Oracle® Database Using Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace





Oracle Database Using Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace, Release 23ai

F70710-04

Copyright © 2020, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Primary Author: Oracle Corporation

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software, software documentation, data (as defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs) and Oracle computer documentation or other Oracle data delivered to or accessed by U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software," "commercial computer software documentation," or "limited rights data" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, reproduction, duplication, release, display, disclosure, modification, preparation of derivative works, and/or adaptation of i) Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs), ii) Oracle computer documentation and/or iii) other Oracle data, is subject to the rights and limitations specified in the license contained in the applicable contract. The terms governing the U.S. Government's use of Oracle cloud services are defined by the applicable contract for such services. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle®, Java, MySQL, and NetSuite are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Inside are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Epyc, and the AMD logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

	Preface	
	Audience	V
	Documentation Accessibility	V
	Related Information	V
	Conventions	V
Part	Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace	
1	Prerequisites	
	Prerequisites to Deploy Oracle GoldenGate Microservices	1-1
	OCI Policies Needed for Creating Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace Instances	v v v
	Configuring Source or Target Database for Replication	
	Cross Cloud Functionality	1-3
2	Getting Started with Oracle Cloud Marketplace	
	Overview	2-1
	Resources	2-1
3	Provisioning Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Marketplace	
	Finding Oracle GoldenGate within the Oracle Cloud Marketplace	3-1
	Deploying Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace	3-1
4	Getting Started with Oracle GoldenGate Microservices	
	Connecting to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node	4-1
	Setting up Oracle GoldenGate Microservices for Your Database	4-1
	Setting up for Oracle	
	Starting the Administration Service	
	Creating User Accounts	
	Creating Users in the Service Manager	4-2



	Creating Users in the Administration Service	4-3
	Changing Default Administrator Password	4-3
	Changing the Administrator Password for the Service Manager	4-3
	Changing the Administrator Password for the Administration Service	4-4
	Changing the Default GGSCHEMA Value	4-5
5	Connecting to Data Sources	
	Creating Data Source Connections in Oracle GoldenGate Microservices	5-1
	Enabling Logging, Checkpoint Tables, and Implementing Heartbeat Monitoring	5-1
	Connecting to Oracle Database (on-premises)	5-1
	Configure Oracle Database for Replication	5-2
	Configure Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Compute Node	5-2
	Connecting Oracle GoldenGate on Marketplace with Different Oracle GoldenGate Instances	5-3
	Securely Connecting Oracle GoldenGate Microservices On Premise to Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Marketplace	5-3
	Connecting Through Public IP Address	5-3
	In the On Premise Machine	5-3
	On Oracle Cloud Compute Node	5-5
	On Premise Machine	5-5
	Connecting to Oracle Autonomous Database	5-6
	Configure the Autonomous Database for Replication	5-6
	Autonomous Database Client Credentials	5-7
	Configure Oracle GoldenGate Microservices for Replication	5-9
Part	Additional Configurations	
6	Upscaling and Downscaling Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace Compute Shape Sizes	9
_		
7	Upgrading Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace Image	
	Stacks	7-1
	Retrieving a Stack	7-1
	Upgrading an Oracle Cloud Marketplace Image	7-2
8	Migrating to Exadata Cloud@Customer Using Oracle Zero Downtime Migration	



9 Removing Oracle GoldenGate Instance

10 Troubleshooting

Logdump	10-1
Enable Debug Logging for Oracle GoldenGate Microservices	10-1



Preface

This guide describes how to use Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace.

Audience

This guide is intended for system administrators and database users to learn about Oracle GoldenGate Microservices. It is assumed that readers are familiar with web technologies and have a general understanding of Windows and UNIX platforms.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customer access to and use of Oracle support services will be pursuant to the terms and conditions specified in their Oracle order for the applicable services.

Related Information

Oracle GoldenGate Documentation

Oracle GoldenGate for Distributed Applications and Analytics

OCI GoldenGate

Oracle Database High Availability

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

	·
Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, such as "From the File menu, select Save ." Boldface also is used for terms defined in text or in the glossary.
italic italic	Italic type indicates placeholder variables for which you supply particular values, such as in the parameter statement: TABLE table_name. Italic type also is used for book titles and emphasis.



Convention	Meaning	
monospace MONOSPACE	Monospace type indicates code components such as user exits and scripts; the names of files and database objects; URL paths; and input and output text that appears on the screen. Uppercase monospace type is generally used to represent the names of Oracle GoldenGate parameters, commands, and user-configurable functions, as well as SQL commands and keywords.	
UPPERCASE	Uppercase in the regular text font indicates the name of a process or utility unless the name is intended to be a specific case. Keywords in upper case (ADD EXTRACT, ADD EXTTRAIL, FORMAT RELEASE).	
LOWERCASE	Names of processes to be written in lower case. Examples: ADD EXTRACT exte, ADD EXTRAIL ea.	
{}	Braces within syntax enclose a set of options that are separated by pipe symbols, one of which must be selected, for example: {option1 option2 option3}.	
[]	Brackets within syntax indicate an optional element. For example in this syntax, the SAVE clause is optional: CLEANUP REPLICAT group_name [, SAVE count]. Multiple options within an optional element are separated by a pipe symbol, for example: [option1 option2].	
Sample Locations	Compass directions such as east, west, north, south to be used for demonstrating Extract and Replicat locations. Datacenters names to use the standard similar to dc1, dc2.	
Group names	 Prefixes for each process, as follows: Extract: ext. Usage with location: extn, where <i>n</i> indicates 'north' compass direction. Replicat: rep. Usage with location: repn, where <i>n</i> indicates 'north' compass direction. Distribution Path: dp. Usage with location: dpn, where <i>n</i> indicates 'north' compass direction. Checkpoint table: ggs_checkpointtable Trail file names: e or d depending on whether the trail file is for the Extract or distribution path. Suffix derived in alphabetical order. Usage for an Extract trail file: ea, eb, ec. Trail file subdirectory: The name will use compass directions to refer to the trail subdirectories. Example for trail subdirectory name would be / east, /west, /north, /south. 	



Part I

Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace

You need to use the *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation* along with the *Using Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace* guide to use Microservices on Marketplace.



1

Prerequisites

Following are the prerequisites for using Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace.

Supported Browsers

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure supports the latest desktop versions of Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, Safari, Firefox, and Firefox ESR.

Note that Mobile browsers as well as private browsing mode is not supported for Firefox or Edge.

Prerequisites to Deploy Oracle GoldenGate Microservices

Here are the prerequisites required to deploy Oracle GoldenGate Microservices:

- Oracle Cloud Account
- Access to assigned Oracle Cloud Tenant
- Compute node resources within Oracle Cloud Tenant
- Local SSH/RSA Key

Create an SSH/RSA Key

To work with the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure once the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node is built, you have to provide a SSH Public Key during the interview process that will allow you to log in to the node once built.

Perform the following steps to build your SSH keys:

 Open a Terminal window and start the key generation program by typing the following command:

```
$ ssh-keygen Generating public/private rsa key pair.
```

2. Enter the path to store this file. By default, this gets saved in your home directory under a hidden folder called .ssh. Change this default location, if required.

```
Enter file in which to save the key (/Users/johndoe/.ssh/id rsa): <Return>
```

3. Enter a passphrase for using your key.

```
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): <passphrase>
```

Re-enter the passphrase to confirm it.

```
Enter same passphrase again: <passphrase>
```

Check the results.

The key fingerprint (a colon separated series of 2 digit hexadecimal values) is displayed. Check if the path to the key is correct. In the above example, the path is /Users/johndoe/.ssh/id rsa.pub. You have now created a public or private key pair.



For generating key pair on Windows platform, refer to Creating a Key Pair section in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Documentation.

OCI Policies Needed for Creating Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace Instances

The following OCI policies are required for creating Oracle GoldenGate Market Place instances:

- Allow group <ggowner> to manage instance-family in compartment <Compartment Name>
- Allow group <qqowner> to manage orm-family in compartment <Compartment Name>
- Allow group <ggowner> to manage volume-family in compartment <Compartment Name>
- Allow group <ggowner> to use virtual-network-family in compartment <Compartment Name>
- Allow group <ggowner> to manage public-ips in compartment <Compartment Name>
- Allow group <ggowner> to use tag-namespaces in tenancy
- Allow group <ggowner> to inspect compartments in tenancy

Where *<ggowner>* is an example for a group and *<Compartment Name>* is an example of a compartment. The following are permission names: *instance-family*, *orm-family*, *volume-family*, *virtual-network-family*, and *public-ips*.

Note:

- The manage public-ips permission is required only if you give the instance a
 public IP address. Oracle GoldenGate uses reserved IP addresses so that the
 public address is preserved across stack upgrades.

Configuring Source or Target Database for Replication

Before you can begin replicating data, you should prepare the source or target database to support Oracle GoldenGate. For more information about steps to prepare your Oracle



database, see Configure Databases and view details for the relevant database in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation*.

Cross Cloud Functionality

Oracle GoldenGate is designed for large scale, cloud based architectures and Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace is a key to many cloud-based solutions. By using Oracle GoldenGate from the Oracle Cloud Marketplace, you can replicate data from on premise to the Oracle Cloud, between data points within the Oracle Cloud, or even between third party clouds.

Network Recommendations

The network recommendations listed here primarily apply for Oracle to Oracle replication, but the general rules apply to all platforms supported by Oracle GoldenGate. This applies to Oracle GoldenGate on-premise, in 3rd party clouds, in the Oracle cloud, and OCI GoldenGate.

- **For Capture**: Network latency is critical for performance throughput of an Extract and it is recommended to ensure that the Marketplace deployment is in the same region, or as close as possible, to the database server.
- For Replicat: If you run Oracle GoldenGate remotely (on a separate server from the database that Oracle GoldenGate is applying changes to) then the round trip ping time must be less than 5ms.
- For Oracle GoldenGate to Oracle GoldenGate communication: The Oracle GoldenGate trail files grows at about 30-40% of the generated redo log volume (if you are capturing 100% of the data). That means that Oracle GoldenGate sends about 30-40% of the generated redo log volume across the network. If the network is not able to scale to this volume, then you can enable compression on the trail file data being sent across the network. This compression can typically achieve 8:1 compression ratios or better. You can also modify the TCP window socket size and buffers as well.

The following table provides a matrix on cross cloud support for replication by using Oracle GoldenGate on the Oracle Cloud Marketplace:

Table 1-1 Oracle GoldenGate Cross-Cloud Support

Technology	Remote Capture	Remote Apply
Oracle Cloud Infrastructure	Yes	Yes
Amazon Web Services (AWS)	Yes	Yes
Microsoft Azure	Yes	Yes
Google Cloud Service	Yes	Yes



2

Getting Started with Oracle Cloud Marketplace

This chapter provides an introduction to Oracle GoldenGate on the Oracle Cloud Marketplace.

Topics:

Overview

Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace provides pre-installed versions of Oracle GoldenGate and offers the same benefits, scalability, security, and robustness that you can rely on for your enterprise replication needs.

Resources

The Oracle GoldenGate image on Oracle Cloud Marketplace contains the latest Oracle GoldenGate release that is available at the time of provisioning an instance.

The Oracle GoldenGate software is installed on the compute node under the /u01/app directory.

Supported Compute Shapes

Oracle GoldenGate runs on different OCI Compute Sizes. The following table provides details on the supported OCI Compute Sizes:

Compute Shape	ОСРИ	Memory (GB)	Max Network
			Bandwidth
VM.Standard2.1	1	15	1 Gbps
VM.Standard2.4	4	60	4.1 Gbps
VM.Standard2.8	8	160	8.2 Gbps
VM.Standard2.16	16	240	16.4 Gbps
VM.Standard2.24	24	320	24.6 Gbps
VM Standard 3 Flex	1 to 32	16 to 512	?
VM Standard E3 Flex	1 to 32	16 to 512	?
VM Standard E4 Flex	1 to 32	16 to 512	?

For pricing details on compute nodes, please refer to OCI Pricing.

Block Storage

The following table provides details on the default block storage configuration used by Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace.

Volume	Default Size	Configurable
Boot	50GB	Yes
Swap	256GB	Yes

Volume	Default Size	Configurable
Trail	512GB	Yes
Deployments	128GB	Yes
Cache Manager	128GB	Yes

For pricing details on block storage, please refer to Oracle Storage Cloud Pricing.



Provisioning Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Marketplace

This chapter describes the steps to provision Oracle GoldenGate Microservices for Oracle Cloud Marketplace.

Topics:

Finding Oracle GoldenGate within the Oracle Cloud Marketplace

To launch Oracle GoldenGate Microservices from Oracle Cloud Marketplace:

- Log in to Oracle Cloud Marketplace.
- 2. From the Oracle Cloud Marketplace home page, use the search box under Applications and search for the keywords *GoldenGate*.
- 3. From the search results, select one of the following: Oracle GoldenGate for Oracle, Oracle GoldenGate for Non-Oracle, or Oracle GoldenGate for Big Data, based on your required database or Big Data implementation.

Deploying Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace

After finding Oracle GoldenGate Microservices listing in Oracle Cloud Marketplace, you can deploy Oracle GoldenGate using the provided Stack Listing. This Terraform Stack prompts you for specific information and then builds the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Compute Node with the desired hardware settings, Oracle Database Client (if applicable), Oracle GoldenGate Microservices and the default deployment.

- 1. From the Application page, select **Get App**.
- 2. Select OCI Region or Log in using your Single Sign-On credentials.
 - OCI Region Select the desired region and click Create Stack.
- 3. Provide the OCI tenant details.
- 4. Sign in to the Identity provider and then provide the following details:
- 5. On the Oracle GoldenGate application page, provide the following information:
 - Select Version It provides a list of versions that are available in the listing.
 - **Select Compartment** Specifies the compartment where the compute node will be built. It is generally the location that you have access to build the compute node.
 - Terms of Use This check box is selected by default. Oracle recommends to review the licenses before proceeding with the instance creation.
 - Launch Stack It launches the stack in the OCI environment.
- 6. Fill in the required Stack information:



- Name Name of the Stack. It has a default name and provides a date time stamp. You can edit this detail, if required.
- Description Description of the Stack that you are creating.
- Create In Compartment It defaults to the compartment you have selected on the Oracle GoldenGate application page.
- Tags (optional) Tags are a convenient way to assign a tracking mechanism but are not mandatory. You can assign a tag of your choice for easy tracking. You have to assign a tag for some environments for cost analysis purposes.
- Click Next.
- 7. Fill in the required details to configure variables. This information is required to build the compute node with Oracle GoldenGate Microservices.
 - · Name for New Resources
 - a. **Display Name** Display name used to identify all new OCI resources.
 - b. Host DNS Name Name of the Domain Name Service for the new compute node.
 - Network Settings -
 - a. Create New Network Select this check box if you wish to create a new network resource.
 - If you select this check box, the Create New Network wizard appears allowing you to add and edit the new network information.
 - If you do not select this check box, the Create New Network wizard does not appear and the compute node is created with the existing network options in the VCN.
 - Network Compartment (optional) Compartment for new or existing network resources.
 - vCN (optional) Existing VCN to use for the newly created instance if you are not creating a new network.
 - **d. Subnet Network Compartment** (optional) It specifies the compartment in which the VCN submit resides.
 - e. **Subnet** (optional) Existing subnet to use for the newly created instance if you are not creating a new network. The subnet that you have selected must match the same Availability Domain set in the Instance Settings.
 - Instance Settings
 - a. Availability Domain It specifies the availability domain for the newly created Oracle GoldenGate Instance. It must match the Subnet that you have selected in the Use Existing Network settings.
 - b. Compute Shape Shape of new compute instance. Supported shapes are VM.Standard2.1, VM.Standard2.4, VM.Standard2.8, VM.Standard2.16, and VM.Standard2.24, VM.Standard3.Flex, VM.Standard.E3.Flex, and VM.Standard.E4.Flex
 - c. Assign Public IP This option indicates if the newly created VM should have a public IP address. This option is selected by default. If you clear this check box, no public IP address will be assigned preventing public access to the compute node.



Note:

If you are using a private IP address to access the compute node, you have to set up an IPSec VPN or FastConnect connection. Refer to OCI documentation for more details.

- d. Custom Volume Sizes- Select this check box to customize the size of the new block storage volumes that are built for the compute node. Block Storage (Custom Volume Sizes):
 - Boot Volume Size Default value is 50GB
 - ii. Swap Volume Size Default value is 256GB
 - iii. Trails Volume Size Default value is 512GB
 - iv. Deployments Volume Size Default value is 50GB
 - Cache Manager Volume Size with a default of 256GB
- · Create Oracle GoldenGate Deployment
 - a. Deployment: An option for the Oracle Database Marketplace image is to select Deployment - Autonomous Database which then prompts you for more information about the Autonomous DB to connect to the GoldenGate Deployment with the following details:
 - Deployment Name: Name of the Oracle GoldenGate Deployment.
 - Deployment Autonomous Database. Select if deployment connects to an Autonomous Database
 - Deployment Autonomous Database Compartment. Compartment that existing Autonomous Database resides in Deployment - Autonomous Database instance.
 - Choose an Autonomous Database instance: This variable is required.
- Shell Access -
 - SSH Public Key Public Key for allowing SSH access as the opc user. Enter the key and click Next.
- 8. On the **Review** page, review the information you provided and then click **Create**.
- After clicking Create, you are navigated to the Stacks Job Details page. You can monitor the creation of the compute node using this page.
- **10.** Upon completion, you can now view the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices compute node under **Instances**.



4

Getting Started with Oracle GoldenGate Microservices

After deploying Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on the Oracle Cloud Marketplace, you can access the latest release of Oracle GoldenGate.

Connecting to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node

To access the new Oracle GoldenGate deployment, log in to the compute node using the following steps. For this, you need to identify the IP address of the compute node where Oracle GoldenGate is running.



If the instance has a public IP address, you can use it to connect using SSH. If the instance only has a private IP address, then use the bastion service to start a bastion session to SSH to the instance.

To identify the IP address:

- Log in to your Oracle Cloud Console.
- 2. Select Compute -> Instances.
- Select the hyperlink name of the compute node. The IP Address is listed under Instance Access.
- 4. To access the compute node where Oracle GoldenGate is running, connect as the opc account using SSH. For more information on how to access a node using the opc account, see Connecting to an Instance.

A public SSH key is specified as a part of the deployment process and you can use the private key when you are connecting to the Oracle GoldenGate instance. The following example illustrates how you connect to the Oracle GoldenGate compute node:

 $\verb| ssh -i| private-key-file name opc@public-id-address| \\$

Next you need the Administrator Password before you connect to the Service Manager.

Setting up Oracle GoldenGate Microservices for Your Database

Before you can start using Oracle GoldenGate Microservices, there are a few tasks that you must perform, depending on your database platform, to ensure that your environment is complete and ready to replicate your data.

Setting up for Oracle

The Oracle GoldenGate image on Oracle Cloud Marketplace contains the latest Oracle GoldenGate release along with Oracle Database Client software for all supported versions of the Oracle database.

For supported Oracle Database platforms for Oracle GoldenGate, see the latest certification matrix.

For more information about setting up the environment variables, such as LD_LIBRARY_PATH and the instant client directories, see OGGCA User Deployment in *Oracle Golden Gate Microservices Documentation*.

Starting the Administration Service

To start the Administration Service:

- Navigate to the Service Manager login page. You can reach the Service Manager page by using the public IP address that you obtained when you performed a look up of the compute node information for the environment: https://public ip address
- Under Services, use the Action drop-down for the Administration Service, and select Start

Creating User Accounts

To secure your Oracle GoldenGate Microservices deployment, you should consider creating new user accounts for your Oracle GoldenGate users and assign each account to the functional role that they are expected to perform. These roles are as follows:

- Security
- Administrator
- Operator
- User

Oracle GoldenGate users only have access permissions according to their defined access levels. For more information on how Oracle GoldenGate Security Framework is used, refer to Authentication and Authorization in Oracle GoldenGate in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation*.

Topics:

- · Creating Users in the Service Manager
- Creating Users in the Administration Service

Creating Users in the Service Manager

After you log in to the Service Manager as Administrator, you can create users with the different roles such as Administrator, Operator, or User. Users with the Security role can administer all Microservices.



To create users in the Service Manager:

- 1. Navigate to the **Service Manager** log in page. You can reach the Service Manager page by using the public IP address that you obtained when you looked up the compute node information for the environment: https://public ip address.
- Log in using the oggadmin user and the password credentials located in the /home/opc/ ogg credentials.json file.
- 3. Click the menu icon present on the top left corner to open the menu section.
- 4. Select the **User Administration** option from the menu.
- 5. On the **Users** screen, select the plus (+) icon to add a new user.
- Fill in all the required fields.
- Click Submit to create the new user.

Creating Users in the Administration Service

After logging in to the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Administration Service as the Administrator, for the specified deployment, you can create a new user with the role of Administrator, Operator, or User to administer the deployment.

To create Users in the Administration Service:

- 1. Log in to the Administration Service using the Security Role User (oggadmin) credentials.
- 2. Click the menu icon present in the top left corner to open the menu.
- 3. From the menu, select the **User Administration** option.
- 4. From the **Users** screen, select the plus (+) icon, to create a new user.
- 5. Fill in the details for all the required fields and click **Submit**.



Passwords must be 8 to 30 characters long and contain at least 1 uppercase, 1 lowercase, 1 numeric, and 1 special character. Special characters such as '\$', '^', or '?'are not allowed.

Changing Default Administrator Password

Changing passwords for critical accounts, such as *oggadmin*, is the first priority in securing your Oracle GoldenGate Microservices deployment. To change the password for *oggadmin*, you must first change it in the Service Manager and then in Administration Service.

This topic describes the following:

Changing the Administrator Password for the Service Manager

To change the Administrator password for the Service Manager:



 Navigate to the Service Manager login page. You can reach the Service Manager page by using the public IP address that you obtained when you performed a look up of the compute node information for the environment.

https://public_ip_address

- 2. Log in using the *oggadmin* user and password credentials located in the /home/opc/ogg-credentials.json file.
- 3. Select the menu icon present on the top left corner to open the menu.
- 4. Select **User Administration** option from the menu.
- 5. From the **Users** screen, select the **Pencil** icon under **Actions** column.
- Update the password for the oggadmin user and click Submit.When the password is successfully reset, the current user is logged out.
- 7. Log in again to the Service Manager by using the new password.



Passwords must be 8 to 30 characters long and must contain at least 1 uppercase, 1 lowercase, 1 numeric, and 1 special character. Special characters such as '\$', '^', or '?' are not allowed.

Changing the Administrator Password for the Administration Service

After changing the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Service Manager security role user password, you should change the password of the security role user in the underlying deployments.

To change the Administrator password for the Administration Service:

- 1. From the **Service Manager** left-navigation pane, click Deployments and then select the deployment name.
- 2. Click Administration Service from the Deployments page to open the Administration Service web interface for the deployment.
- 3. Log in using the *oggadmin* user credentials available in the following location:

/home/opc/ogg credentials.json

- 4. Select the menu icon present on the top left corner to open the menu.
- 5. Select **User Administration** option from the menu.
- 6. From the **Users** screen, select the **Pencil** icon under **Actions** column.
- Update the essential details for password and info sections for the oggadmin user and click Submit.
 - When the password is successfully reset, the current user is logged out.
- 8. Log in again to the Administration Service by using the new password.

See Edit Users in Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation.





Passwords must be 8 to 30 characters long and contain at least 1 uppercase, 1 lowercase, 1 numeric, and 1 special character. Special characters such as '\$', '^', or '?' are not allowed.

Changing the Default GGSCHEMA Value

By default, Oracle GoldenGate Microservices deployments on OCI Marketplace creates a default GGSCHEMA of oggadmin.

When connecting deployments to source and target databases, for some databases, such as SQL Server, Oracle GoldenGate needs to create objects in the database. These are created objects using the oggadmin schema, unless otherwise specified.

This means that in the source or target databases, that a schema called oggadmin needs to be created in advance of adding supplemental logging (TRANDATA), creating heartbeat tables, and creating checkpoint tables.

If you prefer to use a different schema instead of the default oggadmin schema, then you can manually modify the value, following the steps listed in the Creating a Parameter File in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation* guide.

After you have modified the GGSCHEMA value, for these processes to recognize the new schema, you need to restart the Administration service and any existing Extracts and Replicats.



Connecting to Data Sources

Learn about different methods of connecting Oracle GoldenGate data sources and targets and how to add Extract and Replicats.

Creating Data Source Connections in Oracle GoldenGate Microservices

To create and run Extract and Replicat processes, enable supplemental logging and add heartbeat and checkpoint tables, you need to set up database connections.

- Launch the Administration Service interface and log in.
- 2. Click **DB Connections** from the **Application Navigation** pane.
- Click the + sign next to DB Connections, and set up your new credential alias, then click Submit.
- 4. Click the Connect icon to verify that the new alias can correctly log in to the database. If an error occurs, then click the Alter Credential icon to correct the credential information, and then test the log in.

You can edit existing credentials to change the user name and password. Delete a credential by clicking the trash icon.

When you successfully log into your database, you can add and manage checkpoint tables, transaction information, and heartbeat tables. All of the tables can be searched using the various search fields.

Enabling Logging, Checkpoint Tables, and Implementing Heartbeat Monitoring

After you have created Credentials for your source and target databases, you can enable transaction log for source databases, create checkpoint tables for target databases, and create heartbeat monitoring, all through the Credentials.

For more information about how to create the processes, see Before Adding Extract and Replicat in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation*.

Connecting to Oracle Database (on-premises)

You can use Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Marketplace to remotely capture from and apply data to on-premises Oracle database resources. This allows you to enable replication and centrally manage the replication processes.

Use Cases for Replication

You can use Oracle GoldenGate Microservices to replicate data between data resources in the following use cases:

- Migrations
- Data Distribution
- Real-Time Data Warehousing
- Operational Reporting

Replicating Data from On-premises Prerequisites

Ensure that the following are set up before you begin replication:

- Oracle GoldenGate Microservices
- Source Database
- Target Database

To move data from on-premises to the cloud or from on-premises to on-premises, perform the following tasks :

Configure Oracle Database for Replication

To prepare your Database as a Service (DBaaS) instance for replication, perform the following tasks:

- Configure Logging Properties
 - Enable Supplemental Logging
- 2. Enable Oracle GoldenGate within the Oracle Database
 - Update parameter for enable goldengate replication

For more details, see Prepare Oracle Database for Oracle in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation*.

Configure Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Compute Node

To connect the Microservices Compute Node to any database, edit the tnsnames.ora file and point the entry to your database resources.

By default, the environment variable ${\tt TNS_ADMIN}$ is pre-configured for each deployment. But the files ${\tt tnsnames.ora}$ or ${\tt sqlnet.ora}$ are not readily available on the compute node. You need to create the files or copy them from an existing file.

Note:

- If you are using Oracle Autonomous products, see About Replication to Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Cloud in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices*Documentation.
- If you want your networking directory structure to be consistent with other Oracle products, you must append /network/admin to the directory structure. For this you have to change the environment variable TNS_ADMIN. For more information on Local Naming Parameters, refer to Database Net Services Reference.



Connecting Oracle GoldenGate on Marketplace with Different Oracle GoldenGate Instances

Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace enables you to connect and work with many existing and new Oracle GoldenGate instances.

This topic helps you with a few examples and steps required to set up and configure the architectures. The supported architectures are:

- On-premise to Oracle Cloud (Marketplace)
- Oracle Cloud to Oracle Cloud (Marketplace to Marketplace)

Securely Connecting Oracle GoldenGate Microservices On Premise to Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Marketplace

You can connect your on-premises Oracle GoldenGate Microservices architecture to the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices architecture on Oracle Cloud Marketplace using the following methods:

- Connecting through Public IP Address
- Connecting through IPSec VPN
- Connecting through FastConnect

The following section helps you to connect through public IP address. To use the IPSec VPN or the FastConnect approach, refer to the respective VPN Connect and FastConnect documentation.

Connecting Through Public IP Address

By default, we configure Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace behind the Nginx Reverse Proxy. This simplifies the architecture on Oracle Cloud and also makes the deployment secure. When you connect over a public IP address, on-premises Oracle GoldenGate Microservices architecture has to be secure.

When the deployment is secure and in order to connect to it securely, perform the following steps on the on premise machine and the Oracle Cloud compute node:

In the On Premise Machine

Test the connection to Oracle Cloud Compute Node using OpenSSL.

```
$ openssl s_client -connect <public IP address>:443
```

- Copy the ogg.pem file from the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices compute node to the on premise environment.
 - a. Copy the ogg.pem to the local machine.

```
$ scp opc@<public ip address>:/etc/nginx/ogg.pem
```



b. Check if the ogg.pem file is present on the local machine through the following command:

```
$ ls -a
```

3. Update the local wallet for Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Distribution Service with the ogg.pem file. You have to assign it as a trusted certificate.

Note:

In Oracle GoldenGate Microservices 21c and later, certificates should be added using APIs.

a. Find the required wallet.

```
$ ps -ef | grep -i distsrvr
```

i. Use the listed dat file.

```
$ cat <dat file> | python -m json.tool
```

- ii. Get the wallet location for the Distribution Service. For example: \$DEPLOYMENT HOME/etc/ssl/<distribution service wallet>
- **b.** Update the wallet.

```
$ $OGG_HOME/bin/orapki wallet add -wallet <wallet directory> -
trusted cert -cert <certificate file path> -pwd <wallet password>
```

For example:

```
$OGG_HOME/bin/orapki wallet add -wallet /opt/app/oracle/
gg_deployments/on-premises/etc/ssl/DistroClient -trusted_cert -cert /
home/oracle/oci_cert.pem -pwd ********
```

c. Check the wallet.

```
\ GG_HOME/bin/orapki wallet display -wallet <wallet directory> -pwd <wallet password>
```

For example:

```
$OGG_HOME/bin/orapki wallet display -wallet /opt/app/oracle/
gg_deployments/on-premises/etc/ssl/DistroClient -pwd *******
```

- d. As root user, update the on premise /etc/hosts file. You can find the information that needs to go in to the /etc/hosts file on the Oracle GoldenGate Oracle Cloud Compute Node Instance in the Details page. The required information includes:
 - Public IP Address
 - Internal FQDN



From the Internal FQDN, you have to use the short hostname as well.

- Stop the Microservices components. Any running Extracts and/or Replicats are not affected.
 - i. Stop the deployment
 - Login to ServiceManager.
 - Under Deployments, click Action, to stop the deployment.
 - ii. Start and Stop Deployments and Servers. See Setting Up Secure or Non-Secure Deployments in Using Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Architecture guide.
- f. Start the Microservices Components.
 - Start the Deployment
 - Login to ServiceManager.
 - Under Deployments, click Action, to start the deployment.

On Oracle Cloud Compute Node

Follow the below steps from the Administration Service tab on the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices configuration page on Oracle Cloud:

- Create a user, who can login to the environment and connect to the Receiver Service.
 - Login to the Administration Service. For this, you will need the oggadmin password available in the ogg-credentials.json file, unless you changed it after the initial setup.

```
https://<public id address>/<deployment name>/adminsrvr
```

For example-

```
https://<public ip address>/OCI-BASE/adminsrvr
```

- 2. Open the context menu and select the Administrator option.
- Click the plus (+) icon, to add a new user with Operator role. This account is used by the on premise Distribution Service to login through the Reverse Proxy.

Provide the following information:

```
Username: streamnetwork
Role: Operator
Type: Basic
Info: Network User
Password: ********
Verify Password: ********
```

On Premise Machine

In the on premise machine:

- From the Administration Service tab on the on premise environment, create an alias that
 can connect to the network user created in the previous step. This alias is used by the
 Distribution Service to connect to the Receiver Service on Oracle Cloud.
 - Login to the Administration Service.



- Open the context menu and select Configuration.
- Click the plus (+) icon, to add a new credential.
- Add a new Credential by providing the following information:

```
Credential Domain: Network
Credential Alias: streamnetwork
User ID: streamnetwork
Password: ********
Verify Password: ********
```



You cannot validate the new credential, as it is not logged in to the database.

- 2. In the Distribution Service on the on-premise environment,
 - Provide information needed for the Distribution Path. The basic information required are:

```
Path Name: OP20CI
Reverse Proxy Enabled: Toggle to on
Use Basic Authentication: Toggle to on
Source: Select Extract and provide source trail file info
Target:

Keep the WSS protocol
Provide the Hostname of the OCI Compute node - IP will not work
Provide remote trail file name
Provide Deployment name
Domain: Network
Alias: securitynetwork
Trail Size (MB): set to desired size
```

Click Create or Create and Run.

Connecting to Oracle Autonomous Database

You can replicate data to an Oracle Autonomous Database instance and capture data from an Oracle Autonomous Database instance by using Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace. The steps described in this section, streamline the approach for making a remote connection to Oracle Autonomous Database.

To learn about replicating data with an Autonomous Database, see Configure Autonomous Database Capture for Replication in the *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation* guide.

Configure the Autonomous Database for Replication

Unlock the Precreated Oracle GoldenGate User (ggadmin)

Perform the following steps to configure the Autonomous Database for Replication:

 Unlock and change the password for the precreated Oracle GoldenGate user (ggadmin) within the Autonomous Data Warehouse. Use any SQL client tool to unlock the account. For more details, see About Replication to Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Cloud in *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation*.

```
SQL> select * from dba_users order by username;
SQL> alter user ggadmin identified by password account unlock;
```

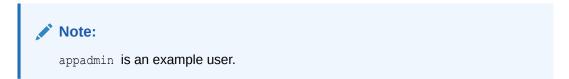
2. Check whether the parameter <code>enable_goldengate_replicaton</code> is set to true. If not, then modify the parameter.

```
SQL> select * from v$parameter where name =
'enable_goldengate_replication';
SQL> alter system set enable goldengate replication = true scope=both;
```

Create Target Schema

Complete the following steps to create schema and target objects that can be used in replication. This schema and associated objects does not support DDL replication.

 Create a new application user/schema. This user/schema stores the target objects for replication.



```
SQL> create user appadmin identified by *******
SQL> grant create session, resource, create view, create table to appadmin;
SQL> alter user appadmin quota unlimited on data;
```

Connect to Oracle Autonomous Database as a user/schema and create your application tables.

Autonomous Database Client Credentials

Obtain the Autonomous Database Client Credentials

To establish connection to your Autonomous Database, you must download the client credential files from the Autonomous Database Service Console. For more information, see Downloading Client Credentials section of *Using Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse* guide .



If you do not have administrator access to the Autonomous Database, ask your service administrator to download and provide the credential files to you. After you have the credential files for your Autonomous Database, you should upload the zip file to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node.

Perform the following steps to obtain the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Cloud account details:

1. Log in to your Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Cloud account.

- From the Instance page, click the menu option for the Autonomous Database instance and select Service Console.
- 3. Log in to the Service Console using the admin username, and its associated password.
- 4. In the Service Console, click the Administration tab.
- 5. Click Download Client Credentials.
- 6. Enter a password to secure your credentials zip file and click Download.
- 7. Save the credentials zip file to your local system.

Move Client Credentials to Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node

In order to establish a connection from Oracle GoldenGate to the Autonomous Data Warehouse, you need to move the client credentials to Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node. The following steps will illustrate how to move the credential zip file from your machine to Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node.

Connect to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node using SSH and opc user credentials.

```
ssh -i private key opc@public ip address
```

2. Create a staging directory and grant the essential permissions and then exit the session.

```
$ mkdir stage
$ exit
```

3. Copy the credentials zip file to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node.

```
$ scp ./credential file.zip opc@public id address:~/stage
```

4. Connect to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node.

```
ssh -i private key opc@public ip address
```

5. Verify whether the credentials zip file is available in the stage location.

```
$ cd ~/stage
$ ls -ltr
```

Configure Oracle Goldengate Compute Node with Autonomous Client Credentials

After moving the ADWC Client Credentials to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node, you have to install the necessary files and ensure you have a connection to the Autonomous Data Warehouse. The following steps will help you configure the required SQL*Net components:

1. Log in to the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node using SSH and the opc user credentials.

```
ssh -i private_key opc@public_ip_address
```

2. Unzip the client credentials file into a temporary directory.

```
unzip ./credential_file.zip -d ./client_credentials
```



3. Copy the sqlnet.ora and tnsnames.ora files to the location of your TNS ADMIN.

```
$ cd ~/stage/client_credentials
$ cp ./sqlnet.ora /u02/deployments/deployment/etc
$ cp ./tnsnames.ora /u02/deployments/deployment/etc
```



If you want your networking directory structure to be consistent with other Oracle products, you must append/network/admin to the directory structure. For this you have to change the environment variable TNS_ADMIN. For more information on Local Naming Parameters, refer to Database Net Services Reference.

4. Edit the sqlnet.ora file and replace the directory parameter with the location of the information pointing to the location where the client credentials were unzipped.

```
$ cd /u02/deployments/deployment/etc
$ vi ./sqlnet.ora
```

Change ?/network/admin to /home/opc/stage/client credentials.

5. For testing purposes, set the TNS_ADMIN and ORACLE_HOME environment variables at the operating system level.



The Oracle GoldenGate Deployment(s) use the <code>ORACLE_HOME</code> and <code>TNS_ADMIN</code> environment variables that are set per deployment.

```
$ export ORACLE_HOME=/u01/app/client/oracle version
$ export TNS ADMIN=/u02/deployments/deployment/etc
```

6. Test the connection to Autonomous Data Warehouse by connecting to one of the entries in the tnsnames.ora file.

```
$ cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
$ ./sqlplus appadmin/*******@orcladw low
```

Configure Oracle GoldenGate Microservices for Replication

Perform the following steps for establishing a successful connection to the Autonomous Database with Oracle GoldenGate Microservices.

Add Oracle GoldenGate Credential to Connect to Autonomous Database

To add Oracle GoldenGate Credential details, to connect to Autonomous Database:

1. Log in to the Service Manager using the password for oggadmin.

- 2. From the **Service Manager** main page, select the hyperlink for the port number associated with the **Administration Service**.
- 3. Open the context menu in the top left corner of the **Overview** page.
- **4.** From the context menu, select **Configuration**.
- 5. From the **Database** tab, click the plus (+) icon, to add a new credential.
- 6. Provide the following information and click **Submit**.

```
Credential Domain: [Defaults to OracleGoldenGate]
Credential Alias: [Name of the Alias]
User ID: ggadmin@adw_tnsnames_reference
Pasword: [Password for ggadmin]
Verify Password: [Password for ggadmin]
```

Test the connection to the Autonomous Database by clicking the Log in Database icon after the credential has been added.



Part II

Additional Configurations

This part contains the following chapters:

Refer to Connecting Microservices Architecture and Classic Architecture in the *Oracle GoldenGate Microservices Documentation* .



6

Upscaling and Downscaling Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace Compute Shape Sizes

This chapter helps you in dynamically changing the compute shape sizes of your Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace compute node.

To upscale or downscale your Oracle GoldenGate Compute Shape:

- Log in to your OCI Tenancy.
- From the Context menu present on the top left corner of your screen, select Compute -> Instances .
- Select the Oracle GoldenGate Compute Node that you wish to upscale to display the Instance Details page.
- 4. Click **Edit** to display the **Edit Instance** page and enter the name of the instance.
- 5. Click Edit Shape to display the Share Summary.



You may see more shapes listed, depending on your access to OCI compute resources. But, you can only upscale to shapes that are supported for Oracle GoldenGate on Oracle Cloud Marketplace. For more information see Compute Shapes.

6. Select the required compute shape and click **Save Changes**.

This restarts your compute node. Once the compute node is restarted, check your access to Service Manager by using the Public IP address.

7

Upgrading Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace Image

This chapter helps you to upgrade an existing (or older version of) Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace stack to the latest release, using the OCI Stacks approach.



Upgrade from a 19c or 21c stack to the 23ai release is not permitted.

Note:

OCI GoldenGate Marketplace will only keep the latest five patch versions of the GoldenGate image for each release baseline. We recommend that users update to the latest OCI GoldenGate Marketplace patch version whenever possible. OCI GoldenGate Marketplace typically implements quarterly patches/updates for the image, however there may be additional interim patch version releases for urgent updates. Overall, availability of patch versions of an image older than latest 5 releases is not guaranteed.

Before any upgrade, ensure to do the following:

- 1. Shut down all the Oracle GoldenGate processes in the VM instance.
- 2. Backup all the block storage just in case you need revert it back in the future for a failed upgrade/update.

Stacks

Stacks are zip files that contain the latest Terraform code base. These stacks enable you to provision a new compute node and attach your existing block storage. This approach ensures that Oracle GoldenGate does not lose any associated data present in the environment.

Retrieving a Stack

Before you upgrade Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace, you have to retrieve the latest stack. To retrieve a stack:

- 1. Log in to the Oracle Cloud Interface (OCI).
- 2. In the home page, navigate to the top left corner to select the Context menu.
- Select Marketplace -> All Applications.

- Search for Oracle GoldenGate for Oracle.
- 5. Downloaded zip file to perform the upgrade.

Upgrading an Oracle Cloud Marketplace Image

The upgrade process is only valid for the upgrade or patching within the same major version, for example, from v21c to v21c or 23ai to V23ai. Current Marketplace doesn't support major version upgrade through image update.

To upgrade an existing Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace image, perform the following tasks:



These steps are applicable in Oracle GoldenGate Marketplace that are updated from Terraform ν .14 to 1.0.x only.

- Download the correct version of the Stack.
- Log in to the Oracle Cloud Interface (OCI) Console.
- On the Home page, click the navigation menu in the top left corner and under Developer Services, click Resource Manager, and then click Stacks.
- 4. Select an existing stack that you want to upgrade.
- 5. Click **Edit** from the top menu.
- Click Browse to select the downloaded stack.
- 7. Upload the new .zip file.
- 8. Update the terraform version in the stack to 1.0.x and click Next.
- 9. Verify that the pre-filled details are accurate and click **Save Changes**.
- **10.** Login to your Oracle GoldenGate Instance and stop all the running Oracle GoldenGate processes. Ensure that you stop all the Microservices (Administration Service, Distribution Service, Receiver Service and Performance Metrics Service) including Service Manager.
- 11. Go to Compute and select Instances.
- **12.** Terminate the existing compute instance that needs to be upgraded.
- **13.** Ensure that the **Permanently delete the attached boot volume** option is selected.
- **14.** After the instance is terminated, from the left navigation pane, select **Developer Services** and click **Resource Manager** and then click **Stacks**.
- **15.** Select the **Stack** that you edited in step 6, for upgrade.
- 16. Click Apply Job.

Wait until the job completes and verify whether the compute node is up and running.

17. After upgrade, remove the compute instance's IP address from the ~/.ssh/known_hosts file, so that you can log in to the compute node to start all the Oracle GoldenGate processes.



Migrating to Exadata Cloud@Customer Using Oracle Zero Downtime Migration

The Marketplace image **Oracle GoldenGate for Oracle – Database Migrations** contains a downloadable Docker image that you can install on premises in order to migrate data to Exadata Cloud@Customer using Oracle Zero Downtime Migration (ZDM). All migration targets other than Exadata Cloud@Customer should use the Oracle GoldenGate installation on the Marketplace compute instance instead of the docker image.

For more information on Oracle Zero Downtime Migration, see Move to Oracle Cloud Using Zero Downtime Migration.

It is required to have a Docker engine set up on the system that will host the Docker image. For more information about setting up a Docker engine, see Docker Documentation.

- Provision and start an Oracle GoldenGate for Oracle Database Migrations Marketplace compute instance. This is necessary to download the docker image from the Marketplace instance. You can stop the instance and delete it once the docker image is downloaded.
- 2. Use SFTP or SCP to download the docker image file from the following location: / home/opc/ora23ai-23412405.tar.
- 3. Load the docker image to your Docker Engine installation using docker load command as shown in the following example:

```
[opc@zdmol8 ~]$ sudo docker image list
Emulate Docker CLI using podman. Create /etc/containers/nodocker to quiet msg.
REPOSITORY TAG
                 IMAGE ID CREATED
[opc@zdmol8 ~]$
[opc@zdmol8 ~]$ sudo docker load < ./ora23ai-23412405.tar
Emulate Docker CLI using podman. Create /etc/containers/nodocker to quiet msg.
Getting image source signatures
Copying blob 24bb09b2817c done
Copying blob ae9fal11a1ac done
Copying blob 67d008ba80bc done
Copying blob 0d2d7cc2c739 done
Copying blob 8e10c3fcde59 done
Copying blob 006248eeb32f done
Copying config 3b6feb874a done
Writing manifest to image destination
Storing signatures
Loaded image: docker.io/oracle/goldengate:23.5.0.0.0
```

For more information about usage of docker, see Docker Documentation.

4. Run the image as a container using the docker run command. The image needs to expose port 443 for HTTPS access to the Oracle GoldenGate web UI and API, use appropriate parameters to expose and map ports. As part of the docker run output, the password for the ggadmin user is generated and displayed as follows:

Ensure to change the password later in the Oracle GoldenGate web UI.



For more information about the parameters for the docker run command, see *Running Oracle GoldenGate in a Container* in the GITHUB page. All the parameters here are optional. The docker image was created using the docker file from that project described in this page.

5. Once the docker container has started, you can access it through the Oracle GoldenGate web UI using http://hostname, where hostname is the hostname or IP address of the server where the docker container was started. If port 443 was remapped to a different port, then adjust the URL accordingly.



9

Removing Oracle GoldenGate Instance

To remove the Oracle GoldenGate Instance from your Oracle Cloud environment, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to your Oracle Cloud Account.
- 2. Select Resource Manager → Stacks from the menu.

You can get a list of stacks that are built in your compartment.

- 3. Click the link of the stack that you want to remove.
- 4. In the Stack, select Destroy from the TerraForm Action drop-down list.

This permanently removes your Oracle GoldenGate Instance.

5. Delete the stack (optional).



10

Troubleshooting

This chapter helps you in troubleshooting the problems that occur when you deploy Oracle GoldenGate Microservices on Oracle Cloud Marketplace.

Topics:

Logdump

The logdump utility is used to open, control the display, navigate through a file, search, filter, view and save data that is stored in the trail or extract file. This is a key utility in troubleshooting issues related to data within an Oracle GoldenGate environment.

For more information on how to use Logdump to its potential, please refer to the Logdump Reference for Oracle GoldenGate documentation.

Enable Debug Logging for Oracle GoldenGate Microservices

You can enable debug logging in the Oracle GoldenGate Microservices framework, which enables you to diagnose all the processes happening in a particular service. It can be enabled for any of the HTML5 development services. The following steps help you to enable debugging for the services:

- 1. Log in to Distribution Service or any service HTML5 pages.
- 2. Open the context menu to display options for that page.
- 3. Select Debug Log.
- 4. Click the Enable Debug Log toggle switch, to enable it.