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Preface

This guide describes the key concepts of Oracle Fusion Middleware and a description of its components and tools.

• Audience
• Documentation Accessibility
• Related Documents
• Conventions

Audience

This guide is intended for anyone interested in an overview of the key concepts and architecture of Oracle Fusion Middleware.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle’s commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

Related Documents

For more information, see the Oracle Fusion Middleware Documentation Library, especially the following:

• Understanding Oracle WebLogic Server
• Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this guide:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>boldface</strong></td>
<td>Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>italic</strong></td>
<td>Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>monospace</strong></td>
<td>Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What's New in This Guide

For existing Oracle Fusion Middleware users, this preface introduces the new and changed concepts and features of Oracle Fusion Middleware 12c.

- New and Changed Features for 12c
- New and Deprecated Terminology for 12c
- New and Changed Features for 12c
- New and Deprecated Terminology for 12c

New and Changed Features for 12c

Oracle Fusion Middleware 12c includes the following new and changed concepts and features from previous Oracle Fusion Middleware releases:

- Middleware topology changes. See Understanding Middleware Architecture Design.
- OPMN is no longer used in Oracle Fusion Middleware. Instead, system components are managed by the WebLogic Management Framework. See What Is the WebLogic Management Framework?
- Redefining of the Oracle home and elimination of the Middleware home. See New and Deprecated Terminology for 12c.
- Support for a “per domain” Node Manager. See What Is Node Manager?
- Oracle Web Cache is no longer available. Oracle Web Cache 11g was its last release.

New and Deprecated Terminology for 12c

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminology Used in 11g</th>
<th>Terminology Used in 12c</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Middleware home</td>
<td>Oracle home</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MW_HOME</td>
<td>ORACLE_HOME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In 11g the Middleware home is a container for the Oracle WebLogic Server home, and, optionally, one Oracle Common home and one or more Oracle homes. This term is eliminated in 12c.</td>
<td>The Oracle home that is created for all the Oracle Fusion Middleware products on a host computer. It includes binary and library files, the Oracle common directory and the individual product directories for each Oracle Fusion Middleware product you install.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminology Used in 11g</td>
<td>Terminology Used in 12c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle home</td>
<td>Product directory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRODUCT_ORACLE_HOME</td>
<td>PRODUCT_DIR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The product directories within the</td>
<td>The product directories within the Middleware home are no longer Oracle homes. They are</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle home</td>
<td>simply directories within the Oracle home that are created for all the Oracle Fusion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle instance</td>
<td>Middleware products. Most Oracle Fusion Middleware components should be installed in the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This term is eliminated in 12c.</td>
<td>same Oracle home. The names of the product homes are predefined and can no longer be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Fusion Middleware farm</td>
<td>modified by the user during the installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This term is eliminated in 12c.</td>
<td>The installer will no longer create a separate instance directory for system components,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>such as Oracle HTTP Server. Instead, you can use the Fusion Middleware Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wizard to configure your system components, just as you do for Java components. Instance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>information about each system component will be stored in the domain home.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The term &quot;farm&quot; is no longer necessary for 12c. It was used in 11g to refer to a WLS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>domain and its associated system component instances when presented in Fusion Middleware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Control.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Overview of Oracle Fusion Middleware

Oracle Fusion Middleware is a comprehensive family of products ranging from application development tools and integration solutions to identity management, collaboration, and business intelligence reporting. This chapter provides an introduction to Oracle Fusion Middleware.

Topics:

• About Oracle Fusion Middleware
• About the Functions of Middleware
• Understanding Middleware Architecture Design
• About the Oracle Fusion Middleware Solution
• About Oracle Fusion Middleware

Oracle Fusion Middleware is a collection of standards-based software products that spans a range of tools and services: from Java EE and developer tools, to integration services, identity management, business intelligence, and collaboration. Oracle Fusion Middleware offers complete support for development, deployment, and management.

• About the Functions of Middleware

Middleware makes application development easier, by providing common programming abstractions, by masking application heterogeneity and the distribution of the underlying hardware and operating systems, and by hiding low-level programming details.

• Understanding Middleware Architecture Design
• About the Oracle Fusion Middleware Solution

Oracle Fusion Middleware is a collection of standards-based software products that includes a range of tools and services including developer tools, a service integration platform and data integration services. Oracle Fusion Middleware offers complete support for development, deployment, and management.

About Oracle Fusion Middleware

Oracle Fusion Middleware is a collection of standards-based software products that spans a range of tools and services: from Java EE and developer tools, to integration services, identity management, business intelligence, and collaboration. Oracle Fusion Middleware offers complete support for development, deployment, and management.

Middleware provides the infrastructure which facilitates creation of business applications, and provides core services like concurrency, transactions, threading, messaging, and the SCA framework for service-oriented architecture (SOA) applications. When configured appropriately, it also provides security and enables high availability functionality to your enterprise.

Middleware includes Web servers, application servers, content management systems, and similar tools that support application development and delivery. It is especially integral to information technology based on Extensible Markup Language (XML),

Due to continued growth and use of network-based applications by businesses, middleware technologies are increasingly important. Companies and organizations are now building enterprisewide information systems by integrating previously independent applications with new software developments. The integration process may involve legacy applications which may be used only with, or through a nonmodifiable interface. In some cases, rewriting the code for a legacy application may be cost-prohibitive.

Increasingly, information systems are composed of a collection of various specialized hardware devices interconnected by a network. Each device performs a function that involves receipt of real time data and remote interaction with other devices of the system. Some examples include computer networks, telecommunication systems, uninterruptible power supply units, and decentralized manufacturing units.

Interaction with the information system may span a wide range of performance. You can interact with Internet applications through a variety of devices, whose characteristics and performance figures span an increasingly wide range. Between a high performance personal computer, a smart telephone, and a tablet computer, the variations in bandwidth, local processing power, screen capacity, and the ability to display color pictures, are extremely large.

About the Functions of Middleware

Middleware makes application development easier, by providing common programming abstractions, by masking application heterogeneity and the distribution of the underlying hardware and operating systems, and by hiding low-level programming details.

Applications use intermediate software that resides on top of the operating systems and communication protocols to perform the following functions:

- Provide uniform, standard, high-level interfaces to the application developers and integrators, so that applications can be easily composed, reused, ported, and made to interoperate.
- Supply a set of common services to perform various general purpose functions to avoid duplicating efforts, and to facilitate collaboration between applications.
- Hide the distributed nature of the application. An application represents a collection of interconnected parts that are operational and running in distributed locations, out of view.
- Hide the heterogeneity of the enterprise. This includes the hardware components used, computer operating systems, and communication protocols.

Understanding Middleware Architecture Design

The function of middleware is to mediate interaction between the parts of an application, or between applications. Therefore, considerations for architectural structure play a central role in middleware design. The architectural design encompasses the organization, overall structure, and communication patterns, both for applications and for the middleware itself.

Figure 1-1 provides an overview of the Oracle Fusion Middleware architecture, using the standard installation topology, which is a sample topology and is not the only...
topology supported for the product. (See "Understanding the Standard Installation Topology" in Planning an Installation of Oracle Fusion Middleware for more information about the standard installation topology.)

Figure 1-1 Oracle Fusion Middleware Architecture Overview

In this architecture, which illustrates a highly available environment:

- From the client tier, external users, including wireless and mobile users, access Oracle Fusion Middleware through the Web tier, which is in a demilitarized zone (DMZ).
- The Web Tier contains a Load Balancer, and two instances of Oracle HTTP Server, a Web server.
• The Application Tier contains the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Server and Managed Servers. Those Managed Servers can host applications, such as Java or Oracle ADF applications.

• The Data Tier contains databases that hold Oracle Fusion Middleware metadata and user data.

About the Oracle Fusion Middleware Solution

Oracle Fusion Middleware is a collection of standards-based software products that includes a range of tools and services including developer tools, a service integration platform and data integration services. Oracle Fusion Middleware offers complete support for development, deployment, and management.

Specifically, Oracle Fusion Middleware offers the following solutions through its middleware design:

• **Development Tools**: An integrated, but modular, set of development tools to build complete applications, rather than using lots of specialized tools. The design tool includes a single design environment for user interface, business logic, service composition, business process or workflow, business rules, and business intelligence. The design tool enables simplified design and debugging, and improves productivity. Includes Oracle JDeveloper and Oracle Application Development Framework.

• **Application Server**: A standards-based Java EE application server to run the enterprise applications and provide the Web services infrastructure for interoperability.

• **Web Server**: An HTTP-based server that delivers static and dynamic content over the Internet. A Web server either serves the content itself, or routes the request to Application Servers for further processing.

• **Enterprise Management**: Operations and administration by running on a grid architecture with grouping, backup, and other high availability technologies, and integrating with Oracle Enterprise Manager for systems management. Includes Fusion Middleware Control, Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console, and Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool.

For information about the management tools, see Using Oracle Fusion Middleware Tools.
You should understand key Oracle Fusion Middleware concepts, such as domains, Administration Server, Managed Servers, Java components, system components, as well as the directory structure of an Oracle Fusion Middleware installation.

**Topics:**

- **What Is an Oracle WebLogic Server Domain?**
- **What Is a Standalone Domain?**
- **What Are the Key Oracle Fusion Middleware Directories?**
- **What Is the WebLogic Management Framework?**
- **What Is the Metadata Repository?**
- **What Is an Oracle WebLogic Server Domain?**

An Oracle WebLogic Server **domain** is a logically related group of Java components. A domain includes a special WebLogic Server instance called the **Administration Server**, which is the central point from which you configure and manage all resources in the domain.

- **What Is a Standalone Domain?**

A **standalone domain** is a container for system components, such as Oracle HTTP Server. It has a directory structure similar to an Oracle WebLogic Server domain, but it does not contain an Administration Server or Managed Servers. It can contain one or more instances of system components of the same type, such as Oracle HTTP Server, or a mix of system component types.

- **What Are the Key Oracle Fusion Middleware Directories?**

- **What Is the WebLogic Management Framework?**

Oracle Fusion Middleware provides the **WebLogic Management Framework**, which provides heterogeneous management capabilities for Oracle Fusion Middleware products that require basic administrative capabilities. Its capabilities include start, stop, configuration settings, and other such basic product lifecycle operations through a common command line, API and user interface.

- **What Is the Metadata Repository?**

The metadata repository contains metadata for Oracle Fusion Middleware components, such as Oracle Application Development Framework and Oracle SOA Suite. It can also contain metadata about the configuration of Oracle Fusion Middleware and metadata for enterprise applications.

**What Is an Oracle WebLogic Server Domain?**

An Oracle WebLogic Server **domain** is a logically related group of Java components. A domain includes a special WebLogic Server instance called the **Administration Server**, which is the central point from which you configure and manage all resources in the domain.
Usually, you configure a domain to include additional WebLogic Server instances called **Managed Servers**. You deploy Java components, such as Web applications, EJBs, and Web services, and other resources, to the Managed Servers and use the Administration Server for configuration and management purposes only.

An Oracle WebLogic Server domain that was created using the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure distribution can also include system components, such as Oracle HTTP Server.

Managed Servers in a domain can be grouped together into a cluster.

The directory structure of a domain is separate from the directory structure of the WebLogic Server home. It can reside anywhere; it need not be within the Oracle home directory. The top-level directory of a domain is referred to as the **domain home**.

*Figure 2-1* shows an extended domain with an Administration Server, and two Managed Servers in a cluster. It also shows a database, which holds the metadata for Oracle Fusion Middleware.

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*Figure 2-1  Oracle WebLogic Server Domain*

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**See Also:**

Understanding Oracle WebLogic Server Domains in *Understanding Domain Configuration for Oracle WebLogic Server* for more information about domain configuration.
The following topics describe entities in the domain:

- What Is the Administration Server?
- Overview of Managed Servers and Managed Server Clusters
- What Is a Java Component?
- What Is a System Component?
- What Is Node Manager?
- What Is the Administration Server?
  The Administration Server operates as the central control entity for the configuration of the entire domain. It maintains the domain's configuration documents and distributes changes in the configuration documents to Managed Servers. The Administration Server serves as a central location from which to manage and monitor all resources in a domain.

- Overview of Managed Servers and Managed Server Clusters
- What Is a Java Component?
- What Is a System Component?
  A system component is a manageable process that is not deployed in a Java application container. Oracle HTTP Server is an example of a system component. System components can be deployed in a WebLogic Server domain or in a standalone domain and managed by the Weblogic Management Framework.

- What Is Node Manager?
  Node Manager is a Java utility that runs as a separate process from Oracle WebLogic Server and allows you to perform common operations for a Managed Server, regardless of its location with respect to its Administration Server, and for system components.

What Is the Administration Server?

The Administration Server operates as the central control entity for the configuration of the entire domain. It maintains the domain's configuration documents and distributes changes in the configuration documents to Managed Servers. The Administration Server serves as a central location from which to manage and monitor all resources in a domain.

Each domain must have one server instance that acts as the Administration Server.

To interact with the Administration Server, you can use Fusion Middleware Control, the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console, Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST), or create your own JMX client.

Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console and Fusion Middleware Control run in the Administration Server. Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console is the Web-based administration console used to manage the resources in an Oracle WebLogic Server domain, including the Administration Server and Managed Servers. Fusion Middleware Control is a Web-based administration console used to manage Oracle Fusion Middleware, including components such as Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle Coherence, and Oracle HTTP Server.
Overview of Managed Servers and Managed Server Clusters

**Managed Servers** host business applications, application components, Web services, and their associated resources. To optimize performance, Managed Servers maintain a read-only copy of the domain's configuration document. When a Managed Server starts, it connects to the domain's Administration Server to synchronize its configuration document with the document that the Administration Server maintains.

When you create a domain, you create it using a particular domain template. That template supports a particular component or group of components, such as the Oracle SOA Suite. The Managed Servers in the domain are created specifically to host those particular Oracle Fusion Middleware components.

Oracle Fusion Middleware Java components (such as Oracle Coherence and Oracle SOA Suite), as well as customer-developed applications, are deployed to Managed Servers in the domain.

If you want to add other components to a domain that was created using a template that supports another component, you can extend the domain by creating additional Managed Servers in the domain, using a domain template for the component that you want to add. See “Extending a Domain to Support Additional Components” in *Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware*.

For production environments that require increased application performance, throughput, or high availability, you can configure two or more Managed Servers to operate as a cluster. A **cluster** is a collection of multiple WebLogic Server instances running simultaneously and working together to provide increased scalability and reliability. In a cluster, most resources and services are deployed identically to each Managed Server (as opposed to a single Managed Server), enabling failover and load balancing. A single domain can contain multiple Oracle WebLogic Server clusters, as well as multiple Managed Servers that are not configured as clusters. The key difference between clustered and nonclustered Managed Servers is support for failover and load balancing. These features are available only in a cluster of Managed Servers.

See Also:

"Understanding WebLogic Server Clustering" in *Administering Clusters for Oracle WebLogic Server*
What Is a Java Component?

A **Java component** is an Oracle Fusion Middleware component that is deployed as one or more Java EE applications and a set of resources. Java components are deployed to an Oracle WebLogic Server domain as part of a domain template.

Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Coherence are examples of Java components.

What Is a System Component?

A **system component** is a manageable process that is not deployed in a Java application container. Oracle HTTP Server is an example of a system component. System components can be deployed in a WebLogic Server domain or in a standalone domain and managed by the Weblogic Management Framework.


What Is Node Manager?

**Node Manager** is a Java utility that runs as a separate process from Oracle WebLogic Server and allows you to perform common operations for a Managed Server, regardless of its location with respect to its Administration Server, and for system components.

While use of Node Manager is optional in a WebLogic domain, it provides valuable benefits if your Oracle WebLogic Server environment hosts applications with high-availability requirements. It is not optional in a standalone domain, which is described in What Is a Standalone Domain?.

If you run Node Manager on a computer that hosts Managed Servers, you can start and stop the Managed Servers remotely using the Administration Console, Fusion Middleware Control, or the command line. Node Manager can also automatically restart a Managed Server after an unexpected failure.

You can configure the scope of Node Manager:

- **Per domain**
  
  With a per-domain Node Manager, the Node Manager is associated with a domain and is configured to control all servers for the domain on a machine. (A per-domain Node Manager is a Java-based Node Manager.)

  This is the default when you configure Node Manager with the Configuration Wizard.

- **Per host**
  
  With a per-host Node Manager, the Node Manager process is not associated with a specific WebLogic Server domain but with a machine. You can use the same Node Manager process to control server instances in any WebLogic Server domain, as long as the server instances reside on the same machine as the Node Manager process. A per host Node Manager must run on each computer that hosts WebLogic Server instances—whether Administration Server or Managed Server—that you want to control with Node Manager. (A per-host Node Manager can be either a Java-based or script-based Node Manager.)
What Is a Standalone Domain?

A **standalone domain** is a container for system components, such as Oracle HTTP Server. It has a directory structure similar to an Oracle WebLogic Server domain, but it does not contain an Administration Server or Managed Servers. It can contain one or more instances of system components of the same type, such as Oracle HTTP Server, or a mix of system component types.

The WebLogic Management Framework provides tools for managing standalone domains. See **What Is the WebLogic Management Framework?**.

Generally, you use a standalone domain when you do not want your Oracle HTTP Server implementation to act as a front-end server to an Oracle WebLogic Server domain and do not need the management functionality provided by Fusion Middleware Control.

**Figure 2-2** shows a standalone domain with Oracle HTTP Server installed.

**Figure 2-2  Standalone Domain**

What Are the Key Oracle Fusion Middleware Directories?

**Figure 2-3** shows the high-level directory structure after installing and configuring Oracle Fusion Middleware with Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle JRF.
For a diagram of the directory structure when Oracle HTTP Server is installed in a WebLogic domain, see "Understanding the Oracle HTTP Server Directory Structure in a WebLogic Server Domain" in *Installing and Configuring Oracle HTTP Server*.

Table 2-1 describes the key Oracle Fusion Middleware directories and the variables that are used when referring to those directories in an Oracle Fusion Middleware installation. When you see these variables in an example or procedure, replace the variable with the full path to the corresponding directory path in your enterprise topology.

>Note:
The directory paths provided in the examples below assume that Oracle Universal Installer's default directory names were used.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directory Name</th>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Directory Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oracle home</td>
<td>ORACLE_HOME</td>
<td>The Oracle home that is created for all the Oracle Fusion Middleware products on a host computer. This read-only directory contains binary and library files, the Oracle Common home directory, and the individual product directories for each Oracle Fusion Middleware product you install.</td>
<td>/install_location/Oracle_Home</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Common home</td>
<td>ORACLE_COMM</td>
<td>The directory that contains the binary and library files that are common to all the Oracle Fusion Middleware products and features installed in the Oracle home. In addition, the Oracle Common home directory includes the files required for common tools, such as Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control, WLST, the Configuration Wizard, upgrade tools, and Oracle JRF. There is only one Oracle Common directory within each Oracle home.</td>
<td>/install_location/Oracle_Home/oracle_common</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>product directory</td>
<td>PROD_DIR</td>
<td>The directory within the Oracle home, which contains the binary files associated with a logical product or feature set. The name of each product directory within the Oracle home is predefined by the installer and cannot be changed.</td>
<td>/install_location/Oracle_Home/Prod_Dir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle WebLogic Server home</td>
<td>WL_HOME</td>
<td>The specific product directory for the WebLogic Server binary files.</td>
<td>/install_location/Oracle_Home/wlservlet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 2-1 (Cont.) Directories in an Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directory Name</th>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Directory Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fusion Middleware Control</td>
<td>EM_DIR</td>
<td>The Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control Console directory within an Oracle Fusion Middleware Oracle home. This directory contains the binary and library files required to run Fusion Middleware Control.</td>
<td>/install_location/Oracle_Home/em</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domain home</td>
<td>DOMAIN_HOME</td>
<td>The location in which the domain information and configuration artifacts are stored. For information, about an Oracle WebLogic Server domain, see What Is an Oracle WebLogic Server Domain?. For information, about a standalone domain, see What Is an Oracle WebLogic Server Domain?.</td>
<td>/install_location/oracle/domains/base_domain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application home</td>
<td>APPLICATION_HOME</td>
<td>The directory where the applications related to the domains you configure will be created. Oracle recommends that this location reside outside of the Oracle home directory; in the event that you need to upgrade or patch your software, the files inside the Oracle home would be affected.</td>
<td>/install_location/oracle/applications</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 2-4 shows the directory structure when you have installed a system component, such as Oracle HTTP Server, in a standalone domain.
Figure 2-4  Directory Structure of a Standalone Domain

The directories are described in Table 2-1.

What Is the WebLogic Management Framework?

Oracle Fusion Middleware provides the **WebLogic Management Framework**, which provides heterogeneous management capabilities for Oracle Fusion Middleware products that require basic administrative capabilities. Its capabilities include start, stop, configuration settings, and other such basic product lifecycle operations through a common command line, API and user interface.

WebLogic Management Framework is comprised of specific WebLogic Server and Coherence features.

The WebLogic Management Framework manages both WebLogic Server domains, which can contain Java components and system components, and standalone domains, which contain system components. However, not all functionality is provided for standalone domains, as shown in the following table:
### What Is the Metadata Repository?

The metadata repository contains metadata for Oracle Fusion Middleware components, such as Oracle Application Development Framework and Oracle SOA Suite. It can also contain metadata about the configuration of Oracle Fusion Middleware and metadata for enterprise applications.

A metadata repository can be database-based or file-based. If it is database-based, the repository can be installed into an existing database using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU). With RCU, you can create schemas for Oracle Fusion Middleware components.

For more information about database-based metadata repositories, see *Creating Schemas with the Repository Creation Utility*.

A particular type of repository, the MDS Repository, contains metadata for most Oracle Fusion Middleware components, such as Oracle Application Development Framework, and for certain types of applications. For more information about the MDS Repository, see "Managing the MDS Repository" in *Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware*.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Functionality</th>
<th>WebLogic Server Domain</th>
<th>Standalone Domain</th>
<th>More information</th>
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</tr>
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<td>[Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)]</td>
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<td>Configuration Wizard</td>
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</tr>
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<td>pack and unpack utilities</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td><a href="#">Creating Templates and Domains Using the Pack and Unpack Commands</a></td>
</tr>
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<td>WebLogic Server JMX and MBean Infrastructure</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td><a href="#">Developing Custom Management Utilities Using JMX for Oracle WebLogic Server</a></td>
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<td>WebLogic Server RESTful Management Services</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>Weblogic.deployer</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>&quot;weblogic.Deployer Command-Line Reference&quot; in <em>Deploying Applications to Oracle WebLogic Server</em></td>
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<td>Coherence Caching for WebLogic Management Framework</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td><a href="#">Managing Oracle Coherence</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration Console</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td><a href="#">Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fusion Middleware Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td><a href="#">Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Overview of Oracle Fusion Middleware Components

Oracle Fusion Middleware provides many components, such as Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle HTTP Server, and Oracle Coherence.

Topics:
- About the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure
- About Oracle WebLogic Server
- About Oracle Web Services
- About Oracle Coherence
- About Oracle HTTP Server
- About Oracle User Messaging Service
- About Oracle Platform Security Services
- About Oracle Identity Management
- About Oracle Data Integrator
- About Oracle SOA Suite
- About Oracle Business Process Management Suite
- About Oracle Managed File Transfer
- About Oracle Enterprise Data Quality
- About Oracle Enterprise Scheduler
- About Oracle Stream Analytics
- About Oracle Traffic Director
- About Oracle WebCenter Content
- About Oracle WebCenter Portal
- About Oracle WebCenter Sites
- About Oracle BI Enterprise Edition
- About Oracle Forms Services
- About the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure
  Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure is an Oracle Fusion Middleware distribution that provides Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle Coherence, and the Oracle JRF infrastructure services.
- About Oracle WebLogic Server
  The Oracle WebLogic Server is a scalable, enterprise-ready Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) application server. The Oracle WebLogic Server infrastructure supports the deployment of many types of distributed applications and is an ideal foundation for building applications based on SOA.
• About Oracle Web Services

• About Oracle Coherence
Oracle Coherence provides clustered data management with a fully coherent, single system image (SSI), scalability for both read and write access, fast, transparent failover and failback, linear scalability for storage and processing, no Single-Points-of-Failure (SPOFs) and cluster-wide locking and transactions

• About Oracle HTTP Server
Oracle HTTP Server is based on Apache HTTP Server infrastructure, and includes modules developed specifically by Oracle. The features of single sign-on, clustered deployment, and high availability enhance the operation of the Oracle HTTP Server.

• About Oracle User Messaging Service
Oracle User Messaging Service enables two-way communication between users and deployed applications.

• About Oracle Platform Security Services
Oracle Platform Security Services provides enterprise product development teams, systems integrators, and independent software vendors with a standards-based, portable, integrated, enterprise-grade security framework for Java SE and Java EE applications.

• About Oracle Identity Management

• About Oracle Data Integrator

• About Oracle SOA Suite
Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) provides an enterprise architecture that supports building connected enterprise applications to provide solutions to business problems. SOA facilitates the development of enterprise applications as modular business web services that can be easily integrated and reused, creating a truly flexible, adaptable IT infrastructure.

• About Oracle Business Process Management Suite
Oracle BPM Suite provides an integrated environment for developing, administering, and using business applications centered around business processes.

• About Oracle Managed File Transfer
Oracle Managed File Transfer (MFT) is a high performance, standards-based, end-to-end managed file gateway.

• About Oracle Enterprise Data Quality
Oracle Enterprise Data Quality provides a comprehensive data quality management environment that is used to understand, improve, protect and govern data quality.

• About Oracle Enterprise Scheduler
With Oracle Enterprise Scheduler, you can define, schedule and run jobs. A job is a unit of work done on an application's behalf.

• About Oracle Stream Analytics

• About Oracle Traffic Director
Oracle Traffic Director is a fast, reliable, and scalable layer-7 software load balancer. You can set up Oracle Traffic Director to serve as the reliable entry point
for all HTTP, HTTPS and TCP traffic to application servers and web servers in the back end.

- **About Oracle WebCenter Content**
  Oracle WebCenter Content can help a corporation unify, manage, and leverage all types of content across the entire enterprise. All corporate lines of business such as marketing, brand management, web presence, accounting, sales, human resources, and engineering can share the same tools and easily access the same information in a common repository.

- **About Oracle WebCenter Portal**

- **About Oracle WebCenter Sites**

- **About Oracle BI Enterprise Edition**
  Oracle BI Enterprise Edition (sometimes simply referred to as Oracle Business Intelligence) provides a full range of business intelligence capabilities.

- **About Oracle Forms Services**
  Oracle Forms is used to develop and deploy Forms applications. The Forms applications provide a user interface to access Oracle Database in an efficient and tightly-coupled way.

### About the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure

Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure is an Oracle Fusion Middleware distribution that provides Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle Coherence, and the Oracle JRF infrastructure services.

The Oracle JRF infrastructure services include:

- **Oracle Application Development Framework**
- **Oracle Metadata Services**
- **Oracle Platform Security Services**
- **Oracle Web Services Manager**
- **Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control**

These services are installed into the Oracle common directory inside the Oracle Fusion Middleware 12c Oracle home by the Infrastructure installer.

Note that the equivalent installer in Oracle Fusion Middleware 11g is the Application Developer 11g installer, which requires an existing installation of Oracle WebLogic Server. In 12c, the Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure distribution consists of both Oracle WebLogic Server and the Oracle JRF in a single installer.

### About Oracle WebLogic Server

The Oracle WebLogic Server is a scalable, enterprise-ready Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) application server. The Oracle WebLogic Server infrastructure supports the deployment of many types of distributed applications and is an ideal foundation for building applications based on SOA.

Java EE is a widely used platform for server programming in the Java programming language. The Java EE Platform differs from the standard edition of Java in that it adds libraries which provide functionality to deploy fault-tolerant, distributed, multi-tier
Java software, based largely on modular components running on an application server.

In addition to the Java EE implementation, Oracle WebLogic Server enables enterprises to deploy business-critical applications in a robust, secure, highly available, manageable, and scalable environment. These features allow enterprises to configure clusters of Oracle WebLogic Server instances to distribute load and provide extra capacity in case of hardware or other failures. New diagnostic tools allow system administrators to monitor and tune the performance of deployed applications and the Oracle WebLogic Server environment itself. You can also configure Oracle WebLogic Server to monitor and tune application throughput automatically, without human intervention. Extensive security features protect access to services, keep enterprise data secure, and prevent malicious attacks.

See Introduction in *Understanding Oracle WebLogic Server*.

About Oracle Web Services

A Web Service is a set of functions packaged into a single application that is available to other systems on a network. The network can be a corporate intranet or the Internet. Because Web Services rely on basic, standard technologies which most systems provide, they are an excellent means for connecting distributed systems together. They can be shared by and used as a component of distributed Web-based applications. Other systems, such as customer relationship management systems, order-processing systems, and other existing back-end applications, can call a Web Service function to request data or perform an operation.

For an overview of Web services in Oracle Fusion Middleware, a description of the Web services and clients supported in each category, and a roadmap for implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web services, see What are Web Services? in *Understanding Web Services*.

About Oracle Coherence

Oracle Coherence provides clustered data management with a fully coherent, single system image (SSI), scalability for both read and write access, fast, transparent failover and failback, linear scalability for storage and processing, no Single-Points-of-Failure (SPOFs) and cluster-wide locking and transactions

Built on top of this foundation are the various services that Coherence provides, including database caching, HTTP session management, grid agent invocation and distributed queries.

For information about Oracle Coherence, see Introduction to Coherence in *Developing Applications with Oracle Coherence*.

About Oracle HTTP Server

Oracle HTTP Server is based on Apache HTTP Server infrastructure, and includes modules developed specifically by Oracle. The features of single sign-on, clustered deployment, and high availability enhance the operation of the Oracle HTTP Server.

Oracle HTTP Server has the following components to handle client requests:

- HTTP listener, to handle incoming requests and route them to the appropriate processing utility.
• Modules (mods), to implement and extend the basic functionality of Oracle HTTP Server. Many of the standard Apache HTTP Server modules are included with Oracle HTTP Server. Oracle also includes several modules that are specific to Oracle Fusion Middleware to support integration between Oracle HTTP Server and other Oracle Fusion Middleware components.

• Perl interpreter, a persistent Perl runtime environment embedded in Oracle HTTP Server through mod_perl.

For information about Oracle HTTP Server, see *Administering Oracle HTTP Server*.

### About Oracle User Messaging Service

Oracle User Messaging Service enables two-way communication between users and deployed applications.

Key features include:

• Support for a variety of messaging channels: Messages can be sent and received through email, instant messaging (IM) (XMPP), short message service (SMS) (SMPP), and voice.

• Two-way messaging: In addition to sending messages from applications to users (referred to as outbound messaging), users can initiate messaging interactions (inbound messaging). For example, a user can send an email or text message to a specified address; the message is routed to the appropriate application that can then respond to the user or invoke another process according to its business logic.

• User messaging preferences: End users can use a web interface to define preferences for how and when they receive messaging notifications. Applications immediately become more flexible; rather than deciding whether to send to a user's email address or IM client, the application can simply send the message to the user, and let UMS route the message according to the user's preferences.

• Robust message delivery: UMS keeps track of delivery status information provided by messaging gateways, and makes this information available to applications so that they can respond to a failed delivery. Or, applications can specify one or more failover addresses for a message in case delivery to the initial address fails. Using the failover capability of UMS frees application developers from having to implement complicated retry logic.

For information about Oracle User Messaging Service, see Introduction to Oracle User Messaging Service in *Administering Oracle User Messaging Service*.

### About Oracle Platform Security Services

Oracle Platform Security Services provides enterprise product development teams, systems integrators, and independent software vendors with a standards-based, portable, integrated, enterprise-grade security framework for Java SE and Java EE applications.

Oracle Platform Security Services is the underlying security platform that provides security to Oracle Fusion Middleware including WebLogic Server, Server Oriented Architecture (SOA) applications, Oracle WebCenter, and Oracle Application Development Framework (ADF) applications.

Oracle Platform Security Services provides an abstraction layer in the form of application programming interfaces (APIs) that insulate developers from security and
identity management implementation details. With OPSS, developers do not need to know the details of, for example, cryptographic key management, repository interfaces, or other identity management infrastructures. Using OPSS, in-house developed applications, third-party applications, and integrated applications benefit from the same, uniform security, identity management, and audit services across the enterprise.


About Oracle Identity Management

Oracle Identity Management enables organizations to effectively manage the end-to-end lifecycle of user identities across all enterprise resources, both within and beyond the firewall and into the cloud. The Oracle Identity Management platform delivers scalable solutions for identity governance, access management and directory services. This modern platform helps organizations strengthen security, simplify compliance and capture business opportunities around mobile and social access.

For more information about integrating Oracle Identity Management components, see Introduction to IdM Suite Components Integration in Integration Guide for Oracle Identity Management Suite.

About Oracle Data Integrator

Oracle Data Integrator provides a fully unified solution for building, deploying, and managing complex data warehouses or as part of data-centric architectures in a SOA or business intelligence environment. In addition, it combines all the elements of data integration — data movement, data synchronization, data quality, data management, and data services—to ensure that information is timely, accurate, and consistent across complex systems.

Oracle Data Integrator features an active integration platform that includes all styles of data integration: data-based, event-based and service-based. ODI unifies silos of integration by transforming large volumes of data efficiently, processing events in real time through its advanced Changed Data Capture (CDC) capability, and providing data services to the Oracle SOA Suite. It also provides robust data integrity control features, assuring the consistency and correctness of data. With powerful core differentiators — heterogeneous E-LT, Declarative Design and Knowledge Modules — Oracle Data Integrator meets the performance, flexibility, productivity, modularity and hot-pluggability requirements of an integration platform.

See Overview of Oracle Data Integrator in Understanding Oracle Data Integrator.

About Oracle SOA Suite

Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) provides an enterprise architecture that supports building connected enterprise applications to provide solutions to business problems. SOA facilitates the development of enterprise applications as modular business web services that can be easily integrated and reused, creating a truly flexible, adaptable IT infrastructure.

Oracle SOA Suite provides a complete set of service infrastructure components for designing, deploying, and managing composite applications. Oracle SOA Suite
enables services to be created, managed, and orchestrated into composite applications and business processes. Composites enable you to easily assemble multiple technology components into one SOA composite application. Oracle SOA Suite plugs into heterogeneous IT infrastructures and enables enterprises to incrementally adopt SOA.


About Oracle Business Process Management Suite

Oracle BPM Suite provides an integrated environment for developing, administering, and using business applications centered around business processes.

Oracle BPM Suite provides a seamless integration of all stages of the application development lifecycle from design-time and implementation to runtime and application management. Oracle BPM Suite is layered on Oracle SOA Suite and shares many of the same product components.


About Oracle Managed File Transfer

Oracle Managed File Transfer (MFT) is a high performance, standards-based, end-to-end managed file gateway.

It features design, deployment, and monitoring of file transfers using a lightweight web-based design-time console that includes file encryption, scheduling, and embedded FTP and sFTP servers.

See Understanding Oracle Managed File Transfer in Using Oracle Managed File Transfer.

About Oracle Enterprise Data Quality

Oracle Enterprise Data Quality provides a comprehensive data quality management environment that is used to understand, improve, protect and govern data quality.

EDQ facilitates best practice master data management, data integration, business intelligence, and data migration initiatives. EDQ provides integrated data quality in customer relationship management and other applications.

See About Oracle Enterprise Data Quality in Understanding Enterprise Data Quality Concepts.

About Oracle Enterprise Scheduler

With Oracle Enterprise Scheduler, you can define, schedule and run jobs. A job is a unit of work done on an application's behalf.

For example, you might define a job that runs a particular PL/SQL function or command-line process. You can define a job that executes Java code.
See Introduction to Administering Oracle Enterprise Scheduler in *Administering Oracle Enterprise Scheduler*.

### About Oracle Stream Analytics


An Oracle Stream Analytics server hosts logically related resources and services for running Oracle Stream Analytics applications. Servers are grouped into and managed as domains. A domain can have one server (standalone-server domain) or many (multiserver domain). You manage the Oracle Stream Analytics domains and servers through Oracle Stream Analytics Visualizer and the Oracle Stream Analytics administrative command-line interface.

See Event Processing Overview in Oracle Stream Analytics in *Getting Started with Event Processing for Oracle Stream Analytics*.

### About Oracle Traffic Director

Oracle Traffic Director is a fast, reliable, and scalable layer-7 software load balancer. You can set up Oracle Traffic Director to serve as the reliable entry point for all HTTP, HTTPS and TCP traffic to application servers and web servers in the back end.

Oracle Traffic Director distributes the requests that it receives from clients to servers in the back end based on the specified load-balancing method, routes the requests based on specified rules, caches frequently accessed data, prioritizes traffic, and controls the quality of service.

The architecture of Oracle Traffic Director enables it to handle large volumes of application traffic with low latency. The product is optimized for use in Oracle Exalogic Elastic Cloud and Oracle SuperCluster. It can communicate with servers in the back end over Exalogic's InfiniBand fabric.

See Getting Started with Oracle Traffic Director in *Administering Oracle Traffic Director*.

### About Oracle WebCenter Content

Oracle WebCenter Content can help a corporation unify, manage, and leverage all types of content across the entire enterprise. All corporate lines of business such as marketing, brand management, web presence, accounting, sales, human resources, and engineering can share the same tools and easily access the same information in a common repository.

By centralizing information and allowing access to information by qualified users, Oracle WebCenter Content provides cost savings, eliminates redundancy and increases efficiency. At the same time, information is properly managed, tracked, and disposed of as needed.

See *Understanding Oracle WebCenter Content Concepts*. 
About Oracle WebCenter Portal

Oracle WebCenter Portal is an integrated set of components with which you can create social applications, enterprise portals, collaborative communities, and composite applications, built on a standards-based, service-oriented architecture. Oracle WebCenter Portal combines dynamic user interface technologies with which to develop rich internet applications, the flexibility and power of an integrated, multi-channel portal framework, and a set of tools and services that provide content, collaboration, presence and social networking capabilities. Based on these components, Oracle WebCenter Portal also provides an out-of-the-box enterprise-ready customizable application called WebCenter Portal, with a configurable work environment that enables individuals and groups to work and collaborate more effectively.

Oracle WebCenter Portal provides an open and extensible solution that allows users to interact directly with tools like instant messaging, documents, content management, discussion forums, wikis, blogs, and tagging directly from within the context of a portal or an application. These tools and services empower end users and IT to build and deploy next-generation collaborative applications and portals.


About Oracle WebCenter Sites

Oracle WebCenter Sites is a Web Experience Management system. It helps you build desktop and mobile websites, personalize them with targeted content, gather feedback on their success, analyze visitor interactions with the website, and test changes to your website based on your visitors’ preferences. The Oracle WebCenter Sites: Contributor interface offers a set of features for building and managing the components of your website. In addition, features such as Oracle WebCenter Sites: A/B Testing are available to help users measure their website’s success so they can enhance it accordingly.

To cater to administrators, Oracle WebCenter Sites provides the Admin interface and the WEM Admin interface which, together, provide the tools needed to manage all aspects of a content management site. In addition, you can enable features such as Oracle WebCenter Sites: Insights, Oracle WebCenter Sites: A/B Testing, and Conversions which help your content contributors and marketers measure website successfulness so they can enhance it accordingly.

See Introduction to Oracle WebCenter Sites in Using Oracle WebCenter Sites.

About Oracle BI Enterprise Edition

Oracle BI Enterprise Edition (sometimes simply referred to as Oracle Business Intelligence) provides a full range of business intelligence capabilities. These capabilities enable you to:

- Collect up-to-date data from your organization.
- Present the data in easy-to-understand formats (such as tables and graphs).
- Deliver data in a timely fashion to the employees in your organization.
These capabilities enable your organization to make better decisions, take informed actions, and implement more-efficient business processes.


About Oracle Forms Services

Oracle Forms is used to develop and deploy Forms applications. The Forms applications provide a user interface to access Oracle Database in an efficient and tightly-coupled way.

The applications can be integrated with Java and web services to take advantage of service-oriented architecture (SOA).

See Oracle Forms in Forms Services Deployment Guide.
Using Oracle Fusion Middleware Tools

Oracle Fusion Middleware provides tools to use to perform administration tasks such as installing, configuring, and managing your middleware components and for developing applications.

Topics:

• About the Installation and Configuration Tools
• About the Administration Tools
• About the Development Tools
• About the Installation and Configuration Tools

Oracle Fusion Middleware offers the following primary tools for installing, configuring and upgrading Oracle Fusion Middleware:

• About the Administration Tools
  After you install and configure Oracle Fusion Middleware, you can use the graphical user interfaces or command-line tools to manage your environment.

• About the Development Tools
  Oracle Fusion Middleware provides the following development tools support for building Web applications:

About the Installation and Configuration Tools

Oracle Fusion Middleware offers the following primary tools for installing, configuring and upgrading Oracle Fusion Middleware:

• Oracle Universal Installer
• Repository Configuration Utility
• OPatch
• Configuration Wizard
• Reconfiguration Wizard
• Upgrade Assistant
• Oracle Universal Installer
• Repository Configuration Utility
• OPatch
• Configuration Wizard
• Reconfiguration Wizard
• Upgrade Assistant
Oracle Universal Installer

Oracle Universal Installer (OUI) is a Java-based installer that enables you to install and deinstall Oracle components. It performs component-based installations as well as complex installations, such as integrated bundle and suite installations, and installations over the Web.

One of the key features of OUI is that it provides a prerequisite checking tool to diagnose the readiness of an environment for installation. The prerequisite checks are run as part of the installation process, but can also be run as a separate application.

See Using the Oracle Universal Installer in Installing Software with the Oracle Universal Installer.

Repository Configuration Utility

Many of the Oracle Fusion Middleware components require the existence of schemas in a database prior to installation. These schemas are created and loaded in your database using the Repository Creation Utility (RCU). See About the Repository Creation Utility in Creating Schemas with the Repository Creation Utility.

OPatch

OPatch is a utility that assists you with the process of applying interim patches to Oracle's software. OPatch is a Java-based utility that can run on either OUI-based Oracle homes or standalone homes. It works on all operating systems for which Oracle releases software. See Patching Your Environment Using OPatch in Patching with OPatch.

Configuration Wizard

The Configuration Wizard creates the appropriate directory structure for a WebLogic Server domain or a standalone domain, a domain configuration file, and scripts you can use to start the servers in the domain.

The Configuration Wizard guides you through the process of creating or updating a domain for your target environment by selecting the product components to include in your domain, or by selecting template JAR files. If necessary, you can also customize the domain to suit your environment by adding and configuring Managed Servers, clusters, and machine definitions, or customizing predefined JDBC data sources and JMS file store directories.

See Overview of the Configuration Wizard in Creating WebLogic Domains Using the Configuration Wizard.

Reconfiguration Wizard

The Reconfiguration Wizard reconfigures an existing WebLogic Server domain, which was created using a prior release. The following items are automatically updated, depending on the applications in the domain:

- WLS core infrastructure
- Domain version
If your domain also includes Oracle Fusion Middleware products, other items may also be updated, depending on the particular product. This lets you take advantage of new features that are included with the newest version of Oracle Fusion Middleware.

See Reconfiguring a WebLogic Domain in Graphical Mode in *Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server*.

### Upgrade Assistant

The Upgrade Assistant automates the upgrade of many aspects of the Oracle Fusion Middleware environment. The Oracle Fusion Middleware upgrade Assistant guides you through the process of upgrading from previous versions.

See Upgrade Planning Roadmap in *Planning an Upgrade of Oracle Fusion Middleware*.

### About the Administration Tools

After you install and configure Oracle Fusion Middleware, you can use the graphical user interfaces or command-line tools to manage your environment.

Oracle offers the following primary tools for managing your Oracle Fusion Middleware installations:

- **Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control**
- **Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console**
- **Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)**
- **Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control**

Note that you should use these tools, rather than directly editing configuration files, to perform all administrative tasks unless a specific procedure requires you to edit a file. Editing a file may cause the settings to be inconsistent and generate problems.

- **Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control**
- **Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console**
- **Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)**
- **Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control**

### Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control

Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control (Fusion Middleware Control) is a Web browser-based, graphical user interface that you can use to monitor and administer a domain.

It can manage the Administration Server, Managed Servers, clusters, and the Oracle Fusion Middleware components that are installed, configured, and running in the domain.

Fusion Middleware Control organizes a wide variety of performance data and administrative functions into distinct, Web-based home pages for the domain, clusters, servers, components, and applications. The Fusion Middleware Control home pages make it easy to locate the most important monitoring data and the most commonly used administrative functions, all from your Web browser.
Fusion Middleware Control provides direct access to Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. The Web pages in the Fusion Middleware Control interface contain links that take enable you to access the Administration Console. For example, on the Domain home page, the Summary area contains a link that takes you to the Administration Console.

See Getting Started Using Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control in Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware.

Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console

Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console is a Web browser-based, graphical user interface that you use to manage an Oracle WebLogic Server domain. It is accessible from any supported Web browser with network access to the Administration Server.

Use the Administration Console to:

• Configure, start, and stop Oracle WebLogic Server instances
• Configure Oracle WebLogic Server clusters
• Configure Oracle WebLogic Server services, such as database connectivity (JDBC) and JMS messaging
• Configure security parameters, including creating and managing users, groups, and roles
• Configure and deploy Java EE applications
• Monitor server and application performance
• View server and domain log files
• View application deployment descriptors
• Edit selected run time application deployment descriptor elements

See Getting Started Using Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console in Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware.

Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

The Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) is a command-line scripting environment that you can use to create, manage, and monitor Oracle WebLogic Server domains and standalone domains. It is based on the Java scripting interpreter, Jython. In addition to supporting standard Jython features such as local variables, conditional variables, and flow control statements, WLST provides a set of scripting functions (commands) that are specific to Oracle WebLogic Server and Oracle Fusion Middleware components. You can extend the WebLogic scripting language to suit your needs by following the Jython language syntax.

You can use any of the following techniques to invoke WLST commands:

• Interactively, on the command line
• In script mode, supplied in a file
• Embedded in Java code
Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control

Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control provides a comprehensive management solution for Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle Fusion Middleware, non-Oracle middleware technology, and lifecycle management including configuration management, compliance management, provisioning, and patching. Cloud Control encompasses out-of-the-box availability and performance monitoring, robust diagnostics, configuration management, and lifecycle management across middleware software such as Oracle WebLogic Server, Oracle Coherence, and Oracle HTTP Server.

Cloud Control is a Web browser-based, graphical user interface that you can use to monitor multiple Oracle Fusion Middleware environments and Oracle WebLogic Server domains. In fact, Cloud Control provides deep management solutions for Oracle technologies including Oracle packaged applications, Oracle Database and Oracle VM. Cloud Control also offers extensive support for non-Oracle technologies through more than two dozen heterogeneous management plug-ins and connectors including Microsoft MOM, IBM WebSphere, JBoss, EMC storage, F5 BIG IP, Check Point Firewall, and Remedy.

Beyond managing your entire data center from a single interface, Cloud Control offers critical features that help you manage Oracle Fusion Middleware and Oracle WebLogic Server more effectively and efficiently. Such additional management capabilities include:

- Analyze and report on trends based upon collected availability and performance data.
- Receive alert notifications (via email, page, SNMP) for metrics which have crossed thresholds previously defined by you.
- Automate common administrative operations (for example, start or stop, WLST scripts).
- Resolve problems faster through visibility into all Java activity—including in-flight transactions—and tracing transactions from Java to Database and vice-versa.
- Detect, validate, and report authorized and unauthorized configuration changes in real time.
- Ensure configuration consistency across development and production environments.

See Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Introduction available on OTN.

About the Development Tools

Oracle Fusion Middleware provides the following development tools support for building Web applications:

- Oracle JDeveloper
- Oracle Application Development Framework
- Oracle TopLink
Oracle JDeveloper

Oracle JDeveloper is an integrated development environment (IDE) for building applications, such as SOA applications, using the latest standards for Java, XML, Web services, and SQL. It supports the complete development lifecycle with integrated features for modeling, coding, debugging, testing, profiling, tuning, and deploying applications. Oracle JDeveloper is the main development platform for the Oracle Fusion Middleware suite of products. It is a cross-platform IDE that runs on Windows, Linux, Mac OS X, and other UNIX-based systems.

Oracle JDeveloper provides a visual and declarative development approach and works together with the Oracle ADF to simplify development.

Key features of Oracle JDeveloper include:

- A consistent development environment that can be used for various technology stacks including Java, SOA, Oracle WebCenter Portal, SQL and PL/SQL, HTML, and JavaScript.
- XML-based application development.
- A full development and modeling environment for building database objects and stored procedures.
- A wide range of application deployment options, including Integrated Oracle WebLogic Server, an integrated run-time service for running and testing applications before deploying to a production environment.
- Extension capabilities that enable customization of the IDE based on development needs and add additional functionality.

See Introduction to Oracle JDeveloper in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.

Oracle Application Development Framework

Oracle ADF is an end-to-end application framework that builds on Java EE standards and open-source technologies to simplify and accelerate implementing service-oriented applications. Oracle ADF is suitable for enterprise developers who want to create applications that search, display, create, modify, and validate data using Web, wireless, desktop, or Web services interfaces. Used in tandem, Oracle JDeveloper and Oracle ADF provide an environment that covers the full development lifecycle from design to deployment, with drag-and-drop data binding, visual UI design, and team development features built in.

See Overview of Oracle ADF in Understanding Oracle Application Development Framework.
Oracle TopLink

Oracle TopLink is an advanced, object-persistence and object-transformation framework that provides development tools and run time capabilities that reduce development and maintenance efforts, and increase enterprise application functionality.

Oracle TopLink builds high-performance applications that store persistent object-oriented data in a relational database. It successfully transforms object-oriented data into either relational data, or Extensible Markup Language (XML) elements.

See Overview of Oracle TopLink in *Understanding Oracle TopLink*.

Oracle Help

Oracle Help provides the means for developing and displaying HTML-based help systems for Java applications and Web applications. Authors can create a single help system that can be displayed---without modification---both in a Java environment, using Oracle Help for Java, and in a Web environment, using Oracle Help for the Web. Oracle Help for the Web is available in two formats: Oracle Help for the Web - UIX and Oracle Help for the Web – Rich Client.

Oracle Help for Java (OHJ) is a set of Java components, a Java API, and a file formats specification for developing and displaying HTML-based help content in a Java environment. OHJ is designed primarily for displaying help for Java applications, although it can also be implemented as a standalone document viewer for use in a Java environment.

Oracle Help for the Web – UIX (OHW-UIX) is a Java servlet and a file formats specification for developing and delivering HTML-based help content in a Web environment. OHW-UIX can be used to provide context-sensitive help for Web applications or as a means for processing and displaying structured views of independent HTML content on the Web.

Oracle Help for the Web – Rich Client (OHW-RC), similar to OHW-UIX, delivers HTML-based Help content in a Web environment. It uses Oracle ADF, which is based on the JavaServer Faces (JSF) technology, to build a user interface that follows Oracle's Browser Look And Feel Plus (BLAF+) guidelines.

See Introduction to Oracle Help in *Developing Help Systems with Oracle Help*.