

Oracle® Argus Safety

Installation Guide

Release 8.2.1

F18582-01

August 2019

Oracle Argus Safety Installation Guide, Release 8.2.1

F18582-01

Copyright © 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

Preface	xi
Where to Find More Information.....	xi
Documentation Accessibility	xi
Part I Prepare to Install Argus Safety	
1 System Requirements	
1.1 Hardware Requirements for Argus Safety.....	1-1
1.2 Software Requirements for Argus Safety	1-2
1.2.1 Operating System	1-2
1.2.2 Oracle Components	1-2
1.2.3 Other Components	1-4
1.2.4 Generic—Other Supported Features	1-4
2 Install Oracle Database	
2.1 Get the Oracle Database Installation Guide.....	2-1
2.2 Download and Extract the Oracle Database Software	2-1
2.3 Install Oracle Database.....	2-1
2.3.1 Database Software Installation Options	2-2
2.3.2 Database Configuration Options.....	2-2
2.3.3 Install and Apply Oracle Patch Set	2-2
2.4 Set Up Database Parameters	2-3
2.4.1 Argus Safety Database Instance Parameters (Recommended)	2-3
2.4.2 Additional Database Setup Information	2-3
2.5 Table Partitioning (Optional)	2-4
Part II Set Up Argus Safety Middle and Client Tiers	
3 Install and Configure Argus Safety Web	
3.1 Prerequisites	3-1
3.2 Install Argus Safety Web	3-1
3.3 Enable SSL Support for Windows Server.....	3-2
3.4 Configure Load Balancer in Argus Web.....	3-2
3.4.1 Set Up Argus Web Load Balancer IP Address	3-3

3.4.2	Set Up Shared Network Directory	3-3
3.5	Reset IIS	3-3
4	Enable IIS HTTP Compression	
4.1	IIS Web Page Compression	4-1
4.1.1	HTTP Compression	4-1
4.1.2	Known Effects of Enabling Compression	4-1
4.1.3	Enable HTTP Compression	4-1
4.2	IIS Caching Settings	4-2
4.2.1	IIS Caching	4-2
4.2.2	Known Effects of Enabling Caching	4-2
4.2.3	Enable Caching	4-2
4.3	Local Internet Explorer (IE) Client Caching Settings	4-3
4.3.1	IE Client Caching	4-3
4.3.2	Enable IE Caching	4-3
4.3.3	IE Client Caching—Tab Options	4-3
5	Install and Start Argus Safety Service	
5.1	Install Argus Safety Service	5-1
5.2	Start Argus Safety Service	5-1
5.3	Set Up RightFax	5-2
6	Install and Configure Interchange	
6.1	Prerequisites	6-1
6.2	Install Interchange Service	6-1
6.3	Configure Interchange Service	6-2
6.4	Access EDI Gateway Shared Folders	6-2
6.5	Configure Interchange Service .INI File	6-3
7	Set Up the Client Browser	
7.1	Prerequisites	7-1
7.2	Install Files Required to View Japanese Text (For Japanese installation only)	7-1
7.3	Configure Internet Explorer	7-1
7.4	Add the Argus Site as a Local Intranet Site	7-2
7.5	Add Argus Site to the Enterprise Mode	7-3
7.6	Set Up Compatibility View with Internet Explorer	7-3
8	Post-installation Checks	
8.1	Post-Installation Tasks	8-1
8.1.1	General Checklist	8-1
8.1.2	Configure Worklist Intake	8-1
8.1.2.1	RelsysWindowsService.exe.config	8-2
8.1.2.2	Service.config	8-3
8.1.2.3	Intake.config	8-3
8.1.3	Verify and Update Network Proxy Settings	8-4

8.2	Verify Files Installed on Middle Tier Servers	8-4
-----	---	-----

9 Other Tasks

9.1	Configure Argus.xml File	9-1
9.2	Configure Argus.ini File	9-1
9.2.1	Argus.ini Parameters.....	9-2
9.3	Install SSO on Oracle Access Manager 11g.....	9-3
9.3.1	Prerequisites	9-3
9.3.2	Install SSO.....	9-3
9.4	Installation Maintenance Tasks.....	9-5
9.4.1	Install New Components.....	9-5
9.4.2	Uninstall Components	9-5
9.4.3	Remove All Components.....	9-5
9.5	Argus Configuration Files	9-6
9.5.1	Backup Configuration Files.....	9-6

Part III Install or Upgrade Argus Safety Database Tier

10 Install Argus Safety Database

10.1	Create Argus Safety Database Schema	10-1
10.1.1	Prepare to execute the DBInstaller	10-2
10.1.1.1	Prerequisites	10-2
10.1.1.2	Install Java	10-2
10.1.1.3	Set Java Install Path.....	10-2
10.1.1.4	Install XDB Schema for Interchange	10-3
10.1.2	Run Create DBA User Script	10-3
10.1.3	Create Tablespaces (Optional)	10-4
10.1.4	Prerequisites to Create the Schema	10-4
10.1.5	Configure the Database Setup Properties File.....	10-5
10.1.6	Create the Schema on Windows from the User Interface.....	10-7
10.1.7	Create the Schema on Windows from a Batch file.....	10-9
10.1.8	Create the Schema on Linux or Unix	10-9
10.2	Post Fresh Install Steps.....	10-9
10.3	Oracle Text	10-9
10.4	Validate Argus Safety Database	10-10
10.4.1	Validate Argus Safety Database on Windows.....	10-10
10.4.2	Validate Argus Safety Database on Linux or Unix.....	10-10
10.5	Enable and Disable Data Lock Point (DLP)	10-11
10.5.1	Prerequisites	10-11
10.5.2	Enable DLP	10-11
10.5.3	Disable DLP	10-11
10.6	Enable DLP on a Specific Enterprise.....	10-12
10.6.1	Set Up the Base Database.....	10-12
10.6.2	Enable DLP on Specific Enterprise or Delta Cases	10-12
10.6.3	Validate the Schema	10-13
10.7	Copy Configuration Data (Optional).....	10-13

10.7.1	Set Up the Copy Configuration Tool	10-14
10.7.2	Use the Copy Configuration Tool	10-14
10.8	Create Argus Safety Read-only Database Account (Optional)	10-14

11 Upgrade Argus Safety Database

11.1	Prerequisites for Database Upgrade	11-1
11.2	Argus Safety Database Upgrade.....	11-1
11.3	Post Upgrade Steps.....	11-2
11.4	Enable Local Locking in Argus Safety	11-3
11.5	Merge a Single Enterprise Safety Database into a Multi-tenant Database	11-3
11.5.1	Prerequisites to Run the Merge Export Step.....	11-3
11.5.2	Merge Export.....	11-3
11.5.3	Export the dmp File Copy to the Target Database Server	11-4
11.5.4	Prerequisites to Run the Merge Import Step	11-4
11.5.5	Merge Import	11-5
11.5.6	Synchronize Dictionary Manually	11-6

Part IV Configure Other Products

12 Configure and Enable Argus Dossier

12.1	Prerequisites	12-1
12.2	Configure Dossier	12-1
12.3	Enable Dossier	12-2

13 Install and Configure Axway B2Bi

13.1	Create an Axway B2Bi Database Instance	13-1
13.2	Install Axway B2Bi.....	13-1
13.3	Configure Axway B2Bi.....	13-1
13.3.1	Configure Axway B2Bi for Binary File Transmission	13-3
13.3.2	Configure Axway B2Bi Community	13-4
13.3.2.1	Register with the Axway B2Bi Community.....	13-4
13.3.2.2	Add a Partner to the Axway B2Bi Community.....	13-4
13.3.2.3	Register the Receiver's Community on the Sender Server	13-5
13.3.3	Add a Node	13-5
13.3.4	Configure Axway B2Bi Certificates.....	13-6
13.3.4.1	Configure Receiver Axway B2Bi Certificates	13-6
13.3.4.2	Configure Sender Axway B2Bi Certificates	13-6
13.3.5	Configuring EVENTS.XML	13-7
13.3.6	Configure Message Processing Settings	13-8
13.4	Test Communication	13-9

14 Install and Configure Oracle B2B

14.1	Install Oracle B2B	14-1
14.2	Integrate Oracle B2B with Argus Safety	14-1
14.3	Create Integration tables in B2B Schema	14-1
14.4	Configure Oracle B2B User Interface	14-2

14.4.1	General Configuration > Administration > Configuration	14-2
14.4.2	Document Configuration > Administration > Document	14-2
14.5	Configure Enterprise Manager	14-2
14.5.1	Deploy SOA Composite.....	14-2
14.5.2	Configure SOA Composite.....	14-3
14.5.2.1	AS_BPEL_Outbound Composite	14-3
14.5.2.2	AS_BPEL_Inbound Composite.....	14-3
14.6	Configure Web Logic Console	14-3
14.6.1	Data source with JNDI Name as 'eis/DB/ArgusSafety_Outbound'	14-4
14.6.2	Data source as 'jdbc/ArgusSafety_Inbound'	14-4
14.6.3	Data source with JNDI Name as 'eis/DB/ArgusSafety_Inbound'	14-4
14.6.4	DB Adapters for Data Source.....	14-4
14.7	Configure Large Payload Exchange.....	14-4
14.7.1	Outbound Files.....	14-5
14.7.2	Inbound Files	14-5
14.7.3	Transaction Time	14-5
14.7.4	General B2B Settings for Large Payloads	14-5
14.8	Configurations for Argus Safety.....	14-5
14.8.1	Configure Oracle B2B.....	14-5
14.8.2	Update for B2B Documents.....	14-5
14.8.3	Argus Console > Reporting Destination Code List	14-6

15 Configure OBIEE or BI Publisher

15.1	Prepare BI Publisher Server.....	15-1
15.2	Set Up BI Publisher for Argus Safety	15-1
15.2.1	Enable a Local Superuser.....	15-1
15.2.2	Create a Database Connection	15-2
15.2.3	Set Up Runtime BI Publisher Memory	15-2
15.2.4	Configure Oracle Fusion Middleware Security Model	15-3
15.3	Manage Users and Roles.....	15-3
15.3.1	Configure Users, Groups and Roles.....	15-3
15.3.1.1	Create a Group	15-3
15.3.1.2	Create a User	15-4
15.3.1.3	Create an Application Role	15-4
15.3.2	Create Application Policies and Set Up Folder Privileges (BI Publisher Standalone only) 15-5	
15.3.2.1	Create Application Policies	15-5
15.3.2.2	Manage Folder Privileges.....	15-6
15.3.3	Create Application Policies and Set Up Folder Privileges (OBIEE and BI Integrated Installation only) 15-8	
15.3.3.1	Create Application Policies	15-8
15.3.3.2	Manage Folder Privileges.....	15-9
15.4	Upload BI Publisher Reports.....	15-19
15.4.1	Flexible Aggregate Reports	15-19
15.4.2	PMDA R3 Paper Reports	15-20
15.5	Integrate Argus Safety with BI Publisher	15-20
15.5.1	Configure AG Service	15-20

15.5.2	Configure Web Service (Expedited Reports only)	15-21
15.5.3	Add AG Service user to BI Publisher (Expedited Reports only)	15-21
15.5.4	Update SSO Exclusion List	15-21
15.6	Argus Console—BIP Common Settings	15-22
15.6.1	Configure BIP Reporting Admin User	15-22
15.6.2	Enable BIP Aggregate Reports and Configure Persistence Data (Flexible Aggregate Reporting only) 15-22	
15.6.3	Configure Code Lists.....	15-23
15.6.3.1	Flexible Aggregate Reporting Code Lists	15-23
15.6.3.2	PMDA R3 Paper Forms Code lists	15-23
15.7	Configure Flexible Aggregate Reporting Database	15-24
15.7.1	Execute Argus_BIP_Enable	15-24
15.7.2	Database Jobs.....	15-25
15.7.2.1	Report Output Pusher.....	15-25
15.7.2.2	Persist Data Cleaner	15-25
15.8	Upgrade BIP Reports to 8.2.1	15-25

16 Install Argus Unblinding

16.1	Prerequisites	16-1
16.2	Install Argus Unblinding Utility.....	16-1

17 Configure Web Service Interfaces on Web Server

17.1	Prerequisites	17-1
17.2	Argus Web Service Interface	17-1
17.2.1	Argus Web Service Interface Framework	17-2
17.3	Edit .config Files.....	17-2
17.3.1	Edit the .config file for Outbound Interfaces	17-2
17.3.2	Edit the .config file for Inbound Interface	17-3
17.4	Safety Message	17-3
17.5	MedDRA Interface.....	17-4
17.5.1	MedDRA Configuration	17-4
17.5.1.1	Enable MedDRA Integration through Argus Console.....	17-4
17.5.1.2	Edit the ArgusWeb/ASP/web.config file	17-4
17.5.1.3	Edit the Argus.NET/web.config file	17-5
17.5.2	MedDRA Encoding Flow	17-5
17.5.3	Examples of MedDRA Encoding Safety Message.....	17-6
17.5.3.1	Request (V 2.0)	17-6
17.5.3.2	Response (V2.0).....	17-6
17.5.3.3	Request (V 1.1)	17-8
17.5.3.4	Response (V 1.1).....	17-8
17.5.3.5	Request (V 1.0)	17-9
17.5.3.6	Response (V 1.0).....	17-10
17.5.4	MedDRA Interface XML Schema	17-11
17.5.4.1	MEDDRA_Request.....	17-12
17.5.4.2	MEDDRA_Response	17-12
17.6	Product Study License Interface	17-14
17.7	WHO Drug Coding Interface	17-15

17.7.1	Configuration	17-15
17.7.2	Drug Dictionary Coding Flow	17-15
17.7.3	Example of WHO Drug Coding Safety Message	17-16
17.7.3.1	Request	17-16
17.7.3.2	Response	17-16
17.7.4	WHO Drug Coding: XML Schema	17-18
17.7.4.1	Request: WHODrug_Request	17-18
17.7.4.2	Response: WHODrug_Response	17-19
17.8	Lot Number Interface	17-19
17.8.1	Configuration	17-19
17.8.2	Lot Validation Flow	17-20
17.8.3	Example of Lot Number Safety Message	17-21
17.8.3.1	Request	17-21
17.8.3.2	Response	17-21
17.8.4	Lot Number: XML Schema	17-22
17.8.4.1	Request: Lot_Request	17-22
17.8.4.2	Response: Lot_Response	17-23
17.8.5	Transformation	17-24
17.9	Worklist Intake	17-24
17.9.1	Configuration	17-25
17.9.2	Worklist Intake Flow	17-25
17.9.3	Example of Worklist Intake Safety Message	17-26
17.10	Literature Intake	17-29
17.10.1	Configuration	17-29
17.10.1.1	Metadata Configuration	17-29
17.10.2	Literature Intake Flow	17-30
17.11	Extended E2B Interface	17-30

18 Configure Argus Centralized Coding

18.1	setup_centralized_coding_interface_schema.bat	18-1
18.2	dms_migration.bat	18-2
18.2.1	Single Enterprise Migration in One Execution	18-2
18.2.2	All Enterprise Migration in One Execution	18-2

Part V Secure Argus Safety

19 Argus Password Management—Cryptography Tool

19.1	Install or Upgrade to Argus Safety 8.2.1	19-1
19.1.1	Generate New Cryptography Key	19-2
19.1.2	Argus Safety Database	19-2
19.1.3	Argus Safety Application Servers	19-2
19.2	Reset Password or Change the Cryptography Key	19-2
19.2.1	Reset the ARGUSUSER Password	19-2
19.2.2	Edit Keys	19-3
19.2.3	Re-encrypt Common User Passwords	19-4
19.2.4	Generate Encrypted String	19-5

19.2.5	Reset Administrator and System Application User Password	19-6
19.2.6	Reset the Environment if ArgusSecureKey.ini is Lost	19-6

A Configure BI Publisher Security Model

A	Create Custom Roles and Assign Data Sources	A-1
11.	Create Users and Assign Roles	A-1

Preface

You can use this guide to:

- Install Oracle Argus Safety 8.2.1
- Upgrade from Argus Safety 8.x.x release to Oracle Argus Safety 8.2.1

Where to Find More Information

Oracle Help Center

The latest user documentation for Oracle Health Sciences products is available at <http://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/health-sciences/>.

My Oracle Support

The latest release notes, patches and white papers are on My Oracle Support (MOS) at <https://support.oracle.com>.

For help with using MOS, see https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E74665_01/MOSHP/toc.htm.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info> or visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs> if you are hearing impaired.

Part I

Prepare to Install Argus Safety

Argus Safety is a configurable system and, based on user needs, you (administrators) may install all or some of the components.

We recommend that you follow the steps in the order presented.

System Requirements

1.1 Hardware Requirements for Argus Safety

- Argus Safety Database Server

Hardware Requirements	Small	Mid-Sized	Large
RAM	16 GB	32GB	>=64 GB
CPU or Processor	Equivalent to 2 - 4 Dual Core x 3GHz	Equivalent to 4 - 8 Dual Core x 3GHz	Equivalent to 16 Dual Core x 3GHz
Fail Support System (physical standby option)	Dataguard	Dataguard	Dataguard
Virtualization	Optional	Optional	Optional
Exadata 12c R1 (with 12.1.0.2 or 12.2.0.1)	Optional	Optional	Optional
Oracle RAC 12c R1 (with 12.1.0.2 or 12.2.0.1)	Optional	Optional	Optional
Oracle RAC 18c	Optional	Optional	Optional

- Argus Safety Web Server, Transaction Server, and Interchange Server

Hardware Requirements	Small	Mid-Sized	Large
RAM	8 GB	16 GB	16 GB
CPU or Processor	1 Dual Core CPU x 3 GHz	2 Dual Core CPUs x 3 GHz	2 Quad Core CPUs x 3 GHz
Virtualization	Physical Server or Oracle Virtual Machine (OVM 3.2.10, 64-bit)	Physical Server or Oracle Virtual Machine (OVM 3.2.10, 64-bit)	Physical Server or Oracle Virtual Machine (OVM 3.2.10, 64-bit)
Minimum Resolution	1280 x 1024	1280 x 1024	1280 x 1024

- **Argus Safety Web Client**
 - RAM: 8 GB
 - 3 GHz Dual Core CPU
 - Minimum Resolution: 1280 x 1024
- **Argus Unblinding Tool**
 - RAM: 8 GB
 - 3 GHz Dual Core CPU
 - Minimum Resolution: 1280 x 1024

1.2 Software Requirements for Argus Safety

1.2.1 Operating System

Operating System	DB Server	Web Server	Transaction Server	Interchange Server	Web Client	Argus Unblinding Tool	Dictionary Management Tool	Interchange Mapping Tool
	Operating System as certified for Oracle 18c, 12.1.0.2 or 12.2.0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Microsoft Windows 2016	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
Microsoft Windows 2012 R2 Standard	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
Microsoft Windows 10 (64-bit)	—	—	—	—	Yes	Yes	—	—

1.2.2 Oracle Components

Note: Make sure that you install the same version of Oracle Database Server and Client.

Oracle Components	DB Server	Web Server	Transaction Server	Interchange Server	Web Client	Argus Unblinding Tool	Dictionary Management Tool	Interchange Mapping Tool
Oracle Database Server version 18, 12.1.0.2, or 12.2.0.1 (Enterprise/Standard Edition 2 over CDB/PDB or non-CDB format)	Yes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oracle Client version 18c, 12.1.0.2, or 12.2.0.1 (64-bit only) with the latest patch set (See Section 2.3.3, "Install and Apply Oracle Patch Set")	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
MTS	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
ODP.NET	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
Java JRE 1.8 or above	—	Yes (Required for Liquibase and WebGate only)	—	—	—	—	Yes	—
Oracle Advanced Security Network Encryption	Optional	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oracle XML Developer's Kit (XDK)	Optional (Required only for PMDA R3 Paper Reports)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

1.2.3 Other Components

Other Components	DB Server	Web Server	Transaction Server	Interchange Server	Web Client	Argus Unblinding Tool	Dictionary Management Tool	Interchange Mapping Tool
Microsoft Internet Explorer, Version 11.0 (32/64-bit) - Compatibility View only	—	—	—	—	Yes	—	—	—
Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 SP1 Redistributable x64	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 Redistributable x64	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes
Microsoft Access Database Engine 2016 Redistributable x64	—	—	—	—	—	—	Yes	—
Microsoft .NET 4.7.2 Framework	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes	Yes

1.2.4 Generic—Other Supported Features

If you are using...	You must install...
Data encryption	<p>Oracle Database TDE feature on the Database Server, which is a part of the Oracle Advanced Security option available for Oracle Database Enterprise Edition 12c (https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/ASOAG, or http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/options/advanced-security/overview/index.html)</p> <p>TDE provides the capability to encrypt sensitive data in the Oracle Database in a manner that is transparent to applications.</p> <p>Argus Safety product has been functionally certified with tablespace level encryption using the Oracle Database TDE feature.</p>
Multi-tenant environment	Single Sign-On
Single Sign-On	<p>Oracle Identity Management (IDM) version 11.1.2.3</p> <p>For a multi-tenant environment, install the compatible WebGate version 11.1.2.3.0 (64-bit) and apply the WebGate p26540269_111230_MSWIN-x86-64 bundle patch.</p>

If you are using...	You must install...
Built-in Reports to run the PMDA E2B R3 Paper Reports or Flexible Aggregate Reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OBIEE) 12.2.1.4 ■ Oracle BI Publisher 12.2.1.4 Standalone (for Argus SE only) ■ BI Publisher Desktop tool on the client machine to customize the reports. ■ WebLogic 12.2.1.3 <p>See Chapter 15, "Configure OBIEE or BI Publisher."</p>
LDAP for authentication support E-mail capabilities within Argus	<p>LDAP/LDAPS Protocol Version 3.0</p> <p>SMTP Protocol.</p> <p>The following Argus Safety components support SMTPS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Argus Safety—Supports SMTPS and TLS 1.2 (Forced). Both Implicit and Explicit modes. ■ Axway B2Bi 2.3.1 SP1—Supports SMTPS and TLS 1.2. Implicit mode only. ■ OBIEE/BIP—Supports SMTPS and TLS 1.2, and must have JDK 1.8 for SMTPS. Both Implicit and Explicit modes. <p>Note that B2B does not supports SMTPS.</p>
Documentum for Storage	Documentum DFC 7.2 (32-bit) on Web, Transaction, and Interchange Servers.
Faxing capabilities for Expedited Reports	RightFax 10.6 (32-bit) on Transaction Server.
E2B Reporting for exchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Oracle B2B 12.2.1.3—Certified with both AS1 and AS2 protocols for E2B exchanges between regulatory authorities and pharmaceutical companies. Apply patch 26795544 to support AES encryption. ■ Axway B2Bi 2.3.1 SP1
Microsoft Windows 2012 R2 Standard	IIS 8.5 (supported)
Microsoft Windows 2016	IIS 10 (recommended)

Install Oracle Database

Install Oracle Database on the Database Server.

In a multi-tenant environment, you must install the Oracle database with the Oracle Database Server Enterprise edition (and not the Standard edition).

2.1 Get the Oracle Database Installation Guide

Open or download the installation guide for your operating system:

- For version 18c—
<https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/18/install-and-upgrade.html>
- For version 12.1.0.2—https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/nav/portal_11.htm
- For version 12.2.0.1—
<https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/12.2/install-and-upgrade.html>

2.2 Download and Extract the Oracle Database Software

Refer to the *Oracle Database Installation Guide* for instructions.

As a part of the Oracle Database, Argus Safety requires:

- Oracle Database Enterprise or Standard Edition
- Oracle Database Client

2.3 Install Oracle Database

Follow the instructions in the *Oracle Database Installation Guide*, making selections appropriate for Argus Safety as noted in the following sections.

You can configure the database as part of the database software installation or after, using the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA). Argus Safety supports installation on either a Container Database (CDB) containing a Pluggable Database (PDB) or a non-CDB database.

For an explanation of which options require an additional license, see the Database Licensing Information User Manual at <http://docs.oracle.com/database/>

2.3.1 Database Software Installation Options

During installation of the database software (binaries, or server code), select the following:

- Advanced or Typical installation
- Time Zone
- Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC) (Optional)

2.3.2 Database Configuration Options

Feature or Option	Mandatory	Recommended	Optional	Notes
Character Set: AL32UTF8	Yes	—	—	—
Oracle Text	Yes	—	—	Included automatically if you install the database during server installation.
Oracle JVM	Yes	—	—	Included automatically if you install the database during server installation.
Oracle XML DB	Yes	—	—	Included automatically if you use the Oracle Database Configuration Assistant to create the database. http://docs.oracle.com/database/121/ADXDB/appaman.htm#ADXDB2700
Oracle Automatic Storage Management	—	Yes	—	Provides an alternative to conventional volume managers, file systems, and raw devices.
Automatic Memory Management	—	Yes	—	Manages instance memory to allow the Oracle Database instance to automatically manage and tune it for you.
Oracle Advanced Security Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)	—	Yes	—	Available only for the Enterprise Edition.
Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC)	—	—	Yes	—
Oracle Partitioning	—	—	Yes	Available only for the Enterprise Edition.

2.3.3 Install and Apply Oracle Patch Set

1. Download and install the latest patch set: WINDOWS DB BUNDLE PATCH through Oracle Support.

To install Oracle Client Oracle Client, use the **Custom** option (NOT the Administrator option) and make sure that the **MTS component** is checked explicitly.

2. Set oracle_home to your client home location. For example:

```
SET ORACLE_HOME=<Oracle Client home path>
```

3. Run sqlldr help=y or sqlldr.exe.
4. Apply the July 2019 CPU patch.

2.4 Set Up Database Parameters

2.4.1 Argus Safety Database Instance Parameters (Recommended)

We recommend that you evaluate each site before installation and on an ongoing basis to determine whether these settings are suitable for your business needs.

#	Database Parameters	Small (under 30,000 cases reported per month)	Mid-Sized (30,000 to 200,000 cases reported per month)	Large (200,000 to 1,000,000 cases reported per month)	Very Large (over 1,000,000 cases reported per month)
1	MEMORY_TARGET	10 GB	16-24 GB	32-64 GB	>64 GB
2	PROCESSES	Expected concurrent users + 100	Expected concurrent users + 100	Expected concurrent users + 100	Expected concurrent users + 100
3	MEMORY_MAX_TARGET	>= value set for MEMORY_TARGET	>= value set for MEMORY_TARGET	>= value set for MEMORY_TARGET	>= value set for MEMORY_TARGET
4	OPTIMIZER_SECURE_VIEW_MERGING	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
5	CURSOR_SHARING (Mandatory)	EXACT	EXACT	EXACT	EXACT
6	WORKAREA_SIZE_POLICY	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO
7	JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES	25	25	25	25
8	DB_BLOCK_SIZE (bytes)	8192	8192	8192	8192
9	NLS_LENGTH_SYMANTICS (Mandatory)	CHAR	CHAR	CHAR	CHAR
10	GLOBAL_NAMES	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE

2.4.2 Additional Database Setup Information

#	Setting	Small (under 30,000 cases reported per month)	Mid-Sized (30,000 to 200,000 cases reported per month)	Large (200,000 to 1,000,000 cases reported per month)	Very Large (over 1,000,000 cases reported per month)
1	Number and Size of Redo Log Files	5 Groups * 100 MB	5 Groups * 100 MB	5 Groups * 100 MB	5 Groups * 100 MB
2	TEMP Tablespace Size	8 GB	16 GB	32 GB	>=64 GB
3	Undo Tablespace Size	8 GB	16 GB	32 GB	>=64 GB

2.5 Table Partitioning (Optional)

Partitioning of CMN_AUDIT_LOG table can significantly improve performance of the system on large Argus Safety databases. Range partitioning can be performed on the CMN_AUDIT_LOG table for the LOG_DATETIME_STAMP column.

We recommend create partitioning on a yearly basis. Partitioning must be performed and maintained by a qualified database administrator.

Partitioning is an optional Oracle Database feature that can be purchased separately.

Part II

Set Up Argus Safety Middle and Client Tiers

During the installation, the information in this manual may be different from what you see on your monitor if additional modules were selected during the Argus Safety Web Installation.

Prerequisites:

- Obtain a domain account with Local Administrator privileges.
- In case of application upgrade, make sure to [Backup Configuration Files](#) of the existing Argus Safety application before setting up the machines.

Recommendation:

- [Generate New Cryptography Key](#), and place the updated ArgusSecureKey.ini file under the .\Windows folder of the web server.
- You may need to reinstall the printer driver for site printers after setting up Argus Safety middle and client tiers.

If the current installed Argus Safety version does not support upgrade:

1. From your Windows folder, backup the **ArgusSecureKey.ini** file.
2. When the installation is complete, replace the exiting **ArgusSecureKey.ini** file with the backed up file in the Windows folder.

Replace the file on all the Windows servers.

Install and Configure Argus Safety Web

3.1 Prerequisites

- Make sure that the regional settings are US settings.
- Install [Internet Information Services](#) (IIS).
- [Generate New Cryptography Key](#), and place the updated ArgusSecureKey.ini file under the .\Windows folder of the server.

Note: To set up ASP.NET correctly, you must install IIS before running Windows Updates.

If Windows Updates are run before installing the IIS, Windows Updates will install Microsoft.Net without setting up the ASP.NET. In this scenario, refer to Microsoft Support on how to re-register ASP.NET in IIS.

This is usually accomplished by running aspnet_regiis.exe -i from the.NET v4.0.30319 folder.

3.2 Install Argus Safety Web

1. Log in as the Administrator on the system where Argus Safety is being installed.
2. Copy the installation package to the local directory of the target machine.
3. Open the Argus Safety folder and click **setup.exe**.
4. In the Argus Suite Solution Components Installation Wizard screen, click **Next**.
5. Enter the User Name and Company Name, and click **Next**.
6. In the Default Directory screen, to select the default installation directory where the Argus Suite Solution Components will be installed, click **Browse**.
7. To display the Argus Suite Components list, click **Next** and select the default installation directory.
8. Under the **Web Server**, select **Argus Safety Web**, and click **Next**.
The Argus Suite Solution Components Report Directory appears.

Note: (Optional) You can now install Argus Insight while installing Argus Safety by selecting it from the list of modules.

9. Select the directory where temporary reports will be stored.
You can browse through any path or leave this as default (C:\Temp).
10. (Optional) To configure minimum security on this server, enter the domain account login credentials, and click **Next**.

The Setup Status screen appears with the installation progress.

Note: If the minimum security is not being setup, leave these fields blank, and click **Next**.

11. To configure a database, click **Yes** when prompted.
12. Enter a database name and click **Next**.
This database name will appear on the Argus Login page.
13. Enter the database SID and click **Next**.
14. To add an additional database to the Argus Login page, click **Yes** when prompted to configure database settings.
15. In the Setup Completed screen, click **Finish**.
16. Click **OK** to reboot the system.
17. Set up the Argus Cryptography key by following the instructions in the [Section 19.1.3, "Argus Safety Application Servers"](#).
18. After setting up the application servers, copy the **ArgusSecureKey.ini** file from the **.\Windows** folder of the system, where the database is created or upgraded, and replace the **.\Windows** folder of each installed application server.

3.3 Enable SSL Support for Windows Server

1. Obtain and install the SSL certificate.
2. Click Argus Safety Web > Bindings.
3. Click **Add** and change Type to HTTPS.
4. Select SSL Certificate and click **OK**.

3.4 Configure Load Balancer in Argus Web

To set up a Load Balancer in Argus, you need to setup:

- The Argus Web Load Balancer IP Address
- The Load Balanced Folders
- The Shared Network Directory

3.4.1 Set Up Argus Web Load Balancer IP Address

If Argus Web is being installed in a Load Balanced Environment, the Load Balancer IP Address must be configured in Argus Console.

1. Log in to Argus Console.
2. From System Configuration Menu, select System Management.
3. Click the Network Settings Folder.
4. Do the following, and click **Save**.
 - For non-SSL environment, enter the IP Address or Argus URL.
 - For an SSL environment, enter the SSL URL.

3.4.2 Set Up Shared Network Directory

The network directory is a shared directory that will be the same for all load balanced Web Servers.

Update **argus.ini** for `messagecachepath=<shared directory for the message cache>`.

3.5 Reset IIS

To make the latest data or configurations available to the rest of the system, reset IIS when the changes have been made to the following areas:

1. Changes in configuration files:
 - Argus.ini
 - Argus.xml
2. Changes in following screens through Console:
 - Common Fields
 - System Management
 - Enabled Modules

Enable IIS HTTP Compression

Enable IIS HTTP Compression on a Windows Server when the pipeline between the Web Server and the IIS Client have low bandwidth or have high amounts of data usage.

4.1 IIS Web Page Compression

4.1.1 HTTP Compression

By default, HTTP compression is disabled in Windows Server but can be enabled as necessary. Enable the compression, when:

- The bandwidth between the IIS Web Server and the IE Client(s) is of a low speed.
- The bandwidth between the IIS Web Server and the IE Client(s) is high speed but has high utilization.
- Reducing overall traffic between the IIS Web Server and the IE Client(s).

4.1.2 Known Effects of Enabling Compression

Enabling IIS Compression increases CPU usage on the Web Server.

Every time a non-static page (ASP, ASPX) is requested, the page is compressed on the fly before sending to the client. This puts some overhead on the Web Server CPU, however, based on internal testing web server load is usually very minimum.

Static pages such as HTML, JS, and HTM are compressed only once, and then stored in a cache on the Web Server for later requests.

To keep the performance steady, the Web Servers should be monitored frequently to prevent occurrence of a CPU bottleneck.

4.1.3 Enable HTTP Compression

1. Go to Control Panel > Administrator Tools > Internet Information Services (IIS) manager.
2. Browse to the **Argus Safety Web** website.
3. In the Features View, double-click **Compression**.
4. Check both options:
 - Enable dynamic content compression

- Enable static content compression

Note: To enable compression, the feature option must be installed as part of the Windows installation.

4.2 IIS Caching Settings

4.2.1 IIS Caching

IIS Caching is supported in Windows Server.

To prevent the web server from having to re-serve certain files to the IE Client when the file has not changed, use IIS Caching. For example, files like Images do not change on a day-to-day basis and should not be sent again each time the client requests the file. The local IE client should keep a local cache copy of the file and use the local file instead.

To make sure that IIS Caching functions properly:

- Set up the IIS
- Set up the local IE client settings correctly

4.2.2 Known Effects of Enabling Caching

Currently, there are no known effects of enabling caching on the Web Server.

However, enabling cache should only be used on files and folders where the files are not dynamic or do not change daily. Certain files, such as .ASP and .ASPX files, should never be cached.

4.2.3 Enable Caching

1. Go to Control Panel > Administrator Tools > Internet Information Services (IIS) manager.
2. Browse to the **Argus Safety Web** website.
3. Double-click the **HTTP Response Headers**.
4. Click **Set Common Headers**.

Make sure that **Expire Web Content** is checked and the option **Immediately** is selected.

5. Apply the changes.
6. Make sure that on the **Set Common Headers**, the **After** option is checked, and configured for the specified number of days as seen next to each folder below:
 - css—15 days expiration
 - js—1 day expiration
 - img—15 days expiration

Note: This configuration is performed by the Argus Safety installer.

4.3 Local Internet Explorer (IE) Client Caching Settings

4.3.1 IE Client Caching

IE Caching works directly with IIS Caching. If IIS Caching is used, you must turn on IE Client Caching otherwise caching will not occur.

4.3.2 Enable IE Caching

1. In Internet Explorer, select **Tools > Internet Options**.
2. Select the General Tab, locate the Browsing history section and click **Settings**.
3. In the Temporary Internet Files and History Settings dialog box, select **Automatically** and click **OK**.
4. Close the Internet Explorer browser and restart it to begin caching.

4.3.3 IE Client Caching—Tab Options

Option	Description
Every Time I visit the Web Page	No file is cached. Every time a file is requested, IE will request the Server to re-send all files. This option should never be used as performance will suffer severely.
Every Time I Start Internet Explorer	Cache files only until the browser is closed. Upon closing the IE window, all cache will be expired. This option will provide some performance enhancement when a user visits the same page multiple times within a single browser session.
Automatically	Allows IE to make a decision if a file should be cached or not. This option automatically performs the same function as "Every Time I Start Internet Explorer". In addition, after a file has been requested multiple times, IE will automatically cache the file even after the browser is closed. If the file has been cached and a new version of the file exists on the Web Server, the new version will be downloaded to the client. This option should be used for best performance.
Never	IE will always cache every file which can cause problem with sites that have dynamic data, and should not be used. Besides, if a file has been updated on the server due to an upgrade, the new file will not be sent to the client.

Install and Start Argus Safety Service

5.1 Install Argus Safety Service

1. Log in as the Administrator on the system where Argus Safety is being installed.
2. Copy the installation package to the local directory of the target machine.
3. Open the Argus Safety folder and click **setup.exe**.
4. In the Argus Suite Solution Components Installation Wizard, click **Next**.
5. Enter the User Name and Company Name, and click **Next**.
6. In the Default Directory screen, to select the default installation directory where the Argus Suite Solution Components will be installed, click **Browse**.
7. To display the Argus Suite Components list, click **Next** and select the default installation directory.
8. Under **Transaction Server**, select **Argus Safety Service**, and click **Next**.
The Argus Suite Solution Components Report Directory appears.
9. Select the directory where temporary reports will be stored, and click **Next**.
You can browse through any path or leave this as default (C:\Temp).
10. In the Setup Completed dialog box, click **Finish**.
11. In the Argus Suite Setup dialog box, click **OK** to reboot the system.
12. See [Chapter 9, "Other Tasks"](#) for information about tasks that must be completed after the Argus Safety service has been installed.
13. To set up the Argus Cryptography Key, refer to [Section 19.1.3, "Argus Safety Application Servers"](#).
14. To configure the Argus Safety Service user passwords, refer to [Section 19.2.4, "Generate Encrypted String"](#).

5.2 Start Argus Safety Service

Before you can start the Argus Safety Service, you must configure a single process or it will fail to start. To configure the Argus Safety Service process, refer to the *Argus Safety Service Administrator's Guide*.

To start the Argus Safety Service:

1. Select Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools.
2. Double-click the Component Services shortcut.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **Services**.
4. From the list of services (in the right navigation pane), right-click the Argus Safety Service, and click **Properties**.
5. In the Argus Safety Service Properties > General tab, from the **Startup type** drop-down, select **Automatic**.
6. Click the **Log On** tab, select **This account**, enter the parameters, and click **OK**.

Note: You must enter a domain account with access to the domain printers.

7. Click **Start**.
8. Click **OK**.

Note: You can view the log file at the specified path in the Interchange Service INI file.

5.3 Set Up RightFax

Note: For more information, refer to the MOS article ID [2375262.1](#).

1. Search the following files on the Right Fax Server:
 - RFLanguage.dll (from the English Folder)
 - rfcomapi.dll (register)
 - RFI32RPC.ndr
 - RFWIN32.DLL
2. Copy the **RFLanguage.dll** file to the following folder on your Argus Safety Service server:
<PROGRAMFILES>\RightFax\Shared Files\English
3. Copy the remaining files into the following folder on your Argus Safety Service server:
<INSTALL folder>\Argus Safety
4. Run the steps as mentioned in the MOS article ID.

Install and Configure Interchange

The Argus Interchange Server is meant to off-load Interchange Service from the Argus Transaction Server. Alternatively, Interchange Service can be installed on the Transaction Server itself. To configure Interchange Services through Interchange Mapping user interface, both must be installed on the same system.

6.1 Prerequisites

1. Obtain a domain account with local administrator privileges.
2. Uninstall the existing Interchange Services.
3. Create a network account to enable Interchange Service to communicate with the e-mail system and access the shared folders on the Axway B2Bi Server.

6.2 Install Interchange Service

1. Log in as the Administrator on the system where Argus Safety is being installed.
2. Copy the installation package to the local directory of the target machine.
3. Open the Argus Safety folder and click **setup.exe**.
4. In the Argus Suite Solution Components Installation Wizard, click **Next**.
5. Enter the User Name and Company Name, and click **Next**.
6. In the Default Directory screen, to select the default installation directory where the Argus Suite Solution Components will be installed, click **Browse**.
7. To display the Argus Suite Components list, click **Next** and select the default installation directory.
8. Under **Transaction Server**, select **Argus Interchange Service**, and click **Next**.
The Argus Suite Solution Components Report Directory appears.
9. Select the directory where temporary reports will be stored, and click **Next**.
You can browse through any path or leave this as default (C:\Temp).
10. Click **Yes** to configure a database for Argus Interchange.
11. Enter the database name as you want it to appear in Argus Interchange and click **Next**.
12. Enter the database SID and click **Next**.
13. To add an additional database to Argus Interchange, click **Yes**.

14. In the Setup Completed dialog box, click **Finish**.
15. Click **OK** to reboot.
16. To set up the Argus Cryptography Key, refer to [Section 19.1.3, "Argus Safety Application Servers"](#).

6.3 Configure Interchange Service

1. Select Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools.
2. Double-click the Component Services shortcut.
3. In the left navigation pane, click **Services**.
4. From the list of services (in the right navigation pane), right-click the Argus Interchange Service, and click **Properties**.
5. In the Argus Interchange Service Properties > General tab, from the **Startup type** drop-down, select **Automatic**.
6. Click the **Log On** tab, select **This account**, enter the parameters, and click **OK**.

Note: You must enter a domain account with access to the domain printers.

7. Click **OK**.

Note: You can view the log file at the specified path in the Interchange Service INI file.

6.4 Access EDI Gateway Shared Folders

1. Log in to the machine where Interchange Service is installed.
2. Browse to the data folder in the Axway B2Bi installation directory.

Note: If the data folder is not shared, contact the System Administrator for access to the folders.

3. Verify that you can access the following folders:
 - <company profile>/ediin
 - <company profile>/ediout
 - <company profile>/xmlin
 - <company profile>/xmlout
4. Log off of the EDI Gateway machine.
5. Log in the Interchange Service machine and make sure no password is required for connecting to the shared folders on the EDI gateway machine.

6.5 Configure Interchange Service .INI File

You can configure Interchange Service by changing the items in its initialization (INI) file from the Interchange Mapping interface.

1. Open ESM Mapping.
2. In the Service INI File Setup dialog box, enter the following parameters and click **OK**.

Field Name	Description
IT E-mail	e-mail address that will be used by Interchange Service in case the transmit time-out occurs (Physical Media or EDI Gateway time-out).
Business E-mail	e-mail address where a message can be sent if the Receive ACK time-out value is reached.
User E-mail	e-mail address where a message can be sent if the user does not process the E2B Report within the time-out value.
EDI Software Name	EDI Software name used i.e. Axway B2Bi
EDI Database Name	Database name for the EDI software
EDI User ID	User name for EDI database
EDI Password	Password for the User ID
EDI Client Software	Type of database used by the EDI software
DTD Path	Path to the location of the DTD file
Log File Path	Path where Interchange Service will write the log files
Multiple Database Section	Displays all the configured databases for Interchange Service.
Delete Button	Removes the entire database configuration from the Interchange Service INI file.

Set Up the Client Browser

7.1 Prerequisites

- Set the screen resolution for the client workstation to a minimum of 1280 x 1024 for an optimal view of the application. If the screen resolution is less than this, the field labels may appear truncated.
- Install language packs for East Asian languages.

7.2 Install Files Required to View Japanese Text (For Japanese installation only)

If your Argus Web client machine is on an English operating system, and you are using the Argus J version of Argus Safety, you must install Windows Supplemental Language Support for East Asian languages and Japanese font pack for Adobe Reader to view Japanese text correctly.

Make sure that you have sufficient free disk space for installing the language packs.

7.3 Configure Internet Explorer

To configure Internet Explorer on clients that access Argus Safety Web, Affiliate, Dossier, and Interchange Web:

1. Open Internet Explorer v11.
2. Select **Tools > Internet Options**.
3. Locate Browsing History and click **Settings**.
4. Locate Check for newer versions of stored pages, select **Automatically** and click **OK**.
5. Click the Advanced tab and do the following:
 - a. Locate the Multimedia section.
 - b. Uncheck the **Show image download placeholders** checkbox.
 - c. Check the **Show Pictures** checkbox.
 - d. Uncheck the **Enable Automatic Image Resizing** checkbox.
 - e. Click **Apply**.
6. Click **OK**.

Note: Make sure cookies are enabled on the client machine.

If password encryption is required between Internet Explorer Client and the Web Server, HTTPS must be utilized. Refer to the [Section 3.3, "Enable SSL Support for Windows Server"](#).

When logged into Argus Safety, having multiple internet browsers open may cause the user to receive a login screen when opening certain parts of the application such as opening E2B Report dialog box. It is recommended to close all other non-Argus Safety Sessions if this problem occurs on an end user machine.

Certain requirements within the Argus Safety System open file attachments within a separate internet browser window however based on client machine settings this may not occur. Each application is configured differently as to how it handles files within Internet Explorer. Refer to the application documentation to correctly configure it.

It is not recommended to utilize the IP Address of the Web Server from the client machines within Internet Explorer. Using the IP Address forces Internet Explorer to use a high security mode which may restrict certain functionality from Argus to run.

7.4 Add the Argus Site as a Local Intranet Site

1. Open Internet Explorer and from the menu select **Tools > Internet Options**.
The Internet Options dialog box appears.
2. Select the Security tab.
3. Select **Local Intranet** and click **Sites > Advanced**.
The Local intranet dialog box appears.
4. In the **Add this website to the zone** field, enter the Argus Safety website URL.

Note: Contact your System Administrator for the Argus site URL.

5. Click **Add** and click **Close**.
6. Click **OK**.
7. Click **Custom level...**
The Security Settings dialog box appears.
8. Scroll-down to **Miscellaneous**, for **Allow script-initiated windows without size or position constraints**, select **Enable**.
9. Click **OK**.

Note: You must enable the Argus Safety website to run in the Enterprise Mode, if adding to Local Intranet site is not desired.

For more information on how to [Add Argus Site to the Enterprise Mode](#).

7.5 Add Argus Site to the Enterprise Mode

If you do not want to add the Argus Safety website to the Local Intranet site, you must enable the Argus Safety website to run in the Enterprise Mode.

1. Go to <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/internet-explorer/ie11-deploy-guide/turn-on-enterprise-mode-and-use-a-site-list>.
2. Follow the instructions in the section **To turn on Enterprise Mode using Group Policy**.
3. When asked to refer to the **Use the Enterprise Mode Site List Manager**, click the specified link.
4. Scroll down to the procedure for **Using the Enterprise Mode Site List Manager** and click **Add sites to the Enterprise Mode site list using the Enterprise Mode Site List Manager (schema v.2)** link.
5. Follow the instruction in the section **Adding a site to your compatibility list > To add a site to your compatibility list using the Enterprise Mode Site List Manager (schema v.2)**.
6. In the following parameters, enter:
 - a. **URL**—Argus Safety Web URL
 - b. **Compat Mode**—IE 5 Document Mode
 - c. **Open In**—IE 11

7.6 Set Up Compatibility View with Internet Explorer

1. Open Internet Explorer, from the menu select Tools > Compatibility View Settings.
2. Enter the Argus Safety website URL.
3. Click **Add** and click **Close**.

Post-installation Checks

This chapter provides checklists and procedures for verifying that Argus Safety is installed correctly.

8.1 Post-Installation Tasks

8.1.1 General Checklist

Verify That:

- the correct modules are installed as follows:
 1. Go to Add/Remove Programs and select **Argus Safety Web**.
 2. Click **Modify** and click **Next**.
 3. Verify that the applications that you have installed are checked.
- the Argus.XML file has the same data across all the Web Servers.
- a single domain user account <Domain User> is running the Argus Web application on all web servers.
- the login page appears when the server name is entered in your browser.
- you can log in successfully.
- system performance satisfies the requirement

8.1.2 Configure Worklist Intake

1. Identify the physical folders where the Intake XMLs will be dropped in. There could be one folder for all the available sites, or one folder each for each site. These folders can be on the same machine, or on different machines. Create shares for the folders.
2. Log in to the Argus Console and open the Sites UI under Access Management menu.
3. Configure the UNC paths of the identified physical folders for the required Sites.
4. On the server where Integrations component has been installed, navigate to the path where the **Argus Safety Windows Service** is running.

```
<InterfaceSchemas>  
<add InputXSD="..\..\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\Base.xsd" />  
<add InputXSD="..\..\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\DataOperation.xsd" />
```

```
<add InputXSD="..\..\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\Dictionary.xsd" />
<add InputXSD="..\..\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\Case_Intake.xsd"
OutputXSLT="..\..\Integrations\XSLT\v1.0\CaseIntake_Transform.xml" />
</InterfaceSchemas>
```

In the above tag, mention full Argus Install Path. Typically, the Argus Install Path is, *<Argus Install Path>\Argus Safety*. For example:

```
<InterfaceSchemas>
<add InputXSD="<Argus Install Path>\Argus
Safety\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\Base.xsd" />
<add InputXSD="<Argus Install Path>\Argus
Safety\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\DataOperation.xsd" />
<add InputXSD="<Argus Install Path>\Argus
Safety\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\Dictionary.xsd" />
<add InputXSD="<Argus Install Path>\Argus
Safety\Integrations\XSD\v1.0\Case_Intake.xsd" OutputXSLT="<Argus Install
Path>\Argus Safety\Integrations\XSLT\v1.0\CaseIntake_
Transform.xml" />
</InterfaceSchemas>
```

5. Edit the following files:

- [RelsysWindowsService.exe.config](#)
- [Service.config](#)
- [Intake.config](#)

8.1.2.1 RelsysWindowsService.exe.config

1. Uncomment the following entries under the *<RelsysConfigFilesSection>/<RelsysConfigFiles>*
 - Relsys.InterfaceComponents.ProcessorsConfiguration
 - Relsys.CaseIntake.FolderConfiguration
2. Make sure that the DatabaseConfiguration section is configured for the following attributes:

Attribute	Description
DBName (Mandatory)	TNS of the database to which the RelsysWindowsService should connect to. Example: DBName="GOLDDEMO"
DBUser	AGService Username. The RelsysWindowsService logs into the database using this login name. This has to be a user of type AGSERVICE. Example: DBUser="agservice_user1"
DBPassword	Generate new encrypted string, refer to Section 19.2.4, "Generate Encrypted String" .
GeneralEmailTo	The e-mail address to which the e-mails will be sent by the Intake Service, using the General Email feature of Argus. Example: GeneralEmailTo ="recepient@oracle.net"

Attribute	Description
GeneralEmailFrom	The email address from which the e-mails will be sent by the Intake Service, using the General Email feature of Argus. Example: GeneralEmailFrom ="admin@oracle.net"
GeneralEmailCc	This email address will be added to the Cc line when e-mails are sent by the Intake Service, using the General E-mail feature of Argus. Example: GeneralEmailCc ="recepient@oracle.net"
GeneralEmailBcc	The email address will be added to the Bcc line when e-mails are sent by the Intake Service, using the General E-mail feature of Argus. Example: GeneralEmailBcc ="recepient@oracle.net"

8.1.2.2 Service.config

1. Uncomment the entries for "Case Intake" and "Case Intake Ack" in the `<ServiceConfiguration>/<ServiceComponents>` section
2. The following configuration changes are optional:
 - "Recurrence": The value for this attribute specifies the frequency of instantiation of the associated Service Component. The value is specified in seconds. For example:

```
<add Name="Case Intake Ack" Assembly="CaseIntakeServiceComponent"
Type="Relsys.CaseIntakeServiceComponent.IntakeAckGenerator"
Recurrence="600" Metadata="InvokeDirect=true" />
```

The value of 600 for Recurrence above means, the "Case Intake Ack" service is instantiated every 600 seconds (10 minutes) to perform the job.

8.1.2.3 Intake.config

The following configuration changes are optional:

```
<FolderConfiguration>
<MonitorFolders MonitorAllConfiguredFolders="true">
<add FolderPath="\172.16.38.154\Intake\US" Monitor="true"
AlternatePath="C:\Intake\US" />
</MonitorFolders>
</FolderConfiguration>
```

The FolderConfiguration enables you to have more granular control over what folders are monitored on what machines. This is particularly useful when the Intake folders are distributed across multiple machines and in many cases if these machines are not accessible from one server.

If the server machine on which Integrations component has been installed, has to monitor only a subset of the configured folders (configured in Argus Console), then set the attribute MonitorAllConfiguredFolders = "false"

When the value is set to false, each folder in the subset of folders that need to be monitored should be added as shown in the example above, using multiple `<add />` entries. More info on each of the attributes:

FolderPath: The configured folder path, as specified in Sites UI in Argus Console

Monitor: true means this folder should be monitored, false means this folder should not be monitored.

AlternatePath: Alternate way of accessing the same folder path.

8.1.3 Verify and Update Network Proxy Settings

1. Verify the value of PROXY_AUTO_DETECT:
 - a. Log into SQL session on the database <database_name> and set up the enterprise context.
 - b. To verify that the value of PROXY_AUTO_DETECT, execute:

```
select value from CMN_PROFILE_ENTERPRISE where key = 'PROXY_AUTO_DETECT'
```

If this value is set to a character value, True or False, then update this value to a numeric value, 1 or 0.
2. To update the Network Proxy settings:
 - a. Log in to Argus Console.
 - b. From the **System Configuration** menu, select **System Management**.
 - c. Expand the **Network Settings** folder and click **Proxy** folder.
 - d. Check or uncheck the **Auto Detect Proxy?**, click **Save**.
 - e. Verify the Network Proxy settings again as mentioned in step 1. The value should be set to 1 or 0.

8.2 Verify Files Installed on Middle Tier Servers

Verify the files installed on the server have not been modified or deleted from original installation.

1. Log in to the server as an Admin user.
2. Select Start > Control Panel.
3. Click **Programs and Features**.
4. Hover Argus Safety and right-click.
5. From the drop-down menu, click **Change**.

The Preparing Setup dialog box appears.
6. Click **Modify** and click **Next**.
7. Select **Verify the current installation** and click **Next**.
8. In the File Verification dialog box, click **Next**.

9.1 Configure Argus.xml File

The Argus.xml file is generated during installation on the Argus Safety Web, but you can update this file after installation to add, update, or delete database entries. The file resides in the following directory:

<Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/ASP

The Argus.xml file contains the following type of xml tags:

XML Tag	Description
<ARGUS_DB>	<p>Contains all databases supported by the Argus Web application.</p> <p>Each database is specified as a separate XML tag - <DBNAME> with <ARGUS_DB> as parent tag.</p> <p>For example, for a database that is recognized as "Testing Database" in the Argus Web Login screen and whose alias in the Oracle TNSNAMES.ORA file is "TESTDB", the entry will be <DBNAME id="TESTDB">Testing Database</DBNAME>.</p>

If you update the Argus.xml file, you must restart the Internet Information Services (IIS) on the server for the changes to take effect.

9.2 Configure Argus.ini File

The Argus.ini file is generated during installation on Argus Web and Transaction (AG) Server, but the user can update this file after installation.

To configure Argus.ini:

1. Select Start > Run.
2. In the Open field, enter **argus.ini**, and click **OK**.
3. Set the entries in the file as described in the [Section 9.2.1, "Argus.ini Parameters"](#).
4. Save the file.
5. Restart the Internet Information Services (IIS) on the server to reflect the changes.

9.2.1 Argus.ini Parameters

With some exceptions, the parameters listed in the table are used by Argus Web as well as Argus Safety Service (AG Service or Transaction Server).

Parameters specific to the Web Server are:

- MessageCachePath
- Upload
- Template
- ArgusInstallPath
- Pooling parameters

The Argus.ini File Parameters are described in the following table:

Section	Parameter	Sample Value	Description
Workstation	ArgusInstallPath	C:\Program Files\Oracle\ArgusWeb\ASP\	Path of the location where the ASP files are placed. For use with Web Server.
Workstation	ArgusLogPath*	C:\Temp\ArgusLogs\	Path of the root folder for ArgusLogs.
Workstation	Cache*	C:\ArgusReports\PDFReports\	Path for PDF Reports (Expedited/Periodic/Screen Prints etc.). In case of multiple Web Servers, this is a shared path on the network.
Workstation	MessageCachePath*	C:\ArgusReports\Messa geCache\	Shared path to save the system level cache such as data for LM tables, CMN Fields, etc. In case of multiple Web Servers, this is a shared path on the network. For use with Web Server.
Workstation	Upload*	C:\ArgusReports\Uploa dedLetters\	Shared path for uploaded letters. In case of multiple Web Servers, this is a shared path on the network. For use with Web Server.
Workstation	Template	C:\Program Files\Oracle\E2BViewer\Templates\	Location that stores the template and report files used to display CIOMS and MedWatch views. For use with Web Server.
Argus Server	SQLTimes	1	Enables the Argus Web application to start creating log files for all the SQLs that are fired. These log files are created in C:\Temp folder and can be used for debugging.

Section	Parameter	Sample Value	Description
Argus Server	Pool_Initial_Size	3	Refers to the DB Connection Pool Initial Size. For use with Web Server.
Argus Server	Pool_Maximum_Size	120	Refers to the DB Connection Pool Maximum Size. For use with Web Server.
Argus Server	Connection_Wait_Time	3	Refers to the connection wait time in seconds. An exception occurs if the system cannot obtain a DB connection in the given time. For use with Web Server.

Note: * If any anti-virus software is running on Argus Web or Transaction (AG) server(s), it must be configured not to scan these Argus temp folders. Otherwise, it can lead to slower performance or unexpected errors on screens under heavy user load due to file locks by the anti-virus software.

9.3 Install SSO on Oracle Access Manager 11g

9.3.1 Prerequisites

- The system should have an OAM installation (Identity server, Access server, WebPass, Policy Manager).
- User profiles should exist in the LDAP server as well as in Argus with the same credentials.
- LDAP should be configured in the Argus Console.
- The LDAP flag should be set to ON for the users in Argus Safety.

9.3.2 Install SSO

1. In OAM, navigate to **Access Manager** section > **SSO Agents** and click **Create 11g Webgate**.
2. Enter the following parameters and click **Apply**.
 - a. **Name**— Name of the WebGate
 - b. **Access Client Password**—Password of the WebGate
 - c. **Host Identifier**—Similar to name of the WebGate
 - d. In **Security** field, select **Open**.
 - e. Select **Auto Create Policies**.
3. In the **Access Manager** section, navigate to the **Host identifiers**.
 - a. From the **Host Identifiers**, select the newly created WebGate.

- b. Enter **Web Server Name**, **IP Address**, and **Load Balancer URL** for:
 - Argus Safety and Argus Insight **with ports**
 - Argus Safety and Argus Insight **without ports**.
 - c. Click **Apply**.
4. Expand the list of **Application Domains**, and search the newly created WebGate.
 - a. Click the **Resources** tab, and add the following resource types.
 - b. **Resource URL**—/.../*
 - Type**—HTTP
 - Host Identifier**—The newly created WebGate
 - Protection Level**—Protected
 - Authentication Policy**—Protected Resource Policy
 - Authorization Policy**—Protected Resource Policy
 - c. **Resource URL**—/
 - Type**—HTTP
 - Host Identifier**—The newly created WebGate
 - Protection Level**—Protected
 - Authentication Policy**—Protected Resource Policy
 - Authorization Policy**—Protected Resource Policy
 - d. Click **Apply**.
5. Expand **Authentication Policies** and click **Protected Resource Policy**.
 - a. Click **Add** and search the newly created WebGate.
 - b. In the **Resource URL** field, add / and /.../* individually.
 - c. Click **Apply**.
 - d. Click the **Responses** tab and click the + button to add.
 - e. Enter the following parameters and click **Apply**.
 - Name**
 - Type**—Header
 - Value**—\$user.userid
6. Expand **Authentication Policies** and navigate to the newly created WebGate.
 - a. Click **Protected Resource Policy**.
 - b. Click **Add** and search the newly created Host Identifier.
 - c. In the **Resource URL** field, add / and /.../* individually.
 - d. Click **Apply**.
 - e. Click the **Responses** tab and click the + button to add.
 - f. Enter the parameters and click **Apply**.

9.4 Installation Maintenance Tasks

You may need to perform certain installation maintenance tasks on the installed Argus Suite Solution Components.

9.4.1 Install New Components

1. Select Start > Control Panel.
2. Click Add or Remove Programs/Uninstall or change a program.
3. Right-click Argus Suite and from the drop-down menu, click **Change**.
The Argus Suite Solutions InstallShield Wizard opens the Preparing Setup dialog box.
4. Select **Modify** and click **Next**.
5. Select **Update installed Argus Components** and click **Next**.
6. In the Select Features dialog box, check the components to install and click **Next**.

Note: Make sure the checkboxes for components that are already installed contain a checkmark. If the checkmark is cleared from the checkbox for an existing component, the component will be uninstalled.

Refer to the relevant chapters in this Installation Guide for instructions for installing individual components.

7. When the installation process is complete, the Argus Suite Setup- Maintenance Complete dialog appears.
8. Click **Finish**.

9.4.2 Uninstall Components

1. Select Start > Control Panel.
2. Click Add or Remove Programs.
3. Right-click Argus Suite and from the drop-down menu, click **Change/Remove**.
The Argus Suite Solutions InstallShield Wizard opens the Preparing Setup dialog box.
4. Select **Modify** and click **Next**.
5. In the Select Features dialog box, uncheck the components to uninstall and click **Next**.
The Argus Safety Components Installer will uninstall the selected components.
6. Follow the on-screen instructions to uninstall the components.

9.4.3 Remove All Components

1. Select Start > Control Panel.
2. Click Add or Remove Programs.
3. Right-click Argus Suite and from the drop-down menu, click **Change/Remove**.

The Argus Suite Solutions InstallShield Wizard opens the Preparing Setup dialog box.

4. Select **Remove** and click **Next**.
5. In the Confirm Uninstall dialog box, click **OK**.

The Argus Safety Components Installer uninstalls the required component(s).

6. Follow the on-screen instructions to uninstall the components.

9.5 Argus Configuration Files

By default, the Argus Safety logs files are placed in the “C:\temp” folder (default temp directory of Argus Safety). You must make sure that the user under which the Argus Safety applications are running has access to this directory.

If you have a different “Temp” directory, change the temp directory path in the following files:

Background Processes (AG Server)

1. <Argus Install Path>/Argus Safety/AGProc.config
2. <Argus Install Path>/Argus Safety/Service.config
3. <Argus Install Path>/Argus Safety/RelsysWindowsService.exe.config

Argus Web Server:

1. <Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/ASP/Web.config
2. <Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/Bin/Argussvr2.config
3. <Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/ASP/Argus.Net/Web.config
4. <Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/ASP/Argus.Net/Bin/RelsysWindowsService.exe.config
5. <Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/ASP/Argus.Net/Bin/Service.config
6. <Argus Install Path>/ArgusWeb/ASP/Integrations/Web.config

Note: It is recommended that you use the local server path rather than the network share path.

9.5.1 Backup Configuration Files

You must back up the following configuration files before proceeding with the application upgrade. All system configuration (.config) files will be overwritten by this upgrade and your manual configuration changes will be lost. These files may be stored on multiple servers, depending on components selected at the time of the Argus installation (Web Server, integration server, transaction server, and so on). The directory structure of the file, however, remains constant.

Commonly modified configuration files are:

- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\bin\Intake.config
- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\bin\RelsysWindowsService.exe.config
- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\bin\Service.config
- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\web.config

- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\ArgusConsole\web.config
- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Integrations\Service.config
- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Integrations\Web.config
- .\ArgusWeb\ASP\web.config
- .\ArgusWeb\Bin\Argusvr2.config
- .\ArgusWeb\Bin\Argusvr2a.config
- .\Argus Safety\AGProc.config
- .\Argus Safety\Intake.config
- .\Argus Safety\RelsysWindowsService.exe.config
- .\ArgusSafety\Service.config
- .\DBInstaller\ArgusDBInstall.exe.config
- .\ESMMapping\ESMapping.exe.config

Part III

Install or Upgrade Argus Safety Database Tier

You may install or upgrade Argus Safety database, and upload dictionaries.

Note: To upload the dictionaries, refer to the *Oracle Argus Safety Administrator's Guide*.

Install Argus Safety Database

10.1 Create Argus Safety Database Schema

1. For Windows—To use the interactive user interface, execute the **dbinstallerUI.bat** file.

For silent installation—execute the **dbinstaller.bat** file.

2. Create the tablespaces and schemas using the **dbinstallerUI.bat** or **dbinstaller.bat** file available at *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety*.
 - Argus Safety database schemas:
 - Argus Schema
 - Interchange Service Schema
 - ESM Query Schema
 - DLP Schema
 - DLP ESM Query Schema

Note: The mapping SQLs for ESM Generation and Import can be executed only through restricted database user account that have access only to Argus and ESM Schemas (ESM Query Schema and DLP ESM Query Schema).

These DB users does not have access to create or execute anything that would result in change or alteration of the schema or database.

DLP Schema and DLP ESM Query Schema are part of Argus Database, but DLP setup can be enabled or disabled by executing separate batch files shipped with the software.

Besides, features like Factory Data, DB Upgrade, and Oracle Text are merged with the Create Schema option.

- BI Publisher Schema—This schema holds the Flexible Aggregate Reporting (FAR) objects and the Japanese PMDA R3 Paper Reports related objects. This schema must always be created.

Note: When creating new users in Oracle, the password can only contain any ASCII Character, 0-9, or any of the following special characters _ # \$.

3. Create Axway B2Bi or Oracle B2B Database Instance (Optional)—Required only for respective gateway being integrated with Argus Safety.

10.1.1 Prepare to execute the DBInstaller

10.1.1.1 Prerequisites

Before you execute the **dbinstallerUI.bat** or **dbinstaller.bat** file on a server, verify that:

- an Oracle client with Administrator option is installed on the server.
- database TNS entry should be added in the TNSNAMES.ora file.
- Java JRE 1.8 or higher must be installed and Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) Unlimited Strength Jurisdiction Policy Files 8 is applied.
- login machine user should have administrative privileges.

10.1.1.2 Install Java

1. Download the **jce_policy-8.zip** file on your local machine from the following link:
<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jce8-download-2133166.html>
2. Unzip the **jce_policy-8.zip**.
3. Replace **local_policy.jar** and **US_export_policy.jar** files present in all Java JRE installation security folders with **local_policy.jar** and **US_export_policy.jar** shipped in **jce_policy-8.zip**.

For example, the location of Java JRE 64-bit:

C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_161\lib\security

4. From the command prompt verify that Java is properly installed by executing:

```
java-version
```

If no Java version appears, check that the environment variable settings and the path system variables have correct the Java installation path.

10.1.1.3 Set Java Install Path

1. Right-click the My Computer (or Computer) icon and from the drop-down menu select **Properties**.
2. From the left-pane, select **Advanced system settings**.
The System Properties dialog box appears.
3. In the Advanced tab > Startup and Recovery section, click **Environment Variables...**
4. From the System variables section, scroll down to the **Path** variable and double-click.

The Edit System Variable dialog box appears.

5. In the **Variable value:** field, enter the location where Java will be installed and end it with a semi-colon (;).
6. Click **OK** to close the Edit System Variable dialog box.
7. Click **OK** to close the System Properties dialog box.

10.1.1.4 Install XDB Schema for Interchange

Oracle Schema XDB must be present for Interchange packages to load. To create the XDB schema, if already not present:

1. Click **sqlplus.exe**.
2. Connect to **sys** as **sysdba**.
3. Execute the `<Oracle_Home>/rdbms/admin/catqm.sql` script.
4. Enter the following parameters:
 - user password
 - user default tablespace
 - user temporary tablespace

For example:

```
SQL>@?/rdbms/admin/catqm.sql SYSTEM SYSAUX TEMP
```

10.1.2 Run Create DBA User Script

You must run the Create DBA User scripts to create a new DBA user or grant required privileges to the existing DBA or SYSTEM user. Use this new DBA user account when running the **DBInstaller** to create the Argus Safety schema.

The DBA user created by this script can perform the actions as done by the SYSTEM user. All the manual grants which used to be assigned to the SYSTEM user (prior to the Argus Safety 8.1 release), are now part of this script. The term SYSTEM mentioned in this chapter can be replaced with the new DBA user.

If you use the newly created DBA User to execute the **DBInstaller**, then the validation file might display extra or missing privileges for the SYSTEM or the newly created DBA user.

If you do not wish to create a new DBA user, you may enter SYSTEM when running the script.

To create the DBA user:

1. From the command prompt, run the batch file:


```
<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Create_Dba_User\create_dba_user.bat
```
2. Enter the following parameters:
 - a. TNSName of the database
 - b. SYSDBA username
 - c. Password for SYSDBA account
 - d. Name for the new DBA User account that will be created
 - e. Password for the new account

3. Follow the remaining steps to complete the script.
4. You may also run the script:
 - For Windows—execute the script from `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Create_Dba_User\create_dba_user.bat`
 - For Linux—execute the script from `<Argus Release Media>/Database/Argus Safety/Utilities/Create_Dba_User/create_dba_user`

10.1.3 Create Tablespaces (Optional)

The **DBInstaller** creates the tablespaces if they do not exist with default parameter settings.

You can create tablespaces as per your parameter requirements before installing Argus Safety. The following is the list of tablespaces that is required for the Argus Safety installation:

Tablespaces for Argus Safety	Tablespaces for DLP
ARGUS_AEXP_DATA_01	DLP_DATA_01
ARGUS_AEXP_INDEX_01	DLP_DATA_02
ARGUS_AL_DATA_01	DLP_DATA_03
ARGUS_AL_INDEX_01	DLP_DATA_04
ARGUS_DATA_01	DLP_DATA_05
ARGUS_DATA_02	DLP_DATA_06
ARGUS_DATA_03	DLP_INDEX_01
ARGUS_DATA_04	DLP_INDEX_02
ARGUS_DATA_05	DLP_INDEX_03
ARGUS_INDEX_01	DLP_INDEX_04
ARGUS_INDEX_02	DLP_INDEX_05
ARGUS_INDEX_03	DLP_INDEX_06
ARGUS_INDEX_04	DLP_LOB_01
ARGUS_INDEX_05	
ARGUS_INDEX_06	
ESM_DATA_01	
ESM_INDEX_01	

10.1.4 Prerequisites to Create the Schema

- Create the Cryptographic Key, refer to the chapter [Argus Password Management—Cryptography Tool](#).
- A blank Oracle database instance is available.
- A DBA-privileged or a SYSTEM user account is available.
- The Oracle database is available from the machine where the DBInstaller is installed.
- Java is installed and JCE policy is applied. See [Section 10.1.1.2, "Install Java."](#)

- Set database semantics to CHAR.

The Argus Safety Database requires the database semantics to be CHAR and not BYTE. Follow the steps below:

1. Log in to the database as the SYS user.
2. Execute: ALTER SYSTEM SET NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS=CHAR SCOPE=BOTH;
3. Shutdown and startup the database after applying the above statement.

10.1.5 Configure the Database Setup Properties File

Make sure the `dbinstaller.properties` file that contains the information for the Argus Safety Database setup has correct data. If not, edit the file.

The file is located on the database server at `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety`.

Note: In case you are creating the schema on windows from the User Interface, you MUST update only the following parameter:

- `argus_securekey_path=<path of the ArgusSecureKey.ini file>`
The default value is `C:/windows`
- `tablespace_encryption=<blank> or <text>`, where
- blank = no encryption
- text like: encryption using 'AES256' default storage (encrypt)

You may ignore other parameters.

- **#DB Connection Details**
 - `db_connect_string=<host name>:<port>/<service name>`
 - `dba_user=<argus dba user or system user>`
- **#Application Type**
 - `application_type=MULTI` (for a multi-tenant setup) or `SINGLE` (for a single-tenant setup)
 - `enterprise_name=DEFAULT`
 - `enterprise_short_name=DEFAULT`
- **#Complete path of Argus Secure Key ini file**
 - `argus_securekey_path=<path of the ArgusSecureKey.ini file>`
The default value is `C:/windows`
 - `url`—URL for the database connection
 - `dbaUser`—SYSTEM or DBA privileged user
- **#Argus DB Schemas—Schema Name and Password (optional).** If the password is left blank, it will be prompted at run-time.
 - To prompt for each password on the screen:
 - * `appSchema_argus_schema=argus_app`

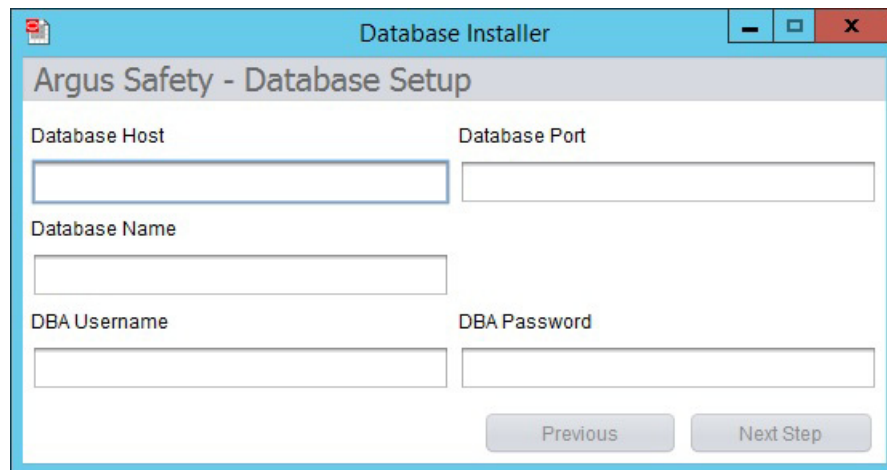
- * appSchema_argususer=argususer
- * appSchema_argus_login=argus_login
- * appSchema_vpd_schema=vpd_owner
- * appSchema_bip_schema=bip_owner
- * appSchema_esm_login=esm_login
- * appSchema_esm_schema=esm_owner
- * appSchema_esmquery_schema=esm_query
- * appSchema_dlp_schema=dlp_owner
- * appSchema_dlp_esmquery_schema=dlp_esm_query
- To avoid prompt for each password on the screen, set up the password as the login password for each user:
 - * appSchema_argus_schema=argus_app/<password>
 - * appSchema_argususer=argususer/<password>
 - * appSchema_argus_login=argus_login/<password>
 - * appSchema_vpd_schema=vpd_owner/<password>
 - * appSchema_bip_schema=bip_owner/<password>
 - * appSchema_esm_login=esm_login/<password>
 - * appSchema_esm_schema=esm_owner/<password>
 - * appSchema_esmquery_schema=esm_query/<password>
 - * appSchema_dlp_schema=dlp_owner/<password>
 - * appSchema_dlp_esmquery_schema=dlp_esm_query/<password>
- #Argus DB Roles—Enter the names of the database roles you need to be required. If this is an upgrade, list the roles under **For upgrade**. If this is a fresh installation, enter the roles under **For the new setup** in the file.
- #Argus Data Tablespaces—Define the tablespace and datafile details. Similarly ESM and DLP sections Define Data and Index datafiles.
- #Default and Temporary table spaces
 - default_ts=USERS
 - temp_ts=TEMP
- #TableSpace parameters
 - tablespace_encryption=<blank> or <text>, where
 - blank = no encryption
 - text like: encryption using 'AES256' default storage (encrypt)
 - tablespace_initial_size=10M
 - tablespace_autoextend=ON
 - tablespace_next_size=10M
 - tablespace_block_size=8K
- #Logging level parameters

- log_level=info
Logs the entire history of changes applied to the database. This is the default value.
- log_level=debug
Logs the entire history of changes applied to the database along with additional debug information.

10.1.6 Create the Schema on Windows from the User Interface

1. Run the **dbinstallerUI.bat** file to invoke the user interface. You must run the file as an administrator.

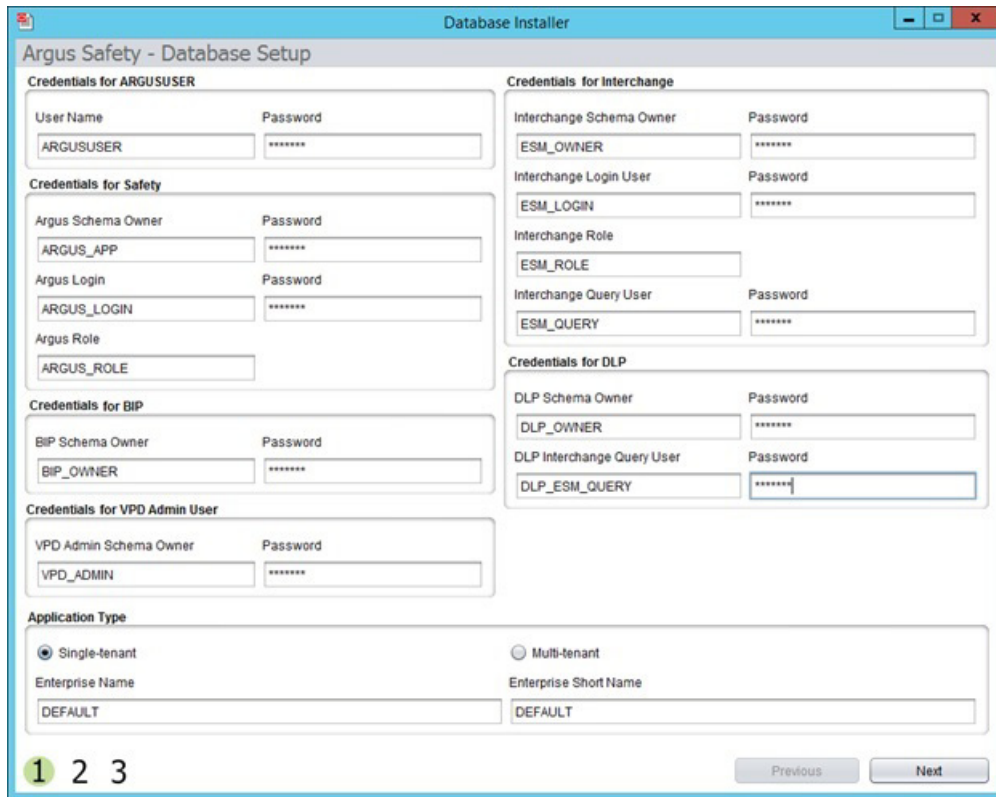
The Database Installer dialog box appears.



The screenshot shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "Database Installer" with a subtitle "Argus Safety - Database Setup". The dialog contains four input fields: "Database Host", "Database Port", "Database Name", and "DBA Username". The "DBA Password" field is a single-line password box. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "Previous" and "Next Step".

2. Enter the parameters and click **Next Step**.

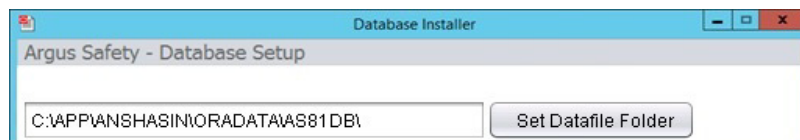
Argus Safety - Database Setup screen appears.



3. Enter the parameters, select the Application Type, and click **Next**.
 - Single Tenant—Select this option to allow the database to support only single tenant. The options to create multiple tenants in the safety system is disabled.
 - Multi-Tenant—Select this option to allow the database to support multiple tenants. Users are able to create multiple tenants using the Global Enterprise setup screens.
4. Create new tablespaces or use the existing tablespaces.

- Under Complete Path and Data File Name, enter the database server path (complete path including the filename) where the data file is placed.

Instead of entering path for each tablespace, you can set up a common folder path. To do so, in the text box, enter the datafile folder path, and click **Set Datafile Folder**.



- If the data file does not exist, the system creates a data file.
- If the data file exists, to use the current data file, click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog box.

Note: When you have existing tablespaces, you may use them; you are not required to create new ones. The system will not regenerate the tablespaces.

- Click **Next**.
- 5. Verify the **Setup Parameters** and click **Execute**.
When execution is complete, a message appears in the Execution Log on screen 3 - *Liquibase Update Successful*.
- 6. To view the execution status or errors, open the schema creation log file with the latest timestamp from `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\logs`.

10.1.7 Create the Schema on Windows from a Batch file

1. Make sure the **dbinstaller.properties** are set up correctly. (See [Configure the Database Setup Properties File](#).)
2. From Start menu, select Run, type **cmd**, and click **OK**.
3. In the command prompt, go to the following path:
`cd <Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety`
4. Type **dbinstaller.bat** and press **Enter**.
5. Monitor the execution log and progress on the running window.
6. To view the log file, go to `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\logs`.

10.1.8 Create the Schema on Linux or Unix

1. Make sure the **dbinstaller.properties** are set up correctly.
(See, [Configure the Database Setup Properties File](#).)
2. Copy the `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety` folder in the Linux directory.
You must have privileges to execute and create files in this directory and `/tmp` directory.
3. Open a terminal, log in as the Argus Safety DBA user, and execute the following command:
`cd <Argus Release Media>/Database/Argus Safety`
4. Type **dbinstaller** and press **Enter**.
5. Type the DBA user password and press **Enter**.
6. View logs in `<Argus Release Media>/Database/Argus Safety/logs`.

10.2 Post Fresh Install Steps

1. Log in to ARGUS_APP schema.
2. Verify that the common profile switch DATABASE_TIMEZONE is not empty by executing the following script:

```
select key, value from cmn_profile where key = 'DATABASE_TIMEZONE';
```

10.3 Oracle Text

Oracle Text search is an index-based querying solution that improves Duplicate Case search performance.

Argus Safety DB Installer checks whether Oracle Text is installed. If not, it displays an error message.

Before enabling Oracle Text, there must be enough free space available in the tablespace. If there is not enough free space available, a dialog box appears with the amount of space currently available (in megabytes).

Enable Oracle Text is part of the Create Schema Setup. When enabled, Oracle Text performs the following functions:

- Estimates the tablespace size requirements and adjusts as required.
- Populates existing cases in the Oracle Text duplicate search table for indexing. This process can take a few hours.
- Creates the Oracle Text Index.
- Creates the PDP job for delta updates.
- Updates the CMN_PROFILE Key, ORA_TXT_SRCH_ENABLE, to a value of 1.

Note: If Oracle Text is not installed and the Common Profile Switch is enabled, it would lead to an error when you run a search from the Argus Book-in screen.

10.4 Validate Argus Safety Database

You must validate the database after installation.

Note: If you are creating a fresh Argus Safety database, be sure the factory data is loaded before running the Schema Validation tool.

10.4.1 Validate Argus Safety Database on Windows

1. From Start menu, select Run, type **cmd**, and click **OK**.
2. In the command prompt, go to the following location:
<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\SchemaValidation
3. Type **SchemaValidation.bat** and press **Enter**.
4. Enter the following parameters:
 - a. TNSNAMES entry to connect to the Argus database: *<ASDB>*
 - b. DBA username in the Argus database: *<argus_dba>*
 - c. Password for the DBA user
 - d. Validation CTL file [Default VLDN_821.CTL]
 - e. Schema difference log file [Default SV_Schema_Diffs_asdb.log]
 - f. CTL loader log file [Default SV_CTLFile_asdb.log]
5. Check the log file for errors.

10.4.2 Validate Argus Safety Database on Linux or Unix

1. Copy the *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety* folder in your Linux or Unix directory.

You must have privileges to execute and create files in this directory and /tmp directory.

2. Open a Linux or Unix terminal, and execute the following command:

```
cd <Argus Release Media>/Database/Argus Safety
```
3. Type **SchemaValidation** and press **Enter**.
4. Type the DBA user password and press **Enter**.
5. View logs in *<Argus Release Media>/Database/Argus Safety/logs*.

10.5 Enable and Disable Data Lock Point (DLP)

DLP allows a periodic report to use case data as it looked as of a certain date in the past. DLP is a specific type of *point-in-time query* which runs against the Argus History schema in the Argus Safety database. Argus History, once it is enabled at the system level, records all revisions of all cases, allowing point-in-time queries such as DLP to retrieve case data as it was captured at a previous date.

10.5.1 Prerequisites

Before enabling or disabling DLP, make sure that:

- no one is logged on to the Argus Safety database before beginning the enable or disable DLP procedure.
- an Oracle Argus database instance is available.
- a DBA-privileged user or a SYSTEM user account is available.
- the **dlpsetup.properties** file is correctly updated.

10.5.2 Enable DLP

- For Windows, execute the **enableDLP.bat** file from *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\DLP_Setup*.
- For Linux or Unix, execute the **enableDLP** shell script.

10.5.3 Disable DLP

- For Windows, execute the **disableDLP.bat** file from *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\DLP_Setup*.
- For Linux or Unix, execute the **disableDLP** shell script.

Note: Argus Case Save will not function in case any DLP trigger (s) starting with T_DLP_CASE exists in Argus application schema. This fail safe is to prevent any case data corruption in DLP Schema, in case any trigger is disabled.

- To check if DLP trigger is disabled, use the following SQL from Argus Application Login:

```
SELECT trigger_name FROM user_triggers WHERE trigger_name LIKE 'T_DLP_CASE%' AND status='DISABLED';
```

- If all the triggers are enabled, check the value of CMN Profile Global Switch DLP_TRIGGER_ENABLED and update the value if it is 0:

```
SELECT key,value FROM cmn_profile_global WHERE key ='DLP_TRIGGER_ENABLED' ;
```

```
UPDATE cmn_profile_global SET value = 1 WHERE key ='DLP_TRIGGER_ENABLED' AND value != 1;
COMMIT;
```

10.6 Enable DLP on a Specific Enterprise

You can enable DLP for:

- a specific enterprise merged from a non-DLP system to a DLP enabled multi-tenant Argus Safety system.
- delta cases merged into an existing enterprise of a DLP enabled multi-tenant or single-tenant Argus Safety system.

10.6.1 Set Up the Base Database

1. Set up an Argus Safety 8.2.1 multi-tenant or single-tenant database.
 Enable DLP on the Argus Safety 8.2.1 database by executing the **enableDLP.bat** file. This sets up the initial DLP infrastructure on the Argus database for all existing enterprises.
2. Validate the schema by executing the **SchemaValidation.bat** file. Use the compatible CTL file.
 If any MISSING object exists in schema validation log, fix it before proceeding to the next step.
3. Populate new Argus Safety cases into the existing enterprise of a DLP enabled multi-tenant or single-tenant Argus Safety system from a non-DLP system.
 Or, create new enterprise in a DLP enabled multi-tenant Argus Safety system using data migration or merge to multi-tenant utility.

10.6.2 Enable DLP on Specific Enterprise or Delta Cases

To enable DLP on a specific enterprise or delta cases in a specific enterprise, make sure that you use the correct login credentials and set up the appropriate enterprise context.

1. Extract the custom DLP Enable Enterprise Specific script from the following location into a machine's local folder where Argus Safety 8.2.1 is installed:

<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\DLP_Enable_Enterprise_Specific

2. Double-click DLP_Enable_Enterprise.bat from:

<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\DLP_Enable_Enterprise_Specific\Argus\DLP\

This batch file execution handles the following scenarios to populate DLP data on newly created Argus Safety cases:

- process all cases merged in Argus Safety system due to creation of new enterprise by merge process
- process of delta cases merged in an enterprise due to any migration activity

3. Enter a name and location for the log file.

For example, DLP_Enable_Enterprise_Specific.log

4. Enter values at the prompts.

A confirmation message appears.

5. Press **Enter**.

The values you entered are displayed.

6. Verify that the details entered are correct and press **Enter**.

7. Check the log file for errors. If there are errors, the execution process pauses. Fix the errors and continue the process from another SQL window.

8. Check the log file to see if there are any Argus Safety cases missing in DLP.

<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\DLP_Enable_Enterprise_Specific\Argus\DLP\DLP_ENABLE_Missing_Cases_in_DLP_log.log

10.6.3 Validate the Schema

After enabling DLP Enterprise Specific to Argus Safety 8.2.1, validate the schema by double-click on the SchemaValidation.bat file located in the <Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\SchemaValidation folder.

Extra objects related to table DLP_ENABLE_CASE_HISTORY are ignored in schema validation log file.

The following table and related objects are ignored in Schema Validation if Argus Safety 8.2.1 DLP Enabled system with DLP_Enable_Enterprise_Specific scripts is applied:

- Owner—DLP
- Table—DLP_ENABLE_CASE_HISTORY
- Index—PK_DLP_ENABLE_CASE_HISTORY
- Reason for extra object—Objects are part of Enable DLP Enterprise Specific implementation.

10.7 Copy Configuration Data (Optional)

The Copy Configuration Tool allows you to copy configuration data from one Argus Safety database to another.

10.7.1 Set Up the Copy Configuration Tool

1. The Copy Configuration Tool creates a database directory in order to execute. Make sure to create a physical directory on the database server where export and import dump files are created and copied respectively. The physical path of these directories is required while performing the export and import.
2. Validate Schema on the source database using **SchemaValidation.bat** file.
Make sure that there are no extra or missing objects exist in Schema Validation log file. Messages for extra custom objects created should be ignored.
3. Copy the **Copy Configuration Tool** utility files recursively from *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Copy_Config* to the C:\CONFIG_EXP_IMP folder.

10.7.2 Use the Copy Configuration Tool

1. Export the source database by running the batch file and following the prompts:
C:\CONFIG_EXP_IMP\Data_ExportConfigOnly.bat
2. Copy ArgusSecureKey.ini (working with source database) from the .\Windows folder, and save it with generated source database file.
In case you do not have ArgusSecureKey.ini, follow the steps listed in the [Section 19.2.6, "Reset the Environment if ArgusSecureKey.ini is Lost."](#)
3. Move the dump files generated on the source Database Server (physical path provided while performing the export) to the target Database Server (physical path where import will be done).
4. To perform the import on the client machine, in the **Directory Path on DB Server where dump files are placed for import** parameter, use the same folder as entered in the **DB Directory Path for export dump files** while executing the export process for logs.
Or move the contents of the export logs folder provided to the **Directory including full path for log/script files** parameter while executing the export process, in the folder being used for the import process for log generation.
5. Create a new database (with or without TDE enabled) using the **dbinstallerUI.bat** or **dbinstaller.bat** file.
6. Import into the target database by running the batch file, and follow the prompts:
C:\CONFIG_EXP_IMP\Data_ImportConfigOnly.bat
Ignore any "ORA-28101: policy already exists" errors.
7. Validate Schema on the target database executing the **SchemaValidation.bat** file.
8. Copy ArgusSecureKey.ini from the source database folder and paste it in the .\Windows folder of application server(s) which are intended to be used with the target database.

10.8 Create Argus Safety Read-only Database Account (Optional)

1. From the command prompt, run the batch file:
`<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Create_Readonly_User`
2. Enter the following parameters and follow the instructions provided in the script.

- a. TNS name of Safety database.
- b. DBA user in the above specified database.
- c. Password of the DBA user.
- d. New read-only user to be created.
- e. Password for the read-only user.
- f. New read-only role to be created.

Note: This is not a requirement to install and run Argus Safety. This is an optional script that can be used to create the read-only account for any external interface you may have that needs read-only access to the data.

Upgrade Argus Safety Database

The space requirements for the upgrade are determined by the upgrade script. This requirement is mostly for new objects created during the upgrade. It is a fair estimate of space requirements.

11.1 Prerequisites for Database Upgrade

- The Oracle Database Server version should be upgraded as per the technology stack (see [Section 1.2.2, "Oracle Components"](#)).
- Verify that JRE 1.8 or above is installed, and JCE policy is applied.
- Verify that the Oracle TNSNAMES have been configured.
- To avoid errors during upgrade, do either of the following:
 - Keep datafiles AUTOEXTEND ON, or
 - Monitor free space and add more space, if required
- Create one large rollback segment or size 20 GB for LARGE size model.
Keep all other rollback segments, except SYSTEM, offline.
- The source Argus Safety database must be AL32UTF8 character set.
- The database semantics must be CHAR and not BYTE.

11.2 Argus Safety Database Upgrade

Note: You will need to generate a key prior to the database upgrade or you can use ArgusSecureKey.ini from the existing setup.

You must also make sure that the password information specified in the database is consistent with the information provided in the **ArgusSecureKey.ini** file.

Note: To execute the database creation and setup on a Linux server, copy the build folder from the *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety* on the server.

You may be prompted to press **Enter** at screens that are not included in the procedure. This does not hinder the upgrade procedure. Where applicable, press **Enter** to continue with the upgrade process.

1. Make sure the **dbinstaller.properties** are set up correctly. (See [Section 10.1.5, "Configure the Database Setup Properties File"](#).)
2. Validate the existing Argus Safety using the **SchemaValidation.bat** file. Use the validation file of the existing installed version from the Schema Validation folder:
`<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\SchemaValidation`
3. View the validation log file to make sure that the existing database has no errors, missing and invalid objects.
4. To create a new DBA user and refresh the existing DBA user grants, [Run Create DBA User Script](#).
5. From the `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety` folder, run the **dbinstallerUI.bat** file as an administrator, to invoke the user interface and enter the parameters.

The Argus Safety - Database Setup screen appears.

You cannot modify any details on this screen. In case, any of the information is incorrect, then you must re-create the schema.

For a silent upgrade, from the `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety` folder, run the **dbinstaller.bat** file as an administrator.

6. In case of upgrade, all the schema details will be auto-populated based on the schema selection logic. Before proceeding further, you must confirm that all the schema details are correctly populated.

Note: You must not create any Argus Safety objects in custom schema.

7. Click **Next**.
8. Enter the path for Tablespace and click **Next**.
9. Verify the Setup Parameters and click **Execute**.
10. To ignore any error due to customization, check **Ignore Error** checkbox in the DBInstaller user interface, and analyze it later when the upgrade is done.
11. To validate the schema, from the `<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Schema Validation` folder, run the **SchemaValidation.bat** file.

See [Section 10.4, "Validate Argus Safety Database"](#).

11.3 Post Upgrade Steps

1. Log in to ARGUS_APP schema.
2. Verify that the common profile switch DATABASE_TIMEZONE is not empty by executing the following script:

```
select key, value from cmn_profile where key = 'DATABASE_TIMEZONE';
```

11.4 Enable Local Locking in Argus Safety

Before enabling Local Locking in Argus Safety, you must make sure that you have upgraded your database to this release successfully.

1. Execute the batch file **Enable_local_lock.bat** from *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Enable_local_lock* directory.
2. Enter the response for *Do you wish to turn on the Local Locking feature for one or more enterprises (Yes/No)?*, enter **Yes** to continue.
3. Enter the log file name to record the results.

This is the execution log that is created on the client workstation under the *Enable_local_lock* directory mentioned above.

4. Enter TNSNAMES Entry to Connect to the source SAFETY Database.
5. Enter SAFETY schema owner name in source Database.
6. Enter the password for safety schema name in source Database.
7. Enter comma separated list of enterprises where local locking feature is to be enabled or enter ALL for all enterprises in Source safety Database.

If no value is entered script will run for enterprise 1 by default.

8. Enter the Agency name for PMDA reporting destination as configured in **Reporting Destination** codelist.
9. To enable local locking privileges for the Argus J users, enter **Yes**.

Follow the prompts for confirmation.

Note: If the agency entered is invalid for any of the enterprises, the utility will abort and no changes will be committed.

In case of a multi-tenant environment, if this utility is re-run for any of the enterprises, it will display a list of the enterprises for which it has already executed and will continue to process rest of the enterprises.

11.5 Merge a Single Enterprise Safety Database into a Multi-tenant Database

11.5.1 Prerequisites to Run the Merge Export Step

- The end user should not use the source database during the export process.
- Install Argus Safety 8.2.1 on a computer where Oracle database is installed. Make sure the Oracle database is installed as per the [Chapter 1, "System Requirements."](#)
- The source databases should be schema validated at Argus Safety 8.2.1.
- The source database should only be a single-tenant database.
- The source database data must contain only one ENTERPRISE.

11.5.2 Merge Export

1. From the Start menu, navigate to the following path:

<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Merge_to_Multitenant

2. Double-click the **merge_export.bat** file and follow the instructions on the sqlplus screen.
 - a. Enter Log File Name to record results.

This is the execution log that is created on the client workstation:
Log file path: <Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Merge_to_Multitenant
 - b. Enter TNSNAMES Entry to Connect to the Source SAFETY Database.
 - c. Enter SYSTEM or DBA user name in source Database.
 - d. Enter password for SYSTEM or DBA user in source Database.
 - e. Enter SAFETY schema owner name in source Database.
 - f. Enter password for Safety schema owner in source Database
 - g. Enter Interchange schema owner name in Safety Database
 - h. Enter password for Interchange schema owner in source Database.
 - i. Enter the full directory Path to create the Source Safety database export dump file:

This is the Path on the **Source Database Server** where the Argus Safety Database resides. The batch file will create an export dump file (SAFETY.DMP) and an export log file (SAFETY_EXPORT.LOG) in the directory.

Make sure that SAFETY.DMP file does not exist prior to the export.
3. Make sure that no error has occurred during the database export, by checking the following log files:
 - Log file name entered as parameter 1 during export step execution.
 - Following Oracle Export log files are created on database server. The path is the value entered on "Enter Directory including full Path to create Source safety database export dump file" during export step:
SAFETY_EXPORT.log

11.5.3 Export the dmp File Copy to the Target Database Server

Move the export dmp file created in [Merge Export](#) from the source database server to the target database server.

11.5.4 Prerequisites to Run the Merge Import Step

- Create a cold backup of the target database before starting the Merge Import step.
- The end user should not use the target database during the import process.
- Only one Merge Import process can run on the target database at a time.
- Auto extend should be set on for all database files in the target database.
- Sufficient space should be available on the target database server to import the new enterprise data. The amount of space depends on the number of cases in source Argus Safety database.

- Install the Argus 8.2.1 application. Make sure that Oracle Client version is same as the database server.
- The target databases should be Schema Validated at Argus 8.2.1.
- The target database must be a multi-tenant database.
- All source database dictionaries should be available in target database. If the dictionary does not exist then install missing dictionaries on the target database.
- All existing AG service users on the source database must exist on the target database.
- All source database LDAP configured server names should be available in target database.

11.5.5 Merge Import

1. From the Start menu, navigate to the following path:
<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Merge_to_Multitenant
2. Click **merge_import.bat** and enter the following parameters for the target database:
 - a. Log File Name to record results.
 This is the execution log that will be created on the client workstation.
 Log file path: *<Argus Release Media>\Database\Argus Safety\Utilities\Merge_to_Multitenant*
 - b. TNSNAMES entry to connect to the target Safety database.
 - c. SYSTEM or DBA user name.
 - d. Password of the DBA user.
 - e. VPD schema owner name.
 - f. Password of the VPD schema owner.
 - g. SAFETY schema owner name.
 - h. Password of the Safety schema owner.
 - i. Interchange schema owner name.
 - j. Password of the Interchange schema owner.
 - k. Directory location where the export dmp file is copied for the import process.
 This is the path on the Target Database Server where the Argus Safety database is installed. The batch file creates an import log file in this directory.
 - l. Name of the new enterprise.
 - m. Abbreviation of the new enterprise.
 - n. SAFETY schema owner name in the source database.
 - o. Interchange schema owner name in source database.
3. This batch file imports the data from the dump file into the target database.
4. Make sure that no error has occurred during import by checking the following log files:
 - Log file name entered as parameter 1 during Import step execution.

- The following Oracle Import log files are created on database server. The path is the value entered in “Enter Directory including full Path on target database server where export dmp file copied for import process” during import step.
 - SAFETY_IMPORT_safety.log
 - SAFETY_IMPORT_interchange.log
 - SAFETY_IMPORT_SAFETY_DUP_SEARCH_DATA.log
 - SAFETY_IMPORT_SAFETY_DUP_LAM_SEARCH_DATA.log
5. Validate the schema of the database using the **SchemaValidation.bat** file.

11.5.6 Synchronize Dictionary Manually

The merge process synchronizes the dictionary information based on the dictionary name in the source and target database. If the source dictionary name is not available in target database, then manual synchronization is required.

To synchronize the dictionary data manually on the target database:

1. Log in as the Safety schema owner using sqlplus on the target safety database.
2. Locate the new ENTERPRISE_ID value created from import process using the following sql:

```
SELECT VALUE
FROM cmn_profile_global
WHERE section = 'DATABASE' AND KEY = 'MERGING_TO_MULTITENANT';
```

3. Set the context value to new Enterprise_id

```
Exec pkg_rls.set_context('admin',< Value of New Enterprise ID>,'ARGUS_SAFETY');
```

4. Locate the list of Dictionaries ID's where Dictionary synchronization pending due to missing Dictionaries on Target database. If the following sql results in NO ROWS, then no further action is required.

```
Select dict_id
From cfg_dictionaries_enterprise
Where enterprise_id = <Value of New Enterprise ID>
And global_dict_id = -1;
```

5. Log in as the Safety schema owner using sqlplus on the source safety database.
6. Locate the dictionary name of each Dictionary ID where the dictionary does not exist on the target database using the following sql:

```
Select name from cfg_dictionaries_global
where dict_id in (<List of Dict ID values (comma separated) from Step 4);
```

7. Load the missing dictionaries on the target database.
8. Set the context to new enterprise_id using following sql on target database.

```
Exec pkg_rls.set_context('admin',<Value of new ENTERPRISE_ID> , 'ARGUS_SAFETY');
```

9. Update GLOBAL_DICT_ID data in the target database using the following SQL:

```
UPDATE CFG_DICTIONARIES_ENTERPRISE
SET GLOBAL_DICT_ID = <Dictionary Global Dict ID value from target database>
WHERE ENTERPRISE_ID = <New ENTERPRISE_ID created in Target Database>
AND DICT_ID = <Value of Dict ID in New ENTERPRISE with Dictionary name>
AND GLOBAL_DICT_ID = -1;
```


Part IV

Configure Other Products

This part lists the other products that are installed and configured through Argus Safety, and are required to complete Argus Safety installation.

During the installation, the information in this manual may be different from what you see on your monitor if additional modules were selected during the Argus Safety Web Installation.

Prerequisites:

- Obtain a domain account with Local Administrator privileges.
- In case of application upgrade, make sure to [Backup Configuration Files](#) of the existing Argus Safety application before setting up the machines.

Configure and Enable Argus Dossier

12.1 Prerequisites

1. [Set Up Argus Safety Middle and Client Tiers.](#)
2. [Install or Upgrade Argus Safety Database Tier.](#)

12.2 Configure Dossier

1. On the server where Dossier is installed, from the installation folder, open the file **service.config**. By default, the installation folder is:
C:\Program Files\Oracle\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\bin
2. Uncomment the entries for **DossierBuilder** in the section:
`<ServiceConfiguration>/<ServiceComponents>`
3. From the installation folder, open the file **RelsysWindowsService.exe.config**.
4. Make sure that the `<DatabaseConfiguration>` section is configured for the following attributes:

Attribute	Description
DBName (Mandatory)	TNS of the Database to which the RelsysWindowsService should connect to. Example: DBName="GOLDDEMO"
DBUser	AGService Username. The RelsysWindowsService logs into the database using this login name. This has to be a user of type AGSERVICE. Example: DBUser="agservice_user1"
DBPassword	Generate new encrypted string, refer to Section 19.2.4, "Generate Encrypted String" .
GeneralEmailTo	The e-mail address to which the e-mails will be sent by the Intake Service, using the General Email feature of Argus. Example: GeneralEmailTo ="receptient@oracle.net"

Attribute	Description
GeneralEmailFrom	<p>The email address from which the e-mails will be sent by the Intake Service, using the General Email feature of Argus.</p> <p>Example: GeneralEmailFrom ="admin@oracle.net"</p>
GeneralEmailCc	<p>This email address will be added to the Cc line when e-mails are sent by the Intake Service, using the General E-mail feature of Argus.</p> <p>Example: GeneralEmailCc ="recepient@oracle.net"</p>
GeneralEmailBcc	<p>The email address will be added to the Bcc line when e-mails are sent by the Intake Service, using the General E-mail feature of Argus.</p> <p>Example: GeneralEmailBcc ="recepient@oracle.net"</p>
Recurrence (Optional)	<p>The value for this attribute specifies the frequency of instantiation of the associated Service Component. The value is specified in seconds.</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre><add Name="DossierBuilder" Assembly="DossierServiceComponent" Type="DossierBuilder" Recurrence="600" Metadata="InvokeDirect=true" /></pre> <p>The value of 600 for Recurrence above means, the "DossierBuilder" service is instantiated every 600 seconds (10 minutes) to perform the job.</p>

12.3 Enable Dossier

1. Go to Argus Safety >Argus Console > System Configuration > Enabled Modules.
2. Select **Dossier**.
3. Click **Save**.

Install and Configure Axway B2Bi

This chapter describes the steps required to install and configure the Axway B2Bi EDI (Electronic Data Interchange) Gateway so it can operate correctly with Argus Interchange.

Note: Either B2B or Axway B2Bi is required for E2B reports exchange. You can choose any one of the software, as required.

You may install EDI Gateway and Interchange Service in any order.

13.1 Create an Axway B2Bi Database Instance

1. Log in to the database server as an Admin user.
2. Create a blank Axway B2Bi instance, if it does not already exist.
3. Connect to the Axway B2Bi instance created in Step 2.
4. Create an Axway B2Bi DB User identified by the Axway B2Bi DB password.
5. Provide the following grants to the Axway B2Bi DB user:
 - Grant CREATE PROCEDURE
 - Grant CREATE SESSION
 - Grant CREATE TABLE
 - Grant CREATE VIEW
 - Grant UNLIMITED TABLESPACE (Optional)
 - Grant CREATE SEQUENCE
 - Alter user Axway B2Bi DB User default tablespace USERS.
 - Grant CONNECT
 - Grant RESOURCE

13.2 Install Axway B2Bi

For more information, see the *Axway B2Bi installation documentation*.

13.3 Configure Axway B2Bi

1. Log in to a client computer.

2. From the browser, go to (Sender or Receiver) `http://<AxwayB2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
3. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
4. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and select **Recent Communities > Manage Trading Configuration** from the menu.
5. In the Pick a community screen, click **Add a community**.
6. In the Choose the source screen:
 - a. Click **Next** to continue.
 - b. Click the **Manually create a new community profile** option button.
 - c. Enter the parameters.
 - d. Click **Yes** to add a certificate.

Note: This information is entered for both the sender and the receiver, but initially for the sender.

- e. Click **Finish**.
7. In the Add a certificate screen, click **Create a self-signed certificate** and click **Next**.
8. In the Enter the certificate information screen, click **Next**.
9. In the Review request screen, click **Next**.
10. In the View certificate details screen:
 - a. Check **Make this the default encryption certificate**.
 - b. Check **Make this the default signing certificate**.
 - c. Click **Finish**.
11. Hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon, from the drop-down menu, select the recent **Communities > <community>**.
12. In the **Summary** screen, click the **Setup up a pickup for receiving messages from partners**.
13. In the **Choose message protocol** screen, select the **EDIINT AS2 (HTTP)** option and click **Next**.
14. In the **Choose HTTP transport type** screen, click **Next**.
15. In the Configure URL screen, click **Next**.
16. In the Exchange Name screen, enter the **Exchange Name** and click **Finish**.
17. In the Summary screen, click **Application Delivery** and add an application delivery.
18. In the **Choose transport protocol** screen, select the **File system** option and click **Next**.
19. In the **Configure the file system settings** screen, click **Next**.
20. In the Exchange Name screen, enter the **Exchange Name** and click **Finish**.
21. Go to the Summary Page and click **Configure the settings for application delivery**.

22. In the Select application delivery screen, select **Name**, enter **Friendly Name**, and click **Finish**.

13.3.1 Configure Axway B2Bi for Binary File Transmission

You can configure transmission for binary files such as PMDA zip files and E2B attachments.

To configure Axway B2Bi for binary file transmission:

1. Log in to a client computer.
2. From the browser, go to (Sender or Receiver): `http://<AxwayB2BiServer>:6080/ui`.
3. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
4. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and from the drop-down menu, select **Recent Communities > <community>**.
5. In the Summary screen, click the **Application Pickup** icon and add an application pickup.
6. In the Choose transport protocol screen, click **File system** option and click **Next**.
7. In the From address and To address screens, click **Next**.
Address must be determined by either message attribute configuration or by protocol address only.
8. In the **Configure the file system settings** screen, on the Sender's Axway B2Bi Server, locate Common/Out folder and create the following folder structure:
Common\Out\Sender's Routing ID\Receiver's Routing ID
9. In the Exchange Name screen, enter the **Exchange Name** and click **Finish**.
10. In the **Change this application pickup exchange** screen, click the **Message attributes** tab.
11. In the Message attribute directory mapping tab:
 - a. The system moves them to the **Selected attributes** list.
 - b. Select **From routing ID** and **To routing ID** and click **Add**.
 - c. Locate the **Available Attributes** list.
 - d. Click the **From address** tab.
12. Click **To address** tab, select the **Address determined by message attribute configuration** option or by protocol address only and click **Save Changes**.
13. On the Sender's Axway B2Bi Server, locate Common/Out folder and create the following folder structure:
Common\Out\Sender's Routing ID\Receiver's Routing ID

Note: This completes the folder configuration for outgoing binary transmissions. Since binary file transmission configuration is based on these folder names, each combination of Sender and Receiver Routing ID must be unique for binary file transmission to different trading partners.

The Binary file should be dropped in the RECEIVER's Routing ID Folder which is the last folder. Although in the Axway B2Bi GUI the Application Pickup folder will show up only ..\common\out.

14. For incoming binary transmissions, repeat steps 5 - 8 for Application Delivery.
Repeat steps 1 - 12 for setting up the Receiver Axway B2Bi.

13.3.2 Configure Axway B2Bi Community

13.3.2.1 Register with the Axway B2Bi Community

1. From the browser, go to `http://<Receiver Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
2. In the **Axway B2Bi Login** screen, enter Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
3. In the Getting started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and from the drop-down menu, select **Recent Communities > <community>**.
4. In the Summary screen, click **Export this community as a partner profile** at the bottom of the page.
5. Enter the password and save the file to your local hard drive and close the **Save** dialog box.
6. Click **Logout** in the upper right corner of the page.

13.3.2.2 Add a Partner to the Axway B2Bi Community

1. From the browser, go to `http://<Sender AxwayB2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
2. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
3. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and select **Recent Communities > <community>** from the menu.
4. In the Summary screen, click the **Add a Partner to this community** link.
5. In the **Choose the source** screen, select the **Import the profile information from a file** option and click **Next**.
6. In the **Enter profile path** screen, click **Browse** to navigate to the saved file, enter the same password used at the time of exporting this community as a partner profile, and click **Finish**.
7. In the **Successful profile import** screen, click **Close**.

Note: If you receive a summary where the Routing ID is not displayed, you must add the sender's Routing ID manually, as listed from Steps 9 - 12.

8. In the Summary screen:
 - a. Click the **Partners** menu item and select the newly imported partner.
 - b. Click the **Routing IDs** icon.
9. In the Routing IDs screen:
 1. Click **Add**.
 2. Type the partner (sender) routing ID in the **Routing ID** field.
 3. Verify that the partner **does not** have a routing ID.
The new routing ID is added to the page.
 4. Hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon.
 5. Select **Recent Communities** > <community> from the menu.
10. In the Summary screen, select the sender partner.
11. In the Summary: Sender screen, click the **Default delivery exchange** link.
12. In the **Change this delivery exchange** screen, click the **HTTP Settings** tab, and verify that the URL is correct and that the correct routing ID for the send is appended to the end of the URL

13.3.2.3 Register the Receiver's Community on the Sender Server

Repeat the procedures of the [Section 13.1, "Create an Axway B2Bi Database Instance"](#).

13.3.3 Add a Node

1. From the browser, go to `http://<Sender Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
2. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
3. In the Getting started screen, click the **System Management** icon.
4. In the System Management screen, click **Add a Trading engine node**.
5. In the Add a node screen:
 - a. Click **Add**.
 - b. Select the machine to add the node to from the **Computer name** drop-down.
 - c. Click the **Trading Engine** option.
6. When the System management page opens with the newly created node:
 - Click **Start** to start the trading engine node.
The system updates System management page.
The status of the node changes to **Starting**.
The system updates the System management page.
The status of the node changes to **Running**.
7. Click **Home** and verify that the node status is **Running**.
8. Repeat the procedure to set up the Receiver Axway B2Bi.

13.3.4 Configure Axway B2Bi Certificates

13.3.4.1 Configure Receiver Axway B2Bi Certificates

1. From the browser, go to `http://<Receiver Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
2. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
3. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and select **Manage trading configurations** from the menu.
4. In the Community screen, click the **Community name**.
5. In the Summary screen, click the **Certificates** link.
6. In the Certificate screen, click the **Certificate** listed on the **Personal certificates** tab.

Note: Click the Trusted root certificates tab to verify that no certificates exist for the Sender or Receiver Axway B2Bi.

Skip this section if a valid trusted root certificate already exists in the Name section on the Trusted root certificates tab.

7. In the View certificate screen, in the General tab, locate the **Related task** section and click **Export this certificate**.
8. In the **Choose the format you want to use for the certificate export** screen, retain the default configurations.
 - a. Click **Export certificate**.
 - b. Click the **Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard PKCS #7** option button.
 - c. Select the **Include all certificates in the certification path if possible** checkbox.
9. Save the file to the Sender's local hard drive and click **Logout** in the upper right corner of the page.

13.3.4.2 Configure Sender Axway B2Bi Certificates

1. From the browser, go to `http://<Sender Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
2. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
3. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and select **Manage trading configurations** from the menu.
4. In the Community screen, click the **Community name**.
5. In the Summary screen, click the **Certificates** link.
6. In the Certificate screen, click the **Trusted root certificates** tab and click the **Add a trusted root certificate** link.

Note: It is possible that the Trusted Root Certificates for the Receiver Axway B2Bi Server may already be on the Sender Axway B2Bi Server.

7. In the Add a certificate screen, click **Next**.
8. In the Locate the certificate file screen, click **Browse** to locate the P7B certificate file saved for the Receiver Axway B2Bi Server and click **Next**.
9. In the View certificate details screen, click **Finish**.
10. In the Pick a certificate screen, click the **Trusted root certificates** tab.
11. Verify that the certificate you added appears on the list.
12. Log out of the Sender Server.

Repeat the procedure to register the Sender's certificate on the Receiver Server as a Trusted Root Certificate.

13.3.5 Configuring EVENTS.XML

To configure Event.xml on Client machine:

1. Log in to a client computer.
2. Using Windows Explorer, go to the local directory containing the Argus Safety installation files and navigate to `..\DBInstaller\Utilities\Cyclone`.
3. Locate and double-click the `cyclone_setup.bat` file to open a DOS command prompt window.
4. In the Oracle SQL+ screen:
 - a. Enter the Axway B2Bi instance in the **TSNAMES** entry.
 - b. Enter the Axway B2Bi DB User Name in the **Axway B2Bi User Name**.
 - c. Enter the Axway B2Bi User Password in the **Password for User Axway Synchrony_USER**.
 - d. Enter the Axway B2Bi Schema User in the **[USERS]**.
5. When SQL+ connects to the specified database, enter the Directory name and the log file name.

When the process is complete, the SQL+ window and DOS command prompt window close.

To configure Event.xml on Receiver machine:

1. Log in to the Receiver Server.
2. Using Windows Explorer, navigate to `<Axway B2Bi Install Folder>\conf folder\`.
3. Take a backup of the Events.xml file and rename it Events.xml.bak.
4. Right-click the Events.xml file and select **Edit** to display it in **Notepad**.
5. Locate the `<EventRouters>` section and add the following code:

```
<EventRouter id="ARGUS Events" class =
"com.cyclonecommerce.relsys.router.GetEventInfo" active="true">
<Parameters file="..\logs\ARGUS.log" rollOnStart= "true" autoFlush="true"
maxFileSize="2M" maxBackupFiles="5"/>
<MetadataProcessorListRef ref="Messaging"/>
<EventFilterRef ref="ARGUS"/>
</EventRouter>
```

6. Add the following section in the Events.xml file in the `<EventFilters>` section:

```

<EventFilter id="ARGUS">
<OrFilter>
<EventFilterRef ref="Message Milestones"/>
<EventLevelFilter level="Warning"/>
<EventLevelFilter level="Error"/>
<EventLevelFilter level="High"/>
</OrFilter>
</EventFilter>

```

7. Copy the ArgusRouter.jar file from Argus local directory: \SUPPORT\AxwayB2Bi\2.3.1 to Axway B2Bi directory: *<Axway B2Bi Install folder>\Interchange\jars*.
8. From the browser, go to <http://<Receiver Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/>.
9. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and from the drop-down menu select **Recent Communities > Community**.
10. In the Summary screen and click the **Application Pickup** icon.
11. In the Application pickup exchange screen, click the link in the **Name** column.
12. Click the **Inline Processing** tab.
13. In the Inline processing rules screen, enter the following parameters:
 - a. **Class name**—`com.cyclonecommerce.relsys.router.GetMessageInfo`
 - b. **Parameter**—Relsys Argus
 - c. **Description**—GetMessagesInformation
14. Click **Save changes**.
15. When the Pick an integration pickup exchange screen appears, click **Logout**.
16. Repeat the preceding steps for the Sender Server.

13.3.6 Configure Message Processing Settings

1. From the browser, go to <http://<Sender Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/>.
2. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
3. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and select **Recent Communities > <community>** from the menu.
4. In the Summary screen, click the **Application Pickup** icon.
5. In the Application pickup exchange screen, click a link in the **Name** column.
6. Click the **Advanced** tab and from **Message processing**, select **Limited - only use message handler and collaboration settings**.
7. In the Getting Started screen, hover over the **Trading Configuration** icon and select **Recent Communities > <community>** from the menu.
8. In the Summary screen and click the **Trading Pickup** icon.
9. In the Trading pickup exchange screen, click a link in the **Name** column.
10. Click the **Advanced** tab, and from **Message processing**, select **Limited - only use message handler and collaboration settings**.
11. Go to *<AxwayB2Bi Install folder>\B2Bi*, and execute the following command to stop the server:

./B2Bi stop

12. Go to <AxwayB2Bi Install Folder>\B2Bi, and execute the following command to start the server:

./B2Bi start

13. To verify that the Trading engine node in Running state and the Integration engine node in Started state, and the Trading engine node is assigned to the Integration engine node:
 - a. From the browser, go to `http://<Sender Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/`
 - b. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
 - c. In the Getting started screen, click the **System Management** icon.

Note: If the **Trading engine node** is not in **Running** state then click **Start**.

13.4 Test Communication

1. From the Sender Axway B2Bi Server, configure an XML file to transmit from the Sender server to the Receiver server.

Note: The file must be an E2B file that contains the correct routing IDs for the sender and the receiver.

2. Make sure that the Axway B2Bi servers on both sender and receiver are running.
3. Drop the E2B XML file into the out bound folder of the Axway B2Bi Sender server.
4. Log in to a machine where Axway B2Bi is installed.
5. From the browser, go to `http://<Sender Axway B2BiServer>:6080/ui/`.
6. In the Axway B2Bi Login screen, enter the Axway B2Bi User ID and Password, and click **Login**.
7. In the Getting started screen, hover over the **Message Tracker** icon and select the **Message Searches > All Messages** from the menu.

From the Search results screen, verify that the transmission is in progress by locating the Custom Search section and click **Find** until Delivered appears on the screen.

Note: The system does not display this screen if it has already transmitted the file.

8. When the file is transmitted successfully, click **Logout**.
9. Go to the Axway B2Bi Receiver server and verify that the E2B file has been received.
10. To verify that the file has been transmitted:
 - a. Log in to the receiver Axway B2Bi server.
 - b. Select the All Messages option.

- c.** View the message payload.
- 11.** Compare the E2B file on the receiving machine (payload version displayed) with the file from the sending machine.

These files should be identical.

- 12.** To verify delivery on the Receiver Server, repeat the procedure.

Verify that the E2B XML file is configured with proper routing IDs for both the send and the receiver before dropping the file into the Axway B2Bi outbound folder.

Install and Configure Oracle B2B

You can install either Oracle B2B or Axway B2Bi for E2B reports exchange.

14.1 Install Oracle B2B

Refer to *Oracle B2B Installation Guide*.

14.2 Integrate Oracle B2B with Argus Safety

The entire integration process can broadly be categorized under the following steps:

1. Creation of integration tables in B2B Schema through provided scripts
2. Oracle B2B UI Configuration
 - a. General Configuration
 - b. Document Configuration
3. Enterprise Manager Configuration
 - a. SOA Composites Deployment
 - b. SOA Composites Configuration
4. Web Logic Console Configuration
 - a. Data Sources and JNDI Configuration
5. Large Payload Configuration
6. Configuration on Argus Safety side

14.3 Create Integration tables in B2B Schema

There are a few database objects which are created in the ESM Schema for outbound file integration as part of the Argus Safety installation. However, a few database objects need to be created in B2B Schema for inbound files integration.

After Argus Safety is installed, locate DB Script B2B_setup.bat under *<Argus Install Folder>\Oracle\Argus\DBInstaller\Utilities\B2B_Setup*.

Double-click it to provide database details of B2B. This is recommended to be installed under SOA_INFRA Schema of B2B database instance.

This script creates the following database objects required to integrate incoming files data:

1. B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND (table)

2. S_B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND (sequence)

14.4 Configure Oracle B2B User Interface

Log in to Oracle B2B UI as an admin user.

14.4.1 General Configuration > Administration > Configuration

1. Under the **Non Purgeable** section, set **Use JMS Queue as default** to **True**.
2. Under the **Miscellaneous** section, set **Additional MIME Types** to **application/octet-stream : application/pdf**.
3. Under the **Performance** section, set **Large Payload Directory** to the desired location.

It is recommended to set it, even if large payloads are not likely to be received.

14.4.2 Document Configuration > Administration > Document

There can be one document type configured for each of the following categories, as transmitted and received from Argus Safety:

1. XML—for E2B Message and Acknowledgments
 - a. SGML files with no EDI Header and Footer are also categorized under this category.
2. Zip—for PMDA E2B Message files
3. PDF—for E2B R2 Attachments
 - a. The Zip and PDF may be combined together under one category since both are binary documents. One common doc type may be sufficient for them.
4. EDI files—for those E2B Reporting Destinations in Argus Console for which EDI Header and footer is checked. If there is no such Reporting Destination, this document type need not be created. Identification Types for EDI Files can be given as:
 - a. Identification Start Position = 1
 - b. Identification End Position = 3
 - c. Identification Value = UNB

Besides this, XML, EDI, and Binary should be created as separate document types rather than as different document definitions under one document type.

14.5 Configure Enterprise Manager

14.5.1 Deploy SOA Composite

The Argus Safety build provide the following composites to integrate Oracle B2B:

- **sca_AS_BPEL_Outbound_rev1.0.jar**—for all outbound traffic from Argus Safety
- **sca_AS_BPEL_Inbound_rev1.0.jar**—for all inbound traffic from Argus Safety

The files are available in <Install Directory>\Support\OracleB2B.

To deploy SOA composites:

1. Log in to Enterprise Manager as Admin user.
2. Locate the domain under which composites are to be deployed.
3. Right-click and select SOA Deployment > Deploy To This Partition.
4. Select the path of the JAR file and click **Next** to deploy the JAR file.
5. Repeat the above process to deploy the other JAR file.

14.5.2 Configure SOA Composite

There are certain parameters for the deployed composites which need to be modified as per the Customer Environment.

14.5.2.1 AS_BPEL_Outbound Composite

1. In the Enterprise Manager, under deployed domain, right-click AS_BPEL_Outbound and click **Service/Reference Properties**.
2. Select AS_FileAdapter.
 - a. Change PhysicalDirectory and PhysicalArchiveDirectory to the desired location.
Do not change other properties.
 - b. Argus Safety may create outbound files under the same or under any of the child directories of the above specified directory.
3. B2B_DBAdapter should NOT be changed for any of the properties.
4. B2B_JMSAdapter can be changed, but only if required.

14.5.2.2 AS_BPEL_Inbound Composite

In the Enterprise Manager, under deployed domain, right-click AS_BPEL_Inbound and click **Service/Reference Properties**.

1. Select AS_FileAdapter.
 - a. Set PhysicalDirectory as the top level folder under which all the incoming files are dropped by B2B.
Do not change other properties.
2. Select LargeFileReader.
 - a. The PhysicalDirectory should be the same as Large Payload Directory under Oracle B2B UI > Administration > Configuration > Performance section.
Do not change other properties.
3. B2B_DBAdapter should NOT be changed for any of the properties.
4. B2B_Inbound can be changed, but only if required.

14.6 Configure Web Logic Console

Log in to Web Logic Console to create the following data sources and JNDI configuration.

14.6.1 Data source with JNDI Name as 'eis/DB/ArgusSafety_Outbound'

This is hard coded JNDI Identifier being used inside AS_BPEL_Outbound SOA Composite for outbound files. This should point to a data source which has all access to the Argus Safety database table **B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_OUTBOUND** under ESM Schema. This table is available as part of the Argus Safety installation.

The configuration is validated with xADatasource property filled with a data source using database driver as 'Oracle's Driver (Thin XA) for instance connection; Version: 9.0.1 and later'.

14.6.2 Data source as 'jdbc/ArgusSafety_Inbound'

This is a hard coded data source being used inside AS_BPEL_Inbound SOA composite for inbound files. This should point to a data source which has access "all access" on the integration database table B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND and the sequence S_B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND. These are created as part of the script.

Besides, the same data source can be used as an underlying data source under the following:

The configuration is validated with database driver chosen as "Oracle's Driver (Thin XA) for instance connection; Version:9.0.1 and later".

14.6.3 Data source with JNDI Name as 'eis/DB/ArgusSafety_Inbound'

This is hard coded JNDI Identifier being used inside sca_AS_BPEL_Inbound_rev1.0.jar for inbound files. This should point to a data source which has access "all access" on the B2B database table B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND and for Sequence S_B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND created under the step above "Creation of integration tables in B2B Schema".

The data source created in the above section "jdbc/ArgusSafety_Inbound" can be used as a data source here.

The configuration is validated with xADatasource property filled with a data source using database driver as "Oracle's Driver (Thin XA) for instance connection; Version: 9.0.1 and later".

14.6.4 DB Adapters for Data Source

Navigate to Deployments > Summary of Deployments > DbAdapter > Configuration > Outbound Connection Pools, and verify that the DB Adapters are present for the data sources created in the previous sections.

Make sure that the data source name (JNDI Name) has been configured in the property 'XADatasourceName'. If not present, then create a data source with the name 'eis/DB/ArgusSafety_Outbound' and 'eis/DB/ArgusSafety_Inbound' respectively for the corresponding data sources name populated in 'XADatasourceName'.

14.7 Configure Large Payload Exchange

For B2B, a large payload is a file bigger than the configured size in B2B UI > Administration > Configuration > Performance section.

Argus Safety can send large files if E2B R2 Attachments are configured or E2B R3 or eVAERS files are exchanged. With other scenarios, generally, large payloads may not be applicable.

14.7.1 Outbound Files

Select Trading Partner > Channel > Channel Attributes > Ack Mode to be Async.

This configuration is good even if large payloads are not supposed to be exchanged.

14.7.2 Inbound Files

1. Log in to the Enterprise Manager.
2. Go to SOA > (Domain) > SOA Administration > B2B Server Properties.
3. On the right side, under the Operation tab, click **addProperty** to add a new property called **b2b.setisLargePayloadPropertyForSmallMsg** with value as **True**.
4. The Large Payload Directory configuration should be the same for B2B Web UI > Administration > Configuration > Performance section, and also for Enterprise Manager > SOA > (Domain) > AS_BPEL_INBOUND > LargeFileReader PhysicalDirectory property.

Both these configurations are required, even if large payloads are not expected to be exchanged.

14.7.3 Transaction Time

Log in to Web Logic Console > (Domain) > Services > JTA > Timeout Seconds. Set the time to 720 seconds to allow processing of large pay loads. This has been tested with 20 MB files.

This may have to be tuned if transaction time-out errors occur for the same size or larger size files.

14.7.4 General B2B Settings for Large Payloads

If required, go through other general Oracle B2B configuration for large payload, available with Oracle B2B documentation.

14.8 Configurations for Argus Safety

14.8.1 Configure Oracle B2B

1. Log in to ESM Mapping Utility as an ESM Admin user.
2. Go to Administrator Menu > Setup INI file > EDI Section.
3. Select Oracle B2B as the EDI Gateway.

The Oracle B2B database details should be provided for a User who has all access on the following:

- B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_INBOUND table (all access)
- B2B_INSTANCEMESSAGE table (read access)

14.8.2 Update for B2B Documents

Manually update document in the Argus Safety database table **B2B_ARGUSSAFETY_DOC** under ESM Schema as mentioned in Oracle B2B UI > Configuration > Document.

The following table list the sample factory data:

Doc_ID	Doc_Type	Doc_Revision	Comments (Not a column)
1	AS_XmlDoc	ArgusSafety_1.0	Xml for E2B Message and Acknowledgments
2	AS_BinaryDoc	ArgusSafety_1.0	Zip for PMDA E2B Message files
3	AS_BinaryDoc	ArgusSafety_1.0	PDF for E2B Attachments
4	AS_EDIDoc	ArgusSafety_1.0	EDI files

- The Admin should update only Doc_Type and Doc_Revision columns from B2B UI.
- The Doc ID column must not be updated as new Doc ID is not supported.
- the mapping between Doc ID and other columns is assumed to be exactly as provided in the sample above. For example:
 - Doc_ID = 1 should not point to Binary Docs.
 - Doc ID = 2 and Doc ID = 3 can point to the same or different doc type and doc version but neither of these should be left blank.
 - Doc_ID=4 may be left blank, if there is no Reporting Destination with EDI Header and Footer configuration.

This information is picked up by outbound SOA Composite at run time to dynamically attach Document Type and Document Version properties to outgoing file via JMS.

14.8.3 Argus Console > Reporting Destination Code List

The Company Identifier under EDI Tab should contain Name Identifier as configured in Oracle B2B UI > Partners > Trading Partner > Profile > Identifier.

Configure OBIEE or BI Publisher

The OBIEE or BI Publisher Server is needed when Flexible Aggregate Reporting (FAR) or Japanese PMDA R3 Paper Forms is generated through Argus Safety. This chapter elaborates the steps needed to integrate the OBIEE or BI Publisher with Argus Safety.

In the Argus Enterprise Edition, OBIEE or BI Publisher Server is also required for Argus Analytics and BI reporting on Argus Mart.

15.1 Prepare BI Publisher Server

To execute PMDA R3 Paper Forms or BI Publisher Periodic Reports, a standalone BI Publisher Server or BI Publisher on an OBIEE Server must be prepared.

Note: BIP Standalone Server is applicable only for the Argus Standard Edition users. The Argus Enterprise Edition users must install OBIEE integrated with BIP only.

When the BI Publisher Server/OBIEE Server is successfully installed, make a note of:

- TNS Names details of the database where BI Publisher repository is created
- BI Platform User ID and Password
- BI Publisher Console login credentials
- BI Publisher Console URL along with the Port Number

15.2 Set Up BI Publisher for Argus Safety

15.2.1 Enable a Local Superuser

BI Publisher enables you to define an administration Superuser. Using the Superuser credentials you can directly access the BI Publisher administrative functions without logging in through the defined security model. Set up this Superuser to ensure access to all administrative functions in case of failures with the configured security model. It is highly recommended that you set up a Superuser.

To enable a local superuser:

1. Click **Administration**.
2. Under **Security Center**, click **Security Configuration**.

3. Under Local Superuser, select the **Enable Local Superuser** checkbox and enter the credentials.
4. Restart the BI Publisher service.

15.2.2 Create a Database Connection

To establish a database connection with the Argus Safety database, create a new JDBC connection named **asbip** in the BI Publisher.

Note: It is recommended to provide the JDBC connection name, user name and database connection information in the lower case.

1. Log in to BI Publisher using the administrator credentials. This displays the BI Publisher Home Page.
2. Click **Administration**.
3. Click **JDBC Connection** under **Data Sources**.
This displays the **Data Sources** screen.
4. Click **Add Data Source**.
5. In the **Add Data Source** section:
 - a. Enter **asbip** in the **Data Source Name** field.
Make sure that you enter this data source name in lowercase only.
 - b. Select the database from the **Driver Type** drop-down.
This auto-populates the **Database Driver Class** field.
 - c. Enter either of the following connection strings in the **Connection String** field.

```
- url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@[host]:[port]/[sid]"
```

```
- url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS_  
LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=host.com)(PORT=<port  
number>)))(CONNECT_DATA=(SID=orcl)))"
```
 - d. Enter the Argus BIP schema username (for example, bip_owner) and the password.
This user is created as part of the Argus Safety database installation.
 - e. Click **Test Connection**.
If successful, this displays a confirmation message.
6. Click **Apply**. This displays the **asbip** Data Source in the list of already existing data source names.
This successfully creates a connection between BI Publisher and the Argus Safety database.

15.2.3 Set Up Runtime BI Publisher Memory

1. Log in to BI Publisher.
2. Click **Administration**.
3. From Runtime Configuration section, click **Properties**.

4. Modify the following parameter values to **5000** seconds from 600 seconds:
 - Memory Guard > Process timeout for online report formatting
 - Data Model > SQL Query Timeout
5. Click on **Apply**.

These values can be increased as needed, for any BIP custom reports that take longer to complete.

15.2.4 Configure Oracle Fusion Middleware Security Model

Note: If you are using the BI Publisher Security model, it is recommended to move to Oracle Fusion Middleware Security model.

When moving from BI Publisher Security model, you must re-create the users, roles and policies through the Enterprise Manager.

15.3 Manage Users and Roles

15.3.1 Configure Users, Groups and Roles

This section describes the steps to create users, groups and roles in Oracle Fusion Middleware Security model (recommended security model).

In case you are using the BI Publisher Security Model, refer to [Appendix A, "Configure BI Publisher Security Model."](#)

15.3.1.1 Create a Group

Note: For detailed information, refer to section 2.5.2 *Managing Users and Groups Using the Default Authentication Provider of* <https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/1221/bip/BIPAD.pdf>.


1. Log in to Fusion Middleware Enterprise Manager.
2. Navigate to WebLogic Domain > Security > Security Realms > myrealm > Users and Groups.
3. From the Groups section, click **New**.
The Create a New Group dialog box appears.
4. Create the following groups for Flexible Aggregate Reports by entering the **Name** and **Description**:
 - FARAdminGroup
 - FARSafetyAuthorGroup
 - FARSafetyConsumerGroup
5. Create the following groups for Expedited Reports by entering the **Name** and **Description**:
 - EXPAdminGroup

- EXPSafetyAuthorGroup
- EXPSafetyConsumerGroup

15.3.1.2 Create a User

1. Log in to Fusion Middleware Enterprise Manager.
2. Navigate to WebLogic Domain > Security > Security Realms > myrealm > Users and Groups >.
3. From the Users section, click **New**.
The Create a New User screen appears.
4. Enter the parameters and click **OK**.
5. Assign a group to the user and click **Save**.

15.3.1.3 Create an Application Role

1. Log in to Fusion Middleware Control Enterprise Manager.
2. Go to WebLogic Domain > Security > Application Roles.
The Application Roles dialog box appears.
3. From the **Application Stripe** drop-down, select **OBI** and click **Search** .
The default Role available in clean slate installation appears.
4. Click **Create**.
The Create Application Role dialog box appears.
5. In the **Role Name** field, enter **FARAdminRole**.
6. From the Members section, click **+Add**.
The Add Principal dialog box appears.
7. From the **Type** drop-down, select **Group** and click **Search**.
A list of principals appears.
8. From the list of Searched Principals, select **FARAdminGroup** and click **OK**.
9. From the Members section, click **+Add**.
The Add Principal dialog box appears.
10. From the **Type** drop-down, select **User** and click **Search**.
A list of principals appears.
11. From the list, search Users, select **Weblogic** and click **OK**.
12. Repeat from Step 4 to Step 11 to create other FAR and Expedited Reports role and add Member to these roles as listed in the table below.
Besides, make sure to add EXP Roles only for Expedited Reports (and not the FAR roles).


Role	Application Roles
FARAdminRole	FARAdminGroup Weblogic
FARSafetyAuthorRole	FARSafety AuthorGroup

Role	Application Roles
	FARAdminGroup
FARSafetyConsumerRole	FARSafetyConsumerGroup FARSafetyAuthorGroup
EXPAdminRole	FARAdminGroup EXPAdminGroup Weblogic
EXPSafety Author Role	EXPSafetyAuthorGroup EXPAdminGroup
EXPSafety Consumer Role	EXPSafetyConsumerGroup EXPSafetyAuthorGroup EXPAdminGroup

Note: For more details, refer to *Section 2.8.3.1 Creating Application Roles Using Fusion Middleware Control* from <https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/1221/bip/BIPAD.pdf>

15.3.2 Create Application Policies and Set Up Folder Privileges (BI Publisher Standalone only)

15.3.2.1 Create Application Policies

1. Log in to Fusion Middleware Control Enterprise Manager.
2. Go to WebLogic Domain > Security > Application Policies.
The Application Policies screen appears.
3. To create a new application policy, click **Create**.
The Create Application Grant dialog box appears.
4. From the Grantee section, click **+Add**.
The Add Principal dialog box appears.
5. From the **Type** drop-down, select **Application Role** and click **Search** .
6. From the list of Searched Principals, select **FARAdminRole** and click **OK**.
7. From the Permissions section, click **+Add**.
The Add Permission dialog box appears.
8. Select the **Resource Types** radio button.
9. From the **Resource Type** drop-down, select **oracle.bi.publisher.permission** and click **Search**.
10. From the Search Results, select **oracle.bi.publisher.permission** (BIP Administer Server) and click **Continue**.
The Add Permission dialog box appears.

11. For **Permission Actions**, select **All** (_all_) and click **Select**.
12. Add Resource Name as **oracle.bi.user** with **Impersonate** permission.
The new FAR Admin policy has all the permissions.

Note: Make sure all the fields are either selected or entered manually.

13. Repeat from Step 4 to Step 12, to add the following:

Policy Name/Principal	Resource Type	Resource Name	Permission Actions
FARAdminRole	oracle.bi.user	oracle.bi.user	impersonate
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.administerServer	_all_
FARSafetyAuthorRole	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.developDataModel	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.developReport	_all_
FARConsumerRole	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.accessExcelReportAnalyzer	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.accessReportOutput	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.accessOnlineReportAnalyzer	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.scheduleReport	_all_

14. Similarly, create roles and policies for Expedited Reports for the following groups:
 - EXPAdminRole
 - EXPSafetyAuthorRole
 - EXPSafetyConsumerRole

Note: For more details, refer to *Section 2.8.3.2 Creating Application Policies Using Fusion Middleware Control* from <https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/1221/bip/BIPAD.pdf>

15.3.2.2 Manage Folder Privileges

To set Catalog Folder-level permissions:

1. Log in to BI Publisher application as a privileged user.
For example, log in to `http://<hostname.domainname>:<port>/xmlpserver`, as WebLogic.
2. Go to Catalog > Shared Folders > Argus Safety > Tasks > Permissions.
The Permissions dialog box appears.
3. Set the Permissions as follows and click **OK**.

Accounts	Permissions
FAR Admin Role	Write, Delete, Run Report Online, Schedule Report, View Report Output
FAR Safety Consumer Role	Read, Run Report Online
FAR Safety Author Role	Read, Write, Delete, Run Report Online, Schedule Report, View Report Output

Note: Make sure to select the **Apply permissions** option for the items within this folder.

4. Go to Catalog > Shared folders > AS_Expedited > Tasks > Permissions.
The Permissions dialog box appears.
5. Set the Permissions as follows and click **OK**.

Accounts	Permissions
EXP Admin Role	Write, Delete, Run Report Online, Schedule Report, View Report Output
EXP Safety Consumer Role	Read, Run Report Online
EXP Safety Author Role	Read, Write, Delete, Run Report Online, Schedule Report, View Report Output

Note: Make sure to select the **Apply permissions** option for the items within this folder.

6. To add the Data Sources to Roles in BI Publisher:
 - a. Log in to the BIP with Administrator credentials.
 - b. Go to Administration > Roles and Permissions.
The Roles and Permissions screen appears.
 - c. From the list of roles, select **FARAdminRole** and click the corresponding **Add Data Sources** icon.
The Add Data Sources screen appears.
 - d. From the Available Data Sources section, select **asbip** and click the **Move (>)** icon to move the **asbip** data source to the Allowed Data Sources section.
 - e. Click **Apply**.
 - f. Repeat the steps to add **asbip** data source for the following roles as well:
 - FARSafetyAuthorRole,
 - FARSafetyConsumerRole,
 - EXPAdminRole,
 - EXPSafetyAuthorRole
 - EXPSafetyConsumerRole

15.3.3 Create Application Policies and Set Up Folder Privileges (OBIEE and BI Integrated Installation only)

15.3.3.1 Create Application Policies


1. Log in to Fusion Middleware Control Enterprise Manager.
 2. Go to WebLogic Domain > Security > Application Policies.
The Application Policies screen appears.
 3. From the **Application Stripe** drop-down, select **OBI**.
 4. Click **Create**.
The Create Application Grant dialog box appears.
 5. From the Grantee section, click **+Add**.
The Add Principal dialog box appears.
 6. From the **Type** drop-down, select **Application Role** and click **Search** .
 7. From the list of Searched Principals, select **FARAdminRole** and click **OK**.
 8. From the Permissions section, click **+Add**.
The Add Permission dialog box appears.
 9. Select the **Resource Types** radio button.
 10. From the **Resource Type** drop-down, select **<Resource Type>** and click **Search**.
 11. From the Search Results, select **<Resource Name>** and click **Continue**.
The Add Permission dialog box appears.
-
- Note:** If the Resource Name field is blank, enter it manually.
For Principal, Resource Type, and Resource Name, see [Table 15-1](#).
-
12. For **Permission Actions**, select **All (_all_)** and click **Select**.
 13. When all the permissions are added, click **OK**.
 14. Repeat Steps 5-13 for other principals and their permissions. (See [Table 15-1](#))

Table 15–1 List of Policies and their Permissions

Policy Name/Principal	Resource Type	Resource Name	Permission Actions
FARAdminRole/EXPAdminRole	oracle.bi.catalog	*	manage
	oracle.bi.server.permission	oracle.bi.server.manageRepositories	_all_
	oracle.bi.presentation.catalogmanager.permission	oracle.bi.presentation.catalogmanager.manageCatalog	_all_
	oracle.bi.delivers.job	oracle.bi.delivers.job	manage
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.administerServer	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.developReport	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.developDataModel	_all_
	oracle.bi.repository	oracle.bi.repository	manage
FARSafetyAuthorRole/EXPSafetyAuthorRole	oracle.bi.scheduler.permission	oracle.bi.scheduler.manageJobs	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.developReport	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.developDataModel	_all_
	oracle.bi.tech.visualanalyzer.permission	oracle.bi.tech.visualanalyzer.generalAccess	_all_
FARSafetyConsumerRole/EXPSafetyConsumerRole	oracle.bi.delivers.job	*	schedule
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.scheduleReport	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.runReportOnline	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.accessReportOutput	_all_
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.accessOnlineReportAnalyzer	_all_
	ESSMetadataPermission	oracle.bip.ess.JobDefinition.EssBipJob	Read,Execute Job
	oracle.bi.publisher.permission	oracle.bi.publisher.accessExcelReportAnalyzer	_all_

Note: For more details, refer to *Section 2.8.3.2 Creating Application Policies Using Fusion Middleware Control* from <https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/1221/bip/BIPAD.pdf>

15.3.3.2 Manage Folder Privileges

1. Log in to the OBIEE application as a privileged user.

For example: Log in to <http://acme.oracle.com:port/analytics> with WebLogic user credentials.

2. Go to Administration > Security > Manage Privileges.
3. Add the following Catalog Roles:

Note: Do not remove any existing privileges, only append the additional privileges.

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
Access	Access to Dashboards	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to Answers	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to BI Composer	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to Delivers	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to Briefing Books	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to Mobile	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to Administration	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Access	Access to Segments	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to Segment Trees	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to List Formats	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to Metadata Dictionary	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to Oracle BI for Microsoft Office	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to Oracle BI Client Installer	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Catalog Preview Pane UI	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to Export	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Access	Access to KPI Builder	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Access	Access to Scorecard	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Actions	Create Navigate Actions	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Actions	Create Invoke Actions	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Actions	Save Actions containing embedded HTML	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: Catalog	Change Permissions	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
Admin: Catalog	Toggle Maintenance Mode	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Manage Sessions	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Create Dashboards	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Admin: General	See sessions IDs	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Change Log Configuration	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Issue SQL Directly	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	View System Information	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Performance Monitor	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Manage Agent Sessions	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Manage Device Types	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Manage Map Data	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	See privileged errors	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	See SQL issued in errors	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Admin: General	Manage Global Variables	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: General	Diagnose BI Server Query	Denied: Authenticated User
Admin: General	Manage Marketing Jobs	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Admin: General	Manage Marketing Defaults	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: Security	Manage Catalog Accounts	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
Admin: Security	Manage Privileges	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: Security	Set Ownership of Catalog Objects	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Admin: Security	User Population - Can List Users	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Admin: Security	User Population - Can List Catalog Groups	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Admin: Security	User Population - Can List Application Roles	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role,
Admin: Security	Access to Permissions Dialog	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Briefing Book	Add To or Edit a Briefing Book	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Briefing Book	Download Briefing Book	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Briefing Book	Add to Snapshot Briefing Book	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Catalog	Personal Storage (My Folders and My Dashboard)	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Catalog	Reload Metadata	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Catalog	See Hidden Items	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Catalog	Create Folders	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Catalog	Archive Catalog	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Catalog	Unarchive Catalog	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Catalog	Upload Files	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Catalog	Perform Global Search	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Catalog	Perform Extended Search	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Conditions	Create Conditions	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Dashboards	Save Customizations	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
Dashboards	Assign Default Customizations	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Dashboards	Create Bookmark Links	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Dashboards	Create Prompted Links	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Dashboards	Export Entire Dashboard To Excel	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Dashboards	Export Single Dashboard Page To Excel	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Formatting	Save System-Wide Column Formats	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Home and Header	Access Home Page	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Access Catalog UI	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Access Catalog Search UI	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Access Rapid Search UI	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Simple Search Field	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Advanced Search Link	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Open Menu	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	New Menu	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Help Menu	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Dashboards Menu	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Favorites Menu	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	My Account Link	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Custom Links	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Home and Header	Access Administration Menu	Denied: Authenticated User
Home and Header	Access User & Role Admin	Denied: Authenticated User
Home and Header	Access Modeler	Denied: Authenticated User
Home and Header	Access Data Loader	Denied: Authenticated User
My Account	Access to My Account	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
My Account	Change Preferences	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
My Account	Change Delivery Options	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Answers	Create Views	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Create Prompts	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Access Advanced Tab	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Edit Column Formulas	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Save Content with HTML Markup	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Answers	Enter XML and Logical SQL	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Edit Direct Database Analysis	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Answers	Create Analysis From Simple SQL	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Answers	Create Advanced Filters and Set Operations	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Save Filters	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Save Column	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Add EVALUATE_PREDICATE Function	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Answers	Execute Direct Database Analysis	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Answers	Upload Images	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Delivers	Create Agents	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Delivers	Publish Agents for Subscription	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Delivers	Deliver Agents to Specific or Dynamically Determined Users	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Delivers	Chain Agents	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Delivers	Modify Current Subscriptions for Agents	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Proxy	Act As Proxy	Denied: Authenticated User
RSS Feeds	Access to RSS Feeds	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
Scorecard	Create/Edit Scorecards	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	View Scorecards	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Scorecard	Create/Edit Objectives	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	Create/Edit Initiatives	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	Create Views	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	Create/Edit Causes And Effects Linkages	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	Create/Edit Perspectives	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	Add Annotations	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Scorecard	Override Status	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Scorecard	Create/Edit KPIs	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Scorecard	Write Back to Database for KPI	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Scorecard	Add Scorecard Views To Dashboards	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
List Formats	Create List Formats	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
List Formats	Create Headers and Footers	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
List Formats	Access Options Tab	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
List Formats	Add/Remove List Format Columns	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Segmentation	Create Segments	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Segmentation	Create Segment Trees	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Segmentation	Create/Purge Saved Result Sets	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Segmentation	Access Segment Advanced Options Tab	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Segmentation	Access Segment Tree Advanced Options Tab	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Segmentation	Change Target Levels within Segment Designer	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
Mobile	Enable Local Content	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
Mobile	Enable Search	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access SOAP	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Impersonate as system user	BI System
SOAP	Access MetadataService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access ScorecardAssessmentService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access MsgdbService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access ReportEditingService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access KPIAssessmentService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access ConditionEvaluationService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access SecurityService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access Tenant Information	BI System
SOAP	Access SchedulerService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access DashboardService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access ScorecardMetadataService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access JobManagementService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access CatalogIndexingService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access UserPersonalizationService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access AnalysisExportViewsService Service	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
SOAP	Access CatalogService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access AdministrationSOAPSERVICE Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access HtmlViewService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access XmlGenerationService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
SOAP	Access IBotService Service	BI Service Administrator, BI System, EXP Safety Consumer Role, FAR Safety Consumer Role
View Canvas	Add/Edit Canvas View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Column Selector	Add/Edit Column Selector View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Compound Layout	Add/Edit Compound Layout View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Contribution Wheel	Add/Edit Contribution Wheel View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Graph	Add/Edit Graph View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Funnel	Add/Edit Funnel View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Gauge	Add/Edit Gauge View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Micro Chart	Add/Edit Micro Chart View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Filters	Add/Edit Filters View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Dashboard Prompt	Add/Edit Dashboard Prompt View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Performance Tile	Add/Edit Performance Tile View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Heat Matrix	Add/Edit Heat Matrix View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Static Text	Add/Edit Static Text View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Javascript view	Edit Javascript View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Legend	Add/Edit Legend View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Map	Add/Edit Map View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Narrative	Add/Edit Narrative View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role

Component	Privilege	Default Role Granted
View No Results	Add/Edit No Results View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Pivot Table	Add/Edit Pivot Table View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Generic Plugin View	Add/Edit Generic Plugin View View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Report Prompt	Add/Edit Report Prompt View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Create Segment	Add/Edit Create Segment View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Selection Steps	Add/Edit Selection Steps View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Logical SQL	Add/Edit Logical SQL View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Table	Add/Edit Table View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Create Target List	Add/Edit Create Target List View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Ticker	Add/Edit Ticker View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Title	Add/Edit Title View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Treemap	Add/Edit Treemap View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View Trellis	Add/Edit Trellis View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
View View Selector	Add/Edit View Selector View	BI Service Administrator, EXP Safety Author Role, FAR Safety Author Role
Write Back	Manage Write Back	BI Service Administrator, EXP Administrator Role, FAR Administrator Role
Write Back	Write Back to Database	Denied: Authenticated User

4. To set Catalog Folder-level Permissions:

- a. Log in to Analytics with WebLogic user credentials.
For example, Log in to *http://acme.oracle.com:port/analytics*.
- b. Go to Catalog > Shared Folders > Tasks > Permissions.
The Permissions dialog box appears.
- c. To set the permissions, select **Apply Permissions** to sub-folders, select **Permission to items within folder**, and click **OK**.

Accounts	Permissions
FAR Administrator Role/EXP Administrator Role	Full Control
FAR Safety Author Role/EXP Safety Author Role	Full Control

Accounts	Permissions
FAR Safety Consumer Role/EXP Safety Consumer Role	Open (Read, and Traverse)
BI Service Administrator (Owner)	Full Control

5. To add the Data Sources to Roles in BI Publisher:
 - a. Log in to the BIP with Administrator credentials.
The BIP home page appears.
 - b. Go to Administration > Roles and Permissions.
The Roles and Permissions screen appears.
 - c. From the list of roles, select **FARAdminRole** and click the corresponding **Add Data Sources** icon.
The Add Data Sources screen appears.
 - d. From the Available Data Sources section, select **asbip** and click the **Move (>)** icon to move the **asbip** data source to the Allowed Data Sources section.
 - e. Click **Apply**.
 - f. Repeat the steps to add **asbip** data source for the following roles as well:
 - FARSafetyAuthorRole
 - FARSafetyConsumerRole
 - EXPAdminRole
 - EXPSafetyAuthorRole
 - EXPSafetyConsumerRole

15.4 Upload BI Publisher Reports

15.4.1 Flexible Aggregate Reports

To upload the **Argus Safety.xdrz** file to BI Publisher, execute the following steps:

1. Copy the Argus Safety.xdrz file from the following location on the Argus Safety Web Server to the local file system:
<Argus Install Media>\SUPPORT\BIP
2. Log in to BI Publisher using BI Admin User credentials.
3. From the left pane, click **Catalog**.
This displays the **Catalog** screen with the **Folders** and **Tasks** sections.
4. Click **Shared Folders** under **Folders**.
5. Click **Upload** under **Tasks**.
This displays the **Upload** dialog box.
6. Click **Browse** and navigate to the location where you have saved the **Argus Safety.xdrz** file on the local file system.

7. Click **Upload**. When done, an **Argus Safety** folder is created in **Shared Folders**.
8. Expand the **Argus Safety** folder to verify whether the data model and reports are present.

To set permissions for Argus Safety Shared Folders:

1. Log in to Analytics.
2. Go to Shared folders > Argus Safety > Tasks > Permissions.
The Permissions dialog box appears.
3. To set the permissions, select **Apply Permissions** to sub-folders, select **Permission to items within folder**, and click **OK**.

Accounts	Permissions
FAR Administrator Role/EXP Administrator Role	Full Control
FAR Safety Author Role/EXP Safety Author Role	Full Control
FAR Safety Consumer Role/EXP Safety Consumer Role	Custom (Read, Traverse, Run Publisher Report, Schedule Publisher Report, and View Publisher Output)
BI Service Administrator (Owner)	Full Control

15.4.2 PMDA R3 Paper Reports

For the Expedited Reports, log in to BI Publisher with WebLogic user credentials, and upload the AS_Expedited.xdrz file.

The steps to upload the file remains the same as [Section 15.4.1, "Flexible Aggregate Reports"](#).

15.5 Integrate Argus Safety with BI Publisher

15.5.1 Configure AG Service

1. Log in to the server that hosts the AGService and the Batch Periodic Reports process.
2. Navigate to the ArgusInstallPath in the filesystem.
3. Open the file AGProc.exe.config for editing.
4. Navigate to the <system.serviceModel> tag in this file.
5. In the endpoint element that lies within the client element, enter the following text in the Address attribute:

http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/SecurityService where the *name* attribute is set to *SecurityService*

http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/ScheduleService where the *name* attribute is set to *SchedulingService*

http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/ReportService where the *name* attribute is set to *ReportService*

In the above instances, <host> refers to the IP address or the Fully Qualified Domain name of the BI Publisher server and <port> refers to the BI Publisher port number.

If the BI Publisher Server has been configured over an OAM/SSO controlled port, then that port number to be used here.

15.5.2 Configure Web Service (Expedited Reports only)

1. Log in to the Argus Safety Web Server.
2. Navigate to the ArgusInstallPath in the filesystem.
3. Open the file Argusvr2.exe.config for editing.
4. Navigate to the <system.serviceModel> tag in this file.
5. In the endpoint element that lies within the client element, enter the following text in the Address attribute:

http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/SecurityService where the *name* attribute is set to *SecurityService*

http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/ScheduleService where the *name* attribute is set to *SchedulingService*

http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/ReportService where the *name* attribute is set to *ReportService*

In the above instances, <host> refers to the IP address or the Fully Qualified Domain name of the BI Publisher server and <port> refers to the BI Publisher port number.

If the BI Publisher Server has been configured over an OAM/SSO controlled port, then that port number to be used here.

15.5.3 Add AG Service user to BI Publisher (Expedited Reports only)

This section is applicable for Expedited Reports only.

To auto-schedule the Expedited Reports through AG Services:

1. Navigate to the Argus Safety Transaction Server.
2. Open the AG Proc and note down the AG Service user, which is used for Batch Report Generation Service.
3. Create the same user (AG Service user) in the BI Publisher.

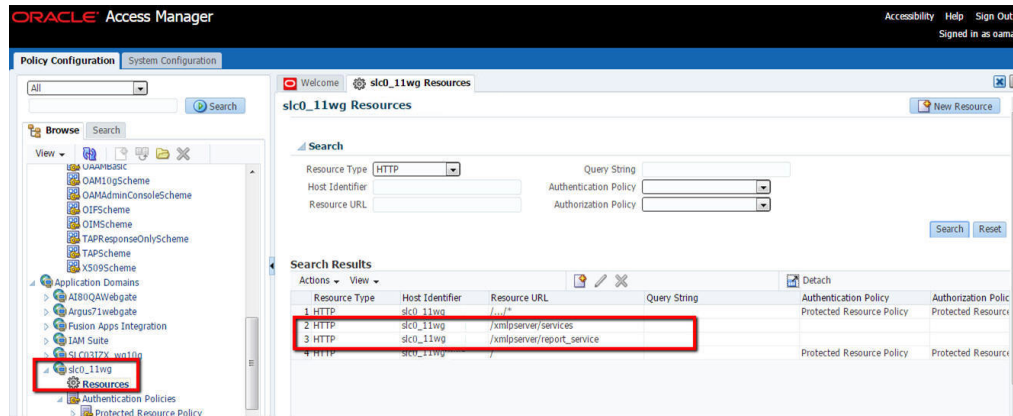
15.5.4 Update SSO Exclusion List

If SSO is enabled, exclude the following URLs from SSO:

- *http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/ScheduleService* where the *name* attribute is set to *SchedulingService*
- *http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/SecurityService* where the *name* attribute is set to *SecurityService*
- *http://<host>:<port>/xmlpserver/services/v2/ReportService* where the *name* attribute is set to *ReportService*

If OAM is the SSO being used, perform the following configuration:

1. Add excluded resource (/xmlpserver/services and /xmlpserver/report_service) on OAM Server for the OBIEE/BIP server application domain.



2. Copy mod_osso.conf from the disabled directory to the moduleconf directory for editing. For example:

From: *ORACLE_INSTANCE/config/OHS/<ohs_name>/disabled/mod_osso.conf*

To: *ORACLE_INSTANCE/config/OHS/<ohs_name>/moduleconf/*

3. Add the following Web services in the mod_osso.conf file:

```
<Location /xmlpserver/services/>
require valid-user
AuthType Basic
Allow from All
Satisfy any
</Location>
```

4. Save the file and restart OHS Service.

15.6 Argus Console—BIP Common Settings

15.6.1 Configure BIP Reporting Admin User

1. Navigate to **Argus Console > System Configuration > System Management (Common Profile Switches)**.
2. Expand the **Reporting** node on the tree that appears on the left pane.
3. Click **BIP Reporting**.
4. In **Common Settings** section, enter the BIP Common username and password.
This user is created in BI Publisher with administrator privileges. This user could be an actual Argus Safety user or a user who has No Access to Argus Safety.
5. Save the changes.

15.6.2 Enable BIP Aggregate Reports and Configure Persistence Data (Flexible Aggregate Reporting only)

1. Navigate to **Argus Console > Enabled Modules**.
2. Enable the **BIP Aggregate Reports** module.

3. Navigate to **Argus Console > System Configuration > System Management (Common Profile Switches)**.
4. Expand the **Reporting** node on the tree that appears on the left pane.
5. Click **BIP Reporting**.
6. Set the Persist data in BIP Aggregate Temp tables to **Yes** or **No**.
The default value is **No**.
7. Set the Number of days to persist the BIP Aggregate Temp table data. Defaulted to null.
8. Perform **iisreset** on Webserver to make sure that the changes made to enable the BIP Aggregate Reports module are visible in the periodic report configuration.

Note: The Persist data parameters are used to logically retain the data from the BIP temp tables and purge them after the specified number of days.

15.6.3 Configure Code Lists

15.6.3.1 Flexible Aggregate Reporting Code Lists

The REPORT_TEMPLATE Code list to be updated for executing Flexible Aggregate Reports through BI Publisher. Execute the following steps to configure the REPORT_TEMPLATE code list.

1. Navigate to **Argus Console > Code Lists > Flexible Data Re-categorization**.
2. Under the **Flexible Data Re-categorization** tree, navigate to **Flexible Re-categorization**.
3. Select the **Code List Name** as **REPORT_TEMPLATE** and click **Search**.
4. Update the **REPPATH** as follows:
 - For PBRER - /Argus Safety/PBRER/Reports/pbrer.xdo
 - For PMAR - /Argus Safety/PMAR/Reports/pmar.xdo
 - For DSUR - /Argus Safety/DSUR/Reports/dsur.xdo
5. Click **Save**.

Note: As the REPPATH is case sensitive, in Unix based Operating System, it must be same as that provided in Report.

For example, in PBRER > Code List, the REPPATH is */Argus Safety/PBRER/Reports/pbrer.xdo*

The same path must be provided in the Reports and vice-versa.

15.6.3.2 PMDA R3 Paper Forms Code lists

1. Navigate to **Argus Console > Code Lists > Flexible Data Re-categorization**.
2. Under the **Flexible Data Re-categorization** tree, navigate to **Flexible Re-categorization**.

3. Select the **Code List Name** as `LM_REPORT_FORMS_EXPEDITED`, and click **Search**.
4. Check the **REPPATH** that is pre-configured with the report path of all the PMDA reports.

Note: Update this REPPATH only if the PMDA R3 reports are uploaded to a different folder than the one that is configured.

15.7 Configure Flexible Aggregate Reporting Database

Note: This section is applicable only if Flexible Aggregate Reporting is enabled.

Some database configurations need to be handled in order to enable the Flexible Aggregate Reporting in Argus. These steps need to be handled from a machine where the Argus database can be accessed (preferably the Argus Safety Web Server or the Argus Safety Transaction Server).

15.7.1 Execute Argus_BIP_Enable

1. From the command prompt, navigate to `<Argus Release Media>\DBInstaller\Utilities\BIP_Enable`.
2. Execute the batch file **Argus_BIP_Enable.bat**.
3. Enter the following parameters:
 - a. TNSNAMES entry to connect to the Argus Safety database
For example, Argus Safety database SID.
 - b. SYSTEM or DBA user name in Argus database
 - c. Password for SYSTEM or DBA user
 - d. Argus schema owner name
For example: ARGUS_APP.
 - e. Argus schema password
 - f. BI Publisher Schema user
The BI Publisher Schema owner name created during the Argus Safety database installation. For example, BIP_OWNER.
 - g. Password for the BIP Schema user
 - h. BIP Repository Service name
This is the database SID of the BI Publisher metadata repository.
 - i. BIP Repository user name (Default DEV_BIPLATFORM)
This is the BIPLATFORM user created in BI Publisher metadata repository.
 - j. BIP Repository password
 - k. Host name of the BIP Repository instance
For example, <hostname>.<domain name>

I. BIP Repository instance listener port

When the execution is complete, the database objects needed for enabling and integrating the Flexible Aggregate Reporting are created

Note: If you are using Argus Mart with BI Publisher enabled in Argus Safety, make sure that you re-create the Safety RO user.

15.7.2 Database Jobs

Note: Both the database jobs should be created and run as BI Publisher Schema Owner.

15.7.2.1 Report Output Pusher

A database job must be created for pushing the completed report output from the BI Publisher repository to the Argus Safety database. The example below executes the report output pusher once every 3 minutes. The interval can be modified as needed.

```
DECLARE
n BINARY_INTEGER;
BEGIN
DBMS_JOB.SUBMIT (job => n,
what => ' BEGIN
pkg_agg_rpt_util.p_fetchrptoutput; END ;',
interval => 'TRUNC(SYSDATE + 3/1440, 'MI')',
no_parse => FALSE);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Job Number is: ' || to_char(n));
COMMIT;
END;
/
```

15.7.2.2 Persist Data Cleaner

A database job can be created for cleaning the persist data from the BIP Owner schema's RM tables. The example below executes persist data cleaner once every 3 minutes. The interval can be modified as needed.

```
DECLARE
n BINARY_INTEGER;
BEGIN
DBMS_JOB.SUBMIT (job => n,
what => ' BEGIN
pkg_agg_rpt_util.Purge_RM_Data; END ;',
interval => 'TRUNC(SYSDATE + 3/1440, 'MI')',
no_parse => FALSE);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Job Number is: ' || to_char(n));
COMMIT;
END;
/
```

15.8 Upgrade BIP Reports to 8.2.1

If you have enabled the Argus Flexible Aggregate Reporting and you are upgrading from 8.1, 8.1.1, 8.1.2, or 8.1.3:

Note: You can upgrade BIP reports only from Argus Safety 8.1. Upgrade from previous versions of Argus Safety is not supported. Besides, any customization done to the Aggregate Reports must be taken care after upgrading.

1. For BI Publisher Flexible Aggregate Reporting, repeat the instructions of [Section 15.7.1, "Execute Argus_BIP_Enable"](#) to recreate the AS_TO_BIPREP DB link.

Note: Skip this step, if you are using ONLY PMDA R3 Paper reports.

2. Log in to the BI Publisher console as administrator (or any user who has BI Admin User access).
3. Back up the existing .xdrz files.
 - a. From the left pane, click **Catalog**.
The Catalog screen with the Folders and Tasks sections appears.
 - b. Click Folders > **Shared Folders**.
 - c. Click Tasks > **Download**.
 - d. Click **Browse** and navigate to the location where the backup will be saved.
4. To upload the latest xdrz files (Argus Safety.xdrz and AS_Expedited.xdrz), see [Section 15.4.1, "Flexible Aggregate Reports"](#).

While uploading, click **Overwrite existing files**.

Install Argus Unblinding

16.1 Prerequisites

1. [Set Up Argus Safety Middle and Client Tiers.](#)
2. [Install or Upgrade Argus Safety Database Tier.](#)
3. Tablespace with free space of 500 MB on the Database Server to create Argus Unblinding schema.
4. (Optional) To enable the audit trail, set the INIT.ORA parameters as AUDIT_TRAIL=DB.

16.2 Install Argus Unblinding Utility

Note: When Argus Unblinding is installed alone, you must provide a temporary path and update the Argus.ini 'UploadedLetters' parameter. This parameter uses this same path that is entered as the temporary path.

1. Log in as the Administrator on the system where Argus Safety is being installed.
2. Copy the installation package to the local directory of the target machine.
3. Open the Argus Safety folder and click **setup.exe**.
4. In the Argus Suite Solution Components Installation Wizard, click **Next**.
5. Enter the User Name and Company Name, and click **Next**.
6. In the Argus Suite Solution Components screen, select **End of Study Unblinding Module** and click **Next**.
7. In the Setup Completed dialog box, click **Finish**.
8. You can now run the Argus Unblinding Interface utilities.

Besides the Argus Unblinding installation, the setup also installs an *Operations Guide* and scripts to create Database schema on your computer.

9. To set up the Argus Cryptography Key, refer to the section [Section 19.1.3, "Argus Safety Application Servers"](#).

Configure Web Service Interfaces on Web Server

17.1 Prerequisites

1. [Set Up Argus Safety Middle and Client Tiers.](#)
2. [Install or Upgrade Argus Safety Database Tier.](#)

17.2 Argus Web Service Interface

The Argus Web Service Interface supports outbound Interfaces (MedDRA, WHO Drug and LOT Number) which provide the capability to integrate with customer-hosted web services and inbound web services (the Product-Study-License Interface) hosted on the Argus Safety Web Server.

All web service-based interfaces communicate with the standard SOAP 1.2 Protocol and use WS-Addressing and WS-Security. The Argus web service interface leverages Windows Communication Foundation to generate WS-Addressing and WS-Security header information. We recommended testing this message before moving too far into business testing. For more information on these specifications, see the OASIS and W3C websites.

You can edit a standard .config file to select which integrations to enable, which transport protocol to use, and authentication details.

All errors are handled through a SOAP fault. Should an error occur, logical or otherwise, a SOAP fault should be thrown by the host and caught by the client. The client application (web) of Argus displays the details of the SOAP fault to the user when possible. Argus web services throw SOAP faults when an error occurs.

The Argus Safety web service interface in this release supports the following integrations through Web Service:

Interface	Description
MedDRA (outbound)	MedDRA Drug web service interface provides a mechanism to integrate customer-hosted MedDRA coding systems with Argus Safety via web services.
WHO Drug (outbound)	WHO Drug web service interface provides a mechanism to integrate customer-hosted WHO coding systems with Argus Safety via web services.

Interface	Description
Lot Query (outbound)	Lot Number web service interface provides a mechanism to integrate customer-hosted central product information systems with Argus Safety via web services.
Product Study License(PSL) - (inbound)	PSL web service interface provides a mechanism to integrate customer central system to push or query PSL data via web services hosted on the Argus Safety Web Server.

In a multi-tenant Argus system:

- Endpoint configuration of central MedDRA and WHO Drug web service is at the global level. Enterprise if configured to use MedDRA and WHO Drug web service interface uses same endpoint to connect.
- Endpoint configuration of Lot Number Interface is defined at an enterprise level. Enterprise if configured to use Lot Interface uses enterprise specific endpoint configuration.
- Outbound Interface: Message payload must have an 'EnterpriseShortName'.
- Inbound Interface: Message payload must have an 'EnterpriseShortName'.

17.2.1 Argus Web Service Interface Framework

Each outbound/inbound web service request/response is enclosed in a SOAP envelope that begins with a SOAP header, followed by a Body statement that contains a unique node under the SAFETY_MESSAGE node. This node uniquely identifies the Interface being used for Inbound/Outbound communication. When implementing the customer side of the interface, follow the structure defined by Oracle in the XSD/WSDL files located in the following directory:

<Argus Web Install Path>\Integrations\XSD

<Argus Web Install Path>\Integrations\WSDL

For example, C:\Progam Files\Oracle\ArgusWeb\ASP\Integrations\XSD

17.3 Edit .config Files

17.3.1 Edit the .config file for Outbound Interfaces

1. Navigate to the root of the ArgusWeb directory.
2. Open the **web.config** file in a text editor.
By default, the bindings are provided for:
 - basic HTTP traffic
 - basic SSL communication
3. Update the **address** attribute of the endpoint nodes to point to the correct web service address.
4. To use encryption, set the **bindingConfiguration** attribute of the endpoint node as **WSHttpBinding_IRelsysService_Secure**.

Additional binding configurations may also be created and used.

Note that the binding configurations between the host and the client must be compatible for successful communication.

5. To transmit the authentication information, add credentials in the **ClientCredentials** section of each endpoint node.
6. To transform messages, use either a custom transformation assembly or an XSLT. Lot Number and WHO Drug coding interfaces leverages this feature.
 - Update the **TransformerConfiguration** section to map an endpoint to a transformer.
 - If multiple transformers are specified for a particular endpoint, they are executed in the order in which they appear in the configuration file.
 - The transformers configured by Oracle should not be modified, but additional transformers may be added if necessary.

17.3.2 Edit the .config file for Inbound Interface

All inbound integrations (file based) are handled by the Argus Safety Windows Service.

1. Navigate to the `.\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\Bin` directory.
2. Open the **RelsysWindowsService.exe.config** file in a text editor.

This configuration file provide reference configuration files of the configured integrations.

3. To enable an integration, in the **RelsysConfigurationFiles** section, uncomment the required **add** node (s).
4. To disable an integration, in the **RelsysConfigurationFiles** section, comment the required **add** node (s).
5. In the **DatabaseConfiguration** section, enter the database credentials.

17.4 Safety Message

The XML message required by each integration varies and is defined by its own schema. However, each schema follows a standard. The root node of every XML Safety Message in inbound and outbound interface is SAFETY_MESSAGE with the following node or attribute:

Node/Attribute Name	Description
Type	This is an enumeration (currently either "Request" or "Response") to identify the directionality of the message.
EnterpriseShortName	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ In the Argus Safety multi-tenant environment, EnterpriseShortName is a part of message payload for all outbound and inbound interfaces. ■ In the Argus Safety single-tenant environment, EnterpriseShortName is not a part of message payload for the outbound interfaces and is not required for inbound interface.
EXTENSION	Every Safety Message may also contain an EXTENSION node with CUSTOM sub nodes. These are for future expandability and currently unused.

17.5 MedDRA Interface

The MedDRA Encoding Web Service Interface integrates customer-hosted central MedDRA dictionary web service with Argus Safety. Argus Safety expects the data from the central MedDRA dictionary web service in a defined format as specified by the MedDRA dictionary schema.

In a multi-tenant setup, endpoint configuration of central the MedDRA web service is stored at global level and all the enterprises in Argus Safety uses the same web service endpoint. The **EnterpriseShortName** attribute present in the request message payload identifies which enterprise has initiated the web service request.

This interface supports both English and Japanese MedDRA dictionaries. To integrate the MedDRA Encoding Web Service Interface with:

- English dictionary, refer to [Section 17.5.3.5, "Request \(V 1.0\)"](#) and [Section 17.5.3.4, "Response \(V 1.1\)"](#).
- Japanese dictionary (without support for the J term currency detail), refer to [Section 17.5.3.3, "Request \(V 1.1\)"](#) and [Section 17.5.3.4, "Response \(V 1.1\)"](#).
- Japanese dictionary (with support for the J term currency detail), refer to [Section 17.5.3.1, "Request \(V 2.0\)"](#) and [Section 17.5.3.2, "Response \(V2.0\)"](#)

Note: To upload the dictionaries, refer to the *Oracle Argus Safety Administrator's Guide*.

17.5.1 MedDRA Configuration

17.5.1.1 Enable MedDRA Integration through Argus Console

1. From Argus Safety Web, open Console and select System Configuration > System Management.
2. Expand the **Case Processing** tree branch, then and select **Dictionary Browser**.
3. To use web services, select the **Argus Safety MedDRA Coding Method** radio button.
4. If the web service hosting MedDRA is not available, fails, or does not return a valid match, check the **Use Local MedDRA if Term not found by Web Services** checkbox. (Optional)
5. To use local MedDRA J, check the **Use Local MedDRA for Japanese terms** checkbox.

17.5.1.2 Edit the ArgusWeb/ASP/web.config file

1. Navigate to ArgusWeb/ASP.
2. Open the **web.config** file in a text editor.
3. Search for **endpoint** and update the following attributes:
 - **address**—to point to the correct web service address
 - **name**—MedDRA
 - **bindingConfiguration**—to use encryption

Note that the binding configurations between the host and the client must be compatible for successful communication.

The endpoint configuration might look something like this:

```
<endpoint address="http://remotewebservice/MedDRAAutoEncode.svc"
binding="wsHttpBinding" bindingConfiguration="WSHttpBinding_IReleService_
Unsecure" contract="IReleService" name="MedDRA">
```

17.5.1.3 Edit the Argus.NET/web.config file

1. Navigate to ArgusWeb/ASP/Argus.NET.
2. Open the **web.config** file in a text editor.
3. Search for **endpoint** and update the following attributes:
 - **address**—to point to the correct web service address
 - **name**—MedDRA
 - **key**—version of MedDRA XML being used

For example,

- `<add key="MedDRAXMLVersion" value="2.0"/>`, or
- `<add key="MedDRAXMLVersion" value="1.1"/>`, or
- `<add key="MedDRAXMLVersion" value="1.0"/>`

- **bindingConfiguration**—to use encryption

Note that the binding configurations between the host and the client must be compatible for successful communication.

- **paths**—to add path for both the Request and Response XSDs based on the version being used

For example,

- `<add InputXSD="..\..\Integrations\XSD\v2.0\MedDRA_Response.xsd" />`
- `<add InputXSD="..\..\Integrations\XSD\v2.0\MedDRA_Request.xsd" />`

17.5.2 MedDRA Encoding Flow

When Argus Safety makes a call to the web service, it populates the REPORTED and CODED nodes with data entered by the user. The REPORTED term is essentially a verbatim term while the coded term is the term that is expected to be coded by the remote system. The returned message contains a PATHS node with PATH sub-nodes that have been encoded by the remote system. Argus Safety displays the returned LLTs in the MedDRA browser from which you can select the correct LLT. Note that the MedDRA Browser does not open on the Case Bookin screen.

If autoencoding is enabled and finds an exact match, Argus Safety places the encoded LLT term in the case form. If autoencoding finds multiple matches, the system uses the primary path. If autoencoding is not enabled or does not find any matches, or the web service is unavailable, Argus Safety loads the MedDRA browser with local dictionary information, if the system is configured to allow this.

17.5.3 Examples of MedDRA Encoding Safety Message

The following examples use **Pain** as the search term for encoding of each version of the XML.

Note that the question mark (?) in the examples are in place of the Japanese characters.

17.5.3.1 Request (V 2.0)

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
<s:Header>
<a:Action
s:mustUnderstand="1">http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService/Rels
ysServiceRequest</a:Action>
<a:MessageID>urn:uuid:c5b40ac0-a11e-44ea-b3c5-a39636058d63</a:MessageID>
<ActivityId CorrelationId="1872b16d-c293-4abc-8e5c-9ecdab7d3147"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
00000000-0000-0000-3100-0060000000f0
</ActivityId>
<a:ReplyTo>
<a:Address>http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous</a:Address>
</a:ReplyTo>
<a:To s:mustUnderstand="1">http://10.178.87.5/interface/RelsysService.svc</a:To>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
<RelsysServiceRequest xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
<Msg xmlns:d4p1="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<d4p1:Version>1.0</d4p1:Version>
<d4p1:TransformID />
<d4p1:SafetyMessage>
<tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Request/v2.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" tns:Type="Request">
<tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY Action="Auto" Source="INDICATION">
<tnsa:TERM>
<tnsa:REPORTED>pain</tnsa:REPORTED>
<tnsa:CODED>pain</tnsa:CODED>
<tnsa:LANG>E</tnsa:LANG>
</tnsa:TERM>
</tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</d4p1:SafetyMessage>
</Msg>
</RelsysServiceRequest>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>
```

17.5.3.2 Response (V2.0)

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
<s:Header>
<a:Actions:mustUnderstand="1">
http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysServic
e/RelsysServiceRequestResponse
</a:Action>
<ActivityId CorrelationId="12dda93b-e6fa-4d3a-8d2f-a5cc34588e8a"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
00000000
```

```

0-0000-0000-7600-0060000000f3
</ActivityId>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
<RelsysServiceRequestResponse
xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
<RelsysServiceRequestResult xmlns:b="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<b:Version>1.0</b:Version>
<b:TransformID />
<b:SafetyMessage>
<tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_
Response/v2.0 file:///C:/SS/6 - Argus Interfaces/ASI
6x/RelsysInterfaceLibrary.root/RelsysInterfaceLibrary/RelsysInterfaceComponents/
XSD/v2.0/MedDRA_Response.xsd" tns:Type="Response"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Response/v2.0"
xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
<tnsa:PATHS>
<tnsa:PATH Primary="Y">
<tnsa:LLT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10033371</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>??</tnsa:TEXT_J>
<tnsa:CURRENCY_J>Y</tnsa:CURRENCY_J>
<tnsa:SYNS />
</tnsa:LLT>
<tnsa:PT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>100333712</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>??</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:PT>
<tnsa:HLT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain and discomfort NEC</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10033372</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>???????NEC</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:HLT>
<tnsa:HLGT>
<tnsa:TEXT>General system disorders NEC</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10018073</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>????NEC</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:HLGT>
<tnsa:SOC>
<tnsa:TEXT>General disorders and administration site conditions</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10018065</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>????????????</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:SOC>
</tnsa:PATH>
</tnsa:PATHS>
</tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
<tns:EXTENSION>
<tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="string" tns:Metadata="string">string</tns:CUSTOM>
</tns:EXTENSION>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</b:SafetyMessage>
</RelsysServiceRequestResult>
</RelsysServiceRequestResponse>
</s:Body>

```

```
</s:Envelope>
```

17.5.3.3 Request (V 1.1)

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
<s:Header>
<a:Action>
s:mustUnderstand="1">http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService/Rels
ysServiceRequest</a:Action>
<a:MessageID>urn:uuid:c5b40ac0-a11e-44ea-b3c5-a39636058d63</a:MessageID>
<ActivityId CorrelationId="1872b16d-c293-4abc-8e5c-9ecdab7d3147"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
00000000-0000-0000-3100-0060000000f0
</ActivityId>
<a:ReplyTo>
<a:Address>http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous</a:Address>
</a:ReplyTo>
<a:To s:mustUnderstand="1">http://10.178.87.5/interface/RelsysService.svc</a:To>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
<RelsysServiceRequest xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
<Msg xmlns:d4p1="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<d4p1:Version>1.0</d4p1:Version>
<d4p1:TransformID />
<d4p1:SafetyMessage>
<tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Request/v1.1"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" tns:Type="Request">
<tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY Action="Auto" Source="INDICATION">
<tnsa:TERM>
<tnsa:REPORTED>pain</tnsa:REPORTED>
<tnsa:CODED>pain</tnsa:CODED>
<tnsa:LANG>E</tnsa:LANG>
</tnsa:TERM>
</tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</d4p1:SafetyMessage>
</Msg>
</RelsysServiceRequest>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>
```

17.5.3.4 Response (V 1.1)

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
<s:Header>
<a:Actions:mustUnderstand="1">
http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysServic
e/RelsysServiceRequestResponse
</a:Action>
<ActivityId CorrelationId="12dda93b-e6fa-4d3a-8d2f-a5cc34588e8a"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
00000000
0-0000-0000-7600-0060000000f3
</ActivityId>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
<RelsysServiceRequestResponse
```



```

xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
<RelsysServiceRequestResult xmlns:b="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<b:Version>1.0</b:Version>
<b:TransformID />
<b:SafetyMessage>
<tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_
Response/v1.1 file:///C:/SS/6 - Argus Interfaces/ASI
6x/RelsysInterfaceLibrary.root/RelsysInterfaceLibrary/RelsysInterfaceComponents/
XSD/v1.1/MedDRA_Response.xsd" tns:Type="Response"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Response/v1.1"
xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
<tnsa:PATHS>
<tnsa:PATH Primary="Y">
<tnsa:LLT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10033371</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>??</tnsa:TEXT_J>
<tnsa:SYNS />
</tnsa:LLT>
<tnsa:PT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>100333712</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>??</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:PT>
<tnsa:HLT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain and discomfort NEC</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10033372</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>???????NEC</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:HLT>
<tnsa:HLGT>
<tnsa:TEXT>General system disorders NEC</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10018073</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>?????NEC</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:HLGT>
<tnsa:SOC>
<tnsa:TEXT>General disorders and administration site conditions</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10018065</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:TEXT_J>????????????</tnsa:TEXT_J>
</tnsa:SOC>
</tnsa:PATH>
</tnsa:PATHS>
</tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
<tns:EXTENSION>
<tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="string" tns:Metadata="string">string</tns:CUSTOM>
</tns:EXTENSION>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</b:SafetyMessage>
</RelsysServiceRequestResult>
</RelsysServiceRequestResponse>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>

```

17.5.3.5 Request (V 1.0)

```

<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">

```

```

<s:Header>
<a:Action
s:mustUnderstand="1">
http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService
e/RelsysServiceRequest
</a:Action>
<a:MessageID>urn:uuid:c5b40ac0-a11e-44ea-b3c5-a39636058d63</a:MessageID>
<ActivityId CorrelationId="1872b16d-c293-4abc-8e5c-9ecdab7d3147"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
0000000
0-0000-0000-3100-0060000000f0
</ActivityId>
<a:ReplyTo>
<a:Address>http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous</a:Address>
</a:ReplyTo>
<a:To s:mustUnderstand="1">http://10.178.87.5/interface/RelsysService.svc</a:To>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
<RelsysServiceRequest xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
<Msg xmlns:d4p1="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<d4p1:Version>1.0</d4p1:Version>
<d4p1:TransformID />
<d4p1:SafetyMessage>
<tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Request/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" tns:Type="Request">
<tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY Action="Auto" Source="INDICATION">
<tnsa:TERM>
<tnsa:REPORTED>pain</tnsa:REPORTED>
<tnsa:CODED>pain</tnsa:CODED>
</tnsa:TERM>
</tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</d4p1:SafetyMessage>
</Msg>
</RelsysServiceRequest>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>

```

17.5.3.6 Response (V 1.0)

```

<s:Envelope xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
<s:Header>
<a:Action
s:mustUnderstand="1">
http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService
e/RelsysServiceRequestResponse
</a:Action>
<ActivityId CorrelationId="12dda93b-e6fa-4d3a-8d2f-a5cc34588e8a"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
0000000
0-0000-0000-7600-0060000000f3
</ActivityId>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
<RelsysServiceRequestResponse
xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
<RelsysServiceRequestResult xmlns:b="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"

```

```

xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<b:Version>1.0</b:Version>
<b:TransformID />
<b:SafetyMessage>
MedDRA Integration
14-10 Oracle Argus Safety Installation Guide
<tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_
Response/v1.0 file:///C:/SS/6 - Argus Interfaces/ASI
6x/RelsysInterfaceLibrary.root/RelsysInterfaceLibrary/RelsysInterfaceComponents/
XSD/v1.0/MedDRA_Response.xsd" tns:Type="Response"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Response/v1.0"
xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
<tnsa:PATHS>
<tnsa:PATH Primary="Y">
<tnsa:LLT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10033371</tnsa:CODE>
<tnsa:SYNS />
</tnsa:LLT>
<tnsa:PT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>100333712</tnsa:CODE>
</tnsa:PT>
<tnsa:HLT>
<tnsa:TEXT>Pain and discomfort NEC</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10033372</tnsa:CODE>
</tnsa:HLT>
<tnsa:HLGT>
<tnsa:TEXT>General system disorders NEC</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10018073</tnsa:CODE>
</tnsa:HLGT>
<tnsa:SOC>
<tnsa:TEXT>General disorders and administration site conditions</tnsa:TEXT>
<tnsa:CODE>10018065</tnsa:CODE>
</tnsa:SOC>
</tnsa:PATH>
</tnsa:PATHS>
</tnsa:MEDICAL_DICTIONARY>
<tns:EXTENSION>
<tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="string" tns:Metadata="string">string</tns:CUSTOM>
</tns:EXTENSION>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</b:SafetyMessage>
</RelsysServiceRequestResult>
</RelsysServiceRequestResponse>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>

```

17.5.4 MedDRA Interface XML Schema

Schema files for request and response are located in the *<Argus Web Install Path>\Integrations\XSD* directory.

Verify the MedDRA Interface request and response functions for the following schema files.

17.5.4.1 MEDDRA_Request

Argus Safety makes a web service request to the externally hosted central product information system as defined in this schema.

- Schema File

Version 1.0

Top level file: \v1.0\MedDRA_Request.xsd

Sublevel file: \v1.0\Base.xsd

Version 1.1

Top level file: \v1.1\MedDRA_Request.xsd

Sublevel file: \v1.0\Base.xsd

Version 2.0

Top level file: \v2.0\MedDRA_Request.xsd

Sublevel file: \v1.0\Base.xsd

- Namespace

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Request/v1.0

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Request/v1.1

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Request/v2.0

- Node / Attribute Name Description

The MEDICAL_DICTIONARY node is the first child node identifying MedDRA integration.

17.5.4.2 MEDDRA_Response

Argus Safety expects the central MedDRA dictionary to send the response in this format.

- Schema File

Version 1.0

Top level file: \v1.0\MedDRA_Response.xsd

Sublevel file: \v1.0\Base.xsd

Version 1.1

Top level file: \v1.1\MedDRA_Response.xsd

Version 2.0

Top level file: \v2.0\MedDRA_Response.xsd

- Namespace

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Response/v1.0

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Response/v1.1

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/MedDRA_Response/v2.0

- Node / Attribute Name Description

Node/Attribute Name	Description
Action	<p>Must have the value Auto.</p> <p>This attribute must be present in the request when a full hierarchy is required to be passed back to auto encode the term without using the MedDRA Browser. With an "Auto" message, the system requires that an LLT Term be passed in the request. If the full hierarchy is not found or returned, the system will open the MedDRA Browser and display the LLTs returned for manual encoding by the user using the local MedDRA instance. If multiple paths are returned, the Primary SOC path is used.</p>
Source	<p>An enumerated value that specifies additional information that may be required for coding based on origination as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Reaction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case Form Patient Tab Patient Tab Other Relevant History Reaction Case Form Patient Tab Parent Tab Other Relevant History Reaction ■ Indication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case Form Patient Tab Patient Tab Other Relevant History Indication Case Form Patient Tab Parent Tab Other Relevant History Indication ■ Condition should be verbatim <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case Form Patient Tab Patient Tab Other Relevant History Verbatim Case Form Patient Tab Parent Tab Other Relevant History Verbatim ■ Lab <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Console Code Lists Lab Test Type ■ Description <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Case Form Events Tab Event Tab Description to be Coded Case Form Events Tab Death Information Cause of Death and Autopsy Results Description as Reported ■ Diagnosis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Argus Case Form Analysis Tab Analysis Tab Company Diagnosis Syndrome
Term (v 1.0)	The TERM node specifies the information about a specific term that is either being looked up or populated with data and supports Reported and Coded nodes.
Term (v 1.1/2.0)	The TERM node specifies the information about a specific term that is either being looked up or populated with data and supports Reported, Coded, and Lang nodes.
Primary	The Primary attribute is Y if the term is the Primary SOC path for the selected term. In the event that multiple terms are returned for a MedDRA level, this attribute is only be available on the primary term.
PATHS/PATH (version 1.0)	The PATHS node has a PATH subnode for each MedDRA hierarchy returned. MedDRA hierarchy with English terms only.
PATHS/PATH (version 1.1)	Contains MedDRA hierarchy with English and Japanese terms (without support for the J term currency detail).

Node/Attribute Name	Description
PATHS/PATH (version 2.0)	Contains MedDRA hierarchy with English and Japanese terms (with support for the J term currency detail) for the LLT term.

17.6 Product Study License Interface

This section provides information for integrating with an external Product Study License configuration system.

Detailed steps and examples on using the PSL interface are available through the Technical Reference Manuals (TRMs). Customers can download these TRMs through the Oracle Consulting or Customer Support teams.

1. Navigate to `<Install Path>\Oracle\ArgusWeb\ASP\Integrations`.
2. Open the **Service.config** file in a text editor.
3. Search for **DatabaseConfiguration**, and update the following attributes:
 - **DBName**—TNS of the Argus database.
 - **DBUser**—User name of an Argus Safety Service user. The PSL web service uses this User Context to perform updates in the Argus Safety Database.
 - **DBPassword**—New encrypted password string. See [Section 19.2.4, "Generate Encrypted String."](#)
4. To secure the configuration, set the **bindingConfiguration** attribute either manually or through the Service Config utility.

Additional binding configurations may also be created and used.

Note that the binding configurations between the host and the client must be compatible for successful communication.

5. To add logging information, use one of the following:
 - **Relsys Logger**—Logs information about errors, warnings, and processing of the PSL web service code. The logger internally uses **log4net** component to perform the logging.

Update the **logConfig** attribute with one of the following values:

- Error (default)
- Warning
- Information
- Verbose

To save log as a specific file, update **RollingLogFileAppender** with the filename. Make sure the web service has read/write permissions to this folder.

- **SOAP Message RequestLogger**—Logs all the incoming and outgoing SOAP messages of the PSL web service. The messages are stored internally in the Argus Safety Database and are not available for querying.

To disable this logging, set **Enabled** as **false**.

```
<TransformersConfiguration> <Transformers> <add Transformer="RequestLogger"
InterfaceType="Inbound" RequestType="Request,Response"
MessageType="SoapMessage" Enabled="False" Metadata=""
Assembly="ConsoleInterface"
```

```
Type="Relsys.ArgusConsole.ConsoleInterface.Common.DBLoggerFactory" />
</Transformers> </TransformersConfiguration>
```

17.7 WHO Drug Coding Interface

WHO Drug web service Interface provides a mechanism to integrate customer-hosted central WHO Drug coding web service with Argus Safety. Argus Safety expects the data from central WHO Drug Coding system in defined format as specified by WHO Drug Coding schema.

In a multi-tenant setup, endpoint configuration of central WHO drug coding web service is stored at global level and all enterprises in Argus Safety will use the same web service endpoint. 'EnterpriseShortName' attribute will be present in the request message payload to identify which Enterprise initiated the web service request.

17.7.1 Configuration

- **Argus Console**

Drug Dictionary integration must be enabled using Argus Console. This can be done by opening Console from Argus Web and selecting "System Configuration > System Management" from the menu. Expand the "Case Processing" tree branch and select "Dictionary Browser". Select the radio button to use web services under the "Argus Safety WHO Drug Coding Method" section.

An optional checkbox is also available to determine whether Argus has to use the local WHODrug instance if the web service hosting the drug dictionary is not available, fails, or does not return a valid match.

- **Web.Config**

Web.config file on each web server under must have the endpoint with the "name" attribute of "WHODrug" properly configured. At a minimum, the "address" attribute must be changed. Optionally, depending on the bindings employed, the "bindingConfiguration" attribute may also need to be changed. The 'BindingConfiguration' section must have a valid binding for the configured "bindingConfiguration" attribute.

Sample endpoint configuration with binding configuration:

```
<endpoint address="http://remotewebservice/WHODrugLookup.svc"
binding="wsHttpBinding" bindingConfiguration="WSHttpBinding_IRelsysService_
Unsecure" contract="IRelsysService" name="WHODrug"></endpoint>
```

17.7.2 Drug Dictionary Coding Flow

When Argus makes a call to the web service, it will populate the 'DRUG_NAME' node. Argus Safety expects the central drug dictionary to populate all possible information in the response XML as per define Drug Dictionary Interface response schema. Argus will display this information in a browser from which the user can select the correct drug.

If the web service does not return any results or is unavailable, Argus will present the user with the WHODrug browser with local dictionary information if the system is configured to allow this.

Note: If an ingredient is returned that is not in the 'LM_INGREDIENTS' table of Argus, the ingredient will not be stored with the case. ATC code is also not stored with the case data. Both of these items are visible in the browser, however.

17.7.3 Example of WHO Drug Coding Safety Message

17.7.3.1 Request

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
  <s:Header>
    <a:Actions:mustUnderstand="1">

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService/RelsysServiceRequest
  </a:Action>
  <a:MessageID>urn:uuid:7a0f0c6e-f7f9-41f3-85bf-750a0cb16e7</a:MessageID>
  <ActivityId CorrelationId="09440b01-70e2-4d24-b12c-202119e3adea"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
    0000000
    0-0000-0000-8f0f-0060010000f1
  </ActivityId>
  <a:ReplyTo>
    <a:Address>http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous</a:Address>
  </a:ReplyTo>
  <a:To
s:mustUnderstand="1">http://10.178.87.5/interface/RelsysService.svc</a:To>
  </s:Header>
  <s:Body>
    <RelsysServiceRequest xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
      <Msg xmlns:b="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
        <b:Version>1.0</b:Version>
        <b:TransformID>WHO_DRUG</b:TransformID>
        <b:SafetyMessage>
          <tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE tns:Type="Request"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/WHODrug_Request/v1.0"
xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0">
            <tnsa:DRUG_DICTIONARY>
              <tnsa:DRUG>
                <tnsa:DRUG_NAME>n22</tnsa:DRUG_NAME>
              </tnsa:DRUG>
            </tnsa:DRUG_DICTIONARY>
          </tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
        </b:SafetyMessage>
      </Msg>
    </RelsysServiceRequest>
  </s:Body>
</s:Envelope>
```

17.7.3.2 Response

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
  <s:Header>
    <a:Action
s:mustUnderstand="1">
```



```

    http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService
    e/RelsysServiceRequestResponse
  </a:Action>
  <ActivityId CorrelationId="ffb00b07-d1f8-4fa9-ae9f-488d79dda872"
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
    0000000
    0-0000-0000-8f0f-0060010000f1
  </ActivityId>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
  <RelsysServiceRequestResponse
  xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
    <RelsysServiceRequestResult
    xmlns:d4p1="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
    xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
      <d4p1:Version>1.0</d4p1:Version>
      <d4p1:TransformID />
      <d4p1:SafetyMessage>
        <tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
        xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/WHODrug_Response/v1.0"
        xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
        xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/WHODrug_Response/v1.0
file:///E:/6%20-%20Argus%20Interfaces/ASI%2042%20SP3/RelsysInterfaceLibrary.r
oot/RelsysInterfaceLibrary/RelsysInterfaceComponents/XSD/v1.0/WHODrug_
Response.xsd" tns:Type="Response">
          <tnsa:DRUG_DICTIONARY>
            <tnsa:DRUGS>
              <tnsa:DRUG>
                <tnsa:DRUG_CODE>000200.01.005</tnsa:DRUG_CODE>
                <tnsa:DRUG_NAME>TYLENOL</tnsa:DRUG_NAME>
                <tnsa:GENERIC_NAME>PARACETAMOL</tnsa:GENERIC_NAME>
                <tnsa:ATCS>
                  <tnsa:ATC>
                    <tnsa:CODE>65GGH</tnsa:CODE>
                    <tnsa:DESCRIPTION>ATC Desc 1a</tnsa:DESCRIPTION>
                  </tnsa:ATC>
                  <tnsa:ATC>
                    <tnsa:CODE>94534</tnsa:CODE>
                    <tnsa:DESCRIPTION>ATC Desc 2a</tnsa:DESCRIPTION>
                  </tnsa:ATC>
                </tnsa:ATCS>
                <tnsa:INGREDIENTS>
                  <tnsa:INGREDIENT>PARACETAMOL</tnsa:INGREDIENT>
                </tnsa:INGREDIENTS>
                <tnsa:MEDICINAL_PRODUCT_ID />
                <tnsa:DRUG_MANUFACTURER>
                  MCNEIL LABORATORIES,
                  INCORPORATED
                </tnsa:DRUG_MANUFACTURER>
              </tnsa:DRUG>
              <tnsa:DRUG>
                <tnsa:DRUG_CODE>
                  004468.01 begin_of_the_skype_highlighting 004468.01
                  end_of_the_skype_highlighting.003
                </tnsa:DRUG_CODE>
                <tnsa:DRUG_NAME>TYLENOL ALLERGY SINUS</tnsa:DRUG_NAME>
                <tnsa:GENERIC_NAME />
                <tnsa:ATCS>
                  <tnsa:ATC>
                    <tnsa:CODE>4UUT1</tnsa:CODE>

```

```

        <tnsa:DESCRIPTION>ATC Desc 1b</tnsa:DESCRIPTION>
    </tnsa:ATC>
    <tnsa:ATC>
        <tnsa:CODE>13LLP</tnsa:CODE>
        <tnsa:DESCRIPTION>ATC Desc 2b</tnsa:DESCRIPTION>
    </tnsa:ATC>
</tnsa:ATCS>
<tnsa:INGREDIENTS>
    <tnsa:INGREDIENT>PARACETAMOL</tnsa:INGREDIENT>
    <tnsa:INGREDIENT>CHLORPHENAMINE MALEATE</tnsa:INGREDIENT>
    <tnsa:INGREDIENT>
        PSEUDOEPHEDRINE
        HYDROCHLORIDE
    </tnsa:INGREDIENT>
</tnsa:INGREDIENTS>
<tnsa:MEDICINAL_PRODUCT_ID />
<tnsa:DRUG_MANUFACTURER>JOHNSON</tnsa:DRUG_MANUFACTURER>
</tnsa:DRUG>
</tnsa:DRUGS>
</tnsa:DRUG_DICTIONARY>
<tns:EXTENSION>
    <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="" tns:Metadata="" />
</tns:EXTENSION>
</tnsa:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
</d4p1:SafetyMessage>
</RelsysServiceRequestResult>
</RelsysServiceRequestResponse>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>

```

17.7.4 WHO Drug Coding: XML Schema

Schema files for request and response are located in the *<Argus Web Install Path>\Integrations\XSD* directory.

Validate WHO drug coding request and response against the following schema files.

17.7.4.1 Request: WHODrug_Request

Argus Safety will make a web service request to externally hosted Central Drug Dictionary as defined in this schema.

Schema File

Top level file: /v1.0/WHODrug_Request.xsd

Sublevel file: /v1.0/Base.xsd

Namespace

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/WHODrug_Request/v1.0

where v1.0 is the version of the schema

Attribute/Node name	Description
DRUG_DICTIONARY	First Child node under SAFETY_MESSAGE which represents the WHO Drug Dictionary integration
DRUG/DRUG_NAME	WHO Drug Name that needs to be searched in central WHO Drug Coding system.

17.7.4.2 Response: WHODrug_Response

Argus Safety expects Central Drug Dictionary to send the response in this format.

Schema File

Top level file: /v1.0/WHODrug_Response.xsd

Sublevel file: /v1.0/Base.xsd

Namespace

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/WHODrug_Response/v1.0

where v1.0 is the version of the schema

Attribute/Node name	Description
DRUG_DICTIONARY	First Child node under SAFETY_MESSAGE which represents the Drug Dictionary integration.
DRUGS/DRUG	WHO DRUG details

17.8 Lot Number Interface

Lot Number Interface provides a mechanism to integrate customer-hosted central product information systems with Argus Safety via Web service. Argus Safety expects the data from hosted web service in defined format as specified by Lot Number schema. Argus Safety stores the web service Configuration at an enterprise level to support integration with different central product information system per Enterprise. 'EnterpriseShortName' attribute will be present in the request message payload to identify which Enterprise initiated the web service request.

Lot Number Query Interface also provides a mechanism for central product information system to pass custom data to Argus Safety system using 'Lot/Custom' node defined in Lot Number Schema. Data passed in the custom node will be stored in Argus user defined fields of Dosage Regimen section.

17.8.1 Configuration

Lot Number Interface needs to be enabled using Argus Console. This can be done by opening Console from Argus Web and selecting **System Configuration > System Management** from the menu. Expand the **Case Processing** tree branch and select **Lot Number Processing**. Following configurations are supported.

- **Use Centralized Lot Number Validation**

Yes—Allows Lot Lookup in Case Form to query central product information system to get Lot Number Information.

NO—Lot Lookup in Case Form uses lot numbers defined in Product Configuration under Argus Console >Business Configuration.

- **Allow users to enter non-configured Lot Numbers**

Yes—Allows user to enter non-configured Lot Number

No—Mandates user to only select Lot Number from Lot Lookup Dialog.

This switch is applicable when the lot validation service fails or is unable to provide a match for the lot number.

- **Lot Number Web Service Configuration XML**

Lot Number Interface support endpoint, binding and transformation configuration of Web Service at an enterprise level. This allows customer to integrate an enterprise in Argus Safety with different central product information system.

Configuration file must have the endpoint with the "name" attribute of "LotQuery" properly configured.

At a minimum, the "address" attribute must be changed. Optionally, depending on the bindings employed, the "bindingConfiguration" attribute may also need to be changed. The BindingConfiguration section must have a valid binding for the configured "bindingConfiguration" attribute.

The endpoint configuration might look something like this:

```
<endpoint address="http://remotewebservice/LotValidate.svc"
binding="wsHttpBinding" bindingConfiguration="WSHttpBinding_IReclsysService_
Unsecure" contract="IReclsysService" name=" LotQuery"></endpoint>
```

```
<add Transformer="LotQuery2" Assembly="ReclsysInterfaceComponents"
Type="Reclsys.InterfaceComponents.XSLTTFactor" InterfaceType="Outbound"
RequestType="Response" MessageType="ReclsysMessage" Enabled="true"
TransformID="LOT_NUMBER"
Metadata="InputValidationXSD=/Integrations/XSD/v1.0/Lot_Response.xsd;" />
```

- **Lot Number Web Service XSLT**

XSLT file required for transforming the response XML. This is only required in case Central Product Information system is passing custom attributes which need to be save as part of Case data in dosage regimen user defined fields.

Note: Argus Safety provides sample config and XSLT files which can be accessed by clicking Create button in 'Lot Number Processing' configuration screen as discussed above.

17.8.2 Lot Validation Flow

When Argus makes a call to the web service, it will populate the 'LOT_NUMBER' node with data provided by the user. The external lot validation system can provide zero, one, or many results in multiple LOT nodes.

Argus reaction to various counts of returned lots:

- Zero—Argus displays a message that the lot number could not be validated; based on the system configuration, the user may be able to keep the entered lot number, in which case Argus creates a red denotation indicating that the lot number was not validated.
- One—Argus keeps the user-entered lot number and creates a green denotation indicating a successfully validated lot.
- Many—Argus displays a dialog from which the user can select the correct lot number; once selected, Argus creates a yellow denotation indicating that the lot number was validated, but the user had to select from multiple matches.

The lot validation interface also allows for custom data to be returned, such as Albumin or Thermisol which is not natively supported by Argus. This data is then stored in the user-defined fields available on the active case form page.

17.8.3 Example of Lot Number Safety Message

17.8.3.1 Request

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
  <s:Header>
    <a:Action
s:mustUnderstand="1">
      http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService/
RelsysServiceRequest
    </a:Action>
    <a:MessageID>urn:uuid:4ea4a68c-9930-4681-a3dd-839b04821320</a:MessageID>
    <ActivityId CorrelationId="b7b67964-6e82-46d7-97ed-ff0e9f36dc66"
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/2004/09/ServiceModel/Diagnostics">
      0000000
      0-0000-0000-0000-000000000000
    </ActivityId>
    <a:ReplyTo>
      <a:Address>http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous</a:Address>
    </a:ReplyTo>
  </s:Header>
  <s:Body>
    <RelsysServiceRequest xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
      <Msg xmlns:d4p1="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
        <d4p1:Version>1.0</d4p1:Version>
        <d4p1:TransformID>LOT_NUMBER</d4p1:TransformID>
        <d4p1:SafetyMessage>
          <tnsb:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/ProductFamilyEntity/v1.0"xmlns:tnsb="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Lot_Request/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" tns:Type="Request">
            <tnsb:LOT_LOOKUP>
              <tnsb:LOT>
                <tnsa:LOT_NUMBER>666</tnsa:LOT_NUMBER>
              </tnsb:LOT>
            </tnsb:LOT_LOOKUP>
          </tnsb:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
        </d4p1:SafetyMessage>
      </Msg>
    </RelsysServiceRequest>
  </s:Body>
</s:Envelope>
```

17.8.3.2 Response

```
<s:Envelope xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:a="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
  <s:Header>
    <a:Action s:mustUnderstand="1">
      http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0/IRelsysService/
RelsysServiceRequestResponse
    </a:Action>
  </s:Header>
```

```

    </a:Action>
    <a:RelatesTo>urn:uuid:4ea4a68c-9930-4681-a3dd-839b04821320</a:RelatesTo>
</s:Header>
<s:Body>
  <RelsysServiceRequestResponse
xmlns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Contract/v1.0">
  <RelsysServiceRequestResult xmlns:b="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Types/v1.0"
xmlns:i="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
    <b:Version>1.0</b:Version>
    <b:TransformID />
    <b:SafetyMessage>
      <tnsb:SAFETY_MESSAGE
tns:Type="Response"
xmlns:tnsb="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Lot_Response/v1.0"
xmlns:tns="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnsa="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/ProductFamilyEntity/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
        <tnsb:LOT_LOOKUP>
          <tnsb:LOT>
            <tnsa:LOT_NUMBER>5043AX1</tnsa:LOT_NUMBER>
            <tnsa:EXPIRATION_DATE>2010-06-07</tnsa:EXPIRATION_DATE>
            <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="Thermisol" tns:Metadata="Thermisol
Indicator">15</tns:CUSTOM>
            <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="Albumin" tns:Metadata="Albumin
Status">11.4mg/gC</tns:CUSTOM>
          </tnsb:LOT>
          <tnsb:LOT>
            <tnsa:LOT_NUMBER>javascript</tnsa:LOT_NUMBER>
            <tnsa:EXPIRATION_DATE>2014-12-15</tnsa:EXPIRATION_DATE>
            <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="Thermisol"
tns:Metadata="ThermisolIndicator">22</tns:CUSTOM>
            <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="Albumin" tns:Metadata="Albumin
Status">19.5mg/gC</tns:CUSTOM>
          </tnsb:LOT>
        </tnsb:LOT_LOOKUP>
        <tns:EXTENSION>
          <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="string"
tns:Metadata="string">string</tns:CUSTOM>
          <tns:CUSTOM tns:Name="string"
tns:Metadata="string">string</tns:CUSTOM>
        </tns:EXTENSION>
      </tnsb:SAFETY_MESSAGE>
    </b:SafetyMessage>
  </RelsysServiceRequestResult>
</RelsysServiceRequestResponse>
</s:Body>
</s:Envelope>

```

17.8.4 Lot Number: XML Schema

Schema files for request and response are located in the <Argus Web Install Path>\Integrations\XSD directory.

Validate Lot Number request and response against the following schema files.

17.8.4.1 Request: Lot Request

Argus Safety will make a web service request to externally hosted central product information system as defined in this schema.

Schema File

Top level file:

\v1.0\Lot_Request.xsd

Sublevel file:

\v1.0\Base.xsd

\v1.0\ProductFamilyEntity.xsd

Namespace

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Lot_Request/v1.0

where version 1.0 is the version of the schema

Nodes/Attributes

Attribute/Node name	Description
LOT_LOOKUP	First Child node under SAFETY_MESSAGE which represents the Lot integration
LOT	Argus defined complex type element having following elements and attributes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ LOT_NUMBER ▪ EXPIRATION_DATE

17.8.4.2 Response: Lot_Response

Argus Safety expects Central Lot Number Web service to send the response in this format:

Schema File

Top level file:

/v1.0/Lot_Response.xsd

Sublevel file:

/v1.0/Base.xsd

/v1.0/ProductFamilyEntity.xsd

Namespace

http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Lot_Response/v1.0

where v1.0 is the version of the schema

Attribute/Node name	Description
LOT_LOOKUP	First Child node under SAFETY_MESSAGE which represents the Lot Number integration.

Attribute/Node name	Description
LOT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOT Number ■ Expiration Date ■ Custom <p>Provides a mechanism</p> <p>Name: Attribute value is used to identify Case Form field that is to be populated with data in the node.</p> <p>Metadata: Attribute value is used as labels in the LOT Number selection dialog displaying the data.</p>

17.8.5 Transformation

If custom data is to be passed back by the lot validation service, then it is also necessary to modify the 'LotIncomingTransform.xslt' file, located in the '.\ArgusWeb\ASP\Bin' directory. This transformation file reads the CUSTOM tags passed back by the lot validation service and maps them to the Argus user-defined fields.

The CUSTOM tag has a "Name" attribute, which is used by the XSLT to identify to which Argus field to map. The corresponding "Metadata" attribute is used simply to display a label in the lookup dialog if necessary. The XSLT file must be synchronized between all web servers in a web farm scenario.

Specific Argus fields must be placed within the xsl:attribute tags of the XSLT in a comma delimited form. The system will attempt to populate each Argus field specified by the value of the CUSTOM tags. If a field does not exist, no exception is thrown. In this fashion, if different pages in the case form have different definitions for the user-defined fields, the system can still properly populate the values in the fields.

It is inadvisable to modify any piece of the XSLT file with the exception of the piece that is shown in the example below. Consider the web service returns a CUSTOM node like:

```
<CUSTOM Name="Albumin" Metadata="Albumin Status">19.5 mg/gC</CUSTOM>
```

And the LotIncomingTransform.xslt contains the snippet:

```
<xsl:template match="@*" mode="CaseField">
  <xsl:choose>
    <xsl:when test=".='Thermisol'">
      <xsl:attribute name="CaseField">CASE_DOSE_REGIMENS_UD_TEXT_1,CASE_DOSE_
REGIMENS_UD_TEXT_2</xsl:attribute>
    </xsl:when>
    <xsl:when test=".='Albumin'">
      <xsl:attribute name="CaseField">CASE_DOSE_REGIMENS_UD_TEXT_3,CASE_DOSE_
REGIMENS_UD_TEXT_4</xsl:attribute>
    </xsl:when>
  </xsl:choose>
</xsl:template>
```

Then the value of 19.5 will be mapped to both user defined text fields 3 and 4. If only one of the fields is on the active case form page, the other field will be ignored.

17.9 Worklist Intake

This section provides information for integrating with an external system generating potential case data.

CASE_INTAKE is the first child node identifying a worklist intake integration.

17.9.1 Configuration

Worklist Intake integration currently employs a file drop system. The drop directories should be on a shared path. The directories can be optionally unique to a user site and configured as such in Console. The first step is to set these directory references up in Console under the "User Sites" code list. For each user site, simply specify the UNC for the "Intake File Path" (they can all be the same or different).

Argus Safety Windows Service provides the mechanism by which the files are processed. Since a network resource is being accessed, it is essential that the service run as a domain account and not as the Local System Account (which is the default). To change this, stop the Argus Safety Windows Service by opening the Services control panel and double-clicking the Argus Safety Windows Service and clicking the Stop button. Next click the Log On tab and select the radio button for "This account". Enter valid domain user credentials and click OK.

The service itself contains additional configuration information in the RelsysWindowsService.exe.config file located in the .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\Bin directory. This file references the Intake.config file to obtain configurations specific to Worklist Intake. Simply uncomment the two "add" nodes in the "RelsysConfigFilesSection" that reference the Intake.config file in their "filePath" attributes. Also verify that the DatabaseConfiguration section in this file has a valid database and user credentials with which to connect to the database and access Argus data.

In the same folder the Service.config file also requires some changes to specify information about the assemblies needed to process Worklist Intake messages. Similarly to the RelsysWindowsService.config file, uncomment the two "add" nodes whose "name" attributes refer to "Case Intake" and "Case Intake Ack".

Once configured, use the Services control panel to restart Argus Safety Windows Service. A successful configuration is evident when four new folders are then created in the shared file path (IN, OUT, INTERMEDIATE, and FAILURES).

If the shared folder happens to be on the same physical machine as the server on which "Argus Windows Service" is running, you can optionally configure the service to access the shared folder directly as a local folder instead of as a network shared path. The following configuration in Intake.config would enable this:

```
<FolderConfiguration>
  <MonitorFolders MonitorAllConfiguredFolders="true"
MonitorLiteratureFolder="false">
    <add FolderPath="<configured share in console>" Monitor="true"
AlternatePath="C:\CaseIntake" />
  </MonitorFolders>
</FolderConfiguration>
```

In the above configuration, MonitorAllConfiguredFolders can be set to false if you want to configure that server to accept Intake files only for the folders configured in the above section and for which Monitor is set to true.

17.9.2 Worklist Intake Flow

When an XML file is dropped in the IN folder of the configured Intake folder, Argus picks up the file and does an initial verification. If there are any attachments specified in the XML, they and the XML are moved to a GUID-created subfolder of the Intermediate folder. All the relevant data is extracted from the XML and stored in the

database. During the parsing and extraction, if there are any errors, the unique folder and its associated XML and file attachments are moved to Failures folder. A file called Error.xml will be generated in that folder which contains more information about the failure. If an e-mail address is configured in Intake.config, an e-mail is also generated and processed via AGService.

Worklists for intake are based on user site. They are populated based on either the path in which the initial file was dropped (as per the configuration in Argus Console the path is associated to a specific user site) or by the value of the SITE node contained within the XML itself. If there is a conflict, the SITE node value takes precedence.

The Intake records that are absorbed into Argus are visible to the Argus User in Worklist Intake screen in Argus or in Affiliate. The Argus user can do one of two operations on the Intake record.

1. **Accept**—When the user accepts an Intake, the case form book-in screen is shown which will contain information and attachments pre-populated from the Intake record.
 - If user books in a case, a response is generated which contains the case ID and case number. The attachment details and response XML are placed in the Out folder.
 - If user adds a follow up to an existing case, a similar response is generated as above and the response XML is placed in the OUT folder.
2. **Reject**—When the user rejects an Intake record, a response is generated which contains the Rejection Reason and the attachment details. This response XML is placed in the OUT folder.

Similarly, an Affiliate user can create a local event from an Intake record from within Affiliate. The flow is similar to that mentioned above with the exception that the response XML would contain the Local Event Number instead of the case number.

17.9.3 Example of Worklist Intake Safety Message

Request—Worklist Intake Safety Message (Multi-Tenant System)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<tnc:SAFETY_MESSAGE
xmlns:tnszz="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
tnszz:Type="Request" tnszz:EnterpriseShortName ="ENT01">
<tnc:CASE_INTAKE>
<tnc:CASES>
<tnc:CASE>
<tnc:CASE_TYPE>Spontaneous</tnc:CASE_TYPE>
<tnc:COUNTRY_OF_INCIDENCE>UNITED STATES</tnc:COUNTRY_OF_INCIDENCE>
<tnc:EVENT_PT>Pain</tnc:EVENT_PT>
<tnc:EVENT_VERBATIM>Pain</tnc:EVENT_VERBATIM>
<tnc:FLTH>LT</tnc:FLTH>
<tnc:GENERIC_NAME>D-RIBOSE</tnc:GENERIC_NAME>
<tnc:INITIAL_DATE>2012-01-31</tnc:INITIAL_DATE>
<tnc:PRIORITY>1</tnc:PRIORITY>
<tnc:PRODUCT_NAME>Cure All</tnc:PRODUCT_NAME>
<tnc:REPORTER_TYPE>Health Care Professional</tnc:REPORTER_TYPE>
<tnc:SITE>US</tnc:SITE>
<tnc:STUDY_ID>STUDY_001</tnc:STUDY_ID>
<tnc:SUR>No</tnc:SUR>
<tnc:ATTACHMENTS xmlns:tnc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake/v1.0">
```

```

<tnc:ATTACHMENT>
<tnc:FILENAME>Case12345.pdf</tnc:FILENAME>
<tnc:DOCID>001219988776655</tnc:DOCID>
<tnc:CLASSIFICATION>CIRM Case</tnc:CLASSIFICATION>
<tnc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>Contains case data for 12345</tnc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>
</tnc:ATTACHMENT>
</tnc:ATTACHMENTS >
</tnc:CASE>
</tnc:CASES>
</tnc:CASE_INTAKE>
<tnszz:EXTENSION>
<tnszz:CUSTOM tnszz:Name="My Name" tnszz:Metadata="My Metadata">My
Value</tnszz:CUSTOM>
</tnszz:EXTENSION>
</tnc:SAFETY_MESSAGE>

```

Response—Worklist Intake Safety Message (Multi-Tenant system)

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<tnc:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tnc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tncse="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake_Ack/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:a="http://tempuri.org/CaseIntakeResponse.xsd"
tnc:Type="Response"> tnc:EnterpriseShortName="ENT01">
<tncse:CASE_INTAKE>
<tncse:CASES>
<tncse:CASE>
<tncse:INTAKE_DATE>03-NOV-2014 10:08:49</tncse:INTAKE_DATE>
<tncse:CASE_NUMBER>12US000000001</tncse:CASE_NUMBER>
<tncse:CASE_ID>10285117</tncse:CASE_ID>
<tncse:CASE_PRODUCT>Cure All</tncse:CASE_PRODUCT>
<tncse:DATE_TIME>03-NOV-2014 15:40:07</tncse:DATE_TIME>
<tnc:ATTACHMENTS xmlns:tnc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake/v1.0">
<tnc:ATTACHMENT>
<tnc:FILENAME>Case12345.pdf</tnc:FILENAME>
<tnc:DOCID>001219988776655</tnc:DOCID>
<tnc:CLASSIFICATION></tnc:CLASSIFICATION>
<tnc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>Contains case data for 12345</tnc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>
</tnc:ATTACHMENT>
</tnc:ATTACHMENTS>
</tncse:CASE>
</tncse:CASES>
</tncse:CASE_INTAKE>
<tnszz:EXTENSION xmlns:tnszz="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0">
<tnszz:CUSTOM tnszz:Name="My Name" tnszz:Metadata="My Metadata">My
Value</tnszz:CUSTOM>
</tnszz:EXTENSION>
</tnc:SAFETY_MESSAGE>

```

Request—Worklist Intake Safety Message (Single-Tenant System)

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<tnc:SAFETY_MESSAGE
xmlns:tnszz="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
tnszz:Type="Request"
<tnc:CASE_INTAKE>
<tnc:CASES>
<tnc:CASE>
<tnc:CASE_TYPE>Spontaneous</tnc:CASE_TYPE>

```

```

<tnsc:COUNTRY_OF_INCIDENCE>UNITED STATES</tnsc:COUNTRY_OF_INCIDENCE>
<tnsc:EVENT_PT>Pain</tnsc:EVENT_PT>
<tnsc:EVENT_VERBATIM>Pain</tnsc:EVENT_VERBATIM>
<tnsc:FLTH>LT</tnsc:FLTH>
<tnsc:GENERIC_NAME>D-RIBOSE</tnsc:GENERIC_NAME>
<tnsc:INITIAL_DATE>2012-01-31</tnsc:INITIAL_DATE>
<tnsc:PRIORITY>1</tnsc:PRIORITY>
<tnsc:PRODUCT_NAME>Cure All</tnsc:PRODUCT_NAME>
<tnsc:REPORTER_TYPE>Health Care Professional</tnsc:REPORTER_TYPE>
<tnsc:SITE>US</tnsc:SITE>
<tnsc:STUDY_ID>STUDY 001</tnsc:STUDY_ID>
<tnsc:SUR>No</tnsc:SUR>
<tnsc:ATTACHMENTS xmlns:tnsc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake/v1.0">
<tnsc:ATTACHMENT>
<tnsc:FILENAME>Case12345.pdf</tnsc:FILENAME>
<tnsc:DOCID>001219988776655</tnsc:DOCID>
<tnsc:CLASSIFICATION>CIRM Case</tnsc:CLASSIFICATION>
<tnsc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>Contains case data for 12345</tnsc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>
</tnsc:ATTACHMENT>
</tnsc:ATTACHMENTS >
</tnsc:CASE>
</tnsc:CASES>
</tnsc:CASE_INTAKE>
<tnszz:EXTENSION>
<tnszz:CUSTOM tnszz:Name="My Name" tnszz:Metadata="My Metadata">My
Value</tnszz:CUSTOM>
</tnszz:EXTENSION>
</tnsc:SAFETY_MESSAGE>

```

Response—Worklist Intake Safety Message (Single-Tenant system)

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<tense:SAFETY_MESSAGE xmlns:tense="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0"
xmlns:tnse="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake_Ack/v1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:a="http://tempuri.org/CaseIntakeResponse.xsd"
tns:Type="Response">
<tense:CASE_INTAKE>
<tense:CASES>
<tense:CASE>
<tense:INTAKE_DATE>03-NOV-2014 10:08:49</tense:INTAKE_DATE>
<tense:CASE_NUMBER>12US000000001</tense:CASE_NUMBER>
<tense:CASE_ID>10285117</tense:CASE_ID>
<tense:CASE_PRODUCT>Cure All</tense:CASE_PRODUCT>
<tense:DATE_TIME>03-NOV-2014 15:40:07</tense:DATE_TIME>
<tnsc:ATTACHMENTS xmlns:tnsc="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Case_Intake/v1.0">
<tnsc:ATTACHMENT>
<tnsc:FILENAME>Case12345.pdf</tnsc:FILENAME>
<tnsc:DOCID>001219988776655</tnsc:DOCID>
<tnsc:CLASSIFICATION></tnsc:CLASSIFICATION>
<tnsc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>Contains case data for 12345</tnsc:ATTACHMENT_DESC>
</tnsc:ATTACHMENT>
</tnsc:ATTACHMENTS>
</tense:CASE>
</tense:CASES>
</tense:CASE_INTAKE>
<tnszz:EXTENSION xmlns:tnszz="http://www.oracle.com/Argus/Base/v1.0">
<tnszz:CUSTOM tnszz:Name="My Name" tnszz:Metadata="My Metadata">My
Value</tnszz:CUSTOM>
</tnszz:EXTENSION>
</tense:SAFETY_MESSAGE>

```

17.10 Literature Intake

This section provides information for setting up Literature Intake. Argus accepts files of the following formats for Literature Intake.

- WORLD MEDICAL & DRUG INFORMATION SERVICE (WMDIS) (in the form of .xls or .xlsx file format)
- JAPIC (in the form of .txt file format)

17.10.1 Configuration

Literature Intake integration employs a file drop system. The drop folder should be on a shared path. The folder must be configured in Console under System Configuration > Common Profile Switches > Argus J.

The edit box provided for "Shared Path for Literature Intake" must be configured with the UNC file path of the shared folder. Argus Safety Windows Service provides the mechanism by which the files are processed. Since a network resource is being accessed, it is essential that the service run as a domain account and not as the Local System Account (which is the default). Argus Release Media

To change this, stop the Argus Safety Windows Service by opening the Services control panel and double-clicking the Argus Safety Windows Service and clicking the Stop button. Next click the Log On tab and select the radio button for "This account". Enter valid domain user credentials and click OK.

The service itself contains additional configuration information in the RelsysWindowsService.exe.config file located in the .\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\Bin directory. This file references the Intake.config file to obtain configurations specific to Worklist Intake. Simply uncomment the two "add" nodes in the "RelsysConfigFilesSection" that reference the Intake.config file in their "filePath" attributes. Also verify that the DatabaseConfiguration section in this file has a valid database and user credentials with which to connect to the database and access Argus data. In the same folder the Service.config file also requires some changes to specify information about the assemblies needed to process Worklist Intake messages.

17.10.1.1 Metadata Configuration

1. Go to the Argus Web server machine.
2. Open the service.config file located at
`<Argus Install Path>\ArgusWeb\ASP\Argus.NET\Bin\`
3. In the service.config file, the metadata configuration is:

```
<add Name="Case Intake" Assembly="CaseIntakeServiceComponent"
Type="Relsys.CaseIntakeServiceComponent.FSWManager"
Metadata="InvokeDirect=true;PollInterval=1000;CaseIntake=true;LitIntake=true;
UseLocalInterimFolder=true; LocalInterimFolder=C:\Temp\CaseIntake" />
```

Similarly to the Service.config file, uncomment the "add" node whose "name" attribute refer to "Case Intake". Ensure that 'LitIntake' is set to true in the Metadata configuration as shown below:

```
<add Name="Case Intake" Assembly="CaseIntakeServiceComponent"
Type="Relsys.CaseIntakeServiceComponent.FSWManager" Metadata="InvokeDirect=true;
PollInterval=1000;CaseIntake=true;LitIntake=true" />
```

In the same folder, the Intake.config file needs some changes. Set the MonitorLiteratureFolder attribute to true in FolderConfiguration/MonitorFolders section as shown below:

```
<FolderConfiguration>
<MonitorFolders MonitorAllConfiguredFolders="false"
MonitorLiteratureFolder="true">
<!-- <add FolderPath="<configured share in console>" Monitor="true"
AlternatePath="C:\LiteratureIntake"/> -->
</MonitorFolders>
</FolderConfiguration>
```

Once configured, use the Services control panel to restart Argus Safety Windows Service. A successful configuration is evident when four new folders are then created in the shared file path (IN, OUT, INTERMEDIATE, and FAILURES).

If the shared folder happens to be on the same physical machine as the server on which "Argus Windows Service" is running, you can optionally configure the service to access the shared folder directly as a local folder instead of as a network shared path. The following configuration in Intake.config would enable this:

```
<FolderConfiguration>
<MonitorFolders MonitorAllConfiguredFolders="false"
MonitorLiteratureFolder="true">
<add FolderPath="<configured share in console>" Monitor="true"
AlternatePath="C:\LiteratureIntake"/>
</MonitorFolders>
</FolderConfiguration>
```

17.10.2 Literature Intake Flow

When a WMDIS or JAPIC file is dropped in the IN folder of the configured Literature Intake folder, Argus picks up the file and does an initial verification. The file is first moved to a GUID-created subfolder of the Intermediate folder. All the relevant data is extracted from the file and stored in the database. During the parsing and extraction, if there are any errors, the unique folder and the file in it are moved to Failures folder. A file called Error.xml will be generated in that folder which contains more information about the failure. If an e-mail address is configured in RelsysWindowsService.exe.config, an e-mail is also generated and processed via AGService. The Literature Intake Worklist shows all the records extracted from the above mentioned files.

The Argus user can do one of the following operations on the Literature Intake record.

- Accept
- Reject
- Assign User
- Assign Literature Type
- Modify Product Family

17.11 Extended E2B Interface

For more details, from the [Argus Safety OHC](#) page, download the Technical Reference Manuals, and refer to the *Oracle Argus Interchange ICSR Extensibility Guide*.

Configure Argus Centralized Coding

You must execute the following batch files to set up the Argus Centralized Coding Interface schema and to migrate encoded terms for all cases to the Interface schema.

18.1 `setup_centralized_coding_interface_schema.bat`

This batch file creates the schema objects for the Argus Centralized Coding Interface schema.

This script also updates the coding status field with the current status for existing cases for the following fields. The code status fields displays whether all events are encoded and are in a coding state or if the case has items that can be coded but are not coded.

- LM_LAB_TEST_TYPES.CODE_STATUS
- LM_LABELED_TERMS.CODE_STATUS
- LM_PRODUCT.IND_CODE_STATUS
- CASE_EVENT.CODE_STATUS
- CASE_DEATH_DETAILS.CAUSE_CODE_STATUS
- CASE_PROD_INDICATIONS.IND_CODE_STATUS
- CASE_PAT_HIST.ITEM_CODE_STATUS
- CASE_ASSESS.DIAGNOSIS_CODE_STATUS

To execute the batch file:

1. Double-click the `setup_centralized_coding_interface_schema.bat` file and enter:
 - a. Log folder name
 - b. Database name
 - c. DBA user credentials, such as system and password
 - d. RLS schema owner name and password

Execute the following query to get the RLS schema owner name:

```
SELECT owner
FROM all_objects
WHERE object_name = PKG_RLS AND object_type = PACKAGE;
```

- e. Argus schema owner name, such as ARGUS_APP and password
- f. Argus Safety role name

The script creates two users, ARGUS_DMS and DMS_LOGIN, and their tablespaces.

The Interface schema object is present in the ARGUS_DMS schema.

2. Enter the following:
 - a. Password for user ARGUS_DMS.
 - b. Password for user DMS_LOGIN.
 - c. Temporary tablespace name.
If no input is provided, TEMP tablespace is taken by default.
The script creates two tablespaces: DMS_DATA_01.DBF, and DMS_INDEX_01.DBF.
 - d. Path and data file name of the tablespaces, such as:
C:\APP\ORADATA\DBNAMD\DMS_DATA_01.DBF
C:\APP\ORADATA\DBNAMD\DMS_INDEX_01.DBF
 - e. A log file name
3. Press Enter when the Users and Roles are located.
4. Check the log file to validate the successful completion of the script.
5. Log in to the application and enable the Centralized Coding module.
Configure Centralized Coding from the dictionary selection page in the Console.

18.2 dms_migration.bat

Execute this script to populate the already encoded terms from all cases to the Interface schema table. This script supports two types of migration:

- [Single Enterprise Migration in One Execution](#)
- [All Enterprise Migration in One Execution](#)

18.2.1 Single Enterprise Migration in One Execution

To migrate encoded terms for case data for a particular enterprise, enter an enterprise_id such as 1.

18.2.2 All Enterprise Migration in One Execution

When you have multiple enterprises in the Argus Safety multi-tenant environment:

- To migrate encoded terms of case data for one enterprise only, enter only one enterprise_id such as 1 when prompted.
- To migrate encoded terms of case data for all enterprises in one go, enter input as ALL when prompted.
- To migrate encoded terms of case data for some enterprises (but not all), the number of executions of *dms_migration.bat* = Migration of encoded terms of case data for the number of enterprises.

Note: This migration script does not check whether the Argus Centralized Coding module is enabled for any specific enterprise. You must verify that module is enabled and then migrate data for enterprises.

To populate terms to the Interface table, you must load MedDRA into the Argus schema.

The migration script populates already encoded terms from all cases to the Interface table. Any open cases in the application are processed during migration.

Execute the batch file **dms_migration.bat** and enter the following:

1. Log folder name
2. Log file name
3. TNSNAMES of the Argus Safety database when the Interface schema was created
4. Argus Safety schema owner name and password
5. Based on whether you want to migrate coded terms for all cases, one enterprise or for multiple enterprises:
 - i. Enter the `enterprise_id` of one enterprise to migrate data for that particular enterprise.
 - ii. Enter ALL as Input to migrate data for all enterprises.
 - iii. To migrate coded terms of cases for more than one enterprise, execute step (i) multiple times and provide different `enterprise_ids`.
6. Application user name
If no input is provided, *admin* is taken as user input.
7. Check the log file to validate successful completion of the script.

Part V

Secure Argus Safety

Argus Password Management—Cryptography Tool

Argus Safety uses dynamically generated encryption keys for passwords within the system. The Cryptography Key Editor allows you to generate a dynamic key and then encrypt passwords using the said key. The generated key must be installed on each application server and must be common to allow all servers to communicate with the Argus Safety database.

The key is stored in the ArgusSecureKey.ini file located in the .\Windows folder.

IMPORTANT: During a new environment installation, a key will need to be generated **prior to** creating a database.

During an upgrade, a key will need to be generated prior to upgrading or an existing key from the existing setup can be used to perform the database upgrade. Make sure that the password information specified in the database is consistent with the information provided in the ArgusSecureKey.ini file.

Note: When the ArgusSecureKey.ini file is generated, there is no need to run this tool again while launching the Argus Crypto Tool. The tool should only be run again if you are resetting passwords, keys or have lost the ArgusSecureKey.ini file.

When the key file is created, copy it to the .\Windows folder on all application servers (web, transaction, etc.).

Note: Do not run the Cryptography Key Editor on each application server to generate passwords. It need only be run once during the initial system setup. Subsequent server installations must have the key manually copied to each .\Windows folder.

19.1 Install or Upgrade to Argus Safety 8.2.1

Whether you are upgrading to Argus Safety 8.2.1 or installing a fresh instance of it, you must generate new key using the Cryptography Key Editor.

Recommendation: Install the Argus Crypto Tool and Argus Insight Crypto Tool on the Transaction Server.

19.1.1 Generate New Cryptography Key

You must generate the ArgusSecureKey.ini key file before running the Argus Crypto Tool.

1. Launch the **Cryptography Key Editor**.
The Key Editor Utility screen appears.
2. Click **New**.
The Generate Key screen appears.
3. In the **Note to be added as comment** field, enter a comment that will be saved in the ArgusSecureKey.ini.
This can be any form of metadata, such as the reason why this key was generated or for what environments it is used.
4. Enter ARGUSUSER password and Confirm password.
5. (Optional) Enter APR_USER password and Confirm password.
This field applies to the Argus Insight user. If Argus Insight is not installed along with Argus Safety, leave this field blank.
6. Click **OK**.
The ArgusSecureKey.ini file is created in the *<Install folder>\CryptoKeyEditor\output\<DateTimeStamp>*.
7. Click the link in the **Argus Secure Key Path** dialog box to open the folder in Windows Explorer.
8. Click **Close, I will copy it manually** and copy the file manually from the window that gets opened by clicking on the link mentioned above.
9. To move the generated ArgusSecureKey.ini file to the *.\Windows* folder, click **Copy to windows folder**.

19.1.2 Argus Safety Database

Run the Argus Crypto Tool to create or upgrade the database. If you run the Argus Crypto Tool before creating the key, a warning message appears that the cryptography key is required.

19.1.3 Argus Safety Application Servers

After setting up the application servers, copy the **ArgusSecureKey.ini** file from the *.\Windows* folder of the system, where the database is created or upgraded, and replace the *.\Windows* folder of each installed application server.

19.2 Reset Password or Change the Cryptography Key

19.2.1 Reset the ARGUSUSER Password

If the password for the database user ARGUSUSER has changed, you will need to reset the password in the ArgusSecureKey.ini file on all the servers.

1. Launch the **Cryptography Key Editor**.

The Key Editor Utility screen appears.

2. Click Existing.

The Key Editor Login or Re-encrypt ARGUSUSER screen appears.

3. Enter the ARGUSUSER password.

4. Enter the APR_USER password.

This field appears only when you have installed Argus Insight along with Argus Safety.

5. Enter the database name.

6. Click Re-encrypt.

A confirmation dialog appears.

7. Click Yes.

8. Copy the updated ArgusSecureKey.ini File from the .\Windows folder to all the .\Windows folder of all the application servers.

9. Verify that you can Log in to the Argus Safety application.

19.2.2 Edit Keys

An administrator might want to change a key due to various reasons like a policy to change key every few days, or to avoid network compromise, etc.

1. Launch the Cryptography Key Editor.

The Key Editor Utility screen appears.

2. Click Existing.

The Key Editor Login or Re-encrypt ARGUSUSER screen appears.

3. Enter the ARGUSUSER password.

4. Enter the APR_USER password.

This field appears only when you have installed Argus Insight along with Argus Safety.

5. Enter the database name.

6. Click Login.

The Key Editor Options for Existing Installation screen appears.

7. Enter the DBA User Name and User Password.

8. Click Validate.

9. Select the Edit Key checkbox.

This enables the child checkboxes of **User Key** and **Cookie Key**.

The User Key is used for all the encrypted strings which are persisted in the database or file server.

The Cookie Key is only used to encrypt and decrypt the key.

The user has the option to change either one or both keys.

10. Select the checkboxes in front of the key that you want to change.

11. Change the Key Size drop-down value, if you wish to change the key size. Key Size is measured in bits of the key used in a cryptographic algorithm.
12. Click **Re-Generate**.
This will change the value of the checked items and the new value will be visible in the textbox.
13. Click **Execute**.
The Reason for this Action dialog box appears, prompting the user to add a reason for his action.
The text entered here is visible in the Audit Log in the Argus Safety application.
14. Click **OK**.
15. Check the status box to verify if the operation has been successful.
16. If the operation is successful and the Cryptography key is checked, then the changed key is now stored in the ArgusSecureKey.ini.
You should now copy this file from the .\Windows folder of the current machine and paste it to the .\Windows folder of all web servers.
17. When the user key is changed, all the encrypted strings in the database are re-encrypted using the new key.
However, there are still some other file server locations where this key change must also be applied manually. The following is a list of places where the changes must be done manually:
18. Items to be changed from the User Interface:

String	Description
Argus Services	Open Argus Safety Service Configuration: Open all the processes and enter password again.
Cyclone	Open ESM Mapping utility and re-enter the Cyclone password.
ESM Common User	Open ESM Mapping utility and re-enter the ESM Common User password.

19. Re-enter the DBPassword in the configuration files, as explained in the following sections:
 - a. Point 2 of the [Section 8.1.2.1, "RelsysWindowsService.exe.config"](#).
 - b. Point 5 of the [Section 12.2, "Configure Dossier"](#).
 - c. The [Section 17.6, "Product Study License Interface"](#).

19.2.3 Re-encrypt Common User Passwords

The **Key Editor Options for Existing Installation** screen can also be used to change the common user (ARGUS_LOGIN, ARGUS_LOGIN_I, and ARGUS_LOGIN_IPS) passwords.

1. Launch the **Cryptography Key Editor**.
The Key Editor Utility screen appears.
2. Click **Existing**.

The Key Editor Login or Re-encrypt ARGUSUSER screen appears.

3. Enter the ARGUSUSER password.
4. Enter the APR_USER password.

This field appears only when you have installed Argus Insight along with Argus Safety.

5. Enter the database name.
6. Click **Login**.

The Key Editor Options for Existing Installation screen appears.

7. Enter the DBA User Name and User Password.
8. Click **Validate**.
9. Check the **Re-encrypt** checkbox.
10. Enter the passwords for the common users.
11. Click **Execute**.

The Reason for this Action dialog box appears, prompting the user to add a reason for his action.

12. The text entered here is visible in the Audit Log in the Argus Safety application.
13. Click **OK**.
14. Check the status box to verify if the operation has been successful.

19.2.4 Generate Encrypted String

Generate the encrypted string from clear text, using the configured UserCryptoKey in ArgusSecureKey.ini.

1. Launch the **Cryptography Key Editor**.

The Key Editor Utility screen appears.

2. Click **Existing**.

The Key Edit Login screen appears.

3. Enter the ARGUSUSER password.
4. Enter the APR_USER password.

This field appears only when you have installed Argus Insight along with Argus Safety.

5. Enter the database name.
6. Click **Login**.

The Key Editor Options for Existing Installation screen appears.

7. Enter the DBA User Name and User Password.
8. Click **Validate**.
9. Check the **Generate Encrypted** checkbox.
10. Enter the password in the **Clear text** field.
11. Click **Execute**.

The Reason for this Action dialog box appears, prompting the user to add a reason for his action.

12. The text entered here is visible in the Audit Log in the Argus Safety application.
13. Click **OK**.
14. Check the status box to verify if the operation has been successful. If the operation is successful, the encrypted script gets displayed in the **Encrypted String** field.

19.2.5 Reset Administrator and System Application User Password

1. Launch the **Cryptography Key Editor**.
The Key Editor Utility screen appears.
2. Click **Existing**.
The Key Editor Login screen appears.
3. Enter the ARGUSUSER password.
4. Enter the APR_USER password.
This field appears only when you have installed Argus Insight along with Argus Safety.
5. Enter the database name.
6. Click **Login**.
The Key Editor Options for Existing Installation screen appears.
7. Enter the DBA User Name and User Password.
8. Click **Validate**.
9. Check the **Reset password for the default Administrator and System Accounts** checkbox.
10. To set **Administrator** password, select the respective checkbox, and enter the parameters.
11. To set **System** user password, select the respective checkbox and enter the parameters.
12. Click **Execute**.
The Reason for this Action dialog box appears, prompting the user to add a reason for his action.
The text entered here is visible in the Audit Log in the Argus Safety application.
13. Click **OK**.
14. Check the status box to verify if the operation has been successful.

19.2.6 Reset the Environment if ArgusSecureKey.ini is Lost

1. To generate a new key and copy it to the Windows folder, follow the steps listed in the [Section 19.2.1, "Reset the ARGUSUSER Password."](#)
2. To re-encrypt common user passwords, follow the steps listed in the [Section 19.2.3, "Re-encrypt Common User Passwords."](#)
3. Re-encrypt strings in the following locations:



String	Description
LDAP	Clear column LDAP_SEARCH_PASSWORD in all rows from table CFG_LDAP_SERVERS. Now open Argus Console > System Configuration > System Management > LDAP and re-enter passwords for all configurations.
SMTP	Clear column USER_PASSWORD in all rows from table CFG_SMTP. Now open Argus Console > System Configuration > SMTP Configuration and re-enter passwords for SMTP account.
Documentum	Clear column VALUE for row where SECTION='SYSTEM' AND KEY='DOCUMENTUM_PASSWORD' from table CMN_PROFILE_ENTERPRISE. Now open Argus Console > System Configuration > Common profile Switches to re-enter Documentum password.
Argus Services	Open Argus Safety Service Configuration: Open all the processes and enter password again.
Cyclone	Open ESM Mapping utility and re-enter the Cyclone password.
ESM Common User	Open ESM Mapping utility and re-enter the ESM Common User password.

4. Re-enter the DBPassword in the configuration files, as explained in the following sections:
 - a. Point 2 of the [Section 8.1.2.1, "RelsysWindowsService.exe.config"](#).
 - b. Point 5 of the [Section 12.2, "Configure Dossier"](#).
 - c. The [Section 17.6, "Product Study License Interface"](#).

Configure BI Publisher Security Model

Oracle recommends to use the Oracle Fusion Middleware Security model. In case you prefer to use the BI Publisher Security Model, follow the subsequent sections for the set up.

Create Custom Roles and Assign Data Sources

1. Log in to BI Publisher with the administrator credentials.
The BI Publisher Home Page appears.
2. Click **Administration**.
3. Under Security Center, click **Roles and Permissions**.
The Roles and Permissions screen appears.
4. Click **Create Role**.
The Create Role screen appears.
5. Enter a role **Name** and **Description**, and click **Apply**.
A new custom role is created.
6. To assign data sources to the created role, click the **Add Data Sources** icon .
7. From the Available Data Source section, select a data source (for example, **asbip**) and click **Move (>)** to add it to the Allowed Data Sources section.
8. Click **Apply**.
9. To assign the required roles to the custom role, click **Add Roles** icon .
10. From the Available Roles, select the roles to be included and click **Move (>)** to add the selected roles to Included Roles.
11. Click **Apply**.

Create Users and Assign Roles

1. Log in to BI Publisher with the administrator credentials.
The BI Publisher Home Page appears.
2. Click **Administration**.
The Administration screen appears.

3. Under **Security Center**, click **Users**.
The Users screen appears.
4. Click **Create Users**.
The Create User screen appears.
5. Enter a **Username** and **Password** and click **Apply**.
A new user is created.
6. To assign roles to the user, click the **Assign Roles** icon corresponding to the new user.



The Assign Roles screen appears with the BI Publisher system roles as the following:

- BI Publisher Administrator
- BI Publisher Excel Analyzer
- BI Publisher Online Analyzer
- BI Publisher Developer
- BI Publisher Scheduler
- BI Publisher Template Designer

These roles are available by default along with the custom roles you create.

In the above figure, ASAdmin and BIAdmin are custom roles.

7. From the Available Roles section, select a role and click **Move (>)** to move the selected role to the Assigned Roles section.
8. Click **Apply**.
The selected role is assigned to the user.