Counts	6-16
Execute a DSUR from Oracle Analytics Publisher	6-17

7 Post Marketed Aggregate Report

Report Objective and Sections	7-1
PMAR Sections	7-1
Oracle Argus Safety Configuration (PSUR) for PMAR	7-2
Main Line Listing	7-2



Grouping	7-2
Line Listing Columns	7-3
Summary Columns for Count	7-6
Report Format	7-6
Ad Hoc Line Listing Sections	7-7
Summary Tabulations	7-7
PMAR Summary Tabulation	7-8
Summary Tabulation for Consumer Cases	7-10
Summary Tabulation for clinical cases	7-12
Grouping	7-12
Format for Clinical Trial Summary Tabulations	7-14
Cumulative Summary Tabulation for Serious Unlisted Events	7-14
Execute a PMAR from Oracle Analytics Publisher	7-15

A Report Parameters and their Definitions

Preface

This preface contains the following sections:

- Intended Audience
- Documentation accessibility
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Related resources
- Access to Oracle Support

Intended Audience

This guide is for Oracle Argus Safety users who would like to print reports using the Oracle Analytics Publisher (formerly BI Publisher). The flexible output format of the application's Oracle Analytics Publisher aggregate reports lets you to customize the output format to suit your regulatory interpretations and business needs.

Documentation accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

Related resources

For information about Oracle Argus patches, see My Oracle Support.

All documentation and other supporting materials are available on the Oracle Help Center.



Access to Oracle Support

To receive support assistance, determine whether your organization is a cloud or onpremises customer. If you're not sure, use Support Cloud.

Cloud customers receive support assistance through Support Cloud

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through Support Cloud.

Contact our Oracle Customer Support Services team by logging requests in one of the following locations:

- English interface of Oracle Life Sciences Support Cloud (https:// hsgbu.custhelp.com/)
- Japanese interface of Oracle Life Sciences Support Cloud へようこそ (https:// hsgbu-jp.custhelp.com/)

You can also call our 24x7 help desk. For information, visit Life Sciences Support | Oracle or visit Oracle Accessibility Learning and Support if you are hearing impaired.

On-premises customers receive support assistance through My Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.



1 Oracle Analytics Publisher and the Oracle Argus Safety Application

In this chapter:

- Enable the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting
- Configure the Argus OAS Integration
- Report Execution Flow from Oracle Analytics Publisher and Oracle Argus Safety
- Periodic Configuration Identification of Oracle Analytics Publisher Parameters
- Generate and Modify a Case Series
- Run Oracle Analytics Publisher Reports through Oracle Argus Safety
- Run Reports through Oracle Analytics Publisher Console
- Run Reports through Oracle Analytics Publisher Scheduler
- Data Security
- Report Output Management
- Viewing Aggregate Reports from Oracle Argus Safety
- Background Periodic Report Status

Enable the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting

Perform the following steps to enable Oracle Analytics Publisher aggregate reporting:

- 1. When you log into Oracle Argus Safety, click the Argus Console tab.
- 2. Click System Configuration on the screen that appears.
- 3. Click Enabled Modules.

The Enabled Modules screen appears.

4. Select the checkbox corresponding to Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting to enable Publisher aggregate reporting.

Note:

This checkbox is not selected by default. You must enable it.



Code Lists **Business Configuration** Access Management ENABLED MODULES **Enabled Modules** Select the modules to be enabled: Affiliate BIP Aggregate Reporting Dossier Insight Interchange DSNavigator * Reconciliation * Documentum Japanese * Database Addon is Required.

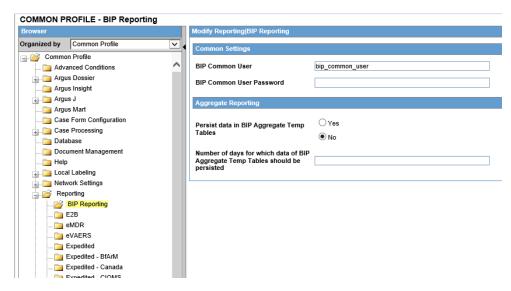
Figure 1-1 Enabled Modules Screen

5. Click Save.

Configure the Argus OAS Integration

Perform the following steps to store your BIP common user and password:

- 1. Under the System Configuration tab, click System Management (Common Profile Switches).
- 2. Under the **Reporting** tree entry, click **BIP Reporting**.



- 3. Enter the respective values in the following fields:
 - a. BIP Common User



b. BIP Common User Password

Note:

These configuration entries are available at enterprise level in a multi-tenant environment.

You can view the Oracle Analytics Aggregate Reporting tree entry only when you enable the OAS Aggregate Reporting module.

Report Execution Flow from Oracle Analytics Publisher and Oracle Argus Safety

You can execute reports from either Oracle Argus Safety or Oracle Analytics Publisher. This section describes the report execution flow from each.

For more information, see:

- Report Execution Flow from Oracle Argus Safety
- Report Execution Flow from Oracle Analytics Publisher

Report Execution Flow from Oracle Argus Safety

To execute a report using the Oracle Argus Safety user interface:

- 1. Select a report configuration from Oracle Argus Safety Aggregate Reports library.
- 2. Click Print and select the required parameter from the batch print screen.

The report executes as follows. The system:

- Adds an entry into the Oracle Argus Safety database for status tracking.
- Generates and stores the various case series.
- Sends the request to the Oracle Analytics Publisher server.
- · Populates the temp tables based on the selected report parameters.
- Before the temp tables are populated, verifies the user exits, and updates the temp table data.
- Generates the report output.
- Stores the report output in the Oracle Argus Safety database.
- Adds an entry into the common regulatory reports table along with a link of the report output.
- Updates the status in Oracle Argus Safety database and mark the report as generated.

You can view the report output from Oracle Argus Safety.

Report Execution Flow from Oracle Analytics Publisher

To execute a report using the Oracle Analytics Publisher:



- **1.** Select a report template.
- 2. Select different parameters available in the report or select a report configuration.

If the report is scheduled using **BIP**, the system:

- Adds an entry into the Oracle Argus Safety database for status tracking (executing).
- Assesses the report parameters to make any changes in the report execution.
- Populates the temp tables based on the selected report parameters and case series.
- Before completing the temp tables population, verifies the user exits, and updates the temp table data.
- Generates the report output.
- Stores the report output in the Oracle Argus Safety database.
- Adds an entry into the common regulatory reports table.
- Updates the status tracking in the Oracle Argus Safety database to mark the report as generated.

You can view the report outputs from Oracle Argus Safety. The final report outputs are available on the **Worklist** > **Reports** screen for submission.

If the report is executed using the **BIP Console**, the system:

- Assesses the report parameters to make any changes in the report execution.
- Populates the temp tables based on the selected report parameters.
- Before completing the temp tables population, verifies the user exits, and updates the temp table data.
- Generates the report output.

You can view the report output on the user's browser.

Periodic Configuration Identification of Oracle Analytics Publisher Parameters

If the report is executed using the Oracle Argus Safety user interface:

- The ICH PSUR Configuration screen displays the configuration options used as parameters in the Oracle Analytics Publisher report only if you have enabled the Oracle Analytics Aggregate Reporting module.
- The system marks all configuration parameters passed to Oracle Analytics Publisher reports for data filtering and report formatting with a Oracle Analytics Publisher logo.
- The system uses all inclusion criteria available on the ICH configuration screen for query and case series generation in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports.



ICH PSUR Line Listing Reports							
Report Name/Configuration Name 💷							
Report Category	•	Report	Sub Category				
Subject of Report Product Selection Inclusion Criteria Special Interest AE	Line Listing	Grouping	Summary Tabulations	UD Summaries	Scheduling	Security	Templates
Available Reporting Destinations	-		Primary Agency: 🕮				•
BIP-Agency COER COER FDA. Agency Name Begin Details Details De MAX. Agency Name Begin Details De MAX. Agency Name Begin Details De Platinum, FDA Platinum, F		dd >> Remove	Selected Reporting D	estinations 😨			
Header Information							
Report # 💷			Ingredient				
Report Title 🇊			Trade Name				
Report Footer 🚥			International Birth	Date			
Frint all configuration criteria on separate cover pages (PDF only) Frint page numbers on reports Allow access to report cases through Case Series	-		L				

Figure 1-2 ICH PSUR Configuration Screen

The following configurations are used as report parameters in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports from the ICH PSUR Configuration tab:

- Subject of Report Tab
- Product Selection Tab
- Inclusion Criteria and Special Interest AE Tabs
- Line Listing Tab
- Summary Tabulations Tab
- UD Summaries Tab
- Security Tab

Subject of Report Tab

The system uses the following parameters from the Subject of Report tab:

- **Report Name/Configuration Name** populates other report parameters from the saved configuration.
- Report#, Report Title, and Report Footer
- Selected Reporting Destination and Primary Agency.

Product Selection Tab

The system uses all the configurations on this tab as query criteria for Oracle Analytics Publisher reports. The Oracle Analytics Publisher logo on the Product Selection tab indicates this.



ICH PSUR Line Listing Reports Report Name/Configuration Name 🂷 • Report Category Report Si Product Selection Inclusion Criteria P Special Interest AE Line Listing Su Subject of Report Grouping Available Ingredients Filter (DECAMET.DITHIO)BIS(MET.PYRIDIN.) DITOSILATE * 17A-ESTRADIO H ABACAVIR ABATACEPT Add >> ABCIXIMAB ABRIN << Remove ABSINTHIUM ABSINTHIUM TINCTURE ACAMPROSATE ACAMPROSATE CALCIUM Indication

Figure 1-3 Oracle Analytics Publisher Logo

Inclusion Criteria and Special Interest AE Tabs

The system uses all the configurations on these tabs as query criteria for the Post Marketed Aggregate Report. The Oracle Analytics Publisher logo on these tabs indicates this.

Line Listing Tab

The system uses the following Line Listing tab parameters:

- **Print Only the Term**: Prints event verbatim along with PT or LLT if you uncheck this configuration.
- Print Dose Text in place of regimen dose
- Indicate if case was expedited previously
- Case Grouping
- Print Product Indication for the Product selected in the Report.



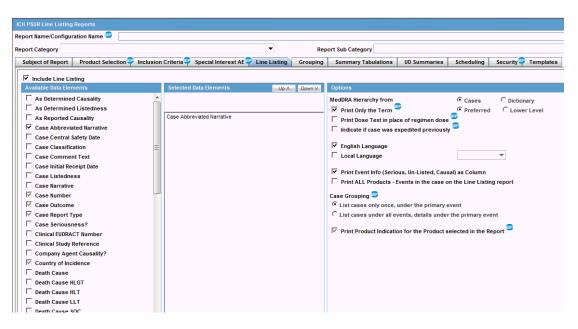


Figure 1-4 Line Listing Tab

Summary Tabulations Tab

The system uses the following parameters from the **Summary Tabulations** tab:

- Include Summary of Cases Missing Assessments
- Include Summary of Unlocked Cases
- Include Section 6.2: Includes Section 6.2 in the report. Excludes other query criteria under Section 6.2.
- Include Section 6.3: Includes Section 6.3 in the report. From the other query criteria available under Section 6.3, the system uses only Case Classification and Observe Study Type for identifying the non-interventional studies.
- The Cumulative Start Date.

When you select the report types in the Main Inclusion Criteria tab, the system automatically selects the same clinical trial report types in the Identify Study Cases using Report Type configuration of PBRER Section 6.2.

This auto selection ensures you can save the configuration without manually selecting any values in Section 6.2. As an Argus Native report user, you can deselect any report type if you do not want to use all the selected report types for Section 6.2 case series.

When you select the report types in main inclusion criteria tab, the system automatically selects the same spontaneous report types in Identify Spontaneous Cases using a Report Type configuration of PBRER Section 6.3.

This auto section ensures you can save the configuration without manually selecting any values in Section 6.3. As an Argus Native report user, you can deselect any report type if you do not want to use all the selected report types for Section 6.3 case series.



Report Name/Configuration Name Report Sub Category Report Category Subject of Report Product Selection 🦓 Inclusion Criteria 🍄 Special Interest AE 🖓 Line Listing 🛛 Grouping 📄 Summary Tabulations 🐂 UD Summaries 🛛 Scheduling 🔷 Security 🖓 Templates Include Index of Cases in PSUR CIOMS R Include Summary of Cases Missing Assessments Print CIOMS reports for serious/unlisted cases Include Line Listing Tabulation Include Periodic Numbering on CIOMS reports Include Initial Cases Cumulative Summary ☑ Include Follow-up Cases Include Cumulative Summary Comparative Date Range 00-MMM-0000 To 00-MMM-0000 Serious □ Unlisted □ Related ☉ Diagnosis ℃ Diagnosis & Symptoms Include Summary of Unlocked Cases PBRER Section 6. from clinical trial Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms Include Section 6.2 Cumulative Start Date Identify Study Cases using Report Type Causality Ignore As Determined Causality Ignore Causality As Determined Causality Causality As Determined Causality Ignore Causality Include Adverse Event Summary Only Cases with HCP Reporter C Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms -Domestic Consumer Report Diagnosis Diagnosis & Symptoms C Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms Group By Comparator PBRER Section 6.3 - Cumulative and Interval Sumi from Post-Marketing Data Sources Print Unsubmitted MedWatch v Forms for Agency (No Specific Agency) using the Datasheet + for Assessment Identify Spontan Report Type taneous Cases using Report Type Exclude Reports that are Non-Serious and Listed Use Periodic Numbering on the Reports iterature Not Available to Sender Depulatory Authority Generate Periodic ICSR submissions for cases that do not have at least one ICSR report scheduled during the reporting period to any of the following Reporting Destination(s): Interface of the second entify Non-Interventional Studies(UNION of all rules below) Case Classification Report Type enerate Periodic ICSR submissions to the Nowing Reporting Destination: Using Message Type: Observe Study Types ▼ backlog * al Expedited Report Forms (CIOMS / MedV Print CIOMS Forms for Agency (No Specific Agency) 💌 for all Cases in the Report 🛛 🔲 No Water

Figure 1-5 Summary Tabulations tab

UD Summaries Tab

The system only uses **Include these summary tabulations/listings based on the set of cases presented in the line listing** from this tab.

This configuration is modified, and you have an option to attach selected line listings (memorized line listings) with different ad hoc line listing sections presented in the Oracle Analytics Publisher report. A button is provided with each memorized line listing to support this.

The system does not generate memorized reports for the selected configurations along with the aggregate report. It only uses the advanced condition query criteria for generating the case series for these ad hoc line listing sections. The following figure displays an example of case data line listing query criteria used for ad hoc line listings.



Subject of Report	Product Selection	Inclusion Criteria	Special Interest AE	Line Listing	Grouping	Summary Tabulations	UD Summaries	Scheduling	Security	Templates	
Include these su presented in the line	immary tabulations / li : listing	stings based on the s	et of cases 🥮	Add Dele	te 🔽 Inclu	de these summary tabula	tions based on all c	ases		Add	Delete
CDA Specials				C · ·							
DC CIOMS II 001											
					-						
✓ Include these su	Immary tabulations / li	stings based on the D	ate Range							Add	Delete
		N									
		13									
Exclude Follow-ups	Identify SUS	AR and Special Interes	st Events		C Additi	onal Separate Page Numb	ering for UD Summa	ries (PDF only)			
				OK	Cancel						

Figure 1-6 Data Line Listing Criteria for Ad hoc Line Listings

When you select the corresponding checkbox, the available ad hoc line listing sections appear in the Aggregate Line Listings dialog box. These are configurable through the Oracle Argus Safety Console code list or flex bucketing.

Figure 1-7 Ad hoc Line Listings Screen

Aggregate	Line Listings		
Adhoc Line Adhoc Line Adhoc Line Adhoc Line	e Listing 2 e Listing 3		
	OK	Cancel	

You can associate multiple ad hoc line listing sections with one memorized line listing configuration.

Oracle Argus Safety marks the memorized line listing configurations with associated ad hoc line listings with an asterisk. When you hover over the selected memorized line listing configuration, all associated ad hoc line listings appear as a tool tip.



You can attach each ad hoc line listing section to only one memorized line listing configuration. You cannot select ad hoc line listing sections already attached to another memorized line listing configuration.

The following figure displays an example of query criteria used from the configuration of memorized line listings.

ame	Share this	s report with other users
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
escription	Make ava	ilable for use in periodic reports
Layout		
Report Title	Report Number of Cases	Options
Case Data Analysis Report	C Report Number of Events	Top 0 Items
Row 1 Column 1		Show % of Total
<u>5</u>	Serious Unlisted Non-Serious Unlisted	Blinded
Row 2 Column 2		Dinaca
<u>5</u>	Report Display Type	
Row 3 Column 3	, Data 🗸	
<u>5</u>	Chart Options	
Select a Product Family	_	
All Products Selection for Row 1		
Selection for Row 1	C 🔢 Bar Graph C 🗠 Line Chart	
	C 🖬 Area C 🛄 Stacked	
	C 👖 3D Bar C 🎁 3D Column	
Advanced Condition		
(None) - Q AC	C Veighted Pie	
Use Case Search Results	Do not Print "(Number of Cases Events)" in R	eport Header
Date Range	Do not Print (number of Cases Events) in a	eport neader
C case Creation Date Case Receipt Date C case Locked/Archived Date		
Range Last 30 Days v From 19-OCT-2013 To 01-JAN-2999		
Use Current Version Use DLP Version		

Figure 1-8 Query Criteria from Memorized Configuration

Security Tab

The Security tab shares report configurations with other groups. All case series generated using an aggregate report configuration have the same access privileges as the aggregate report configuration.

Note:

The **Scheduling** and **Templates** configurations tabs are not used in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports.

Generate and Modify a Case Series

This section documents the process after a periodic report is executed. It also describes the process of creating a case series for analysis and modifying it before use.

The Oracle Analytics Publisher based aggregate report generation process has two parts:



- **1.** Creating the configuration.
- 2. Running the report within the Oracle Analytics Publisher with that configuration.

All case series can be saved separately (as Argus *case series*) for further analysis, addition, or removal of cases. You can also execute the whole process of query criteria execution and report output generation in one step. The native aggregate report generation process is broken into two parts with a provision to review and update all case series.

For more information, see:

- Generate a Case Series
- Modify a Case Series
- Advanced Condition Library
- Delete a Case Series

Generate a Case Series

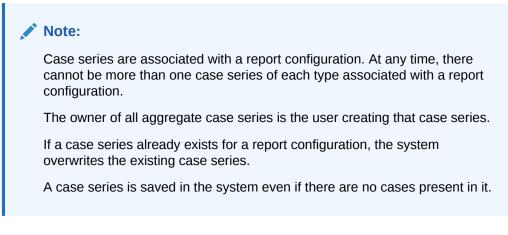
The **Create Case Series** button on the ICH PSUR and CTPR reports library page is enabled when you select any saved report configuration only if you have enabled the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting module.

When you click this button, the system generates the following case series by using query criteria available in the selected report configuration:

- Main Case Series: This case series is available in the advanced conditions library with the default name Periodic Report Name/Configuration Name and is linked to the respective report configuration.
- **Cumulative Case Series** (for use in tabulations): Based on the international birth date of the drug, this case series is available in the advanced condition library with the default name *Periodic Report Name/Configuration Name (cumulative case series)* and is linked to the respective report configuration.
- Ad hoc Case Series: You must ensure that the ad hoc line listings are linked to their respective report configuration. Ad hoc Case Series 1 is used in ad hoc Line Listing 1, ad hoc Case Series 2 in ad hoc Line Listing 2, and so on. You can edit these case series in the advanced condition library.
- Section 6.2 PBRER Case Series: When you select Section 6.2 on the ICH PSUR Configuration screen, the system generates an additional case series for Section 6.2 clinical trial cases. This contains all the clinical trial cases for the configured product, leaving out any non-interventional study cases (based on the report type selection and Section 6.3 case classifications and the observer study type configuration).

This case series is available in the Advanced Conditions Library as a case series with the default name Periodic Report Name/Configuration Name (PBRER Section 6.2) and is linked to the respective report configuration. It is further classified into different categories in the temp tables. There is no additional case series required for Section 6.3. The Main and Cumulative case series generated based on the report configuration are classified into different categories in the temp tables.





The following message appears after the request for case series generation is pushed to the Oracle Argus Safety application when you click **Create Case Series**.

Figure 1-9 Message Displayed

Backg	round Report Processing	
	Report configuration has been submitted to background Report Processing for Case Series Generation. Please view the status of Case Series Generation from Reports.>Compliance.>Background Periodic Report Status screen.	
	Cop	ŊΥ
	<u>OK</u>	

All case series associated with a report configuration are deleted if the associated report configuration is deleted from the system.

Modify a Case Series

All case series generated using periodic reports configuration are available in the Advanced Condition Library. You can modify these case series by providing a proper justification before the case series are used for report generation.

You can modify a case in the Advanced Condition Library.

Advanced Condition Library

You can view all case series that have been generated in the Advanced Condition Library.

The Advanced Conditions and Case Series Search title bar displays the search options added on this screen.



Field	Description
Date Range	An option for searching saved advanced conditions and case series. This date range filters cases based on the last modified date of the Advanced Conditions and Aggregate case series. The system uses the last one year date range by default when the advance condition page is loaded for the first time. The Date Range drop-down list contains the standard date ranges used in other parts of the Oracle Argus Safety application.
Advanced Condition Radio button	Displays only the advanced conditions.
Aggregate Case Series Radio button	Displays only aggregate the case series.
All Radio button	Displays all the advanced conditions and aggregate case series.

Table 1-1 Fields and Descriptions

The Advanced Condition option is selected by default during the initial page load.

Figure 1-10 Advanced Condition Library Screen

dva	anced Condition Library	l.							
Adva	anced Condition and Case S	eries Serach							
_	s Month	9-2013	To 01-JAN-2999	View	Advanced Condit	ion 🔘 Aggi	egate C	ase Seri	es 🔘 All
Tota	I Number Of Rows (6)			Displaying Rows 1-6 🔻	Page Size 50	•	<<	>>	🔎 Search Clear
	Name 📥	De	scription	Last Modified	Owner	Shared	Query Set	SQL	Case Series 🍸
									×
	AC0001	AC	0001	14-0CT-2013	Prakash Singh	Yes	No	VIEW	
	Eric's Cases	Eric	s's Cases	12-JUL-2013	Eric <dev> Popejoy</dev>	Yes	No	VIEW	
	Periodic AC			17-0CT-2013	Amit Aggarwal	Yes	No	VIEW	41
	PSUR Hit List (Cumulative Case	e PSI	JR Demo Config	10-SEP-2013	Amit Aggarwal	No	No	VIEW	543
	PSUR Hit List			24-0CT-2013	dcaguser	Yes	No	<u>VIEW E</u>	275
	PSUR PSUR Hit List1 18-OCT-20	13 15:33:14			dcaguser	Yes	No	VIEW E	

When you click **Search**, the system filters out the list of Advanced Conditions or Aggregate case series based on the date range selected.

When you click **Case Series**, the Advanced condition dialog box with available cases is displayed.

The **Delete** button on the Advanced Condition Library page is disabled when you select any Aggregate case series.

Delete a Case Series

You can delete multiple cases to update the case series. A check box corresponding to each case facilitates the deletion of multiple cases.

While you delete or add cases to the case series (single or multiple), the system displays a standard justification dialog requesting the reason for case series modification.



The justification text for case series modification follows the list of case numbers displayed after the report cover page. The system displays all actions performed on a case series separately in the order they were performed. For example, actions performed on a case series are displayed in the following order:

- Action Performed: Case Addition
- Action Performed By: <User Name>
- Justification Text: <These cases were not part of last report submission>
- Case Numbers: US2010ABC, US2010XYZ
- Date Modified: 12-Oct-2013 12:40:33
- Action Performed: Case Deletion
- Action Performed By: <User Name> Justification Text: <These cases are already reported to regulatory authorities>
- Case Numbers: US2009ABC, US2009XYZ

The Effective Start Date column displays effective start dates corresponding to all cases available in the case series. Values in this column are available only when periodic reports configuration is set to run on the DLP schema instead of current data. The column populates aggregate temporary tables corresponding to a case series during Oracle Analytics Publisher report execution.

This screen displays only the current data for all available columns, irrespective of whether the case series is being generated on DLP. The system displays an asterisk against the Effective Start Date column and also displays a note as a legend:

```
This screen displays only the current data for all the case attributes irrespective of the effective start date of the case.
```

When a case series is being used, you cannot modify it as the system locks the case series. The system disables the **Delete** and **Add** buttons on the advanced conditions case series dialog during the time it is used. It also disables the **Create Case Series** button on the Periodic Reports page if the case series corresponding to that report configuration is being used.

When a report is being executed, the system disables the Create Case Series for the corresponding report configuration.

When you click the **View** link for an existing case series for the selected report configuration, a warning message appears indicating that the case series cannot be modified as it is currently under modification or is being used for a report:

This case series is either in use currently or is being regenerated right now. Please wait for case series regeneration to complete before you can view/edit the case series.

Run Oracle Analytics Publisher Reports through Oracle Argus Safety

You can execute Oracle Analytics Publisher periodic reports as a one-step or two-step process.



The Report Batch Print screen provides the Run Using option if you have enabled the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting module. This drop-down list lets you choose between the Oracle Analytics Publisher and Argus Native options:

• When you select Oracle Analytics Publisher, the system provides the following additional options for running the report:

Field Name or Parameter	Description
Report Template	This drop-down list is populated with all available Oracle Analytics Publisher report templates that can reuse the configuration for the PSUR or other periodic reports.
Use Generated Case Series	This check box is enabled only if a case series has been generated using the selected report configuration.
	It is selected by default if a case series already exists for the selected report configuration.
	If the Use Generated Case Series check box is checked, the system generates the report on already existing case series.
	If this check box is not selected, the report configuration is executed to create new case series that replace any existing case series for the selected report configuration.
	The Use Generated Case Series check box is checked when a final report that was generated for the selected report configuration is pending submission.

Table 1-2 Options for Running the Report using Oracle Analytics Publisher

The Print operation works in the same way for Oracle Analytics Publisher reports as it works for Argus Native reports.

After a case series is generated for an associated report configuration, any existing case series associated with that report configuration is replaced with that case series. The system keeps only one case series for a report configuration at a time.

All the reports executed through Oracle Argus Safety UI are tracked using the Oracle Argus Safety application. The status for all Oracle Analytics Publisher reports is available in the Background Periodic Status screen of Oracle Argus Safety.

 When you select Argus Native from the Run Using drop-down list, the system hides the Report Template option. Any case series generated as part of Argus Native report execution is not saved in the system by default.

If you select **Run Now**, the system immediately generates a report for the selected configuration. If you specify a date and time in the **Run At** field, Oracle Argus Safety schedules it for the provided date and time.

If an email address is provided on the Report Batch Printing screen, the application sends the generated report output to the configured email address. This is applicable to both Oracle Argus Safety Native and Oracle Analytics Publisher reports.

For more information, see:

 Report parameters for running Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through Oracle Argus Safety

While you run a report through the Argus Safety Report Batch Printing window, you can schedule the report in Oracle Analytics Publisher for an instant or a future run.



Report parameters for running Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through Oracle Argus Safety

While you run a report through the Argus Safety Report Batch Printing window, you can schedule the report in Oracle Analytics Publisher for an instant or a future run.

A report template must be selected in the Report Batch Printing window. This template is used to schedule reports in Oracle Analytics Publisher. The following parameters are passed from Argus Safety to Oracle Analytics Publisher while you schedule the report:

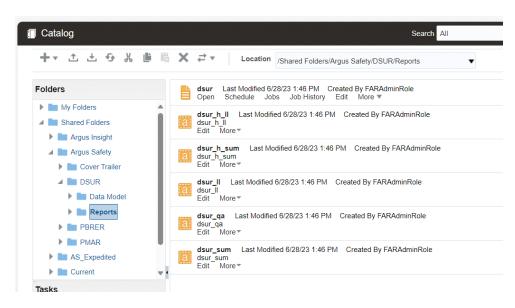
Parameter	Description
Enterprise ID	The enterprise ID for which you run the report.
Report Configuration ID	The report configuration ID selected to run the report.
User Name	The name of the user that runs the report.
Report Format	Specifies the report format.
Print As	Specifies the mode to run the report. If you select Other , you need to specify the watermark value as well.

Run Reports through Oracle Analytics Publisher Console

You can execute all Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through the Oracle Analytics Publisher console (xmlpserver).

- 1. When you log into the Oracle Analytics Publisher (xmlpserver), click Catalog.
- 2. Select the tree entry for a report, and select Reports.

Figure 1-11 Reports Tree Entry Screen





The system displays the available reports on the screen.

- 3. Click the **Open** link for the report you selected.
- 4. Select the values for Enterprise ID and Configuration Name from the drop-down lists.

Note:

The Configuration Name drop-down list displays values based on the aggregate reports configuration in Oracle Argus Safety to which you have access.

All report configurations that are associated with a report template are available for selection. The system populates any parameters which are NOT associated with Oracle Argus Safety report configuration with default values (defined with report parameters).

5. Select the values for all parameters. You can override the default or configured values of all parameters before running a report.

Note:

When you select a report configuration, the system uses the parameter values from the selected report configuration if there are no values provided for the corresponding report parameters.

6. You can modify the default case series names associated with a report configuration.

Note:

If a report configuration has been executed at least once, all the associated case series values are used by default if there are no overriding values for case series.

7. For overriding case series parameters, you must select all the case series based on their generation source, which is either current data or DLP.

Note:

When you select a Main Case Series generated on Current Argus data, the system filters other case series prompts to show only those case series that are generated on current data.

When you select a Main Case Series generated on DLP data, the system filters other case series prompts to show only those case series that are generated on DLP data.

If a report configuration has not been executed even once and you have not selected any overriding case series while running the report, the system executes the report and



displays the following information in the *Warning/Error Messages* trailer section of the report.

There is no case series associated with the selected report configuration. Please select a case series or generate a case series and execute the report again.

8. To execute the report, select a report format.

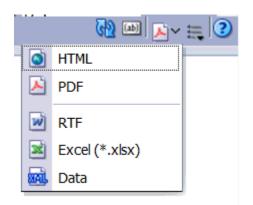


Figure 1-12 Selecting the Report Format

 Report parameters for running Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through Oracle Argus Safety

While you run a report through the Argus Safety Report Batch Printing window, you can schedule the report in Oracle Analytics Publisher for an instant or a future run.

Report parameters for running Oracle Analytics Publisher reports through Oracle Argus Safety

While you run a report through the Argus Safety Report Batch Printing window, you can schedule the report in Oracle Analytics Publisher for an instant or a future run.

A report template must be selected in the Report Batch Printing window. This template is used to schedule reports in Oracle Analytics Publisher. The following parameters are passed from Argus Safety to Oracle Analytics Publisher while you schedule the report:

Parameter	Description
Enterprise ID	The enterprise ID for which you run the report.
Report Configuration ID	The report configuration ID selected to run the report.
User Name	The name of the user that runs the report.
Report Format	Specifies the report format.
Print As	Specifies the mode to run the report. If you select Other , you need to specify the watermark value as well.



Run Reports through Oracle Analytics Publisher Scheduler

You can schedule all Oracle Analytics Publisher reports to be run immediately or at a future date using the Oracle Analytics Publisher scheduler.

- **1.** When you log into the Oracle Analytics Publisher, click **Catalog**.
- 2. Select the tree entry for a report, and select **Reports**.

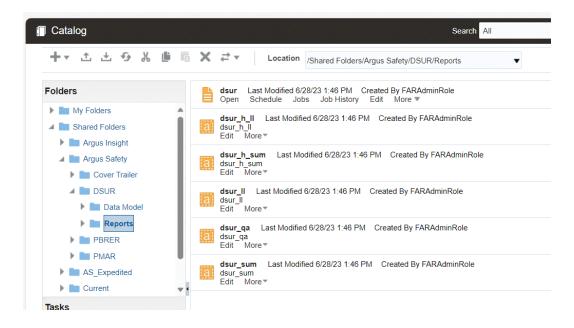


Figure 1-13 Reports Tree Entry Screen

The system displays the available reports on the screen.

3. Click the Schedule link for the report you selected.

The Schedule Report Job screen appears.

- 4. Click the Schedule tab.
- 5. Select a value from the Frequency drop-down list.
- Select Run Now or enter the date and time details when you select Start. Click Submit. The Submit screen appears.
- 7. Enter the details for **Report Job Name** and click **OK**.

You can track reports scheduled through Oracle Analytics Publisher console using Oracle Argus Safety.

You can view all report outputs can be viewed from Oracle Argus Safety library screens as explained in Viewing Aggregate Reports from Oracle Argus Safety. The status of all such reports is available in the background periodic status screen of Oracle Argus Safety.

For draft reports, you can view only the last version of the generated report output corresponding to a report template from Oracle Argus Safety. For Final reports, you can view only the last version of the generated report output corresponding to a report template from the Oracle Argus SafetyAggregate Reports library.



Data Security

The following securities are applied in out-of-the-box Oracle Analytics Publisher reports:

- Product, Study, or Site security
- Blinded Security
- Enterprise security

Report Output Management

The system saves all reports generated using Oracle Analytics Publisher technology (Oracle Argus Safety or Oracle Analytics Publisher Scheduler) in the Oracle Argus Safety database. It saves all Oracle Analytics Publisher reports generated through Oracle Argus Safety or the Oracle Analytics Publisher scheduler interface in the Oracle Argus Safety database and attaches them to the associated report configuration. For every report configuration and report template combination, you can only view the latest draft and final reports from Oracle Argus Safety.

User access rights for accessing a report for a given report configuration are driven using the permissions defined in the security tab in the periodic reports configuration. Any generated report is available to other users if the user's group has been assigned permission to view the report configuration though the Periodic Configuration screen.

Viewing Aggregate Reports from Oracle Argus Safety

After Draft or Final periodic reports are generated, you can view the generated reports through the Periodic Reports Library screen.

This UI screen shows all reports generated on a report configuration, irrespective of whether the report was generated using Oracle Argus Safety UI or Oracle Analytics Publisher scheduler. All reports generated through the Oracle Analytics Publisher console are not available for viewing from Oracle Argus Safety.

When you click the **Draft** or the **Final** link, a context menu appears with all the available report templates that have been generated for a report configuration. When you click a report template, the system opens the selected report in the format that was used to generate the report.

For every report template corresponding to a report configuration, only the last generated draft or final report is available to you.



CH PSUR Line Listing	Reports					
Total Number Of Rows (17)					Displaying Rows 1-17	▼ Page Size 50 ▼ Search Clea
Category 📥 Sub Category	Report Name/Configuration Name Inclusion Start Date / Stop Date	DRAFT		Author Created Author Modified	Date Created Date Modified	Justification
	IEST 1 01-JAN-1995 / 01-JAN-2005	EINAL		Administrator		
	PS TEST 17383848 -3 17-JUL-2012 / 30-AUG-2013	FINAL		Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	29-AUG-2013 29-AUG-2013	Not specified
	Copy of PS TEST 17383848 -4 17-JUL-2012 / 31-AUG-2013	<u>FINAL</u>		Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	29-AUG-2013 29-AUG-2013	Not specified
	Copy of PS TEST 17383848 -3 17-JUL-2012 / 30-AUG-2013	FINAL		Copy of Prakash Singh Copy of Prakash Singh	30-AUG-2013 30-AUG-2013	Not specified
	PS TEST 17383848 -2 17-JUL-2012 / 30-AUG-2013	FINAL	N	Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	29-AUG-2013 29-AUG-2013	Not specified
	PS TEST 17383848 -3 17-JUL-2012 / 30-AUG-2013	DRAFT FINAL	13	Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	29-AUG-2013 29-AUG-2013	Not specified
	TEST QA MA - PSUR 02 01-JAN-1900 / 02-AUG-2004			Administrator		
	TEST 2 01-JAN-1995 / 01-JAN-2005			Administrator		
	ICH PSUR - QA - Generate 01-JAN-1995 / 01-JAN-2005			Administrator		
	ICH PSUR - QA - Submit 01-JAN-1995 / 01-JAN-2005			Administrator		
	QA 1 01-JAN-1995 / 01-JAN-2005	81		Administrator		
	PS TEST REPORT 17483843 1 20-JAN-2013 / 21-SEP-2013			Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	20-SEP-2013 20-SEP-2013	Not specified
	TEST QA MA - PSUR 01 01-JAN-1900 / 02-AUG-2004			Administrator		
	Copy of Copy of PS TEST REPORT 17483843 1 20-JAN-2013 / 21-SEP-2013	DRAFT		Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	20-SEP-2013 20-SEP-2013	Not specified
	Copy of PS TEST REPORT 17483843 1 20-JAN-2013 / 21-SEP-2013			Prakash Singh Prakash Singh	20-SEP-2013 20-SEP-2013	Not specified
	PBRER for Test 01-JAN-2012 / 31-AUG-2013	DRAFT	PBRER	Amit Accarwal	14-0CT-2013 14-0CT-2013	This is a test report to see the PBRER sections
is is report category isis sub category	PBRER for FS 01-JAN-2000 / 31-DEC-2013	DRAFT	PBRER Supplimental Lin Post Marketed Aggregate Post Marketed Aggregate	Report	17-0CT-2013 17-0CT-2013	Show some data

Figure 1-14 ICH PSUR Line Listing Reports

You can view all Oracle Analytics Publisher aggregate reports generated in final mode on the **Worklist** > **Reports** screen.

Background Periodic Report Status

You can view the status for all the Oracle Analytics Publisher periodic reports run through Oracle Argus Safety or from Oracle Analytics Publisher Scheduler in the Background Periodic Report Status screen.

The possible status options for reports scheduled using Oracle Analytics Publisher scheduler are:

Status	Description
Executing	When execution for a scheduled Oracle Analytics Publisher report starts, its status is tracked as Executing.
Generated	After a report is generated, the output is stored in the Oracle Argus Safety database, and a corresponding entry is made available in Argus database with a report link, the status of the report is marked as Generated.
Error	If an error occurs during the scheduled report execution, the system marks the status of the report as Error.
Pending	When executing the report, a corresponding entry is available in the background periodic screen to show the report status as Pending.

Table 1-3Status Options for Reports Scheduled through Oracle Analytics PublisherScheduler

The system displays the status, when you click the **Generated** link.

The possible status options for reports executed using the Oracle Argus Safety user interface are:



Status	Description
Pending	When an Oracle Analytics Publisher report is executed from Oracle Argus Safety, a corresponding entry is made in the background periodic screen showing the report status as Pending. The report remains in this status until it is picked by AG Service or Oracle Analytics Publisher for execution.
Executing	When an execution for an Oracle Analytics Publisher report starts, its status is tracked as Executing.
Generated	After a report is generated, the output is stored in the Oracle Argus Safety database, and a corresponding entry is made available in the Oracle Argus Safety database with the report link. The status of the report is marked as Generated.
Error	If an error occurs during a report execution, the system marks the status of the report as Error.

Table 1-4 Status Options for Reports Executed through Oracle Argus Safety UI

The possible status options for a report executed when a user generates a case series by clicking **Create Case Series** are:

Status	Description
Pending	When a Case Series is generated from Oracle Argus Safety, a corresponding entry is available in the background periodic screen showing the case series status as pending. The case Series remains in this status until it is picked by AG Service for execution.
Executing	When an execution for a periodic configuration is started for a case series creation, its status is tracked as Executing.
Generated	After a case series is generated, the status of the background request is marked as Generated.
Error	If an error occurs during a case series generation, the system marks the status of the background request as Error.

 Table 1-5
 Status Options when User clicks Create Case Series

The system displays the status, when you click **Generated** link for the case series.

2 Aggregate Reporting Data Model

The following global temporary tables support the Oracle Analytics Publisher aggregate reporting framework:

Case Temp

The case temp table contains one row for each unique case ID from all code lists. The system derives data in the same way for all cases. Different flags in the case temp table help to identify the cases that are included in each section or subsection of the various periodic reports.

Product Temp

The product temp table includes one row for each product configured in the report configuration:

- The system adds a row to the product temp table for each suspect drug configured in the report configuration (spontaneous or non-company cases).
- For Clinical cases, the system adds all study drugs that are part of the case into the product temp table.
- Different flags are available in this table to identify a product as medicinal product, blinded, placebo, or comparator.

Event Temp

This table contains a row for each event term included in the report. The system uses standard report parameters to remove non-reportable events and symptoms and removes duplicate terms. For example, if the case contains two LLTs for the same PT and you run the report for PT reporting, the system writes only one row to the events temp table. Unless otherwise specified, data for the lower display number term is used in the temp table.

Event to Drug Temp

This is an intersect table between events and drugs. It contains the causality and unexpectedness at event to drug level. This table contains all assessment information based on event and product.

Refer to the Oracle Argus Safety Flexible Reporting Extensibility Guide for the Aggregate Reporting Data Model.



3 Reporting Algorithms

In this chapter:

- Label the Algorithm
- Choosing a Categorization Algorithm for Compiling PBRER and DSUR
- Initial or Follow-up Algorithm

Label the Algorithm

The system calculates listedness (the expectedness of the undesirable effect experienced in an AE) using an option that you choose when running the Periodic Benefit Risk Assessment Report (PBRER) or Development Safety Update Report (DSUR).

The following options are available:

- Use Assessment in cases from Event Assess table
- Use Assessment in cases from the Event Assess table for the configured License List
- Use Event Assess table with Report type + datasheets
- Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at the beginning
- Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at the end

This lets you specify which datasheet to look against for Listedness when running the report.

- When using the Event assessment from the case, the system considers only the As Determined listedness of the primary event or the case listedness.
- When you select the *ALL* datasheets Report Type, the system uses the most conservative listedness for the primary event, or the Case Listedness.
- When you select a specific datasheet, the system bases listedness on this datasheet.
- The datasheet for listedness on the Inclusion Criteria is calculated for ALL products within the case and not only for the first suspect drug.

For more information, see:

- Listedness Determination based on Event Assess Table
- Listedness Determination Based on Event Assess Table and Datasheets
- Listedness Determination based on Datasheets
- Additional Considerations to Determine Listedness

Listedness Determination based on Event Assess Table

When you choose an option that bases listedness on the data in the Event Assess table, listedness is determined as of the time when you run the report.



- Use Assessment in cases: Listedness determination is based on the events processed in the Events tab > Event Assessment section of the case form. This means that the system uses the Case Assessment Table to drive the listedness for the periodic report.
- Use Event Assess Data with License List: Listedness determination is based on the case event assess table corresponding to the configured license. It ignores others from the case. This option is not available for PBRER and is applicable to DSUR only.

Listedness Determination Based on Event Assess Table and Datasheets

Listedness determination is based on the case event assess table corresponding to the selected report type combined with the datasheet containing the inclusion criteria. The system ignores listedness data for the case in other datasheets.

Listedness Determination based on Datasheets

When you choose an option that bases listedness on datasheets, the date of a datasheet figures in its inclusion in the listedness determination.

• **Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at beginning**: Listedness determination is based on the earliest datasheet for the product of the PSUR, regardless of the current assessment in the case.

This option re-assesses all cases in the line listings based on the valid (frozen) datasheets on or before the selected start date of the reporting period:

- If no datasheet has an active date on or before the start date of the PSUR configuration, an error message appears and the report is not generated.
- The Report Type selection for All datasheets in the Inclusion Criteria overrides the Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at beginning option.
 When you select All, the system bases listedness on the assessments in cases.
- Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at end: Listedness determination is based on the latest datasheet of the periodic report regardless of the current assessment in the case.

This option re-assesses all cases in the line listings based on the valid (frozen or active) datasheets on or before the selected end date of the reporting period.

- If no datasheet has an active date on or before the end date of the PSUR configuration, an error message appears and the report is not generated.
- The Report Type selection for All datasheets in the Inclusion Criteria overrides the Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at end option. When you select All, the system bases listedness on the assessments in cases.



Note:

The system acts on the **Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at end** or **Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at the beginning** options only when a specific datasheet is selected. The system does not do a full assessment on all licenses for the product. For example, when you select the **ALL** datasheet option, the system derives the assessment from the cases even if **Reassesss cases against datasheet in effect at end** or **Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at the beginning** are selected.

Additional Considerations to Determine Listedness

Note the following additional considerations that apply to the determination of listedness for events or cases.

- For the re-assess option, the system does not re-assess case level listedness if the common profile configuration for Case Inclusion criteria for the ICH PSUR/CTPR report based on Listedness is set to Use case level listedness. However, the system does recalculate event level listedness based on a selected algorithm.
- If the above configuration is set to **Use listedness of the primary event**, the system recalculates case level listedness based on the selected algorithm.
- You must limit a listedness assessment to target products.
- If no datasheet is selected in the inclusion criteria and the re-assess option is based on the datasheets, the system uses the datasheet of all the licenses for the selected product and recalculates the listedness based on the most conservative approach.
- If multiple products are part of the PSUR or CTPR report configuration and these products are also available in a case, the system bases the listedness assessment on the most conservative approach for case level listedness. Consider the following example:
 - Product A and Product B are target products.
 - Both products are available in the case.
 - The case has a primary event of *Pyrexia* and an event of *Fever*.

For Product A, Pyrexia is a listed event but for Product B, Pyrexia is an unlisted event. The case level listedness is marked as Unlisted.

For event level listedness, the same rules apply when assessing the case for multiple licenses of a product having different datasheets.

• If listedness for a case or event is not listed, it is counted under unlisted. This represents the scenario where event assessment has not been done and is NULL or unknown.

Choosing a Categorization Algorithm for Compiling PBRER and DSUR

For custom aggregate reports, you can select either of the following case count categorization algorithms:

• The PBRER case count categorization algorithm retrieves cases based on the target drug list.



• The DSUR case count categorization algorithm retrieves cases based on the product type within the study configuration.

The Clinical Drug Role Algorithm report parameter is available in the PBRER and DSUR template for setting the default algorithm used for OOB reports.

Initial or Follow-up Algorithm

Aggregate reports generated through the Oracle Analytics Publisher use a different initial or follow-up algorithm from the algorithm for Argus Native reports.

Use the Follow-up Algorithm parameter to select a method for categorizing cases as initial or follow-up in the aggregate reports.

The Follow-up Algorithm parameter has the following values:

- Use Submission Tracking: Used as default algorithm for reports executed from Oracle Argus Safety UI. This option is selected by default when you run reports from Oracle Analytics Publisher console or Oracle Analytics Publisher scheduler.
- User Initial Receipt Date

For more information, see:

- Use Submission Tracking
- Use Initial Receipt Date

Use Submission Tracking

A case is categorized as follow-up if it was previously submitted to the same regulatory agency and report form; otherwise it is categorized as initial. The same logic applies to cases missed in the previous period, and those cases are marked as initial or follow-up based on the submission record:

- Initial: No submission record exists for that case, agency, and report form combination.
- Follow-up: The case has a periodic submission record for the current report form and agency.

Use Initial Receipt Date

A case that is part of the main case series is marked as Initial if the initial receipt date of the case falls in the current reporting period; otherwise it is categorized as follow-up. The same logic applies to cases missed in the previous period, and those cases are assessed for initial receipt date only.

The system uses the existing Argus logic to find cases missed in the previous period. However, to categorize those cases into initial or follow-up, one of two algorithms (Initial of Follow-up) is used.



Oracle Argus Insight Compatibility

The Oracle Analytics Publisher reporting framework is designed to be compatible with Oracle Argus Insight.

- All references to *hitlist* in Oracle Argus Safety have been changed to Case Series to keep it in sync with Oracle Argus Insight terminology.
- All temporary tables required for data population in the aggregate reports are maintained in a separate schema within the Oracle Argus Safety database instance. You can access these tables through the Oracle Argus Insight DBLink, with the help of proper database grants and privileges.
- You can use the same Oracle Analytics Publisher server for Oracle Argus Safety and Oracle Argus Insight reports. For more configuration information required for running both these products on the same Oracle Analytics Publisher server, refer to the *Argus Safety* and *Argus Insight Installation Guide*.
- You can use the same reporting server for Oracle Argus Analytics (Oracle Analytics Server), Oracle Argus Safety, and Oracle Argus Insight (Oracle Analytics Publisher).

For more information, see:

Configure Changes for Oracle Argus Insight RPD Integration

Configure Changes for Oracle Argus Insight RPD Integration

Oracle Argus Insight has introduced an RPD for data analysis of aggregate case series generated using Oracle Argus Safety aggregate reports. Oracle Argus Insight requires preservation of temp table data so it can be copied into the Oracle Argus Insight or Oracle Argus Mart database using the ETL process. When aggregate case series data from temp tables is available in the Oracle Argus Insight or Oracle Argus Mart database, you can use Oracle Analytics Server RPD to analyze this data using different dimensions and case count measures.

Make the following configuration changes in Argus Console for persisting the Oracle Analytics Publisher temp table data so that the data can be used with Oracle Analytics Server RPD:

- Go to System Configuration > System Management (Common Profile Switches) > Reporting > BIP Aggregate Reporting.
- Under the BIP Common User and BIP Common User Password rows, add two common profile entries to the system for defining whether to persist data in Oracle Analytics Publisher temp tables, and the number of days for which data should be persisted in these temp tables.

For more information, see:

- Common Profile Entries
- Data Purging



Common Profile Entries

Profile switches must be added under Oracle Analytics Publisher **Common User** and Oracle Analytics Publisher **Common User Password** rows. The following information is available for these profile switches:

 Table 4-1
 Common Profile Entries

Field Label	Default and Possible Values	Description
Persist data in Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Temp Tables	Default: No Yes No	Yes: System persists or stores the data of Oracle Analytics Publisher aggregate temp tables for all the case series generated for aggregate reports generation.
		No : System does not persist data of Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Temp tables.
Number of days for which data of Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Temp Tables should be persisted	Default: NULL	Data of Oracle Analytics Publisher Temp tables is persisted for the number of days defined in this configuration. After the configured period (Number of days from the last modified date of case series), a database or system job purges the data that is no longer required (defined separately). You can override the number of days for persisting data of a particular aggregate case series while generating the report through the Oracle Analytics Publisher Console.

- If **Persist data in BIP Aggregate Temp Tables** is set to **No**, the system does not persist data of Oracle Analytics Publisher temp tables.
- If Persist data in BIP Aggregate Temp Tables is set to Yes and Number of days for which data of BIP Aggregate Temp Tables should be persisted is not defined, the system throws an error message when you save the value of these configurations. The following message appears:

Please enter the number of days for which data of Oracle Analytics Publisher Temp Tables should be persisted.

- In a multi-tenant environment, you can view these configuration entries on the enterprise level.
- As part of data persistence and purging, two parameters have been added in Oracle Analytics Publisher aggregate reports for overriding the default value. For example, you can choose not to persist data for a draft report run even if the default value is set to perist Oracle Analytics Publisher temp table data. The following parameters have been added in aggregate reports:
 - Persist data of Temp Tables
 - Number of Days for Data Persistence

For more information on these two parameters, refer Report Parameters and their Definitions.



Data Purging

Data purging is required to remove the data that exceeds the duration specified in the persistence parameters. The purge operation is handled using a database job that is created during the installation of the application.

The data is purged if the current date exceeds the report date plus the persistence duration specified while running the report.

After data is purged from the Oracle Analytics Publisher temp tables, the purge is reflected in the Oracle Argus Mart database after completing the ETL process.



5

Periodic Benefit Risk Assessment Report

In this chapter:

- Report Objective
- Configure Oracle Argus Safety for PBRER
- PBRER Section 6.2 Cumulative Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events from Clinical Trials
- PBRER Section 6.3 Cumulative and Interval Summary Tabulations from Post-Marketing Data Sources
- Sample Report
- Execute the PBRER from Oracle Analytics Publisher

Report Objective

The Periodic Benefit Risk Assessment Report (PBRER) is a standard for periodic benefit-risk evaluation reporting on marketed products (including approved drugs that are under further study) among the ICH regions.

When a medicinal product is approved for marketing, demonstration of safety and efficacy are generally based on data from a limited number of patients, with many studied under the controlled conditions of randomized trials. Higher risk subgroups and patients with concomitant illnesses that require use of other drugs are often excluded from clinical trials, and long-term treatment data is limited. Moreover, patients in trials are closely monitored for evidence of adverse events.

In clinical practice, monitoring is less intensive, a broader range of patients are treated (age, co-morbidities, drugs, genetic abnormalities, and so on), and events too rare to occur in clinical trials (such as severe liver injury) may be observed. These factors underlie the need for continuing analysis of relevant safety, efficacy, and effectiveness information throughout the lifecycle of a medicinal product promptly and periodically, for an overall assessment of the accumulating data.

The PSUR provides a comprehensive picture of the safety of approved medicinal products, as the assessment of the risk of a medicinal product is most meaningful when considered in light of its benefits. The PBRER provides greater emphasis on benefits, particularly when risk estimates change, and places greater emphasis on the cumulative knowledge regarding a medicinal product, while retaining a focus on new information.

Oracle Argus Safety customers can use the Periodic Safety Update Report configuration screen for defining the query criteria required for PBRER Section 6.2 - Cumulative Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events from Clinical Trials and Section 6.3 - Cumulative and Interval Summary Tabulations from Post-Marketing Data Sources.

The Periodic Benefit Risk Assessment Report contains the following tabulation sections:

- Cumulative Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events from Clinical Trials
- Number of ADR from Post Marketing Sources



Configure Oracle Argus Safety for PBRER

To specify the inclusion of PBRER sections:

- 1. Select the **Summary Tabulation** tab from the Oracle Argus Safety ICH PSUR Configuration screen.
- 2. To include Section 6.2, select the **Include Section 6.2** checkbox. The system does not use other query criteria available under Section 6.2.
- To include Section 6.3, select the Include Section 6.3 checkbox. From the other query criteria available, only Case Classification and Observe Study Type are used for identifying the Non-Interventional studies.
 - The system populates **Case Classification** with values from the Case Classification code list.
 - The system populates Observe Study Type with values from the Case Classification code list where E2B code values are not null.
 - The **Cumulative Start Date** in Section 6.2 and Section 6.3 is separate from the Include Section 6.2 and Include Section 6.3 checkboxes.

The system ignores all other configuration parameters on this tab except PBRER configuration, **Include Summary of Cases Missing Assessments,** and **Include Summary of Unlocked Cases**.

Include Summary of Cases Missing Assessments 🥮	
	Print CIOMS reports for serious/unlisted cases
Include Line Listing Tabulation	Include Periodic Numbering on CIOMS reports
Include Initial Cases	Cumulative Summary
Include Follow-up Cases	
Include Summary of Unlocked Cases	Include Cumulative Summary
PBRER Section 6.2 - Cumulative Summary Tabulations of SAEs from clinical trials	Comparative Date Range 00-MMM-0000 To 00-MMM-0000 Serious Unlisted Related Related Diagnosis Diagnosis & Symptoms C Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms
Include Section 6.2 Cumulative Start Date 00-MMM-0000	FDA PSUR Support
entify Study Cases using Report Type legn€AH≨5 µeÅAÅÅÅÅÅÅ compassionate Use An Rebys Study	Include Adverse Event Summary Causality Spore Ab Determined Adverse Event Summary Only Cases with HCP Reporter @ Diagnosis & Symptoms Causality Spore Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms
None) 👻	Domestic Consumer Report G Diagnosis C Diagnosis & Symptoms C Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms
Group By Comparator	Domestic Consumer Report © Diagnosis © Diagnosis & Symptoms © Separate Diagnosis & Symptoms
PBRER Section 6.3 - Cumulative and Interval Summary Tabulations from Post-Marketing Data Sources	Print Unsubmitted incurvatur + Forms for Agency (No Specific Agency)
Include Section 6.3 Cumulative Start Date 00-MMM-0000	using the Datasheet of for Assessment
entify Spontaneous Cases using Report Type eport Type	Exclude Reports that are Non-Serious and Listed
00-Report Type	Single Case Submission Support
lot Available to Sender	
entify Non-Interventional Studies(UNION of all rules below) Report Type Case Classification Beain Case Classification	Concernet Periodic ICSR submissions for cases that do not have at least one ICSR report scheduled during the reporting period to any of the following Reporting Destination(s): [advective]
Compassionate Use i00-Report Type + Begin_Test of ¢EP¥§ µeÅÅÅÅ	Generate Periodic ICSR submissions to the following Reporting Destination: Using Message Type:
Observe Study Types 💷	w backlog
Clinical Trial ndividual Patient Use	Additional Expedited Report Forms (CIOMS / MedWatch / VAERS)
Other Studies	
	Print CIOMS * Forms for Agency (No Specific Agency) * for all Cases in the Report No Watermark

Figure 5-1 ICH PSUR Summary Tabulations Tab

For more information, see:

Product Types in Study Configuration to Support PBRER and DSUR



Product Types in Study Configuration to Support PBRER and DSUR

To support PBRER and DSURs, the Product Type attribute of the Oracle Argus Safety Console Study Configuration page displays the following values along with Investigational Product, Comparator, and Placebo:

- **No Study Drug Given**: This value lets you classify an event into the No Study Drug Given category if a serious adverse event occurs even before a patient has started taking any study drug.
- Additional Study Drug: These are additional or background drugs that are given as part of a combinational therapy. These drugs are generally given with both investigational products, and comparators. Additional study drugs do not impact the case categorization but are attributes for this configuration in the product temp table.

PBRER Section 6.2 - Cumulative Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events from Clinical Trials

To support Section 6.2 in PBRER in tabulating based on medicinal product, active comparators, and placebo, the Oracle Argus Safety Console Study Configuration is used to identify a product type as Placebo, Comparator, or an Investigational Medicinal Product. The Oracle Argus Safety Console Study Configuration classifies the counts of the various product types.

The system evaluates the list of cases applicable under Section 6.2 using the criteria described in the following sections and the configuration options from the ICH PSUR Configuration tab > Summary Tabulations > PBRER Section 6.2 - Cumulative Summary Tabulations tab for SAEs from clinical trials.

When the **Include Section 6.2** option is selected in the ICH PSUR Configuration screen, the application evaluates the list of cases applicable for this section by the following logic:

- The application uses the main inclusion criteria on the ICH PSUR Configuration screen to generate the main case series and all the cases corresponding to the configured product to generate the cumulative case series. If multiple products are configured in the PSUR Configuration screen, the application retrieves the cases for all the configured products.
- The application uses the main inclusion criteria on the ICH PSUR Configuration screen to identify the serious study cases which are used to calculate the event counts for section 6.2.

For more information, see:

- Generate the Case Series for Section 6.2
- Grand Totals
- Section 6.2 Layout

Generate the Case Series for Section 6.2

To generate the case series for Section 6.2, the system:

1. Identify study cases and serious study cases for the studies that the configured products belong to.



2. Identify whether a case is serious or not, based on the case level seriousness, primary event seriousness, or a combination of both, as configured in the Oracle Argus Safety Console configuration.

Seriousness is configured using **System Management (Common Profile Switches)** > **Reporting** > **Periodic** > **Case Inclusion** criteria for the ICH PSUR or CTPR report based on Seriousness).

- 3. Exclude the following cases from the Section 6.2 case series:
 - Cases whose value matches the non-interventional rules (if any) configured in Section 6.3, if Include Section 6.3 is selected.
 - Cases from non-interventional studies (where REPTYPECODE =M in flexible report type code list) selected in the main inclusion criteria.

For each case in the Section 6.2 case series identified, the system prints summary tabulation counts broken down by both System Organ Class (SOC) in the internationally agreed order, followed by preferred terms (PTs) in rows, sorted alphabetically. This is based on the following logic and marked clearly in the temporary tables based on the identified product type:

- Company or Configured Study Cases
- Non-Company or Non-Configured Study Cases

Company or Configured Study Cases

If the case is being evaluated in a configured study, the system displays all the Section 6.2 case series that are part of study configuration for the product and study being evaluated. Counts are broken down into the following categories:

- Blinded:
 - If the study and case are both blinded, the system prints the count under Blinded.
 - If the case is blinded (even if study was unblinded), the system prints the count under Blinded.
 - If the case is unblinded (but the study is blinded) and you do not have the privilege to see unblinded data, the system prints the count under Blinded.
 - If you have access to the unblinded data and case is unblinded (but the study is blinded), or case and study both are unblinded, the system shows the counts under their respective categories if you choose to view the unblinded data; otherwise the system prints it under Blinded.
- Investigational Medicinal Product (IMP): If the target product is of one of the suspect products in the study case, the system counts these cases under Investigational Medicinal Product.
- Active Comparator: If the target product is NOT one of the suspect products in the case, and the product type attribute for the suspect product available in the study is either an IMP or Comparator, the system prints it under the Comparator column.
- **Placebo**: If the target product is part of the study but is not one of the suspect products in the case, and the product type attribute for the suspect product available in the case is identified as Placebo in the study configuration, the system counts the case as a Placebo. You can use User Exits to classify different drugs under the Placebo category.



- No Study Drug Given: This column allows for retrieval of Serious Adverse Events that occurred from the moment the patient signed the informed consent form to the first administration of study medication, where no actual study medication was given to the patient. The system prints any study drug available in the case having product type defined as No Study Drug Given under No Study Drug Given column.
- Additional Study Drug OR No product Type Configured:
 - If the study configuration does not include the product type for that product, or is marked as Additional Study Drug, the system considers the product type as Investigational Medicinal Product if it is one of the target products and is also a suspect product in the case.
 - If the suspect product in the case is not part of the target product list, the system counts it as a Comparator. You can also use the user exits feature for categorizing products under the Investigational Medicinal Product, Comparator, Blinded, or Placebo columns in the temporary tables.

This tabulation also uses the parameter Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions.

- **Print All Events**: The summary tabulation displays all events present in the cases lying within the reporting period. The in period flag is not used. This is the default value.
- Print only In Period Events: This summary tabulation displays only events added within the reporting period. Events in the cases with Follow-up data that does not fall into the reporting period are not considered.

Non-Company or Non-Configured Study Cases

If the case being evaluated is a non-company or non-configured study case, the system prints the suspect products with the product type as Investigational Medicinal Product and follows the rules of Investigational Medical Product and Blinded.

The report prints the count for medicinal products in the first column in the report, followed by the Blinded, Active Comparator, and Placebo columns.

The report does not suppress the Blinded, Active Comparator, and Placebo columns when there are 0 counts against them. It prints the event count as 0 in each column as long as at least one of the four columns has an event count greater than 0. When PBRER is generated for a product that is a comparator in some studies, and no case qualifies for the report in which that product is a medicinal study drug, the system prints the medical product column with 0 event counts.

If the event count is 0 in the Medicinal Product, Blinded, Active Comparator and Placebo columns for a given SOC, the system does not print that SOC in the report.

Grand Totals

The system provides the totals and grand totals in out-of-the-box PBRER tabulations as follows:

- Subtotal per System Organ Class (SOC) per study medication category (IMP, Blinded, Active Comparator, Placebo, No Study Drug Given).
- Grand total for all SOCs per study medication category (IMP, Blinded, Active Comparator, Placebo, No Study Drug Given).



Section 6.2 Layout

The following figure illustrates the layout of PBRER Section 6.2.

<u>System Organ Class</u> Preferred Term	Investigational Medicinal Product	Blinded	Active comparator	Placebo	No Study Drug Given
Investigations					
Alanine aminotransferase increased	4	0	2	3	0
Aspartate aminotransferase increased	2	3	1	1	0
Subtotal	6	3	3	4	0
Nervous System Disorders					
Syncope	1	6	9	4	0
Headache	3	4	3	5	1
Subtotal	4	10	12	9	1
Grand Total	10	13	15	13	1

Figure 5-2 Section 6.2 Layout

PBRER Section 6.3 - Cumulative and Interval Summary Tabulations from Post-Marketing Data Sources

Section 6.3 is a background for the appendix that provides cumulative and interval summary tabulations of adverse reactions—from the IBD to the data lock point of the current PBRER.

These adverse reactions are derived from non-interventional studies and spontaneous ICSRs, including reports from healthcare professionals, consumers, scientific literature, and regulatory authorities. Serious and non-serious reactions are presented in a single table, with interval and cumulative data presented side-by-side.

For more information, see:

- Case Selection
- Section 6.3 Layout

Case Selection

The system evaluates the list of cases applicable for section 6.3 using the following criteria and configuration options from ICH PSUR Configuration > Summary Tabulations screen.

The **Identify Non-interventional Studies** field is mandatory, and you must select at least one of the options if Include Section 6.3 is selected.

If you save the report configuration without selecting a rule or without selecting a Non-Interventional Study report type in the main inclusion criteria, an error message appears.

When you select the **Include Section 6.3** option, the system evaluates the list of cases applicable for this section by the following methods and categorizes these cases into the following lists when populating temp tables:



- **Non-Interventional Current cases**: Using the main case list identified from the report inclusion criteria, further restricts it to only the Non-Interventional cases based on all rules that are selected, for the Identify Non-Interventional Studies field. This case list is referred to as Non-Interventional current case list.
 - If the **Case Classification** rule is selected, any case from the main case list qualifies if it has a case classification that matches **Identify Non-Interventional Studies**.
 - If the Observe Study Type rule is selected, any case from the main case list that has an Observe Study Type qualifies if it has a case classification that matches Identify Non- Interventional Studies.
 - From the main inclusion criteria, any case from the main case list that has a report type that matches a Non-Interventional Study as categorized in the report type flexible re-categorization code list qualifies.
- **Non-Interventional Cumulative cases**: Using the report inclusion criteria, identifies cumulative Non-Interventional cases for the report corresponding to the configured product and uses the Non-Interventional selected Non-Interventional rule. This case list is referred to as the Non-Interventional Cumulative case list.
- **Spontaneous Current cases**: Using the main case list identified from the report Inclusion criteria, identifies the Spontaneous Current case list by restricting it to cases that have a spontaneous report type (where report type code list values do not have the **This type includes cases from clinical trials** selected).
- **Spontaneous Cumulative cases**: Using the report Inclusion criteria, first identifies the Cumulative Main case list, corresponding to the configured product. Using this cumulative main case list, it then identifies the Spontaneous Cumulative case list by restricting it to cases that have a report type in which **This type includes cases from clinical trials** is not selected.

After the system identifies the four case lists in the temp tables, it prints the cumulative summary tabulation categorized into the Spontaneous, and Non-interventional columns:

- The Spontaneous column has two sub-columns based on seriousness of the event: Serious, and Non-serious.
- Both the Serious and Non-Serious columns under Spontaneous have two sub-columns: Interval, and Cumulative.
- The Non-interventional column has a sub-column, Serious, based on events that are serious.
- The Serious column under Non-Interventional has two sub-columns: Interval, and Cumulative.

The system prints the summary tabulation counts broken down by both System Organ Class (SOC) sorted in the international order, followed by Preferred Terms (PTs) in rows, sorted alphabetically. The report prints SOCs with zero counts if there are no events reported.

It uses the Spontaneous Current case list for determining the Interval counts under the Spontaneous column (stratified based on Seriousness) and the Spontaneous Cumulative case list for the Cumulative counts under the Spontaneous column (stratified based on Seriousness).

The system uses the Non-Interventional Current case list for the Interval counts under the Non-Interventional column (stratified based on Seriousness) and the Non-Interventional Cumulative case list for the Cumulative counts under the Non-Interventional column (stratified based on Seriousness).

The summary tabulation prints the Total Spontaneous Cumulative all sub totals for Spontaneous column as total of Spontaneous Cumulative Serious plus Spontaneous Cumulative Non-Serious counts.

This tabulation also uses the parameter Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions.

Report Parameters to Print Reactions or Serious Events

The Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions parameter prints serious adverse events (SAE) or serious adverse reactions (SAR) based on the value. This parameter can have following possible values:

- Print Serious Adverse Reactions (default)
- Print Serious Adverse Events

The system uses the most conservative causality approach for identifying reactions.

Most conservative causality means that either reported or company causality is defined for a combination of product and event.

Section 6.3 Layout

The following figure displays the number of adverse drug reactions by term from Post-Marketing Sources in Section 6.3.

Figure 5-3 Section 6.3 Layout

System Organ Class	Spontaneous, including regulatory authority and literature					Non-interventional post-marketing study and reports from other solicited sources	
Preferred Term	Serious		Non-Serious		Total Spontaneous	Seriousness	
	Interval	Cumulative	Interval	Cumulative	Cumulative All	Interval	Cumulative
Investigations							
Alanine aminotransferase increased							
Aspartate aminotransferase increased							5
Subtotal							
Nervous System Disorders							
Syncope							
Headache							
Subtotal							
Grand Total							

Sample Report

The following sections discuss the parts of the report:

- Cover Page
- PBRER QA section
- Trailer Section

Cover Page

All Oracle Analytics Publisher reports have a cover page with information about all report parameters and their values used in the report.

The following information is printed on the report Cover Page:



Information	Description
Report Start Date	The start date and time when the report execution was started.
Report#	Report# from the report configuration.
Database	The database instance name where the report is running.
Report Title	The report title from the report configuration.
Reporting Period	<from and="" criteria<br="" date="" from="" inclusion="" range="" to="">of Main Case Series> along with the information on the source of case series, DLP or Non-DLP.</from>
Configuration Name	The report configuration name.
User Name	The user full name that runs the report.
Reg Report ID	The queue ID from Oracle Analytics Publisher.
Report Parameter	Lists all the report parameters in the order presented in the report.
Value	Lists all the report parameters values in the order presented in the report.

Figure 5-4 Sample PBRER Cover Page

Report Start Time: <report date="" time=""> Report#: <report#></report#></report>	Oracle Argus Safety	Database: <d8 nam⇔<="" th=""></d8>	
ORACLE	<report title=""></report>		
and the second second	Configuration Name: <report configuration="" name=""></report>		
	Reporting Period: <from date=""> Through <to date=""> (DLP/Non-DLP)</to></from>		
User Name: <user full="" name=""></user>		Queue ID: 155	
Report Parameter	Value		
Draft/Submission/Reprint (D/S/R)?	S		
Agency/Country (use * to update all)	*		
Report form	Post Marketed Aggregate Report		
Modification reason code	SR		
As of time?	17-OCT-13 12.34.38.627414 PM		
Case version statuses?	C,D,R		
Language code	en		
Local as of rule?	G		
Print blinded data?	N		
Cases SOC classification is based on	DISPLAY_SEQ_NUM1		
Default value?	N/A		
Manufacturer name?	Oracle		
License type?	IND		

For more information, see:

Information on Drugs and Studies

Information on Drugs and Studies

After the list of report parameters, the cover page provides information about the list of products or study licenses selected in the corresponding Oracle Argus Safety Configuration screen for the current report run. The following format is used for this information:



List of Configured Drugs and Licenses:

- Product Name 1 or License 1
- Product Name 2 or License 2

If you select a study on the CTPR Report Configuration screen, the system displays the list of licenses available in that study for populating this section.

List of Case Numbers

The system also prints all case numbers that are part of current report data. These are displayed after the list of products and licenses.

Figure 5-5 List of Case Numbers

	P	BRER	
Case Numbers			
GOLD07	GOLD 14	GOLD 06	SILVER 04C
CH 1997CH000010	NDA-SCENARIO42	NDA-SCENARIO52	GB TEST E2B ISSUE
GB TEST FOLLOWUP	GB TEST FOLOWUP 1	TEST E2B SPONTAEOUS	IMPORT 2
TEST56	087-060809	094-100809	114-170809
124-120908	130-120908	133-120908	134-120908
157-120908	166-120908	182-120908	192-120908
204-120908	219-120908	257-120908	259-120908
270-120908	274-120908	278-120908	PLATINUM CASE 26
CSPSR_004	DLP_CASE_03	DLP_CASE_04	DS_ASSESS_CASE 07
PLATINUM_CASE_37	PLATINUM_CASE_40	PLATINUM_CASE_8	PLATINUM_CASE_46A
DS_ASSESS_CASE 15	DS_ASSESS_CASE 25	PLATINUM_CASE_46	PLT_PSR_009
PLT_PSR_103	PLT_PSR_008	PLT_PSR_106	PLT_CSPSR_104
PLT_PSR_209	PLT_CSPSR_01	PLT_CSPSR_05	PBRER_63_CASE01
PLT_CSPSR_203	PLT_SYK_001	PLT_SYK_202	PBRER_63_CASE13
PBRER_63_CASE03	PBRER_63_CASE06	PBRER_63_CASE10	WORK0001
PBRER_63_CASE14	PBRER_63_CASE15	PBRER-62-INCR-06	NG_JAPCASE_CLOSED1
AS71_DLP_CASE09	AS71_DLP_CASE10	PR_ADITI_002	GOLD 01
NG_JAPCASE_UPGRD2	PMAR_CASE_1	UPG_CASE_A	GOLD 04

After the list of case numbers, all modifications made to the case series are printed in the reports in the order they were performed.

PBRER QA section

The following information is displayed in the PBRER QA section:

Section	Description
Case Numbers without any qualifying drugs	Prints those cases that do not have any products selected in the report configuration.
Case Numbers without any qualifying events	Prints those cases that do not have any events selected in the report configuration.
Case Numbers considered in Cumulative Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events From Clinical Trials	Prints all the cases that are part of PBRER Section 6.2.
Case Numbers considered in Numbers of Adverse Drug Reactions by Term from Post- Marketing Sources	Prints all the cases that are part of PBRER Section 6.3.
Non-clinical cases	Prints all the non-clinical cases (spontaneous) that are part of the main case series.
Labels configured for drugs in the drug list	Prints all the datasheets configured from Argus Console for all the products selected in the aggregate report configuration.



Section	Description
Case Numbers with undefined event level seriousness	Prints all the case numbers that are part of this report, but the seriousness event level is not defined for those.
Summary of Unlocked Cases	Prints all the unlocked case numbers that are part of this report. It is derived from the Include Summary of Unlocked Cases parameters.
Cases with Missing Assessment	For more information, see Cases with Missing Assessments.

QA Section format

For all the above sections, except Cases with Missing Assessment and the labels configured for drugs in the drug list, a list of case numbers, which fall into the respective categories, is displayed in the following format:

Case Numbers without any o	qualifying drugs		
Case Numbers			
No cases found			
Case Numbers considered in	n Cumulative Summary Tabulations Of Se	rious Adverse Events From Clinical Tria	ls
Case Numbers			
2013S1000003	2013S1000006	2013S1000011	2013S1000020
Case Numbers considered in	n Cumulative Summary Tabulations Of Se	rious Adverse Events From Clinical Tria	lls
Case Numbers			
2013S1000021	201351000022	2013S1000023	201351000024

For more information, see:

- Labels Configured for Drugs in the Drug List Format
- Cases with Missing Assessments

Labels Configured for Drugs in the Drug List Format

The following format is used for displaying this information in the QA section:

Figure 5-6 Labels Configured for Drugs

Labels configured for d	rugs in the drug list		
Drug Name	Label Name	Label Version	Effective Date
<product name=""></product>	<datasheet name=""></datasheet>	<datasheet number="" revision=""></datasheet>	<datasheet activation="" date="" effective=""></datasheet>

Here:

- Drug Name prints the name of the product configured for running the report.
- Label Name prints the datasheet name for the corresponding product or product family.
- Label Version prints the revision number of the corresponding datasheet.
- Effective Date prints the activation date of the corresponding datasheet.

If any of the above fields is null, the field is blank.



Cases with Missing Assessments

In this sub-report, the system displays cases that are included in the PBRER, but one or more of the following have not been assessed:

- Case Seriousness
- Report Type
- Case Causality
- Case Listedness
- Case Outcome
- Event Seriousness
- Event Causality
- Event Listedness

Case Seriousness, Case Causality, Case Listedness, Case Outcome, and Event Seriousness print their corresponding values, while Event Causality prints *OK* if the information is present and *Missing* if missing. Case seriousness and Event seriousness print values are *Unknown* if seriousness is undefined. The system prints event listedness *OK* if listed or unlisted. Otherwise, it prints it as *Unknown*.

Figure 5-7 Cases Missing Assessments

Report Start Time: 13 Report #: PBRER	3-AUG-2014 08:49:32					D	atabase: ZTF80)
			cle Argi QA SEC	us Safety TION			
User Name: jdoe			PBRE	R		R	eg Report ID: 47
Case Missing As	sessments						
Case Number	Report Type Serious	Causal	Listed	Outcome	Event Serious	Event Causal	Event Listedness
178-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
179-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
180-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed	10.4	Yes	Missing	OK
181-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
82-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
183-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
184-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
185-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
186-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
87-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
188-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
189-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK
190-120908	Direct to MAH Yes	Unknown	Listed		Yes	Missing	OK

Trailer Section

The following information is displayed in the trailer section of PBRER:



Fleld Name or Parameter	Description
Total Cases-(Main case series)	Count of cases that are part of the main case series.
Total Valid Cases-(Main case series)	Count of cases that are part of the main case series and also fall into the reporting interval. If there are no valid cases, 0 is printed in the count.
Total Invalid Cases -(Main case series)	Report prints the count of cases which are part of the main case series but do not fall into the reporting interval. If there are no invalid cases, 0 is printed in the count.
Warning Messages	All warning messages related to case series and report output. This section prints the exact warning generated during report execution. If there is no warning, the system prints <i>No Warning</i> <i>Messages</i> .
Error Messages	All error messages related to case series and report output. This section prints the exact error message generated during report execution. If there is no error, the system prints <i>No Error Messages</i> .

	Table 5-1	Trailer Section	n Information
--	-----------	-----------------	---------------

The following format is used for displaying the information:

Figure 5-8 Trailer Section

Report Start Time: 13-AUG-2014 08:49:32 Report #: Report Name			Database:
ORACLE'	Oracle Argus Safety		
User ID: jdoe	PBRER		Reg Report ID: 4763
Totals			
Total Cases - (Main Case Series)		625	
Total Valid Cases - (Main Case Series)		625	
Total Invalid Cases - (Main Case Series)		0	
Warning Messages			
No Warning Messages			
Error Messages	L VCOTT		
No data found error during execution of p_popu	ilate_cover_params.		

Execute the PBRER from Oracle Analytics Publisher

To execute a report from Oracle Analytics Publisher, perform the following steps:

- **1**. Sign in to Oracle Analytics Publisher, and click **Catalog**.
- 2. Select the tree entry for a report and select **Reports**.



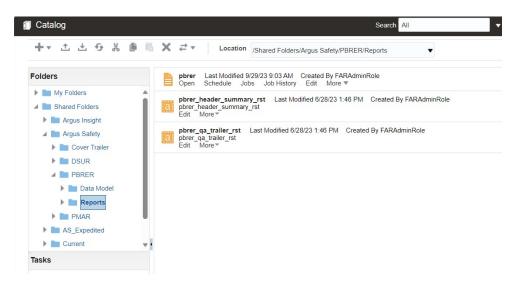
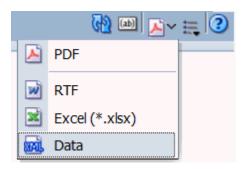


Figure 5-9 The Reports Tree Entry Screen

- 3. The available reports are displayed on the screen. Click the **Open** link for a report.
- 4. The report screen appears. Click the **Open** tab.
- 5. Select the required values from the parameter drop-down lists.
- 6. Select a format. This executes the report.

Figure 5-10 PBRER Format Selection





Development Safety Update Report

In this chapter:

- Report Objective
- Oracle Argus Safety Configuration for DSUR
- DSUR Main Line Listings
- Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events
- Execute a DSUR from Oracle Analytics Publisher

Report Objective

The main objectives of a Development Safety Update Report (DSUR) are to present a comprehensive annual review, and evaluate pertinent safety information collected during the reporting period related to a drug under investigation, whether or not it is marketed, by:

- Examining whether the information obtained by the sponsor during the reporting period is in accord with previous knowledge of the investigational drug's safety.
- Describing new safety issues that could have an impact on the protection of clinical trial subjects.
- Summarizing current understanding and managing identified and potential risks.
- Providing an update on the status of the clinical investigation or development program and study results.

The main focus of the DSUR is data and findings from international clinical trials of drugs under investigation, irrespective of whether they have marketing approval. Because clinical development of a drug frequently continues after the marketing approval, relevant information from post-marketing studies is also included. The report concentrates on the investigational drug, providing information on comparators only where relevant to the safety of trial subjects.

The DSUR provides safety information from all ongoing clinical trials and studies that the sponsor is conducting or has completed during the review period, including:

- Clinical trials using an investigational drug.
- Clinical trials conducted using marketed drugs in approved indications.
- Therapeutic use of an investigational drug (such as expanded access programs, compassionate use programs, or particular patient use).
- Clinical trials conducted to support changes in the manufacturing process of medicinal products.

The DSUR presents important clinical safety information through:

- Interval line listings of the SARs that were reported to the sponsor during the period covered by the DSUR.
- Cumulative summary tabulations of serious adverse events that have been reported to the sponsor since the DIBD.



For information on report parameters, refer to Report Parameters and their Definitions.

Oracle Argus Safety Configuration for DSUR

To clearly distinguish the configuration options used in the Oracle Analytics Publisher report as parameters, you must enable the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting module.

The system marks all configuration parameters from the CTPR screen that are passed to Oracle Analytics Publisher reports for data filtering and report formatting options with a Oracle Analytics Publisher logo. All inclusion criteria available on the CTPR configuration screen are used for query and case series generation for Oracle Analytics Publisher reports.

ICH PSUR Line Listing	Reports					
Report Name/Configur	ration Name 💷					
Report Category					Rep	oort S
Subject of Report	Product Selection	Inclusion Criteria	Special Interest AE	Line Listing	Grouping	S
Available Ingredient	ts					
			Filter			
(DECAMET.DITHIO)BI	S(MET.PYRIDIN.) DITOSILA	TE				
17A-ESTRADIOL				3		
ABACAVIR			-			
ABATACEPT					Add >>	
ABCIXIMAB						
ABRIN					< Remove	
ABSINTHIUM	-					
ABSINTHIUM TINCTUR	RE .					
ACAMPROSATE	CIU					
ACAMPROSATE CAL	CIUM		*			
Indication				_		

- Product Selection
- License or Study
- Inclusion Criteria
- Special Interest AE

For more information, see:

- Subject of Report Tab
- Line Listing Tab
- Summary Tabulation Tab
- UD Summaries Tab
- Security Tab
- Scheduling and Template Tabs

Subject of Report Tab

The system uses the following configurations as report parameters in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports:



- Report Name is re-labeled to Report Name or Configuration Name on the CTPR configuration screen. The system uses this as a Report Configuration Name parameter in the report to populate other report parameters from the saved configuration.
- Selected Reporting Destination and Primary Agency.
- The system passes Report#, Report Title, and Report footer as respective parameters in the Oracle Analytics Publisher report.

Line Listing Tab

The system uses the following configurations as report parameters in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports:

- Print Only the Term (PT, LLT): Prints event verbatim along with PT or LLT if this configuration is unchecked.
- Prints Dose Text in place of regimen dose.
- Indicates if the case was expedited previously.
- Event Reporting.
- Case Grouping.
- Prints Product Indication for the product selected in the report.

Figure 6-1 Line Listing Tab

port Name /Configuration Name										
port Category				Rep	ort Sub Catego					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	License/Study	Inclusion Criteria	Special Interest AE	Line Listing	Grouping	Summary Tabulations	UD Summaries	Scheduling	Security	Tompl
Subject of Report Product Selection	Licenseratury	inclusion criteria	Special interest AL	Line Listing	Grouping	Summary Tabulations	ob autimaties	scheduling	security	rempa
Include Line Listing		Blind Line Listing and	Summary Tabulations							
Available Data Elements	Se	elected Data Elements	Up A	Down V	Options					
As Determined Causality As Determined Causality As Reported Causality Case Abbreviated Narrative Case Central Safety Date Case Comment Text Case Initial Receipt Date Case Narrative Case Narrative Case Number Case Number Case Outcome Case Royort Type Case Seriousness? Clinical EUDRACT Number Clinical Study Reference Company Agent Causality? Country of Incidence Death Cause Death Cause HLT Death Cause SOC Death Cause as Reported	ŕ.	se Abbreviated Narrative			MedDRA Hierd Print Dos hindicate if Carlot English Li Local Lan Print Ever Event Reportil Print Ever Event Report all Print ALL Case Groupin © List cases	the Term Text in place of regiment (case was expedited pre- anguage guage at Info (Serious, Un-Listed ng Report only Products - Events in the form	tiously	red C Lov	onary ver Level	
Dosage Regimen Batch / Lot # Dosage Regimen Daily Dose Dosage Regimen Duration										
Dosage Regimen Frequency	-									

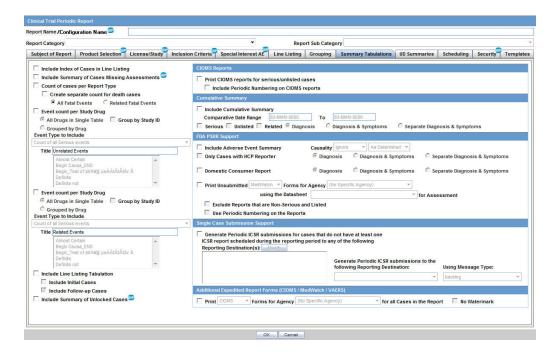
Summary Tabulation Tab

The system uses the following configurations as report parameters in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports:



- Include Summary of cases Missing Assessments
- Include Summary of Unlocked Cases

Figure 6-2 Summary Tabulation Tab



UD Summaries Tab

The system uses only **Include these summary tabulations or listings based on the set of cases presented in the line listing**.

The system does not generate memorized reports for selected configurations are not generated along with the aggregate report. Instead, it only uses advanced condition query criteria used in these configurations to generate the case series for these ad hoc line listing sections. The following is an example of case data line listing query criteria used for ad hoc line listings.



☑ Include these summary tabulations / listings based on the set of cases presented in the line listing	Add Delete V Include these summary labulations based on all cases	Add Delete
CDA Specials		
DC CIDMS # 001		
₩ Include these summary tabulations / listings based on the Date Range		Add Delete
		7
*Exclude Follow-ups	C Additional Separate Page Numbering for UD Summaries (PDF only)	
	OK Cancel	

Figure 6-3 Ad Hoc Line Listing Query Criteria

When you select a checkbox in UD Summaries, the available ad hoc line listing sections appear in the Aggregate Line Listings dialog box.

Figure 6-4 Aggregate Line Listings

Aggregate	Line Listings	
Adhoc Line Adhoc Line Adhoc Line Adhoc Line	Listing 2 Listing 3	
	OK	

You can associate multiple ad hoc line listing sections with one memorized line listing configuration. Each ad hoc line listing section can be attached to only one memorized line listing configuration. All ad hoc line listing sections already attached to another memorized line listing configuration are not available for selection again.

The system marks memorized line listing configurations having associated ad hoc line listings with an additional asterisk. The system displays all associated ad hoc line listings as a tooltip when you hover over the selected memorized line listing configuration.



Security Tab

The Security tab shares report configurations with other groups. All case series generated using an aggregate report configuration have the same access privileges available for aggregate report configuration.

Scheduling and Template Tabs

The Scheduling and Templates tabs are not used in Oracle Analytics Publisher reports.

DSUR Main Line Listings

The system prints all clinical trial cases except non-interventional study cases present in the main case series generated from CTPR report configuration in the DSUR Main line listing.

This report contains a cover page similar to the PBRER. It summarizes how case reports were selected for inclusion in the line listings.

Line listings provide key information on all SARs (blinded and unblinded) reported from the sponsor's studies during the reporting period. The data is organized by trial and then by System Organ Class (SOC).

For more information, see:

- Grouping
- Main Line Listing
- Report Parameters to Print Reactions or Serious Events
- Summary Columns
- DSUR Main Line Listing Format
- DSUR Fatal Line Listing

Grouping

Table 6-1 Grouping Information

Field Name	Description
Initial or Follow-up.	Cases are listed under Initial or Follow-up based on the classification in the temp table.
	Initial case listing is printed followed by Follow-up cases.
Case Expectedness	Case is grouped based on Listed or Unlisted cases.
(Listed or Unlisted)	Unlisted case listing is printed followed by Listed cases.
Project Drug (Primary Study Drug)	Cases are grouped based on the primary study drug.
Study ID	After Project Drug, line listing cases are grouped based on the study ID.



Field Name	Description
EudRactID	Line listing is grouped by EudRactID, if available. The EudRact number is the unique identifier for trials authorized in the European Economic Area.
Grouping based on SOC (as per event order specified in the case form event tab)	Cases are grouped by the SOC of the Primary Event. SOC group header is displayed in the internationally agreed order as specified in the code list SOC_DISPLAY_ORDER.
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report parameter List cases in the line listing under SOC for each diagnosis is Y and List Cases under all events, details under the primary event is selected, cases can appear under multiple SOCs.
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report parameter List cases in the line listing under SOC for each diagnosis is <i>N</i> and List Cases only once, under the primary event is selected, a case appears under the SOC of the Primary event, and a reference to this information appears under the SOCs of other events.
Country of Incidence	The last level of grouping is based on country of incidence.

Table 6-1 (Cont.) Grouping Information

Main Line Listing

Table 6-2 Main Line Listing

Field Name	Description
Unique Patient ID	Unique patient identifier based on the format selected by the user while running the report. This value depends upon the UNIQUE_PATIENT_ID_FORMAT parameter.
Case Number	Case Number is printed.
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Indicate if case was expedited previously is Y, the symbol specified in the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Symbol for expedited cases appears with the case number as a superscript.
	A footnote appears at the end of the page as follows: <symbol>: Expedited Case.</symbol>
	Refer to the temp table sheet for the logic of Expedited case. If the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Indicate if case was expedited previously is Y, the footnote for Expedited Cases appears even though there may not be any cases marked as Expedited.
Report Type	Reporter type is displayed from the flex bucketing code list field REPTYEPGRP for the report type entered in the case.
Sex and Age	PATIENTSEXTEXT is populated using global language decode of PATIENTSEXCODE field.
	If Patient Age is missing, Patient age group appears. If Patient Age or Age group is not entered, text entered for the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Default for NULL Values appears.
Concomitant Disease and Relevant History	Concatenation of the patient relevant medical history in a table format.
Case Outcome	Case level outcome.



Field Name	Description
Case Onset Date	Case level event onset date.
Seriousness Criteria	Seriousness Criteria for primary events appears.
Other Medication	List of all suspect drugs and concomitant drugs in the case except the drug for which the report is being run.
Study Product	The logic provided in summary tabulations is used to populate this field.
First or Last Dose to Onset	Duration from the first or last dose until the first onset of the adverse event. It is calculated at the case level using all doses for all drugs in the drug list and the case level onset date.
Action Taken	Action taken appears with the respective company suspect drug.
	If action taken is not specified in the case, then <> appears.
Indication	Concatenation of reported indications for a product in the case. The report displays a list of indications for products that are configured for current periodic run.
Start and Stop Dates of	Date of Onset (only from Primary Serious event).
Reaction	Time of Onset (only from Primary Serious event).
Event Outcome	Event outcome for each event present in the case.
Event Reported or Determined Causality	Causality as per reporter and company is printed with the corresponding Product and Events in the format: <causality as="" per="" reporter=""> or <causality as per company>.</causality </causality>
Event Listedness	Listedness information for the event appears.
	Listedness appears based on the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report parameter Labeling Algorithm if the report is executed from Oracle Analytics Publisher.
	If this report is executed from Oracle Argus Safety, the following report parameters are considered:
	· Use Assessment in Cases.
	 Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at beginning.
	· Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at end.
Reaction as Reported (PREFERRED TERM)	Reaction as Reported (PT) with diagnosis or signs and symptoms, and company added term behavior.
Dose String	Default format is DoFoRt - Print Dose, Formulation, and Route of administration.
Dates of Treatment	-
Treatment Duration	-
Line listing Comments	-

Table 6-2 (Cont.) Main Line Listing Fields

In DSUR line listings:

- The system displays all Serious and Unexpected Adverse Reactions (SUSAR) events with an asterisk *. The SUSAR event term (PT or LLT) appears with an asterisk to the right of the term. For example, SEPTIMCEMIA*.
- The system displays all special interest events with a superscript †. For example, OEDEMA†.

You configure the list of special interest events for a report using the Oracle Argus Safety CTPR configuration screen.

• The system displays primary events in bold and underlines them.

Report Parameters to Print Reactions or Serious Events

The Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions parameter prints serious adverse events (SAE) or serious adverse reactions (SAR) based on the parameter value. This parameter can have the following possible values:

- Print Serious Adverse Reactions (default)
- Print Serious Adverse Events

Based on the value of this parameter, headings of various line listings or tabulations indicate whether they are for SAEs or SARs. The system displays the following titles for main line listing depending on the parameter values:

Table 6-3 Main Line Listing Titles

Parameter Value	Main Line Listing Title
Print Serious Adverse Reactions	DSUR Main Line Listing for Serious Adverse Reactions
Print Serious Adverse Events	DSUR Main Line Listing for Serious Adverse Events

The system uses the most conservative causality approach for identifying reactions. Most conservative causality means that either reported or company causality is defined for a combination of product and event.

Summary Columns

The following counts are available for Main line listings:

- Count of Serious Associated Cases from Country: <Count>
- Count of Serious Associated Cases for SOC: <Count>
- Count of Serious Associated Cases for Study ID: <Count>
- Count of Serious Associated Cases for Project Drug (Actual drug for which trial is going on or to say investigational drug of study): <Count>
- Count of Serious Associated Unexpected Cases: <Count>
- Count of Serious Associated Initial Cases: <Count>



DSUR Main Line Listing Format

Unique Patient ID	Concomitant Disease(s) and	Case Onset Date	Study Product	Start and Stop Dates of Reaction	Reaction as Reported (PREFERRED TERM)
Case Number	Relevant History	Seriousness Criteria	First/Last Dose to Onset	Event Outcome	 Second and the second seco
Source Type		Other Medication(s)	Action Taken	Event Rpt/Cmp Causality	
Sex/Age	Case Outcome		Indication(s)	Event Expectedness	
		General disorders	and administration s	site conditions	
AAR_LABEL # Sponsored study /	Case Outcome: Fatal	Other Medication(s):	AAR_PROD1 / Cardiac failure	- Fatal Probable / Yes	<u>Pain</u> (<u>Pain</u>)
Line Listing Commer	ıt:			Not Related / No	Headache (Headache**)
AAR_DS_SUM Sponsored study /	Case Outcome: Fatal	Other Medication(s):	AAR_PROD1 / Cardiac failure	- Fatal Probable / Yes	<u>Pain</u> (<u>Pain</u>)
				- Fatal Possible / Yes	Headache (Headache)

Figure 6-5 DSUR Main Line Listing

DSUR Fatal Line Listing

From the cases present in the main case series generated from the CTPR report configuration, the system prints only fatal cases (event seriousness=death) in the DSUR Fatal line listing. This line listing does not restrict cases based on reaction terms. That is, Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions parameters are not used for Fatal line listing.

The following additional fields have been added to Fatal line listing over the Main line listing fields:

	-	
Field Name	Description	

Table 6	6-4	Fatal	l ine	Listing	Fields
Tuble V		i ului		Listing	i icius

Death Date and Cause of Death	Patient death date along with cause of patient death.
Verified	Y if the patient cause of death has been verified.
	If CASE_DEATH_DETAILS.TERM_TYPE=2, cause of death came from autopsy results, which means cause of death verified=Y; otherwise N.

Summary Tabulations of Serious Adverse Events

This section in the DSUR provides the main and cumulative summary tabulation of SAEs reported in the sponsor's clinical trials from the DIBD to the data lock point of the current DSUR. The report displays only serious events in this tabulation. You cannot



display any non-serious events of special interest in this section as filtering is based on the seriousness of an event.

The tabulation is organized by Study and SOC for the investigational drug and for the comparator arm (active comparators, placebo, and treatment unknown due to blinding) used in the program.

The Development Safety Update Report provides the following tabulations:

- DSUR Main Summary Tabulation of Serious Adverse Events: This tabulation contains all serious cases from the main case series (interval period). For each case, the system prints a summary tabulation count SOC in the internationally agreed order, followed by PTs in rows.
- **DSUR Fatal Cases Summary Tabulation**: This tabulation is similar to the Main Summary tabulation, except that the report only prints cases where event seriousness criterion is death.
- DSUR Cumulative Summary Tabulation of Serious Adverse Events or DSUR Cumulative Summary Tabulation of Serious Adverse Reactions: This tabulation contains all serious cases from the cumulative case series. For each case in the cumulative case series, the system prints summary tabulation counts broken down by SOC in the internationally agreed order, followed by PTs in rows. This tabulation prints either the serious adverse events or serious adverse reactions based on the value of the report parameter Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions. Based on the value of the above parameter, the heading of the cumulative tabulation indicates whether it is for a serious adverse reaction or a serious adverse event.
- DSUR Fatal Cases Cumulative Summary Tabulation of Serious Adverse Events or DSUR Fatal Cases Cumulative Summary Tabulation of Serious Adverse Reactions: This tabulation contains those serious cases from the cumulative case series where the event seriousness criterion is death. For each case, the system prints summary tabulation counts broken down by SOC in the internationally agreed order, followed by PTs in rows.

This tabulation also uses the parameter Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions.

- **Print All Events**: The summary tabulation displays all events present in the cases lying within the reporting period. The in period flag is not used. This is the default value.
- **Print only In Period Events**: This summary tabulation displays only events added within the reporting period. Events in the cases with Follow-up data that does not fall into the reporting period are not considered.

For more information, see:

- Groupings
- Count Breakdown in Tabulations based on IMP, Comparator, Placebo, and Blinded
- DSUR Tabulation Format
- Totals
- Summary Counts

Groupings

Main and Cumulative DSUR Tabulations are grouped in the following order:

- 1. Initial or Follow-up
- 2. Study ID



3. SOC

Fatal or Death Cases and Fatal Cumulative DSUR Tabulations are grouped in the following order:

- 1. Initial or Follow-up
- 2. Study ID
- 3. SOC

Count Breakdown in Tabulations based on IMP, Comparator, Placebo, and Blinded

All DSUR tabulations provide serious events counts broken down by SOC and PT. To tabulate based on medicinal product, active comparators and placebo, the Oracle Argus Safety Console Study Configuration identifies a product type as placebo, comparator, or an investigational medicinal product.

Note:

You must configure all studies with the Product Type attribute to get the correct data.

The Oracle Argus Safety Console study configuration classifies the different product type counts.

The system evaluates the list of cases applicable for the DSUR based on the main inclusion criteria present on the CTPR configuration screen to generate a main case series and all cases corresponding to configured licenses or studies for generating the cumulative case series. If multiple licenses or studies are configured on the CTPR configuration screen, the system retrieves the cases of all configured licenses or studies.

Serious study cases are identified from the main and cumulative case series generated using the CTPR configuration.

For each case in the main cumulative case series, the system prints a summary tabulation count broken down by SOC in the internationally agreed order, followed by PTs in rows.

After classifying counts into Medicinal Product, Blinded, Comparator and Placebo, the system breaks the counts down by the actual treatment received by the patient.

For each case, the system counts only serious events under the following categories.

For each Company or Configured Study case, the system counts:

- No Study Drug Given: This column lets you retrieve Serious Adverse Events that
 occurred from the moment the patient signed the informed consent form to the first
 administration of study medication where no actual study medication was given to
 the patient.
- Additional Study Drug: Also known as background therapy drugs, these are given with IMPs or comparators of a study and do not impact the categorization logic of a case into different categories. All drugs marked as Additional Study



Drugs in Oracle Argus Safety Console do not impact the case categorization. The system displays these drugs in the reports as part of the treatment field without affecting categorization logic.

Using the configuration of the study to which each case belongs, the system classifies the cases into the following categories based on the product type attribute of the study configuration and print counts for each category:

- Blinded:
 - If the study and the case are both blinded, the system prints the count under Blinded.
 - If the case is blinded (even if study is unblinded), it appears under Blinded.
 - If the case is unblinded (but the study is blinded) and you do not have access to unblinded data, the count appears under Blinded.
 - If you do not have access to unblinded data, the count appears under Blinded.
 - For a blinded case having blinded and open label therapy drugs, the case is counted under Blinded category.
- **Investigational Medicinal Product or Study Drug**: A case falls into the Investigational Product category if the case and study are not blinded and the product type in the study configuration is identified as Investigational Product.

If the case is unblinded (but the study is blinded) and you have access to unblinded data, and the product is identified as an Investigational Product, then the system prints the count under the medicinal product. The medicinal product count is broken down into the actual treatments given to patients for the corresponding case.

A suspect product that is also an Investigational Product as identified by the study configuration appears under the Investigational Product Name column, and the count of all serious events cases where the same product is used as a treatment is added under this column.

When there are multiple suspect drugs in a case and they are classified as IMP in the study configuration, the system prints the count under the combined product treatment. All such cases are counted under the combined products that are part of the study.

The product combination for counts is unique in a report. Based on the number of licenses and studies selected, there may be many combinations. There could be the following scenario for investigational products:

Investigational Product (Including Combinational Therapy):

Only study drugs are part of the DSUR treatment list. The following combinations of treatments can appear:

Drug A + Drug B: Both Drug A and Drug B are identified as suspect study products in the case and are identified as Investigational Product in the corresponding study configuration.

Drug A or Drug B: Only one of the drugs from the case is identified as a suspect study and this drug is identified as an Investigational Product in the study configuration.

Drug A + Placebo: When multiple drugs are identified as suspect product in the case, and these are part of the study, and some drugs are identified as Investigational Products in the study configuration and others as Placebo, the system prints the count of such scenarios under Drug A or Drug A + Drug B only, without adding the placebo drug name.

Drug A + Drug B: Drug A is identified as a suspect study product in the case and as an Investigational Product, and Drug B is identified as a suspect study product in the case and as an Additional Study Drug in the corresponding study configuration.



Investigational Drug + Comparator: When multiple drugs are identified as suspect products in the case, and these are part of the study, and some drugs are identified as Investigational Products in the study configuration and others as Comparators, the system prints the count of such scenarios under the Investigational Product count only.

Active Comparator: There may be cases where multiple suspect drugs are part
of the case and two or more of those drugs are classified as comparators in the
study configuration. Serious events of all such cases are counted under the
combined products that are part of the study.

A case falls into the Active Comparator category if the study configuration identifies the suspect product as type Comparator in the study configuration.

If the case is unblinded (but the study is blinded) and you have access to unblinded data, the system prints the count under Comparator. This column has sub columns based on the actual treatments that were given to patients and were identified as Comparators in the corresponding study.

Comparator (Combinational Therapy):

The following combinations can appear under the Comparator counts:

Drug X + Drug Y: Both Drug X and Drug Y are identified as suspect study products in the case and are identified as Comparator Products in the corresponding study configuration.

Drug X or Drug Y: Only one of the drugs from the case is identified as a suspect study drug, and this drug is identified as a Comparator Product in the study configuration.

Drug X + Placebo: When some drugs that are part of the study are identified as Suspect Products in the case, some as Comparator Products and others as Placebos in the study configuration, the system prints the count of such scenarios under Drug X OR Drug X + Drug Y only, without adding the placebo drug name.

Drug X + Drug Y: Drug X is identified as a suspect study product in this case and is identified as a Comparator Product, and Drug Y is identified as a suspect study product and as an Additional Study Drug in the corresponding study configuration.

- **Placebo**: For a drug identified as the Placebo type, the system prints the count under Placebo. If multiple placebos are part of the case, they are shown under the heading of Placebo only without showing multiple Placebos in the summary tabulation.
- **No Study Drug Given**: For a drug identified as the No Study Drug Given type, the report prints the count under this category without printing the name of configured drug. This column lets you retrieve Serious Adverse Events that occurred from the moment the patient signed the informed consent to first administration of study medication, where no actual study medication was given to the patient.

DSUR Tabulation Format

The report prints the count for medicinal products in the first column, followed by Blinded, Active Comparator, Placebo, and No Study Drug Given.

If the event count is 0 for Medicinal Product, Blinded, Active Comparator and Placebo columns for a given SOC, the system does not print that SOC in the report.

The DSUR tabulation prints the short name for investigation drugs and comparator drugs. For investigational drugs, the system prints SD1, SD2, SD3, and so on, based



on the number of study drugs that are part of the investigational product column count. For comparator drugs, the system prints the short name as Comp1, Comp2, and so on, based on the number of comparator drugs that are part of the Active Comparator column count.

The system provides a table of information for all tabulations for detailing the study drugs and comparator drugs names used in the tabulation corresponding to each short name. This table has the following format and contains the following fields:

Figure 6-6 Table Format

Drug Role	Column Number	Drug Name
Study ID: ABC		
Study Drugs	1	Xumalotrate
Comparators	1	Xumalotrate

Table 6-5 Drug Roles and their Descriptions

Drug Role	Description
Study ID	Name of the study ID used in the tabulation grouping.
Study Drugs	The system prints the column number of the study drugs used in the tabulation and its actual name in the Drug Name column.
Comparators	The system prints the column number of each comparator drug used in the tabulation and its actual name in the Drug Name column.

Note:

The system displays all SUSAR events with an asterisk *. The SUSAR event term (PT or LLT) appears with an asterisk to the right of the term. For example, SEPTICEMIA*.

The system displays all special interest events with a superscript †. For example, OEDEMA†. You can configure the list of special interest events for a report by using the Oracle Argus Safety CTPR configuration screen.

Drugs configured as Placebo or No Study Drug Given are not part of the summary table.

Figure 6-7 Drug Roles

Drug Role	Column Number	Drug Name	
Study ID: Combo Study			
IMP Treatment	1	Drug A + Drug B	
IMP Treatment	2	Drug A	
Comparator Treatment	1	Drug X + Drug B	
Comparator Treatment	2	Drug X	

Preferred Term	IMP1	IMP2	Blinded	Comp 1	Comp 2	Placebo	No Study Drug Given	Total
Alanine aminotransferas increased	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4
Total	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4

Nervous System Disorders

Preferred Term	IMP1	IMP2	Blinded	Comp 1	Comp 2	Placebo	No Study Drug Given	
Syncope	1	3	1	1	0	1	1	5
Headache	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	2
Total	1	4	1	1	1	2	1	11

Data Example

- Drug A IMP
- Drug B Additional Study Drug
- Drug X Comparator

Drugs configured as Placebo or No Study Drug Given are not part of the summary table.

Totals

The system provides the following totals and subtotals for each tabulation:

- Subtotal per System Organ Class (SOC) per study medication category (IMP, Blinded, Active Comparator, Placebo, No Study Drug Given).
- Row-level totals for Total event counts for a preferred term including investigational, blinded, comparator, placebo and No Study Drug Given (Total).

Summary Counts

The **Total Counts for All Cases (Initial + Follow-up) and Studies** summary count table displays various counts for all cases (Initial + Follow-up) from all studies. It appears once for each tabulation, that is, once for the Main Summary tabulation, once for Fatal Summary Tabulation, and so on.

This count table has fixed columns that print the total of all event terms, cases and patients for IMP treatments, Comparator treatments, Blinded, Placebo and No Study Drug Given columns from the DSUR tabulation.

The system uses the following labels for these counts:

• **Total Number of Events**: Displays the sum of all events terms corresponding to IMP Treatment, Comparator Treatment, Blinded, Placebo and No Study Drug Given for each column. These totals are based on Main, Fatal, and Cumulative tabulations.



- **Total Number of Distinct Cases**: Displays the count of distinct cases for all summary columns.
- Total Number of Distinct Patient IDs: Displays the count of distinct patient IDs configured for cases that are part of the respective tabulation. Any case where patient ID is not counted in this column, that is, only those patients are counted where patient ID is configured. If the same patient ID is configured in multiple cases or the same patient is part of multiple cases from this tabulation, that patient ID is counted only once.

Figure 6-8 Summary Count Table

	IMP Treatments	Blinded	Comp Treatments	Placebo	No Study Drug Given	Total
Total Number of Events	6	8	1	0	2	17
Total Number of Distinct Cases	5	6	1	0	1	13
Total Number of Distinct Patient IDs	4	5	1	0	1	11

Total Counts for	All Cases	(Initial +	Follow-up)	and Studies

Execute a DSUR from Oracle Analytics Publisher

For information about how to execute a DSUR from Oracle Analytics Publisher, refer Execute the PBRER from Oracle Analytics Publisher.

7 Post Marketed Aggregate Report

In this chapter:

- Report Objective and Sections
- PMAR Sections
- Oracle Argus Safety Configuration (PSUR) for PMAR
- Main Line Listing
- Ad Hoc Line Listing Sections
- Summary Tabulations
- Format for Clinical Trial Summary Tabulations
- Execute a PMAR from Oracle Analytics Publisher

Report Objective and Sections

The Post-Marketing Aggregate Report (PMAR) includes OOB line listings and summary tabulations that can be used to meet supplemental line listings for PBRERs.

The Post Marketed Aggregate Report includes the following line listing sections:

- Main line listing
- Ad hoc 1 line listing
- Ad hoc 2 line listing
- Ad hoc 3 line listing
- Ad hoc 4 line listing

PMAR Sections

The PMAR includes the following Summary tabulations:

- Summary Tabulation for HCP
- Summary Tabulation for Consumer
- Summary Tabulation for Clinical Trials
- Cumulative Summary Tabulation for Serious Unlisted Events

The following Information is part of the PMAR Trailer Section:

- Case IDs without any qualifying drugs
- Case IDs without any qualifying events
- Labels configured for drugs in the drug list
- Cases with Missing Assessment



The PMAR considers parameters as per the sheet available in the PBRER specifications section for the column **Required in PMAR?** marked as **Yes**.

- PSUR Configuration.
- Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameters.
- To support PMAR, a main case series and cumulative case series is generated based on the inclusion criteria defined in the PSUR configuration of Oracle Argus Safety. The system evaluates the list of cases from the main and cumulative case series to categorize them.
- Name

Oracle Argus Safety Configuration (PSUR) for PMAR

The PSUR configuration screen lets you distinguish the configuration options used in the Oracle Analytics Publisher report as parameters only if the Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Reporting module is enabled.

Refer to Periodic Configuration Identification of Oracle Analytics Publisher Parameters for the report parameters used in PMAR.

Main Line Listing

Cases printed in the Main line listing are based on the Main case series if specified; otherwise they use the Inclusion Criteria and Product Selection parameters of the PSUR configuration.

For more information, see:

- Grouping
- Line Listing Columns
- Summary Columns for Count
- Report Format

Grouping

The Main Line Listing provides grouping based on the following groups of cases:

Table 7-1	Main Liı	ne Listing	Grouping
-----------	----------	------------	----------

Group or sort options	Description
Grouping based on HCP or Consumer	Cases having Primary reporter marked as Health care Professional are considered as HCP cases. Cases having Primary reporter not marked as Health care Professional are considered as Consumer cases.
Grouping based on Initial or Follow-up	Cases are listed under Initial or Follow-up based on temp table logic. Initial case listing is printed followed by Follow-up cases.



Group or sort options	Description
Grouping based on Products	Cases with company suspect products matching those in the Products selected are grouped.
	If there are no cases for a product specified in the product selection specified in Report Configuration, this product name does not appear as a header.
	If a case has multiple company suspect products that are in the product selection specified in report configuration, the case is presented in each product's section; that is, the case appears multiple times in the report.
Grouping based on SOC (as per event order specified in the case form event tab)	Cases are grouped by the SOC of the Event.
	The system displays the SOC group header in the internationally agreed order as specified in the codelist SOC_DISPLAY_ORDER.
	Case appears under the SOC of the Primary event and the system prints a reference of this information for SOCs of other events if the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report parameter List cases in the line listing under SOC for each diagnosis is Y and List Cases under all events, details under the primary event is selected.
	Case appears under the SOC of the Primary event and not under other SOCs if the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report parameter List cases in the line listing under SOC for each diagnosis is N and List Cases only once, under the primary event is selected.
Grouping based on Case Seriousness	Cases with Serious case level seriousness are printed under the group header Serious . Cases with Non-Serious case level seriousness are printed under the group header Non-Serious .
	Cases with case level seriousness as blank are printed under Seriousness not defined. The order of printing these group headers is Serious , Non-Serious and Seriousness not defined .
Sorting based on Case Numbers	Cases are displayed in the ascending order of the Case Numbers in the Main line listing.

Table 7-1 (Cont.) Main Line Listing Grouping

Line Listing Columns

Table 7-2	Main	Line	Listing	Columns
-----------	------	------	---------	---------

Column Name	Field Description
Case Number	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Indicate if case was expedited previously is Y , the symbol specified in the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Symbol for Expedited cases appears as a superscript.
	A footnote appears at the end of the page as: <symbol>: Expedited Case.</symbol>
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Indicate if case was expedited previously is Y , the footnote for Expedited Cases appears even though there may not be any cases marked as Expedited.
Country	Country of Occurrence.
Report Type	Report type is displayed from the flex bucketing codelist field RPTTYEPGRP for the report type entered in the case.



Column Name	Field Description
Unique PatientID	 Unique Patient ID as per the Oracle Analytics Publisher report configuration parameter UNIQUE_PATIENT_ID_FORMAT, which has the following options: Pt - Patient ID CePt - Center ID, Patient ID InPt - Investigator Name, Patient ID
	 StCeInPt - Study ID, Center ID, Investigator Name, Patient ID
	StCePt - Study ID, Center ID, Patient ID
	 StCnCeInPt - Study ID, Country name, Center ID, Investigator Name, Patient ID StCnCePt - Study ID, Country name, Center ID, Patient ID
	 StCoCeInPt - Study ID, Country ISO Code, Center ID, Investigator Name, Patient ID
	StCoCePt - Study ID, Country ISO code, Center ID, Patient ID
	StInPt - Study ID, Investigator Name, Patient ID
Sex	Patient Sex. PATIENTSEXTEXT is populated using the decode context GL of the PATIENTSEXCODE field.
Age	Patient Age; if this data is missing, the Patient age group is printed.
Company Suspect Products	Company suspect products that match the Product specified in the Report configuration.
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Print Unblinded Data is Y , the system prints the Unblinded Study Product.
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Print Unblinded Data is N , the system prints the Blinded Study name instead of the actual study product.
Strength	Strength and Strength units.
Dosing Regime	If the Report parameter Print Dose Text in place of Regimen Dose is checked, then Regimen Dose data is printed.
	Otherwise, Daily dose and Route data are printed with the respective company suspect drug based on the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Dosage String Format with the options:
	Do - Print Dose Only.
	DoFo - Print Dose, and Formulation.
	 DoFoFr - Print Dose, Formulation, and Frequency. DoFoFrRt - Print Dose, Formulation, Frequency, and Route of administration. DoFoFrRt - Print Dose, Formulation, Frequency, and Route of administration. DoFoRt - Print Dose, Formulation, and Route of administration. DoFr - Print Dose, and Frequency. DoRt - Print Dose, and Route of administration.
	Multiple components are separated by semicolons.
	If a suspect drug has multiple dosage regimens, the dosage information for each record is printed in a separate line.
Action Taken	Action taken is printed for the company suspect drug.
Treatment Date	Dates of the First and Last dose are printed in DD-MON-YYYY format.
Treatment Duration	Dosage duration is printed with units. If duration is not available, the text entered for the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Default for NULL Values is printed.
Event Start and Stop Date	Event Onset and Stop dates are printed for the corresponding Reactions in the DD-MON-YYYY format.
First Dose to Onset	Onset Latency data is printed for the corresponding suspect product and events.

Table 7-2 (Cont.) Main Line Listing Columns

Column Name	Field Description
Outcome	Event Outcome is printed for the corresponding events. If Event Outcome is not entered, nothing is printed.
Event as Reported (Preferred term)	Description as Reported and LLT or PT of Event is printed in the format: <desc. as="" reported=""> (<llt or="" pt="">).</llt></desc.>
(If Description as Reported is not entered, LLT or PT is printed with brackets.
	LLT or PT are based on the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Print LLT instead of PT.
	If the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report Parameter Print only the Term (LLT or PT) is Y , only the LLT or PT is displayed. Description as reported is not printed.
	The system prints the Diagnosis if the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Use Only Diagnosis Events is Y. If this parameter is N, the Diagnosis and Symptoms are printed.
	The system prints diagnosis and symptoms separately and marks them clearly using symbols provided in the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Symbol for Diagnosis Symptoms , if the Oracle Analytics Publisher report parameter Print Diagnosis Symptoms Separately is Y . If this parameter is N , then they are printed without any identification symbol.
	For Unlisted events, the system prints the text specified in the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Symbol for Unlisted Events .
	For SUSAR events, the system prints the text specified in the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Symbol for SUSAR Events .
	For events marked as Special Interest Events in the Report parameter, the system prints the text specified in the Oracle Analytics Publisher parameter Symbol for Special Interest Events .
Causality Rpt/Cmp	Causality as per reporter and Company are printed for the corresponding Product and Events in the format: <causality as="" per="" reporter=""> / <causality as="" company="" per="">.</causality></causality>
Seriousness	Event seriousness is printed against each event.
	Serious, Non-Serious, and Seriousness not determined are printed based on the data in CASE_EVENT.SERIOUSNESS.
Listedness	Listedness information of the event. Listedness is printed based on the Oracle Analytics Publisher Report parameter Labeling Algorithm if the PMAR is executed from Oracle Analytics Publisher.
	If the PMAR is executed from Oracle Argus Safety, the following report parameters are considered:
	Use Assessment in Cases.
	Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at beginning.
	Re-assess cases against datasheet in effect at end.
Line listing Comments	Text from the Company comment fields.
Other Medications	Other Medication(s):
	<list and="" by="" comma="" concomitant="" of="" products="" separated="" treatment=""></list>

Table 7-2 (Cont.) Main Line Listing Columns



Column Name	Field Description
Death date and cause of death (Verified? Y/N):	Patient Death date and Cause of death are printed in the following format only for Death cases:
	Death date and cause of death (Verified? Y/N): DD-MON-YYYY <cause death="" of=""> (<y n="">)</y></cause>
	For example, Death date and cause of death (Verified? Y/N): 01-JAN-2014 cholera (Y).
	If cause of death is populated from autopsy results, then cause of death verified is Y; otherwise it is N.

Table 7-2 (Cont.) Main Line Listing Columns

Summary Columns for Count

The following counts are provided in the Main line listings at the end of various groupings:

Count of Cases for Initial or Follow-up based on HCP or Consumer and Drug appear in the following order:

- 1. Count of Cases for Initial / Follow-up based on HCP /Consumer and <Drug>
- 2. Count of Cases for Initial based on HCP and <Drug>
- 3. Count of Cases for Follow-up based on HCP and <Drug>
- 4. Count of Cases for Initial based on Consumer and <Drug>
- 5. Count of Cases for Follow-up based on Consumer and <Drug>

Count of Cases for Initial or Follow-up HCP appear in the following order:

- 1. Count of Cases for Initial HCP
- 2. Count of Cases for Follow-up HCP

Count of HCP or Consumer Cases appear in the following order:

- 1. Count of HCP Cases
- 2. Count of Consumer Cases

Report Format

The following is the PMAR Report format:



ORA			555	itial	Period: 01-JAN-1900 Through 31-AUG-2			
Main Line Lis	ung - res		AJ MKL De	vice license				
Case ID #	Unique Patient ID	Company Suspect Drug	Start and Stop Treat. Dates	Start and Stop Dates of Reaction	Reaction as Reported (PREFERRED TERM)	Rpt/Cmp Causality		
Country	Sex	Strength	Daily Dose and Route	First Dose to Onset		Seriousnes		
Source Type	Age	Action Taken	Duration	Outcome		Listedness		
Line Listing C Other Medica								
		Ger	neral disorders and ad	ministration site condition	ns			
ierious		-						
	Female	Tegretol - 2001 200 mg			fever (Pyrexia fever)	/ No Serious		
		AJ Mkt Device license		off	fever (Pyrexia fever)	/ No Serious		
		77777777777777777777777777777777777777		an				
		License For IND - Periodic (US -			fever (Pyrexia fever)	/ No Serious		
		Marketed Drug) 777777777 Begin						
		Unit Name Uni END License For NDA -		N=1	fever	/No		
		Periodic (US - Investigational Drug)			(Pyrexia fever)	Serious		
		7777777777 Begin Unit Name Uni END						
Line Listing C	omment:							
gigj Other Medica	tion(s):							
	Female	Tegretol - 2001 200 mg			fever (Pyrexia fever)	/ No		
		AJ Mkt Device license			fever (Pyrexia fever)	/ No		
Expedited Co Diagnosis S SUSAR Eve	mptoms Events		Confid	lential	Report Run Date: 27	-AUG-2014 06:12 Run By: jdoe Page 3/3		

Figure 7-1 Report Format

Ad Hoc Line Listing Sections

Ad hoc section has the same line listing format and fields as the Main line listing section.

- Ad hoc 1 line listing is based on cases from ad hoc Case List 1.
- Ad hoc 2 line listing is based on cases from ad hoc Case List 2. •
- Ad hoc 3 line listing is based on cases from ad hoc Case List 3. •
- Ad hoc 4 line listing is based on cases from ad hoc Case List 4.
- Counts that are displayed in the ad hoc section are the same as those in Main line listing. •

Summary Tabulations

Cases considered for Summary Tabulations section are based on the Main case series.

The PMAR supports the following tabulation sections:

- **PMAR Summary Tabulation** •
- Summary Tabulation for Consumer Cases
- Summary Tabulation for Clinical Cases •
- Cumulative Summary Tabulation for serious unlisted events

For more information, see:



- PMAR Summary Tabulation
- Summary Tabulation for Consumer Cases
- Summary Tabulation for clinical cases

PMAR Summary Tabulation

- HCP and Non-HCP cases are tabulated in this section of the report. The table is organized first by Initial or Follow-up, Product and SOC, then by Solicited or Non Solicited, Seriousness, Study Type (Sponsored versus Unsponsored Study).
- Only related events (related to company drug that is specified in product selection) are considered for this tabulation for solicited cases. Relatedness information is not considered for Non-Solicited cases.
- If the report parameter **Exclude non serious cases from summary tabulations** is set to **Y**, the system still prints the Grouping and Counts based on Non-Serious events which are part of serious cases. Only Non-serious cases and corresponding events are ignored based on parameter value of Y.

Grouping

Summary Tabulations for HCP cases report are grouped on the following options:

Group or sort options	Description					
Grouping based on Initial or	Cases are listed under Initial or Follow-up based on temp table logic.					
Follow-up	If the report parameter Include Follow-up cases from Summary Tabulation is set to N , then summary tabulations are not printed for follow-up cases.					
Grouping based on Products within Product Selection	Cases with the company suspect products matching with the products selected in the report configuration are grouped.					
	Drug names that appear in the group header are arranged in ascending order.					
	If there are no cases for a drug that is specified in the drug list, then this drug name does not appear as a header.					
	If a case includes multiple company suspect drugs that are in the drug list, the case is presented in each drug section; the case appears multiple times in the report.					
Grouping based on SOC	Cases are grouped by the SOC of the Primary Event.					
	SOC group headers are displayed in the Internationally agreed order as specified in the codelist SOC_DISPLAY_ORDER.					
	If the Report parameter List cases in the Line Listing under SOC for each diagnosis is \mathbf{Y} , the case is listed multiple times under different SOCs. If this parameter is set to \mathbf{N} , the case is printed under the SOC of the primary event, and a reference to this information is printed for the SOCs of other events.					

Table 7-3 HCP Case Grouping

HCP Summary Tabulation Columns



Column headers	Description
Preferred Term	LLT or PT is printed based on the report parameter Print LLT instead of PT .
	System prints diagnosis if the report parameter Use Only Diagnosis Events is Y . If this parameter is N , then diagnosis as well as symptoms are printed.
	LLT or PT is arranged in alphabetical order within a SOC.
Solicited	Solicited cases are clinical trial cases having at least one event related to the drug either the company or reporter causality flag is Y.
Serious-Sponsored	The count of Serious Events with report type group as Sponsored Study , and case type text as Solicited is printed in this column.
Serious-Non-Sponsored	The count of Serious Events with report type group as Non-Sponsored Study , and case type text as Solicited is printed in this column.
Sub-total	The sub-total is computed by summing-up Serious sponsored and unsponsored events from Solicited cases.
Non-Solicited	Non-Solicited cases are Non-Clinical trial cases having at least one event related to the drug. Either the company or reporter causality flag is Y .
Serious-Direct to MAH	The count of Serious Events with report type group as Direct to MAH , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Serious-HA	The count of Serious Events with report type group as HA , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Serious-Stimulated	The count of Serious Events with report type group as Stimulated , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Serious-Literature	The count of Serious Events with report type group as Literature , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Sub-total	The sub-total is computed by summing-up Serious events from Non-Solicited cases.
Non-Serious -Direct to MAH	The count of Non-Serious Events with report type group as Direct to MAH , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Non-Serious-HA	The count of Non-Serious Events with report type group as HA , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Non-Serious-Stimulated	The count of Non-Serious Events with report type group as Stimulated , and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Non-Serious-Literature	The count of Non-Serious Events with report type group as Literature, and case type text as Non-solicited is printed in this column.
Sub-total	The sub-total is computed by summing-up Non-Serious events from Non-Solicited cases.
Total	The total is computed by summing-up the sub-totals of Solicited and Non-solicited columns.
Total events for <soc></soc>	The count of Events is printed against respective column at the end of SOC grouping.
Total events for <drug></drug>	The count of Events is printed against respective column at the end of Drug grouping.
Total of distinct cases for <drug></drug>	The count of Distinct Cases is printed against respective column at the end of Drug grouping.

 Table 7-4
 HCP Summary Tabulation Columns



Figure 7-2 Format for HCP Summary Tabulations

0	R/	YC		Е.	
PSUF	R Sum	mary	Tab	ulatio	n

Period: 01-JAN-1900 Through 31-AUG-2014

		Solicited		Non-solicited										Í.
		Serious				Seriou	s				Non Serie	ous	0	TOTAL
Preferred Term	Sponsore d Study	Unsponsored Study	Subtotal	Direct to MAH	HA	Stimulate d	Literatu re	Subtotal	Direct to MAH	HA	Stimulate d	Literatu re	Subtotal	
Pyrexia fever	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total events for General disorders and administration site conditions	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total events for CDD 1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	3	3	7
Total distinct cases for CDD 1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	3	3	7

DOXORUBICIN HCL

	Solicited			Non-solicited										
	Serious			Serious					Non Serious					
Preferred Term	Sponsore d Study	Unsponsored Study		Direct to MAH	HA	Stimulate d	Literatu re	Subtotal	Direct to MAH	HA	Stimulate d	Literatu re	Subtotal	TOTAL
Nausea Nausea	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Total events for Gastrointestinal disorders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1

Confidential

Report Run Date: 27-AUG-2014 06:12:37 Run By: jdoe Page 2/1/3/8

Summary Tabulation for Consumer Cases

Format for HCP Summary Tabulations

Consumer cases are tabulated in this section of the report. The table is organized first by Initial or Follow-up, Product and SOC, then by Seriousness.

Cases with GTT_RPT_AGG_CASE.CASEMEDICALLYCONFIRMTEXT = Consumer are considered for this section, that is, consumer cases are those cases where the primary reporter has **Health Care Professional** set to **No**.

This section is not printed if **Include only HCP cases if Summary Tabulation** is set to **N**.

Grouping

Summary Tabulations for Consumer cases reports are grouped on the following options:

- Grouping based on Initial or Follow-up
- Grouping based on Products within Product Selection
- Grouping based on SOC
- Grouping logic is as per requirements defined in Summary Tabulation for HCP Cases.



Consumer Summary Tabulation Columns

Description
LLT or PT is printed based on the report parameter Print LLT instead of PT .
System prints diagnosis if the report parameter Use Only Diagnosis Events is Y . If this parameter is N , the Diagnosis and Symptoms are printed.
LLT or PT is arranged in the alphabetical order within a SOC.
The count of Serious Events from Consumer cases grouped by Initial or Follow-up, Product SOC, is printed in this column.
The count of Non-Serious Events from Consumer cases grouped by Initial or Follow-up, Product SOC, is printed in this column.
The total is computed by summing-up Serious and Non-Serious events against individual LLT or PT.
The total is computed by summing-up Serious and Non-Serious events; Grand total of all events is computed by summing-up all serious and non-serious events.
The count of events is printed against the respective column at the end of the product grouping.
The count of distinct cases is printed against the respective column at the end of the product grouping.

Table 7-5 Consumer Summary Tabulation Columns



Preferred Term	Serious	Non Serious	TOTAL
	0	0	1
TOTAL	0	0	1
Total events for	0	0	1
Total distinct cases for	0	0	1
Preferred Term	Serious	Non Serious	TOTAL
	0	1	1
TOTAL	0	1	1
Preferred Term	Serious	Non Serious	TOTAL
	1	0	1
TOTAL	1	0	1
Preferred Term	Serious	Non Serious	TOTAL
	0	1	1
TOTAL	0	1	1
Total events for	1	2	3

Figure 7-3 Consumer Summary Tabulation Screen

Summary Tabulation for clinical cases

Solicited cases are tabulated in this section of the report.

The events are counted under Blinded column:

- If both the study and the case are blinded.
- If the case is blinded (even if the study was unblinded).
- If the case is unblinded (but the study is blinded) and the user does not have the privilege to see unblinded data.

In all the other conditions, the events are counted under the Unblinded column.

For more information, see:

Grouping

Grouping

Summary Tabulation for solicited (clinical) cases report is grouped based on the following options:

- Grouping based on products within Product Selection
- Grouping based on SOC



Column headers	Description
Preferred Term	LLT or PT is printed based on the report parameter Print LLT instead of PT .
	Application prints diagnosis if the report parameter Use Only Diagnosis Events is Y . If this parameter is N , the Diagnosis and Symptoms are printed.
	LLT or PT is arranged in the alphabetical order within a SOC.
Solicited Serious-Sponsored-Blinded	The count of serious events from blinded cases, having the report type value as Non-Sponsored Study for REPTYEPGRP and as Solicited for CASETYPETEXT, is printed in this column.
Serious-Sponsored-Unblinded	The count of serious events from unblinded cases, having the report type value as Non-Sponsored Study for REPTYEPGRP and as Solicited for CASETYPETEXT, is printed in this column.
Serious-Non-Sponsored-Blinded	The count of serious events from blinded cases, having the report type value as Non-Sponsored Study for REPTYEPGRP and as Solicited for CASETYPETEXT, is printed in this column.
Serious-Non-Sponsored-Unblinded	The count of serious events from unblinded cases, having the report type value as Non-Sponsored Study for REPTYEPGRP and as Solicited for CASETYPETEXT, is printed in this column.
Sub-total	It is computed by summation of serious sponsored and unsponsored events from Solicited cases.
Total events for <soc></soc>	The count of events are printed against the respective column at the end of SOC grouping.
Total events for <product></product>	The count of events are printed against the respective column at the end of the Product grouping.
Total of distinct cases for <product></product>	The count of distinct cases are printed against the respective column at the end of Product grouping.

PMARSummary Tabulation for Clinical Trials

	Solicited Serious					
Preferred Term					Total	
Preferred Lerm	Spo	nsored	Unspons	sored Study	Subtotal	otai
	Blinded	Unblinded	Blinded	Unblinded	Subtocal	
Cold		1			1	1
Total		1			1	1
e disorders						
			6 1			
Preferred Term	Cod	nsored	Serious	kored Study		al Total
	Blinded	Unblinded	Blinded	Unblinded	Subtotal	
Eye red		1			1	1
Total		1			1	1
r and labyrinth disorders						
Preferred Term	Sponsored Unsponsored Study				Total	
	Blinded	Unblinded	Blinded	Upblinded	Subtotal	
Hearing loss		1			1	1
Total		1			1	1
Total events for SASPIRIN		3			3	3
Total distinct cases for SASPIRIN		2			2	2



Format for Clinical Trial Summary Tabulations

In this section:

Cumulative Summary Tabulation for Serious Unlisted Events

Cumulative Summary Tabulation for Serious Unlisted Events

The Cumulative Summary Tabulations section is derived based on the Cumulative case series for Cumulative period event counts and Main case series for Current period event counts.

This tabulation includes only the S or UL Diagnosis events (relatedness of an event is not considered for this tabulation).

This table is organized first by HCP or Consumer, Product, and SOC, then by a comparison of events from current reporting with the cumulative reporting report.

Grouping

Cumulative Tabulations for Serious Unlisted (S or UL) cases report are grouped on the following options:

- Grouping based on HCP or Consumer
- Grouping based on Products within Product Selection
- Grouping based on SOC
- Grouping logic is as per requirements defined in Summary Tabulation for HCP Cases.

Column headers	Description
Preferred Term	LLT or PT from S or UL diagnosis events is printed based on the report parameter Print LLT instead of PT.
	LLT or PT is arranged in the alphabetical order within an SOC.
Current Period	The count of S or UL diagnosis events from the Main case series is computed against LLT or PT.
	Follow-up events from the Main case list are not considered for the Current Period.
Cumulative Period	The count of S or UL diagnosis events from the Cumulative case series is computed against LLT or PT.
Total	Summation of count of diagnosis event within SOC is printed under Current Period and Cumulative Period respectively.
Overall total diagnosis for <product></product>	The count of diagnosis is printed against respective column at the end of Product grouping.
Overall total of distinct cases for <product></product>	The count of Distinct Cases is printed against respective column at the end of Product grouping.



Figure 7-4 Summary Tabulation for Clinical Trials Screen (Serious Unlisted Event)

			Solicited					
Preferred Term			Serious			Total		
Treferred Term		nsored		ored Study	Subtotal	Total		
	Blinded	Unblinded	Blinded	Unblinded	Gabtotai			
Cold		1			1	1		
Total		1			1	1		
e disorders								
Preferred Term			Serious			Total		
Fleieneu Tenni		nsored		ored Study			Subtotal	Total
	Blinded	Unblinded	Blinded	Unblinded	Subtotal			
Eye red		1			1	1		
Total		1			1	1		
r and labyrinth disorders			1					
Preferred Term	0	nsored	Serious	ored Study		Total		
	Blinded	Unblinded	Blinded	Unblinded	Subtotal			
Hearing loss		1		`	1	1		
Total		1			1	1		
Total events for SASPIRIN		3			3	3		

PMARSummary Tabulation for Clinical Trials

Execute a PMAR from Oracle Analytics Publisher

Refer to Execute the PBRER from Oracle Analytics Publisher to execute a PMAR from Oracle Analytics Publisher.



A Report Parameters and their Definitions

The following is a list of parameters required for PBRER, PMAR, and DSUR.

Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
Enterprise ID	-	All enterprises to which the user has access.	This parameter displays the values of all enterprises to which the user has access. Depending upon the enterprise value, the system filters the other parameter values and shows values corresponding to the selected enterprise only.
Report Configuration Name	Selected Periodic Configuration Name	All the aggregate report configurations to which the user has access.	The configuration name executes the associated inclusion criteria for case series generation. If Case Series Name is not selected, use this parameter by default for fetching the case series name for report generation.
	Report Batch Printing > Print As	Draft, Final, Internal, or Other.	Defines the mode of printing for the report. Selected value is printed as a watermark, except the <i>Final</i> mode. The possible values are Draft, Final, Interval, and Other.
			For the <i>Final</i> mode, a submission record is created in the Argus database. The value of 'Other' supported by Argus Safety application is not supported through Oracle Analytics Publisher user interface.
			When running a report through the Oracle Argus Safety interface, you can still choose the Other option and provide a different watermark to print in the report.
Main Case Series Name	-	All main case series generated using aggregate report configurations. The user can view these case series.	Selects a case series for report generation. The system only displays the main case series that are available for report generation and to which the user has access.
Cumulative Case Series Name	-	All cumulative case series generated using aggregate report configurations. The user can view these case series.	Selects a case series for cumulative counts during report generation. The system displays cumulative case series that are available for aggregate report generation and to which the user has access. For correct results, you must only select related main case series and cumulative case series.
PBRER 6.2 Case Series Name	-	-	All PBRER 6.2 Case Series to which user has access that are generated in the system are available for selection.

Table A-1 Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
Ad hoc Case List 1	Line Listing Query Criteria	-	If a case series has already been generated through Argus, auto populate through the selected Configuration Name and provide an option to override the auto populated values.
			If case series has NOT been generated through Argus, use the configuration name to associate the attached line listing queries and generate the case series at run time. If Line Listing queries are not attached to any ad hoc section, that section is printed without any case data.
Ad hoc Case List 2	Line Listing Query Criteria	-	If a case series has already been generated through Argus, auto populate through the selected Configuration Name and provide an option to override the auto populated values.
			If case series has NOT been generated through Argus, use the configuration name to associate the attached line listing queries and generate the case series at run time. If Line Listing queries are not attached to any ad hoc section, that section is printed without any case data.
Ad hoc Case List 3	Line Listing Query Criteria	-	If a case series has already been generated through Argus, auto populate through the selected Configuration Name and provide an option to override the auto populated values.
			If case series has NOT been generated through Argus, use the configuration name to associate the attached line listing queries and generate the case series at run time. If Line Listing queries are not attached to any ad hoc section, that section is printed without any case data.
Ad hoc Case List 4	Line Listing Query Criteria	-	If a case series has already been generated through Argus, auto populate through the selected Configuration Name and provide an option to override the auto populated values.
			If case series has NOT been generated through Argus, use the configuration name to associate the attached line listing queries and generate the case series at run time. If Line Listing queries are not attached to any ad hoc section, that section is printed without any case data.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
Primary Reporting Destination	Selected Reporting Destinations	List of all the available reporting destinations from LM_REGULATORY_CONTACT. AGENCY_NAME where deleted is NULL.	The submission record is added to the Argus database corresponding to the primary reporting destination. The system looks at primary destinations for a list of cases that were submitted during the previous reporting cycle.
		 	Note: When a report is marked as submitted for the primary reporting destination, the system provides an option to add the submission record for other configured destinations. This does not affect the Oracle Analytics Publisher report.
			Only one destination can be selected as the primary destination while running the report
Print Unblinded Data	-	Y/N	This parameter is applicable only if you can view unblinded data; otherwise blinded data is printed irrespective of the value of this parameter.
Default for NULL Values	-	-	This default value is populated in temp tables corresponding to any NULL values fo specific set of fields.
Labeling Algorithm	-	 Use Case Assessment from Event Assess Re-assess using datasheet at start date Re-assess using datasheet at end date Use Event Assess table with License List Use Event Assess table with Report type + datasheets 	Use Event Assess table with License List Use Case Assessment from Event Assess Re-assess using datasheet at start date Re- assess using datasheet at end date Use Event Assess table with Report type + datasheets: Lets you specify which Datasheet to look against for Listedness when running the report. When using the Event assessment from the case, the system considers only the As Determined listedness of the primary event or the case listedness from the case. When the ALL datasheet is selected, the system uses the most conservative listedness for the primary event, or the Case Listedness, for the report. When a datasheet is selected, the system uses the listedness against this datasheet
			for the report. The system calculates the Datasheet for Listedness on the Inclusion Criteria for ALL products within the case and not only for the first suspect drug.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
Indicate if case was expedited previously	-	Y/N	Y: The system identifies expedited cases in the report and marks them with a symbol provided.
			N: No action required.
Symbol for expedited cases	-	-	A symbol to mark expedited cases in main line listing and tabulation summary reports.
Print only the Term (LLT or PT)	Line Listing > Print Only the	Y/N	If N: Print verbatim along with PT or LLT as selected in other parameter.
	Term		If Y: Print only PT or LLT as selected.
Print LLT instead		Yes/No	If No, print PT.
of PT	Print Only the Term (PT or LLT)		If Yes, print LLT
Use Only Diagnosis Events	Line Listing >Event Reporting (CTPR)	Y/N	If Y Only Diagnosis events are populated in the temp table. If any value other than 1 or 0 is present in database, the system considers the event as diagnosis event.
Print Diagnosis Symptoms Separately	-	Y/N	If Y, the system prints the diagnosis and symptoms separately and marks them clearly using the symbol provided.
			If N, the system prints the diagnosis and symptoms without any identification symbol. Only applicable to summary tabulations.
Symbol for Symptoms	-	Symbol for identifying symptom	Identifies symptoms. If above parameter is N, nothing is printed for symbol.
Dosage String Format	-	Dose Dose,Formulation	Based on the value of combination of values selected, the system displays the dosage
		Dose,Formulation,Frequency	information in the report.
		Dose,Formulation,Frequency,Ro ute	
		Dose, Formulation, Route	
		Dose,Frequency	
		Dose, Route	
Include only HCP cases in	-	Y/N	If Y, the system includes only HCP cases in summary tabulation.
summary tabulation			If N, the system includes HCP and Non- HCP cases in summary tabulations.
Include follow-up cases from	-	Yes/No	If Yes, the system includes the follow-up cases also.
summary tabulations			If No, the system includes only initial cases in summary tabulations.
Exclude non- serious cases from summary tabulations	-	Y/N	Filter Criteria for Summary tabulation to exclude non-serious cases.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
List cases in the line listing under SOC for each diagnosis	Line Listing > List Cases only once, under the primary event, and List Cases under all events, details under the primary event	Y/N	If Y, the system prints other SOC as a reference. Otherwise, the system prints the details each time.
Log debugging messages	-	Y/N	-
Print identical events in line	-	Y/N	The system compare PT code to identify matching events.
listing(Y/N)?			If Y, the system prints all identical events.
			If N, the system prints the primary event. It prints the primary event or compare sequence number or the event which appears first on Argus case form if primary event is not identical.
Print Dose Text in Place of regimen dose	Line Listing > Print Dose Text in place of regimen dose	Y/N	-
Include Summary of Cases Missing Assessments	Summary Tabulations	Y/N	If this parameter is set to Y, the system displays the summary of cases missing assessment in report QA section.
Include Summary of Unlocked Cases	Summary Tabulations > Include Summary of Unlocked Cases	Y/N	If this parameter is set to Y, the system displays the summary of unlocked cases in report QA.
Report Title	Subject of Report >	-	If this parameter is set to Y, the system displays the Report Title in the report.
	Report Title		If this parameter is NULL, the system uses the report template Name.
Report #	Subject of Report > Report #	-	If this parameter is set to Y, the system displays the Report # in the report cover page. If this parameter is NULL, the Report # is
Report Footer	Subject of	-	lf this parameter is set to Y, the system
	Report > Report Footer		displays the Report footer in the report. If this parameter is NULL, the system uses the default text.

 Table A-1
 (Cont.) Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
UNIQUE_PATIE NT_ID_FORMAT	-	Center, Patient Investigator, Patient Patient Study, Center, Investigator, Patient Study, Center, Patient Study, Country name Center, Investigator, Patient Study, Country ISO Code, Center, Investigator, Patient Study, Country ISO code, Center, Patient Study, Investigator, Patient	Prints unique patient identifier based on following selections:Patient ID Center,Patient Investigator,Patient Study, Center,Investigator,Patient Study,Center,Patient Study,Country name,Center,Investigator,Patient Study,Country name,Center,Investigator,Patient Study,Country name,Center,Investigator,Patient Study,Country name,Center,Patient Study,Country ISO Code,Center,Patient Study,Country ISO code,Center,Patient Study,Country ISO code,Center,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient Study,Investigator,Patient.
Symbol for SUSAR Events	-	-	A hidden parameter with a default value of SUSAR that is printed with any SUSAR events in the case. You can update the report parameter list with another default value.
Symbol for Special Interest Events	-	-	A hidden parameter with the default value of † . The list of special Interest events can be configured on the periodic configuration screen on the Special Interest AE tab. You can update the report parameter list with another default value.
Print As Other Text	Report Batch Printing > Print As	-	When the Other Option is selected in Print As parameter, you can use this text box to enter the water mark text.

 Table A-1
 (Cont.) Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
Clinical Drug Role Algorithm	-	 Categorize based on Target Drug List Categorize based on Product Type within the Study Configuration 	For Algorithm 1: Use product list or target product list for categorization of case. For Algorithm 2: Use Study Configuration for categorization of case Based on the selected algorithm population logic of ClinicalDrugRole column of GTT_RPT_AGG_CASE is determined. This column is used in PBRER and DSUR report for categorizing a case under IMP, Blinded, Comparator and Placebo columns.
Print Serious Adverse Events or Reactions	-	 Print Serious Adverse Reactions Print Serious Adverse Events 	DSUR Cumulative tabulation, DSUR Main Listings and PBRER 6.3 section either print the serious adverse reactions (SAR) or serious adverse events (SAE) based on the value of this report parameter and the default value for the parameter is SAR.
Follow-up Algorithm	-	1. Use Submission Tracking 2. User Timeframe (Initial Receipt Date)	Algorithm#1: 1. A case is categorized as follow-up if it has previously been submitted to the same regulatory agency and report form; otherwise it is categorized as initial. For cases that have been missed in the previous period, the same logic applies and those cases are marked as initial or follow- up based on the submission record. Algorithm#2: 1. A case that is a part of the case series is marked as Initial if the initial receipt date of that case falls into current reporting period; otherwise it is marked as follow-up. For cases that have been missed in the previous period, the same logic applies and those cases are assessed for initial receipt date only.
Persist data of Temp Tables	Argus Console >System Configuration > System Management (Common Profile Switches) > Reporting >BIP Aggregate Reporting > Persist data in BIP Aggregate Temp Tables	Yes/No	Yes: System persists or stores the data of BIP aggregate temp tables for selected case series used for aggregate reports generation. No: Data of Oracle Analytics Publisher Aggregate Temp tables are not persisted for selected case series.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Parameter List



Parameter Display Name	Related Argus Configuration	Possible Values	Parameter Description
Number of Days for Data Persistence	Argus Console >System Configuration > System	-	Data of Oracle Analytics Publisher Temp tables for selected case series is persisted for the number of days defined in this parameter.
	Management (Common Profile Switches) > Reporting >BIP Aggregate Reporting > Number of days for which data of BIP Aggregate Temp Tables are persisted.		On completion of configured period (Number of days from the last modified date of selected case series), database/system job purges the data of this case series from temp tables.

 Table A-1
 (Cont.) Parameter List